VILLAGE OF TILTONSVILLE

JEFFERSON COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Village Council Village of Tiltonsville PO Box 127 Tiltonsville, OH 43963-0127

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Tiltonsville, Jefferson County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Tiltonsville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 02, 2023

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5510 Pearl Road, Ste 102 Parma, OH 44129-2527 Office phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Tiltonsville Jefferson County P.O. Box 127 200 Grandview Avenue Tiltonsville, Ohio 43963-0127

To the Village Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Tiltonsville, Jefferson County, Ohio (the Village), which comprise the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by Village on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Village of Tiltonsville Jefferson County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Village of Tiltonsville Jefferson County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 27, 2023, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial control over financial control over financial control over finance.

Charlens Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. July 27, 2023

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General		Special Revenue		Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts	¢	04.051	¢	200 176	¢	202 227
Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	94,051 41,513	\$	209,176 140,726	\$	303,227 182,239
Fines, Licenses and Permits		41,313		140,720		4,472
Earnings on Investments		4,472 5,687		766		6,453
Miscellaneous		57,963		700		57,963
Miscellaneous		57,305				01,300
Total Cash Receipts		203,686		350,668		554,354
Cash Disbursements						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		30,786		105,075		135,861
Public Health Services		1,870		-		1,870
Leisure Time Activities		3,730		-		3,730
Transportation		-		140,656		140,656
General Government		64,169		5,003		69,172
Capital Outlay		39,233		66,271		105,504
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		46,143		46,143
Interest and Fiscal Charges				5,081		5,081
Total Cash Disbursements		139,788		368,229		508,017
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		63,898		(17,561)		46,337
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)						
Transfer In		-		50,000		50,000
Transfer Out		(50,000)		-		(50,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(50,000)		50,000		
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		13,898		32,439		46,337
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		249,353		235,498		484,851
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	263,251	\$	267,937	\$	531,188

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Proprietary Fund Types		
	Enterpri	se	
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services	\$	735,736	
Total Operating Cash Receipts		735,736	
Operating Cash Disbursements Personal Services Employee Fringe Benefits Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Other		129,219 42,473 220,026 278,444 700	
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		670,862	
Operating Income (Loss)		64,874	
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements) Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous Receipts Redemption of Principal Capital Outlay		700 785 (16,882) (16,875)	
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(32,272)	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		32,602	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		601,366	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	633,968	

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Village of Tiltonsville (the Village), Jefferson County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publiclyelected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities, park operations, and police services. The Village contracts with Tiltonsville Volunteer Fire Department to receive fire protection services.

Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Police Fund The police fund receives proceeds from a tax levy and is used to pay for police protection services.

Fire Truck Levy Fund The fire truck levy fund receives proceeds from a tax levy and is used to purchase and maintain fire trucks and equipment.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Sewer Fund The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function, or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Leases

The Village is the lessee in various leases (as defined by GASB 87) related to buildings under noncancelable leases. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can commit amounts via formal action (ordinance or resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless Council amends the ordinance or resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 10.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2022 follows:

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts								
Budgeted Actual								
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts Receipts		Variance			
General	\$	187,814	\$	\$ 203,686		15,872		
Special Revenue	371,080		371,080 400,668		400,668			29,588
Enterprise		725,150		737,221		12,071		

2022 Budgeted vs	Actual Budgetor	Basis Disbursements
ZUZZ Dudgeled vs.	Actual Dudgetary	/ Dasis Disoursements

	Appropriation		Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority		Disbursements		V	ariance
General	\$	276,314	\$	236,394	\$	39,920
Special Revenue		451,132		378,259		72,873
Enterprise		817,600		727.990		89,610

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

		2022		
Cash Management Pool:				
Demand deposits	\$	739,503		
Other time eposits (savings and NOW accounts)		341		
Total deposits	\$	739,844		
STAR Ohio		425,312		
Total investments		425,312		
Total carrying amount of deposits and investments held in the Pool	\$	1,165,156		

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2022, the Village does not have any unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments – (Continued)

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments

Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as a certain income of residents earned outside the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individuals pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Village's income tax ordinances allocates twenty-five percent of income tax collections to the General Fund and the remaining seventy-five percent to the Income Tax Permanent Improvement Fund.

