



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BELMONT COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2024**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities.....	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:	
General Fund.....	19
Schoolwide Pool Fund	20
Statement of Fund Net Position	
Internal Service Fund	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	
Internal Service Fund	22
Statement of Cash Flows	
Internal Service Fund	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Fiduciary Fund.....	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Fiduciary Funds	25
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27

**BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BELMONT COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2024**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS
(Continued)**

TITLE	PAGE
Prepared by Management (Continued):	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	70
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio	70
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio	72
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	74
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio	74
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio	76
Schedule of the School District Contributions	78
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio	78
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio	80
Notes to Required Supplementary Information.....	82
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	87
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	88
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	89
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	91
Schedule of Findings.....	95
Prepared by Management:	
Corrective Action Plan	97



65 East State Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov
800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Belmont County
210 West Church Street
Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Schoolwide Pool Funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2025, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

February 26, 2025

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Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities decreased \$1,757,137.
- Total assets of governmental activities increased, primarily due to an increase in capital assets related to additions to land improvements and construction in process for LED Lighting and Energy Savings Project outpacing current year amortization/depreciation.
- Governmental cash balances decreased, driven by increases in support services expenses outpacing increases in revenues related to additional investment earnings and grants and entitlements.
- Total liabilities increased, primarily due to the issuance of a financed purchase agreement in order to fund the LED Lighting and Energy Savings Project.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can first understand the Barnesville Exempted Village School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Barnesville Exempted Village School District, the General Fund and the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund are the only major or significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2024?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are considered to be Governmental Activities including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, food service operations, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for a scholarship program. This activity is presented as a private purpose-trust fund. The School District also acts as custodian of funds for another organization. These activities are reported as custodial funds. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024
Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2024 compared to 2023.

Table 1 - Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	*Restated		Change
	2024	2023	
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$16,958,664	\$18,346,646	(\$1,387,982)
Net OPEB Asset	913,629	1,192,275	(278,646)
Capital Assets	13,952,783	11,716,518	2,236,265
Total Assets	31,825,076	31,255,439	569,637
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Pension	2,901,477	3,286,409	(384,932)
OPEB	738,182	450,872	287,310
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,639,659	3,737,281	(97,622)
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	2,318,923	2,098,426	220,497
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	376,472	277,060	99,412
Due in More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	13,511,560	13,366,748	144,812
Net OPEB Liability	1,043,633	826,919	216,714
Other Amounts	3,969,855	1,933,495	2,036,360
Total Liabilities	21,220,443	18,502,648	2,717,795
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	6,255,326	5,909,475	345,851
Pension	909,559	1,403,684	(494,125)
OPEB	1,677,888	2,018,257	(340,369)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,842,773	9,331,416	(488,643)
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,762,448	11,212,296	550,152
Restricted	1,839,726	1,647,646	192,080
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(8,200,655)	(5,701,286)	(2,499,369)
Total Net Position	\$5,401,519	\$7,158,656	(\$1,757,137)

New Accounting Pronouncements/Restatements*

In an effort to promote comparability with other governments, the School District updated its calculation on net position restricted for pension and OPEB plans for fiscal year 2024. This change impacted the amounts presented as net position restricted for an OPEB plan and unrestricted net position. GASB 100 does not require amounts prior to those presented in the basic financial statements to be updated for a change in accounting principle.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Unaudited

The net pension liability is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2024. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the “employment exchange” – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Total assets increased, primarily due to an increase in capital assets related to additions to land improvements and construction in process for LED Lighting and Energy Savings Project outpacing current year amortization/depreciation. The increase in capital assets was offset by a reduction in cash and cash equivalents as increases in support services expenditures outpaced additional revenues related to investment earnings and grants and entitlements.

Total liabilities increased as the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement for \$2,253,000 to fund the LED Lighting and Energy Savings Project.

The School District's deferred inflows of resources decreased, primarily due to changes in the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following tables gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2024 and 2023.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024
Unaudited

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$875,978	\$842,190	\$33,788
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,435,180	2,446,153	(10,973)
Capital Grants and Contributions	255,333	164,550	90,783
Total Program Revenues	<u>3,566,491</u>	<u>3,452,893</u>	<u>113,598</u>
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	5,746,636	6,418,348	(671,712)
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	8,307,989	7,674,017	633,972
Others	<u>819,101</u>	<u>486,734</u>	<u>332,367</u>
Total General Revenues	<u>14,873,726</u>	<u>14,579,099</u>	<u>294,627</u>
Total Revenues	<u>18,440,217</u>	<u>18,031,992</u>	<u>408,225</u>
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	7,917,009	7,924,477	(7,468)
Special	2,582,536	2,561,431	21,105
Vocational	216,095	138,437	77,658
Student Intervention Services	21,579	24,808	(3,229)
Support Services:			
Pupil	1,389,735	1,405,269	(15,534)
Instructional Staff	610,215	820,156	(209,941)
Board of Education	66,621	107,488	(40,867)
Administration	1,155,209	863,044	292,165
Fiscal	480,422	481,063	(641)
Business	62,600	70,629	(8,029)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,193,988	2,064,047	1,129,941
Pupil Transportation	1,051,473	852,478	198,995
Central	1,851	0	1,851
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	7,014	2,202	4,812
Food Service Operations	700,430	760,871	(60,441)
Extracurricular Activities	654,150	645,363	8,787
Interest	86,427	9,789	76,638
Total Expenses	<u>20,197,354</u>	<u>18,731,552</u>	<u>1,465,802</u>
Change in Net Position	(1,757,137)	(699,560)	(1,057,577)
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>7,158,656</u>	<u>7,858,216</u>	<u>(699,560)</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u>\$5,401,519</u>	<u>\$7,158,656</u>	<u>(\$1,757,137)</u>

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024
 Unaudited

Total general revenues of governmental activities increased from 2023 driven by an increase in unrestricted grant revenues from additional State Foundation Funding and oil and gas agreement bonuses. These increases were offset by a decrease in property taxes amounts available as an advance, which represents amounts collected by the County prior to June 30, 2024, which are available as advance to fund fiscal year 2024.

During fiscal year 2024, the School District reported a slight increase in program revenues due to a increase in Federal funding for capital projects and charges for services. Charges for services program revenue increased due to additional extracurricular activities revenues received from district managed activities. Overall, the change was minimal, and program revenues remained consistent compared to fiscal year 2023.

Overall program expenses increased from the prior year, primarily related to increases in support services while instruction, food service operations, and extracurricular activities remained consistent compared to fiscal year 2023.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, and operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023. In other words, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted entitlements.

Table 3 - Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$7,917,009	\$7,924,477	\$7,086,726	\$6,846,698
Special	2,582,536	2,561,431	1,674,494	1,698,074
Vocational	216,095	138,437	138,849	56,999
Student Intervention Services	21,579	24,808	21,579	12,216
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,389,735	1,405,269	1,201,074	1,286,987
Instructional Staff	610,215	820,156	540,944	795,479
Board of Education	66,621	107,488	66,621	107,488
Administration	1,155,209	863,044	1,134,796	844,036
Fiscal	480,422	481,063	480,422	481,063
Business	62,600	70,629	62,600	70,629
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,193,988	2,064,047	2,902,248	1,826,317
Pupil Transportation	1,051,473	852,478	1,051,473	852,478
Central	1,851	0	1,851	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	7,014	2,202	3,695	1,445
Food Service Operations	700,430	760,871	44,006	129,114
Extracurricular Activities	654,150	645,363	133,058	259,847
Interest	86,427	9,789	86,427	9,789
Total Expenses	\$20,197,354	\$18,731,552	\$16,630,863	\$15,278,659

The dependence upon tax revenues and state subsidies for governmental activities is apparent as 82 percent of expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Unaudited

The School District Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District has two major funds, the General Fund and the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund. The General Fund had \$15,473,883 in revenues and \$13,201,446 in expenditures. Overall, including other financing uses, the General Fund's balance decreased \$1,032,122. General Fund revenues increased primarily due to an improvement in the market value returns of the School District's investments. This increase was offset by an increase in regular instruction expenditures, primarily related to wages and fringe benefits. The remaining activity of the General Fund was relatively consistent from the prior year, mitigating any further change in fund balance. The Schoolwide Pool Fund had \$398,601 in revenues and \$3,703,160 in expenditures. Overall, including other financing sources, the Schoolwide Pool Fund had no change in fund balance.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2024, the School District amended its General Fund appropriations, however the School District made no modifications to its estimated resources. The budgetary statement reflects both the original and final amounts. The final appropriations budget was amended to more closely reflect the actual results of operations. When taken together, the actual results of revenues were different than estimated. The difference was related to the School District receiving more intergovernmental revenue than estimated related to increases in school foundation funding.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the School District had \$13,952,783 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, construction in progress, intangible right to use software assets for digital curriculum, and intangible right to use (lease asset) equipment. See Note 10 for more detailed information of the School District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2024, the School District had \$55,000 in outstanding bonds, which is due within one year; \$3,213,900 in financed purchases, of which \$224,900 is due within one year; and \$88,511 in outstanding lease payable, of which \$27,350 is due within one year. See Note 15 for more information on the School District's long-term obligations, which also includes compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability.

