

## VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Vandalia-Butler City School District 500 South Dixie Drive Vandalia, Ohio 45377

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Vandalia-Butler City School District, Montgomery County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Vandalia-Butler City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 26, 2023



## VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY, OHIO

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Vandalia-Butler City School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal AL Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	3L70 3L60	10.553 10.555	\$ -	\$ 210,537 1,152,268
Covid-19 National School Lunch Program	3L60	10.555	-	89,691
COVIG-17 Mational School Editor Flogram	3200	10.555		07,071
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			-	1,452,496
State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	3HF0	10.649		614
Total United States Department of Agriculture				1,453,110
<b>United States Department of Education</b>				
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster:	23.520	04.027		702 755
Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	3M20 3C50	84.027 84.173	-	782,755 23,452
Special Education - Freschool Grants	3C30	04.173		23,432
Total Special Education Cluster			-	806,207
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	84.010	-	505,445
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	3Y60	84.367	-	55,937
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	3H10	84.424	-	17,607
Education Stabilization Fund:				
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	3HS0	84.425D	-	859,509
American Rescue Plan-Emergency and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	3HS0	84.425U		698,824
Total Education Stabilization Fund				1,558,333
Total United States Department of Education				2,943,529
Total Federal Awards Expenditures			\$ -	\$ 4,396,639

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

## VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY

## NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES 2 CFR 200.510(B)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Vandalia-Butler City School District (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the school district.

## NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expands federal monies first.

## NOTE D – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefited from the use of those donated food commodities.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County 500 S. Dixie Drive Vandalia, Ohio 45377

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vandalia-Butler City School District, Montgomery County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2022, wherein we noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 87, *Leases*. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon, Ohio

BHM CPA Group

December 23, 2022



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County 500 S. Dixie Drive Vandalia, Ohio 45377

Members of the Board of Education:

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Vandalia-Butler City School District's, Montgomery County, (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Vandalia-Butler City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Vandalia-Butler City School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Vandalia-Butler City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Vandalia-Butler City School District
Montgomery County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable To Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance
and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
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## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
  a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Vandalia-Butler City School District
Montgomery County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable To Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance
and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
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Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

## Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vandalia-Butler City School District, Montgomery County, (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 23, 2022. wherein we noted the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standard No. 87 during the year. (Our opinion also explained the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion. the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon, Ohio

BHM CPA Group

December 23, 2022

## Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County, Ohio

## Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515 June 30, 2022

## 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425D, 84.425U)
		Special Education Cluster (ALN 84.027, 84.173)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

## Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County, Ohio

## Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515 June 30, 2022

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None noted

## 3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None noted

# VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY, OHIO



# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

# VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## MONTGOMERY COUNTY, OHIO

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



# PREPARED BY TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT MR. ERIC K. BEAVERS, TREASURER/CFO

Vandalia-Butler City Schools | 500 S. Dixie Drive | Vandalia, OH 45377

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## VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY, OHIO

## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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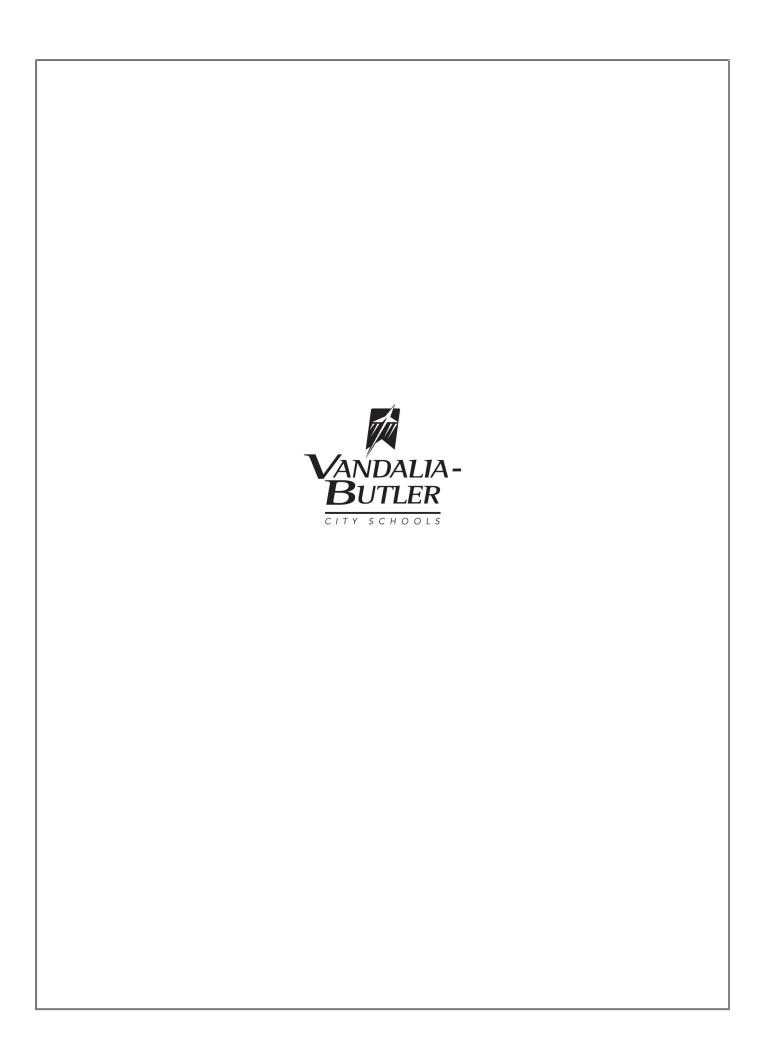
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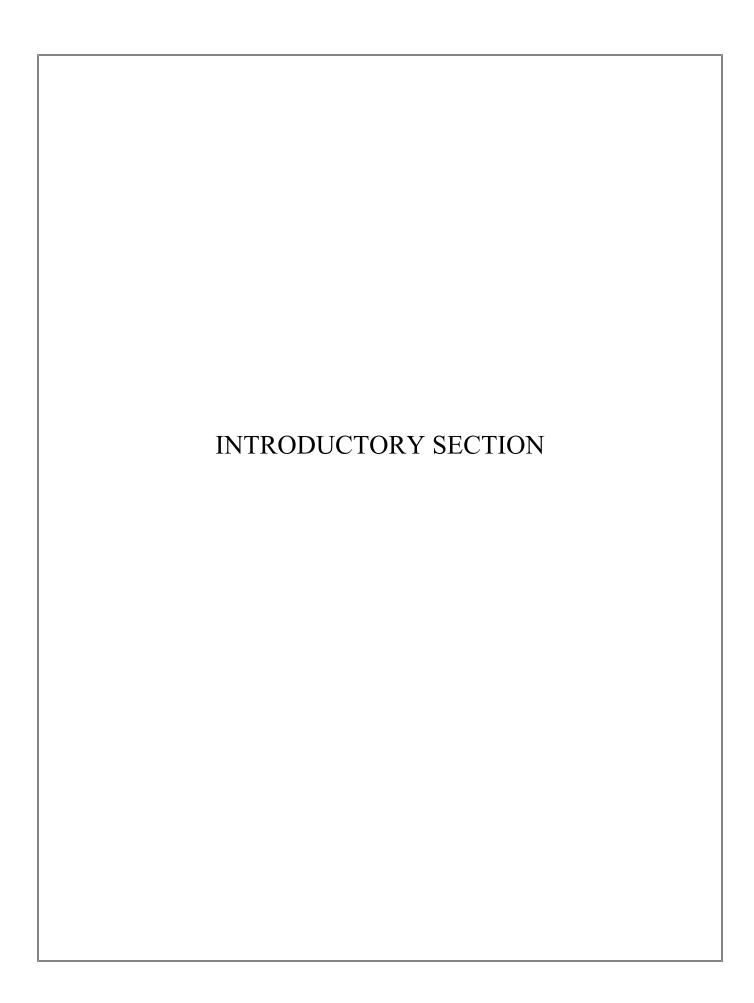
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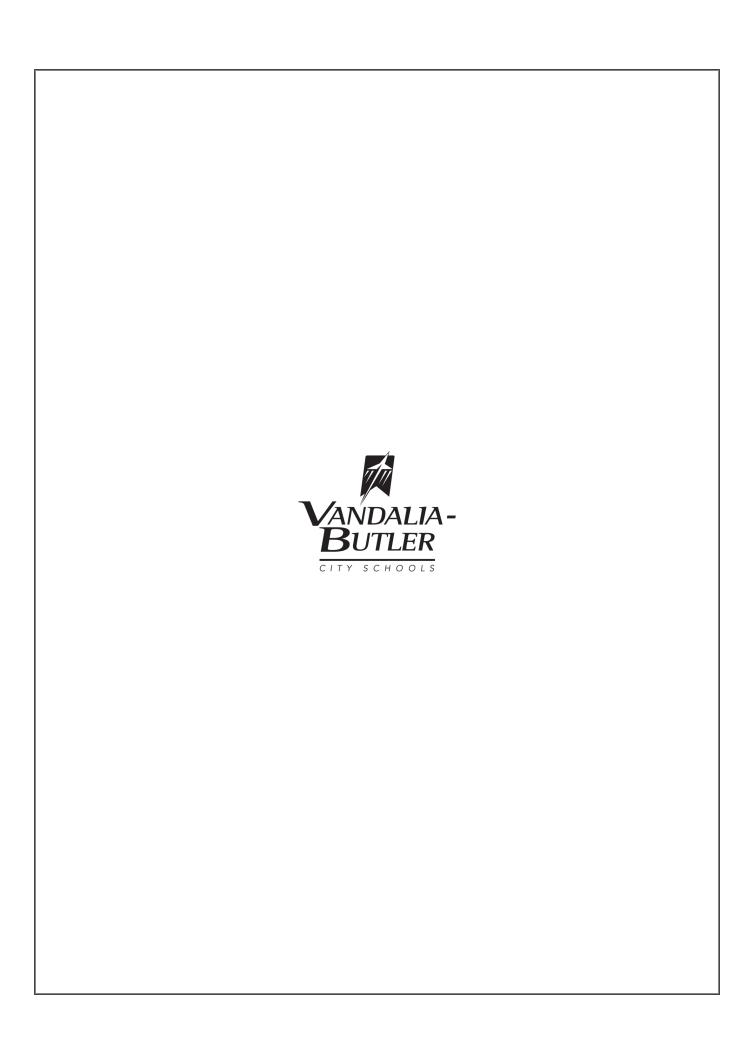
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December 23, 2022

Citizens of Vandalia-Butler City School District and Members of the Vandalia-Butler Board of Education:

We are pleased to present the 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the Vandalia-Butler City School District. This report, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, contains the financial statements and other financial and statistical data that provide complete and full disclosure of all material financial aspects of the Vandalia-Butler City School District (the "School District"). The responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of all data presented, and the fairness of the presentation, rests with the School District, specifically with the School District Treasurer's office.

Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) also requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### **DISTRICT OVERVIEW**

The Vandalia-Butler City School District serves an area of 37 square miles in the northern part of Montgomery County, Ohio, encompassing Butler Township, the City of Vandalia, a portion of the City of Union, and a portion of the City of Dayton. The Dayton International Airport, located within the School District, comprises approximately 6.25 square miles of the total 37 square miles.

The area is located approximately 10 miles north of the City of Dayton at the "Crossroads of America" which was originally defined by the intersection of US Route 40 and US Route 25A but is now identified by the intersection of Interstate 70 and Interstate 75 – America's coast-to-coast highways. With these major thoroughfares, Vandalia and Butler Township provide a desirable location for many families who work in the Dayton metropolitan area and provide for many businesses that provide goods and services throughout the country.

Education in the area began with the first school that formed in Butler Township in 1807. Additionally, the Village of Vandalia School District formed in 1869. A consolidated Butler and Vandalia School District formed in 1921 under the name Butler Township Schools. The consolidated school district operated from the Butler Township School Building built in 1921.

The current charter as the Vandalia-Butler City School District was adopted in 1956. For the 2022 fiscal year, the School District operates five school buildings: two elementary schools serving grades Kindergarten through grade 3; two middle schools serving grades 4 through 8; and, one high school serving grades 9 through 12. Pre-School is housed off-site at a local church via a partnership agreement.

## SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

The School District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. Under a locally elected five-member Board form of government, the School District provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board of Education serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, and policy maker for the School District. In addition, the Board adopts the annual operating budget and approves all expenditures of School District monies. The Board appoints the Superintendent and Treasurer. As the chief administrative officer, the Superintendent is responsible for the development, supervision, and operation of the school programs and facilities and appoints all other personnel in the School District. As the chief financial officer, the Treasurer is responsible for maintaining financial records, acting as the custodian of all School District funds, and investing idle funds as specified by law. The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the School District are not misleading.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Currently, the School District does not have any component units.

The School District is associated with the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC), which is defined as a jointly governed organization. It is a purchasing cooperative comprised of over 126 school districts in 18 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. This organization is presented in Note 2.

The School District is associated with the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA), which is defined as a jointly governed organization. It is a not-for-profit corporation formed under Section 1702.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The purpose of the corporation is to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs. This organization is presented in Note 2.

The School District is associated with the Miami Valley Career Technology Center, which is defined as a jointly governed organization. It is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operating as a joint vocational school district. The purpose of the vocational school district is to provide vocational educational services to students of member districts. This organization is presented in Note 2.

In Addition, the School District is associated with the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) Solutions which is defined as a jointly governed organization. It is a computer consortium of area school districts sharing computer resources. The purpose of the association is to apply modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative instructional functions among member districts. This organization is presented in Note 2.

Lastly, the School District is a member of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchase Cooperative (EPC), which is composed of other public-school districts. One primary benefit is the Consortium for insurance benefits. Another benefit is for purchasing of day-to-day operational materials and supplies. Finally, the purchasing of school buses in compliance with Ohio Revised Code. This membership results in hundreds of thousand dollars of savings.

## ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The Vandalia-Butler City School District serves the residents of the City of Vandalia and Butler Township, who despite lack of state dollars and removal of personal property from the tax base realize the importance of strong schools. 2021-2022 was the first year of the new biennium state budget passed, which yielded reduced revenues with foundation payments (State Aid) by the new Fair School Funding Plan (FSF) formula. The nation is struggling with high inflation, shortage of workers, products, and supplies, along with significant shipping delays. Our community is not exempt from any of this nor is the school district. It is had impacts on most of our departments and operations.

Butler Township continues to experience some commercial growth in conjunction with declining real estate values. Among many new projects, York Commons is an 80-acre regional retail project located at the new I-75 Benchwood interchange, six miles north of downtown Dayton and within 10 minutes of the Dayton International Airport. The property is zoned B-3 allowing for most business enterprises. Tax incentives are being offered as Tax Incremental Financing Agreements (TIFs) with school supported donation agreements to provide further appeal for commercial development in the Benchwood area and around the Dayton International Airport. Proctor & Gamble and Spectrum Products are the most recent additions to the Township with their respective centers. The School District has begun receiving income tax sharing revenues, with two additional revenue agreements beginning during FY2020, from the City of Dayton from this development.

The City of Vandalia is poised with property and tax incentives for continued economic growth. Similar to the township, they are offering business and residents modified infrastructure to attract more development. Their efforts have been successful with the recent addition of significant employers such as White Castle who opened a distribution facility in the School District. One of the School District's major roads (Dixie Drive) has been expanded and building options are available at choice locations including an area near the I-70, I-75 interchange; and next to the Dayton International Airport. Commercial property is also available on Northwood Road directly off of Interstate 75.

The valuation of real estate, both residential and commercial, had been reduced over the previous years, but are starting to see growth in valuation again. Montgomery County has completed their triennial update for calendar year 2020 and updated valuations will be reflected in tax collections payable in calendar year 2021, with valuation growth for the district. The Board of Revisions reviews reduction requests for both residential and commercial when submitted and the County Treasurer's Office has taken a more direct role in helping taxpayers enroll in payment plans when needed.

## **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Vandalia-Butler City Schools continues to maintain its high performing status from the state of Ohio while the targets, goals and requirements continue to change. The School District continues to improve as it examines weaknesses in student achievement/performance and design targeted interventions to better align our instruction and our financial resources. With the receipt of Federal ESSER grant monies, the district is implementing additional student supports for mental health and instructional losses, to help close the gaps resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. Fall of 2022, the district will be pulling community, staff, and administration together to begin the work on the next Strategic Plan. One of the next priorities to be included is to determine buildings needs that align with educational needs and delivery.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The School District's accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a distinct, self-balancing entity. Records for general governmental operations are maintained on a budgetary basis system of accounting as prescribed by State statute. Cash basis accounting differs from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

## **INTERNAL CONTROLS**

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely derived from its implementations, and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The School District uses a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated system for payroll. These systems, coupled with the manual control procedures, ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

#### **Assistance**

As a recipient of Federal and State assistance, the School District is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the School District.

## **Budgetary Controls**

The objective of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriation resolution. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level.

The School District maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Unencumbered appropriation balances are verified prior to the release of purchase orders to ensure funds are available to meet the obligation created by the purchase order. Encumbered amounts at year-end are carried forward to succeeding years and are not re-appropriated.

## **Financial Condition**

The School District continues to prepare financial statements following GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments." GASB 34 created basic financial statements for reports as follows:

Government-wide financial statements - These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by many businesses. The government-wide statement distinguishes between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The School District reports no business-type activities.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - These statements present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include a reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Statement of budgetary comparisons</u> - These statements present comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transaction on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

<u>Management Discussion and Analysis for the School District</u> - This discussion is located in the financial section of this report following the audit opinion and provides an assessment of the School District finances and the outlook for the future.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

## **Independent Audit**

An audit team from the independent accounting firm BHM CPA Group, Inc. has performed this year's audit. The results of the audit are presented in the Independent Auditor's Report.

## **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Vandalia-Butler City School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in the state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The School District believes the current report continues to conform to the high standards required by the Certificate of Achievement program.

The Treasurer and the District were also awarded the Ohio Auditor of State Award with Distinction for the fiscal year also ending June 30, 2021. This is the highest form of recognition by the Ohio Auditor of State's office and less than 2% public entities receive this award annually.

## **Acknowledgements**

Sincere appreciation is extended to the many people who have contributed their time and effort to prepare this report. In particular, special thanks to Leigh Anne Snow, the Assistant Treasurer who has managed the GAAP conversion process and audit for the School District. The members of the Treasurer's Office Staff are to be commended for their input and commitment. Finally, appreciation is extended to the firm of Julian and Grube, Inc. for the guidance and assistance in preparing this report.

Som Color

Eric K. Beavers Treasurer/CFO

Eni K. Magver

Robert M. O'Leary Superintendent



## Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Vandalia-Butler City School District Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY, OHIO

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2022

## **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

President, Board of Education

Wice President, Board of Education

Board of Education Member

Board of Education Member

Board of Education Member

Board of Education Member

Mr. Scott Fullam

Ms. Mary Kilsheimer

Mr. Rodney Washburn

## ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Superintendent Mr. Robert O'Leary
Treasurer/CFO Mr. Eric Beavers
Director of Pupil Personnel and Curriculum Mr. Brandon Hartley
Director of Human Resources and Operations Mr. Russ Garman
Information Officer Mr. Kyle Robbins

## OFFICE OF THE TREASURER

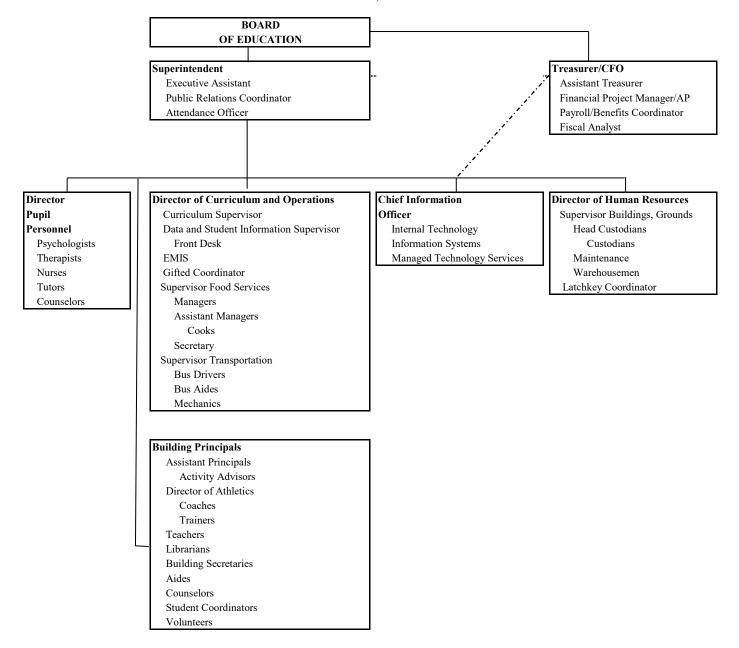
Treasurer/CFO Mr. Eric Beavers
Assistant Treasurer Ms. Leigh Anne Snow
Payroll Coordinator Ms. Kari Magill
Fiscal Analyst Ms. Robin Fisher

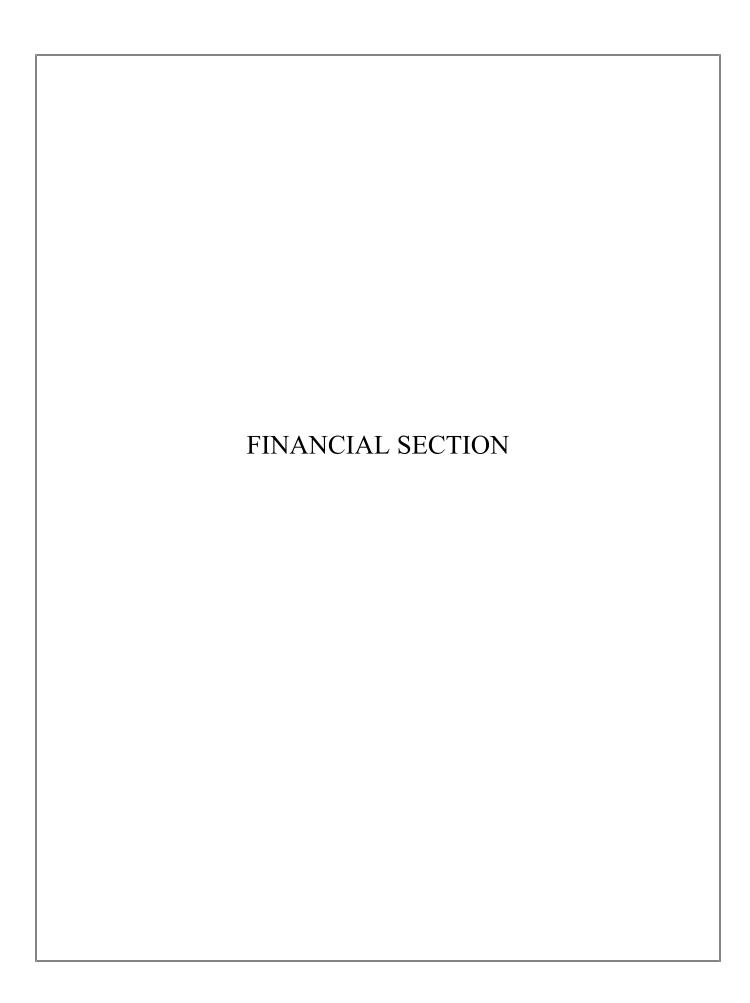
## **PUBLIC RELATIONS**

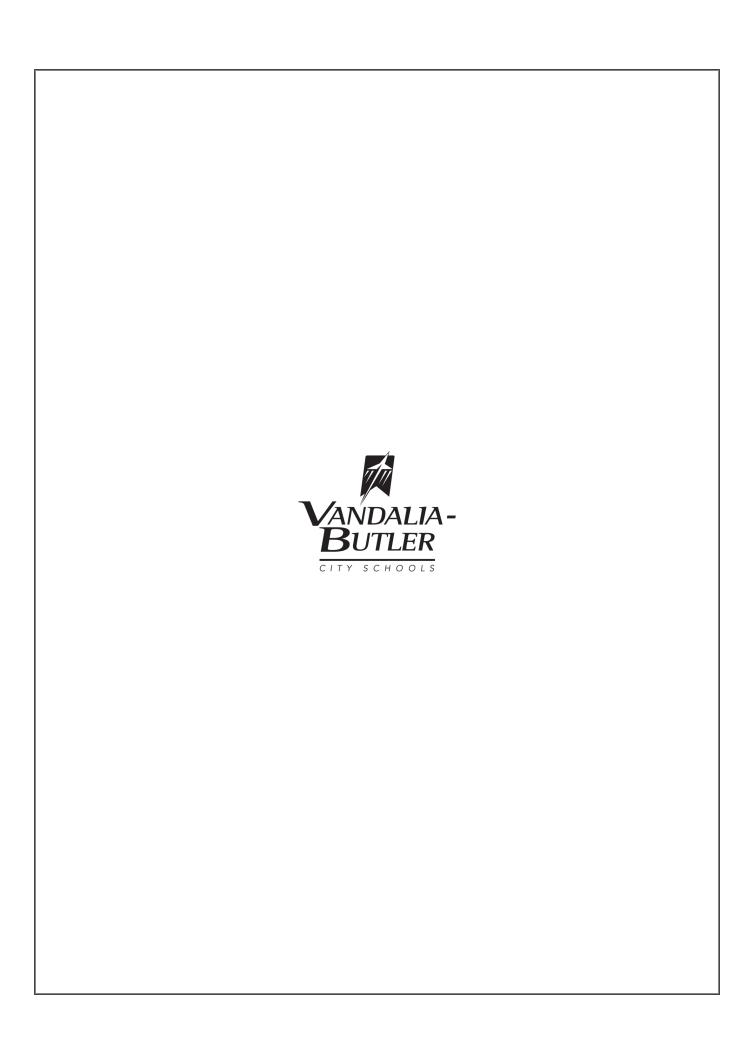
Public Relations Coordinator Ms. Mary Stephens

## VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY, OHIO

## ORGANIZATIONAL CHART JUNE 30, 2022









## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County 500 S. Dixie Drive Vandalia, Ohio 45377

To the Board of Education:

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vandalia-Butler City School District, Montgomery County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vandalia-Butler City School District, Montgomery County, Ohio as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Vandalia-Butler City School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District 's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group Inc.