Note 6 – Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Village belongs to the Ohio Municipal Joint Self-Insurance Pool, (the "Pool"), an unincorporated nonprofit association available to municipal corporations and their instrumentalities. The Pool is a separate legal entity per Section 2744 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Pool provides property and casualty insurance for its members. The Pool pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting for covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

The Pool cedes portions of its gross contribution written to a reinsurer under excess reinsurance agreements in order to limit its losses. Treaty basis excess-of-loss contracts in force protect the Pool against losses over the retention level; at March 31, 2022, retention levels are \$100,000 for property and casualty coverages, respectively.

The Pool remains liable to the extent the reinsuring companies are unable to meet their contractual obligations under reinsurance agreements.

The Pool's financial statements (audited by other auditors) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and accumulated surplus at March 31, 2022.

Assets	\$ 909,464
Liabilities	(<u>1,109,394)</u>
Accumulated Surplus	\$ (199,930)

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

14 Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Social Security

Two Village employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2022. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2022, was as follows:

		2022	Interest
	Pri	ncipal	Rate
OPWC CN22F	\$	84,411	0.00%
WesBanco - EMS Squad		144,726	2.80%
Total	\$	229,137	

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) CN22F Waterline Replacement Loan is an interest free loan for waterline replacement. The loan will be repaid in semi-annual payments of \$8,441 over 20 years.

The WesBanco Bank loan is for the purchase of an EMS squad for the fire department. It is at an interest rate of 2.8%. The loan will be repaid in semi-annual installments of \$25,334.21 over 5 years. The EMS squad loan is being funded by levy proceeds.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year	OPWC		ΕN	IS Squad
2023	\$	16,882	\$	50,668
2024		16,882		50,668
2025		16,882		50,668
2026		16,882		-
2027		16,883		-
Total	\$	84,411	\$	152,004

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

		Special
Fund Balances	General	Revenue
Outstanding Encumbrances	\$46,626	\$ 10,030

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. These restricted and committed amounts in the special revenue funds include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 11 – Interfund Transfers

Transfers

During 2022, the following transfer was made:

Transfer from General Fund to the Street Maintenance Fund: \$50,000

The transfer from the General Fund to Street Maintenance Fund is allowed per Village Ordinance and approved by the Council.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	(General		Special Revenue		Totals emorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	^	00.050	•	040 454	•	000 404
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	89,653	\$	216,451	\$	306,104
Intergovernmental		30,266		144,599		174,865
Fines, Licenses, Royalities and Permits		4,833		-		4,833
Earnings on Investments		289		39		328
Miscellaneous		29,289		50		29,339
Total Cash Receipts		154,330		361,139		515,469
Cash Disbursements						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		20,796		119,983		140,779
Public Health Services		3,479		-		3,479
Leisure Time Activities		12,055		-		12,055
Transportation		-		87,820		87,820
General Government		65,736		19,536		85,272
Capital Outlay		652		236,284		236,936
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		1,250		48,331		49,581
Interest and Fiscal Charges		139		4,699		4,838
Total Cash Disbursements		104,107		516,653		620,760
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		50,223		(155,514)		(105,291)
Other Financing Reseints (Disburgements)						
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements) Other Debt Proceeds		-		236,284		236,284
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				236,284		236,284
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		50,223		80,770		130,993
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		199,130		154,728		353,858
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	249,353	\$	235,498	\$	484,851

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Prop	rietary Fund Type
		Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services	\$	714,850
Total Operating Cash Receipts		714,850
Operating Cash Disbursements Personal Services Employee Fringe Benefits Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Other		152,849 58,200 191,210 171,028 900
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		574,187
Operating Income (Loss)		140,663
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements) Earnings on Investments Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Outlay Redemption of Principal		6,661 1,035 (3,143) (19,382)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(14,829)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		125,834
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		475,532
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	601,366

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Village of Tiltonsville (the Village), Jefferson County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities, park operations, and police services. The Village contracts with Tiltonsville Volunteer Fire Department to receive fire protection services.

Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Police Fund The police fund receives proceeds from a tax levy and is used to pay for police protection services.