Economic Factors

During fiscal year 2008, the Barnesville Exempted Village School District was released from fiscal emergency. The current five year forecast reflects that the School District will encounter deficit spending within the next five years; however, the School District's carryover balance is sufficient to ensure that the School District maintains a positive cash balance throughout the five year period.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Unaudited

The School District continues to rely heavily on State foundation funding. New public utility personal property taxes received in recent years from the Rockies Express Pipeline will continue to help offset any potential reductions in State funding, as well as ad valorem tax from gas and oil activity. The School District has not solicited voters to support a tax levy in order to generate additional revenue.

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the operational and economic facets of the School District. See Note 23 for more information.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Adam Quirk, Treasurer/CFO at Barnesville Exempted Village School District, 210 W. Church Street, Barnesville, Ohio 43713.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,878,711
Intergovernmental Receivable	200,816
Accounts Receivable	37,373
Prepaid Items	10,659
Materials and Supplies Inventory	29,071
Property Taxes Receivable	6,802,034
Net OPEB Asset	913,629
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	1,420,014
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>12,532,769</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>31,825,076</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	2,901,477
OPEB	<u>738,182</u>
 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>3,639,659</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	182,124
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,049,027
Intergovernmental Payable	377,254
Contracts Payable	74,862
Retainage Payable	74,005
Accrued Interest Payable	10,484
Vacation Benefits Payable	199,503
Unearned Revenue	4,796
Claims Payable	346,868
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	376,472
Due in More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	13,511,560
Net OPEB Liability	1,043,633
Other Amounts	<u>3,969,855</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>21,220,443</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	6,255,326
Pension	909,559
OPEB	<u>1,677,888</u>
 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>8,842,773</u>
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,762,448
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	17,434
Building Maintenance	37,565
Food Service Operations	443,886
Local Programs	348,159
Student Activities Programs	79,053
OPEB Plan	913,629
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(8,200,655)</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u>\$5,401,519</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Program Revenues				
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental Activities						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$7,917,009	\$224,652	\$605,631	\$0	(\$7,086,726)	
Special	2,582,536	0	908,042	0	(1,674,494)	
Vocational	216,095	0	77,246	0	(138,849)	
Student Intervention Services	21,579	0	0	0	(21,579)	
Support Services:						
Pupil	1,389,735	0	188,661	0	(1,201,074)	
Instructional Staff	610,215	0	69,271	0	(540,944)	
Board of Education	66,621	0	0	0	(66,621)	
Administration	1,155,209	0	20,413	0	(1,134,796)	
Fiscal	480,422	0	0	0	(480,422)	
Business	62,600	0	0	0	(62,600)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,193,988	0	36,407	255,333	(2,902,248)	
Pupil Transportation	1,051,473	0	0	0	(1,051,473)	
Central	1,851	0	0	0	(1,851)	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	7,014	0	3,319	0	(3,695)	
Food Service Operations	700,430	180,237	476,187	0	(44,006)	
Extracurricular Activities	654,150	471,089	50,003	0	(133,058)	
Interest	86,427	0	0	0	(86,427)	
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$20,197,354</u>	<u>\$875,978</u>	<u>\$2,435,180</u>	<u>\$255,333</u>	<u>(16,630,863)</u>	

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	5,475,123
Capital Outlay	271,513
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	8,307,989
Gifts and Donations	24,520
Investment Earnings/Interest	486,280
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	202,645
Miscellaneous	105,656

Total General Revenues

14,873,726

Change in Net Position

(1,757,137)

Net Position Beginning of Year

7,158,656

Net Position End of Year

\$5,401,519

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

	General	Schoolwide Pool	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,464,019	\$0	\$2,414,692	\$9,878,711
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	6,482,160	0	319,874	6,802,034
Intergovernmental	140,352	0	60,464	200,816
Interfund	75,911	412,257	0	488,168
Prepaid Items	10,659	0	0	10,659
Materials and Supplies Inventory	20,257	0	8,814	29,071
 Total Assets	 \$14,193,358	 \$412,257	 \$2,803,844	 \$17,409,459
 Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$158,759	\$10,303	\$13,062	\$182,124
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	655,847	342,935	50,245	1,049,027
Contracts Payable	0	0	74,862	74,862
Retainage Payable	0	0	74,005	74,005
Interfund Payable	394,957	0	30,657	425,614
Intergovernmental Payable	310,153	59,019	8,082	377,254
Unearned Revenue	0	0	4,796	4,796
 Total Liabilities	 1,519,716	 412,257	 255,709	 2,187,682
 Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	5,966,075	0	289,251	6,255,326
Unavailable Revenue	353,774	0	45,770	399,544
 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 6,319,849	 0	 335,021	 6,654,870
 Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	30,916	0	8,814	39,730
Restricted	0	0	2,084,359	2,084,359
Committed	184,730	0	153,310	338,040
Assigned	402,960	0	0	402,960
Unassigned	5,735,187	0	(33,369)	5,701,818
 Total Fund Balances	 6,353,793	 0	 2,213,114	 8,566,907
 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	 \$14,193,358	 \$412,257	 \$2,803,844	 \$17,409,459

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances
 to Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2024*

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$8,566,907
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because</i>	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	13,952,783
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Intergovernmental	33,369
Tuition and Fees	140,352
Delinquent Property Taxes	<u>225,823</u>
Total	399,544
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position	(372,049)
Vacation Benefits Payable is recognized for earned vacation benefits that are not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(199,503)
Long-term liabilities and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
General Obligation Bonds	55,000
Lease Payable	88,511
Financed Purchase	3,213,900
Compensated Absences	988,916
Accrued Interest Payable	<u>10,484</u>
Total	(4,356,811)
The net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Net OPEB Asset	913,629
Deferred Outflows - Pension	2,901,477
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	738,182
Net Pension Liability	(13,511,560)
Net OPEB Liability	(1,043,633)
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(909,559)
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	<u>(1,677,888)</u>
Total	<u>(12,589,352)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$5,401,519</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General	Schoolwide Pool	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$5,575,306	\$0	\$276,284	\$5,851,590
Intergovernmental	8,846,085	398,601	1,662,645	10,907,331
Investment Earnings/Interest	414,267	0	70,989	485,256
Tuition and Fees	184,950	0	0	184,950
Extracurricular Activities	115,133	0	355,956	471,089
Rent	17,400	0	0	17,400
Gifts and Donations	24,520	0	57,802	82,322
Charges for Services	13,515	0	180,237	193,752
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	202,645	0	0	202,645
Miscellaneous	80,062	0	25,594	105,656
 Total Revenues	 15,473,883	 398,601	 2,629,507	 18,501,991
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,934,777	2,589,822	350,631	7,875,230
Special	1,439,390	817,357	357,228	2,613,975
Vocational	211,627	0	2,510	214,137
Student Intervention Services	21,579	0	0	21,579
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,132,842	61,894	188,730	1,383,466
Instructional Staff	477,883	60,351	63,878	602,112
Board of Education	66,621	0	0	66,621
Administration	918,742	173,736	1,713	1,094,191
Fiscal	488,217	0	6,691	494,908
Business	61,975	0	0	61,975
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,882,446	0	719,059	2,601,505
Pupil Transportation	880,951	0	122,876	1,003,827
Central	1,851	0	0	1,851
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	594	0	3,319	3,913
Food Service Operations	0	0	701,548	701,548
Extracurricular Activities	234,170	0	404,792	638,962
Capital Outlay	151,744	0	2,808,382	2,960,126
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	219,500	0	0	219,500
Interest	76,537	0	0	76,537
Issuance Costs	0	0	50,280	50,280
 Total Expenditures	 13,201,446	 3,703,160	 5,781,637	 22,686,243
 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,272,437	 (3,304,559)	 (3,152,130)	 (4,184,252)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Inception of Financed Purchase	0	0	2,253,000	2,253,000
Transfers In	0	3,304,559	0	3,304,559
Transfers Out	(3,304,559)	0	0	(3,304,559)
 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (3,304,559)	 3,304,559	 2,253,000	 2,253,000
 Net Change in Fund Balances	 (1,032,122)	 0	 (899,130)	 (1,931,252)
 Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 7,385,915	 0	 3,112,244	 10,498,159
 Fund Balances End of Year	 \$6,353,793	 \$0	 \$2,213,114	 \$8,566,907

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
*Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities*
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (\$1,931,252)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation/amortization in the current period.