BHM CPA Group

Piketon, Ohio December 23, 2022

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The management discussion and analysis of the Vandalia-Butler City School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$3,883,556 which represents a 16.78% increase from June 30, 2021's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$39,955,920 in revenue or 84.28% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form
  of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$7,449,832 or 15.72% for total revenues of
  \$47,405,752.
- The School District had \$43,522,196 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$7,449,832 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$39,955,920 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District has two major funds which include the general fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund had \$39,510,707 in revenues and other financing sources and \$39,544,294 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance decreased \$33,587 from \$9,424,542 to \$9,390,955.
- The bond retirement fund had \$26,730,420 in revenues and other financing sources and \$28,626,985 in expenditures and other financing uses. The bond retirement fund's fund balance decreased \$1,896,565 from \$4,058,540 to \$2,161,975.

#### Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The School District has two major funds: the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, all deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the School District's *net position* and changes in that net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, whether the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The School District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major governmental funds begins on page 13. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-23 of this report.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-72 of this report.

#### Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 74-92 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### The School District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the School District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	Net Po		
	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	Percent
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 41,608,886	\$ 47,564,339	(12.52) %
Net OPEB asset	2,782,440	2,281,156	21.97 %
Capital assets, net	44,654,704	44,996,614	(0.76) %
Total assets	89,046,030	94,842,109	(6.11) %
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	4,055,578	3,111,249	30.35 %
Pension	9,352,481	8,091,263	15.59 %
OPEB	1,086,413	1,302,725	(16.60) %
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,494,472	12,505,237	15.91 %
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities	4,269,171	4,037,223	5.75 %
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	3,413,424	2,498,141	36.64 %
Due in more than one year:			
Net pension liability	21,928,109	40,382,535	(45.70) %
Net OPEB liability	2,658,044	3,061,249	(13.17) %
Other amounts	44,388,871	47,758,012	(7.05) %
Total liabilities	76,657,619	97,737,160	(21.57) %
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for next year	23,959,648	28,160,935	(14.92) %
Pension	17,393,293	231,832	7,402.54 %
OPEB	4,784,688	4,355,721	9.85 %
Total deferred inflows of resources	46,137,629	32,748,488	40.88 %
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	5,393,449	1,505,596	258.23 %
Restricted	2,124,998	3,789,866	(43.93) %
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,773,193)	(28,433,764)	(5.84) %
Total net position	\$ (19,254,746)	\$ (23,138,302)	(16.78) %

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability/asset. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability/asset. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, the School District's liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets plus deferred outflows of resources by \$19,254,746 and \$23,138,302, respectively. Net position decreased \$3,883,556 from June 30, 2021's net position.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Assets of the School District decreased \$5,796,079 or 6.11%. Current assets decreased \$5,955,453 or 12.52%. The most significant increased were in the area of property taxes receivable and payment in lieu of taxes receivable. The increase is due to a revaluation of property taxes and additional amounts expected to be collected to tax abatement programs. At year-end, capital assets represented 50.15% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, software, vehicles, and intangible right to use assets. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, were \$5,393,449 and \$1,505,596, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities. The capital assets decreased due to current year depreciation/amortization of \$1,275,241 and disposals, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$61,378 exceeding current year additions of \$994,709.

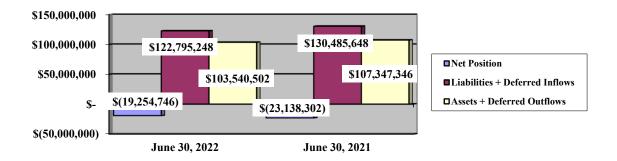
Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 13 for more detail.

The net pension liability decreased \$18,454,426 or 45.70% and deferred inflows of resources related to pension increased \$17,161,461 or 7,402.54%. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Net investment income on investments at both pension systems exceeded estimates for the fiscal year 2021 measurement that are used for the fiscal year 2022 reporting which caused a large increase in their respective fiduciary net positions.

A portion of the School District's net position, \$2,124,998, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net position, \$1,584,403 is restricted for debt service. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is (\$26,773,193).

The graph below shows the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

#### **Governmental Activities**



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

#### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,711,938	\$ 1,249,595	37.00 %
Operating grants and contributions	5,737,894	4,758,245	20.59 %
General revenues:	20.220.505	****	<b>-</b> 40 0/
Property taxes	30,230,595	28,206,038	7.18 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,973,871	2,700,173	(26.90) %
Grants and entitlements not restricted	7,323,534	7,855,009	(6.77) %
Investment earnings	(102,653)	33,244	(408.79) %
Other	530,573	925,669	(42.68) %
Total revenues	47,405,752	45,727,973	3.67 %
<u>Expenses</u>			
Program expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	15,611,715	17,212,979	(9.30) %
Special	7,226,547	8,393,203	(13.90) %
Vocational	125,321	150,145	(16.53) %
Other	1,294,829	2,384,163	(45.69) %
Support services:			
Pupil	3,565,496	3,819,912	(6.66) %
Instructional staff	699,555	906,198	(22.80) %
Board of education	32,568	17,157	89.82 %
Administration	2,479,487	2,891,491	(14.25) %
Business and fiscal	1,348,830	1,317,225	2.40 %
Operations and maintenance	3,563,826	3,524,410	1.12 %
Pupil transportation	2,364,991	2,103,386	12.44 %
Central	703,622	1,421,672	(50.51) %
Operations of non-instructional services	1,762,733	1,616,927	9.02 %
Extracurricular activities	1,189,758	938,289	26.80 %
Interest and fiscal charges	1,552,918	1,643,143	(5.49) %
Total expenses	43,522,196	48,340,300	(9.97) %
Change in net position	3,883,556	(2,612,327)	248.66 %
Net position, beginning of year	(23,138,302)	(20,525,975)	(12.73) %
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ (19,254,746)</u>	\$ (23,138,302)	(16.78) %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Governmental Activities**

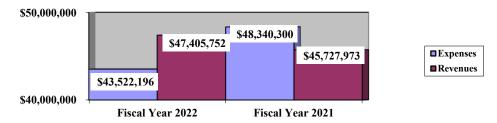
Net position of the School District's governmental activities increased \$3,883,556 in fiscal year 2022 and decreased \$2,612,327 in fiscal year 2021. Total governmental expenses of \$43,522,196 were offset by program revenues of \$7,449,832 and general revenues of \$39,955,920 during fiscal year 2022. Program revenues supported 17.12% of the total governmental expenses during fiscal year 2022.

Revenues of the School District increased \$1,677,779 or 3.67%. The most significant increases were in the area of property taxes and operating grants and contributions. Property taxes increased \$2,024,557. The increase in property tax revenues is related to an increase in the amount of tax advance that was available to the School District from the County Auditor at June 30, 2022 versus June 30, 2021 and a revaluation of property taxes in the County. Operating grants and contributions increased due to Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) and Coronavirus Relief funds received for the federal government.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$4,818,104 or 9.97%. This decrease is primarily the result of a decrease in pension expense. Pension expense decreased approximately \$5,099,218. This decrease was the result of a decrease in expenses incurred at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) due to an increase in net investment income on investments compared to previous years.

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

#### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

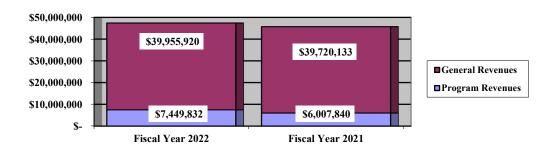
#### **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2021</u>
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 15,611,715	\$ 14,603,575	\$ 17,212,979	\$ 16,113,249
Special	7,226,547	5,615,434	8,393,203	6,466,631
Vocational	125,321	124,304	150,145	132,062
Other	1,294,829	1,294,829	2,384,163	2,384,163
Support services:				
Pupil	3,565,496	2,288,252	3,819,912	3,217,101
Instructional staff	699,555	658,997	906,198	681,792
Board of education	32,568	32,568	17,157	17,157
Administration	2,479,487	2,450,430	2,891,491	2,857,745
Business and fiscal	1,348,830	1,348,830	1,317,225	1,310,330
Operations and maintenance	3,563,826	2,998,276	3,524,410	3,365,781
Pupil transportation	2,364,991	2,196,159	2,103,386	2,026,586
Central	703,622	687,422	1,421,672	1,043,070
Operations of non-instructional services	1,762,733	(450,056)	1,616,927	391,110
Extracurricular activities	1,189,758	670,426	938,289	682,540
Interest and fiscal charges	1,552,918	1,552,918	1,643,143	1,643,143
Total	\$ 43,522,196	\$ 36,072,364	\$ 48,340,300	\$ 42,332,460

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 89.20% of instruction activities were supported through taxes and other general revenues during fiscal year 2022. For all governmental activities, general revenue support was 82.88% in fiscal year 2022. The School District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for School District students.

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

#### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,069,719, which is lower than last year's total of \$13,502,671. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance		Percentage
	June 30,2022	<u>June 30,2021</u>	Change	Change
General	\$ 9,390,955	\$ 9,424,542	\$ (33,587)	(0.36) %
Bond Retirement	2,161,975	4,058,540	(1,896,565)	(46.73) %
Other Governmental	516,789	19,589	497,200	2,538.16 %
Total	\$ 12,069,719	\$ 13,502,671	\$ (1,432,952)	(10.61) %

#### General Fund

The general fund decreased \$33,587 during fiscal year 2022. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2022	2021		Percentage	
	Amount	Amount	<u>Change</u>	Change	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 27,238,829	\$ 24,128,837	\$ 3,109,992	12.89 %	
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,180,735	2,493,309	(312,574)	(12.54) %	
Earnings on investments	(96,454)	32,814	(129,268)	(393.94) %	
Intergovernmental	7,875,223	8,389,784	(514,561)	(6.13) %	
Other revenues	1,757,552	1,900,608	(143,056)	(7.53) %	
Total	\$ 38,955,885	\$ 36,945,352	\$ 2,010,533	5.44 %	
Expenditures					
Instruction	\$ 23,823,726	\$ 23,690,837	\$ 132,889	0.56 %	
Support services	13,744,645	12,924,529	820,116	6.35 %	
Operation of					
non-instructional services	211,596	195,860	15,736	8.03 %	
Extracurricular activities	809,136	640,287	168,849	26.37 %	
Capital outlay	555,593	-	555,593	100.00 %	
Debt service	335,896	338,425	(2,529)	(0.75) %	
Total	\$ 39,480,592	\$ 37,789,938	\$ 1,690,654	4.47 %	

Revenues of the general fund increased by \$2,010,533 or 5.44%. Property taxes increased \$3,109,992. The increase in property tax revenues is due to an increase in the amount of tax advance that was available to the School District from the County Auditor at June 30, 2022 versus June 30, 2021 and a revaluation of property tax values in the County.

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$1,690,654 or 4.47%. The most significant increase was in the area of instruction and support services which increased \$132,889 and \$820,116, respectively. The increase in instruction is related to an increase in wages and benefits paid to employees.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Bond Retirement Fund**

During fiscal year 2022, the bond retirement fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$26,730,420 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$28,626,985. The fund balance of the bond retirement fund decreased \$1,896,565 from \$4,058,540 to \$2,161,975.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original revenues and other financing sources of \$36,183,913 were decreased to \$36,005,249 in the final budget. The largest decreases were in the areas of property taxes and intergovernmental - state which decreased due to lower property tax collection estimates and lower than expected State foundation revenues, respectively. Actual revenues and other financing sources increased \$117,100 to \$36,122,349.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$41,007,806 were decreased to \$39,887,406 in the final budget. Actual expenditures and other uses of \$39,115,584 were \$771,820 lower than final appropriations due to the School District's budget practices.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the School District had \$44,654,704 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and intangible right to use assets. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2022 balances compared to June 30, 2021.

## Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation/Amortization)

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>			
Land	\$ 1,679,701	\$ 1,679,701			
Land improvements	2,641,030	2,815,354			
Buildings and improvements	35,953,382	36,669,562			
Furniture and equipment	2,569,419	2,738,404			
Vehicles	1,273,416	1,093,593			
Intangible right to use assets	537,756	<del>_</del>			
Total	\$ 44,654,704	\$ 44,996,614			

The capital assets decreased due to current year depreciation of \$1,275,241 and disposals, net of accumulated depreciation of \$61,378 exceeding current year additions of \$994,709.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2022 the School District had \$43,345,911 in general obligation bonds and \$554,242 in leases outstanding. Of this total, \$2,608,582 is due within one year and \$41,291,571 is due in greater than one year.

The following table summarizes the bonds and lease payable obligations outstanding.

#### Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021
General Obligation Bonds Premiums	\$ 39,320,000 3,088,575	\$ 41,590,000 4,656,202
Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted interest Leases payable	354,016 583,320 554,242	356,065 498,096
Total	\$ 43,900,153	\$ 47,100,363

The School District maintained ratings of Aa3 and AA- with Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's debt administration.

#### For the Future

The Board of Education approved the 2022 Strategic Plan in the spring of 2018. In fiscal year 2019, School District administration implemented 34 of the 43 identified goals. For fiscal year 2019, 7 of the 9 remaining goals, will begin. For fiscal year 2021, the remaining goals were implemented while continuing all previous. The plan sets the mission, goals and expectations for the next five years. With collaboration by staff and community, right sizing, prudent and responsible expenditures along with reliable forecasting, School District finances have stabilized, even with declining revenue from the State. School District voters approved on April 28, 2021 the \$4,447,000 Emergency Levy renewal for ten (10) years from the previous five (5) year term.

School District administration is currently revising a district wide spending/capital needs plan. This document combined with the strategic plan and stable financial resources, commitments can be made to continue to move students and the School District forward all while continuing academic progress and achievement.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Eric K. Beavers, Treasurer/CFO, Vandalia-Butler City School District, 500 South Dixie Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

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## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,160,311
Receivables: Property taxes	27,342,736
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,228,049
Accounts	3,582
Accrued interest	13,861
Intergovernmental	765,469
Prepayments	61,869
Materials and supplies inventory	5,409
Inventory held for resale	27,600
Net OPEB asset	2,782,440
Capital assets:	, ,
Nondepreciable capital assets	1,679,701
Depreciable capital assets, net	42,975,003
Capital assets, net	44,654,704
Total assets	89,046,030
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	4,055,578
Pension	9,352,481
OPEB	1,086,413
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,494,472
Liabilities:	242.070
Accounts payable	343,079
Accrued wages and benefits payable Intergovernmental payable	3,102,159 88,267
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	639,438
Accrued interest payable	96,228
Long-term liabilities:	70,220
Due within one year	3,413,424
Due in more than one year:	-,,
Net pension liability	21,928,109
Net OPEB liability	2,658,044
Other amounts due in more than one year	44,388,871
Total liabilities	76,657,619
D. C	
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	22,091,350
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,868,298
Pension	17,393,293
OPEB	4,784,688
Total deferred inflows of resources	46,137,629
Net position:	5 202 440
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	5,393,449
Debt service	1,584,403
Federally funded programs	18,684
Food service operations	377,373
Extracurricular programs	139,986
Other purposes	4,552
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,773,193)
Total net position	\$ (19,254,746)
1	

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Expense)

				Program	Reven	ui es		Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
				harges for		rating Grants		Governmental	
		Expenses				Contributions			
Governmental activities:		Enpenses	20111	ees and sales	*****	011111111111111111111111111111111111111		110111100	
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	15,611,715	\$	582,840	\$	425,300	\$	(14,603,575)	
Special	•	7,226,547	*	158,728	-	1,452,385	-	(5,615,434)	
Vocational		125,321		-		1,017		(124,304)	
Other		1,294,829		_		-,017		(1,294,829)	
Support services:		1,25 1,025						(1,2) 1,02)	
Pupil		3,565,496		_		1,277,244		(2,288,252)	
Instructional staff		699,555		1,471		39,087		(658,997)	
Board of education		32,568				-		(32,568)	
Administration		2,479,487		_		29,057		(2,450,430)	
Fiscal		1,093,681		_		27,037		(1,093,681)	
Business		255,149		_		_		(255,149)	
Operations and maintenance		3,563,826		43,934		521,616		(2,998,276)	
Pupil transportation		2,364,991		6,440		162,392		(2,196,159)	
Central		703,622		0,440		16,200		(687,422)	
Operation of non-instructional		703,022		-		10,200		(007,422)	
services:									
Food service operations		1,452,912		164,410		1,737,075		448,573	
Other non-instructional services									
Extracurricular activities		309,821		236,203		75,101		1,483	
		1,189,758		517,912		1,420		(670,426)	
Interest and fiscal charges		1,552,918						(1,552,918)	
Totals	\$	43,522,196	\$	1,711,938	\$	5,737,894		(36,072,364)	
	Ger	neral revenues:							
	Pro	perty taxes levie	d for:						
		eneral purposes						26,616,932	
		ebt service						3,613,663	
	Pav	ments in lieu of	taxes					1,973,871	
	-	nts and entitlem		t restricted				, ,	
		specific progran						7,323,534	
		estment earnings						(102,653)	
		cellaneous	•					530,573	
		al general reven	ies					39,955,920	
	Cha	inge in net positi	on					3,883,556	
	Net	position at beg	inning	of year				(23,138,302)	
	Net	position at end	of yea	ır			\$	(19,254,746)	

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		General	R	Bond Retirement		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	8,852,356	\$	1,632,979	\$	674,976	\$	11,160,311
Receivables:								
Property taxes		24,131,867		3,210,869		-		27,342,736
Payment in lieu of taxes		2,228,049		- ·		-		2,228,049
Accounts		3,582		_		-		3,582
Accrued interest		13,861		_		-		13,861
Intergovernmental		10,076		-		755,393		765,469
Prepayments		61,270		-		599		61,869
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		5,409		5,409
Inventory held for resale		-		-		27,600		27,600
Due from other funds		481,543		-		-		481,543
Total assets	\$	35,782,604	\$	4,843,848	\$	1,463,977	\$	42,090,429
T 1.1.1142								
Liabilities:	Ф	207 120	¢.		d	26.040	¢.	2.42.070
Accounts payable	\$	306,130	\$	-	\$	36,949	\$	343,079
Accrued wages and benefits payable		2,846,419		-		255,740		3,102,159
Compensated absences payable		79,414		-		4,888		84,302
Early retirement incentive payable		313,125		-		17,475		330,600
Intergovernmental payable		84,701		-		3,566		88,267
Pension and postemployment benefits payable  Due to other funds		577,156		-		62,282		639,438
Total liabilities		4,206,945				481,543 862,443		481,543 5,069,388
Total habilities		4,200,943				802,443		3,009,388
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		19,502,258		2,589,092		-		22,091,350
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,868,298		-		-		1,868,298
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		808,021		92,781		-		900,802
Intergovernmental revenue not available		162		-		84,745		84,907
Accrued interest not available		5,965						5,965
Total deferred inflows of resources		22,184,704		2,681,873		84,745		24,951,322
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		_		_		5,409		5,409
Prepaids		61,270		_		599		61,869
Restricted:		01,270				377		01,000
Debt service		_		2,161,975		_		2,161,975
Food service operations		_		2,101,775		395,927		395,927
Federally funded programs		_		_		1,050		1,050
Extracurricular		_		_		154,282		154,282
Other purposes		_		_		4,552		4,552
Assigned:						.,002		.,002
Student instruction		628,845		_		_		628,845
Student and staff support		678,292		_		_		678,292
Subsequent year's appropriations		5,908,492		_		_		5,908,492
Other purposes		15,279		_		_		15,279
Unassigned (deficit)		2,098,777		-		(45,030)		2,053,747
5 ( )		,,,,,				( * ) * * * /		,,, .,
Total fund balances		9,390,955		2,161,975		516,789		12,069,719
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	35,782,604	\$	4,843,848	\$	1,463,977	\$	42,090,429

