

FAYETTE COUNTY  
SINGLE AUDIT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.  
8841 Ohio River Road / Wheelersburg, Ohio 45694 / Phone: 740.876.8548  
45 West Second Street, Suite D / Chillicothe, Ohio 45601 / Phone: 740.851.4978  
Fax: 888.876.8549  
[natalie@millhuffstangcpa.com](mailto:natalie@millhuffstangcpa.com) / [roush@millhuffstangcpa.com](mailto:roush@millhuffstangcpa.com)  
[www.millhuffstangcpa.com](http://www.millhuffstangcpa.com)





65 East State Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
[ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov](mailto:ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov)  
800-282-0370

Board of Commissioners  
Fayette County  
133 South Main Street, Suite 303  
Washington Courthouse, Ohio 43160

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Fayette County, prepared by Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Fayette County is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

KEITH FABER  
Ohio Auditor of State

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Tiffany L Ridenbaugh".

Tiffany L Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM  
Chief Deputy Auditor

October 29, 2025

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**Fayette County**  
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*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Fayette County  
133 South Main Street, Suite 303  
Washington Courthouse, Ohio 43160

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

##### *Opinions*

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of Fayette County, (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, County Board of Developmental Disabilities, and Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Funds for the year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

##### *Basis for Opinions*

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

##### *Emphasis of Matter – Accounting Basis*

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the County to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

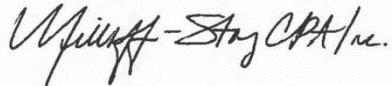
We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 8, 2025 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.  
Wheelerburg, Ohio

September 8, 2025

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis*  
*As of December 31, 2024*

	<u>Component Unit</u>		
	<u>Primary Government</u>		<u>Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation</u>
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Assets</b>			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$38,739,596	\$6,596,596	\$45,336,192
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	1,066,428	0	1,066,428
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	90,406	0	90,406
Investments in Segregated Accounts	73	0	73
<i>Total Assets</i>	<i>39,896,503</i>	<i>6,596,596</i>	<i>46,493,099</i>
			<b>267,220</b>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	1,402,074	0	1,402,074
Capital Outlay	2,671,670	76,823	2,748,493
Legislative and Executive	2,836,322	0	2,836,322
Judicial	1,092,979	0	1,092,979
Public Safety	1,976,427	0	1,976,427
Public Works	7,545,836	0	7,545,836
Health	5,650,844	0	5,650,844
Human Services	1,789,932	0	1,789,932
Conservation and Recreation	149,559	0	149,559
Economic Development	251,870	0	251,870
Unclaimed Monies	588,132	0	588,132
Unrestricted	13,940,858	6,519,773	20,460,631
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<i>\$39,896,503</i>	<i>\$6,596,596</i>	<b><i>\$46,493,099</i></b>
			<b><i>\$267,220</i></b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Activities - Cash Basis*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

<b>Program Receipts</b>			
	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest
			Capital Grants, Contributions, and Interest
<b>Governmental Activities</b>			
Current:			
General Government:			
Legislative and Executive	\$7,867,375	\$3,009,968	\$46,090
Judicial	2,845,790	702,603	352,343
Public Safety	11,505,875	3,125,423	904,515
Public Works	7,054,676	523,411	6,332,488
Health	4,303,038	212,192	844,136
Human Services	9,179,627	1,538,989	6,532,517
Conservation and Recreation	1,326,350	337,808	0
Economic Development and Assistance	2,712,787	173,375	1,895,271
Urban Redevelopment and Housing	2,978	0	0
Capital Outlay	2,168,831	0	0
Debt Service:			
Principal	445,864	5,864	0
Interest	498,548	5,184	0
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<i>49,911,739</i>	<i>9,634,817</i>	<i>16,907,360</i>
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>			
Water District	66,113,802	2,483,197	0
Sewer District	457,315	1,734,367	16,863
Sanitary Revenue Waste	1,533,654	1,595,657	0
<i>Total Business-Type Activities</i>	<i>68,104,771</i>	<i>5,813,221</i>	<i>16,863</i>
<i>Total Primary Government</i>	<i>\$18,016,510</i>	<i>\$15,448,038</i>	<i>\$16,924,223</i>
	<i>\$440,833</i>	<i>\$110,655</i>	<i>\$105,641</i>
	<i>\$440,833</i>	<i>\$110,655</i>	<i>\$105,641</i>
<b>Component Unit</b>			
Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation	\$440,833	\$110,655	\$0
<i>Total Component Unit</i>	<i>\$440,833</i>	<i>\$110,655</i>	<i>\$0</i>

**General Receipts and Advances**

Property Taxes Levied for:

- General Purposes
- Board of Developmental Disabilities
- Emergency Medical Services
- Adult Detention
- Debt Service
- Sales Taxes
- Other Local Taxes
- Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs
- Earnings on Investments
- Contributions and Donations
- Miscellaneous
- Insurance Recoveries
- Proceeds from Loans
- Proceeds from Sale of Assets
- Advances

*Total General Receipts and Advances*

*Change in Net Position*

*Net Position Beginning of Year, As Previously Reported*

*Adjustment for Reporting of Component Unit*

*Net Position Beginning of Year, As Adjusted*

*Net Position End of Year*

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position			
			Component Unit
Primary Government		Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation	
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
(\$4,811,317)	\$0	(\$4,811,317)	\$0
(1,790,844)	0	(1,790,844)	0
(7,475,937)	0	(7,475,937)	0
(198,777)	0	(198,777)	0
(3,246,710)	0	(3,246,710)	0
(1,108,121)	0	(1,108,121)	0
(988,542)	0	(988,542)	0
(644,141)	0	(644,141)	0
(2,978)	0	(2,978)	0
(1,845,920)	0	(1,845,920)	0
(440,000)	0	(440,000)	0
(493,364)	0	(493,364)	0
<u>(23,046,651)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(23,046,651)</u>	<u>0</u>
0	(17,492,332)	(17,492,332)	0
0	1,293,915	1,293,915	0
0	62,003	62,003	0
<u>0</u>	<u>(16,136,414)</u>	<u>(16,136,414)</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>(23,046,651)</u>	<u>(16,136,414)</u>	<u>(39,183,065)</u>	<u>0</u>
			<u>(224,537)</u>
			<u>(224,537)</u>
2,544,467	0	2,544,467	0
2,789,940	0	2,789,940	0
1,188,981	0	1,188,981	0
777,395	0	777,395	0
1,179,763	0	1,179,763	0
10,679,526	0	10,679,526	0
579,507	0	579,507	0
1,248,466	0	1,248,466	261,253
2,210,623	0	2,210,623	0
20,000	0	20,000	0
994,962	13,417	1,008,379	35
42,543	0	42,543	0
1,600,523	9,933,388	11,533,911	0
12,406	0	12,406	0
2,806,886	(2,806,886)	0	0
<u>28,675,988</u>	<u>7,139,919</u>	<u>35,815,907</u>	<u>261,288</u>
5,629,337	(8,996,495)	(3,367,158)	36,751
34,267,166	15,593,091	49,860,257	0
0	0	0	230,469
<u>34,267,166</u>	<u>15,593,091</u>	<u>49,860,257</u>	<u>230,469</u>
<u>\$39,896,503</u>	<u>\$6,596,596</u>	<u>\$46,493,099</u>	<u>\$267,220</u>

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*As of December 31, 2024*

	General	County Board of Developmental Disabilities	Motor Vehicle Gas Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$13,839,885	\$5,125,036	\$7,387,278	\$11,799,265	\$38,151,464
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	75,623	0	0	990,805	1,066,428
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	0	90,406	0	0	90,406
Investments in Segregated Accounts	0	0	0	73	73
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	588,132	0	0	0	588,132
<i>Total Assets</i>	<b>\$14,503,640</b>	<b>\$5,215,442</b>	<b>\$7,387,278</b>	<b>\$12,790,143</b>	<b>\$39,896,503</b>
<b>Fund Balances</b>					
Nonspendable	\$588,132	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$588,132
Restricted	0	5,215,442	7,387,278	12,764,793	25,367,513
Committed	0	0	0	25,350	25,350
Assigned	1,646,448	0	0	0	1,646,448
Unassigned	12,269,060	0	0	0	12,269,060
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<b>\$14,503,640</b>	<b>\$5,215,442</b>	<b>\$7,387,278</b>	<b>\$12,790,143</b>	<b>\$39,896,503</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