Capital Asset Additions	3,158,776
Current Year Depreciation/Amortization	<u>(922,511)</u>
Total	2,236,265

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds:

Intergovernmental	33,369
Delinquent Property Taxes	<u>(104,954)</u>
Tuition and Fees	8,787
Total	(62,798)

Issuance of a financed purchase is reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but the issuance increases long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. (2,253,000)

Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

General Obligation Bonds	55,000
Financed Purchase	<u>139,100</u>
Lease Payable	25,400
Total	219,500

Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the Statement of Activities, is reported in the Statement of Activities (9,890)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences and vacation benefits payable do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Vacation Benefits Payable	(13,842)
Compensated Absences Payable	<u>(102,272)</u>
Total	(116,114)

The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is included in the statement of activities and not on the governmental fund statements. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated.

The net expenses of the internal service fund is allocated among governmental activities. 63,452

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

Pension	1,250,847
OPEB	<u>42,600</u>
Total	1,293,447

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in net pension/OPEB (asset)/liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.

Pension	(1,286,466)
OPEB	<u>89,719</u>
Total	(1,196,747)

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities (\$1,757,137)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$5,840,000	\$5,840,000	\$5,790,978	(\$49,022)
Intergovernmental	8,145,000	8,145,000	8,846,085	701,085
Interest	170,000	170,000	265,284	95,284
Tuition and Fees	185,500	185,500	184,950	(550)
Rent	16,000	16,000	17,400	1,400
Gifts and Donations	150,000	150,000	14,600	(135,400)
Charges for Services	16,500	16,500	13,515	(2,985)
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	202,645	202,645	202,645	0
Miscellaneous	24,355	24,355	73,611	49,256
Total Revenues	14,750,000	14,750,000	15,409,068	659,068
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,142,042	4,915,107	4,915,107	0
Special	1,350,000	1,517,766	1,517,766	0
Vocational	200,000	225,197	225,197	0
Student Intervention Services	20,000	21,579	21,579	0
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,025,000	1,036,372	1,036,372	0
Instructional Staff	475,000	502,458	502,458	0
Board of Education	66,000	100,058	100,058	0
Administration	715,000	736,906	736,906	0
Fiscal	475,000	533,710	533,710	0
Business	61,000	88,352	88,352	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,800,000	2,185,758	2,185,758	0
Pupil Transportation	850,000	985,133	985,133	0
Extracurricular Activities	215,000	234,186	234,186	0
Capital Outlay	145,500	151,820	151,820	0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	155,000	194,100	194,100	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	66,000	68,937	68,937	0
Total Expenditures	11,760,542	13,497,439	13,497,439	0
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,989,458	1,252,561	1,911,629	659,068
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(3,400,000)	(3,385,703)	(3,438,503)	(52,800)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(410,542)	(2,133,142)	(1,526,874)	606,268
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,336,516	7,336,516	7,336,516	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,160,542	1,160,542	1,160,542	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$8,086,516	\$6,363,916	\$6,970,184	\$606,268

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
 In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
 Schoolwide Pool Fund
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Total Revenues	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,611,473	2,703,458	2,596,059	107,399
Special	792,500	793,373	792,886	487
Support Services:				
Pupil	61,500	61,800	61,747	53
Instructional Staff	60,000	60,100	60,083	17
Administration	175,000	175,300	175,205	95
Total Expenditures	<u>3,700,473</u>	<u>3,794,031</u>	<u>3,685,980</u>	<u>108,051</u>
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>(3,700,473)</u>	<u>(3,794,031)</u>	<u>(3,685,980)</u>	<u>108,051</u>
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	<u>4,182,509</u>	<u>4,182,509</u>	<u>3,767,157</u>	<u>(415,352)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>482,036</u>	<u>388,478</u>	<u>81,177</u>	<u>(307,301)</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	<u>(382,515)</u>	<u>(382,515)</u>	<u>(382,515)</u>	<u>0</u>
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>473</u>	<u>473</u>	<u>473</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	<u><u>\$99,994</u></u>	<u><u>\$6,436</u></u>	<u><u>(\$300,865)</u></u>	<u><u>(\$307,301)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Statement of Fund Net Position

Internal Service Fund

June 30, 2024

	Self-Insurance Fund
Current Assets	
Accounts Receivable	<u>\$37,373</u>
Current Liabilities	
Interfund Payable	62,554
Claims Payable	<u>346,868</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>409,422</u>
Net Position (Deficit)	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(\$372,049)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Self-Insurance Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$3,178,674
Other Revenues	<u>107,320</u>
Total Operating Revenues	<u>3,285,994</u>
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	785,209
Claims	<u>2,438,357</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>3,223,566</u>
Operating Income	62,428
Non-Operating Revenues	
Interest	<u>1,024</u>
Change in Net Position	63,452
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year	<u>(435,501)</u>
Net Position (Deficit) End of Year	<u>(\$372,049)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Self-Insurance Fund
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$3,178,674
Cash Payments for Services	(785,209)
Cash Payments for Claims	(3,089,445)
Cash Received from Other Operating Revenues	<u>806,432</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>110,452</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Cash Received from Interfund Loans	62,554
Cash Payments for Interfund Loans	<u>(174,030)</u>
Net Cash Used for Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>(111,476)</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest	<u>1,024</u>
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	<u>0</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	<u>\$0</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Gain to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Gain	\$62,428
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	31,874
Increase in Claims Payable	<u>16,150</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$110,452</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Fund

June 30, 2024

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$3,769</u>
Net Position	
Held in Trust for Scholarships	<u><u>\$3,769</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund
Additions		
Interest	\$186	\$0
Charges Received for OHSAA	0	3,405
Total Additions	<u>186</u>	<u>\$3,405</u>
Deductions		
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	3,000	0
Distributions on Behalf of OHSAA	0	3,405
Total Deductions	<u>3,000</u>	<u>3,405</u>
Change in Net Position	(2,814)	0
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>6,583</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u><u>\$3,769</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Barnesville Exempted Village School District (the "School District") operates under a locally-elected Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state statute and federal guidelines. The Board controls the School District's 3 instructional/support facilities staffed by 55 non-certified employees, 85 certificated personnel and 8 administrative employees providing services to 1,400 students.

The School District was established in 1855 as the Barnesville Public Schools, with the first high school being established in 1878. In 1957, the Barnesville Exempted Village School District combined the former Warren Township Rural Local School District, the Somerset Township Rural Local School District, the Kirkwood Township Rural Local School District and portions of the Wayne Township Rural School District. The School District is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. There is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms.

The School District serves an area of approximately 126 square miles. It is located in Belmont County, including all of the Village of Barnesville, Warren Township, Somerset Township and Kirkwood Township, along with portions of Wayne Township, Flushing Township and Goshen Township.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The following activity is included within the reporting entity:

Private School - Within the School District boundaries, Olney Friends School is operated as a private school. Current State legislation provides funding to this school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the schools. These State monies are reflected in a Special Revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The School District is involved with six organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, two insurance purchasing pools, and one related organization. These organizations are the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District, the Ohio School Plan, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, and the Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library. These organizations are presented in Notes 18, 19, and 20 to the basic financial statements.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the stand-alone government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The Statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants, contributions, and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

General Fund - The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Schoolwide Pool Fund - The Schoolwide Pool Fund is used to account for all financial resources required to operate the elementary school. The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 provided the authority to pool all federal, state, and local funds necessary to upgrade the instructional program of school buildings where forty percent or greater of the students are from low-income families. The fund is utilized to pay all costs associated with operating the elementary school.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund - The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the School District's self-insurance program for employee medical and prescription drugs.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. The School District has a private purpose trust fund which accounts for various college scholarships for students. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District's custodial fund is used to account for assets held by the School District as fiscal agent for locally hosted Ohio High School Athletic Association tournament events.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Fund Net Position.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

For proprietary funds, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds present a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position which reports additions to and deductions from private purpose trust and custodial funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the proprietary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. See Note 7. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings/interest, tuition, grants, fees, and charges for services.