Fire Truck Levy Fund The fire truck levy fund receives proceeds from a tax levy and is used to purchase and maintain fire trucks and equipment.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Sewer Fund The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function, or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2021 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can commit amounts via formal action (ordinance or resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless Council amends the ordinance or resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 10.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2021 follows:

	2021 Budgeted vs. Ac	tual Receipts	-	
	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$ 165,378	\$ 154,330	\$ (11,048)	
Special Revenue	573,794	597,423	23,629	
Enterprise	657,400	722,546	65,146	
2021	Budgeted vs. Actual Budget	ary Basis Disbursements	-	
	Appropriation	Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority	Disbursements	Variance	
General	\$ 195,530	\$ 106,252	\$ 84,278	
Special Revenue	577,569	520,804	56,765	
Enterprise	674,425	622,642	51,783	

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	 2021
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$ 667,718
Other time eposits (savings and NOW accounts)	 341
Total deposits	\$ 668,059
STAR Ohio	418,158
Total investments	 418,158
Total carrying amount of deposits and investments held in the Pool	\$ 1,086,217

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2021, the Village does not have any unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments – (Continued)

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments

Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as a certain income of residents earned outside the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individuals pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Village's income tax ordinances allocates twenty-five percent of income tax collections to the General Fund and the remaining seventy-five percent to the Income Tax Permanent Improvement Fund.

Note 6 – Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Village belongs to the Ohio Municipal Joint Self-Insurance Pool, (the "Pool"), an unincorporated nonprofit association available to municipal corporations and their instrumentalities. The Pool is a separate legal entity per Section 2744 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Pool provides property and casualty insurance for its members. The Pool pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting for covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

The Pool cedes portions of its gross contribution written to a reinsurer under excess reinsurance agreements in order to limit its losses. Treaty basis excess-of-loss contracts in force protect the Pool against losses over the retention level; at March 31, 2021, retention levels are \$100,000 for property and casualty coverages, respectively.

The Pool remains liable to the extent the reinsuring companies are unable to meet their contractual obligations under reinsurance agreements.

The Pool's financial statements (audited by other auditors) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and accumulated surplus at March 31, 2021.

Assets	\$ 824,661
Liabilities	(554,038)
Accumulated Surplus	\$ 270,623

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

14 Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Social Security

Zero Village employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the 34.0 percent during calendar year 2021.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	2021	Interest
	Principal	Rate
OPWC CN22F	\$ 101,293	0.00%
OPWC CN411	555	0.00%
WesBanco - EMS Squad	190,314	2.80%
Total	\$ 292,162	

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) CN411 Road Improvement Loan is an interest free loan for a road improvement project. The loan will be repaid in semi-annual installments of \$555 over 20 years. In 2020, due to COVID-19 one payment was waived, and will be added to the end of the loan.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) CN22F Waterline Replacement Loan is an interest free loan for waterline replacement. The loan will be repaid in semi-annual payments of \$8,441 over 20 years.

The WesBanco Bank loan is for the purchase of an EMS squad for the fire department. It is at an interest rate of 2.8%. The loan will be repaid in semi-annual installments of \$25,334.21 over 5 years. The EMS squad loan is being funded by levy proceeds.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	OP	WC	OP	WC		
Year	CN	22F	CN	411	EN	IS Squad
2022	\$	555	\$	16,882	\$	50,668
2023		-		16,882		50,668
2024		-		16,882		50,668
2025		-		16,882		50,668
2026		-		16,882		-
2027-2031		-		16,883		-
Total	\$	555	\$	101,293	\$	202,672

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

		Special
Fund Balances	General	Revenue
Outstanding Encumbrances	\$ 2,145	\$ 4,151

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. These restricted and committed amounts in the special revenue funds include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE <u>WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Village of Tiltonsville Jefferson County P.O. Box 127 200 Grandview Avenue Tiltonsville, Ohio 43963-0127

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type of the Village of Tiltonsville, Jefferson County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 27, 2023, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2022-001 and 2022-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Village of Tiltonsville Jefferson County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated July 27, 2023.

Village's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The Village's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charlens Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. July 27, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding 2022-001 – Material Weakness

Financial Reporting - Posting Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Classifications

The Village should have procedures and controls in place to prevent and detect errors in financial reporting. During 2021, receipts and disbursements were not always posted or classified correctly. We noted that WesBanco for an EMS Squad for the fire department loan was not booked for \$236,284, it was added as capital outlay and debt proceeds to the audited financial statements.

Not Classifying funds correctly and errors in posting disbursements and revenues resulted in the financial statements requiring reclassification and adjusting entries. The financial statements reflect this adjustment.