	General	County Board of Developmental Disabilities	Motor Vehicle Gas Tax	Blue Grass Boulevard Project (formerly major)	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Receipts</b>						
Property Taxes	\$2,544,467	\$2,789,940	\$0	\$0	\$3,146,139	\$8,480,546
Sales Taxes	10,312,196	0	367,330	0	0	10,679,526
Other Local Taxes	0	0	0	0	579,507	579,507
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0	97,108	97,108
Charges for Services	4,929,904	113,775	186,572	0	3,556,075	8,786,326
Licenses and Permits	5,150	0	0	0	0	5,150
Fines, Forfeitures, and Settlements	248,395	0	44,472	0	369,184	662,051
Intergovernmental	1,220,507	1,057,450	5,502,358	0	9,715,530	17,495,845
Interest	2,210,623	0	757,758	0	12,096	2,980,477
Rent	0	0	0	0	84,182	84,182
Contributions and Donations	20,000	0	0	0	213,038	233,038
Other	381,072	31,192	294,994	0	287,704	994,962
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<i>21,872,314</i>	<i>3,992,357</i>	<i>7,153,484</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>18,060,563</i>	<i>51,078,718</i>
<b>Disbursements</b>						
Current:						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive	5,372,939	0	0	0	2,494,436	7,867,375
Judicial	2,114,972	0	0	0	730,818	2,845,790
Public Safety	8,255,581	0	0	0	3,250,294	11,505,875
Public Works	825,087	0	5,994,661	0	234,928	7,054,676
Health	121,445	4,011,301	0	0	170,292	4,303,038
Human Services	500,372	0	0	0	8,679,255	9,179,627
Conservation and Recreation	1,014,332	0	0	0	312,018	1,326,350
Economic Development and Assistance	690,405	0	0	0	2,022,382	2,712,787
Urban Redevelopment and Housing	2,978	0	0	0	0	2,978
Capital Outlay	330,062	0	0	0	1,838,769	2,168,831
Debt Service:						
Principal	0	0	0	0	445,864	445,864
Interest	0	0	0	0	498,548	498,548
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<i>19,228,173</i>	<i>4,011,301</i>	<i>5,994,661</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>20,677,604</i>	<i>49,911,739</i>
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</i>	<i>2,644,141</i>	<i>(18,944)</i>	<i>1,158,823</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>(2,617,041)</i>	<i>1,166,979</i>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>						
Transfers In	771,057	0	0	0	1,046,822	1,817,879
Loan Issued	0	0	0	0	1,600,523	1,600,523
Insurance Recoveries	42,543	0	0	0	0	42,543
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	0	1,676	10,730	0	0	12,406
Advances In	8,131,995	0	0	0	2,078,728	10,210,723
Transfers Out	(1,041,822)	0	0	0	(776,057)	(1,817,879)
Advances Out	(5,744,421)	0	0	0	(1,659,416)	(7,403,837)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<i>2,159,352</i>	<i>1,676</i>	<i>10,730</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>2,290,600</i>	<i>4,462,358</i>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	<i>4,803,493</i>	<i>(17,268)</i>	<i>1,169,553</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>(326,441)</i>	<i>5,629,337</i>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year, As Previously Reported</i>	<i>9,700,147</i>	<i>5,232,710</i>	<i>6,217,725</i>	<i>765,000</i>	<i>12,351,584</i>	<i>34,267,166</i>
<i>Adjustment to Beginning Fund Balance for Change in Major Funds</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>(765,000)</i>	<i>765,000</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year, As Adjusted</i>	<i>9,700,147</i>	<i>5,232,710</i>	<i>6,217,725</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>13,116,584</i>	<i>34,267,166</i>
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	<i>\$14,503,640</i>	<i>\$5,215,442</i>	<i>\$7,387,278</i>	<i>\$0</i>	<i>\$12,790,143</i>	<i>\$39,896,503</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)*  
*General Fund*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>Receipts</b>				
Property Taxes	\$2,478,971	\$2,550,308	\$2,550,308	\$0
Sales Taxes	10,466,420	10,312,196	10,312,196	0
Charges for Services	4,476,297	4,410,338	4,421,800	11,462
Licenses and Permits	2,609	2,571	2,571	0
Fines and Forfeitures	262,568	258,699	258,699	0
Intergovernmental	1,239,994	1,221,723	1,213,687	(8,036)
Interest	1,038,845	1,010,098	2,210,623	1,200,525
Contributions and Donations	20,299	20,000	20,000	0
Other	175,864	536,834	161,398	(375,436)
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<i>20,161,867</i>	<i>20,322,767</i>	<i>21,151,282</i>	<i>828,515</i>
<b>Disbursements</b>				
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	5,221,741	5,735,134	5,732,708	2,426
Judicial	2,526,390	2,126,351	2,126,351	0
Public Safety	8,231,037	8,231,037	8,188,906	42,131
Public Works	902,196	902,196	902,196	0
Health	165,582	165,572	120,572	45,000
Human Services	520,991	520,991	520,990	1
Conservation and Recreation	1,167,412	1,167,412	1,167,412	0
Economic Development and Assistance	1,050,742	1,050,742	776,686	274,056
Capital Outlay	980,062	980,062	980,062	0
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<i>20,766,153</i>	<i>20,879,497</i>	<i>20,515,883</i>	<i>363,614</i>
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Uses) Disbursements</i>	<i>(604,286)</i>	<i>(556,730)</i>	<i>635,399</i>	<i>1,192,129</i>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Transfers In	0	1,193,017	1,193,017	0
Insurance Recoveries	0	42,543	42,543	0
Advances In	0	8,118,916	8,118,916	0
Transfers Out	(1,426,519)	(1,426,519)	(1,041,850)	384,669
Advances Out	(5,736,155)	(5,736,155)	(5,736,155)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<i>(7,162,674)</i>	<i>2,191,802</i>	<i>2,576,471</i>	<i>384,669</i>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	<i>(7,766,960)</i>	<i>1,635,072</i>	<i>3,211,870</i>	<i>1,576,798</i>
<i>Fund Balances at Beginning of Year</i>	<i>7,547,438</i>	<i>7,547,438</i>	<i>7,547,438</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<i>410,139</i>	<i>410,139</i>	<i>410,139</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	<i>\$190,617</i>	<i>\$9,592,649</i>	<i>\$11,169,447</i>	<i>\$1,576,798</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)*  
*County Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			<b>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>	<b>Actual</b>	
<b>Receipts</b>				
Property Taxes	\$2,683,583	\$2,792,045	\$2,792,045	\$0
Charges for Services	113,364	113,775	113,775	0
Intergovernmental	1,053,631	1,057,450	1,057,450	0
Other	31,080	36,139	31,192	(4,947)
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<i>3,881,658</i>	<i>3,999,409</i>	<i>3,994,462</i>	<i>(4,947)</i>
<b>Disbursements</b>				
Current:				
Health	3,907,882	4,006,617	4,001,670	4,947
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<i>3,907,882</i>	<i>4,006,617</i>	<i>4,001,670</i>	<i>4,947</i>
<i>Excess of Receipts Under Disbursements</i>	<i>(26,224)</i>	<i>(7,208)</i>	<i>(7,208)</i>	<i>0</i>
<b>Other Financing Sources</b>				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	0	1,676	1,676	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1,676</i>	<i>1,676</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	<i>(26,224)</i>	<i>(5,532)</i>	<i>(5,532)</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>Fund Balances at Beginning of Year</i>	<i>5,019,965</i>	<i>5,019,965</i>	<i>5,019,965</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	<i>\$4,993,741</i>	<i>\$5,014,433</i>	<i>\$5,014,433</i>	<i>\$0</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)*  
**Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund**  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			<b>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>	<b>Actual</b>	
<b>Receipts</b>				
Sales Taxes	\$330,030	\$367,330	\$367,330	\$0
Charges for Services	167,627	186,572	186,572	0
Fines and Forfeitures	39,956	44,472	44,472	0
Intergovernmental	4,943,624	5,502,358	5,502,358	0
Interest	679,776	756,604	757,758	1,154
Other	267,987	298,275	294,994	(3,281)
<i>Total Receipts</i>	6,429,000	7,155,611	7,153,484	(2,127)
<b>Disbursements</b>				
Current:				
Public Works	6,080,053	6,080,053	6,080,053	0
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	6,080,053	6,080,053	6,080,053	0
<i>Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements</i>	348,947	1,075,558	1,073,431	(2,127)
<b>Other Financing Sources</b>				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	0	10,730	10,730	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources</i>	0	10,730	10,730	0
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	348,947	1,086,288	1,084,161	(2,127)
<i>Fund Balances at Beginning of Year</i>	5,747,311	5,747,311	5,747,311	0
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	445,288	445,288	445,288	0
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	\$6,541,546	\$7,278,887	\$7,276,760	(\$2,127)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Fund Net Position - Cash Basis*  
*Proprietary Funds*  
*As of December 31, 2024*

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	Water District	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
<b>Assets</b>			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,934,282	\$2,662,314	\$6,596,596
<i>Total Assets</i>	<i>3,934,282</i>	<i>2,662,314</i>	<i>6,596,596</i>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Restricted for Capital Outlay	76,823	0	76,823
Unrestricted	3,857,459	2,662,314	6,519,773
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<i>\$3,934,282</i>	<i>\$2,662,314</i>	<i>\$6,596,596</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Position - Cash Basis*  
*Proprietary Funds*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

	Water District	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
<b>Operating Receipts</b>			
Charges for Services	\$2,483,197	\$3,330,024	\$5,813,221
Other	11,384	2,033	13,417
<i>Total Operating Receipts</i>	<i>2,494,581</i>	<i>3,332,057</i>	<i>5,826,638</i>
<b>Operating Disbursements</b>			
Personal Services	681,952	538,663	1,220,615
Contractual Services	1,299,264	920,313	2,219,577
Materials and Supplies	88,290	108,057	196,347
Capital Outlay	63,612,630	102,950	63,715,580
Other Operating	52,225	210,459	262,684
<i>Total Operating Disbursements</i>	<i>65,734,361</i>	<i>1,880,442</i>	<i>67,614,803</i>
<i>Operating Income (Loss)</i>	<i>(63,239,780)</i>	<i>1,451,615</i>	<i>(61,788,165)</i>
<b>Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)</b>			
Proceeds of OWDA Loans	9,933,388	0	9,933,388
Debt Service:			
Principal	(288,357)	(74,690)	(363,047)
Interest	(91,084)	(35,837)	(126,921)
<i>Total Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)</i>	<i>9,553,947</i>	<i>(110,527)</i>	<i>9,443,420</i>
<i>Income (Loss) Before Contributions, Transfers, and Advances</i>	<i>(53,685,833)</i>	<i>1,341,088</i>	<i>(52,344,745)</i>
Capital Grants and Contributions	46,138,273	0	46,138,273
Special Assessments	0	16,863	16,863
Advances In	3,244,697	304,500	3,549,197
Advances Out	(6,051,583)	(304,500)	(6,356,083)
Transfers In	154,500	0	154,500
Transfers Out	0	(154,500)	(154,500)
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	<i>(10,199,946)</i>	<i>1,203,451</i>	<i>(8,996,495)</i>
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	<i>14,134,228</i>	<i>1,458,863</i>	<i>15,593,091</i>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	<i>\$3,934,282</i>	<i>\$2,662,314</i>	<i>\$6,596,596</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis*  
*Fiduciary Funds*  
*As of December 31, 2024*

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	Custodial
<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,742,305
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	4,159,674
<i>Total Assets</i>	<hr/> <hr/> <b>7,901,979</b>
<b>Net Position</b>	
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	<hr/> <hr/> <b>7,901,979</b>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<hr/> <hr/> <b>\$7,901,979</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis*  
*Fiduciary Funds*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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	Custodial
<b>Additions</b>	
Intergovernmental	\$4,297,891
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	6,803,906
Licenses, Permits, and Fees for Other Governments	4,217,893
Fines and Forfeitures for Other Governments	917,896
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	37,666,081
Sheriff Sale Collections for Others	283,220
Amounts Received for Others	850
Other	<u>409,450</u>
<i>Total Additions</i>	<u>54,597,187</u>
<b>Deductions</b>	
Distributions as Fiscal Agent	7,013,290
Distributions of State Funds to Other Governments	4,057,370
Distributions to the State of Ohio	4,245,002
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments	37,224,623
Sheriff Sale Distributions to Others	283,220
Distributions to Other Governments	703,566
Distributions to Individuals	431,517
Other Distributions	<u>134,069</u>
<i>Total Deductions</i>	<u>54,092,657</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	504,530
<i>Net Position at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>7,397,449</u>
<i>Net Position at End of Year</i>	<u>\$7,901,979</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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**Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

Fayette County, Ohio (the County), is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The county operates under the direction of a three-member Board of County Commissioners. The County Auditor is responsible for the fiscal controls of the resources of the County which are maintained in the funds described herein. The County Treasurer is the custodian of funds and the investment officer. The voters of the County elect all of these officials. Other elected officials of the County that manage various segments of county operations are the Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecutor, Sheriff, a Common Pleas Court Judge, and a Probate/Juvenile Judge. Services provided by the County include general government, public safety, health, public works, human services, conservation and recreation services, maintenance of highways and roads, economic development, and urban redevelopment and housing.