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2022}$

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 12,069,719
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	44,654,704
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.  Property taxes receivable \$900,80  Accrued interest receivable 5,96  Let a compare the comp	5
Intergovernmental receivable 84,90 Total	991,674
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.	(3,088,575)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.	4,055,578
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(96,228)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.  Deferred outflows - pension 9,352,48 Deferred inflows - pension (17,393,29) Net pension liability (21,928,10) Deferred outflows - OPEB 1,086,41 Deferred inflows - OPEB (4,784,68) Net OPEB asset 2,782,44 Net OPEB liability (2,658,04) Total	3) 9) 3 8) 0
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  General obligation bonds  Leases payable  (40,257,33)  (554,24)	
Compensated absences (3,156,64) Retirement incentives (330,60) Total	0)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (19,254,746)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Property taxes		General	F	Bond Retirement		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Intergovernmental   7,875,223   400,160   4,781,459   13,056,842   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	Revenues:							
Investment earnings   (96.454)	Property taxes	\$ 27,238,829	\$	3,697,839	\$	-	\$	30,936,668
Transfer   Transfer	Intergovernmental	7,875,223		400,160		4,781,459		13,056,842
Extracurricular	Investment earnings	(96,454)		-		-		(96,454)
Rental income	Tuition and fees	736,387		-		-		736,387
Charges for services	Extracurricular	198,834		-		320,549		519,383
Payment in lieu of taxes	Rental income	43,934		-		-		43,934
Payment in licu of taxes   S.180.735   S.118   S.35.691   Total revenues   S.30.573   S.118   S.35.691   Total revenues   S.272.956   48.326.840   Total revenues   S.272.956   48.326.840   Total revenues   S.272.956   48.326.840   Total revenues   S.272.956   Total revenues	Charges for services	247,824		-		164,410		412,234
	Contributions and donations	-		-		1,420		1,420
Total revenues	Payment in lieu of taxes	2,180,735		-		-		2,180,735
Total revenues	Miscellaneous	530,573		-		5,118		535,691
Current:   Instruction:   Regular   15,537,968   - 424,315   15,962,283   Special   6.854,004   - 816,327   7,670,331   7,670   7,670,331   7,670   7,670,331   7,7275   7,670,331   7,670   7,670,331   7,7275   7,670,331   7,67	Total revenues	38,955,885		4,097,999		5,272,956		
Instruction:	•							
Regular         15,337,968         -         424,315         15,962,383           Special         6.854,004         -         816,327         7,670,331           Vocational         135,607         -         -         135,607           Other         1,296,147         -         -         1,296,147           Support services:         Pupil         2,625,690         -         1,089,977         3,715,667           Instructional staff         676,156         -         41,119         717,275           Board of education         33,217         -         -         -         29,239         2,679,429           Fiscal         1,909,992         51,453         -         1,124,245           Business         282,368         -         -         29,239         2,679,429           Fiscal         1,909,992         51,453         -         228,368           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,658,423           Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operations and maintenance         211,596         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Other from-instructional services:         211,596								
Special         6,884,004         -         816,327         7,670,331           Vocational         135,607         -         -         1,256,147           Other         1,296,147         -         -         1,296,147           Support services:         -         1,089,977         3,715,667           Instructional staff         676,156         -         41,119         717,275           Board of education         33,217         -         -         33,217           Administration         2,650,190         -         29,239         2,679,429           Fiscal         1,090,992         51,453         -         1,142,445           Business         282,368         -         -         282,368           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,658,423           Pupil transportation         2,543,236         -         7,897         2,551,133           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,658,423           Pupil transportation         -         -         1,6200         722,189           Operations of non-instructional services:         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Ot		15 537 068				121 315		15 062 283
Vocational         135,607         -         -         135,607           Other         1,296,147         -         1,296,147           Support services:         Pupil         2,625,690         -         1,089,977         3,715,667           Instructional staff         676,156         -         41,119         717,275           Board of education         33,217         -         41,119         717,275           Administration         2,650,190         -         29,239         2,679,429           Fiscal         1,090,992         51,453         -         1,142,445           Business         282,368         -         521,616         3,658,423           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,658,423           Pupil transportation         2,543,236         -         7,897         2,551,133           Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operations and maintenance         211,596         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Operation of non-instructional services:         211,596         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Oberation of non-instructional services         211,596         -<	•			-				
Other         1,296,147         -         1,296,147           Support services:         Pupil         2,625,690         -         1,089,977         3,715,667           Instructional staff         676,156         -         41,119         717,275           Board of education         33,217         -         -         33,217           Administration         2,650,190         -         29,239         2,679,429           Fiscal         1,090,992         51,453         -         1,142,445           Business         282,368         -         -         282,368           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,688,423           Pupil transportation         2,543,236         -         7,897         2,551,133           Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operation of non-instructional services         -         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         211,596         -         -         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         89,136         -         -         1,481,580           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -				-		010,327		
Support services:   Pupil   2,625,690   - 1,089,977   3,715,667   Instructional staff   676,156   - 41,119   717,275   Board of education   33,217   - 9, 33,217   Administration   2,650,190   - 29,239   2,679,429   Fiscal   1,090,992   51,453   - 1,142,445   Business   282,368   - 5, 282,368   - 228,368   - 282,368   - 282,368   - 282,368   - 3,136,807   - 251,616   3,658,423   Pupil transportation   2,543,236   - 7,897   2,551,133   Central   705,989   - 16,200   722,189   Operation of non-instructional services:   Food service operations   - 1,481,580				-		-		
Pupil	5 tile:	1,290,147		-		-		1,290,147
Instructional staff		2 625 600				1 000 077		2 715 667
Board of education				-				
Administration         2,650,190         -         29,239         2,679,429           Fiscal         1,090,992         51,453         -         1,142,445           Business         282,368         -         -         282,368           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,658,423           Pupil transportation         2,543,236         -         7,897         2,551,133           Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         211,596         -         114,535         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         -         296,653         1,05,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316				-		41,119		
Fiscal Business         1,090,992 bz,368         51,453         - 1,142,445           Business         282,368         - 521,616         3,658,423           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         - 521,616         3,658,423           Pupil transportation         2,543,236         - 7,897         2,551,133           Central         705,989         - 16,200         722,189           Operation of non-instructional services:         - 1,481,580         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         211,596         - 114,535         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         - 296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         - 5296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         - 555,593         - 555,593           Debt service:         Principal retirement         285,580         1,837,049         - 52,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         - 51,004,636           Bond issuance costs         - 394,620         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         - 30,000,000         - 30,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         - 162,951         - 64,2421      <				-		20.220		
Business         282,368         -         -         282,368           Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,658,423           Pupil transportation         2,543,236         -         7,897         2,551,133           Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         211,596         -         114,535         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         1,837,049         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         3,300,000         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total				- 51 452		29,239		
Operations and maintenance         3,136,807         -         521,616         3,658,423           Pupil transportation         2,543,236         -         7,897         2,551,133           Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         211,596         -         114,535         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         3,94,620         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         (524,707)         (2,				51,453		-		
Pupil transportation         2,543,236         -         7,897         2,551,133           Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operation of non-instructional services:         Food service operations         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         211,596         -         114,535         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         Principal retirement         285,580         1,837,049         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources				-		501.616		
Central         705,989         -         16,200         722,189           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         1,481,580         1,481,580           Other non-instructional services         211,596         -         114,535         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         -         -         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				-				
Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         1,481,580         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         296,653         1,105,789           Debt service:         0         300,000         -         21,22,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuace costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         162,951         -				-				
Food service operations Other non-instructional services Other non-instructional services  211,596		705,989		-		16,200		722,189
Other non-instructional services         211,596         -         114,535         326,131           Extracurricular activities         809,136         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         Principal retirement         285,580         1,837,049         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):           Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000 </td <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 401 500</td> <td></td> <td>1 401 500</td>	1					1 401 500		1 401 500
Extracurricular activities         800,136         -         296,653         1,105,789           Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         Principal retirement         285,580         1,837,049         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):           Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         63,702		-		-				
Capital outlay         555,593         -         -         555,593           Debt service:         Principal retirement         285,580         1,837,049         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         394,620           Bond issuance costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):           Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agen				-				
Debt service:         Principal retirement         285,580         1,837,049         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         63,702         63,702           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120<				-		296,653		
Principal retirement         285,580         1,837,049         -         2,122,629           Interest and fiscal charges         50,316         954,320         -         1,004,636           Bond issuance costs         -         394,620         -         394,620           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):           Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		555,593		-		-		555,593
Interest and fiscal charges   50,316   954,320   - 1,004,636   Bond issuance costs   - 394,620   - 394,620   Payment to refunding bond escrow agent   - 3,000,000   - 3,000,000   Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds   - 162,951   - 162,951   Total expenditures   39,480,592   6,400,393   4,839,458   50,720,443   Excess (deficiency) of revenues   over (under) expenditures   (524,707)   (2,302,394)   433,498   (2,393,603)								
Bond issuance costs						-		
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds         -         162,951         -         162,951           Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542	$\varepsilon$	50,316				-		1,004,636
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures    39,480,592   6,400,393   4,839,458   50,720,443	Bond issuance costs	-				-		394,620
Total expenditures         39,480,592         6,400,393         4,839,458         50,720,443           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):           Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         63,702           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671		-		, ,		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (524,707) (2,302,394) 433,498 (2,393,603)  Other financing sources (uses):  Premium on bonds issued - 462,421 - 462,421				162,951				162,951
over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):           Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671	Total expenditures	 39,480,592		6,400,393	-	4,839,458		50,720,443
over (under) expenditures         (524,707)         (2,302,394)         433,498         (2,393,603)           Other financing sources (uses):           Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Premium on bonds issued         -         462,421         -         462,421           Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671	over (under) expenditures	 (524,707)		(2,302,394)		433,498		(2,393,603)
Issuance of bonds         -         22,170,000         -         22,170,000           Transfers in         -         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671								
Transfers in         -         -         -         63,702         63,702           Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671		-				-		
Transfers (out)         (63,702)         -         -         (63,702)           Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671		-		22,170,000		-		
Lease transaction         554,822         -         -         554,822           Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671	Transfers in	-		-		63,702		63,702
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent         -         (22,226,592)         -         (22,226,592)           Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671				-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)         491,120         405,829         63,702         960,651           Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671	Lease transaction	554,822		-		-		554,822
Net change in fund balances         (33,587)         (1,896,565)         497,200         (1,432,952)           Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671		 <u> </u>		(22,226,592)		<u> </u>		
Fund balances at beginning of year         9,424,542         4,058,540         19,589         13,502,671	Total other financing sources (uses)	 491,120	_	405,829		63,702	_	960,651
	Net change in fund balances	(33,587)		(1,896,565)		497,200		(1,432,952)
	Fund balances at beginning of year	 9,424,542		4,058,540		19,589		13,502,671
	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 9,390,955	\$	2,161,975	\$	516,789	\$	12,069,719

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful tives as depression experience.  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  For all the statement of activities and the statement of activities and the statement of activities and the statement of activities.  Property taxes	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(1,432,952)
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Current year depreciation Current pear depreciation Current flower of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., salex, daposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes Property taxes Property taxes Payment in lieu of taxes Payment in lieu of taxes Payment in lieu of taxes Payment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the attainment of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources in the funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the attainment of act position.  Payment to refunded bond circow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded  Deferred charges on refundings refunded  1,202,118  Deferred charges on refundings refunded  2,249,453  Total  Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported as governmental funds. Sonewer, the statement of activities.  Change in accrued interest yearly and t				
depreciation expense. Capital assets additions Current year depreciation Total  The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., solles, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net prosition.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes Property	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those			
Current year depreciation Current year depreciation Current year depreciation Total  The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving enpiral assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and domations) is to decrease net position.  (61,378)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Payment in lise of taxes [206,864] Earnings on investments [66,199] Total  Repayment of bood and lease principal is an expenditure in the good-commendal funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of not position.  Repayment of bood and lease are recorded as other financing sources in the funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported so ther financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of not position.  Payment to refunded bond serrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of not position.  Payment to refunded bond serrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Deferred changes on refundings refunded premium of the statement of activities of the sistence in the statement of activities of the sistence of activi				
Current year depreciation Total The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities and in the property taxes Payment in lieu of taxes Earnings on investments (6,199) Integovernmental (1,790) Integovernmental flunds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental flunds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources in the flunds, browever, in the statement of activities, they are more recorded as other financing uses in the governmental flunds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing uses in the governmental flunds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded 22,230,000 Deferred charges on refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following fire flunds are into the statement of activities of the statement of activiti		\$ 994,70	9	
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trude-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes (206,643) Property taxes (206,643) Property taxes (206,644) Property taxes (206,644) Property taxes (206,644) Property taxes (206,645) In the statement of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Repayment of bond and lease are recorded as other financing sources in the funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds, however, in the statement of activities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of activities. The following refunded to the statement of activities.  Issuance of bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunded the statement of activities of the statement of bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities of the statement of activities	Current year depreciation	(1,275,24	1)	
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trude-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. (61,378)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes (206,884) Payment in licu of taxes (208,884) Earnings on investments (6,199) Intergovernmental (1,790) Total (1,790) Total (1,790) Total (2,285,580)  Repayment of bond and lesse principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Susuance of bonds and lesses are recorded as other financing sources in the funds, bowever, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources in the funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Payment to refunded bond exerow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded Premiums refunded 1,629,118 Deferred charges on refundings refunded Deferred charges on refundings Total  In the statement of activities, interest is accured on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities.  Change in accured interest payable Accreted interest on apital appreciation bonds Accreted interest o	Total			(280,532)
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the funds. Property taxes Payment in lice of laxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Susuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refunding are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded Deferred charges on refundings Total  Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities, interest as payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as spension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, recover as or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
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governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded 1,620,118 Deferred charges on refundings refunded 1,620,118 Deferred charges on refundings refunded 1,620,118 Deferred charges on refundings 2,549,453 Total 25,226,592  Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities (462,421)  In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:  Change in accrued interest payable 26,728 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (248,175) Total (153,662)  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension (2,953,980) OPEB  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflow/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities.  Pension (399,797) OPEB  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	Renayment of hand and lease principal is an expenditure in the			
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not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.  Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded 22,320,000 Premiums refunded 1,620,118 Deferred charges on refundings refunded (1,262,979) Deferred charges on refundings refunded (1,262,979) Deferred charges on refundings refunded (1,262,979) Total 25,226,592  Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:  Change in accrued interest payable 26,728 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (248,175) Amortization of bod premiums 409,930 Amortization of deferred charges (342,145) Total (153,662)  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension 2,953,980 OPEB 8,950  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB (39,797) OPEB (39,797) OPEB (39,797) OPEB (39,797)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (405,316)	Issuance of bonds and leases are recorded as other financing			
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded 2,2,320,000 Premiums refunded 1,620,118 Deferred charges on refundings refunded (1,262,979) Deferred charges on refundings 2,349,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 3,549,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 3,549,453 Total 2,549,453 Total 3,549,453 Total 4,549,453 Total 4,549,453 Total 4,549,459 Total 5,549,459 Total 5,549,459 Total 5,549,459 Total 5,549,	sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are			
an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded 22,320,000 Premiums refunded 1,620,118 Deferred charges on refundings refunded (1,262,979) Deferred charges on refundings refunded 2,549,453 Total 25,226,592  Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:  Change in accrued interest payable 26,728 Amortization of bond premiums 409,930 Amortization of bond premiums 409,930 Amortization of deferred charges (342,145) Total (153,662)  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension (9PEB expense in the statement of activities.  Pension (399,797) OPEB (399,797) OPEB (399,797) OPEB (399,797) OPEB (399,797) OPEB (399,797) OPEB (405,316)				(22,724,822)
Bonds refunded 22,320,000 Premiums refunded 1,620,118 Deferred charges on refundings refunded (1,262,979) Deferred charges on refundings 2,549,453 Total 25,226,592  Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities (462,421)  In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:  Change in accrued interest payable 26,728 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (248,175) Amortization of bond premiums 409,930 Amortization of deferred charges (342,145) Total (153,662)  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension OPEB  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.  Pension OPEB  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (405,316)	an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions			
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In the statement of activities (462,421)  In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:  Change in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension OPEB  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB acpense in the statement of activities.  Pension OPEB  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (462,421)  (462,421)  (462,421)  (462,421)  (462,421)  In the statement of activities reported  (482,421)  (482,175)  (483,175)  (493,181)  (153,662)  (153,662)  (153,662)  (153,662)  (153,662)  (153,662)		2,549,45	3	25,226,592
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:  Change in accrued interest payable  Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds  Amortization of bond premiums  Amortization of deferred charges  Total  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension  OPEB  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.  Pension  OPEB  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (405,316)				(462,421)
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Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (153,662)  (153,662)  (153,662)	Change in accrued interest payable	26,72	8	
Amortization of deferred charges Total  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension OPEB  Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.  Pension OPEB  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (153,662)  (153,662)  (153,662)				
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Pension (399,797) OPEB (399,797) OPEB (399,797) 169,708  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (405,316)	in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as			
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (405,316)	Pension			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (405,316)				
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 3,883,556	financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			(405,316)
	Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	3,883,556

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						iance with al Budget		
	Original		Final			Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								<u> </u>	
Property taxes	\$	24,546,520	\$	24,597,889	\$	24,711,888	\$	113,999	
Intergovernmental		7,665,209		7,862,659		7,862,659		-	
Investment earnings		107,650		98,245		99,086		841	
Tuition and fees		515,819		528,493		530,033		1,540	
Extracurricular		100,140		198,192		198,192		-	
Rental income		51,572		50,109		50,109		-	
Charges for services		6,509		11,621		11,621		-	
Payment in lieu of taxes		2,253,642		2,228,049		2,228,049		-	
Miscellaneous		610,852		339,690		340,410		720	
Total revenues		35,857,913		35,914,947		36,032,047		117,100	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		14,176,006		15,654,624		15,466,899		187,725	
Special		7,298,377		6,825,956		6,742,209		83,747	
Vocational		122,533		136,428		134,808		1,620	
Other		1,366,618		1,311,723		1,296,147		15,576	
Support services:									
Pupil		3,909,579		2,846,668		2,799,655		47,013	
Instructional staff		587,713		649,743		640,934		8,809	
Board of education		22,980		59,185		36,685		22,500	
Administration		2,462,873		2,695,758		2,663,673		32,085	
Fiscal		1,287,458		1,113,347		1,099,807		13,540	
Business		298,550		290,058		286,593		3,465	
Operations and maintenance		4,061,120		3,388,797		3,345,900		42,897	
Pupil transportation		3,532,313		2,576,666		2,545,279		31,387	
Central		844,452		753,661		742,278		11,383	
Extracurricular activities		642,612		774,166		764,973		9,193	
Debt service:		65.220		500.040		205.000		215.040	
Principal		65,338		500,948		285,000		215,948	
Interest and fiscal charges		14,013		209,057		164,125		44,932	
Total expenditures		40,692,806		39,786,785		39,014,965		771,820	
Excess of expenditures over									
revenues		(4,834,893)		(3,871,838)		(2,982,918)		888,920	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Refund of prior year's expenditures		275,000		8,033		8,033		_	
Transfers (out)		(300,000)		(84,493)		(84,493)		_	
Advances in		15,000		6,070		6,070		_	
Advances (out)		(15,000)		(16,128)		(16,128)		_	
Sale of capital assets		36,000		76,199		76,199		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		11,000		(10,319)		(10,319)		-	
Net change in fund balance		(4,823,893)		(3,882,157)		(2,993,237)		888,920	
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,712,145		9,712,145		9,712,145		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,087,406		1,087,406		1,087,406		_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,975,658	\$	6,917,394	\$	7,806,314	\$	888,920	
I and Salance at one of year	Ψ	3,7,73,030	Ψ	0,711,071	Ψ	7,000,01 F	Ψ	000,720	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Vandalia-Butler City School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State and/or federal agencies. This Board of Education controls the School District's five school buildings, one bus garage and one board office staffed by 194 non-certified and 215 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 2,983 students and other community members.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District. The following activities are also included within the reporting entity:

Parochial schools within the School District boundaries - Saint Christopher School is operated through the Cincinnati Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity of these State monies by the School District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the School District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the School District (the primary government).

The following entities which perform activities within the School District boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District:

City of Vandalia - The city government of Vandalia is a separate body politic and corporate. A mayor and a council are elected independent of any School District relationships and administer the provision of traditional city services. Council acts as the taxing and budgeting authority for city services.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Butler Township - The township government is also a separate body politic and corporate. A three member Board of Trustees are elected independent of any School District relationships and administers the provision of traditional township services. The Trustees act as the taxing and budgeting authority for township services.

Parent Teacher Association - The School District is not involved in the budgeting or management and is not responsible for any debt and has no influence over the organization.

The School District is associated with the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, the Metropolitan Dayton Educational Computer Association, the Miami Valley Career Technology Center, and the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, and the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), which is an insurance purchasing pool.

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the School District:

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council - The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing council made up of over 126 school districts in 18 counties. The purpose of the council is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC.

Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group.

During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to SOEPC are made from the general fund. During fiscal year 2022, the School District paid \$3,284,718 to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, at 303 Corporate Center Drive Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association - The Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA) is a not-for-profit corporation formed under Section 1702.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The purpose of the corporation is to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of twenty-one representatives of SOITA member schools or institutions. Nineteen representatives are elected from within the counties by the qualified members within the counties, i.e. Auglaize, Butler, Champaign, Clark, Clinton, Darke, Fayette, Greene, Hamilton, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, Shelby, and Warren. Montgomery, Greene and Butler Counties elect two representatives per area. All others elect one representative per area. All Superintendents except for those from educational service centers vote on the representatives after the nominating committee nominates individuals to run.

One at-large non-public representative is elected by the non-public school SOITA members in the State assigned SOITA service area. One at-large higher education representative is elected by higher education SOITA members from within the State assigned SOITA service area.

All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOITA. Upon dissolution, the Net Position shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose. Payments to SOITA are made from the general fund. During fiscal year 2022, the School District made \$1,572 in payments to SOITA. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, at 150 East Sixth Street, Franklin, Ohio 45005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Miami Valley Career Technology Center - The Miami Valley Career Technology Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the fifteen participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. One member is appointed from the following city and/or exempted village school districts: Carlisle, Miamisburg, Milton-Union, Northmont, Vandalia-Butler, Versailles, Huber Heights, Eaton, Trotwood, Tipp City, and West Carrollton. Three members are appointed from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, one is appointed from the Miami County Educational Service Center, one from the Darke County Educational Service Center, and one from the Preble County Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information write to the Miami Valley Career Technology Center, at 6800 Hoke Road, Clayton, Ohio 45315.

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) Solutions - The School District is a participant in META Solutions which is a computer consortium that resulted from the mergers between Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA), Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC), Metropolitan Dayton Educational Cooperative Association (MDECA), Southeastern Ohio Valley Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC), and South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA). META Solutions develops, implements and supports the technology and instructional needs of schools in a cost-effective manner. META Solutions provides instructional, core, technology and purchasing services for its member districts. The Board of Directors consists of the Superintendents from eleven of the member districts. During fiscal year 2022, the School District paid META Solutions \$101,239 for services. Financial information can be obtained from META Solutions at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

#### INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a fourteen member committee consisting of various EPC representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Either the superintendent or treasurer from each participating school district serves on the general assembly. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific School District functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for resources that are restricted for the payment of general obligations bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations when the School District is obligated for the payment. The fund balance of this fund is restricted for debt service.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the School District are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District's only fiduciary fund is a custodial fund. The School District's did not have any fiduciary funds at June 30, 2022.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### D. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

#### E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditures requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants, and fees.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the School District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the School District, See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the School District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses and Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt and capital lease obligations, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### F. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the custodial fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2022.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

#### G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the School District for all funds in the normal course of operations for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to a commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. On the fund financial statements encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as components of restricted, committed or assigned fund balance for subsequent year expenditures for governmental funds. Encumbrances are reported as part of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in the non-GAAP budgetary basis statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

#### H. Cash and Investments

Cash received by the School District is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained in the School District's records. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments. All investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to those funds deemed appropriate according to Board of Education policy or unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amount to (\$96,454) which includes (\$22,740) assigned from other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2022, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The School District records all its investments at fair value. For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### I. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, materials and supplies inventories are presented at cost, inventories held for resale are presented at lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method. At fiscal year end, because materials and supplies inventory are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, a nonspendable fund balance is recorded by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

#### J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized/amortized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	7 - 15 years
Intangible leased assets	5 years

The School District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment. The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### K. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, other receivables related to interfund activity are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

#### L. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, a nonspendable fund balance is recorded by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

#### M. Compensated Absences

Vacation and personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate its employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive severance benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The School District records an accrual for sick leave for all employees with ten years or more of service. The accrual amount is based upon accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's severance policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### N. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

#### O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### P. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies (resolutions) of the School District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### O. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Transfers between funds in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the statement of activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

#### R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### S. Bond Issuance Costs/Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Deferred Change on Debt Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Capital appreciation bond discounts are accreted over the term of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

On the fund financial statements, issuance costs, and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### T. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and pension/OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### U. Fair Value

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 did not have an effect on the beginning net position of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)**

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>		
ESSER	\$ 6,078		
Title VI-B	13,243		
Title I	25,576		
Title II-A	133		

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The School District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the basic financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$16,700 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the School District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$2,562,274 and the bank balance of all School District deposits was \$3,294,516. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC and \$3,044,516 was either covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System or exposed to custodial credit as discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and could be uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposits of money has been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

						Inve	stm	ent Maturiti	es			
Measurement/		easurement	6	months or	7 to 12			13 to 18		19 to 24	Greater than	
Investment type		Value	_	less	months		months		months		24 month	
Fair Value:												
Commercial paper	\$	1,413,323	\$	493,881	\$	919,442	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
FFCB		467,265		-		-		-		-		467,265
FHLB		971,195		-		-		-		385,678		585,517
FHLB DN		121,700		-		-		-		-		121,700
FHLMC		221,026		-		-		-		-		221,026
Negotiable CDs		2,146,337		1,471,492		-		242,936		431,909		-
U.S. Government money market		129,128		129,128		-		-		-		-
Amortized Cost:												
STAR Ohio		3,111,363		3,111,363			_		_			
Total	\$	8,581,337	\$	5,205,864	\$	919,442	\$	242,936	\$	817,587	\$	1,395,508

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.84 years.

