BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Medina, Ohio



Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Buckeye Local School District 3044 Columbia Road Medina, OH 44256

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Buckeye Local School District, Medina County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Buckeye Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 26, 2023



BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Medina, Ohio



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by the Treasurer's Office Jennifer Knapp, Treasurer

Introductory Section



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BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BUCKEYE LOCAL BOARD OF EDUCATION

3044 Columbia Road Medina, Ohio 44256 Phone: 330-722-8257

December 13, 2022

Board of Education Members Buckeye Local School District

We are pleased to submit to you the Buckeye Local School District's 32nd Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This report was prepared by the Treasurer's Office, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as they apply to governmental entities and contains opinions from Julian & Grube, Inc. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the information presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the School District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the School District. This report will provide the taxpayers of Buckeye Local School District with comprehensive financial data in a format that enables them to gain an understanding of School District's financial activity.

About Buckeye Local Schools

The School District and Community

The Buckeye Local School District is located west of the city of Medina, and is about 30 miles south of Cleveland. The Buckeye Local School District covers 70.9 square miles. The School District is made up of Litchfield Township, Liverpool Township, York Township and part of Medina City.

On June 12, 1952, the Litchfield, Liverpool, and York Local School Districts consolidated into one school district, to be known as the Buckeye Local School District. At the time of consolidation, there were 781 pupils. Current enrollment is 2,337 with projected enrollment through 2023 to remain constant with little deviation. Buckeye has approximately 250 employees, many of which reside within the district boundaries.

To serve all the pupils of the consolidated district, a high school was built and dedicated on November 24, 1957. In 1973, a new high school was built and the former high school was converted to the Junior High. Litchfield Elementary school was built in Litchfield township in 1978. A new administrative office was built behind the high school in 1990. In 2004, two new elementary buildings were opened to replace two elementary buildings built in the early 1900's. With the opening of the new elementary building complex, Litchfield Elementary closed to instruction in 2005. Litchfield elementary was sold to a community member through a public auction in 2019.

Buckeye Local School District has a total property tax rate of 63.20 mills, of which the citizens have voted in 58.90 mills. Of that amount the School District has 57.00 mills for operating funds, with an effective millage rate of 19.98 for residential/agriculture and 21.91 on business/other as of January 2021 assessed valuation. Additional operating funds not included in the effective millage, include an Emergency levy reaffirmed in November 2016 for 6.9 mills for 10 years for operating. It was reduced from 7.9 to 7.6 to 6.90 to 5.50 to 5.30 to collect the same amount as originally

approved in 2012 for \$3,201,100. A bond issue for \$23.7 million was approved in March 2000, for the construction of building additions onto existing structures and the elementary complex, that houses two buildings. The effective millage of the bond issue was 4.7 mills as of June 30, 2001 and has been reduced to from 3.5 mills to 1.90 mills. Effective January 2004, the Board of Education approved moving one inside mill to the permanent improvement fund.

Educational and Extracurricular Programming

The Buckeye Local School District is an independent public school district offering comprehensive educational, extracurricular and co-curricular programs for students preschool thru 12th grade. The academic curriculum includes language arts, world languages, mathematics, science, social studies, music, art, physical education, technology, career and technical education, and life skills. Specific programs for gifted and talented students are provided for grades three through twelve. Students have access to literacy, English as a second language and special education programs. Buckeye students can also attend the Medina County Career Center to gain additional career technical programming skills. This facility is located within the School District boundaries. There are no charter, primary, or secondary schools within the School District boundaries.

Our high school offers Advanced Placement and College Credit Plus (CCP) courses. CCP provides students an opportunity to earn college credit at no-cost to the student from grades 7-12. High School and Junior High students are able to participate in county led career based programming. Other educational programs include early intervention preschool programs and an on-line learning academy for at-risk students.

The Reporting Entity

Buckeye Local School District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." In evaluating how to define the School District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all funds, departments, boards, organizations, and agencies making up the Buckeye Local School District, the primary government. Numerous entities conduct their activities within the School District's boundaries but these entities have been excluded from the financial statements because they do not meet the definitions. Management has prepared the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the School District. This discussion follows the auditor's opinion, providing a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Services Provided

The School provides a wide variety of instruction and support services as mandated by state statute and public desire. These services include regular instruction, special instruction, vocational instruction, student guidance services, and extracurricular or co-curricular activities. This year saw an expansion of programming, particularly in the area of technology. Our School District is 1:1 for all grades pre-kindergarten to twelfth grade. Additionally, we expanded course offerings in Project Lead the Way and foreign languages, partnered with local businesses for on-site career opportunity planning, and provided enhanced wrap around services for students in need.