Although elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budget and taxing authority, contracting body and the chief administrators of public services for the entire County.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Fayette County, this includes the Fayette County Board of Developmental Disabilities, Fayette County Department of Jobs and Family Services, Fayette County Children Services Board, Fayette County Veterans' Services, Fayette County Commission On Aging, Fayette County Senior Nutrition, Emergency Medical Services, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Fayette County provides services and/or subsidies to the District Board of Health, Soil and Water Conservation District, and Park District. These are separate reporting entities. The County Auditor is the fiscal agent for the District Board of Health, the Soil and Water Conservation District, and the Park District and the receipts and disbursements of these entities are accounted for in the Custodial Funds of the County.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also include organizations that are fiscally dependent of the County in that the County approved the organization's budget, the issuance of its debt or the levying of its taxes.

The County has the following component unit:

The Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation (Land Bank) was formed on January 22, 2019, as a legally separate not-for-profit organization, created under Ohio Revised Code Section 5722.02 to 5722.15 and Chapter 1724, to strengthen neighborhoods in the County by returning vacant and abandoned properties to productive use. The Land Bank has been designated as the County's agent for reclamation, rehabilitation, and reutilization of vacant, abandoned, tax-foreclosed or other real property within the County. The Land Bank will assist and facilitate activities of governmental entities in assembling and clearing title to land for economic development purposes. The Land Bank is governed by a seven member Board of Directors, consisting of two County Commissioners, the County Treasurer, the County Auditor, one representative from the municipal corporation with the largest population (City of Washington Court House), and two representatives from Fayette County. The Board of Directors has the authority to make, prescribe, and enforce all rules and regulations for the conduct of all business and affairs of the Land Bank and the management and control of its properties. Because the County makes up and/or appoints a

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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voting majority of the Board of Directors, and the County is able to impose its will on the operation of the Lank Bank, the relationship between the County and the Land Bank is such that exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading.

The County is associated with certain organizations which are defined as jointly governed organizations, joint ventures, or risk sharing pools. These organizations are:

- Paint Valley Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health Services
- South Central Regional Juvenile Detention Center
- Fayette County Emergency Management Agency
- Ross, Pickaway, Highland, Fayette Counties Joint Solid Waste District
- Travel and Tourism Bureau
- West Central Ohio Port Authority
- County Risk Sharing Authority, Inc.
- Southern Ohio Council of Governments
- County Commissioners' Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan
- Ohio Valley Regional Development Commission

*Paint Valley Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services* – The Paint Valley Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health Services (ADAMHS) of Pike, Fayette, Highland, Pickaway and Ross Counties is a jointly governed organization that is responsible for developing, coordinating, modernizing, funding, monitoring and evaluating a community-based mental health and substance abuse program. The Board consists of eighteen members. Four members are appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Mental Health and four members are appointed by Director of the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services. The remaining members are appointed by the County Commissioners of Pike, Fayette, Highland, Pickaway and Ross Counties in the same proportion as each County's population bears to the total population of the five counties combined. The Board received revenue from the participating counties and received federal and state funding through grant monies which are applied for and received by the Board of Trustees. The Board exercises total control over the operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designing management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Fayette County contributed \$684,519 to Paint Valley ADAMHS in 2024.

Fayette County cannot significantly influence operations of the Board, who has sole budgetary authority and controls surpluses and deficits. Fayette County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Paint Valley ADAMHS Board, Adam Dyer who serves as Finance Director, 394 Chestnut Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

*South Central Regional Juvenile Detention Center* – The South Central Regional Juvenile Detention Center (the Center) is a jointly governed organization. It was created as a holding place for juvenile offenders waiting for disposition by the respective Juvenile Courts of the member counties. The current members include Fayette, Pike, Pickaway, Ross, Jackson, Hocking, Athens, Vinton and Highland Counties. The Center's Board consists of one member from each participating county that is appointed by the Juvenile Court Judge or a County Commissioner from each county. The joint Board selects the superintendent as the Center's administrator. The Board exercises total control over the operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designing management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

The Center's revenue is from per diem charges for inmates to the respective counties and a percent of the county tax base to the total base. Ross County is the fiscal agent of the Center. Fayette County does not have any financial interest or responsibility. During 2024, Fayette County contributed \$342,841 to the Center.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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*Fayette County Emergency Management Agency* – Fayette County Emergency Management Agency (EMA) is a joint venture between the County, Townships and Villages. The executive committee consists of a county commissioner, seven chief executives from municipalities and ten townships, with money provided by the members which is reimbursed by the State. The degree of control is limited to the individual representation on the board.

*Ross, Pickaway, Highland, Fayette Counties Joint Solid Waste District* – The Ross, Pickaway, Highland, Fayette Joint Solid Waste District (the District) is a jointly governed organization among Pickaway, Ross, Highland and Fayette Counties. Each of these governments supports the District. The County contributed \$47,007 during 2024. The Board of Directors consists of twelve members, the three County Commissioners of each of the four counties. The District does not have any outstanding debt. The District is self-sufficient, operating entirely on collected fees. The Board exercises total control over the operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designing management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

*Travel and Tourism Bureau* – The Travel and Tourism Bureau (The Bureau) is a jointly governed organization among the County, two townships and two villages and one City. The Board is made up of six trustees, one from each of the following entities: Fayette County, Village of Jeffersonville, Jefferson Township, City of Washington Court House, Union Township and Octa Village. Trustees are elected on a self-nomination basis. Revenues to operate the Bureau are derived solely from the hotel/motel tax. There is currently no outstanding debt. The Board exercises total control over the operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designing management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

*West Central Ohio Port Authority* – The West Central Ohio Port Authority is a jointly governed organization. It was established under Section 4582.21 of the Ohio Revised Code. Under the Revised Code, the Port Authority is a legally separate entity. The Board of the Authority is comprised of seven members: two members from Champaign County, three from Clark County, and two from Fayette County. The members are appointed by the County Commissioners of each respective county. Fayette County does not approve its budget, nor is it responsible for the Authority's debt. During 2024, the County did not contribute any money to the Authority. The Board exercises total control over the operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designing management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

*County Risk Sharing Authority, Inc.* – The County Risk Sharing Authority, Inc., is a shared risk pool among sixty-six counties in Ohio. CORSA was formed as an Ohio nonprofit corporation for the purpose of establishing the CORSA Insurance/Self-Insurance Program, a group primary and excess insurance/self-insurance and risk management program. Member counties agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverages provided by CORSA. These coverages include comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance and public official's errors and omissions liability insurance.

Each member county has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of CORSA are managed by an elected board of not more than nine trustees. Only County Commissioners of member counties are eligible to serve on the Board of Trustees. No county may have more than one representative on the Board at any time. Each member county's control over the budgeting and financing of CORSA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the Board of Trustees.

CORSA has issued certificates of participation in order to provide adequate cash reserves. The certificates are secured by the member counties' obligations to make coverage payments to CORSA.

The participating counties have no responsibility for the payment of the certificates. The Certificates were retired on May 1, 1997. The County has no equity interest in CORSA. The County's payment for insurance to CORSA in 2024 was \$253,220. Financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County Commissioners Association of Ohio in Columbus, Ohio.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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*Southern Ohio Council of Governments* – The County is a member of the Southern Ohio Council of Governments (the Council), which is a jointly governed organization created under Ohio Revised Code Section 167.01. The governing body consists of a fifteen-member board with each participating County represented by its Director of its Board of Development Disabilities (BDD). The Board exercises total control over the operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designing management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Member counties include Adams, Athens, Brown, Clinton, Fayette, Gallia, Highland, Jackson, Lawrence, Meigs, Pickaway, Pike, Ross, Scioto, and Vinton Counties. The Council acts as a fiscal agent for the Fayette County BDD's supportive living program monies. The County had a \$90,406 balance on hand with the Council which included investments at cost. Financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Southern Ohio Council of Governments, 167 West Main Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

*County Commissioners' Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan* – The County is participating in the County Commissioners' Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The County Commissioners' Association of Ohio (CCOA) is a group purchasing pool. A group executive committee is responsible for calculating annual rate contributions and rebates; approving the selection of a third party administrator; reviewing and approving proposed third party fees; fees for risk management services, and general management fees; determining ongoing responsibility of each participant; and performing any other acts and functions which may be delegated to it by the participating employers. The group executive committee consists of seven members. Two members are the president and the treasurer of the CCAOSC; the remaining five members are elected for ensuing year by the participants at a meeting held in the month of December each year.

No participant can have more than one member on the group executive committee in any year, and each elected member shall be a county commissioner.

*Ohio Valley Regional Development Commission* – The Ohio Valley Regional Development Commission is a jointly governed organization that serves a twelve-county economic development planning district in southern Ohio. The Commission was formed to influence favorably the future economic, physical and social development of Adams, Brown, Clermont, Fayette, Gallia, Highland, Jackson, Lawrence, Pike, Ross, Scioto, and Vinton Counties. Membership is comprised of elected and appointed county, municipal and township officials or their officially appointed designees, as well as members of the private sector, community action agencies and regional planning commissions. The Commission is not dependent upon Fayette County for its existence. In 2024, the County made \$5,768 in contributions to the Commission.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds and activities for which the County is financially accountable.

**Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

As discussed further in the Basis of Accounting section of this note, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the County's accounting policies.

**Basis of Presentation**

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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*Government-Wide Financial Statements*

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the County is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program.

Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the County.