The School District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The School District's investments in commercial paper, federal agency securities (FHLB DN, FHLMC, FFCB, FHLB) and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the School District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less unless matched to specific obligation or debt of the School District.

Credit Risk: The School District's investments in commercial paper were rated P-1 by Moody's Investor Services. The School District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio Law requires that STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized rating standard rating service. The School District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer other than for commercial paper and banker's acceptances. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2022:

Measurement/	Measurement	
<u>Investment type</u>	Value	% to Total
Commercial paper	\$ 1,413,323	16.47
FFCB	467,265	5.45
FHLB	971,195	11.32
FHLB DN	121,700	1.42
FHLMC	221,026	2.58
Negotiable CDs	2,146,337	25.01
U.S. Government money market	129,128	1.50
Amortized Cost:		
STAR Ohio	3,111,363	36.25
Total	\$ 8,581,337	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

#### D. Reconciliation of Cash to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

Cash per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	2,562,274
Investments		8,581,337
Cash on hand		16,700
Total	<u>\$</u>	11,160,311
Cash per statement of net position		
Governmental activities	\$	11.160.311

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Tranfers from the general fund to:	<u>-</u>	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	63,702

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

**B.** Due to/from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u>Amount</u>
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 481,543

The primary purpose of the amount due to the general fund from the nonmajor governmental fund was to eliminate negative cash balances. The amount will be repaid once cash is received.

Amounts due to/from between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Montgomery County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022 was \$3,821,588 in the general fund and \$528,996 in the bond retirement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2021 was \$1,180,648 in the general fund and \$161,177 in the bond retirement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflow of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Seco Half Collec		2022 First Half Collections
	Amount	Percent	Amount Percent
Agricultural/residential			
and other real estate	\$ 675,818,340	97.41	\$ 671,931,090 97.25
Public utility personal	17,991,340	2.59	18,986,300 2.75
Total	\$ 693,809,680	100.00	\$ 690,917,390 100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:			
General	\$55.70		\$55.90
Bond retirement	5.35		5.35

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Total

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes (PILOTs), accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

\$ 30,353,697

Governmental activities:		
Property taxes	\$ 27,342,7	36
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,228,0	49
Accounts	3,5	82
Accrued interest	13,8	61
Intergovernmental:		
ESSER	510,9	65
IDEA Part B	132,9	85
Title I	105,1	50
Title II-A	5,2	.53
Title IV-A	1,0	40
SERS	1	62
State foundation	9,9	14

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

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## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows.

	Balance 06/30/21	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 06/30/22
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:			_	
Land	\$ 1,679,701	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,679,701
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	1,679,701			1,679,701
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	6,028,260	-	-	6,028,260
Buildings and improvements	59,780,800	-	-	59,780,800
Furniture and equipment	11,099,450	57,176	(14,900)	11,141,726
Vehicles	2,705,862	381,940	(180,530)	2,907,272
Intangible right to use assets:				
Equipment		555,593		555,593
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	79,614,372	994,709	(195,430)	80,413,651
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(3,212,906)	(174,324)	-	(3,387,230)
Buildings and improvements	(23,111,238)	(716,180)	-	(23,827,418)
Furniture and equipment	(8,361,046)	(221,349)	10,088	(8,572,307)
Vehicles	(1,612,269)	(145,551)	123,964	(1,633,856)
Intangible right to use assets:				
Equipment		(17,837)		(17,837)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(36,297,459)	(1,275,241)	134,052	(37,438,648)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 44,996,614	\$ (280,532)	\$ (61,378)	\$ 44,654,704

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## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 817,651
Special	375
Vocational	1,041
Support services:	
Instructional staff	32,886
Administration	704
Fiscal	894
Operations and maintenance	84,289
Pupil transportation	137,865
Operation of non-instructional services:	
Food service operations	48,030
Extracurricular activities	 151,506
Total depreciation/amorization expense	\$ 1,275,241

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

During the fiscal year 2022, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

	Balance outstanding ne 30, 2021	-	Additions	_	Reductions	Balance Outstanding one 30, 2022	_	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:								
2011 Energy Conservation Bonds								
Current Interest	\$ 460,000	\$	-	\$	(70,000)	\$ 390,000	\$	75,000
Premium	13,814		-		(2,551)	11,263		-
2014 Refunding Bonds								
Current Interest	7,945,000		-		(7,655,000)	290,000		-
Premium	1,048,276		-		(638,546)	409,730		-
2014 Capital Appreciation Bonds	3,946		-		(1,909)	2,037		1,077
Accreted Interest	151,447		86,876		(98,091)	140,232		98,923
Series 2015 Refunding Bonds								
Current Interest	8,410,000		-		(7,205,000)	1,205,000		-
Premium	970,859		-		(595,274)	375,585		-
Capital Appreciation Bonds	247		-		(140)	107		53
Accreted Interest	75,820		73,027		(64,860)	83,987		59,947
								- (Continued)

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

		Balance Outstanding one 30, 2021	,	Additions		Reductions		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2022		Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds:					_	Trouvers -		<u></u>	_	<u> </u>
Series 2016 Refunding Bonds Current Interest Premium	\$	8,170,000 1,255,141	\$	-	\$	(7,525,000) (611,645)	\$	645,000 643,496	\$	65,000 76,455
Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest		23 583		456		-		23 1,039		-
Series 2017A Refunding Bonds Current Interest Premium		2,800,000 158,248		-		(50,000) (35,829)		2,750,000 122,419		890,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest		137,875 122,781		41,268		-		137,875 164,049		-
Series 2017B Refunding Bonds Current Interest Premium		5,225,000 522,569		-		(50,000) (38,949)		5,175,000 483,620		50,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest		213,974 147,465		46,548		-		213,974 194,013		-
Series 2017C Energy Convervation Refunding	ng									
Current Interest Premium		1,150,000 59,728		-		(215,000) (13,524)		935,000 46,204		225,000
Series 2017C Refunding Bonds Current Interest Premium		7,430,000 627,567		- -		(1,475,000) (74,562)		5,955,000 553,005		725,000 74,562
Series 2021 Refunding Bonds Current Interest		-		22,170,000		(195,000)		21,975,000		195,000
Premium	_			462,421	_	(19,168)		443,253	_	
Total General Obligation Bonds		47,100,363		22,880,596	_	(26,635,048)		43,345,911	_	2,536,017
Compensated Absences Leases		3,155,790		189,454 554,822		(104,302) (580)		3,240,942 554,242		474,242 72,565
Retirement Incentive Net pension liability		40,382,535		661,200		(18,454,426)		661,200 21,928,109		330,600
Net OPEB liability  Total governmental activities	\$	3,061,249 93,699,937	\$	24,286,072	\$	(403,205) (45,597,561)	\$	2,658,044 72,388,448	\$	3,413,424
Total Soverimiental activities	Ψ	73,077,731	Ψ	2-1,200,072	Ψ	(13,371,301)	Ψ	12,300,770	Ψ	3,713,727

General Obligation and Refunding Bonds: See Note 9.A - 9.I for details.

Compensated Absences: The School District pays compensated absences primarily from the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability/Asset</u>: See Notes 12 and 13 for details. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their services which is primarily the general fund.

#### A. Series 2011 General Obligation Energy Conservation Bonds

During fiscal year 2012, the School District issued \$999,833 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects to improve energy conservation. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$970,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$29,833. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% - 3.50%. The capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2017 (approximate equivalent interest rate 13.50%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2017 was \$65,000.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2011 general obligation energy conservation bonds:

		2011 Energy Conservation Bonds									
Fiscal Year Ending	_	Current Interest Bonds									
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>F</u>	rincipal	_]	Interest	_	Total					
2023	\$	75,000	\$	12,056	\$	87,056					
2024		75,000		9,713		84,713					
2025		75,000		7,088		82,088					
2026		80,000		4,374		84,374					
2027	_	85,000		1,487	_	86,487					
Total	\$	390,000	\$	34,718	\$	424,718					

#### B. Series 2014 Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2015, the School District issued \$8,094,987 in general obligation bonds to refund \$8,095,000 of the Series 2009 General Obligation School Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. During fiscal year 2022, \$7,655,000 of the bonds were refunded by the Series 2021 Refunding Bonds. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$8,095,000.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$7,945,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$149,987. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.50% - 4.00%. The remaining capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2020 through December 1, 2033 (approximate equivalent interest rate 66.23436%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing December 1, 2016 through December 1, 2024 are \$100,000 each and the capital appreciation bonds maturing December 1, 2033 is \$875,000. Total accreted interest of \$140,232 has been included on the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,096,387. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2037. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$578,414 and resulted in an economic gain of \$338,792.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2014 refunding bonds:

2011	D C	4.	D 1
2014	Refu	ındına	Bonds

Fiscal Year Ending	C	Current Interest Bonds					Capital Appreciation Bonds					
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	Pr	rincipal_	_	Interest		Total	
2023	\$ -	\$	10,150	\$	10,150	\$	1,077	\$	98,923	\$	100,000	
2024	=		10,150		10,150		608		99,392		100,000	
2025	-		10,150		10,150		343		99,657		100,000	
2026	70,000		8,925		78,925		-		-		-	
2027	70,000		6,475		76,475		-		-		-	
2028 - 2032	150,000		5,250		155,250		-		-		-	
2033 - 2037			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		9		874,991	_	875,000	
Total	\$ 290,000	\$	51,100	\$	341,100	\$	2,037	\$	1,172,963	\$	1,175,000	

#### C. Series 2015 Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2015, the School District issued \$8,474,996 in general obligation bonds to refund \$8,475,000 of the Series 2009 General Obligation School Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. During fiscal year 2022, \$7,205,000 of the bonds were refunded by the Series 2021 Refunding Bonds. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$8,475,000.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,410,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$64,996. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.00% - 4.00%. The remaining capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2020 through December 1, 2025 (approximate equivalent interest rate 112.41653%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2016 through December 1, 2025 vary from \$60,000 to \$420,000. Total accreted interest of \$83,987 has been included on the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,150,467. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2032. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$497,993 and resulted in an economic gain of \$413,663.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2015 refunding bonds:

#### 2015 Refunding Bonds

Fiscal Year Ending		Current Interest Bonds						Capital Appreciation Bonds					
<u>June 30,</u>	Pri	ncipal_	_	Interest	_	Total	Pri	ncipal_	<u>I</u>	nterest	_	Total	
2023	\$	-	\$	36,150	\$	36,150	\$	53	\$	59,947	\$	60,000	
2024		-		36,150		36,150		21		59,979		60,000	
2025		-		18,075		18,075		8		59,992		60,000	
2026	-	120,000		34,350		154,350		25		419,975		420,000	
2027	1,0	085,000	_	16,275		1,101,275							
Total	\$ 1,2	205,000	\$	141,000	\$	1,346,000	\$	107	\$	599,893	\$	600,000	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

#### D. Series 2016 Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2016, the School District issued \$8,329,988 in general obligation bonds to refund \$8,330,000 of the Series 2010A General Obligation School Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. During fiscal year 2022, \$7,460,000 of the bonds were refunded by the Series 2021 Refunding Bonds. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$8,330,000.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,170,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$1,159,988. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 0.90% - 4.00%. The remaining capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2020 through December 1, 2020 and December 1, 2034 through December 1, 2035 (approximate equivalent interest rate 64.74509%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2015 through December 1, 2035 vary from \$65,000 to \$995,000. Total accreted interest of \$1,039 has been included on the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,391,361. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2038. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$771,878 and resulted in an economic gain of \$544,457.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2016 refunding bonds:

					2	2016 Refundi	ng Bo	<u>nds</u>				
Fiscal Year Ending	_	Cı	urren	t Interest Bo	onds			Cap	ital Ar	preciation	ı Bo	nds
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>I</u>	Principal_	_	Interest	_	Total	Prir	ncipal_	<u>In</u>	<u>iterest</u>	_	Total
2023	\$	65,000	\$	18,950	\$	83,950	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2024		65,000		17,650		82,650		_		-		-
2025		65,000		16,025		81,025		-		-		-
2026		70,000		14,000		84,000		-		-		-
2027		70,000		11,900		81,900		-		-		-
2028 - 2032		310,000		22,050		332,050		_		-		-
2033 - 2037								23	1,	,314,977	_	1,315,000
Total	\$	645,000	\$	100,575	\$	745,575	\$	23	\$ 1,	,314,977	\$	1,315,000

### E. Series 2017A Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2017, the School District issued \$3,157,875 in general obligation bonds to refund \$3,160,000 of the Series 2009 General Obligation School Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$645,000.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$3,020,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$137,875. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% - 3.50%. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2025 (approximate equivalent interest rate 15.25%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2025 is \$505,000. Total accreted interest of \$164,049 has been included on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$136,156. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2024. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$241,471 and resulted in an economic gain of \$219,713.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2017A refunding bonds:

					<u>20</u>	017A Refund	ing B	<u>onds</u>				
Fiscal Year Ending	_	Cur	rent	Interest B	ond	S	Capital Appreciation Bonds					nds
<u>June 30,</u>	_]	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	_	Total	Pri	ncipal	Ir	nterest	_	Total
2023	\$	890,000	\$	52,900	\$	942,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2024		915,000		30,338		945,338		-		-		-
2025		945,000		9,450		954,450		-		-		-
2026						<u>-</u>	1	37,875		367,125	_	505,000
Total	\$	2,750,000	\$	92,688	\$	2,842,688	\$ 1.	37,875	\$ 3	367,125	\$	505,000

#### F. Series 2017B Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2017, the School District issued \$5,663,974 in general obligation bonds to refund \$5,665,000 of the Series 2010A General Obligation School Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$5,665,000.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$5,450,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$213,974. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.00% - 3.10%. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2025 and December 1, 2029 (approximate equivalent interest rate 15.25% and 12.25%, respectively) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2025 and December 1, 2029 are \$55,000 to \$915,000, respectively. Total accreted interest of \$194,013 has been included on the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$430,706. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2034. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$280,045 and resulted in an economic gain of \$221,363.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2017B refunding bonds:

					<u> 20</u>	<u> 17B Refund</u>	ing l	<u>Bonds</u>					
Fiscal Year Ending		Cu	rren	t Interest Bo	onds	<u> </u>		Capital Appreciation Bonds					
<u>June 30,</u>	Pr	incipal_	_	Interest	Total		<u>I</u>	Principal_	Interest			Total	
2023	\$	50,000	\$	177,850	\$	227,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
2024		50,000		176,601		226,601		-		-		-	
2025		55,000		175,425		230,425		-		-		-	
2026		-		174,876		174,876		15,016		39,984		55,000	
2027		55,000		174,050		229,050		-		-		-	
2028 - 2032	2,	,295,000		777,061		3,072,061		198,958	7	716,042	9	915,000	
2033 - 2035	2,	,670,000		111,475		2,781,475							
Total	\$ 5,	,175,000	\$	1,767,338	\$	6,942,338	\$	213,974	\$ 7	756,026	\$ 9	970,000	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

#### G. Series 2017C Energy Conservation Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2018, the School District issued \$1,360,000 in general obligation bonds to refund \$1,365,000 of the Series 2010 Energy Conservation Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$945,000.

The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$1,365,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% - 4.00%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2025.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$48,613. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2025. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$44,275 and resulted in an economic gain of \$43,773.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2017 energy conservation refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year Ending				Refunding Interest Bo		<u>nds</u>
<u>June 30,</u>	I	Principal_	_1	nterest	_	Total
2023	\$	225,000	\$	29,475	\$	254,475
2024		230,000		22,650		252,650
2025		235,000		14,500		249,500
2026		245,000		4,900		249,900
Total	\$	935,000	\$	71,525	\$	1,006,525

### H. Series 2017C Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2018, the School District issued \$8,800,000 in general obligation bonds to refund \$1,590,000 of the Series 2009 General Obligation School Improvement Bonds and \$7,410,000 of the Series 2010A General Obligation School Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$6,160,000.

The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$8,800,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% - 4.00%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$177,870. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2029. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$470,825 and resulted in an economic gain of \$416,431.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2017C refunding bonds:

		<u>201</u>	17C I	Refunding E	Bond:	<u>s</u>
Fiscal Year Ending		Cı	ırren	t Interest B	onds	
<u>June 30,</u>	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2023	\$	725,000	\$	204,125	\$	929,125
2024		785,000		181,475		966,475
2025		810,000		157,550		967,550
2026		830,000		128,800		958,800
2027		865,000		94,900		959,900
2028 - 2030		1,940,000		85,200		2,025,200
Total	\$	5,955,000	\$	852,050	\$	6,807,050

#### I. Series 2021 Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2022, the School District issued \$22,170,000 in general obligation bonds to refund \$7,655,000 of the Series 2014 Refunding Bonds, \$7,205,000 of the Series 2015 Refunding Bonds and \$7,460,000 of the Series 2016 Refunding Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$22,320,000.

The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$22,170,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.70% - 4.00%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2037.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,549,453. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2037. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$5,610,752 and resulted in an economic gain of \$4,082,336.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2021 refunding bonds:

	<u>20</u>	21 Refunding B	<u>onds</u>
Fiscal Year Ending	C1	urrent Interest Bo	onds
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 195,000	\$ 553,752	\$ 748,752
2024	210,000	545,652	755,652
2025	220,000	537,052	757,052
2026	225,000	528,152	753,152
2027	240,000	518,852	758,852
2028 - 2032	7,540,000	2,052,767	9,592,767
2033 - 2037	10,125,000	1,176,599	11,301,599
2038 - 2039	3,220,000	42,826	3,262,826
Total	\$21,975,000	\$ 5,955,652	\$ 27,930,652

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

#### J. Leases Payable

The School District has entered into lease agreements for the use of right to use equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the School District will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund.

The School District has entered into lease agreements for copier and postage machine equipment at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
<u>Lease</u>	Date	Years	Date	Method
Copier lease	2022	5	2027	Monthly
Postage machine lease	2022	5	2027	Monthly

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year	_ <u>I</u>	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$	72,565	\$ 37,446	\$ 110,011
2024		105,347	26,050	131,397
2025		111,845	19,553	131,398
2026		118,743	12,654	131,397
2027		124,515	5,342	129,857
2028		21,227	 159	 21,386
Total	\$	554,242	\$ 101,204	\$ 655,446

#### K. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the School District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the School District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School District. The assessed valuation used in determining the School District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the School District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022 are a voted debt margin of \$25,995,524, including available funds of \$2,161,975 an unvoted debt margin of \$690,917 and an energy conservation debt margin of \$4,893,257.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Employees on an 11- or 12-month basis shall accrue vacation at a rate of 84/100 of a day per month of complete service. After 7 years of service, the vacation rate shall increase to a rate of 1 ½ days per month for employees on a 12-month basis. After 13 years of service, the vacation rate shall increase to 1 2/3 days per month for employees on a 12-month basis. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who are not on an 11- or 12-month contract do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month with a maximum as follows:

- Certified employees: the greater of 270 days or 5 more days than scheduled to work in the school year
- Classified employees: the greater of 220 days or 5 more days than scheduled to work in the school year

Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 61 paid days for certified employees. If a certified employee notifies the School District by March 1st of the year in which he or she terminates employment, then a maximum of 68 days may be paid. Classified employees receive twenty-five percent of accrued sick with no maximum paid days.

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

Since fiscal year 2018 medical insurance plan year, "premium costs" has been clarified to be relevant to both insurance premiums and HSA deductible contributions. Additionally, the 85% Board paid and 15% employee paid monthly premium copays will be applied to premium costs. Furthermore, the long-standing practice of a 3% maximum annual increase to the Board for insurance premium renewals has been eliminated. Both the Board and participating employees will share in the renewal increase by the same percentages outlined above, 85% Board, 15% Employee. Consequently, this is a projected increase for 2022 to the Board of approximately \$130,000.

#### C. Employee Severance Plan

On March 31, 2022, the Board of Education announced the one-time 2021-2022 Employee Severance Plan for all eligible employees. The Plan is being offered to provide staff members with career options and to meet operational and budgetary needs. The Plan is available to certified and classified employees who will have a minimum of ten (10) years of service with the District as of June 30, 2022 or certified employees who will be eligible for full or reduced benefits under the State Teachers Retirement System (hereinafter "STRS") as of June 30, 2022, or classified employees who will be eligible for full or reduced benefits under the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) as of June 30, 2022.

Certified employees electing the Plan and exiting June 30, 2022, shall receive \$60,000 plus their applicable contractual sick leave pay, the total of which is divided into equal monthly payments. Classified employees electing the Plan and exiting June 30, 2022, shall receive \$20,000 plus their applicable contractual sick leave pay, the total of which is divided into equal monthly payments. Part-time employees shall have his/her Plan benefit prorated based on his/her FTE (example \$20,000 \* 0.80 FTE = \$16,000 Plan benefit plus applicable contractual sick leave pay).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Participants receive the total Plan benefit over 5 years, divided in equal monthly payments made to the participant's selected Post Employment 403(b) account. The Participant can access within the parameters of the Post Employment 403(b) account that usually will permit immediate distribution of funds. Under current tax rules, the employer and Eligible Employee do not have to pay Medicare tax on the Plan amounts deposited into the Post Employment 403(b). Federal and state income taxes are deferred until the individual withdraws funds from their Post-Employment 403(b) account. Plan benefits begin to be deposited into a 403(b) Contract on a date between October 15 and October 30 following the employee's Exit Date and will be paid on or about the 15<sup>th</sup> of each month thereafter until all payments are completed.

#### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2022, the School District continues to be contracted with Selective Insurance Company for general liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and \$3,000,000 aggregate. Selective Insurance Company covers buildings, boiler and machinery with \$3,500 deductible and a \$100,000,000 limit.

Professional liability is protected by Selective Insurance Company with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and \$3,000,000 aggregate and \$5,000 deductible. Vehicles are covered by Selective Insurance Company. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 per occurrence liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year.