Support services are necessary to complete the educational process, such as administrative, technical, and other community services. Additional services include instructional technology integration, uniform school supply sales and a food service operation. Instructional technology integration includes the implementation of advanced technologies on individual devices and in the classroom setting. Uniform school supply sales consist of workbooks and/or access to electronic materials used by the students. Food services provide an opportunity for students to receive a nutritious and balanced meal every day.

Organization of the School

A five-member Board of Education serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, and policy maker for the School District. The Board of Education determines and adopts the School District's strategic plan, policies, annual operating budget, tax budget, and authorizes all expenditures of the School District's tax monies.

The Superintendent is the chief executive officer of the school, responsible to the Board for total education and support services. The Treasurer is the chief financial officer of the School District, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing checks, making investments, paying liabilities, and maintaining the minutes of all Board of Education meetings. All other employees hired with approval of the Board of Education, ultimately report to the Superintendent.

Economic Outlook

Economic Condition and Outlook

Our tax base covers the townships of Liverpool, Litchfield, York and part of Medina City. The three townships are a mixture of suburban and rural communities. However, the School District is fortunate to contain two substantial industrial parks, providing a large commercial real estate tax base. The School District has not experienced significant growth from new construction in residential real estate as has happened in the past. Buckeye Local School District had been blessed with a large amount of revenue from personal property taxes in the past. In 2005, state lawmakers passed legislation that phased in the elimination of all personal property taxes on equipment except public utility personal property. This legislation was a significant reduction in revenue. It was this revenue from personal property taxes that afforded Buckeye Local the ability to stay off the ballot for additional operating funds. With the passage of this and other legislation that reduced funding to the School District, Buckeye had to place an issue on the ballot. Fortunately, the Buckeye community passed ballot issues to provide operating funding to the School District. The management team is working diligently to provide the services our community desires and that the state mandates in a fiscally responsible manner.

Historically, Medina county has experienced rapid residential growth in family housing and developments. Recently, the demographics of the Buckeye community has been changing. School District enrollment has largely remained constant over the last few years. New construction continues to occur within the School District. However, most of this new construction is targeting individuals/couples, not expanding families. The recent County Auditor's reappraisal of the School District's valuation provided for increased valuations, showing the County's continued recovery from recent recession years. The 2022 Triennial update increased the School District's assessed valuation 27 percent on average for the residential/ag division. Additionally, construction of the NEXUS pipeline is complete. The tax revenue received from the pipeline was significantly below initial published amounts by approximately 1.8M. Additionally, NEXUS along with other pipelines in the state, are in the appeal process with the Department of Taxation. The first appeal was upheld in favor of the School District, however, they are still in the second round of appeal at this time.

As the COVID-19 global pandemic recovery wore on through 2022, the School District was presented with many challenges to overcome. While virtual interaction and social distancing was encouraged, traditional learning and events were limited. The pandemic forced entities, including school districts to evaluate and change their work flows, processes, and ultimately expectations. COVID-19 caused the Federal government to implement a national response to the COVID-19 crisis. One of the responses was Federal legislation infused significant dollars and resources into the economy. Our School District was fortunate enough to use these funds for technology purchases, upgrades in facilities, increased learning opportunities to overcome loss of learning resulting from COVID's vacillation from remote to onsite learning modalities. Our School District was one of the few districts that provided in-person learning opportunities for the 2021-2022 school year.

Given the recovery of the COVID-19 pandemic, the long term effect on the School District's emergency levies, the pipeline appeal process, and other revenue streams is unknown. The need both to vacillate between in-person and remote learning has significantly changed the landscape of education delivery. Additionally, education is heavily influenced by state mandates for classroom size, academic offerings and special education needs. All of these concerns present significant challenges to our School District to balance pandemic recovery, mandates and community desires with financial stability and fiscal responsibility.

Internal Controls

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls. These controls are designed to ensure the assets of the School District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Additionally, Management invests in continued professional development to assist in development and implementation of such internal controls. Management believes the School District's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions

Long-Term Financial Planning

In order to make sound financial decisions now and in the future, the Buckeye Local School District has established principles for budget and financial management. These principles provide guidance for budget development, financial management, and debt management, and reserves. One-time surpluses may not be used for continuing expenditures. Rather, they may be used for one-time expenditures such as capital projects or instructional programming improvement/enhancement. The School District maximizes the use of local, state and federal grants as to help preserve general pandemic revenues for other needs. The Board of Education adopted a cash reserve policy that requires 60 days' cash reserve on the last year of the five-year forecast. Once the School District's fund balance drops below this threshold, an action plan to address restoration is required.

Relevant Financial Policies

The budget must be structurally balanced so that continuing revenues support continuing expenditures. Budgetary appropriations may not exceed resources, with a balanced budget maintained in each fund.