The government-wide financial statements also display information regarding the legally separate entity, or component unit, for which the County is fiscally responsible. This component unit, the Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation, is further described in Note 1.

*Fund Financial Statements*

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from non-operating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the funds' principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of sales and services and administrative costs. The fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as non-operating.

**Fund Accounting**

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in a self-balancing group of accounts. The County classifies each fund as either governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary.

*Governmental Funds*

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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*General Fund* – The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*County Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund* – This fund accounts for and reports monies restricted for providing assistance and training to mentally and developmentally disabled individuals, financed by a County-wide property tax levy and federal and State grants.

*Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund* – This fund accounts for and reports monies received from state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of roads and bridges.

The nonmajor governmental funds of the County account for and report grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

#### *Proprietary Funds*

The County classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise funds or internal service funds. The County does not have any internal service funds.

*Enterprise Funds* – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the County's major enterprise fund:

*Water District Revenue Fund* – This fund accounts for and reports monies used to provide water services to customers in the County.

The nonmajor enterprise funds of the County account for sewer and sanitary waste services.

#### *Fiduciary Funds*

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics. The County has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the County for political subdivisions for which the County acts as fiscal agent and for taxes, State-levied shared revenues, and fines and forfeitures collected and distributed to other political subdivisions.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The County's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting (See Note 3). Receipts are recorded in the County's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

For comparability purposes, the Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation financial information has been presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The County had chosen not to budget and appropriate for advances. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the County Commissioners' authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the County Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the County Commissioners at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the County Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts represent estimates from the amended certificate passed by the County Commissioners before year-end.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Commissioners during the year, including all supplemental appropriations.

### **Cash and Investments**

To improve cash management, cash received by the County is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through county records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Cash and cash equivalents that are held for unclaimed monies are presented as "Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

The Southern Ohio Council of Governments is currently holding deposits that belong to the County. These are represented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent" on the financial statements.

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments that are held separately within departments of the County are recorded as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts" and "Investments in Segregated Accounts".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

During 2024, the County invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio), money market funds, mutual funds, equities, and fixed income securities. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The County measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value. The County's other investments are reported at cost.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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For 2024, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. Twenty-four hours advanced noticed is appreciated for deposits and redemptions of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Interest earnings are allocated to County funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund, Motor Vehicle Gas Tax, and nonmajor governmental funds during 2024 totaled \$2,210,623, \$757,758, and \$12,096, respectively.

### **Restricted Assets**

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the County are reported as restricted.

### **Inventory and Prepaid Items**

The County reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

### **Capital Assets**

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

### **Interfund Receivables/Payables**

The County reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

### **Accumulated Leave**

For 2024, GASB Statement No. 101, “Compensated Absences”, was effective. GASB 101 defines a compensated absence as leave for which employees may receive cash payments when the leave is used for time off or receive cash payments for unused leave upon termination of employment. These payments could occur during employment or upon termination of employment. Compensated absences generally do not have a set payment schedule. The County does not offer noncash settlements.

County employees earn sick and vacation time that can be used for time off. In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave.

This GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance as unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the County’s cash basis of accounting.

### **Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans**

The County recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 12 and 13 the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset) and the net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

### **Long-term Obligations**

The County's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease or SBITA transaction is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments and SBITA payments are reported when paid.

### **Leases and SBITAS**

The County is the lessor/lessee (as defined by GASB 87) in various leases related to buildings, vehicles and other equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease receivables/payables are not reflected under the County's cash basis of accounting. Lease revenue/disbursements are recognized when they are received/paid.

The County has entered into noncancelable Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) contracts (as defined by GASB 96) for several types of software including contracts related to financial systems and various other software. Subscription assets/liabilities are not reflected under the County's cash basis of accounting. Subscription disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

### **Settlement Monies**

Ohio has reached settlement agreements with various distributors of opioids which are subject to the OneOhio memorandum of understanding. The original settlement was reached in 2021 with annual payments anticipated through 2038. Subsequently, settlement have been reached with other distributors. For 2024, distributions of \$204,834 are reflected as fines, forfeitures and settlements revenue nonmajor National Opioid Settlement special revenue fund in the accompanying financial statements.

### **Net Position**

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The County's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form”

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. The nonspendable fund balances for the County is unclaimed monies.

*Restricted* – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

*Committed* – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Commissioners. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Commissioners remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

*Assigned* – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County. State Statute authorizes the County Auditor to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

The County Commissioners assigns fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the 2025 appropriated budget; however, there was no assignment of fund balance required for 2024.

*Unassigned* – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### **Interfund Transactions**

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/cash disbursements in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

### **Note 3 – Compliance**

Ohio Administrative Code, section 117-2-03 (B), requires the County to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the County prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The County can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the County.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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The County had appropriations in excess of estimated and actual resources, which is contrary to Ohio Revised code Section 5705.39 and 5705.36, respectively.

**Note 4 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – budget basis presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are the following:

1. Cash that is held by the Southern Ohio Council of Governments on behalf of the County Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund are reported on the cash basis.
2. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the Police Rotary, Unclaimed Money '98 and Earlier, Unclaimed Money ACH, 3% BBS Fee Assessment, Certificate of Title Administration and Annexation Petition, and Wellness Program Special Revenue Funds are classified to the General Fund for GAAP reporting.
3. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end.
4. Custodial fund distributions to appropriate County Funds.

**Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General Fund	County Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund	Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund
Cash Basis	\$4,803,493	(\$17,268)	\$1,169,553
Custodial Activity	85,393	11,736	10,682
Encumbrances	(1,646,448)	0	(96,074)
Perspective Differences	(30,568)	0	0
Budget Basis	<u>\$3,211,870</u>	<u>(\$5,532)</u>	<u>\$1,084,161</u>

**Note 5 – Deposits and Investments**

Monies held by the County are classified by State statute into two categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the County treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Monies held by the County which are not considered active are classified as inactive. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested with certain limitations in the following securities provided the County has filed a written investment policy with the Ohio Auditor of State:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government custodial or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal custodial securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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4. Bonds and other obligations of this state or the political subdivisions of this state, provided the bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions mature within ten years from the date of settlement;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts; in eligible institutions pursuant to ORC sections 135.32; 6.
6. No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service or consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above ; commercial paper as described in ORC section 135.143 (6);and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided these investments are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to simultaneously exchange either securities or cash, equal value for equal value, within certain limitations;
9. Up to forty percent of the County's average portfolio, if training requirements have been met in either of the following:
  - a. Commercial paper notes in entities incorporated under the laws of Ohio, or any other State, that have assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, which are rated in the highest classification established by two nationally recognized standard rating services, which do not exceed ten percent of the value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation, which mature within 270 days after purchase, and the investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed the aggregate five percent of interim monies available for investment at the time of purchase.
  - b. Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and that mature not later than 180 days after purchase.
10. Up to fifteen percent of the County's average portfolio in notes issued by U.S. corporations or by depository institutions doing business under authority granted by the U.S. or any state provided the notes are rated in the three highest categories by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services at the time of purchase and the notes mature not later than three years after purchase;
11. A current unpaid or delinquent tax line of credit, provided certain conditions are met related to a County land reutilization corporation organized under ORC Chapter 1724; and,
12. Up to two percent of the County's average portfolio in debt interests rated at the time of purchase in the three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard rating services and issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the United States government. All interest and principal shall be denominated and payable in United States funds.

Reverse repurchase agreements, investments in derivatives, and investments in stripped principal or interest obligations that are not issued or guaranteed by the United States, are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At year end, the County had \$1,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2024, the County's bank balance of \$24,512,860 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described below.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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The County has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the County and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

### **Investments**

As of December 31, 2024, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Measurement Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	S&P Credit Rating	Percentage of Portfolio
STAROhio	\$30,719,994	<1 Year	AAAm	99.99%
Money Market Funds	1	<1 Year	AAAm	0.00%
Asset Backed Securities	72	>5 Years	*	0.01%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$30,720,067</b>			<b>100.00%</b>

\*Ratings not available.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the County's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2024. As discussed further in note 2, STAR Ohio is reported at its share price. All other investments are Level 1 inputs.

*Interest Rate Risk* – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

*Credit Risk* – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's investment policy does not address credit risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code. The County limited its investments to STAR Ohio, money market funds, mutual funds, equities, and fixed income securities during the year.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. The County's investment policy allows investments in STAR Ohio, repurchase agreements, securities or obligations of federal agencies or instrumentalities, and other investments allowable per the Ohio Revised Code.

*Custodial Credit Risk* – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code. All of the County's securities are held in the name of the County.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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**Component Unit – Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation (Land Bank)**

At December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation's deposits was \$267,220. The bank balance of \$500,519 was covered by federal deposit insurance up to \$250,000.

**Note 6 – Long-Term Debt**

The County's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Interest Rate	Balance 12/31/23*	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/24	Due Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>						
<b>General Obligation Bonds:</b>						
County Detention Facility Refunding Bonds,						
Series 2021	2.00-4.00%	\$17,825,000	\$0	\$435,000	\$17,390,000	\$445,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		17,825,000	0	435,000	17,390,000	445,000
<b>Other Long-Term Obligations:</b>						
Direct Borrowings:						
State Infrastructure Bank Loan	0.00%	0	1,600,523	0	1,600,523	0
West Lancaster Road OPWC Loan, 2003	0.00%	7,500	0	5,000	2,500	2,500
Rte. 22 Waterline Loan, 2004	6.25%	4,146	0	4,146	0	0
Total Other Long-Term Obligations		11,646	1,600,523	9,146	1,603,023	2,500
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations		<u>\$17,836,646</u>	<u>\$1,600,523</u>	<u>\$444,146</u>	<u>\$18,993,023</u>	<u>\$447,500</u>
<b>Business Type Activities:</b>						
<b>General Obligation Bonds:</b>						
Refunding Bonds						
Various Purpose Refunding Bonds,						
Series 2021-3	2.00-3.00%	\$150,000	\$0	\$150,000	\$0	\$0
Total General Obligation Bonds		150,000	0	150,000	0	0
<b>OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings:</b>						
Good Hope Sewer, 2011	0.00%	222,216	0	22,222	199,994	11,111
Lakewood Hills Water, 2022	0.00%	535,438	0	13,386	522,052	6,693
Water Pollution Control Loan	0.00%	1,012,232	1,503,600	52,468	2,463,364	0
Fresh Water Taxable Construction 2024	0.00%	0	30,452	30,452	0	0
Rattlesnake Water System Improvements 2024	0.00%	0	8,304,817	0	8,304,817	0
Rattlesnake Water System Improvements 2024	0.00%	0	94,519	94,519	0	0
Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings		<u>1,769,886</u>	<u>9,933,388</u>	<u>213,047</u>	<u>11,490,227</u>	<u>17,804</u>
Total Business Type Long-Term Obligations		<u>\$1,919,886</u>	<u>\$9,933,388</u>	<u>\$363,047</u>	<u>\$11,490,227</u>	<u>\$17,804</u>