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which assets recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned. The School District recognizes unearned revenue for grants resources transmitted before eligibility requirements are met.

On government fund financial statements, revenue received as of June 30, 2024, for fiscal year 2025 for services and federal grants, has been recorded as unearned revenue.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2024, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2025 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund's Balance Sheet and represents receivables that will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental, and tuition and fees. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 17. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. (See Notes 12 and 13)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents." The School District utilizes a self-insurance third party administrator to review and pay claims. Money, if any, held by the administrator is presented as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents".

During fiscal year 2024, the School District invested in STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), which is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit participant transactions to \$250 million per day. Transactions in all of a participant's accounts will be combined for this purpose. Twenty-four hours advance notice to STAR Ohio is appreciated for purchases or redemptions of \$100 million or more. For fiscal year 2024, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

In addition to the investment in STAR Ohio, the School District had additional investments, which were limited to a money market mutual fund, negotiable certificates of deposit, United States Agency securities, and United States Treasury Notes. The money market mutual fund is measured at net asset value per share, and the remaining investments are reported at fair value.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specify the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Investment Earnings/Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during 2024 amounted to \$414,267, of which \$47,624 was assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements to be cash equivalents.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and purchased and donated food held for resale.

Capital Assets

All capital assets (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets which are discussed below) are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by back-trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The capitalization threshold is twenty-five thousand dollars for land and building improvements and five thousand dollars for all other asset types. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except for land and construction in process. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Construction in Process	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	5-50 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 Years
Vehicles	5-20 Years
Land	N/A
Land Improvements	20 Years
Intangible Right to Use	5-20 Years

The School District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to lease assets and subscription assets. The lease assets include equipment and represent nonfinancial assets which are being utilized for a period of time through leases from another entity. Subscription assets represent intangible right to use assets related to the use of another party's IT software. These intangible rights to use assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for vacation eligible employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The compensated absence benefit liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the government fund financial statements, sick leave benefits are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations or retirements. These amounts are recorded in the amount "matured severance payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Leases

The School District serves as lessee and lessor in various noncancellable leases which are accounted for as follows:

Lessee At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgements and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. Bonds, leases, subscriptions payable and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Issuance Costs

Issuance costs are expensed in the funds in the period debt is issued.

Internal Activity

Transfers within government activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenue.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, prepaid items, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by State constitution or external resource providers. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints/ placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Under Ohio law, amounts paid into any fund, including by transfer, shall have the same constraints placed on the use of funds as those externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or State statute. State statute authorizes the School District's Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report deficit balances.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Restricted Net Position for the OPEB plan represents the corresponding restricted asset amounts held in trust by the OPEB plan for future benefits.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for adult education programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. For reporting purposes, various custodial funds, utilized for internal control purposes, have been combined with the General Fund and the special revenue fund. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the function and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2024, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, and related guidance from GASB Implementation Guide No. 2023-1, *Implementation Guidance Update — 2023*. The School District also implemented Question 5.1 from GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, *Implementation Guidance Update — 2021*.

GASB 100 will improve the clarity of the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections, which will result in greater consistency in application in practice. In turn, more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information will be provided to financial statement users for making decisions or assessing accountability. In addition, the display and note disclosure requirements will result in more consistent, decision-useful, understandable, and comprehensive information for users about accounting changes and error corrections.

Question 5.1 from Implementation Guide 2021-1 addresses the collective significance of applying the capitalization threshold to individual items in a group of assets. The School District reviewed its capital asset groupings and determined there were no asset groups where individually the assets were under the capitalization threshold yet were significant collectively.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 and the Implementation Guides did not have any effect on beginning balances.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

In an effort to promote comparability with other governments, the School District updated its calculation of net position restricted for pension and OPEB plans for fiscal year 2024. This change has no impact on the beginning net position, but rather impacted the amounts presented as net position restricted for an OPEB plan and unrestricted net position.

NOTE 4 – FUND DEFICIT

At June 30, 2024, the Self-Insurance Health Internal Service Fund had a deficit net position of \$372,049. This deficit is the result of an actual cash deficit as of June 30, 2024, as well as the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Premiums charged to the participating School District funds were not sufficient to provide for the costs of administering and operating the self-insurance health program, resulting in the cash deficit.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP basis) and Actual – for the General Fund and the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restricted, committed, or unassigned of fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Transfers in and transfers out that are balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis) as opposed to operating transactions (budget basis), as well as the reclassification of revenue that is required to be transferred on a cash (budget basis), but is reported as revenue on the operating statement (GAAP basis).
5. Unrecorded interest is reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the budgetary basis.
6. The investment market value adjustment is the amount recorded to bring investments to market value on the balance sheet (GAAP basis) that is not recorded on the budgetary basis.
7. The perspective difference represents the net change in fund balance (budget basis) for funds that are maintained as special revenue funds for accounting purposes, but do not otherwise meet the criteria for separate reporting in external financial statements and included with the General Fund on a GAAP basis.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and Schoolwide Pool Fund:

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General	Schoolwide Pool
GAAP Basis	(\$1,032,122)	\$0
Revenue Accruals	452,631	(398,601)
Expenditure Accruals	103,027	17,779
Unreported Interest	15,746	0
Change in Market Value:		
Beginning of Fiscal Year	(194,901)	0
Ending of Fiscal Year	(49,851)	0
Transfers In	0	462,598
Transfers Out	(133,944)	0
Perspective Difference	62,397	0
Encumbrances	(749,857)	(599)
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$1,526,874)</u></u>	<u><u>\$81,177</u></u>

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and,
8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At June 30, 2024, the School District's internal service fund had a negative cash balance of \$62,554 with Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool (See Note 19). The balance is held by the claims administrator in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be included in the risk disclosures reported by the School District. Disclosures for the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan as a whole may be obtained from the Plan's fiscal agent, the Jefferson County Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information, write to the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, Treasurer, Jefferson County ESC, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2024, the School District had the following investments:

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Measurement/Investment	Measurement			Percent of Total Investments
	Amount	Maturity	Rating	
Net Asset Value Per Share:				
STAR Ohio	<u>\$5,074,206</u>	38.5 Days	AAAm(*)	52.19%
Fair Value - Level One Input:				
Money Market Mutual Fund	<u>34,340</u>	N/A	N/A	0.35%
Fair Value - Level Two Inputs:				
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	123,153	Less than three years	N/A	1.27%
U S Agency Securities	1,467,529	Less than one year	AA+(*)	15.09%
U S Agency Securities	499,247	Less than three years	AA+(*)	5.13%
U S Agency Securities	539,086	Less than five years	AA+(*)	5.54%
U S Treasury Notes	197,863	Less than one year	AA+(*)	2.03%
U S Treasury Notes	1,199,266	Less than three years	AA+(*)	12.33%
U S Treasury Notes	590,765	Less than five years	AA+(*)	6.07%
Total Fair Value - Level Two Inputs	<u>4,616,909</u>			
Total Investments	<u><u>\$9,725,455</u></u>			<u><u>100.00%</u></u>

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above chart identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024. The School District's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk The School District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk to the extent that it allows the Treasurer to invest funds to a maximum maturity of five years, and allows for the withdrawal of funds from approved public depositories or sale of negotiable instruments prior to maturity.

State Statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk

The credit ratings for the School District's securities are listed above. Ohio Law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization and that the money market mutual fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The percentage of total investments is listed in the table above.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2024 represents collections of calendar year 2023 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2024 were levied after April 1, 2023, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2024 represents collections of calendar year 2023 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2024 became a lien December 31, 2022, were levied after April 1, 2023, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Belmont County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2024, are available to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2024, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources - property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2024, was \$302,663 in the General Fund, and \$18,222 in the Permanent Improvement Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2023, was \$518,335 the General Fund, \$30,820 in the Permanent Improvement Fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified basis the revenue has been deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2024 taxes were collected are:

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	2023 Second Half Collections		2024 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$197,409,810	77.79%	\$202,387,230	77.65%
Public Utility Personal	56,365,910	22.21%	58,266,010	22.35%
	<u>\$253,775,720</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$260,653,240</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$39.00		\$39.00

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 20, 2024, consisted primarily of property taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements and shared revenues, and accounts (billings for service). All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
ARP Homeless Round II	\$1,850
Agriculture Education 5th Quarter	2,507
ECE Innovation	9,000
Early Childhood Education	26,089
Title I-A Improving Basic Programs Grant	2,078
Title II-A Supporting Effective Instruction	16,482
Title IV-A Student Support Services	2,458
Excess Costs from Other Districts	140,352
Total	<u>\$200,816</u>

NOTE 9 - INTERNAL BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2024, consist of the following interfund receivables and payables:

Interfund Payable	Interfund Receivable		
	General	Schoolwide Pool	Totals
General	\$0	\$394,957	\$394,957
Other Governmental	13,357	17,300	30,657
Self-Insurance Health Internal Service	62,554	0	62,554
Totals	<u>\$75,911</u>	<u>\$412,257</u>	<u>\$488,168</u>

The loans made to Other Governmental Funds were used to cover an actual cash deficit in the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Funds (ESSER) Special Revenue Fund and Miscellaneous State Grants Funds to support the programs until the grant monies are received.