With the reaffirmation of the Emergency levy, the community has provided the School District with the opportunity to provide increased services to the students. The School District is now 1:1 for Chromebook devices for all grades preschool through 12. With the onset of the global pandemic the need for the 1:1 initiative was essential to providing synchronous remote learning services. Administration continually evaluates instruction and innovative improvements to instructional delivery and the educational process as a whole. Based on student/family feedback, the School District added more staffing to offer additional elective courses for increased opportunity, including gifted services for high achieving students and co-teaching situations for struggling students. Additionally, we expanded course offerings in Project Lead the Way and foreign languages, partnered with local businesses for on-site career opportunity planning, and provided enhanced wrap around services for students in need.

Some initiatives introduced in 2022 are a direct result of the significant influx of Federal funding to assist local education agencies in their COVID-19 pandemic recovery efforts. These initiatives will be reviewed and evaluated to determine the feasibility of available funding sources allowing these service offerings/improvements to continue. Buckeye's leadership team works diligently to find innovative, collaborative, and cost effective methods to continue to expand programming to the School District in a sustainable manner. The team continues to evaluate the needs of our students and strives to provide opportunities to meet these needs.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Buckeye Local School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the 31st consecutive year that the School District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We are very proud to submit this 32nd Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the School District. This represents our continuing commitment towards professionalism in the financial reporting of the Buckeye Local School District. This report significantly increases the accountability of the School District to the taxpayers.

This report would have not been possible without the help of several people. We would like to thank the Board of Education and the Buckeye staff for their support and assistance in preparing this report. We would like to thank Rea and Associates, Inc., for their expertise in making the conversion from cash basis to a modified accrual and accrual presentation.

We are especially grateful to Patti Weis in the Treasurer's office for her extra effort and willingness to assist in the completion of this report.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Knapp Treasurer

Jennifer Knapp

Jeffrey D. Harrison Superintendent

Buckeye Local School District

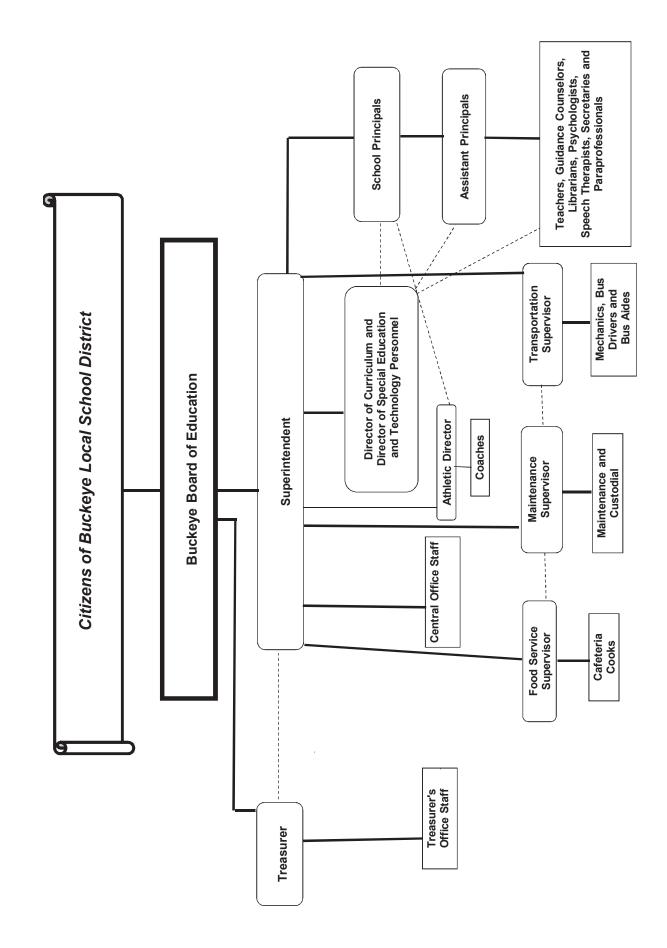
List of Principal Officials

Board of Education

Name	Title/Position	Term of Office
Barbara Gunkelman	Board President	01/01/2020 -
		12/31/2023
Denise Piovarchy	Board Vice President	01/01/2022 -
		12/31/2025
Robert Banaga	Member	01/01/2020 -
		12/31/2023
John Girard	Member	01/01/2022 -
		12/31/2025
Seth Kujat	Member	01/01/2022 -
		12/31/2025

Administration

Name	Title/Position	Term of Office
Jeffrey Harrison	Superintendent	09/01/2020 -
		07/31/2023
Jennifer Knapp	Treasurer	08/01/2020 -
		07/31/2025





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Buckeye Local School District Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

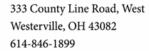
June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section







jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

Buckeye Local School District Medina County 3044 Columbia Road Medina, OH 44256

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckeye Local School District, Medina County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Buckeye Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckeye Local School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Buckeye Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Buckeye Local School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Buckeye Local School District Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Buckeye Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Buckeye Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Buckeye Local School District Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contribution listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Buckeye Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2022, on our consideration of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Buckeye Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Stube, the.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the Buckeye Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- Net position increased \$7.6 million, which represents a 51 percent increase from fiscal year 2021.
- Capital assets decreased \$0.6 million during fiscal year 2022.
- Outstanding debt decreased from \$8.6 million to \$6.6 million.