\* Certain balances presented in the prior year were reclassified from governmental to business type.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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**Future Annual Debt Service Requirements**

Governmental Activities

Year	General Obligation		From Direct Borrowings	
	Bonds/Loans			
	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$445,000	\$484,088	\$2,500	
2026	460,000	470,738	0	
2027	470,000	456,938	0	
2028	490,000	438,138	0	
2029	510,000	418,538	0	
2030-2034	2,840,000	1,804,640	0	
2035-2039	3,300,000	1,346,190	0	
2040-2044	3,745,000	899,188	0	
2045-2049	4,225,000	416,319	0	
2050-2054	905,000	21,494	0	
2055-2059	0	0	0	
2060-2064	0	0	0	
Total	<u>\$17,390,000</u>	<u>\$6,756,271</u>	<u>\$2,500</u>	

Business Type Activities

Year	From Direct Borrowings	
	OWDA Loans	
	Principal	
2025	\$17,804	
2026	35,608	
2027	35,608	
2028	35,608	
2029	35,608	
2030-2034	166,925	
2035-2039	66,930	
2040-2044	66,930	
2045-2049	66,930	
2050-2054	66,930	
2055-2059	66,930	
2060-2064	60,235	
Total	<u>\$722,046</u>	

The tables above does not agree to the total debt reported for governmental activities and business-type activities in the tables on the previous page as certain debt issuances' final amortization schedules are not yet available.

The County also has two loans from the Ohio Rotary Commission totaling \$387,593. These loans are not due until the property is sold.

*2021 County Detention Facility Refunding Bonds* – On March 17, 2021 the County issued \$19,225,000 refunding bonds in order to refund the 2019 County Detention Facility USDA Bonds in order to take advantage of lower

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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interest rates. These bonds will mature on December 1, 2050. The County decreased total debt service payments by \$3,921,576 as a result of the refunding.

*State Infrastructure Bank Loan* – In April 2023, the County passed a resolution to authorize the issuance of a \$2,095,000 State Infrastructure Bank Loan through the Ohio Department of Transportation for the purpose of financing a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping public infrastructure improvements necessary for the extension of North Blue Grass Boulevard from its current terminus, including waterline and sewer line extension and upgrades, curbing and drainage, and all necessary appurtenances thereto. In May 2023, this resolution was amended to increase the authorized amount up to \$2,200,000. As of December 31, 2024, the County had drawn \$1,600,523 from this loan.

*2003 West Lancaster Road Relocation* – On July 1, 2003 an interest-free direct borrowing was obtained through OPWC in the amount of \$100,000 for part of the relocation and construction of West Lancaster Road in the Village of Octa. General Obligation debt with a maturity date of January 1, 2025. In the event of default OPWC may (1) apply late fees of 8 percent per year, (2) loans more than 60 days late will be turned over the Attorney General's Office for collection, and as provided by law, OPWC may require that such payments be taken from the County's share of the undivided local government fund, and the outstanding amounts shall, and (3) at OPWC's option, become immediately due and payable.

*2004 Route 22 Waterline* – On August 23, 2004 a loan in the amount of \$82,920 was obtained through the Ohio Water and Sewer Rotary Commission to extend a water line to a housing development. This loan was repaid in full by Special Assessment from Sugar Creek Packing during 2024. This loan was a direct borrowing with a late payment penalty of five percent of the payment due with a \$20 minimum charge. The final payment was made on this loan in 2024.

*Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2021-1, 2021-2, 2021-3* – On March 17, 2021, the County issued \$51,000, \$84,000, and \$575,000 in various purpose refunding bonds in order to refund the 2003 Commission on Aging Building Addition bonds, the 2003 West Lancaster Road Relocation bonds, and the 1999 Rattlesnake Waste Water Treatment Plant bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The County decreased the total debt service payments by \$39,238 as a result of this refunding. Series 2021-1 and 2021-2 bonds were paid in full in prior years. The Series 2021-3 bonds matured on December 1, 2024.

*2011 Good Hope Sewer* – On August 8, 2011 a loan in the amount of \$444,435 was obtained through OWDA to install a sanitary sewer system in the unincorporated avenue of Good Hope. This loan will be repaid by user service charges and has a maturity date of January 1, 2034.

*2022 Lakewood Hills Area Water System* – On July 28, 2022, a loan in the amount of \$1,297,089 was obtained through OWDA to install a water system in the unincorporated area of Lakewood Hill. \$651,152 of this loan will be repaid through principal forgiveness with the remainder to be repaid by user service charges. As of December 31, 2024, \$1,186,590 was drawn and \$651,152 was forgiven through principal forgiveness. This loan will be repaid over 40 years with the first payment due on July 1, 2024.

*2023 Water Pollution Control Loan* – On July 27, 2023, a loan in the amount of \$2,712,096 was obtained through OWDA for the Rattlesnake Wastewater-Missouri Ditch Trunk Sewer project. This loan will be repaid through user service charges. As of December 31, 2024, \$2,515,832 was drawn. This loan will be repaid over 20 years with the first payment due on July 1, 2025.

*2024 Fresh Water Taxable Construction Loan* – On January 25, 2024, a loan in the amount of \$30,452 was approved for the OWDA Rattlesnake Water System Improvements - WTP project. As of December 31, 2024, the full amount was drawn and was repaid in full.

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*2024 Rattlesnake Water System Improvements – WTP Loan* – On February 29, 2024, a loan in the amount of \$94,519 was approved for the OWDA for the Rattlesnake Water System Improvements - WTP project. As of December 31, 2024, the full amount was drawn and was repaid in full.

*2024 Rattlesnake Wastewater System Improvements Loan* – On January 25, 2024, a loan in the amount of \$20,421,100 was awarded through OWDA for the Rattlesnake Water System Improvements project. This loan will be repaid through user service charges. As of December 31, 2024, \$8,304,817 was drawn. This loan will be repaid over 30 years with the first payment due on July 1, 2026.

The County's outstanding OWDA loans from direct borrowings of \$11,490,227 related to business-type activities contain provisions that in an event of default (1) the amount of any such default shall bear interest at the default rate from the due date until the date of payment, (2) for each additional 30 days during which the charges remain unpaid, the County shall continue to pay and additional late charge of 1 percent on the default amount until such charges are paid, and (3) any cost incurred by OWDA to cure the default will be paid by the County either as a direct charge or as part of the project principal amount.

**Note 7 – Short-Term Debt**

A summary of the note transactions for the year ended December 31, 2024 follows:

	Balance 12/31/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/24
<b>Short-Term Liabilities:</b>				
Morgan Group Drainage	\$15,215	\$13,497	\$15,215	\$13,497

All short-term debt consists of Ditch Improvement notes. They are paid from Special Assessments collected through Real Estate assessments. Interest is paid and any remaining collections are applied to principal. The County's outstanding short-term notes from direct borrowings contain a provision that in the event of a late payment being over 10 days past due, the County will be charged a \$150 fee. In the event of a default the lender may (1) increase the interest rate by three percent but not to exceed the maximum interest rate limitations under applicable law, (2) accelerate payment of the entire principal and accrued unpaid interest immediately due, and (3) pay any costs associated with curing the default.

**Note 8 – Property Tax**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the County. Property tax revenue received during 2024 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2023 taxes.

2024 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2024, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2024, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2024 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2025.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2024 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2023, are levied after October 1, 2024, and are collected in 2025 with real property taxes.

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The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$10.20 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2024 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property:	
Residential and Agricultural	\$604,273,910
Other	123,553,170
Public Utility Personal Property	<u>177,021,930</u>
Total Assessed Value	<u><u>\$904,849,010</u></u>

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to the County its portion of the taxes collected.

**Note 9 – County Sales Tax**

The County Commissioners, by resolution, imposed a one-and-one-half percent tax on all retail sales made in the County, except sales of motor vehicles, and on the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property in the County, including motor vehicles, not subject to the sales tax. The allocation of sales tax is 96.14 percent to the County's General Fund and 3.86 percent to the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the Office of Budget and Management the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of each month. The Tax Commissioner shall then, on or before the 20th day of the month in which certification is made, provide for payment to the County.

Proceeds of the tax are credited to the General Fund and the Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund. Permissive Sales and Use tax revenue for 2024 amounted to \$10,679,526.

**Note 10 – Tax Abatements**

The County provides tax abatements through the Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Tax Abatements Program. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the County established a Community Reinvestment Area to provide property tax abatements to encourage revitalization of existing buildings and the construction of new structures. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner, including proof that the improvements have been made, and equal 100 percent of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's tax bill.

For 2024, the County's property tax revenue was reduced \$1,152,456 as a result of this CRA tax abatement program.

**Note 11 – Risk Management**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. By participating in the County Risk Sharing Authority (COSRA), a risk sharing pool for liability, property, auto, and crime insurance, the County has addressed these various types of risk.

COSRA, a non-profit corporation sponsored by the County Commissioners Association of Ohio, was created to provide affordable liability, property, casualty and crime insurance coverage for its members. COSRA was established May 12, 1987, and has grown to sixty-six members.

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Under the CORSA program for general liability, auto liability, error and omission for public officials, and law enforcement liability, the County has \$5,000,000 of total liability coverage. The limit applies to any one occurrence of loss, with no annual aggregate except for the Error and Omissions for Public Officials and General Liability on Products and Completed Operations Limit, which both have the same per occurrence and annual aggregate limit. For the General Liability (coverage other than products and completed operations limit), Law Enforcement and Auto Liability, there is no annual aggregate. Property damage is on a replacement cost basis.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

Employee, dishonesty, money and securities inside and out, money orders and counterfeit, and depositor's forgery are covered in the amount of \$1,000,000 aggregate.