The loans made to the Self-Insurance Health Internal Service Fund were to cover an actual cash deficit as charges to the participating funds for health insurance premiums were not sufficient to offset the costs of self-insurance program claims and other costs.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The balance due to the Schoolwide Pool Fund from the General Fund and Other Governmental Funds are for costs associated with the operation of the elementary school in accordance with the schoolwide program that will be transferred as cash is needed to fund the program.

Transfers

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

<u>Transfers In</u>	
<u>Transfers Out</u>	<u>Schoolwide Pool Fund</u>
General Fund	\$3,304,559

Transfers were used to move receipts from the General Fund to the Schoolwide Pool Fund in accordance with the schoolwide building program.

This space intentionally left blank. Note 10 begins on the following page.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2024
Governmental Activities				
<i>Nondepreciable Capital Assets</i>				
Land	\$334,090	\$0	\$0	\$334,090
Construction in Process	276,703	2,724,490	(1,915,269)	1,085,924
Development in Progress	110,160	0	(110,160)	0
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	720,953	2,724,490	(2,025,429)	1,420,014
<i>Depreciable Capital Assets</i>				
<i>Tangible Assets</i>				
Land and Improvements	1,815,458	1,669,922	0	3,485,380
Buildings and Improvements	27,561,676	288,676	0	27,850,352
Furniture and Equipment	1,513,622	390,957	0	1,904,579
Vehicles	1,529,305	0	0	1,529,305
Total Tangible Assets	32,420,061	2,349,555	0	34,769,616
<i>Intangible Right to Use</i>				
<i>Lease Assets</i>				
Intangible Right to Use - Equipment	137,500	0	0	137,500
<i>Subscription Assets</i>				
Intangible Right to Use - Software	0	110,160	0	110,160
Total Intangible Right to Use Assets	137,500	110,160	0	247,660
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	32,557,561	2,459,715	0	35,017,276
<i>Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization</i>				
<i>Depreciation</i>				
Land and Improvements	(1,282,315)	(146,254)	0	(1,428,569)
Buildings and Improvements	(18,670,061)	(594,873)	0	(19,264,934)
Furniture and Equipment	(795,457)	(77,456)	0	(872,913)
Vehicles	(786,663)	(54,396)	0	(841,059)
Total Depreciation	(21,534,496)	(872,979)	0	(22,407,475)
<i>Amortization</i>				
<i>Intangible Right to Use</i>				
<i>Lease Assets</i>				
Intangible Right to Use - Equipment	(27,500)	(27,500)	0	(55,000)
<i>Subscription Assets</i>				
Intangible Right to Use - Software	0	(22,032)	0	(22,032)
Total Intangible Right to Use Assets	(27,500)	(49,532)	0	(77,032)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(21,561,996)	(922,511)	0	(22,484,507)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	10,995,565	1,537,204	0	12,532,769
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$11,716,518	\$4,261,694	(\$2,025,429)	\$13,952,783

Included in the additions and deletions in the above table is a reclassification of construction in progress and development in progress in the amount of \$1,915,269 and \$110,160, as a result of the completion of the stadium turf and lighting project and commencement of the intangible right to use subscription asset term.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Amortization</u>	<u>Total</u>
Instruction:			
Regular	\$11,363	\$22,032	\$33,395
Special	1,220	0	1,220
Support Services:			
Pupils	8,231	0	8,231
Instructional Staff	6,703	0	6,703
Business	625	0	625
Operation of Maintenance and Plant	771,760	27,500	799,260
Pupil Transportation	55,974	0	55,974
Extracurricular	13,384	0	13,384
Food Service Operations	3,719	0	3,719
Total Depreciation Expense	<u><u>\$872,979</u></u>	<u><u>\$49,532</u></u>	<u><u>\$922,511</u></u>

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT***Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance***

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the School District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The School District pays this annual premium to the OSP (See Note 19). The School District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for liability, property, and fleet insurance. The type and amount of coverage provided by Ohio School Plan follows:

This space intentionally left blank. Note 11 continues on the following page.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$73,744,449
Automotive Liability (\$500 deductible)	5,000,000
Uninsured Motorist (\$500 deductible)	1,000,000
Medical Payments Limit	5,000
<i>General Liability:</i>	
Each Occurrence	5,000,000
Aggregated Limit	7,000,000
Rented Property Limit	250,000
Medical Payments Limit	10,000
<i>Employee Benefits Liability:</i>	
Each Occurrence (\$1,000 deductible)	5,000,000
Aggregated Limit	7,000,000
<i>Employer's Liability:</i>	
Each Occurrence	5,000,000
Disease - Each Employee	5,000,000
Disease - Limit	5,000,000
<i>Legal Liability - Errors and Omission:</i>	
Each Wrongful Act	5,000,000
Aggregate Limit	7,000,000
<i>Sexual Misconduct Liability:</i>	
Each Loss	5,000,000
Aggregate Limit	7,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2024, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 19). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Paramount Preferred Solutions provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Employee Benefits

Medical and prescription drugs are offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The School District is a member of the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool, consisting of over one hundred members, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The medical coverage is based on a usual, customary, and reasonable claim plan. The monthly premium for this coverage is \$983.40 for a single plan and \$2,459.98 for a family plan. The Board pays 88 percent of the premiums. The premium is paid from the fund that pays the salary of the covered employee.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

The claims liability of \$346,868 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2024, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity follows:

Program	Beginning Balance	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Ending Balance
2023	\$306,031	\$2,644,328	\$2,619,641	\$330,718
2024	330,718	2,545,677 (1)	2,529,527 (2)	346,868
(1) Claims Expense + Stop Loss Receivable		\$2,438,357 107,320		
= Current Year Claims		<u><u>\$2,545,677</u></u>		
(2) Cash Payments for Claims - Stop Loss Received for 2024 Claims			\$3,089,445 559,918	
= Claims Payments			<u><u>\$2,529,527</u></u>	

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the Statement of Net Position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2023.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS’ Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System’s funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2024, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District’s contractually required contribution to SERS was \$341,775 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$89,850 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients’ base benefit and past cost-of-living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, a one-time ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Effective July 1, 2023, a one-time ad-hoc COLA of 1 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2024 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2019. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 3307.67(E) the STRS Ohio Retirement Board may adjust the COLA upon a determination by the board’s actuary that a change will not materially impair the fiscal integrity of the system or is necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the system. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 34 years of service credit at any age.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 11.09 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 2.91 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2024 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2024, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$909,072 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$96,312 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.06144570%	0.04697654%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.05788260%	0.04604565%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00356310%	0.00093089%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$3,395,192	\$10,116,368	\$13,511,560
Pension Expense	\$374,439	\$912,027	\$1,286,466

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$145,933	\$368,821	\$514,754
Changes of assumptions	24,050	833,138	857,188
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	138,824	139,864	278,688
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>341,775</u>	<u>909,072</u>	<u>1,250,847</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u><u>\$650,582</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,250,895</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,901,477</u></u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$22,449	\$22,449
Changes of assumptions	0	627,113	627,113
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	47,723	30,319	78,042
Changes in proportionate share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>74,894</u>	<u>107,061</u>	<u>181,955</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u><u>\$122,617</u></u>	<u><u>\$786,942</u></u>	<u><u>\$909,559</u></u>

\$1,250,847 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2025	\$3,514	(\$73,425)	(\$69,911)
2026	(76,066)	(369,620)	(445,686)
2027	256,212	1,028,505	1,284,717
2028	<u>2,530</u>	<u>(30,579)</u>	<u>(28,049)</u>
Total	<u><u>\$186,190</u></u>	<u><u>\$554,881</u></u>	<u><u>\$741,071</u></u>

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2023, are presented below:

Inflation	2.4 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.0 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of System expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. As of June 30, 2023:

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability for 2023 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 21-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate for fiscal year 2023 was 14 percent. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2023 was 6.90 percent.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,011,129	\$3,395,192	\$2,034,072

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	From 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent based on service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.60%
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

* Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$15,556,736	\$10,116,368	\$5,515,307

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

The Health Care program is financed through a combination of employer contributions, recipient premiums, investment returns, and any funds received on behalf of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. The System's goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. However, during any period in which the 20-year solvency period is not achieved, the System shall manage the Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2024, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2024, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2024, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$42,600.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$42,600 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$42,600 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Health care premiums were reduced by a Medicare Part B premium credit beginning in 2023. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):			
Current Measurement Date	0.06334860%	0.04697654%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.05889690%	0.04604565%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00445170%</u>	<u>0.00093089%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,043,633	\$0	\$1,043,633
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$913,629)	(\$913,629)
OPEB Expense	(\$30,158)	(\$59,561)	(\$89,719)

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$2,174	\$1,424	\$3,598
Changes of assumptions	352,883	134,591	487,474
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	8,089	1,631	9,720
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	191,071	3,719	194,790
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>42,600</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>42,600</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$596,817</u>	<u>\$141,365</u>	<u>\$738,182</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Differences between expected and actual experience	\$538,241	\$139,351	\$677,592
Changes of assumptions	296,402	602,799	899,201
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>94,895</u>	<u>6,200</u>	<u>101,095</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$929,538</u>	<u>\$748,350</u>	<u>\$1,677,888</u>

\$42,600 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability, or an increase to the net OPEB asset, in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2025	(\$123,023)	(\$268,508)	(\$391,531)
2026	(112,617)	(122,117)	(234,734)
2027	(66,089)	(47,274)	(113,363)
2028	(45,363)	(64,274)	(109,637)
2029	(42,803)	(58,914)	(101,717)
Thereafter	<u>14,574</u>	<u>(45,898)</u>	<u>(31,324)</u>
Total	<u>(\$375,321)</u>	<u>(\$606,985)</u>	<u>(\$982,306)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2023, are presented below:

<u>June 30, 2023</u>	
Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	2048
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.86 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.69 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,	
Measurement Date	4.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.08 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Medical Trend Assumption	
Measurement Date	6.75 to 4.40 percent
Prior Measurement Date	7.00 to 4.40 percent

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023, was 4.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2023, was 4.08 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2048 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2022, and the June 30, 2023, total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was 3.86 percent at June 30, 2023, and 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.27%) and higher (5.27%) than the current discount rate (4.27%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (3.27%)	Current (4.27%)	1% Increase (5.27%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,334,062	\$1,043,633	\$814,619
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%)	Current (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%)
	\$766,721	\$1,043,633	\$1,410,579

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation compared to the prior year are presented below:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	7.50 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare	-10.94 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	-68.78 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	-11.95 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	9.00 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare	1.33 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	-5.47 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

Healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$773,267)	(\$913,629)	(\$1,035,869)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,041,541)	(\$913,629)	(\$759,560)

NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees who work 260 days per year earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Current policy permits vacation leave to be accumulated up to one year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators, who work less than 260 days, do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 300 days for all employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 75 days.

Other Insurance Benefits

The School District provides dental coverage from Coresource. The Board pays 88 percent of the premiums for all certified staff and for the full-time classified staff, administrative employees and central office staff. The total monthly cost of premiums for dental coverage is \$43.77 for a single plan and \$100.86 for a family plan. The School District provides vision coverage from the VSP. The Board pays 88 percent of the premiums for all certified staff and for the full-time classified staff, administrative employees and central office staff.. The total monthly cost of premiums for vision coverage is \$8.13 for a single plan and \$18.39 for a family plan. Life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance is provided through Grady in the amount of \$30,000 per employee at a total monthly premium of \$3.00, of which the Board pays 100 percent.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

NOTE 15 - LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts			Amounts	Amounts
	Outstanding 6/30/2023	Additions	Deductions	Outstanding 6/30/2024	Due Within One Year
<u>General Obligation Bonds:</u>					
2009 School Energy Conservation					
Improvement Bonds \$714,719					
Serial Bonds @ 1.85%	\$110,000	\$0	\$55,000	\$55,000	\$55,000
Financed Purchases from Direct Borrowing	1,100,000	2,253,000	139,100	3,213,900	224,900
Leases	113,911	0	25,400	88,511	27,350
<u>Net Pension Liability:</u>					
SERS	3,130,741	264,451	0	3,395,192	0
STRS	10,236,007	0	119,639	10,116,368	0
Total Net Pension Liability	13,366,748	264,451	119,639	13,511,560	0
SERS Net OPEB Liability	826,919	216,714	0	1,043,633	0
Compensated Absences	886,644	139,393	37,121	988,916	69,222
Total Governmental Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$16,404,222</u>	<u>\$2,873,558</u>	<u>\$376,260</u>	<u>\$18,901,520</u>	<u>\$376,472</u>

2009 School Energy Conservation Improvement Qualified School Construction Bonds - On November 4, 2009, Barnesville Exempted Village School District issued \$714,719 of general obligation bonds, in accordance with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 and House Bill 264. The bonds were issued to finance an energy conservation project. The bonds were issued at a 1.85% interest rate, for a period of fifteen years with a final maturity at September 15, 2024.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the remaining outstanding qualified school construction bonds for the 2009 School Energy Conservation Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2025	\$55,000	\$509	\$55,509	

Financed Purchase from Direct Borrowing

During fiscal year 2023, the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement as a direct borrowing with Belmont Savings Bank (the Bank) for the improvements to and purchase of school facilities in the amount of \$1,100,000 to be paid from the Project Debt Fund. This agreement includes an interest rate of 3.9995 percent.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Principal and interest requirements to retire this financed purchase are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest
2025	\$144,900	\$38,436
2026	150,700	32,640
2027	156,700	26,612
2028	162,900	20,344
2029	169,500	13,828
2030	176,200	7,048
	<u>\$960,900</u>	<u>\$138,908</u>

During fiscal year 2024, the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement as a direct borrowing with JP Morgan Chase Bank (the Bank) for energy savings projects in the amount of \$2,253,000 to be paid from the Project Debt Fund. This agreement includes an interest rate of 3.72 percent.

Principal and interest requirements to retire this financed purchase are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest
2025	\$80,000	\$106,769
2026	121,000	78,585
2027	126,000	73,991
2028	130,000	69,230
2029	135,000	64,301
2030-2034	754,000	240,870
2035-2038	<u>907,000</u>	<u>86,841</u>
	<u>\$2,253,000</u>	<u>\$720,587</u>

These financed purchases from direct borrowing agreement contains provisions in the event of a default. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, and as long as the event of default is continuing, the Bank may, at its option, exercise any one or more of the following remedies:

- (i) Upon 60 days' prior written notice to the School District, terminate the agreement and direct the School District to (and the School District agrees that it will), at the School District's expense, promptly return possession of the financed purchase property to the Bank, or, as to the School District's personal property included in the project facilities, and at the Bank's option, enter upon the financed purchase property and take immediate possession of and remove any or all of such personal property;
- (ii) Upon 60 days' prior written notice to the School District, sell or lease the Bank's interest in the financed purchase property or sublease the financed purchase property for the account of the School District pursuant to the terms of the agreement, holding the School District liable for all applicable rental payments and additional payments due during the then-current fiscal year to the effective date of such sale, lease or sublease and for the difference between the purchase price, rental and other amounts paid by the purchaser, School District or sublessee pursuant to such sale, lease or sublease and the amounts payable during the then-current fiscal year by the School District under the agreement;

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

- (iii) Demand from the School District an accounting of the Project Fund and the return of all sums remaining in the Project Fund to Bank, and request the School District to assign all right, title and interest in the contracts to Bank, upon which the School District will comply with such demands and requests; and
- (iv) Exercise any other right, remedy or privilege that may be available to it under the applicable laws of the State or any other applicable law or proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the terms of the agreement or to recover damages for the breach of the agreement or to rescind the agreement as to the financed purchase property.

Leases Payable— The School District has entered into various non-cancellable agreements to lease copier equipment. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease. These discounts are being amortized using the interest method over the life of the lease.

Lease payments are made from the General Fund. Future minimum lease payments through fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest
2025	\$27,350	\$5,650
2026	29,450	3,550
2027	31,711	1,289
Total	<u>\$88,511</u>	<u>\$10,489</u>

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$23,403,792, with an unvoted debt margin of \$260,653 at June 30, 2024.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. However, employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the following funds: General, Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue, and Other Non-Major Governmental funds. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liability, see Notes 12 and 13.