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Buckeye Local School District as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Buckeye Local School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While the basic financial statements contain the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (except fiduciary funds) using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, food services and uniform school supplies.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the fiduciary for athletic tournaments. This activity is presented as a custodial fund. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Because of the discussion below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows of resources and subtracting deferred outflows of resources related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2022		2021	 Change
Assets				_	 _
Current & Other Assets	\$	52,040,843	\$	48,734,268	\$ 3,306,575
Net OPEB Asset		1,982,145		1,630,027	352,118
Capital Assets		20,557,535		21,161,997	 (604,462)
Total Assets		74,580,523		71,526,292	 3,054,231
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred Charges		-		177,902	(177,902)
Pension & OPEB		7,104,895		5,999,075	1,105,820
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,104,895		6,176,977	927,918
Liabilities					
Current & Other Liabilities		2,798,617		3,010,119	(211,502)
Long-Term Liabilities:		2,750,017		2,010,119	(211,002)
Due Within One Year		1,954,555		1,823,634	130,921
Due In More Than One Year:					
Pension & OPEB		16,440,999		29,162,203	(12,721,204)
Other Amounts		6,041,900		8,054,042	(2,012,142)
Total Liabilities		27,236,071		42,049,998	(14,813,927)
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes		16,661,110		17,544,854	(883,744)
Pension & OPEB		15,248,977		3,139,292	12,109,685
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		31,910,087		20,684,146	11,225,941
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		13,962,535		12,780,037	1,182,498
Restricted		6,758,167		5,624,214	1,133,953
Unrestricted		1,818,558		(3,435,126)	 5,253,684
Total Net Position	\$	22,539,260	\$	14,969,125	\$ 7,570,135

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2022, and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27. In a prior period, the School District also adopted GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension/OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these assets/liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. For STRS, the plan's fiduciary net OPEB position was sufficient to cover the plan's total OPEB liability resulting in a net OPEB asset that is allocated to each school based on its proportionate share. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability reported by the retirement boards. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position is unrestricted.

Other amounts due in more than one year decreased from prior year due to principal payments made during the year.

Fluctuations in net pension/OPEB liability/asset for the School District are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities/assets and related accruals that are passed through to the School District's financial statements. All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and NPL/NOL/NOA and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2022 and 2021.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2022	2021	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,772,563	\$ 2,441,985	\$ (669,422)
Operating Grants	2,331,532	2,309,680	21,852
Total Program Revenues	4,104,095	4,751,665	(647,570)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	19,377,156	19,650,482	(273,326)
Grants & Entitlements	8,191,348	7,250,311	941,037
Capital Grants Not Restricted to Specific Programs	1,409,388	1,277,591	131,797
Other	(186,618)	364,164	(550,782)
Total General Revenues	28,791,274	28,542,548	248,726
Total Revenues	32,895,369	33,294,213	(398,844)
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	10,770,898	12,298,036	(1,527,138)
Special	2,784,536	3,540,051	(755,515)
Vocational	475,610	419,334	56,276
Student Intervention Services	737,687	1,363,359	(625,672)
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,727,943	1,752,691	(24,748)
Instructional Staff	1,062,655	1,111,602	(48,947)
Board of Education	28,987	28,955	32
Administration	2,139,336	2,510,671	(371,335)
Fiscal	769,195	814,116	(44,921)
Business	123,706	10,389	113,317
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,664,227	1,625,379	38,848
Pupil Transportation	1,258,446	1,367,518	(109,072)
Central	7,841	7,535	306
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:			
Food Service Operations	593,144	629,901	(36,757)
Community Services	57,209	74,921	(17,712)
Extracurricular Activities	937,076	816,079	120,997
Interest and Fiscal Charges	186,738	328,329	(141,591)
Total Expenses	25,325,234	28,698,866	(3,373,632)
Change in Net Position	7,570,135	4,595,347	2,974,788
Net Position Beginning of Year	14,969,125	10,373,778	4,595,347
Net Position End of Year	\$ 22,539,260	\$ 14,969,125	\$ 7,570,135

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio was funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding was directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective schools. In prior years, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. This change in foundation funding resulted in decreased charges for services and a correlating increase in grants and entitlements, as well as a decrease in regular instruction expense. Other revenue includes investment earnings which fluctuate with market performance accounting for the decrease from prior year.

Fluctuations in program expenses are primarily associated to changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and related accruals. As previously indicated, these items are explained in detail within their respective notes.

Governmental activities are mainly supported through taxes and other general revenues. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for the School District students.