For fiscal year 2022, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the school district by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Hunter Consulting, provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

### Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$597,267 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$43,946 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,356,713 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$404,148 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS		Total
Proportion of the net pension						
liability prior measurement date	0.	135717300%	0	.129795560%		
Proportion of the net pension						
liability current measurement date	0.	136997200%	0	.131968116%		
Change in proportionate share	0.001279900%		0.002172556%			
Proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	5,054,799	\$	16,873,310	\$	21,928,109
Pension expense	\$	9,725	\$	390,072	\$	399,797

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			-
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 487	\$ 521,304	\$ 521,791
Changes of assumptions	106,439	4,680,958	4,787,397
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	61,545	1,027,768	1,089,313
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	597,267	2,356,713	2,953,980
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 765,738	\$ 8,586,743	\$ 9,352,481
	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 131,092	\$ 105,761	\$ 236,853
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,603,368	14,541,564	17,144,932
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	11,508		11,508
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,745,968	\$ 14,647,325	\$ 17,393,293

\$2,953,980 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS			Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	 				
2023	\$ (613,804)	\$	(1,910,607)	\$	(2,524,411)
2024	(545,629)		(1,689,729)		(2,235,358)
2025	(618,987)		(2,016,087)		(2,635,074)
2026	 (799,077)		(2,800,872)	_	(3,599,949)
Total	\$ (2,577,497)	\$	(8,417,295)	\$	(10,994,792)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

- Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

Current

				Cullent		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share				_		
of the net pension liability	\$	8,409,945	\$	5,054,799	\$	2,225,259

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
•	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		6 Increase	
School District's proportionate share				_			
of the net pension liability	\$	31,597,394	\$	16,873,310	\$	4,431,490	

**Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date** - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$89,502.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$89,502 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$89,502 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

### OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	140855400%	0.	.129795560%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	140445400%	0.	.131968116%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.	000410000%	0.	.002172556%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	2,658,044	\$	-	\$ 2,658,044
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(2,782,440)	\$ (2,782,440)
OPEB expense	\$	(7,087)	\$	(162,621)	\$ (169,708)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

C	SERS		STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources	 _	'	_	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 28,334	\$	99,075	\$ 127,409
Changes of assumptions	416,985		177,730	594,715
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share	171,767		103,020	274,787
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 89,502	_		 89,502
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 706,588	\$	379,825	\$ 1,086,413
	 SERS		STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources	 SERS		STRS	 Total
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and	 SERS		STRS	 Total
	\$ SERS 1,323,828	\$	STRS 509,797	\$ Total 1,833,625
Differences between expected and	\$	\$		\$
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$		\$
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$ 1,323,828	\$	509,797	\$ 1,833,625
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ 1,323,828 57,751	\$	509,797 771,242	\$ 1,833,625 828,993
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Difference between employer contributions	\$ 1,323,828 57,751	\$	509,797 771,242	\$ 1,833,625 828,993

\$89,502 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS		STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	_				
2023	\$ (278,928)	\$	(728,275)	\$	(1,007,203)
2024	(279,330)		(708,979)		(988,309)
2025	(262,597)		(698,987)		(961,584)
2026	(232,086)		(318,770)		(550,856)
2027	(131,878)		(108,845)		(240,723)
Thereafter	 (41,813)		2,711		(39,102)
Total	\$ (1,226,632)	\$	(2,561,145)	\$	(3,787,777)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	1.92%
Prior measurement date	2.45%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.27%
Prior measurement date	2.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	293,639	\$	2,658,044	\$	2,150,286
				Current		
	1%	Decrease	T	rend Rate	19	% Increase
Schooll District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,046,476	\$	2,658,044	\$	3,474,911

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020			
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%			
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	) to	12.50% at age 20	12.50% at age 20 to		
3	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65			
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inv		7.45%, net of investment			
	expenses, including inflation		expenses, inclu-	expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%			
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%			
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%			
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A			
Health care cost trends						
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate		
Medical						
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%		
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%	-6.69%	4.00%		
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%		
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%	11.87%	4.00%		

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,347,949	\$	2,782,440	\$	3,145,391
	19	% Decrease	T	rend Rate	19	% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,130,685	\$	2,782,440	\$	2,351,802

### NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis); and,
- (f) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than at cost (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (2,993,237)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	2,370,080
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(984,177)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	480,648
Funds budgeted elsewhere	119,442
Adjustment for encumbrances	973,657
GAAP basis	\$ (33,587)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the public school support fund and the latchkey fund.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The School District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the School District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the School District.

#### B. Litigation

A lawsuit is pending against the School District. In the opinion of the School District's Legal Counsel, no liability is anticipated in excess of insurance coverage.

#### C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2022 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

#### **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES**

The School District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	492,940
Prior year offset from bond proceeds	 (492,940)
Total	\$ _
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023	\$ 
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$ 

During fiscal years 1984, 2009, 2011 and 2012, the School District issued a total of \$60,405,462 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition below zero for future years. The amount presented for Prior Year Offset from Bond Proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the reserve for capital improvement to \$0. The School District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$51,511,785 at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Year-End		
Fund		Encumbrances		
General fund	\$	663,534		
Other nonmajor governmental funds		857,668		
Total	\$	1,521,202		

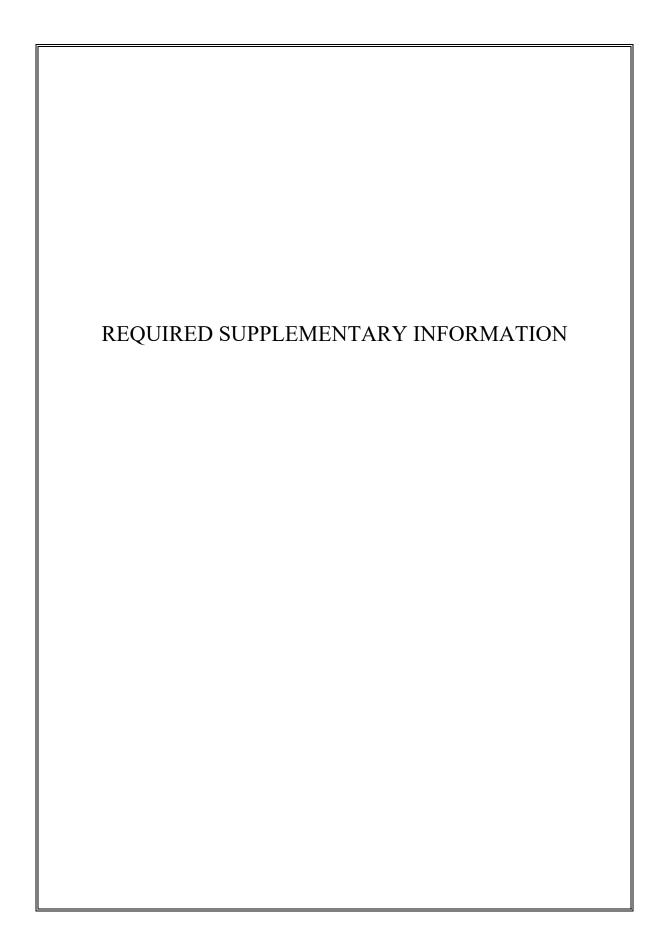
#### NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Vandalia and Butler Township provide tax abatements through two programs - Enterprise Zone Agreements and Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Agreements. Under the agreements, various businesses receive the abatement of property taxes to bring jobs and economic development to the City and Township. The agreement affects the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the School District. Under the agreements, the School District property taxes were reduced by \$2,497,160 during fiscal year 2022.

#### **NOTE 19 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The School District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.



#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

#### LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022 20			2021		2020	2019		
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0	0.13699720%	(	0.13571730%	(	0.13798310%	(	).12744220%	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,054,799	\$	8,976,628	\$	8,255,771	\$	7,298,851	
School District's covered payroll	\$	4,885,714	\$	5,360,593	\$	4,783,585	\$	4,332,207	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		103.46%		167.46%		172.59%		168.48%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%	

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017		2016	2015			2014
(	0.13251160%	(	).13423880%	(	0.13700230%	(	0.13692600%	C	0.13692600%
\$	7,917,275	\$	9,825,042	\$	7,817,484	\$	6,929,747	\$	8,142,550
\$	4,243,500	\$	4,166,921	\$	4,124,484	\$	3,978,788	\$	4,843,316
	186.57%		235.79%		189.54%		174.17%		168.12%
	69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%

#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

#### LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

		2022	2021			2020	 2019	
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0	.131968116%		0.12979556%		0.12757427%	0.12331450%	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,873,310	\$	31,405,907	\$	28,212,283	\$ 27,114,090	
School District's covered payroll	\$	16,527,257	\$	15,778,207	\$	15,189,143	\$ 14,043,979	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		102.09%		199.05%		185.74%	193.07%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.78%		75.48%		77.31%	77.31%	

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

_	2018		2017		2018 2017		2016			2015		2014
	(	0.11887460%		0.11862129%		0.11928882%		0.12387473%		0.12387473%		
	\$	28,238,916	\$	39,706,121	\$	32,967,941	\$	30,130,621	\$	35,891,399		
	\$	13,321,464	\$	12,198,150	\$	12,445,793	\$	12,656,577	\$	14,635,300		
		211.98%		325.51%		264.89%		238.06%		245.24%		
		75.30%		66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%		

#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021		2020	2019	
Contractually required contribution	\$	597,267	\$	684,000	\$	750,483	\$	645,784
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(597,267)		(684,000)		(750,483)			(645,784)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
School District's covered payroll	\$	4,266,193	\$	4,885,714	\$	5,360,593	\$	4,783,585
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		13.50%

 2018	 2017	2016		 2015		2014	2013		
\$ 584,848	\$ 594,090	\$	583,369	\$ \$ 543,607		551,460	\$	670,315	
 (584,848)	 (594,090)		(583,369)	 (543,607)		(551,460)		(670,315)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		
\$ 4,332,207	\$ 4,243,500	\$	4,166,921	\$ 4,124,484	\$	3,978,788	\$	4,843,316	
13.50%	14.00%		14.00%	13.18%		13.86%		13.84%	

#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,356,713	\$ 2,313,816	\$ 2,208,949	\$ 2,126,480
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,356,713)	(2,313,816)	(2,208,949)	(2,126,480)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
School District's covered payroll	\$ 16,833,664	\$ 16,527,257	\$ 15,778,207	\$ 15,189,143
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2018	 2017	2016		 2015	 2014	 2013	
\$ 1,966,157	\$ 1,865,005	\$	1,707,741	\$ 1,742,411	\$ 1,645,355	\$ 1,902,589	
 (1,966,157)	 (1,865,005)		(1,707,741)	 (1,742,411)	 (1,645,355)	 (1,902,589)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	
\$ 14,043,979	\$ 13,321,464	\$	12,198,150	\$ 12,445,793	\$ 12,656,577	\$ 14,635,300	
14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	

#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

#### LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021	2020		2019	
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	(	).14044540%	(	0.14085540%	(	0.14100400%	(	0.13003010%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,658,044	\$	3,061,249	\$	3,545,954	\$	3,607,386
School District's covered payroll	\$	4,885,714	\$	5,360,593	\$	4,783,585	\$	4,332,207
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		54.40%		57.11%		74.13%		83.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017
(	0.13379610%	(	).13524694%
\$	3,590,736	\$	3,855,038
\$	4,243,500	\$	4,166,921
	84.62%		92.52%
	12.46%		11.49%

#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

#### LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2022		 2021		2020		2019
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0	.131968116%	0.12979556%		0.12757427%		0.12331450%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(2,782,440)	\$ (2,281,156)	\$	(2,112,936)	\$	(1,981,538)
School District's covered payroll	\$	16,527,257	\$ 15,778,207	\$	15,189,143	\$	14,043,979
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		16.84%	14.46%		13.91%		14.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		174.73%	182.10%		174.70%		176.00%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2018	2017
0.11887460%	0.11862129%
\$ 4,638,048	\$ 6,343,897
\$ 13,321,464	\$ 12,198,150
34.82%	52.01%
47.10%	37.30%
47.10%	37.30%

#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021	 2020		2019	
Contractually required contribution	\$	89,502	\$ 86,453	\$ 90,592	\$	108,102	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(89,502)	(86,453)	 (90,592)		(108,102)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
School District's covered payroll	\$	4,266,193	\$ 4,885,714	\$ 5,360,593	\$	4,783,585	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.10%	1.77%	1.69%		2.26%	

2018	 2017	2016			2015		2014	2013		
\$ 95,195	\$ 69,811	\$	65,049	\$	101,461	\$	85,288	\$	83,288	
 (95,195)	 (69,811)		(65,049)		(101,461)		(85,288)		(83,288)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		
\$ 4,332,207	\$ 4,243,500	\$	4,166,921	\$	4,124,484	\$	3,978,788	\$	4,843,316	
2.20%	1.65%	1.56%		2.46%		2.14%			1.72%	

#### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022		 2021	 2020		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
School District's covered payroll	\$	16,833,664	\$ 16,527,257	\$ 15,778,207	\$	15,189,143
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

 2018	 2017	 2016		2015		2014	2013		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	129,575	\$	146,353	
 	 	 		<u>-</u> _		(129,575)		(146,353)	
\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$	_	\$		\$		
\$ 14,043,979	\$ 13,321,464	\$ 12,198,150	\$	12,445,793	\$	12,656,577	\$	14,635,300	
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		1.00%		1.00%	

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### PENSION

#### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

#### Changes in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- <sup>a</sup> There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.

#### Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years
- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

#### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

#### Changes in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.

(Continued)

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### PENSION (CONTINUED)

#### Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- <sup>a</sup> There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

#### Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2022.

#### Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

(Continued)

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

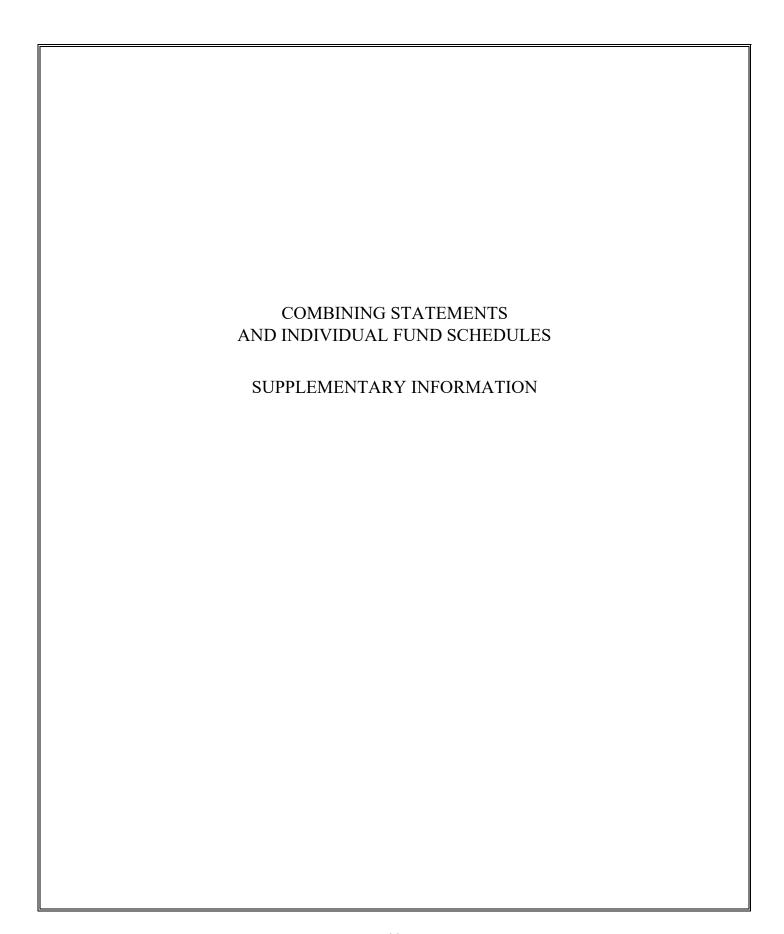
#### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

#### Changes in benefit terms:

- <sup>o</sup> There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- <sup>a</sup> For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

#### Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date:
  (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.



#### **MAJOR FUNDS**

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. A budgetary statement for the general fund is presented as part of the basic financial statements. The level of detail presented in that statement is greater than the legal level of budgetary control; therefore, a separate additional schedule is not presented

Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis)

#### **Uniform School Supply Fund**

A fund to account for the purchase and reimbursement of consumable supplies (workbooks) used by the students as a supplemental learning tool.

#### **Public School Support Fund**

A fund provided to account for special local revenue sources such as vending machine receipts. Revenues are used to fund special events and purchase achievement awards.

#### **Latchkey Fund**

A fund established to account for the tuition received and expenses made in securing an after-school latchkey program for students of the School District.

#### **Other Major Funds**

#### **Bond Retirement Fund**

The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for resources that are restricted for the payment of general obligations bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations when the School District is obligated for the payment. The fund balance of this fund is restricted for debt service.

	Sudgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-		
	 Final	Actual		Over U <b>nder)</b>	
Uniform School Supply Fund					
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 226,038	\$ 227,143	\$	1,105	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 170,444	159,910		10,534	
Net Change in Fund Balances	55,594	67,233		11,639	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 248,755 2,935	 248,755 2,935		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 307,284	\$ 318,923	\$	11,639	
Public School Support Fund					
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 117,960	\$ 110,970	\$	(6,990)	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 105,236	 93,701		11,535	
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,724	17,269		4,545	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 249,450 13,136	 249,450 13,136		- -	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 275,310	\$ 279,855	\$	4,545	
Latchkey Fund					
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 238,273	\$ 238,273	\$	-	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 213,874	 213,874			
Net Change in Fund Balances	24,399	24,399		-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 (2,041) 4,300	 (2,041) 4,300			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 26,658	\$ 26,658	\$		

		Budgeted Amounts			Varian		
	Final			Actual	Final Budget- Over		
<b>Bond Retirement Fund</b>							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	26,362,602	\$	26,362,602	\$	-	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		28,260,536		28,260,536			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,897,934)		(1,897,934)		-	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,530,913		3,530,913			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,632,979	\$	1,632,979	\$	_	

#### **COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR FUNDS**

#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term proceeds of specific revenue sources establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The title of each special revenue fund is descriptive of the activities accounted for therein. The nonmajor special revenue funds are:

#### **Food Service Fund**

A fund to account for all transactions that are restricted to the provision of food service operations for the School District.

#### **Special Trust Fund**

A fund used to account for revenues and expenditures that are committed of the Gilbery Scholarship.

#### **Student Managed Activities Fund**

A fund provided to account for those student activity programs which are run by students. Most expenditures are restricted to include costs for student clubs.

#### **Athletics Fund**

A fund provided to account for those student activity programs which charge admission. Most expenditures are restricted to include referee and security compensations, equipment and supplies needed to run a successful athletic program.

#### **Auxiliary Services Fund**

To account for monies that are restricted to provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools with the School District.

#### **Student Wellness and Success Fund**

To account for monies received from the State of Ohio that are restricted to be spent on student wellness programs.

#### **Miscellaneous State Grants Fund**

A fund used to account for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

#### Race to the Top Fund

A fund used to account for revenues that are restricted to provide for either a new program or expansion of an existing program to support initiatives in the following areas: standards and assessments; using date to improve instruction; great teachers and leaders; and turning around the lowest achieving schools.

#### Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund

This fund accounts for grants received from the federal government to provide emergency relief to school districts related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR FUNDS**

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

#### **Special Education Fund**

This fund accounts for federal funds that are restricted for the full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels, and to assist in the training of teachers, supervisors and other specialists in providing educational services to the handicapped.

#### **Title I Fund**

A fund that is restricted to provide financial assistance to State and Local educational agencies to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

#### **Title IV-A Fund**

This fund is to account for Federal money restricted for providing students with a well-rounded education, supporting safe and healthy students and supporting the effective use of technology.

#### **Preschool Handicapped Grant Fund**

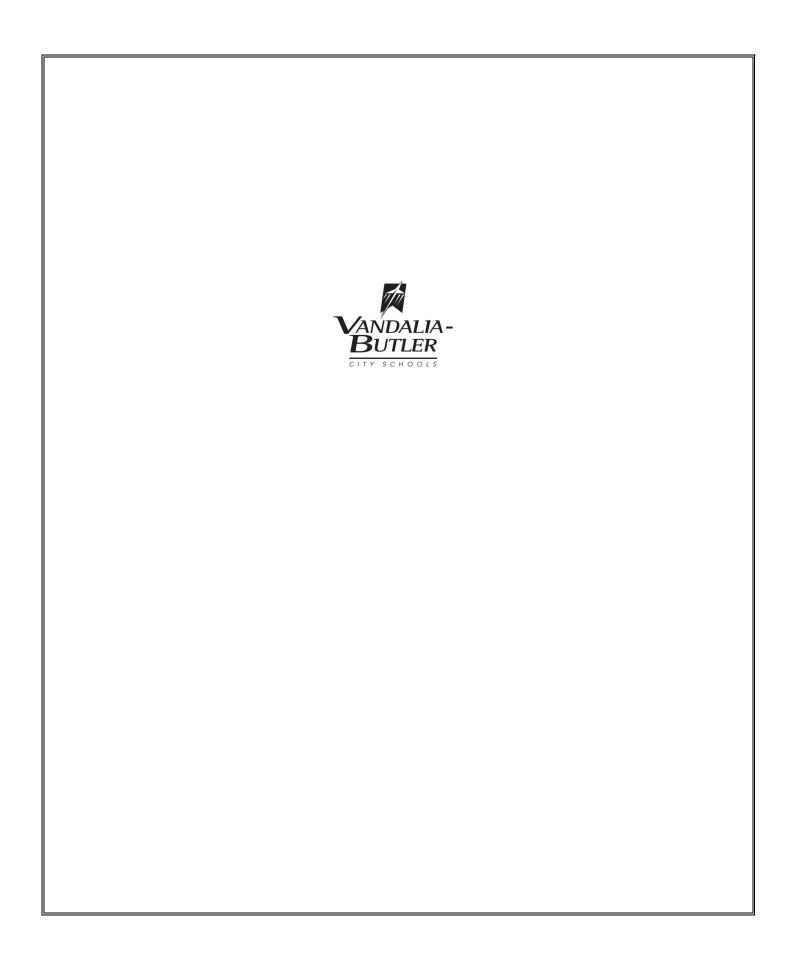
A fund that is restricted to provide for the education of handicapped children ages three through five, and account for the monies received and expended for the purpose of this grant.

#### **Title II-A Fund**

A fund that is restricted for monies to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1 through 3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

#### **Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund**

A fund that is restricted for various monies received through state agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere.