Also, during 2022 and 2021 aspects of the notes to the financial statements were corrected from the Hinkle filing to agree to the financial statements in the audit report and to include all necessary note disclosures. We made corrections to the following note disclosures:

Budgetary Activity Risk Management Debt Fund Balances (encumbrances)

We recommend the Fiscal Officer refer to the Village Officer's Handbook and Auditor of State guidance to determine the proper establishment of disbursement accounts and proper posting. Also, to help ensure accuracy and reliability in the financial reporting process, we recommend management perform a detailed review of its draft financial statements and notes to the financial statements. Such review should include procedures to ensure that all receipts and disbursements are properly identified and classified on the financial statements. We recommend the Village use the most current available templates for financial statements and notes to the financial statements on the Auditor of State's website http://www.ohioauditor.gov/references/shells/regulatory.html to prepare an accurate annual financial report.

Management's Response – See Corrective Action Plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

Finding 2022-002 Material Weakness

Budgetary Amounts Not Recorded in the Accounting System

Sound accounting practices require accurately posting estimated receipts and appropriations to the ledgers to provide information for budget versus actual comparison and to allow the Council to make informed decisions regarding budgetary matters. The Appropriation resolution/ordinance and subsequent amendments establish the legal spending authority of the Village and the appropriation ledger provides the process by which the Village controls spending, it is therefore necessary the amounts appropriated by the Council are precisely stated and accurately posted to the appropriation ledger. The original certificate and amendments establish the amounts available for expenditures for the Village and the receipts ledger provides the process by which the Village controls what is available, it is therefore necessary the amounts estimated by the County Budget Commission are posted accurately to the receipts ledger. Testing identified the following:

2022

Fund	Appropriations per Resolution	Appropriations per Accounting system	Variance
Sanitation Enterprise	\$ 88,000	\$ 78,000	(\$ 10,000)

Fund	Estimated Receipts per Amended Certificate	Estimated Receipts Per Accounting System	Variance
General	\$187,814	\$146,519	(\$41,295)
Coronavirus Relief (ARPA) Special Revenue	266	-0-	(266)

2021

Fund	Appropriations per Resolution	Appropriations per Accounting system	Variance
General	\$195,530	\$192,833	(\$ 2,697)
Coronavirus Relief	13,261	2,225	(11,036)
Special Revenue			
Coronavirus Relief (ARPA)	66,726	-0-	(66,726)
Special Revenue			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

Finding 2022-002 Material Weakness (Continued)

Fund	Estimated Receipts per Amended Certificate	Estimated Receipts Per Accounting System	Variance
General	\$165,378	\$162,078	(\$ 3,300)
Coronavirus Relief (ARPA) Special Revenue	66,726	-0-	(66,726)
Enterprise Improvement Enterprise	-0-	38,400	38,400

The Village did not have procedures in place to accurately post authorized budgetary measures to the accounting system. The appropriations (and/or amendments thereof) approved by the Council were not properly posted to the accounting system. Additionally, the approved Certificate of Estimated Resources (and/or amendments thereof) was not posted to the accounting system.

Failure to accurately post the appropriations and estimated resources to the ledgers results in Council making financial decisions on incorrect information and could result in overspending and negative cash balances. In addition, this initially led to inaccurate reporting of the budgetary information in the financial statements.

To effectively control the budgetary cycle and to maintain accountability over receipts and expenditures, the Village should post to the ledgers, on a timely basis, estimated resources as certified by the budget commission and appropriations approved by the Council. The Village should then monitor budget versus actual reports to help ensure amended certificates of resources and appropriations have been properly posted to the ledgers.

Management's Response – See Corrective Action Plan.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS – PREPARED BY MANGEMENT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2020-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority unit from making any expenditure of money unless it has been appropriated in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code	Corrected	N/A
2020-002	ORC 5705.39 Appropriations exceeding estimated resources.	Corrected	N/A
2020-003	The Clerk/Treasurer did not abide by the adopted chart of account in coding and classifying various transactions.	Corrected	N/A
2020-004	Material Weakness – Budgetary Amounts Not Recorded in the Accounting System	Not Corrected	

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN - PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2022-001	Clerk-Treasurer will follow the guidance obtained during the current audit process to complete upcoming annual financial reports filed on the Hinkle System.	Immediately	Korrene Prince, Clerk-Treasurer
2022-001	Clerk-Treasurer will follow the guidance obtained during the current audit process to complete upcoming annual financial reports and update and record budget amts in the Accounting System.	Immediately	Korrene Prince, Clerk-Treasurer



VILLAGE OF TILTONSVILLE

JEFFERSON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 10/12/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370