Governmental Funds

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Changes in fund balance are as follows:

	Fun	Fund Balance 6/30/22		Fund Balance 6/30/21		Increase (Decrease)	
General	\$	22,648,776	\$	20,732,628	\$	1,916,148	
Debt Service		2,937,298		2,971,047		(33,749)	
Other Governmental		2,637,915		1,769,736		868,179	
Total	\$	28,223,989	\$	25,473,411		2,750,578	

General fund showed an increase in fund balance over the prior year. Revenues and expenditures were relatively constant accounting for revenues outpacing expenditures resulting in the increase in fund balance.

The fund balance of the debt service fund decreased from prior year due to the timing of revenues to cover expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of the fiscal year, the School District amended its general fund appropriations. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget For the general fund, original budget basis revenue equaled final budget. Regular instruction and student support services were slightly higher in final expenditure appropriations than original budget.

Final Budget Compared to Actual Results The increase in tax and intergovernmental revenue mainly accounts for actual revenues exceeding final estimated revenues. Final appropriations were higher than actual expenditures as cost savings were recognized for all functions throughout the year.

There were no significant differences in other financing sources and uses.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The decrease in capital assets is the result of current year depreciation and disposals exceeding acquisitions. See Note 9 for more information about the capital assets of the School District.

Debt

During the fiscal year, the School District's governmental activities debt obligations decreased primarily from making scheduled principal payments. The School District also issued Refunding Bonds to refund School Facilities Construction/Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 2007, Series 2010 and Series 2013.

For further information regarding the School District's debt obligations refer to Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

There has been no change in the School District's credit rating.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Jennifer Knapp, Treasurer at Buckeye Local School District, 3044 Columbia Road Medina, Ohio 44256.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Net OPEB Asset Non-Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, net	\$ 29,693,228 610,276 1,260,558 20,476,781 1,982,145 752,162 19,805,373	
Total Assets	74,580,523	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,388,386 716,509 7,104,895	
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	51,592 2,344,833 390,225 11,967	
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due In More Than One Year: Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	1,954,555 14,910,353 1,530,646 6,041,900	
Total Liabilities	27,236,071	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Pension OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,661,110 12,032,611 3,216,366 31,910,087	
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	13,962,535	
Capital Outlay Debt Service Local Grants Special Trust Scholarships Other Purposes Unrestricted	2,910,944 3,024,633 52,926 32,947 37,508 699,209 1,818,558	
Total Net Position	\$ 22,539,260	

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 10,770,898	\$ 714,132	\$ 302,775	\$ (9,753,991)
Special	2,784,536	389,473	614,014	(1,781,049)
Vocational	475,610	2,862	2,955	(469,793)
Student Intervention Services	737,687	-	-	(737,687)
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,727,943	-	229,279	(1,498,664)
Instructional Staff	1,062,655	-	-	(1,062,655)
Board of Education	28,987	-	-	(28,987)
Administration	2,139,336	-	148,060	(1,991,276)
Fiscal	769,195	-	-	(769,195)
Business	123,706	-	-	(123,706)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,664,227	-	82	(1,664,145)
Pupil Transportation	1,258,446	9,887	-	(1,248,559)
Central	7,841	-	7,200	(641)
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:				
Food Service Operations	593,144	21,246	1,021,246	449,348
Community Services	57,209	60,349	-	3,140
Extracurricular Activities	937,076	574,614	5,921	(356,541)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	186,738	-	-	(186,738)
Total	\$ 25,325,234	\$ 1,772,563	\$ 2,331,532	(21,221,139)
	G IP			
	General Revenues	1.0		
	Property Taxes Levie	ed for:		17, 450, 177
	General Purposes			17,452,167
	Debt Service			1,355,140
	Capital Outlay	D 1.	C :C D	569,849
	Grants and Entitleme		-	8,191,348
	Capital Grants not R	•	Programs	1,409,388
	Investment Earnings			(321,259)
	Miscellaneous			134,641
	Total General Reven	nues		28,791,274
	Change in Net Posit	ion		7,570,135
	Net Position Beginn	ing of Year		14,969,125
	Net Position End of	Year		\$ 22,539,260