#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Food Services		Special Trust		Student Managed Activities		Athletics	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	515,092	\$	4,552	\$	100,490	\$	53,792
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Prepayments		566		-		-		33
Materials and supplies inventory		5,409		-				-
Inventory held for resale		27,600				-		
Total assets	\$	548,667	\$	4,552	\$	100,490	\$	53,825
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	4,769	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits		94,033		-		-		-
Compensated absenses payable		4,888		-				-
Early retirement incentive		17,475		-		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		1,229		-		-		-
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		24,371		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		_
Total liabilities		146,765						
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		=				
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		5,409		-		-		-
Prepayments		566		-		-		33
Restricted:								
Food service operations		395,927		-		-		-
Federally funded programs		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		100,490		53,792
Other purposes		-		4,552		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)				_				
Total fund balances (deficits)		401,902		4,552		100,490		53,825
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	548,667	\$	4,552	\$	100,490	\$	53,825

Race to the Top		Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief		Special Education		Title I		Title IV-A		Improving Teacher Quality		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	1,050	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	674,976
	-		510,965		132,985		105,150		1,040		5,253		755,393
	-		-		-		-		-		-		599
	-		-		-		- -		-		-		5,409 27,600
\$	1,050	\$	510,965	\$	132,985	\$	105,150	\$	1,040	\$	5,253	\$	1,463,977
\$	-	\$	20,250	\$	-	\$	11,930	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,949
	-		67,872		41,585		51,050		-		1,200		255,740
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,888
	-		-		-		-		-		-		17,475
	-		977		603		740		-		17		3,566
	-		18,295		10,602		8,678		-		336		62,282
	_		403,571		39,547		33,552		1,040		3,833		481,543
	-		510,965		92,337		105,950		1,040		5,386		862,443
	-		6,078		53,891		24,776		-		-		84,745
	-		6,078		53,891		24,776		-				84,745
													5,409
	-		-		-		-		-		-		599
	-		-		-		-		_		-		395,927
	1,050		-		-		-		-		-		1,050
	-		-		-		-		-		-		154,282
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,552
	<u> </u>		(6,078)		(13,243)		(25,576)		_		(133)		(45,030)
	1,050		(6,078)		(13,243)		(25,576)	-	-	-	(133)		516,789
\$	1,050	\$	510,965	\$	132,985	\$	105,150	\$	1,040	\$	5,253	\$	1,463,977

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES / (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Food Service	 Special Trust	N	Student Ianaged activities	 Athletics
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,731,957	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Extracurricular		-	_		70,343	250,206
Charges for services		164,410	_		-	-
Contributions and donations		-	1,420		-	-
Other local revenues		5,118	-		-	-
Total revenues		1,901,485	 1,420		70,343	250,206
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		-	_		-	-
Special		_	_		-	-
Support services:						
Pupil		-	-		-	-
Instructional staff		-	_		1,433	-
Administration		-	-		-	-
Operations and maintenance		-	-		-	-
Pupil transportation		-	-		-	-
Central		-	-		-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		1,481,580	-		-	-
Other non-instructional services		-	-		-	-
Extracurricular activities		_	 1,200		67,071	 228,382
Total expenditures		1,481,580	 1,200		68,504	 228,382
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		419,905	 220		1,839	 21,824
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		63,702	_		_	_
1144101410 111	-		 			 
Total other financing sources		63,702	 			 
Net change in fund balances		483,607	220		1,839	21,824
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year		(81,705)	 4,332		98,651	 32,001
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$	401,902	\$ 4,552	\$	100,490	\$ 53,825

	uxiliary ervices	W	tudent Tellness Success	cellaneous te Grants	ace to ne Top	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief			Special ducation
\$	-	\$	1,429	\$ 14,914	\$ -	\$	1,640,581	\$	785,489
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-	_	-		-		_
-	_		1,429	14,914	_		1,640,581		785,489
	-		_	_	-		406,707		_
	2,773		-	-	-		82,604		246,463
	-		-	14,914	-		605,195		469,868
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		521,616 7,897		-
	-		-	-	-		16,200		-
							10,200		
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	40,652		-	-	-		2,761		33,442
	42 425	-		 14.014	 -		1 (42 090		740 772
	43,425			14,914	 <u>-</u> _	-	1,642,980		749,773
	(43,425)		1,429	 			(2,399)		35,716
	_		_	_	_		-		-
			_						_
	(42.425)	_	1 126				(2.262)	-	25.71.5
	(43,425)		1,429	-	-		(2,399)		35,716
	43,425		(1,429)	 	 1,050		(3,679)		(48,959)
\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 1,050	\$	(6,078)	\$	(13,243)

(Continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES / (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2022

	 Title I	Ti	tle IV-A	Hai	reschool idicapped Grant	Ti	tle II-A
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 519,295	\$	17,164	\$	23,452	\$	47,178
Extracurricular	-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-
Contributions and donations	-		-		-		-
Other local revenues	-		-		-		-
Total revenues	519,295		17,164		23,452		47,178
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	_		17,164		_		_
Special	461,035		-		23,452		-
Support services:	,				,		
Pupil	_		-		_		_
Instructional staff	_		-		_		39,686
Administration	29,239		-		_		· -
Operations and maintenance	-		-		-		-
Pupil transportation	-		-		-		-
Central	-		-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations	-		-		-		-
Other non-instructional services	29,739		-		-		7,941
Extracurricular activities	-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 520,013		17,164		23,452		47,627
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (718)				_		(449)
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	 -				-		
Total other financine comme							
Total other financing sources	 		<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>		<del></del>
Net change in fund balances	(718)		-		-		(449)
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year	 (24,858)						316
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$ (25,576)	\$		\$		\$	(133)

	Total
	Nonmajor
Miscellaneous	Special Revenue
<b>Federal Grants</b>	Funds
\$ -	\$ 4,781,459
-	320,549
-	164,410
-	1,420
	5,118
	5,272,956
444	424,315
-	816,327
-	1,089,977
-	41,119
-	29,239
-	521,616
_	7,897
_	16,200
	,
-	1,481,580
-	114,535
-	296,653
444	4,839,458
	,,
(444)	433,498
-	63,702
	63,702
(444)	497,200
444	19,589
\$ -	\$ 516,789

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Over (Under)	
Food Service Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,881,452	\$	1,881,685	\$	233
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,405,210		1,388,778		16,432
Net Change in Fund Balances		476,242		492,907		16,665
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(46,122) 49,136		(46,122) 49,136		- -
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	479,256	\$	495,921	\$	16,665
Special Trust Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,302	\$	1,420	\$	118
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,200		1,200		
Net Change in Fund Balances		102		220		118
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,332		4,332		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,434	\$	4,552	\$	118
Student Managed Activity Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	70,343	\$	70,343	\$	-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		90,884		68,504		22,380
Net Change in Fund Balances		(20,541)		1,839		22,380
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		97,468		97,468		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,183		1,183	-	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	78,110	\$	100,490	\$	22,380

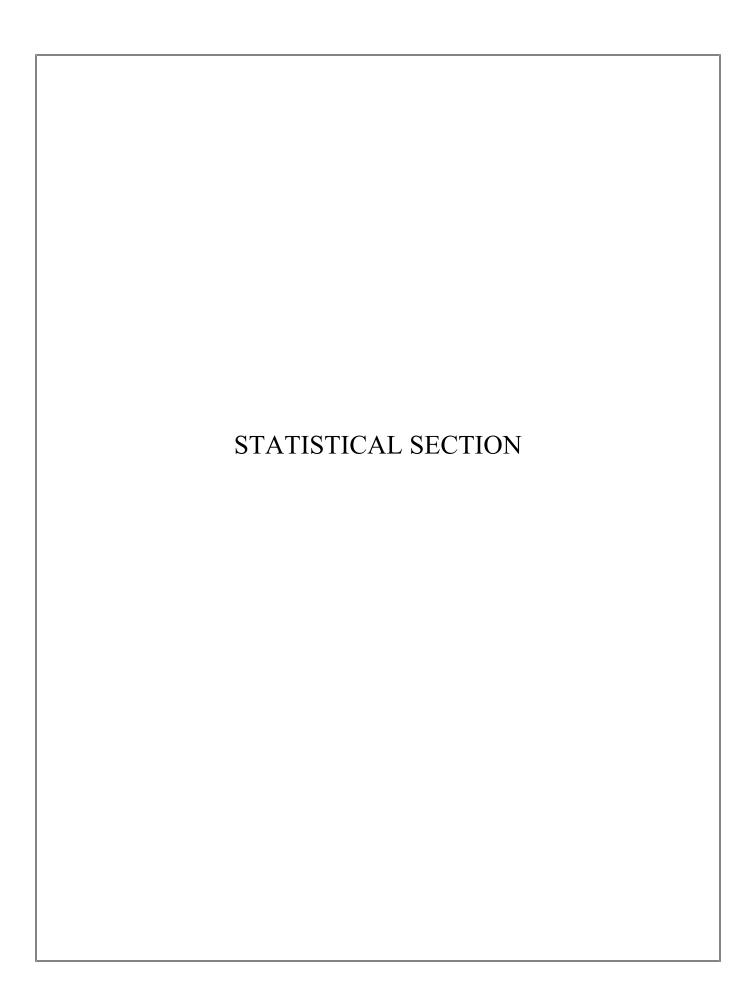
	Budgeted Amounts Final				Variance with Final Budget-	
				Actual		Over (Under)
Athletics Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	212,273	\$	213,073	\$	800
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		225,322		224,345		977
Net Change in Fund Balances		(13,049)		(11,272)		1,777
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		22,316 9,826		22,316 9,826		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	19,093	\$	20,870	\$	1,777
Auxiliary Services Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	-	\$	(2,976)	\$	(2,976)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		60,727		57,751		2,976
Net Change in Fund Balances		(60,727)		(60,727)		-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		22,322 38,405		22,322 38,405		- -
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Student Wellness and Success Fund						
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	27,297	\$	27,297	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(27,297)		(27,297)		-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		27,297		27,297		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Miscellaneous State Grants Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	14,914	\$	14,914	\$	-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		14,914		14,914		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$		\$		\$	-

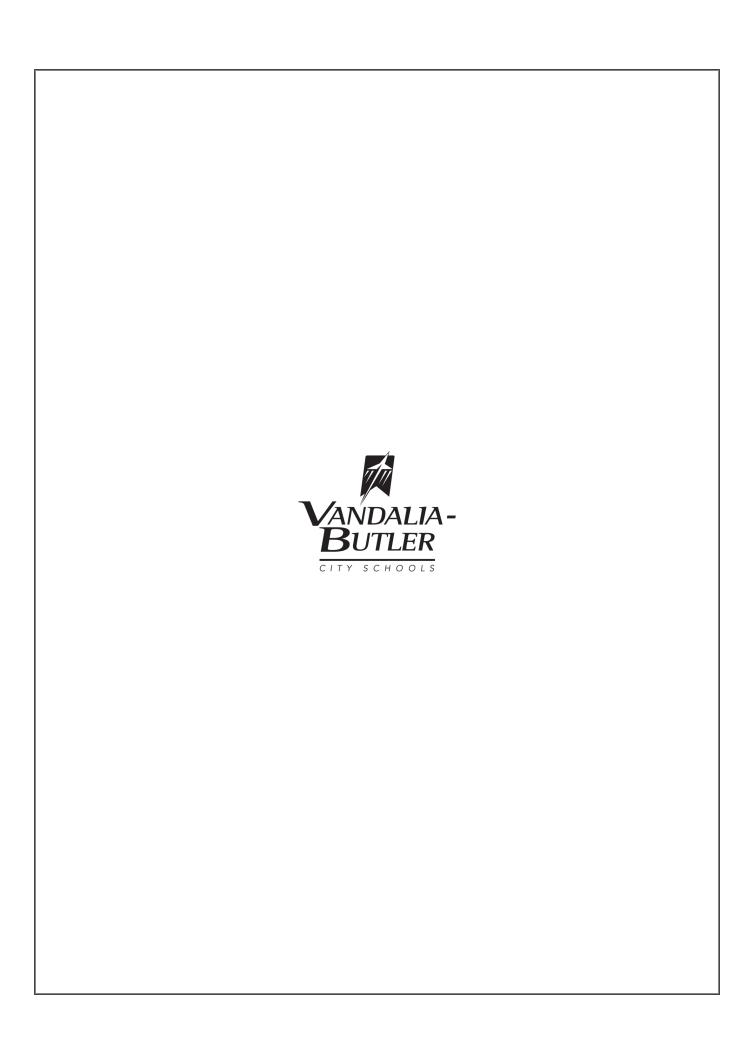
	Budgeted Amounts  Final					riance with nal Budget-
			Actual		Over (Under)	
Race to the Top Fund						
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	1,050	\$		\$	1,050
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,050)		-		1,050
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,050		1,050		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$		\$	1,050	\$	1,050
ESSER Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	5,569,917	\$	1,627,140	\$	(3,942,777)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		2,354,286		2,299,059		55,227
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,215,631		(671,919)		(3,887,550)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(477,611) 5,233		(477,611) 5,233		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	2,743,253	\$	(1,144,297)	\$	(3,887,550)
Special Education Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,029,168	\$	784,067	\$	(245,101)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		871,323		871,323		
Net Change in Fund Balances		157,845		(87,256)		(245,101)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(99,256) 58,397		(99,256) 58,397		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	116,986	\$	(128,115)	\$	(245,101)

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Over (Under)	
Title I Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	719,929	\$	540,090	\$	(179,839)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		517,525		517,375		150
Net Change in Fund Balances		202,404		22,715		(179,689)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(70,867) 2,670		(70,867) 2,670		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	134,207	\$	(45,482)	\$	(179,689)
Title IV-A Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	38,590	\$	16,124	\$	(22,466)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		17,164		17,164		
Net Change in Fund Balances		21,426		(1,040)		(22,466)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	21,426	\$	(1,040)	\$	(22,466)
Preschool Handicapped Grant Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	23,452	\$	23,452	\$	-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		23,452		23,452		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Title II-A Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	212,830	\$	53,888	\$	(158,942)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		57,237		57,237		
Net Change in Fund Balances		155,593		(3,349)		(158,942)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(11,598) 9,814		(11,598) 9,814		- -
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	153,809	\$	(5,133)	\$	(158,942)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		idgeted mounts		Final	nce with Budget-
	. <u></u>	Final	 Actual	_	Over nder)
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund					
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,434	\$ 1,434	\$	-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		983	 444		539
Net Change in Fund Balances		451	990		539
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(1,976) 986	 (1,976) 986		- -
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	(539)	\$ 	\$	539





#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Vandalia-Butler City School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

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These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	128-134
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These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.	135-136
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These schedules contain service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.	137-142

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year. Fiscal year 2015 was the School District's first year implementation of GASB 68/71. Fiscal year 2018 was the School District's first year implementation of GASB 75. Fiscal Year 2020 was the School District's first year implementation of GASB 84.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	2022	2021	2020 (5)	2019 (4)
Governmental activities	 		 	 
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,393,449	\$ 1,505,596	\$ 1,829,026	\$ (1,650,343)
Restricted for:				
Debt service	1,584,403	3,643,784	3,111,473	2,239,434
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Other purposes	540,595	146,082	356,547	186,069
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,773,193)	 (28,433,764)	 (25,823,021)	 (20,663,363)
Total Net Position	\$ (19,254,746)	\$ (23,138,302)	\$ (20,525,975)	\$ (19,888,203)

Source: School District financial records.

- (1) Amounts restated to correctly reflect net position classifications.
- (2) Amounts restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 & 71.
- (3) Amount restated to to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 and a restatement of capital assets.
- (4) Amount restated to to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.
- (5) Amounts restated due to revaluation of School District capital assets

 2018	2017 (3)	2016		2015		2014 (2)	 2013 (1)
\$ (1,190,028)	\$ (1,987,524)	\$	(1,597,889)	\$	(1,184,628)	\$ (484,368)	\$ 170,125
1,857,724	1,409,866		1,415,459		463,765	1,630,533	1,517,354
-	31,712		31,712		31,712	31,044	-
253,155	312,766		381,085		388,577	404,195	268,390
 (22,113,644)	 (38,459,896)		(29,951,139)		(33,544,720)	 (39,371,130)	 (395,651)
\$ (21,192,793)	\$ (38,693,076)	\$	(29,720,772)	\$	(33,845,294)	\$ (37,789,726)	\$ 1,560,218

# CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction					
Regular	\$ 15,611,715	\$ 17,212,979	\$ 16,515,590	\$	12,328,864
Special	7,226,547	8,393,203	8,395,743		7,039,547
Vocational	125,321	150,145	107,357		140,457
Other	1,294,829	2,384,163	1,687,482		1,714,263
Support services:					
Pupil	3,565,496	3,819,912	3,735,732		2,995,156
Instructional staff	699,555	906,198	759,882		769,204
Board of education	32,568	17,157	44,929		29,071
Administration	2,479,487	2,891,491	2,715,437		2,311,084
Business and Fiscal	1,348,830	1,317,225	1,385,901		1,200,311
Operations and maintenance	3,563,826	3,524,410	3,219,040		2,617,297
Pupil transportation	2,364,991	2,103,386	2,246,347		2,398,335
Central	703,622	1,421,672	616,392		541,737
Operation of non-instructional services	1,762,733	1,616,927	1,748,174		1,715,447
Extracurricular activities	1,189,758	938,289	1,162,413		969,830
Interest and fiscal charges	1,552,918	1,643,143	1,770,477		2,018,582
Total expenses	43,522,196	48,340,300	46,110,896		38,789,185
Program Revenues					
Charges for services:					
Instruction:					
Regular	582,840	482,924	532,979		429,091
Special	158,728	173,416	257,739		288,929
Support services:					
Instructional staff	1,471	-	1,260		-
Administration	-	-	-		-
Business and fiscal	-	-	-		-
Operations and maintenance	43,934	48,388	65,183		43,477
Pupil transportation	6,440	5,145	4,700		5,625
Central	· <u>-</u>	3,365	-		-
Operation of non-instructional services	400,613	282,052	738,855		925,662
Extracurricular activities	517,912	254,305	355,532		257,875
Total charges for services	 1,711,938	 1,249,595	 1,956,248	-	1,950,659

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013	
•	6 001 400	•	12.255.401	•	12 254 525	•	10.054.050	Φ.	12 522 064 4		
\$	6,031,402	\$	13,377,481	\$	12,254,585	\$	12,854,072	\$	12,533,864	•	14,805,862
	4,375,068		6,126,422		5,938,086		4,823,854		4,797,836		5,366,398
	51,188		124,191		111,072		74,588		163,168		216,339
	1,646,675		2,031,034		1,422,141		2,048,218		1,962,327		2,125,598
	1,348,970		2,267,876		2,466,891		2,717,798		2,670,711		3,098,615
	706,095		1,520,003		759,097		1,161,188		1,239,596		2,840,679
	17,802		48,292		21,332		23,330		22,660		35,205
	1,044,199		2,339,318		2,215,861		1,921,358		1,990,412		2,183,002
	828,075		1,210,506		1,191,085		1,278,338		1,115,092		1,055,196
	2,308,914		2,819,726		2,448,628		2,334,581		2,927,525		2,545,988
	2,122,766		1,990,006		1,767,904		1,559,492		1,415,855		1,395,055
	479,474		562,886		565,096		192,475		198,884		347,349
	1,251,517		1,944,001		1,656,622		1,784,398		1,555,594		1,671,353
	575,219		1,039,167		734,797		574,349		534,579		983,793
	2,370,917		2,491,622		2,641,845		2,885,244		2,598,370		2,612,752
	25,158,281		39,892,531		36,195,042		36,233,283		35,726,473		41,283,184
	888,320		437,030		768,088		325,162		636,358		386,273
	158,949		124,115		339,986		265,163		270,741		59,224
	-		_		13,324		118,630		70,306		103,189
	-		-		-		19,319		21,416		29,345
	_		2		-		4,739		55,698		75,927
	27,963		23,317		40,892		31,801		16,546		46,133
	3,930		-		6,692		6,930		50,337		67,251
	-		8,077		-		-		-		-
	887,679		898,195		853,036		839,134		866,340		665,285
	296,037		431,735		369,209		444,616		423,619		625,596
	2,262,878		1,922,471		2,391,227		2,055,494		2,411,361		2,058,223

<sup>-</sup> Continued

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	2022	2021		2020		2019
Operating grants and contributions:	 	 	-		-	
Instruction:						
Regular	425,300	616,806		161,325		10,949
Special	1,452,385	1,753,156		1,688,657		1,700,204
Vocational	1,017	18,083		18,083		17,940
Other instructional	-	-		-		-
Support services:						
Pupil	1,277,244	602,811		392,341		449,630
Instructional staff	39,087	224,406		116,779		73,165
Administration	29,057	33,746		32,538		44,084
Business and fiscal	-	6,895		11,707		7,358
Operations and maintenance	521,616	110,241		-		-
Pupil transportation	162,392	71,655		66,785		131,401
Central	16,200	375,237		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services	1,812,176	943,765		583,805		750,917
Extracurricular activities	1,420	1,444		1,752		1,268
Total operating grants and contributions	 5,737,894	4,758,245		3,073,772		3,186,916
Capital grants and contributions: Instruction: Regular Support services: Administration Operations and maintenance Total capital grants and contributions	 - - - -	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -
Total program revenues	 7,449,832	6,007,840		5,030,020		5,137,575
1 0	 	 				
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	\$ (36,072,364)	\$ (42,332,460)	\$	(41,080,876)	\$	(33,651,610)
General Revenues Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service Payment in lieu of taxes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total governmental activities	\$ 26,616,932 3,613,663 1,973,871 7,323,534 (102,653) 530,573 39,955,920	\$ 24,703,900 3,502,138 2,700,173 7,855,009 33,244 925,669 39,720,133	\$	22,625,203 3,249,587 2,430,288 7,578,719 526,074 325,629 36,735,500	\$	21,485,989 2,853,391 912,238 8,628,293 641,559 313,457 34,834,927
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	\$ 3,883,556	\$ (2,612,327)	\$	(4,345,376)	\$	1,183,317

Source: School District financial records.