NOTE 16 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	<u>General</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Materials and Supplies Inventory	\$20,257	\$8,814	\$29,071
Prepaid Items	<u>10,659</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>10,659</u>
Total Nonspendable	<u>30,916</u>	<u>8,814</u>	<u>39,730</u>
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	0	1,184,510	1,184,510
Food Service Operations	0	435,072	435,072
Local Programs	0	348,159	348,159
Building Maintenance	0	37,565	37,565
Student Activities Programs	<u>0</u>	<u>79,053</u>	<u>79,053</u>
Total Restricted	<u>0</u>	<u>2,084,359</u>	<u>2,084,359</u>
Committed to Capital Outlay	184,730	153,310	338,040
Assigned to Purchases on Order	402,960	0	402,960
Unassigned (Deficit)	<u>5,735,187</u>	<u>(33,369)</u>	<u>5,701,818</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$6,353,793</u>	<u>\$2,213,114</u>	<u>\$8,566,907</u>

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were \$749,857 in the General Fund, \$599 in the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund, and \$1,476,850 in the Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2024, the School District had the following construction commitments:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Contract Amount</u>	<u>Amount Completed as of 6/30/24</u>	<u>Amount Remaining on Contract</u>
Energy Savings Project	\$2,201,450	\$1,085,924	\$1,115,526

The Energy Savings Project is being paid from the Building Fund with the proceeds of a financed purchase agreement, which was addressed in Note 15.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments (Council) - The School District participates in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments. The Council was created as a separate regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes. The Council operates under the direction of a Board composed of a representative from each participating school district. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the Board. The Council provides information technology and internet access to member districts, as well as cooperative purchasing programs. During fiscal year 2024, the total amount paid to OME-RESA from the School District was \$53,730 for technology services, financial accounting services, and educational management information. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) – The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) is a jointly governed organization composed of 120 school districts and other educational institutions in the 32-county region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The CORAS is operated by a nineteen-member board composed of one elected and one appointed (one appointed seat is empty) from each of the eight regions into which the 32 Appalachian counties are divided, one dean appointment from the Ohio University College of Education, and three ex-officio members. The board exercises total control over the operations of the CORAS including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the board. The CORAS provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The CORAS is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the CORAS. Financial information may be obtained from the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools at 322 Patton Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701. The School District's membership fee was \$400 for fiscal year 2024.

Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District - The Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school districts' elected boards. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the District including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the Board. To obtain financial information write to the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School, Mark Lucas, who serves as Treasurer, at 68090 Hammond Road, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

NOTE 19 - PUBLIC ENTITY POOLS

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio School Plan (OSP) - The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The Ohio School Plan (OSP) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Hylant Administrative Services and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Hylant Administrative Service is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Program, an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. The School District's enrollment fee of \$300 for policy year 2024 was paid to Minutemen.

Risk Sharing, Claims Servicing, and Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan – The School District participates in the Jefferson Health Plan, formerly known as the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool composed of over one hundred members, including two insurance consortiums. Each participant appoints a member of the insurance plans' assembly. The Plans' business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected from the assembly.

The plan offers medical, dental, and prescription drug coverage to the members on a self-insured basis, as well as the opportunity to participate in the group purchasing of life insurance coverage. The medical coverage plan provides each plan participant the opportunity to choose a self-insurance deductible limit which can range from \$35,000 to \$150,000 under which the individual member is responsible for all claims through the claims servicing pool. Plan participants also participate in a shared risk internal pool for individual claims between the self-insurance deductible limit and \$500,000, and all claims between the deductible and the \$500,000 are paid from the internal shared risk pool. The internal pool is not owned by the plan participants. All participants pay a premium rate that is actuarially calculated based on the participants' actual claims experience which are utilized for the payment of claims within the claims servicing pool up to the self-insurance deductible limit; and for this portion of the plan, all plan participants retain their own risk. All participants pay an additional fee for participation in the internal pool that is based on the claims of the internal pool in aggregate and is not based on individual claims experience. In the event of a deficiency in the internal pool, participants would be charged a higher rate for participation, and in the event of a surplus, the internal pool pays dividends to the participants. For all individual claims exceeding \$500,000, stop loss coverage is purchased, as well as for an annual total plan aggregate claims amount. All plan participants also pay a monthly administrative fee for fiscal services and third party administrative services.

NOTE 20 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library - The Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Barnesville Exempted Village School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library, Clerk, at East Main Street, Barnesville, Ohio 43713.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2024.

Litigation

The School District is currently not party to legal proceedings.

Oil/Gas Agreements

Barnesville EVSD School Board have entered into several “Paid-Up” Oil and Gas Agreements. Royalties are paid for all oil and other liquid hydrocarbons and by-products produced and saved from the land, and all gas and other hydrocarbons and by-products. As of the date of the financial statements, the value of any potential royalties cannot be determined.

The School District entered into several “Paid-Up” Oil and Gas Agreements in 2024. During 2024, the School District received \$202,645 in agreement bonus payments.

NOTE 22 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESTRICTIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Improvements</u>
Set-aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	281,243
Offsetting Revenue	(288,791)
Qualifying Expenditures	(188,163)
Total	<u>(\$195,711)</u>

The School District had qualifying offsets and expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero. The excess in the capital maintenance set-aside may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 23 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2024, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The School District will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0614457%	0.0578826%	0.0619577%	0.0563431%	0.0556659%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,395,192	\$3,130,741	\$2,286,060	\$3,726,651	\$3,330,589
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,438,714	\$2,234,636	\$2,131,007	\$1,909,471	\$1,909,652
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	139.22%	140.10%	107.28%	195.17%	174.41%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	76.06%	75.82%	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.0513952%	0.0497750%	0.0524752%	0.0530392%	0.0517270%
\$2,943,500	\$2,973,947	\$3,840,701	\$3,026,469	\$2,617,874
\$1,714,948	\$1,668,814	\$1,629,686	\$1,596,760	\$1,503,074
171.64%	178.21%	235.67%	189.54%	174.17%
71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2024	2023	2022	2021
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04697654%	0.04604565%	0.04656191%	0.04655000%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$10,116,368	\$10,236,007	\$5,953,357	\$11,263,445
School District's Covered Payroll	\$6,119,964	\$5,712,993	\$5,785,207	\$5,973,586
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	165.30%	179.17%	102.91%	188.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	80.00%	87.80%	87.80%	75.50%

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.04556298%	0.04416689%	0.04444645%	0.04595847%	0.04635636%	0.04693040%
\$10,075,979	\$9,711,306	\$10,558,350	\$15,383,685	\$12,811,543	\$11,415,097
\$5,389,050	\$5,075,279	\$4,679,221	\$4,924,971	\$4,806,564	\$4,821,508
186.97%	191.35%	225.64%	312.36%	266.54%	236.75%
77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) **

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.06334860%	0.05889690%	0.06283710%	0.05690130%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,043,633	\$826,919	\$1,189,242	\$1,236,652
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,438,714	\$2,234,636	\$2,131,007	\$1,909,471
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	42.79%	37.00%	55.81%	64.76%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	30.02%	30.34%	24.08%	18.17%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added for each year.

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2020	2019	2018	2017
0.05591100%	0.05229930%	0.05036500%	0.05319930%
\$1,406,044	\$1,450,925	\$1,351,665	\$1,516,377
\$1,909,652	\$1,714,948	\$1,668,814	\$1,629,686
73.63%	84.60%	81.00%	93.05%
15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension OPEB (Asset) Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) **

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	0.046976540%	0.046045650%	0.046561908%	0.046550000%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	(\$913,629)	(\$1,192,275)	(\$981,719)	(\$818,115)
School District's Covered Payroll	\$6,119,964	\$5,712,993	\$5,785,027	\$5,973,586
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.93%	-20.87%	-16.97%	-13.70%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	168.50%	230.70%	174.70%	182.10%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added for each year.