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Debt Service Fund				overnmental	G 	Total fovernmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	24,220,566	\$	2,870,118	\$	2,602,544	\$	29,693,228		
Accounts Receivable	*	456,519	*	-,,,,,,,,	*	153,757	-	610,276		
Interfund Receivable		140,000		-		-		140,000		
Intergovernmental Receivable		82,700		-		1,177,858		1,260,558		
Taxes Receivable		18,741,622		1,135,357		599,802		20,476,781		
Total Assets	\$	43,641,407	\$	4,005,475	\$	4,533,961	\$	52,180,843		
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	46,410	\$	-	\$	5,182	\$	51,592		
Accrued Wages and Benefits		2,194,390		-		150,443		2,344,833		
Intergovernmental Payable		371,633		-		18,592		390,225		
Interfund Payable		11.067		-		140,000		140,000		
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		11,967				<u>-</u>		11,967		
Total Liabilities		2,624,400				314,217		2,938,617		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		15,161,793		980,842		518,475		16,661,110		
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		2,667,219		87,335		45,967		2,800,521		
Unavailable Revenue - Other		539,219				1,017,387		1,556,606		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		18,368,231		1,068,177		1,581,829		21,018,237		
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		22,509		-		-		22,509		
Restricted		-		2,937,298		2,915,188		5,852,486		
Committed		11,000		-		-		11,000		
Assigned Unassigned		1,362,421 21,252,846		-		(277,273)		1,362,421 20,975,573		
Onassigned Total Fund Balance		22,648,776		2,937,298		2,637,915		28,223,989		
				_,,,,,,,,,,		2,037,713				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										

Buckeye Local School District

Medina County, Ohio
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$ 28,223,989
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial			20 557 525
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			20,557,535
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:			
Grants	\$	256,430	
Accounts Receivable	Ψ	610,276	
Delinquent Property Taxes		2,800,521	
County Sales Tax		602,245	
Other		87,655	4,357,127
The net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the assets/liabilies and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.			
Net OPEB Asset		1,982,145	
Deferred Outflows - Pension		6,388,386	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB		716,509	
Net Pension Liability		(14,910,353)	
Net OPEB Liability		(1,530,646)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension		(12,032,611)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		(3,216,366)	(22,602,936)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
General Obligation Bonds		(5,960,000)	
Certificates of Participation		(635,000)	
Compensated Absences		(1,401,455)	 (7,996,455)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 22,539,260

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 16,109,324	\$ 1,349,824	\$ 547,316	\$ 18,006,464
Intergovernmental	7,845,622	275,560	3,624,377	11,745,559
Investment Income	(321,259)	-	1,163	(320,096)
Tuition and Fees	1,153,195	-	-	1,153,195
Extracurricular Activities	120,305	-	453,684	573,989
Charges for Services	38,486	-	21,871	60,357
Rent	1,212	-		1,212
Contributions and Donations	14,818	-	10,671	25,489
Miscellaneous	106,067	-	28,575	134,642
Total Revenues	25,067,770	1,625,384	4,687,657	31,380,811
Expenditures				
Instruction:	10.050.100		506 504	11.205.506
Regular	10,879,122	-	506,584	11,385,706
Special	2,291,647	-	611,153	2,902,800
Vocational	492,655	-	2,955	495,610
Student Intervention Services Support Services:	737,687	-	-	737,687
Pupils	1,384,921	-	418,180	1,803,101
Instructional Staff	1,066,402	-	-	1,066,402
Board of Education	28,987	-	-	28,987
Administration	2,066,343	-	177,016	2,243,359
Fiscal	772,041	21,554	1,250	794,845
Business	123,921	-	-	123,921
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,370,037	-	324,057	1,694,094
Pupil Transportation	1,371,070	-	54,350	1,425,420
Central	641	-	7,200	7,841
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:			ŕ	ŕ
Food Service Operations	_	-	590,473	590,473
Community Services	63,167	_		63,167
Extracurricular Activities	304,110	_	682,811	986,921
Capital Outlay	_	_	341,346	341,346
Debt Service			5 .1,5 .0	5 . 1,5 . 0
Principal Retirement	_	1,350,000	300,000	1,650,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	193,618	36,119	229,737
Total Expenditures	22,952,751	1,565,172	4,053,494	28,571,417
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,115,019	60,212	634,163	2,809,394
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	5,960,000	-	5,960,000
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	35,145	-	-	35,145
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	(6,053,961)	-	(6,053,961)
Transfers In	-	-	234,016	234,016
Transfers Out	(234,016)			(234,016)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(198,871)	(93,961)	234,016	(58,816)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,916,148	(33,749)	868,179	2,750,578
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	20,732,628	2,971,047	1,769,736	25,473,411
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 22,648,776	\$ 2,937,298	\$ 2,637,915	\$ 28,223,989

Buckeye Local School District
Medina County, Ohio
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governmental funds reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. Revenues in the statement of activities, at again or loss is reported for each disposal. Revenues in the statement of activities, at again or loss is reported for each disposal. Revenues in the statement of activities at the do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable Accounts Receivable Accounts Receivable Accounts Receivable Accounts Steel Tax County Steels Tax Co	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 2,750,578
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Compensated Absences (83,641)			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			(02.545)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 7,570,135	Compensated Absences		 (83,641)
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 7,570,135