1,908,875     1,515,558     1,621,160     1,495,513     1,563,453     899,614       16,949     13,261     17,441     17,333     16,587       -     -     -     -     21,800       326,875     119,168     99,339     97,352     333,953     180,456       158,866     915,047     94,537     142,998     158,736     242,744       6,320     36,548     43,315     35,834     51,489     64,700       10,372     10,177     10,544     10,293     2,621     2,144       -     -     4     1,548     16,422     4,135     11,702       144,614     123,143     88,362     52,028     99,941     -     -     -     2,735     -     4,066       725,073     815,055     730,195     770,384     606,256     737,245       117,412     56,885     68,622     14,034     517     -       -     -     -     -     -     926,230       771,561     -     -     -     -     436     73,325       771,561     -     -     -     -     -     -     96,230       \$ (18,687,991)     \$ (34,356,645)     \$ (31,019,852)     \$ (31,479,823) <t< th=""><th>2018</th><th> 2017</th><th>2016</th><th>2015</th><th> 2014</th><th>2013</th></t<>	2018	 2017	2016	2015	 2014	2013
16,949       13,261       17,441       17,333       16,587         326,875       119,168       99,339       97,352       333,953       180,450         158,866       915,047       94,537       142,998       158,736       242,744         6,320       36,548       43,315       35,834       51,489       64,700         10,372       10,177       10,544       10,293       2,621       2,14         -       -       4       1,548       16,422       4,135       11,702         144,614       123,143       88,362       52,028       99,941	20,495	8,569	8,900	43,040	169,114	105,106
326,875         119,168         99,339         97,352         333,953         180,456           158,866         915,047         94,537         142,998         158,736         242,744           6,320         36,548         43,315         35,834         51,489         64,700           10,372         10,177         10,544         10,293         2,621         2,144           -         4         1,548         16,422         4,135         11,702           144,614         123,143         88,362         52,028         99,941         -           -         -         -         2,735         -         4,068           725,073         815,055         730,195         770,384         606,256         737,245           117,412         56,885         68,622         14,034         517         -           3,435,851         3,613,415         2,783,963         2,697,966         3,028,602         2,247,773           -         -         -         -         -         -         -         926,236           -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         926,236           -						899,614
326,875         119,168         99,339         97,352         333,953         180,456           158,866         915,047         94,537         142,998         158,736         242,744           6,320         36,548         43,315         35,834         51,489         64,700           10,372         10,177         10,544         10,293         2,621         2,144           1-         4         1,548         16,422         4,135         117,02           144,614         123,143         88,362         52,028         99,941         -           725,073         815,055         730,195         770,384         606,256         737,245           117,412         56,885         68,622         14,034         517         -           3,435,851         3,613,415         2,783,963         2,697,966         3,028,602         2,247,773           771,561         -         -         -         436         7,326           771,561         -         -         -         436         933,556           6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$         23,263,208         \$22,529,610 <t< td=""><td>16,949</td><td>13,261</td><td>17,441</td><td>17,333</td><td>16,587</td><td>-</td></t<>	16,949	13,261	17,441	17,333	16,587	-
158,866         915,047         94,537         142,998         158,736         242,744           6,320         36,548         43,315         35,834         51,489         64,700           10,372         10,177         10,544         10,293         2,621         2,144           -         4         1,548         16,422         4,135         11,702           144,614         123,143         88,362         52,028         99,941         -           -         -         -         2,735         -         4,068           725,073         815,055         730,195         770,384         606,256         737,245           117,412         56,885         68,622         14,034         517         -           -         -         -         -         -         926,230           771,561         -         -         -         436         933,550           6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$         (18,687,991)         \$ (34,356,645)         \$ (31,019,852)         \$ (31,479,823)         \$ (30,286,074)         \$ (36,043,632)           \$         23,263,208         \$ 22,529,610<	-	-	-	-	21,800	-
6,320         36,548         43,315         35,834         51,489         64,700           10,372         10,177         10,544         10,293         2,621         2,144           -         4         1,548         16,422         4,135         11,702           144,614         123,143         88,362         52,028         99,941         -           -         -         -         2,735         -         4,068           725,073         815,055         730,195         770,384         606,256         737,245           117,412         56,885         68,622         14,034         517         -           3,435,851         3,613,415         2,783,963         2,697,966         3,028,602         2,247,773           -         -         -         -         -         -         -         926,230           771,561         -         -         -         -         436         933,556           6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$         (18,687,991)         \$ (34,356,645)         \$ (31,019,852)         \$ (31,479,823)         \$ (30,286,074)         \$ (36,043,632)	326,875	119,168	99,339	97,352	333,953	180,450
10,372         10,177         10,544         10,293         2,621         2,144           -         4         1,548         16,422         4,135         11,702           144,614         123,143         88,362         52,028         99,941         -           -         -         2,735         -         4,066           725,073         815,055         730,195         770,384         606,256         737,245           117,412         56,885         68,622         14,034         517         -           3,435,851         3,613,415         2,783,963         2,697,966         3,028,602         2,247,773           -         -         -         -         -         436         73326           771,561         -         -         -         -         436         933,556           6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$ (18,687,991)         \$ (34,356,645)         \$ (31,019,852)         \$ (31,479,823)         \$ (30,286,074)         \$ (36,043,632)           \$ 23,263,208         \$ 22,529,610         \$ 21,680,644         \$ 22,407,753         \$ 19,619,494         \$ 16,412,104           3,091,28	158,866	915,047	94,537	142,998	158,736	242,744
144,614	6,320	36,548	43,315	35,834	51,489	64,700
144,614       123,143       88,362       52,028       99,941       4,066         -       -       -       2,735       -       4,066         725,073       815,055       730,195       770,384       606,256       737,245         117,412       56,885       68,622       14,034       517       -         3,435,851       3,613,415       2,783,963       2,697,966       3,028,602       2,247,773         -       -       -       -       -       926,230         771,561       -       -       -       436       7,326         771,561       -       -       -       436       933,556         6,470,290       5,535,886       5,175,190       4,753,460       5,440,399       5,239,552         \$       (18,687,991)       \$ (34,356,645)       \$ (31,019,852)       \$ (31,479,823)       \$ (30,286,074)       \$ (36,043,632)         \$       23,263,208       \$ 22,529,610       \$ 21,680,644       \$ 22,407,753       \$ 19,619,494       \$ 16,412,104         3,091,288       3,188,974       3,059,501       3,091,260       2,997,705       2,843,666         988,861       1,115,807       1,058,075       735,631       748,597	10,372	10,177	10,544	10,293	2,621	2,144
725,073       815,055       730,195       770,384       606,256       737,245         117,412       56,885       68,622       14,034       517       -         3,435,851       3,613,415       2,783,963       2,697,966       3,028,602       2,247,773         -       -       -       -       -       926,230         771,561       -       -       -       436       7,320         771,561       -       -       -       436       933,550         6,470,290       5,535,886       5,175,190       4,753,460       5,440,399       5,239,552         \$ (18,687,991)       \$ (34,356,645)       \$ (31,019,852)       \$ (31,479,823)       \$ (30,286,074)       \$ (36,043,632)         \$ 23,263,208       \$ 22,529,610       \$ 21,680,644       \$ 22,407,753       \$ 19,619,494       \$ 16,412,104         3,091,288       3,188,974       3,059,501       3,091,260       2,997,705       2,843,668         988,861       1,115,807       1,058,075       735,631       748,597       865,818         8,453,593       8,943,941       9,145,686       9,099,448       9,193,259       9,579,912         213,996       147,363       170,691       7,079       38,255	-	4	1,548	16,422	4,135	11,702
725,073         815,055         730,195         770,384         606,256         737,245           117,412         56,885         68,622         14,034         517         -           3,435,851         3,613,415         2,783,963         2,697,966         3,028,602         2,247,773           -         -         -         -         -         926,230           771,561         -         -         -         436         7,320           771,561         -         -         -         436         933,550           6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$ (18,687,991)         \$ (34,356,645)         \$ (31,019,852)         \$ (31,479,823)         \$ (30,286,074)         \$ (36,043,632)           \$ 23,263,208         \$ 22,529,610         \$ 21,680,644         \$ 22,407,753         \$ 19,619,494         \$ 16,412,104           3,091,288         3,188,974         3,059,501         3,091,260         2,997,705         2,843,666           988,861         1,115,807         1,058,075         735,631         748,597         865,818           8,453,593         8,943,941         9,145,686         9,099,448         9,193,259         9,579,	144,614	123,143	88,362	52,028	99,941	-
117,412         56,885         68,622         14,034         517           3,435,851         3,613,415         2,783,963         2,697,966         3,028,602         2,247,773           -         -         -         -         -         926,230           771,561         -         -         -         436         7,320           771,561         -         -         -         436         933,550           6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$ (18,687,991)         \$ (34,356,645)         \$ (31,019,852)         \$ (31,479,823)         \$ (30,286,074)         \$ (36,043,632)           \$ 23,263,208         \$ 22,529,610         \$ 21,680,644         \$ 22,407,753         \$ 19,619,494         \$ 16,412,104           3,091,288         3,188,974         3,059,501         3,091,260         2,997,705         2,843,668           988,861         1,115,807         1,058,075         735,631         748,597         865,818           8,453,593         8,943,941         9,145,686         9,099,448         9,193,259         9,579,912           213,996         147,363         170,691         7,079         38,255         43,354	-	-	-		-	4,068
3,435,851       3,613,415       2,783,963       2,697,966       3,028,602       2,247,773         -       -       -       -       -       926,236         771,561       -       -       -       436       7,326         771,561       -       -       -       436       933,556         6,470,290       5,535,886       5,175,190       4,753,460       5,440,399       5,239,552         \$ (18,687,991)       \$ (34,356,645)       \$ (31,019,852)       \$ (31,479,823)       \$ (30,286,074)       \$ (36,043,632)         \$ 23,263,208       \$ 22,529,610       \$ 21,680,644       \$ 22,407,753       \$ 19,619,494       \$ 16,412,104         3,091,288       3,188,974       3,059,501       3,091,260       2,997,705       2,843,668         988,861       1,115,807       1,058,075       735,631       748,597       865,818         8,453,593       8,943,941       9,145,686       9,099,448       9,193,259       9,579,912         213,996       147,363       170,691       7,079       38,255       43,354         177,328       154,072       29,777       83,084       175,954       8,230         36,188,274       36,079,767       35,144,374       35,424,255 <td>725,073</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>770,384</td> <td>606,256</td> <td>737,245</td>	725,073			770,384	606,256	737,245
771,561       -       -       -       436       7,326         771,561       -       -       -       -       436       7,326         771,561       -       -       -       -       436       933,556         6,470,290       5,535,886       5,175,190       4,753,460       5,440,399       5,239,552         \$ (18,687,991)       \$ (34,356,645)       \$ (31,019,852)       \$ (31,479,823)       \$ (30,286,074)       \$ (36,043,632)         \$ 23,263,208       \$ 22,529,610       \$ 21,680,644       \$ 22,407,753       \$ 19,619,494       \$ 16,412,104         3,091,288       3,188,974       3,059,501       3,091,260       2,997,705       2,843,666         988,861       1,115,807       1,058,075       735,631       748,597       865,818         8,453,593       8,943,941       9,145,686       9,099,448       9,193,259       9,579,912         213,996       147,363       170,691       7,079       38,255       43,354         177,328       154,072       29,777       83,084       175,954       8,230         36,188,274       36,079,767       35,144,374       35,424,255       32,773,264       29,753,086		56,885		 		-
771,561         -         -         -         436         7,326           771,561         -         -         -         436         7,326           6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$ (18,687,991)         \$ (34,356,645)         \$ (31,019,852)         \$ (31,479,823)         \$ (30,286,074)         \$ (36,043,632)           \$ 23,263,208         \$ 22,529,610         \$ 21,680,644         \$ 22,407,753         \$ 19,619,494         \$ 16,412,104           3,091,288         3,188,974         3,059,501         3,091,260         2,997,705         2,843,668           988,861         1,115,807         1,058,075         735,631         748,597         865,818           8,453,593         8,943,941         9,145,686         9,099,448         9,193,259         9,579,912           213,996         147,363         170,691         7,079         38,255         43,354           177,328         154,072         29,777         83,084         175,954         8,230           36,188,274         36,079,767         35,144,374         35,424,255         32,773,264         29,753,086	3,435,851	3,613,415	2,783,963	 2,697,966	 3,028,602	2,247,773
6,470,290         5,535,886         5,175,190         4,753,460         5,440,399         5,239,552           \$ (18,687,991)         \$ (34,356,645)         \$ (31,019,852)         \$ (31,479,823)         \$ (30,286,074)         \$ (36,043,632)           \$ 23,263,208         \$ 22,529,610         \$ 21,680,644         \$ 22,407,753         \$ 19,619,494         \$ 16,412,104           3,091,288         3,188,974         3,059,501         3,091,260         2,997,705         2,843,668           988,861         1,115,807         1,058,075         735,631         748,597         865,818           8,453,593         8,943,941         9,145,686         9,099,448         9,193,259         9,579,912           213,996         147,363         170,691         7,079         38,255         43,354           177,328         154,072         29,777         83,084         175,954         8,236           36,188,274         36,079,767         35,144,374         35,424,255         32,773,264         29,753,086	<u> </u>	 - - -	 - - -	 - - -		7,326 933,556
\$\( (18,687,991) \) \$\( (34,356,645) \) \$\( (31,019,852) \) \$\( (31,479,823) \) \$\( (30,286,074) \) \$\( (36,043,632) \) \$\( 23,263,208 \) \$\( 22,529,610 \) \$\( 21,680,644 \) \$\( 22,407,753 \) \$\( 19,619,494 \) \$\( 16,412,104 \) \$\( 3,091,288 \) \$\( 3,188,974 \) \$\( 3,059,501 \) \$\( 3,091,260 \) \$\( 2,997,705 \) \$\( 2,843,668 \) \$\( 988,861 \) \$\( 1,115,807 \) \$\( 1,058,075 \) \$\( 735,631 \) \$\( 748,597 \) \$\( 865,818 \) \$\( 8,453,593 \) \$\( 8,943,941 \) \$\( 9,145,686 \) \$\( 9,099,448 \) \$\( 9,193,259 \) \$\( 9,579,912 \) \$\( 213,996 \) \$\( 147,363 \) \$\( 170,691 \) \$\( 7,079 \) \$\( 38,255 \) \$\( 43,354 \) \$\( 177,328 \) \$\( 154,072 \) \$\( 29,777 \) \$\( 83,084 \) \$\( 175,954 \) \$\( 8,236 \) \$\( 36,188,274 \) \$\( 36,079,767 \) \$\( 35,144,374 \) \$\( 35,424,255 \) \$\( 32,773,264 \) \$\( 29,753,086 \) \$\\  \)		5.525.007	5 175 100	4.752.460		<u> </u>
\$ 23,263,208 \$ 22,529,610 \$ 21,680,644 \$ 22,407,753 \$ 19,619,494 \$ 16,412,104   3,091,288 3,188,974 3,059,501 3,091,260 2,997,705 2,843,668   988,861 1,115,807 1,058,075 735,631 748,597 865,818   8,453,593 8,943,941 9,145,686 9,099,448 9,193,259 9,579,912   213,996 147,363 170,691 7,079 38,255 43,354   177,328 154,072 29,777 83,084 175,954 8,236   36,188,274 36,079,767 35,144,374 35,424,255 32,773,264 29,753,086	6,470,290	 5,535,886	 5,1/5,190	 4,/53,460	 5,440,399	5,239,552
3,091,288       3,188,974       3,059,501       3,091,260       2,997,705       2,843,668         988,861       1,115,807       1,058,075       735,631       748,597       865,818         8,453,593       8,943,941       9,145,686       9,099,448       9,193,259       9,579,912         213,996       147,363       170,691       7,079       38,255       43,354         177,328       154,072       29,777       83,084       175,954       8,230         36,188,274       36,079,767       35,144,374       35,424,255       32,773,264       29,753,086	\$ (18,687,991)	\$ (34,356,645)	\$ (31,019,852)	\$ (31,479,823)	\$ (30,286,074) \$	(36,043,632)
213,996     147,363     170,691     7,079     38,255     43,354       177,328     154,072     29,777     83,084     175,954     8,230       36,188,274     36,079,767     35,144,374     35,424,255     32,773,264     29,753,086	\$ 3,091,288	\$ 3,188,974	\$ 3,059,501	\$ 3,091,260	\$ 2,997,705	16,412,104 2,843,668 865,818
213,996     147,363     170,691     7,079     38,255     43,354       177,328     154,072     29,777     83,084     175,954     8,230       36,188,274     36,079,767     35,144,374     35,424,255     32,773,264     29,753,086	8,453,593	8,943.941	9,145.686	9,099,448	9,193.259	9,579,912
177,328         154,072         29,777         83,084         175,954         8,230           36,188,274         36,079,767         35,144,374         35,424,255         32,773,264         29,753,086						43,354
36,188,274 36,079,767 35,144,374 35,424,255 32,773,264 29,753,086						8,230
\$ 17,500,283 \$ 1,723,122 \$ 4,124,522 \$ 3,944,432 \$ 2,487,190 \$ (6,290,546)						29,753,086
\$ 17,500,283 \ \\$ 1,723,122 \ \\$ 4,124,522 \ \\$ 3,944,432 \ \\$ 2,487,190 \\$ (6,290,546)						
	\$ 17,500,283	\$ 1,723,122	\$ 4,124,522	\$ 3,944,432	\$ 2,487,190 \$	(6,290,546)

#### FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2022		2021	 2020	2019 (1)		
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	\$ 61,270	\$	76,699	\$ 76,637	\$	75,009	
Assigned	7,230,908		5,087,916	7,774,235		7,120,202	
Unassigned	 2,098,777		4,259,927	 2,675,886		5,675,368	
Total general fund	\$ 9,390,955	\$	9,424,542	\$ 10,526,758	\$	12,870,579	
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Nonspendable	\$ 6,008	\$	4,120	\$ 4,035	\$	3,947	
Restricted	2,717,786		4,238,726	3,931,883		3,549,375	
Committed	-		-	-		2,886	
Unassigned (deficit)	 (45,030)	-	(164,717)	 (160,736)		(157,842)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,678,764	\$	4,078,129	\$ 3,775,182	\$	3,398,366	
Total governmental funds	\$ 12,069,719	\$	13,502,671	\$ 14,301,940	\$	16,268,945	

Source: School District financial records.

(1) Amounts have been reclassified to conform to 2020's presentation

Note: The District implemented GASB 84 in fiscal year 2020.

2018	 2017	 2016		2015		2014	 2013		
\$ 95,572 2,180,009 13,285,993	\$ 69,089 1,863,659 12,492,792	\$ 25,914 1,286,370 10,403,109	\$	47,405 1,374,728 7,021,210	\$	55,216 1,043,776 2,359,340	\$ 11,692 1,019,637		
\$ 15,561,574	\$ 14,425,540	\$ 11,715,393	\$	8,443,343	\$	3,458,332	\$ 1,031,329		
\$ 1,334 3,712,327 2,618 (46,304)	\$ 4,574 3,564,274 2,735 (67,745)	\$ 3,293,294 2,631 (14,246)	\$	1,969,909 1,157 (20,213)	\$	6,407 2,866,727 5,258 (15,003)	\$ 5,687 4,502,573 6,009 (2,300,556)		
\$ 3,669,975	\$ 3,503,838	\$ 3,281,679	\$	1,950,853	\$	2,863,389	\$ 2,213,713		
\$ 19,231,549	\$ 17,929,378	\$ 14,997,072	\$	10,394,196	\$	6,321,721	\$ 3,245,042		

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2022	2021	2020		2019
Revenues				 ,		
Property taxes	\$	30,936,668	\$ 27,552,419	\$ 25,873,592	\$	24,411,340
Payment in lieu of taxes		2,180,735	2,493,309	2,462,931		886,025
Tuition		736,387	656,600	618,940		544,172
Transportation fees		-	-	4,700		5,625
Earnings on investments		(96,454)	32,814	537,901		637,410
Charges for services		412,234	291,802	463,876		560,542
Extracurricular		519,383	252,805	355,292		257,875
Classroom materials and fees		-	-	167,552		169,207
Rental income		43,934	48,388	65,183		43,477
Contributions and donations		1,420	1,444	1,752		1,268
Contract services		-	-	280,705		369,761
Other local revenues		535,691	925,669	325,629		313,457
Intergovernmental		13,056,842	 12,559,100	 10,697,244		11,788,838
Total revenues		48,326,840	 44,814,350	 41,855,297		39,988,997
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instructional:		15.062.202	15 244 204	14 001 242		12 712 220
Regular		15,962,283	15,244,284	14,801,342		13,713,230
Special		7,670,331	7,598,569	7,645,291		7,526,831
Vocational		135,607	131,899	122,433		120,602
Other		1,296,147	2,267,264	1,621,779		1,661,952
Support services:		2.515.665	2 440 064	2 257 050		2 100 601
Pupil		3,715,667	3,449,064	3,357,950		3,180,601
Instructional staff		717,275	827,174	672,653		719,626
Board of education		33,217	15,893	42,888		28,975
Administration		2,679,429	2,551,477	2,350,261		2,572,845
Business and fiscal		1,424,813	1,206,870	1,142,986		1,305,123
Operations and maintenance		3,658,423	3,292,087	2,845,626		2,917,107
Pupil transportation		2,551,133	1,991,426	1,942,622		2,094,628
Central		722,189	1,058,521	555,961		559,629
Operation of non-instructional services		1,807,711	1,489,389	1,554,313		1,831,148
Extracurricular activities		1,105,789	845,894	1,557,719		901,656
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	-		217,305
Capital outlay		555,593	-	-		-
Debt service:		2 122 (20	1.052.250	1.055.540		1 100 055
Principal retirement		2,122,629	1,873,350	1,075,749		1,108,955
Interest and fiscal charges		1,004,636	1,553,808	1,598,478		1,631,793
Issuance costs and accretion on CABs		3,557,571	 216,650	 934,251		999,653
Total expenditures		50,720,443	 45,613,619	 43,822,302		43,091,659
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures  Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,393,603)	(799,269)	(1,967,005)		(3,102,662)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets						18,785
General obligation and refunding bonds issued		22,170,000	-	-		10,703
Premiums on bonds issued			-	-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		462,421 (22,226,592)	-	-		-
Inception of capital lease			-	-		-
Transfers in		554,822 63,702	257,630	-		-
Transfers (out)		(63,702)	(257,630)	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		960,651	 -	_		18,785
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,432,952)	\$ (799,269)	\$ (1,967,005)	\$	(3,083,877)
Capital expenditures	\$	994,709	\$ 56,275	\$ 661,943	¢	360,511
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	Ф		\$	\$	\$	
expenditures		6.29%	7.52%	6.20%		6.41%
Source: School District financial records.						

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	26,460,231	\$	25,712,380	\$	24,756,016	\$	25,444,159	\$	22,570,961	\$	19,315,037
•	982,431	•	1,115,807	•	1,058,075	•	735,631	•	748,597	•	865,818
	873,100		388,679		934,597		425,895		748,321		291,393
	3,930		8,077		6,692		6,930		50,337		67,251
	212,402		134,355		171,205		4,007		40,420		57,965
	549,338		538,228		529,724		529,869		589,426		651,714
	296,037		431,735		369,209		560,169		486,166		444,982
	172,069		170,867		172,327		164,930		158,778		154,104
	27,963		23,313		26,284		21,638		11,698		15,220
	1,482		1,504		1,474		175,999		126,730		126,865
	340,441		361,572		352,394		346,063		366,635		433,559
	326,887		278,923		157,555		51,035		190,342		76,731
	11,755,277		12,377,630		11,794,191		11,680,659		12,271,550		11,667,858
	42,001,588		41,543,070		40,329,743		40,146,984		38,359,961		34,168,497
	12,708,986		12,039,942		11,546,297		12,251,790		11,971,419		12,977,157
	6,879,502		5,664,760		5,712,405		4,695,750		4,579,251		4,800,457
	117,921		112,788		108,019		71,253		152,193		211,102
	1,628,335		1,939,047		1,353,690		1,954,433		1,868,560		1,855,777
	2,271,563		2,123,602		2,364,577		2,676,298		2,655,445		2,774,072
	778,688		1,446,183		593,223		851,151		953,301		2,223,037
	19,863		45,938		20,457		22,485		21,577		30,735
	2,286,078		2,184,516		2,144,769		1,895,745		1,886,110		1,968,872
	1,263,622		1,031,064		1,057,052		1,182,665		1,298,845		1,214,661
	2,897,464		2,681,149		2,423,627		2,316,359		2,780,614		2,216,800
	1,801,658		1,616,105		1,390,849		1,859,412		1,342,488		1,093,416
	551,147		534,290		542,655		235,699		203,838		364,777
	1,780,314		1,776,398		1,537,080		1,652,808		1,469,766		1,378,967
	881,607		938,464		681,043		561,998		471,594		845,119
	595,235		266,095		-		-		10,070		3,299,668
	-		-		-		2,621,204		-		-
	2,541,040		2,401,397		2,293,651		2,070,122		1,383,810		1,336,798
	1,700,954		1,820,507		1,989,341		2,262,968		2,454,714		2,493,574
	212,645		205,968		223,832		418,761		-,		-,,
	40,916,622		38,828,213		35,982,567		39,600,901		35,503,595		41,084,989
	1,084,966		2,714,857		4,347,176		546,083		2,856,366		(6,916,492)
	1,397		11,481		31,868		478,864		220,313		-
	10,160,000		8,821,849		8,329,988		16,569,983		-		-
	957,937		1,011,087		1,662,901		2,988,711		-		-
	(10,902,129)		(9,626,968)		(9,769,057)		(19,132,370)		-		-
	-		-		-		2,621,204		-		-
	-		-		1,254,388		1,254,388		117,393		2,161,733
			-		(1,254,388)		(1,254,388)		(117,393)		(2,161,733)
	217,205		217,449		255,700		3,526,392		220,313		-
\$	1,302,171	\$	2,932,306	\$	4,602,876	\$	4,072,475	\$	3,076,679	\$	(6,916,492)
\$	630,421	\$	358,251	\$	50,084	\$	2,874,359	\$	311,209	\$	365,939
	10.53%		10.97%		11.92%		11.80%		10.91%		9.41%

### ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN COLLECTION (CALENDAR) YEARS

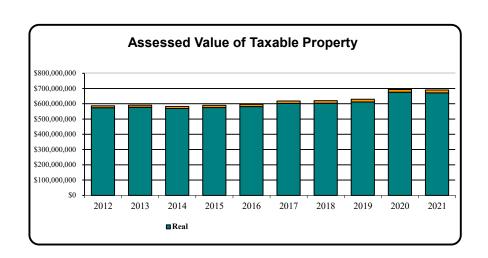
<u>-</u>		Real Property	Tangible Personal Property						
-		1 * * 1	Public Utility						
Collection Year	Assesse Residential/ Agricultural	Commercial/ Industrial/PU	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value			Estimated Actual Value		
2022	\$ 484,513,810	\$ 187,417,280	\$ 1,919,803,114	\$	18,986,300	\$	75,945,200		
2021	483,772,340	192,046,000	1,930,909,543		17,991,340		71,965,360		
2020	431,768,420	180,298,650	1,748,763,057		17,742,140		70,968,560		
2019	432,298,060	171,571,910	1,725,342,771		16,567,860		66,271,440		
2018	431,761,520	170,855,370	1,721,762,543		15,786,060		63,144,240		
2017	416,049,720	165,186,620	1,660,675,257		15,241,160		60,964,640		
2016	413,976,050	161,175,140	1,643,289,114		14,375,970		57,503,880		
2015	413,718,530	155,459,650	1,626,223,371		13,740,700		54,962,800		
2014	419,054,650	158,213,340	1,649,337,114		13,313,880		53,255,520		
2013	419,653,230	154,655,690	1,640,882,629		12,070,370		48,281,480		

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal. The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%,  $2\ 1/2\%$  and homestead exemptions before being billed.