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2020	2019	2018	2017
0.045562980%	0.044166890%	0.044446450%	0.045958470%
(\$754,632)	(\$709,715)	\$1,734,137	\$2,457,871
\$5,389,050	\$5,075,279	\$4,679,221	\$4,924,971
-14.00%	-13.98%	37.06%	49.91%
174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of School District Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net Pension Liability					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$341,775	\$341,420	\$312,849	\$298,341	\$267,326
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(341,775)	(341,420)	(312,849)	(298,341)	(267,326)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$2,441,250	\$2,438,714	\$2,234,636	\$2,131,007	\$1,909,471
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability					
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$42,600	\$46,960	\$36,987	\$35,522	\$29,149
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$42,600)	(\$46,960)	(\$36,987)	(\$35,522)	(\$29,149)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>1.75%</u>	<u>1.93%</u>	<u>1.66%</u>	<u>1.67%</u>	<u>1.53%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	<u>15.75%</u>	<u>15.93%</u>	<u>15.66%</u>	<u>15.67%</u>	<u>15.53%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

(2) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$257,803	\$231,518	\$233,634	\$228,156	\$210,453
(257,803)	(231,518)	(233,634)	(228,156)	(210,453)
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$1,909,652	\$1,714,948	\$1,668,814	\$1,629,686	\$1,596,760
<u>13.50%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.18%</u>
 \$38,352	 \$30,810	 \$26,789	 \$27,011	 \$40,522
<u>(\$38,352)</u>	<u>(\$30,810)</u>	<u>(\$26,789)</u>	<u>(\$27,011)</u>	<u>(\$40,522)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>2.01%</u>	<u>1.80%</u>	<u>1.61%</u>	<u>1.66%</u>	<u>2.54%</u>
<u>15.51%</u>	<u>15.30%</u>	<u>15.61%</u>	<u>15.66%</u>	<u>15.72%</u>

Barnesville Exempted Village School District*Required Supplementary Information**Schedule of School District Contributions**State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio**Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net Pension Liability					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$909,072	\$856,795	\$799,819	\$809,929	\$836,302
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(909,072)	(856,795)	(799,819)	(809,929)	(836,302)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$6,493,371	\$6,119,964	\$5,712,993	\$5,785,207	\$5,973,586
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

(1) Although the covered payroll for the net OPEB liability is the same as the net pension liability, there were no OPEB related required contributions for 2015-2024 as STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care. There is no required supplementary information to present related to the statutorily established employer contribution requirements for the net OPEB liability.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$754,467	\$710,539	\$655,091	\$689,496	\$672,919
(754,467)	(710,539)	(655,091)	(689,496)	(672,919)
<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>
\$5,389,050	\$5,075,279	\$4,679,221	\$4,924,971	\$4,806,564
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Benefit Terms/Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, on each anniversary of the initial retirement, the allowance of all retirees and survivors may be increased by the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0 percent nor greater than 2.5 percent. The COLA was suspended for 2018-2020. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used. For 2021, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced from 2.5 percent to 2 percent. For 2023 and 2024, the cost-of-living adjustment was increased from 2 percent to 2.5 percent.

Amounts reported in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in prior years are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Years 2021-2017	Fiscal Years 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	2.4 percent	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent net of system expenses	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning in 2022, amounts reported use mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Amounts reported for 2017 through 2021 use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with a fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal years 2018-2021 and fiscal years 2017 and prior are presented below:

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

*Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Years 2021-2018	Fiscal Years 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	Varies by Service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	See Below	See Below	See Below
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013 2 percent per year; for members retiring after August 1, 2013, or later, COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Investment rate of return:

Fiscal Years 2022 through 2024	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Fiscal Years 2018 through 2021	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Fiscal Year 2017 and prior	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal years 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set back two years through age 89 and no set-back for ages 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one-year set-back from ages 80 through 89, and no setback from ages 90 and above.

Changes in Benefit Term – STRS Pension

For 2024, demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

For fiscal year 2023, the Board approved a one-time 3 percent COLA effective on the anniversary of a benefit recipient's retirement date for those eligible during fiscal year 2023 and eliminated the age 60 requirement to receive unreduced retirement that was scheduled to go into effect August 1, 2026.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by SERS in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior are presented below:

	2022	2021 and Prior
Inflation	2.40 percent	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation		
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2024	3.86 percent
Fiscal year 2023	3.69 percent
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Fiscal year 2024	4.27 percent
Fiscal year 2023	4.08 percent
Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*, and the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal, and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.00.

For fiscal year 2023, the projected salary increases were changed from age-based to service-based. Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021, from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2022, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, premium based on June 30, 2021, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022, from 2.055 percent to 2.1

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2023, healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

For fiscal year 2024, healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

**BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BELMONT COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass-Through Grantor Program/ Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce</i>				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance:				
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2024	\$0	\$40,295
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2024	0	122,402
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2024	0	266,530
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	2024	0	38,235
Cash Assistance Subtotal			0	427,167
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			0	467,462
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			0	467,462
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce</i>				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2023	0	22,396
		2024	0	317,497
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			0	339,893
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	2024	0	316,482
<i>Passed through to East Central Ohio Educational Service Center</i>				
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	2024	5,905	5,905
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			5,905	322,387
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2023	0	3,428
		2024	0	43,646
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			0	47,074
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program:				
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2023	0	1,478
		2024	0	20,850
Stronger Connections Program	84.424F	2024	0	61,342
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			0	83,670
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund:				
ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425U	2024	0	436,767
ARP Homeless Round II	84.425W	2024	0	4,964
Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund			0	441,731
Total U.S. Department of Education			5,905	1,234,755
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management</i>				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	2024	0	118,154
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			0	118,154
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$5,905	\$1,820,371

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BELMONT COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



65 East State Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov
800-282-0370

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Belmont County
210 West Church Street
Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Belmont County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

February 26, 2025

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



65 East State Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov
800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Belmont County
210 West Church Street
Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited Barnesville Exempted Village School District's, Belmont County, (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Barnesville Exempted Village School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Barnesville Exempted Village School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Qualified Opinion on the Child Nutrition Cluster

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, Barnesville Exempted Village School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Child Nutrition Cluster for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Barnesville Exempted Village School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its other major federal program identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Qualified Opinion and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

Belmont County

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements

Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance

Required by the Uniform Guidance

Page 2

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified opinions on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on the Child Nutrition Cluster

As described in Finding 2024-001 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, the School District did not comply with requirements regarding Activities Allowed or Unallowed and Allowable Costs/ Cost Principles applicable to its AL #10.553/10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster major federal program.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the School District to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The School District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2024-001 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

February 26, 2025

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**BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BELMONT COUNTY**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified for Title I - CFDA #84.010 Qualified for Child Nutrition Cluster - CFDA #10.553 / #10.555
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Child Nutrition Cluster – CFDA #10.553 / #10.555 • Title I – CFDA #84.010 	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

**BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BELMONT COUNTY**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2024
(Continued)

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Review of Food Service Management Company Invoices

Finding Number:	2024-001
Assistance Listing Number and Title:	AL #10.553/10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster
Federal Award Identification Number / Year:	2024
Federal Agency:	US Department of Agriculture
Compliance Requirement:	Activities Allowed or Unallowed and Allowable Costs/ Cost Principles
Pass-Through Entity:	Ohio Department of Education and Workforce
Repeat Finding from Prior Audit?	No

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

2 CFR section 200.303 requires that non-Federal entities receiving Federal awards establish and maintain internal control over the Federal awards that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal awards in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal awards.

The School District employs a food service management company to oversee and conduct the activities of the food service department. The School District paid a lump sum to the food service management company each month, but there was no evidence that the School District reviewed any of the supporting invoices to verify amounts paid were for allowable activities and costs.

Failure to have policies and procedures over allowable activities, allowable costs could result in unallowable costs and activities being charged to the federal program.

The School District should review all detailed invoices from their food service management company. The School District should ensure to only reimburse the food service management company for allowable activities and costs for the Nutrition Cluster Federal Program.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan.

Barnesville Exempted Village School District

BARNESVILLE, OHIO 43713

Superintendent
210 West Church Street
740-425-3615
Fax 740-425-5000

Special Education Department
910 Shamrock Drive
740-425-3617
Fax 740-425-9254

Treasurer
210 West Church Street
740-425-3615
Fax 740-425-5000

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2024

Finding Number: 2024-001

Planned Corrective Action: The school district will implement a formal policy requiring detailed review and approval of all food service management invoices to ensure compliance with federal regulations. Staff will be trained on allowable costs and a standardized checklist will be used for invoice reviews. Monthly reviews, periodic audits, and updated procedures for handling unallowable costs will be established to ensure ongoing compliance and proper documentation.

Anticipated Completion Date: 02/20/2025

Responsible Contact Person: Adam Quirk, Treasurer

High School Principal
910 Shamrock Drive
740-425-3617
Fax 740-425-9254

Middle School Principal
970 Shamrock Drive
740-425-3116
Fax 740-425-9204

Elementary Principal
210 West Church Street
740-425-3639
Fax 740-425-1136

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT

BELMONT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/11/2025

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

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