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		* 7	2 24
	 Original		Final	 Actual		riance with nal Budget
Revenues						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 15,860,000	\$	15,860,000	\$ 16,704,704	\$	844,704
Intergovernmental	6,077,983		6,077,983	7,850,798		1,772,815
Investment Income	135,000		135,000	148,380		13,380
Tuition and Fees	508,550		508,550	533,618		25,068
Charges for Services	30,000		30,000	38,486		8,486
Rent	4,000		4,000	1,212		(2,788)
Miscellaneous	 			 16,268		16,268
Total Revenues	 22,615,533		22,615,533	 25,293,466		2,677,933
Expenditures Instruction:						
Regular	11,289,120		11,674,538	11,007,736		666,802
Special	2,646,242		2,596,205	2,365,328		230,877
Vocational	565,834		560,384	482,016		78,368
Student Intervention Services	1,442,000		1,344,500	737,687		606,813
Support Services:						
Pupils	1,458,674		1,493,964	1,392,547		101,417
Instructional Staff	1,036,501		1,263,254	1,044,600		218,654
Board of Education	34,818		34,818	29,040		5,778
Administration	2,157,698		2,273,254	1,972,961		300,293
Fiscal	823,199		821,899	765,305		56,594
Business	247,406		155,517	104,505		51,012
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,541,792		1,741,196	1,367,226		373,970
Pupil Transportation	1,419,137		1,467,623	1,355,666		111,957
Central	7,500		7,800	666		7,134
Extracurricular Activities	173,738		210,644	163,678		46,966
Total Expenditures	24,843,659		25,645,596	22,788,961		2,856,635
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,228,126)		(3,030,063)	2,504,505		5,534,568
Other Financia Service (Uses)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500		500	25 145		24.645
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	500		500	35,145		34,645
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	300,000		300,000	550,541		250,541
Transfers Out	 (200,000)		(235,000)	 (234,016)		984
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 100,500		65,500	 351,670		286,170
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,127,626)		(2,964,563)	2,856,175		5,820,738
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	20,837,993		20,837,993	20,837,993		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 21,311		21,311	 21,311		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 18,731,678	\$	17,894,741	\$ 23,715,479	\$	5,820,738

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2022

	Cı	ıstodial
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	5,440
Total Assets		5,440
Net Position Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		5,440
Total Net Position	\$	5,440

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Cu	ıstodial
Additions Extracurricular Amounts Collected for Other Governments		£ 190
		5,180
Total Additions		5,180
Deductions		
Extracurricular Distributions to Other Governments		5,112
Total Deductions		5,112
Change in Net Position		68
Net Position Beginning of Year		5,372
Net Position End of Year	\$	5,440

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Buckeye Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education consisting of five members and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the School District.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Buckeye Local School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. The School District has no component units.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet) - The Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet) is a jointly governed organization among over 100 educational entities (public, private, community and career centers) and municipalities. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of these entities supports NEOnet based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The NEOnet assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating school district and a representative from the fiscal agent. NEOnet is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the NEOnet Assembly. The Board of Directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and at least three at-large Assembly members. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Fiscal Officer at 700 Graham Road, Cuyahoga Falls, OH 44221.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Ohio Schools' Council (OSC) - The Ohio Schools' Council (OSC) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 240 school districts, private schools and other organizations. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of promoting cooperative agreements and activities among its members in dealing with problems of mutual concern such as a media center services, gas consumption, food service, and insurance. Each member provides operating resources to OSC via an annual membership fee, monthly administrative fee and an actual usage charge, except for insurance. The OSC assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating school district and the fiscal agent. OSC is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Ohio Schools' Council at 6393 Oaktree Boulevard Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

Medina County Career Center - The Medina County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from each participating school district's elected board, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Accordingly, the Medina County Career Center is not part of the School District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. The Career Center provides vocational programs for School District high school students. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Medina County Career Center, 1101 West Liberty Street, Medina, Ohio 44256.

Risk Sharing Pool

During fiscal year 2022 the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), administered by Hylant Administrative Services organization for comprehensive general liability, property, fleet, cyber protection, pollution, and violence insurance coverage. OSP is a risk sharing pool with over 300 members and is a 100 percent member-owned, non-profit insurance risk pool owned and governed by the school district members. OSP is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of representatives of school districts that participate in the program and receives the following professional endorsements: Ohio School Boards Association, Ohio Association of School Business Officials, and the Buckeye Association of School Administrators.

OSP has agreements with several separate organizations whereby each provides certain administrative, executive, accounting, marketing, underwriting, claim settlement, legal counsel and other services to OSP and its members. Pursuant to participation agreements with OSP, each member school district agrees to pay all funding rates associated with the coverage elected. To obtain a copy of the OSP financial statements please visit their website at www.ohioschoolplan.org.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The internal activities within "activity" types are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Debt Service Fund The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The School District's custodial funds account for OHSAA tournaments and charitable purposes.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All nonfiduciary assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 30 days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property tax advances, grants, fees and other reimbursements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations.