In 2024, the County participated in the County Commissioner's Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (CCAO). A workers' compensation group purchasing pool (See Note 1). The intent of the CCAO is to achieve lower workers' compensation rates while establishing safe working conditions and environments for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating counties is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all counties in the CCAO. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the CCAO rather than its individual rate.

In order to allocate the savings derived by formation of the CCAO and to maximize the number of participants in the CCAO, annually the CCAO's executive committee calculates the total savings which accrued to the CCAO through its formation. This savings is then compared to the overall savings percentage of the CCAO. The CCAO's executive committee then collects rate contributions from or pays equalization rebates to the various participants. Participation in the CCAO is limited to counties that can meet the CCAO's selection criteria. Sedwick provides administrative cost control and actuarial services to the CCAO. Each year, the County pays an enrollment fee to the CCAO to cover the cost of administering the CCAO.

The County may withdraw from the CCAO if written notice is provided sixty days prior to the prescribed applicant deadline of the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. However, the participant is not relieved of the obligation to pay any amounts owed to the CCAO prior to withdrawal, and any participant leaving the CCAO allows representatives of the CCAO to access loss experience for four years following the last year of participation.

#### **Note 12 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### **Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)**

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the County's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

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Ohio Revised Code limits the County's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The County cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the County does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the OPEB disclosures.

**Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)**

*Plan Description* – County employees, other than licensed teachers and other faculty members, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan, and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Effective January 1, 2022, new members may no longer select the Combined Plan, and current members may no longer make a plan change to this plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

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<b>Group A</b>	<b>Group B</b>	<b>Group C</b>
Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013, or five years after January 7, 2013	20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013, or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
<b>State and Local</b>	<b>State and Local</b>	<b>State and Local</b>
<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35
<b>Combined Plan Formula:</b> 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Combined Plan Formula:</b> 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Combined Plan Formula:</b> 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35
<b>Public Safety</b>	<b>Public Safety</b>	<b>Public Safety</b>
<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
<b>Law Enforcement</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
<b>Public Safety and Law Enforcement</b>	<b>Public Safety and Law Enforcement</b>	<b>Public Safety and Law Enforcement</b>
<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25	<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25	<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Traditional plan state and local members who retire before meeting the age-and-years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests at retirement.

Law enforcement and public safety members who retire before meeting the age-and-years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

Combined plan members retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit.

Final Average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the member's original base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013,

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the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

*Funding Policy* – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local		Public Safety	Law Enforcement
	Traditional	Combined		
<b>2024 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates</b>				
Employer	14.0 %	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee *	10.0 %	10.0 %	**	***
<b>2024 Actual Contribution Rates</b>				
Employer:				
Pension ****	14.0 %	12.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits ****	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
Total Employer	<u>14.0 %</u>	<u>14.0 %</u>	<u>18.1 %</u>	<u>18.1 %</u>
Employee	<u>10.0 %</u>	<u>10.0 %</u>	<u>12.0 %</u>	<u>13.0 %</u>

\*Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

\*\*This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

\*\*\*This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the public safety rate.

\*\*\*\*These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated at 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

For 2024, the County's contractually required contribution was \$1,979,270 for the traditional plan, \$15,053 for the combined plan and \$22,496 for the member-directed plan.

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### **State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

Plan Description – County licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. The calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of credited service. Effective August 1, 2023, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 33 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective on or after August 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65.

In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, an ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Effective July 1, 2023, a permanent 1 percent COLA of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2024 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2019.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits effective August 1, 2023, can retire with 29 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 28 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective on or after August 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 29 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 11.09 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 2.91 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a

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member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Funding Policy** – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2025 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2025, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The County's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$83,647 for 2024.

#### **Pension Liability (Asset)**

The net pension liability (asset) for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the net pension liability for STRS was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the respective measurement dates. The County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS	OPERS		
	Traditional Plan	Combined Plan	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset):				
Current Measurement Date	0.098887%	0.022726%	0.00227383%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.094405%	0.010276%	0.00279537%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.004482%</u>	<u>0.012450%</u>	<u>-0.00052154%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:				
Net Pension Liability	\$25,889,022	\$0	\$437,522	\$26,326,544
Net Pension Asset	0	(69,856)	0	(69,856)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67:

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	OPERS Traditional Plan	OPERS Combined Plan
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	2.75 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation	2.75 to 8.25 percent including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:		
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.0 percent, simple	3.0 percent, simple
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.0 percent, simple through 2023, then 2.05 percent, simple	3.0 percent, simple through 2023, then 2.05 percent, simple
Investment Rate of Return	6.9 percent	6.9 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2023, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Defined Contribution portfolio and the Health Care portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a gain of 11.2 percent for 2023.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

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Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	24.00%	2.85%
Domestic Equities	21.00	4.27
Real Estate	13.00	4.46
Private Equity	15.00	7.52
International Equities	20.00	5.16
Risk Parity	2.00	4.38
Other investments	<u>5.00</u>	3.46
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.00%</u></b>	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9 percent for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.90%)	Discount Rate (6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)			
OPERS Traditional Plan	\$40,756,277	\$25,889,022	\$13,523,786
OPERS Combined Plan	(42,270)	(69,856)	(91,586)

#### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

All disclosures related to the actuarial assumptions relate to the amounts used for the net pension liability for STRS which was measured as of June 30, 2024.

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation are presented below:

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Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	From 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent based on service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.90 %
International Equity	22.00	7.70
Alternatives	19.00	9.10
Fixed Income	22.00	4.50
Real Estate	10.00	5.10
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00</u>	2.40
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.00 %</u></b>	

\*Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

\*\*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.4 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2024. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2024.

**Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current

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period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$705,799	\$437,522	\$210,605

**Note 13 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans**

**Net OPEB Liability**

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

**Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care for the Traditional Pension, Combined and Member-Directed plans. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. Retirees in the Traditional Pension and Combined plans may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice and other eligible expenses. An OPERS vendor is available to assist with the selection of a health care program.

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

OPERS members enrolled in the Traditional Pension Plan or Combined Plan retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

Age 65 or older Retirees Minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

Age 60 to 64 Retirees Based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of total service with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit;

Group B 31 years of total service credit with at least 20 years of qualified health care

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service credit; or

Group C 32 years of total service cred with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit.

Age 59 or younger Based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of qualified health care service credit;

Group B 32 years of qualified health care service credit at any age or 31 years of qualified health care service credit and at least age 52; or

Group C 32 years of qualified health care service credit and at least page 55.

Retirees who do not meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022, who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022, as summarized in the following table:

<b>Group A</b>	<b>Group B</b>	<b>Group C</b>
<b>Age and Service Requirements</b> <i>December 1, 2014 or Prior</i>	<b>Age and Service Requirements</b> <i>December 1, 2014 or Prior</i>	<b>Age and Service Requirements</b> <i>December 1, 2014 or Prior</i>
Any Age with 10 years of service credit	Any Age with 10 years of service credit	Any Age with 10 years of service credit
<i>January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2021</i>	<i>January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2021</i>	<i>January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2021</i>
Age 60 with 20 years of service credit or Any Age with 30 years of service credit	Age 52 with 31 years of service credit or Age 60 with 20 years of service credit or Any Age with 32 years of service credit	Age 55 with 32 years of service credit or Age 60 with 20 years of service credit

See the Age and Service Retirement section of the OPERS ACFR for a description of Groups A, B and C.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

The base allowance is determined by OPERS and is currently \$1,200 per month for non-Medicare retirees and \$350 per month for Medicare retirees. The retiree receives a percentage of the base allowance, calculated based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51 percent and 90 percent of the base allowance for both non-Medicare and Medicare retirees.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50 percent of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or

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payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

Participants in the Member-Directed Plan have access to the Connector and have a separate health care funding mechanism. A portion of employer contributions for these participants is allocated to a retiree medical account (RMA). Members who elect the Member-Directed Plan after July 1, 2015, will vest in the RMA over 15 years at a rate of 10 percent each year starting with the sixth year of participation. Members who elected the Member-Directed Plan prior to July 1, 2015, vest in the RMA over a five-year period at a rate of 20 percent per year. Upon separation or retirement, participants may use vested RMA funds for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

**Funding Policy** - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. For fiscal year 2024, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2024, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan. Beginning July 1, 2022, there was a two percent allocation to health care for the Combined Plan which has continued through 2024. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2024 was 4.0 percent. Effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves which has continued through 2024.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The County's contractually required contribution was \$8,988 for 2024.

### **State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Plan Description** – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Health care premiums were reduced by a Medicare Part B premium credit beginning in 2023. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Medicare Part D is a federal program to help cover the costs of prescription drugs for Medicare beneficiaries. This program allows STRS Ohio to recover part of the cost for providing prescription coverage since all eligible STRS Ohio health care plans include creditable prescription drug coverage.

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Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the year ended December 31, 2024, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

### **Net OPEB Liability (Asset)**

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. For STRS, the net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):			
Current Measurement Date	0.094139%	0.00227383%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.089593%	0.00279537%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.0045460%</u>	<u>-0.00052154%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Asset	(\$849,627)	(\$43,130)	(892,757)

### **Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between the System and plan members. The actuarial valuation used the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

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Wage Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	2.75 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate	5.70 percent
Prior Year Single Discount Rate	5.22 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	3.77 percent
Prior Year Municipal Bond Rate	4.05 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.5 percent, initial 3.50 percent, ultimate in 2038
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2023, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Defined Contribution portfolio and the Health Care portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a gain of 14.0 percent for 2023.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. The System's primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

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<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)</u>
Fixed Income	37.00%	2.82%
Domestic Equities	25.00	4.27
Real Estate Investment Trust	5.00	4.68
International Equities	25.00	5.16
Risk Parity	3.00	4.38
Other investments	<u>5.00</u>	<u>2.43</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.00%</u></b>	

**Discount Rate** A single discount rate of 5.70 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2023; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 5.22 percent. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.77 percent. (Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index") The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2070. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2070, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

**Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.70 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (4.70 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (6.70 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (4.70%)	Current Discount Rate (5.70%)	1% Increase (6.70%)
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$466,929	(\$849,627)	(\$1,940,205)

**Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate** Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability or asset. The following table presents the net OPEB liability or asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability or asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2024 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed

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wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health Care Cost Trend Rate		
	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Assumption</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	(\$884,907)	(\$849,627)	(\$809,595)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions – STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation compared to the prior year are presented below:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	7.50 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate
Medicare	-112.22 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	-10.94 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	8.00 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	-11.95 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate
Medicare	-15.14 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	1.33 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

Healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

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Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.90%
International Equity	22.00	7.70
Alternatives	19.00	9.10
Fixed Income	22.00	4.50
Real Estate	10.00	5.10
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00</u>	2.40
 Total	 <u>100.00%</u>	

\*Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

\*\*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.4 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2024. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024.

**Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate** The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2024, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$35,068)	(\$43,130)	(\$50,146)
	Current		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$50,620)	(\$43,130)	(\$34,122)

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**Note 14 – Asset Retirement Obligations**

Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the County to submit any changes to their sewerage system to the Ohio EPA for approval. Through this review process, the County would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with their wastewater treatment facilities. Due to the County's application of the cash basis of accounting, this long-term obligation is not reported as a liability in the financial statements.

**Note 15 – Contingent Liabilities**

**Litigation**

The County is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of these suits, they believe the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the County's financial condition.

**Federal and State Grants**

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the County are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

**Component Unit – Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation (Land Bank)**

As of December 31, 2024, there was no pending litigation against the Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation.

**Note 16 – Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care**

During 1993, the County stopped receiving refuse in its public landfill. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The Ohio Environmental Protection Custodial officially certified the closure of the landfill in 1993. Any remaining costs associated with the closure of the landfill were paid during 1995.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to provide financial assurance for the landfill closure and post closure care costs. The County has complied with the requirement by issuing a \$400,000 Landfill Improvement bond in May of 1996 to construct certain landfill improvements associated with post-closure activity. These proceeds have been receipted into the Sanitary Revenue Waste Enterprise Fund.

Currently, the County contracts with a private collection service to handle the solid waste collection and disposal activities for the County at another landfill site.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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**Note 17 – Interfund Transactions**

**Interfund Transfers**

During 2024, the following interfund transfers were made:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$771,057	\$1,041,822
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,046,822	776,057
Water District Fund	154,500	0
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	0	154,500
<b>Total All Funds</b>	<b>\$1,972,379</b>	<b>\$1,972,379</b>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization. Transfers between nonmajor governmental funds were for the purpose of supporting like-kind activities as well as to cover debt payments made from debt service funds. Transfers were made from the nonmajor governmental fund to the General Fund to pay for the operating expenses related to the Adult Detention Facility. Transfers were made from the nonmajor enterprise fund to the Water District Fund for debt service obligations.

**Interfund Advances**

During 2024, the following interfund transfers were made:

	Advances In	Advances Out
General Fund	\$8,131,995	\$5,744,421
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,078,728	1,659,416
Water District Fund	3,244,697	6,051,583
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	304,500	304,500
<b>Total All Funds</b>	<b>\$13,759,920</b>	<b>\$13,759,920</b>

Advances were made from the General Fund to various governmental and enterprise funds to subsidize operations until anticipated revenues were received. Advances were also made between related non-major special revenue and capital project funds to support projects or operations until anticipated funding is received.

**Note 18 – Fund Balances**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

Fund Balances	General Fund	County Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund	Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
<i>Nonspendable:</i>					
Unclaimed Monies	\$588,132	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$588,132
<i>Restricted for:</i>					
Legislative and Executive	0	0	0	2,836,322	2,836,322
Judicial	0	0	0	1,092,979	1,092,979
Public Safety	0	0	0	1,976,427	1,976,427
Public Works	0	0	7,387,278	158,558	7,545,836
Health	0	5,215,442	0	435,402	5,650,844
Human Services	0	0	0	1,789,932	1,789,932
Conservation and Recreation	0	0	0	149,559	149,559
Economic Development	0	0	0	251,870	251,870
Debt Service	0	0	0	1,402,074	1,402,074
Capital Projects	0	0	0	2,671,670	2,671,670
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>5,215,442</i>	<i>7,387,278</i>	<i>12,764,793</i>	<i>25,367,513</i>
<i>Committed to:</i>					
General Drainage Improvements	0	0	0	1,491	1,491
Adult Detention Improvements	0	0	0	23,859	23,859
<i>Total Committed</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>25,350</i>	<i>25,350</i>
Assigned for Future Purchases	1,646,448	0	0	0	1,646,448
Unassigned	12,269,060	0	0	0	12,269,069
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<i>\$14,503,640</i>	<i>\$5,215,442</i>	<i>\$7,387,278</i>	<i>\$12,790,143</i>	<i>\$39,896,503</i>

**Note 19 – Significant Commitments**

**Encumbrances**

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General Fund	\$1,646,448
Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund	96,074
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>2,941,424</u>
Total Governmental Funds	<u>4,683,946</u>
Water District Fund	\$43,123,921
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	<u>114,150</u>
Total Enterprise Funds	<u>43,238,071</u>
Total	<u>\$47,922,017</u>

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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**Contractual Commitments**

At December 31, 2024, the County had the following significant outstanding contractual commitments.

Contractor	Total Contract Amount	Total Disbursed	Total Contract Remaining
Fillmore Construction LLC	\$29,520,745	\$26,372,734	\$3,148,011
Bowen Engineering Corporation	56,977,786	21,040,052	35,937,734
Mid Atlantic Storage Systems Inc.	14,420,963	13,475,809	945,154
Marquee Construction	1,748,000	579,150	1,168,850
WesTech	1,221,700	600,420	621,280
Peterson Construction	18,289,538	7,547,714	10,741,824
Schindler Elevator Corp.	375,084	131,279	243,805
Miller Brothers Construction	1,032,993	0	1,032,993

**Note 20 – New Accounting Pronouncement and Restatement of Net Position**

For 2024, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, “Accounting Changes and Error Corrections”.

GASB Statement No. 100 Statement No. 100, “Accounting Changes and Error Corrections”, prescribes accounting and financial reporting for (1) each category of accounting change and (2) error corrections. Statement 100 also addresses how accounting changes and error corrections should be displayed in financial statements, disclosed in notes, and presented in required supplementary information and supplementary information.

**Changes Within the Financial Reporting Entity**

For 2024, the Blue Grass Boulevard Project capital project fund presentation was changed from major to nonmajor.

During 2024, the County deemed the Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation, a component unit previously deemed insignificant to include, to be significant enough for financial information be included within its annual financial report. As such, beginning net position in the statement of activities has been adjusted for this inclusion. This adjustment had the following effect on previously reported balances.

Fayette County Land Reutilization Corporation
Net Position 12/31/23, As Previously Reported
Adjustment for Inclusion of Component Unit
<u><u>Net Position 12/31/23, As Adjusted</u></u>

**Note 21 – Subsequent Events**

On March 10, 2025, the Commissioners moved to accept the low base bid of Cox Paving LLC, in the amount of \$1,333,548, for the 2025 Fayette County Township Paving Program.

On April 14, 2025, the Commissioners passed a resolution to authorize the issuance and sale of Hospital Facilities Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2025 (Adena Health System Obligated Group Project) of the County of Fayette, Ohio, in one or more series, in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$100,000,000. On May 12, 2025, the Commissioners passed a resolution to approve and confirm the issuance and sale of Hospital Facilities Improvement Revenue Conduit Bonds, Series 2025.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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On May 5, 2025, the Commissioners passed a resolution to create the Fayette County Development and Finance Authority (Port Authority).

On May 10, 2025, the Commissioners passed a resolution authorizing the execution of a loan agreement with the Ohio Department of Transportation and authorizing the issuance of a non-tax revenue promissory noted, in the amount of \$2,208,000, for the purpose of providing funds to pay for a 10,000 square foot corporate aircraft hangar at the Fayette County Airport.

On May 19, 2025, the Commissioners moved to award the bid to Fillmore Construction, in the amount of \$2,468,760, for the Fay Western County Bike Path Phase 2.

On June 23, 2025, the Commissioners approved a resolution, approving, solely for the purpose of section 147(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the issuance, not to exceed \$35,000,000 of West Central Ohio Port Authority Development Revenue Bonds for the purpose of the costs of acquiring, constructing, equipping, installing, and improving “port authority facilities.”

On August 11, 2025, the Commissioners moved to enter into a Master Installment Purchase Agreement with Daimler Truck Financial Services USA, LLC for the purpose of purchasing, via a financing contract for 2 Freightliner Trucks, for use by the Fayette County Engineer at a total cost of \$513,796.

On August 11, 2025, the Commissioners entered into a Community Reinvestment Area Agreement with Amazon Data Services, Inc.

On August 26, 2025, the Commissioners authorize the Engineer to enter into contract with Verdantas, in the amount of \$520,000 for additional supplemental construction administration services.

**Fayette County**  
*Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number Additional Award Identification	Assistance Listing Number	Disbursements
<b>United States Department of Agriculture</b>			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services:</i>			
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP/Food Assistance) Cluster:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	G-2425-11-6132	10.561	<u>\$263,170</u> <u>263,170</u>
Total SNAP Cluster			
<b>Total United States Department of Agriculture</b>			<b>263,170</b>
<b>United States Department of Housing and Urban Development</b>			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Development:</i>			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	B-C-17-1-AW-1	14.228	4,526
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	B-C-19-1-AW-1	14.228	20,491
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	B-F-23-1AW-1	14.228	<u>9,000</u>
Total Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii			34,017
Home Investment Partnerships Program	B-C-17-1AW-2	14.239	1,000
Home Investment Partnerships Program	B-C-19-1AW-2	14.239	<u>48,625</u> <u>49,625</u>
Total Home Investment Partnerships Program			
<b>Total United States Department of Housing and Urban Development</b>			<b>83,642</b>
<b>United States Department of Justice</b>			
<i>Passed through the State of Ohio Attorney General:</i>			
Crime Victim Assistance:			
Crime Victim Assistance	2025-VOCA-135897873	16.575	9,121
Crime Victim Assistance	2024-VOCA-135499354	16.575	<u>27,364</u>
<b>Total United States Department of Justice</b>			<b>36,485</b>
<b>United States Department of Labor</b>			
<i>Passed Through Montgomery County Department of Job and Family Services:</i>			
WIOA Cluster:			
WIOA Adult Program	N/A	17.258	568,779
WIOA Youth Activities	N/A	17.259	86,106
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grant	N/A	17.278	<u>55,945</u>
Total WIOA Cluster			710,830
Unemployment Insurance	N/A	17.225	10,940
WIOA National Dislocated Worker Grants/WIA National Emergency Grants	N/A	17.277	<u>52,499</u>
<b>Total United States Department of Labor</b>			<b>774,269</b>
<b>United States Department of Transportation</b>			
<i>Direct from the Federal Government:</i>			
Airport Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs, and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs:			
Airport Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs, and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs	3-39-0086-017-2022	20.106	179,219
Airport Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs, and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs	3-39-0086-019-2023	20.106	<u>31,976</u>
Total Airport Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs, and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs			211,195