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Montgomery County, Ohio

		Total						
		Estimated		,	Total			
Assessed	Assessed Actual							
Value		Value		Rate				
\$ 690,917,390	\$	1,995,748,314	34.62%	\$	61.25			
693,809,680		2,002,874,903	34.64%		61.05			
629,809,210		1,819,731,617	34.61%		61.70			
620,437,830		1,791,614,211	34.63%		61.63			
618,402,950		1,784,906,783	34.65%		61.65			
596,477,500		1,721,639,897	34.65%		62.48			
589,527,160		1,700,792,994	34.66%		62.48			
582,918,880		1,681,186,171	34.67%		62.53			
590,581,870		1,702,592,634	34.69%		62.48			
586,379,290		1,689,164,109	34.71%		62.53			



## PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS REAL ESTATE TAX CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	20	22
		Percent of
	Assessed	Real Property
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
City of Dayton	\$ 10,268,330	1.53%
Industial Logistic Properties	7,783,190	1.16%
Sand Lake Property LLC	2,975,000	0.44%
6400 Sand Lake Property LLC	2,467,500	0.37%
4120 Dayton OH Hotel LLC	2,310,000	0.34%
DABA LLC	2,257,500	0.34%
KRF Dayton LLC	2,249,340	0.33%
Dayton Webster Street LLC	2,183,200	0.32%
Realty Income Properties 6 LLC	2,084,950	0.31%
Poe Avenue 6196 LLC	2,015,960	0.30%
Totals	\$ 36,594,970	5.44%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 671,931,090	
	20	Percent of
		Percent of
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	_
	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value
City of Dayton	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC A Ray Brown Family Investment	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040 2,051,850	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37% 0.36%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC A Ray Brown Family Investment Limited Partnership	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040 2,051,850 1,875,460	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37% 0.36%  0.33%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC A Ray Brown Family Investment Limited Partnership Garrett-Ryan, LLC	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040 2,051,850 1,875,460 1,871,280	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37% 0.36%  0.33% 0.33%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC A Ray Brown Family Investment Limited Partnership Garrett-Ryan, LLC Moor Partners, LLP W2005/Fargo Hotels (PoolC) Realty LP Floriday LLC	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040 2,051,850 1,875,460 1,871,280 1,760,380	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37% 0.36%  0.33% 0.33% 0.31% 0.30%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC A Ray Brown Family Investment Limited Partnership Garrett-Ryan, LLC Moor Partners, LLP W2005/Fargo Hotels (PoolC) Realty LP	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040 2,051,850 1,875,460 1,871,280 1,760,380 1,724,610	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37% 0.36%  0.33% 0.33% 0.31% 0.30%
City of Dayton Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Sand Lake Plaza LLC MO Northwoods, LLC A Ray Brown Family Investment Limited Partnership Garrett-Ryan, LLC Moor Partners, LLP W2005/Fargo Hotels (PoolC) Realty LP Floriday LLC	Assessed Value \$ 10,836,490 2,285,620 2,126,040 2,051,850 1,875,460 1,871,280 1,760,380 1,724,610 1,705,850	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value  1.89% 0.40% 0.37% 0.36%  0.33% 0.33% 0.31% 0.30%

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

## PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS PUBLIC UTILITY TAX CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	202	22
		Percent of
N	Assessed Value	Public Utility
Name of Taxpayer	value	Assessed Value
Dayton Power and Light Co	\$ 15,306,900	80.62%
Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio	3,274,950	17.25%
Total	\$ 18,581,850	97.87%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 18,986,300	
	201	2
		Percent of
	Assessed	Public Utility
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Dayton Power and Light Co	\$ 11,109,140	92.04%
Buy ton 10 wer and Eight Co	Ψ 11,102,110	22.0170
Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio	958,550	7.94%
Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio Buckeye Power, Inc.	958,550 1,070	7.94% 0.01%
	*	

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
(PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)
LAST TEN COLLECTION (CALENDAR) YEARS (1)
2012-2021

Collection	Montgon	nery	Dayton M	1etro	Butler	City of	City of	ni Valley Technology	 Vandalia-Butler City School District Bond			
Year	Count	y	Librar	У	Township	 Vandalia	 Union	Center	General	Reti	rement	Total
2021	\$ 2	3.14	\$	3.09	\$ 20.44	\$ 4.14	\$ 22.13	\$ 3.96	\$ 55.90	\$	5.35	\$ 61.25
2020	2	3.14		3.15	20.44	4.14	22.13	3.96	55.70		5.35	61.05
2019	2	3.14		3.15	20.44	4.14	22.13	4.01	56.20		5.50	61.70
2018	2	2.94		3.31	20.44	4.14	17.13	4.01	56.13		5.50	61.63
2017	2	2.94		3.31	20.44	4.14	17.13	2.58	56.15		5.50	61.65
2016	2	2.94		3.31	16.94	4.14	17.13	2.58	56.48		6.00	62.48
2015	2	1.94		3.31	16.94	4.14	17.13	2.58	56.48		6.00	62.48
2014	2	0.94		3.31	16.94	4.14	17.13	2.58	56.53		6.00	62.53
2013	2	0.94		3.31	16.94	4.14	17.13	2.58	56.53		6.00	62.53
2012	1	7.74		3.31	16.40	4.14	17.13	2.58	49.54		6.03	55.57

Source: Montgomery County Auditor.

<sup>(1)</sup> Montgomery County property tax rate records are maintained on a calendar / collection year basis.

## PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - REAL, PERSONAL, AND PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY LAST TEN COLLECTION (CALENDAR) YEARS 2012-2021

Collection Year	Current Levy (1)	Current Collection (2)	Percent of Current Levy Collected	Delinquent Collection (4)	Total Collection (2)	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Levy (4)	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (3)	Total Collection As a Percent of Current Levy
2021	\$ 30,466,567	\$ 29,689,750	97.45%	\$ 602,280	\$ 30,292,030	99.43%	\$ 382,737	1.26%
2020	29,077,375	28,329,530	97.43%	628,691	28,958,221	99.59%	440,816	1.52%
2019	28,671,360	28,107,960	98.03%	666,960	28,774,920	100.36%	434,396	1.52%
2018	28,548,150	27,862,011	97.60%	628,891	28,490,902	99.80%	485,083	1.70%
2017	28,463,390	27,797,345	97.66%	458,330	28,255,675	99.27%	504,016	1.77%
2016	28,201,263	27,714,879	98.28%	645,864	28,360,743	100.57%	599,675	2.13%
2015	27,904,466	27,104,246	97.13%	688,822	27,793,068	99.60%	593,171	2.13%
2012	23,966,930	23,164,343	96.65%	416,890	23,581,233	98.39%	606,196	2.53%
2014	28,092,209	27,147,308	96.64%	350,456	27,497,764	97.88%	541,966	1.93%
2013	23,877,173	23,334,349	97.73%	444,606	23,778,955	99.59%	488,504	2.05%

Source: Montgomery County Auditor.

<sup>(1)</sup> Taxes levied and collected are presented on a cash basis.

<sup>(2)</sup> State reimbursements of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.

<sup>(3)</sup> Penalties and interest are included, since by Ohio law they become part of the tax obligation as assessment occurs.

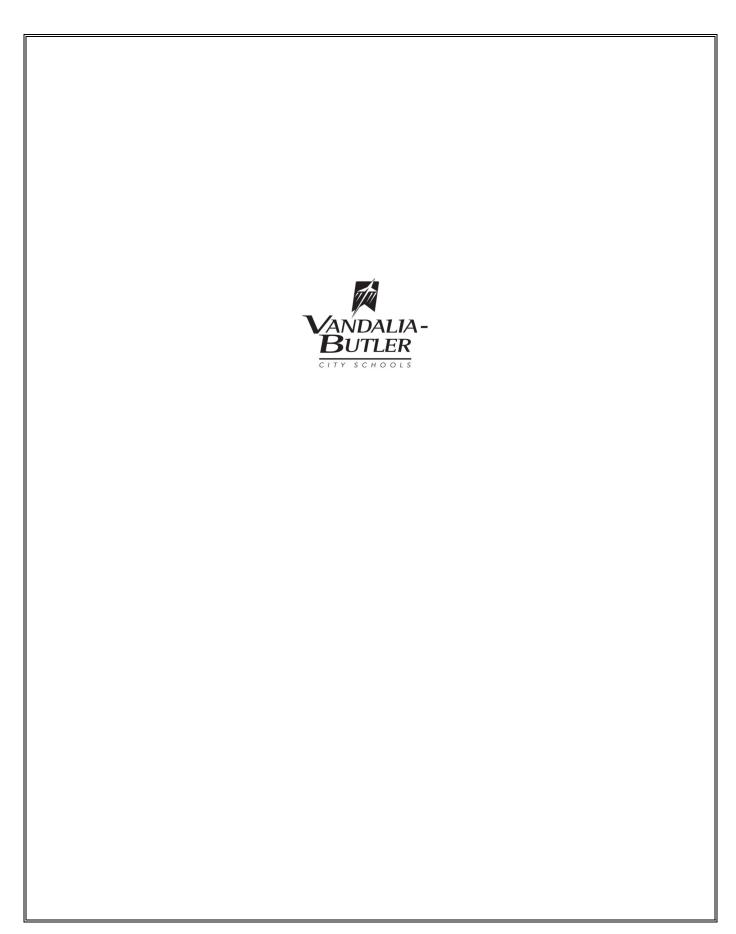
<sup>(4)</sup> Delinquent Tax Collections are only available by collection year; therefore the percentage of total tax collections to the current levy may exceed 100 percent in some years. The School District will continue to work to get this information in the future.

#### RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS 2013-2022

Collection Year	Population (1)	Total Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Less Restricted for Debt Service	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income (4)
2022	23,359	\$ 690,917,390	\$ 43,345,911	\$ 1,584,403	\$ 41,761,508	6.04%	\$1,788	5.74%
2021	23,478	693,809,680	47,100,363	3,145,688	43,954,675	6.34%	1,872	6.23%
2020	22,663	629,809,210	49,333,075	3,111,473	46,221,602	7.34%	2,040	7.08%
2019	22,663	620,437,830	51,392,086	2,239,434	49,152,652	7.92%	2,169	7.86%
2018	22,947	618,402,950	53,203,458	1,857,724	51,345,734	8.30%	2,238	8.48%
2017	22,952	596,477,500	54,439,174	1,409,866	53,029,308	8.89%	2,310	8.98%
2016	22,990	589,527,160	55,130,480	1,415,459	53,715,021	9.11%	2,336	8.57%
2015	23,025	582,918,880	54,857,334	463,765	54,393,569	9.33%	2,362	8.82%
2014	23,665	590,581,870	53,294,705	1,630,533	51,664,172	8.75%	2,183	8.07%
2013	23,140	586,379,290	54,383,411	1,517,354	52,866,057	9.02%	2,285	9.06%

#### Sources

- (1) Census data for 2020, estimates from the City of Vandalia and Butler Township.
- (2) Montgomery County Auditor, calendar year basis.
- (3) Gross Bonded Debt includes premiums and accreted debt associated with the general obligation bonds.
- (4) Personal Income reported as in Census data multiplied times the population to yield total personal income.



#### COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Tax Valuation	\$ 690,917,390	\$ 693,809,680	\$ 629,809,210	\$ 620,437,830
Debt Limit - 9% of Taxable Valuation	 62,182,565	 62,442,871	 56,682,829	 55,839,405
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit General obligation bonds Less: amount available in debt service	 38,349,016 (2,161,975)	40,336,065 (4,058,540)	 41,929,415 (3,576,195)	 42,740,164 (3,298,137)
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	 36,187,041	 36,277,525	 38,353,220	 39,442,027
Legal debt margin	\$ 25,995,524	\$ 26,165,346	\$ 18,329,609	\$ 16,397,378
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	41.81%	41.90%	32.34%	29.37%
Energy conservation debt limit - 0.90% of assessed value (1)	6,218,257	6,244,287	5,668,283	5,583,940
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	 1,325,000	 1,610,000	 1,890,000	 2,155,000
Unvoted legal debt margin	\$ 4,893,257	\$ 4,634,287	\$ 3,778,283	\$ 3,428,940
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	78.69%	74.22%	66.66%	61.41%
Unvoted debt limit - 0.10% of taxable vaulation (1)	690,917	693,810	629,809	620,438
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Unvoted legal debt margin	\$ 690,917	\$ 693,810	\$ 629,809	\$ 620,438
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Source: Montgomery County Auditor and School District Financial Records

(1) Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

Note: The definition of tax valuation for the purpose of calculating the debt margin was modified by H.B. 530 effective 3/30/06, to exclude tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, or personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	2013
\$ 618,402,950	\$ 596,477,500	\$ 589,527,160	\$ 582,918,880	\$ 590,581,870	\$ 586,379,290
 55,656,266	 53,682,975	 53,057,444	 52,462,699	 53,152,368	52,774,136
43,435,511	44,429,085	45,799,706	47,029,170	48,084,187	49,084,187
(3,386,092)	(3,184,116)	(2,791,154)	(1,451,670)	(2,372,139)	(4,148,923)
 40,049,419	 41,244,969	 43,008,552	 45,577,500	 45,712,048	44,935,264
\$ 15,606,847	\$ 12,438,006	\$ 10,048,892	\$ 6,885,199	\$ 7,440,320	\$ 7,838,872
28.04%	23.17%	18.94%	13.12%	14.00%	14.85%
5,565,627	5,368,298	5,305,744	5,246,270	5,315,237	5,277,414
 2,415,000	 2,639,833	 2,889,833	 3,134,833	 3,357,953	3,592,953
\$ 3,150,627	\$ 2,728,465	\$ 2,415,911	\$ 2,111,437	\$ 1,957,284	\$ 1,684,461
56.61%	50.83%	45.53%	40.25%	36.82%	31.92%
618,403	596,478	589,527	582,919	590,582	586,379
 	 	 <u>-</u> _	 	 -	
\$ 618,403	\$ 596,478	\$ 589,527	\$ 582,919	\$ 590,582	\$ 586,379
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

#### RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmen	tal Activities  Capital			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Leases & Leases Payable	Total Primary Government	Per Capita (2)	Ratio of Total Debt Outstanding to Personal Income (2)
2022	\$ 43,345,911	\$ 554,242	\$ 43,900,153	\$ 1,879	6.03%
2021	47,100,363	-	47,100,363	2,006	6.68%
2020	49,333,075	-	49,333,075	2,177	7.56%
2019	51,392,086	-	51,392,086	2,268	8.22%
2018	53,203,458	153,608	53,357,066	2,325	8.81%
2017	54,439,174	784,646	55,223,820	2,406	9.35%
2016	55,130,480	1,401,045	56,531,525	2,459	9.02%
2015	54,857,334	2,079,696	56,937,030	2,473	9.24%
2014	53,294,705	233,614	53,528,319	2,262	8.36%
2013	54,383,411	382,424	54,765,835	2,367	9.38%

Source: School District Records

<sup>(1)</sup> General obligation bonds include any premiums and accreted debt associated with the general obligat

<sup>(2)</sup> Personal Income reported multiplied times the polulation of to yield total personal income.

#### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	Gross General Obligation	Percent Applicable to District	Amount Applicable to District
Direct:			
Vandalia-Butler City School District	\$ 43,900,153	100.00%	\$ 43,900,153
Overlapping:			
Miami Valley Career Center	122,885,340	8.72%	10,715,602
Dayton Metro Library District	130,309,986	8.14%	10,607,233
City of Dayton	26,255,000	1.09%	286,180
City of Huber Heights	24,203,000	0.01%	2,420
City of Union	460,000	17.07%	78,522
Total overlapping	\$ 304,113,326		\$ 21,689,957
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 348,013,479		\$ 65,590,110

Source: Ohio Municpal Advisory Council

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Fund Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years 2013-2022

Fiscal Year	Principal (1)		Interest and Issuance Costs (1)			Total Debt Service	 Total General Fund Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures
2022	\$	2,285,000	\$	1,399,256	\$	3,684,256	\$ 39,480,592	9.33%
2021		2,090,000		1,553,808		3,643,808	37,789,938	9.64%
2020		2,010,000		1,598,478		3,608,478	37,625,231	9.59%
2019		1,695,000		1,598,801		3,293,801	36,550,897	9.01%
2018		1,655,000		1,832,155		3,487,155	34,233,701	10.19%
2017		1,785,000		1,882,308		3,667,308	31,936,766	11.48%
2016		1,115,000		2,108,559		3,223,559	30,081,209	10.72%
2015		1,295,000		2,555,744		3,850,744	33,678,952	11.43%
2014		1,235,000		2,334,377		3,569,377	29,617,779	12.05%
2013		1,195,000		2,357,341		3,552,341	31,717,335	11.20%

Source: Vandalia-Butler City School District Financial Records.

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes principal and interest paid on tax anticipation notes.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS 2013-2022

Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Income (2)	Personal Income	School Enrollment (3)	Average Federal Income (4)	Unemployment Rate Montgomery County (5)
2022	23,359	\$31,146	\$727,539,414	2,983	\$60,575	5.6%
2021	23,478	30,034	705,138,252	2,935	55,629	6.8%
2020	22,663	28,807	652,853,041	2,935	54,100	8.8%
2019	22,663	27,602	625,544,126	2,975	52,146	4.3%
2018	22,947	26,392	605,617,224	2,912	50,322	4.9%
2017	22,952	25,734	590,646,768	3,065	48,665	4.8%
2016	22,990	27,254	626,569,460	3,071	48,099	5.0%
2015	23,025	26,774	616,471,350	2,999	46,482	5.1%
2014	23,665	27,061	640,398,565	3,156	44,888	8.0%
2013	23,140	25,225	583,706,500	3,324	44,322	7.8%

#### Sources:

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on US Census and US Census estimates for City of Vandalia and Butler Township.

<sup>(2)</sup> U.S. Census Bureau - Montgomery County, 2020 information most recent available.

<sup>(3)</sup> Vandalia-Butler City School District Financial Records.

<sup>(4)</sup> Social Security Administration National Average Wage Index as of 2021

<sup>(5)</sup> Ohio Department of Job and Family Services - annual average 2021

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (1) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2021			2012	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
GE Aviation (formerly Smiths Aerospace)	580	1	1.46%	538	3	1.02%
Vandalia-Butler City School District	561	2	1.41%	573	2	1.09%
Staffmark Investment LLC (formerly CBS Pers)	513	3	1.29%	1,058	1	2.00%
All Service Plastic Molding	474	4	1.19%			0.00%
City of Vandalia	397	5	1.00%	527	4	1.00%
SAIA Burgess, Inc. (formerly Johnson Controls)	327	6	0.82%	296	6	0.56%
Dayton Freight Lines, Inc.	322	7	0.81%			0.00%
Beau Townsend Ford/Nissan	320	8	0.80%	194	10	0.37%
Kroger Limited Partnership	299	9	0.75%	216	8	0.41%
Adare Pharmaceuticals Inc. (formerly Aptalis Pharmatech)	216	10	0.54%	207	9	0.39%
Delphi Automotive System			0.00%	461	5	0.87%
Coorstek Medical LLC (formerly IMDS Holding Corp)				264	7	0.50%
Total	4,009		10.07%	4,334	=	8.21%
Total Employment within the School District	39,767			52,800		

Source: City of Vandalia ACFR as of December 31, 2021.

Number of employees are based on W-2's filed within the City income tax department without direct contact or confirmation from the employers. The totals may not include part-time and temporary employees.

<sup>(1) -</sup> Information not available for Butler Township

### $FULL\text{-}TIME\ EQUIVALENT\ DISTRICT\ EMPLOYEES\ BY\ TYPE$ $LAST\ TEN\ FISCAL\ YEARS$

<u>-</u>	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Instruction										
Classroom Teachers	157.00	159.00	125.00	131.00	135.00	127.00	121.50	121.50	122.92	149.78
Special Education Teachers and Tutors	26.00	19.00	53.00	51.00	48.00	49.00	51.00	51.00	48.50	45.60
Educational/Media Aides	26.00	26.00	40.00	33.00	35.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	45.00	29.00
Counselor	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.34	7.10
Total Instruction	215.00	211.00	225.00	222.00	225.00	225.00	221.50	221.50	221.76	231.48
Support and Administration										
Central Office Support/Administrators	12.00	16.00	17.00	16.00	17.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	29.03
Principals	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00
Clerical Support	18.00	15.00	20.00	20.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	19.00	11.00
Professional Support	11.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.96	5.36
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.00
Food Service	25.00	27.00	28.00	32.00	32.00	31.00	31.00	33.00	30.00	36.00
Custodial	15.00	14.00	15.00	17.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	16.00	15.00	20.00
Maintenance and Mechanics	5.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00
Total Support and Administration	94.00	93.00	101.00	105.00	96.00	93.00	93.00	97.00	94.96	142.39
Total Employees	309.00	304.00	326.00	327.00	321.00	318.00	314.50	318.50	316.72	373.87

Source: Fiscal Year October EMIS Reports

#### BUILDING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Demmitt Elementary School				2017
Constructed in 1957				
Total Building Square Footage 43,977				
Total Acres 11				
Enrollment Grades K-4	383	388	422	403
Student Capacity	426	426	426	426
Regular Instruction Classrooms 15	15	15	17	16
Regular Instruction Teachers	15	15	17	17
Special Instruction Classrooms	12	13	8	7
Special Instruction Teachers	12	13	9	5
Helke Elementary School				
Constructed in 1969				
Total Building Square Footage 42,456				
Total Acres 10.5				
Enrollment Grades K-4	400	414	381	406
Student Capacity	405	405	405	405
Regular Instruction Classrooms	17	17	17	14
Regular Instruction Teachers	17	17	17	16
Special Instruction Classrooms	3	2	2	2
Special Instruction Teachers	3	3	3	5
Murlin Heights Elementary School				
Constructed in 1952				
Total Building Square Footage 40,930				
Total Acres 15				
Enrollment Grades K-4	0	0	0	0
Student Capacity	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Classrooms	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Teachers	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Classrooms	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Teachers	0	0	0	0
Morton Middle School				
Constructed in 2011				
Total Building Square Footage 102,100 Total Acres 16				
Enrollment Grades 5-8	711	710	710	681
Student Capacity	820	820	820	820
Regular Instruction Classrooms	33	33	32	32
Regular Instruction Teachers	38	38	36	32
Special Instruction Classrooms	11	11	10	10
Special Instruction Teachers	11	11	11	11

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
435	519	512	420	531	430
426	426	426	426	426	426
16	16	16	16	20	20
14	14	14	14	20	15
7	7	7	7	6	7
9	9	9	9	8	7
387	388	381	378	394	390
405	405	405	405	405	405
14	14	13	13	16	21
14	14	14	14	16	15
2	2	2	2	6	3
4	4	3	3	6	3
0	0	0	0	0	381
0	0	0	0	0	388
0	0	0	0	0	22
0	0	0	0	0	15
0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	5 5
U	U	U	U	U	3
664	679	673	730	744	525
820	820	820	820	820	820
32	32	27	27	30	34
37	37	30	30	33	27
10	10	10	10	10	8
11	11	11	11	10	8

- Continued

#### BUILDING STATISTICS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Smith Middle School				
Constructed in 1969				
Total Building Square Footage 66,113				
Total Acres 84.5				
Enrollment Grades 5-8	455	416	453	456
Student Capacity	511	511	511	511
Regular Instruction Classrooms	19	18	18	18
Regular Instruction Teachers	19	18	18	18
Special Instruction Classrooms	8	8	8	11
Special Instruction Teachers	8	8	8	8
Butler High School				
Constructed in 1956, Renovated in 2011				
Total Building Square Footage 266,000				
Total Acres 23.8				
Enrollment Grades 9-12	932	946	973	998
Student Capacity	1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455
Regular Instruction Classrooms	55	55	55	55
Regular Instruction Teachers	42	42	42	42
Special Instruction Classrooms	11	13	10	11
Special Instruction Teachers	11	13	10	14

Source: Enrollment Oct Fiscal Year EMIS Report

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
454	440	441	426	470	524
511	511	511	511	511	511
18	18	18	18	18	32
18	18	18	18	18	27
11	11	11	11	7	6
14	14	14	14	7	7
1,028	1,037	1,037	1,045	1,085	1,074
1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455
55	55	55	55	50	50
44	44	41	41	42	42
11	11	11	11	12	12
11	11	11	11	12	12

#### OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Expenses	Enrollment	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio
2022	\$ 43,522,196	2,983	\$ 14,590	-11.42%	215	13.9
2021	48,340,300	2,935	16,470	4.83%	215	13.7
2020	46,110,896	2,935	15,711	20.50%	215	13.7
2019	38,789,185	2,975	13,038	50.92%	212	14.0
2018	25,158,281	2,912	8,640	-33.62%	202	14.4
2017	39,892,531	3,065	13,016	10.43%	205	15.0
2016	36,195,042	3,071	11,786	-0.66%	201	15.3
2015	36,233,283	3,054	11,864	4.81%	205	14.9
2014	35,726,473	3,156	11,320	-17.77%	242	13.0
2013	41,283,184	2,999	13,766	3.37%	195	15.4

Source: School District Records.





#### **VANDALIA-BUTLER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

#### **MONTGOMERY COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/7/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370