(continued)

**Fayette County**  
*Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (continued)*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number Additional Award Identification	Assistance Listing Number	Disbursements
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation:</i>			
Highway Planning and Construction:			
Highway Planning and Construction - Western Fayette County Bike Path, Phase I	PID #111242	20.205	\$46,408
Total Highway Planning and Construction			<u>46,408</u>
<b>Total United States Department of Transportation</b>			<b>257,603</b>
<b>United States Department of the Treasury</b>			
<i>Direct from Federal Government:</i>			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	N	21.027	1,056,806
<i>Passed Through the Ohio Department of Aging:</i>			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds-Healthy Aging Grants	N/A	21.027	2,670
<i>Passed Through the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services:</i>			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	G-2425-11-6132	21.027	89,528
<i>Passed Through The Ohio Department of Development:</i>			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	SBIG 2023-4225	21.027	52,405,038
<i>Passed Through The Ohio Department of Criminal Justice Services:</i>			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	2022-AR-LEP-1083	21.027	<u>110,350</u>
<b>Total United States Department of the Treasury</b>			<b>53,664,392</b>
<b>United States Department of Education</b>			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities:</i>			
Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families	H181A220024	84.181	51,481
Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families	H181A230024	84.181	<u>69,814</u>
Total Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families			<u>121,295</u>
<b>Total United States Department of Education</b>			<b>121,295</b>
<b>United States Department of Health and Human Services</b>			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Aging:</i>			
Aging Cluster:			
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	N/A	93.044	28,675
COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	N/A	93.044	6,091
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services	N/A	93.045	<u>95,058</u>
Total Aging Cluster			<u>129,824</u>
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	N/A	93.071	200
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services:</i>			
COVID-19 Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	G-2425-11-6132	93.747	34,816
State Children's Health Insurance Program	G-2425-11-6132	93.767	860
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	G-2425-11-6132	93.558	703,703
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	G-2425-11-6132	93.556	29,478
Child Support Enforcement	G-2425-11-6132	93.563	704,471
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	G-2425-11-6132	93.645	29,134
Adoption Assistance	G-2425-11-6132	93.659	128,204
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	G-2425-11-6132	93.674	130
Foster Care _Title IV-E	G-2425-11-6132	93.658	242,284
<i>Child Care Development Fund Cluster:</i>			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	G-2425-11-6132	93.575	<u>24,923</u>
Total Child Care Development Fund Cluster			<u>24,923</u>

(continued)

**Fayette County**  
*Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (continued)*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number Additional Award Identification	Assistance Listing Number	Disbursements
Social Services Block Grant: Social Services Block Grant	G-2425-11-6132	93.667	\$264,857
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities:</i>			
Social Services Block Grant	2401OHSOSR	93.667	19,611
Total Social Services Block Grant			284,468
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services:</i>			
Medicaid Cluster: Medical Assistance Program	G-2425-11-6132	93.778	609,970
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Aging:</i>			
Medical Assistance Program	N/A	93.778	60,394
Total Medicaid Cluster			670,364
<b>Total United States Department of Health and Human Services</b>			<b>2,982,859</b>
<b>United States Department of Homeland Security</b>			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Emergency Management Agency:</i>			
Emergency Management Performance Grants: Emergency Management Performance Grants Emergency Management Performance Grants	EMC-2022-EP-00006 EMC-2023-EP-00003	97.042 97.042	19,453 40,040
Total Emergency Management Performance Grants			59,493
<b>Total United States Department of Homeland Security</b>			<b>59,493</b>
<b>Total Federal Awards Expenditures</b>			<b>\$58,243,208</b>

N - direct from federal government.

N/A - pass-through entity number not available.

See the accompanying notes to the schedule of federal awards expenditures.

**Fayette County**  
*Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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**Note 1 – Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of Fayette County (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024. The information on this schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

**Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

**Note 3 – Indirect Cost Rate**

The County has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Note 4 – Matching Requirements**

Certain Federal programs require that the County contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally-funded programs. The County has complied with applicable matching requirements. The expenditure on non-federal matching funds is not included in the schedule.



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**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based  
on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

Fayette County  
133 South Main Street, Suite 303  
Washington Courthouse, Ohio 43160

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the Fayette County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 8, 2025, wherein we noted the County uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-002 through 2024-004 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Fayette County

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Page 2

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

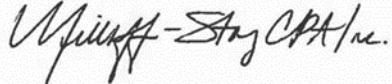
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 through 2024-003.

### **County's Responses to Findings**

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.  
Wheelerburg, Ohio

September 8, 2025

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**Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Independent Auditor's Report

Fayette County  
133 South Main Street, Suite 303  
Washington Courthouse, Ohio 43160

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited Fayette County, Ohio, (the County)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2024.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

**Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Fayette County

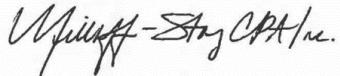
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.  
Wheelersburg, Ohio

September 8, 2025

**Fayette County**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
*2 CFR Section 200.515*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

<i>Financial Statements</i>	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified (Cash Basis)
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes
<i>Federal Awards</i>	
Internal control over major program(s):	
Material weakness(es) identified?	None
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any auditing findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	None
Identification of major program(s):	AL #21.027 COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	Type A: >\$1,747,296 Type B: all others
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

**Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

**Finding 2024-001**

**Noncompliance – Annual Financial Reports**

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38.

Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03 (B) requires the County to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This report is required to be filed with the Auditor of State’s office within 150 days of fiscal year-end.

The County prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, net position and fund equities, and disclosures that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time. The County can be fined and various other remedies may be taken against the County. As such, we recommend the County take the necessary steps to ensure that the financial report is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

**Fayette County**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
2 CFR Section 200.515  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

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**Finding 2024-001 (Continued)**

**Noncompliance – Annual Financial Reports (Continued)**

*Client Response:*

See accompanying corrective action plan.

**Finding 2024-002**

**Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Appropriations in Excess of Estimated Resources**

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 states that total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated resources. The County had appropriations in excess of estimated resources in the Rattlesnake Water Treatment Plant Fund (466) in the amount of \$42,903,064. The County should implement the appropriate procedures, such as periodic comparisons of estimated resources to appropriations, to ensure that appropriations are limited to estimated resources to ensure improper spending does not occur.

*Client Response:*

See accompanying corrective action plan.

**Finding 2024-003**

**Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Appropriations in Excess of Available Resources**

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(4) states, in part, that upon a determination by the fiscal officer of a subdivision that the revenue to be collected by the subdivision will be less than the amount included in an official certificate and that the amount of the deficiency will reduce available resources below the level of current appropriations, the fiscal officer shall certify the amount of the deficiency to the commission, and the commission shall certify an amended certificate reflecting the deficiency. The County had appropriations in excess of available resources in the Rattlesnake Water Treatment Plant Fund (466) in the amount of \$42,903,064.

Per review of the final certificate of estimated resources, the Auditor failed to certify the amount of the deficiency to the budget commission. The County should implement the appropriate procedures, such as periodic comparisons of available resources to appropriations, to ensure that appropriations are limited to available resources to ensure improper spending does not occur.

*Client Response:*

See accompanying corrective action plan.

**Finding 2024-004**

**Material Weakness – Financial Reporting**

A monitoring system by the County should be in place to prevent or detect misstatements for the fair presentation of the County's financial statements. During testing we identified disbursements in the general fund which were not properly classified and revenues in the custodial funds which were not properly classified. These misstatements were deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole and, consequently, correction was waived.

**Fayette County**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
*2 CFR Section 200.515*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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**Finding 2024-004 (Continued)**

**Material Weakness – Financial Reporting (Continued)**

During 2024, the County presented the activity of the Rattlesnake Water Treatment Plant Fund separately from the Water District Fund resulting in a restatement of net position as of January 1, 2024. However, we determined that this change was not appropriate, and audit adjustments were proposed to move the activity back into the Water District fund in the financial statements and eliminate the related restatements. The County should implement additional control procedures that enable management to more timely prevent or detect and correct potential misstatements in the basic financial statements prior to filing them in the Hinkle system.

*Client Response:*

See accompanying corrective action plan.

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None.

JAMES GARLAND  
704 Miami Trace Rd SW  
Washington C.H., Ohio 43160

DONALD L. FLEAK  
71 Wayne Street  
Bloomingburg, Ohio 43106

DANA FOOR, Co. Administrator

TONY ANDERSON  
11524 Cook-Yankeetown Rd NE  
Mt. Sterling, Ohio 43143

CHASITY WILSON, Admin. Clerk

## Board of Fayette County Commissioners

Suite 401 • 133 South Main Street  
Washington C.H., Ohio 43160  
Phone (740) 335-0720 FAX (740) 333-3530

*Schedule of Prior Audit Findings  
2 CFR Section 200.511(b)  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <b>Explain</b>
Finding 2023-001	Noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38/Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) – Annual Financial Reports	No	Reissued as Finding 2024-001
Finding 2023-002	Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Appropriations in Excess of Estimated Resources	No	Reissued as Finding 2024-002
Finding 2023-003	Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Appropriations in Excess of Available Resources	No	Reissued as Finding 2024-003
Finding 2023-004	Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment	Yes	
Finding 2023-005	Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Special Tests and Provisions-Airport Revenue Diversion	Yes	

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*Corrective Action Plan  
2 CFR Section 200.511(c)  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024*

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Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2024-001	Fayette County will continue to file our year-end financial reports on a cash basis. This is done due to the high cost of converting to GAAP.	N/A	Fayette County Auditor
2024-002	The County will monitor more closely to determine appropriations do not exceed estimated revenue.	December 31, 2025	Dana Foor, County Administrator
2024-003	The County will monitor more closely to determine appropriations do not exceed expected revenue.	December 31, 2025	Dana Foor, County Administrator
2024-004	The County will continue to work its consultant to ensure the financial statements are correct and accurate.	December 31, 2025	Fayette County Auditor

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



## FAYETTE COUNTY

### AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/13/2025

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215  
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at  
[www.ohioauditor.gov](http://www.ohioauditor.gov)