These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue may include delinquent property taxes, grants and entitlements and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the School District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original revenue budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final revenue budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2022.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "investments."

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest in the general fund amounted to a deficit of \$321,259, which includes a deficit of \$93,437 assigned from other School District funds.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. The School District had no prepaids in fiscal year 2022.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and are updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land	N/A
Construction in Progress	N/A
Land Improvements	10 - 20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 20 Years
Vehicles	5 - 20 Years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation or sick leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the School District and its employees, is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the School District and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or such events take place.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. In governmental funds, the liability for unpaid compensated absences is the unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement.

In governmental funds, the liability for unpaid compensated absences is the unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective retirement plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement plans report investments at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service. At June 30, 2022, there was no net position restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the School District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned in the General Fund.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education. The School District Board of Education has, by resolution, authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The School District Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 and certain provisions in GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022.

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. These changes were incorporated in the School District's financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraphs 13 and 14 of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 97 requirements that are related to a) the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans and b) determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit were implemented for fiscal year 2022. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve consistency of authoritative literature. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Other Governmental	
	General	Debt Service	Funds	Total
Nonspendable for: Unclaimed Monies	\$ 22,509	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,509
Restricted for:				
Capital Outlay	-	_	689,546	689,546
Debt Service	-	2,937,298	-	2,937,298
Food Service	-	-	547,208	547,208
Special Trust	-	-	32,947	32,947
Scholarships	-	-	37,508	37,508
Student Activities	-	-	110,149	110,149
State Funded Programs	-	-	25,475	25,475
Other Purposes			1,472,355	1,472,355
Total Restricted		2,937,298	2,915,188	5,852,486
Committed for:				
Other Purposes	11,000			11,000
Assigned for:				
Encumbrances:				
Support Services	2,722	-	-	2,722
Subsequent Year Appropriations	793,329	-	-	793,329
Student and Staff Support	138,145	-	-	138,145
Preschool Program	235,920	-	-	235,920
Other Purposes	192,305			192,305
Total Assigned	1,362,421	_		1,362,421
Unassigned	21,252,846	_	(277,273)	20,975,573
Total Fund Balance	\$ 22,648,776	\$ 2,937,298	\$ 2,637,915	\$ 28,223,989

Unassigned fund balance included the following individual fund deficits:

	Ι	Deficit
		Fund
	B	alance
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Athletics	\$	4,968
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief		38,666
Title VI-B		68,519
Title I		23,871
Improving Teacher Quality		1,249
Miscellaneous Federal Grants		140,000
Total	\$	277,273

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The deficits in these nonmajor governmental funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as an assignment or commitment of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
	Fund
GAAP Basis	\$ 1,916,148
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	1,072,070
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(80,644)
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere **	(8,963)
Encumbrances	 (42,436)
Budget Basis	\$ 2,856,175

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

** As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the creative tax abatement fund, underground storage fund and the miscellaneous activities fund.

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance for a period not to exceed 180 days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 270 days from the purchase date and in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits – At fiscal year-end, \$14,769,117 of the School District's bank balance of \$15,019,117 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the School District's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

• Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

 Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

For 2022, The School District's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS.

Investments: As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments:

				Inve	estment Maturit	ies	
		Measurement			in Months		_
Rating	Investment	Amount	Level	0 - 12	13 - 36	Over 36	% Total
	Amortized Cost:						
AAAm	STAR Ohio	\$ 6,335,168	N/A	\$ 6,335,168	\$ -	\$ -	41.4%
AAAm	First American Government						
	Obligations Money Market	26,674	N/A	26,674	-	-	0.2%
	Fair Value:						
Aaa	Federal Home Loan Mortgage	762,922	2	-	762,922	-	5.0%
AAA	Federal Farm Credit Banks	2,414,172	2	373,118	1,203,752	837,302	15.8%
AAA	Federal National Mortgage Assn.	722,671	2	-	267,141	455,530	4.7%
N/A	U.S. Treasury Notes	2,858,164	2	547,680	1,145,574	1,164,910	18.7%
***	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2,163,195	2	2,032,243	130,952		14.2%
		\$15,282,966		\$ 9,314,883	\$3,510,341	\$2,457,742	100.0%

^{***} Fully insured under FDIC

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022. The School District's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The School District's investment policy manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the modified duration of its investment portfolio.

Credit Risk: The School District's investments at June 30, 2022 are rated as shown above by S&P Global Ratings. US Treasury Notes are exempt from ratings since they are explicitly guaranteed by a U.S. Government Agency. The School District's policy on Credit Risk allows only for those investments as stated within the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2022, is 35 days.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021 and are collected in 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Medina County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Seco	ond	2022 First		
	Half Collec	tions	Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Real Estate Public Utility Personal Property	\$ 559,391,200 72,329,450	88.55% 11.45%	\$	576,892,760 54,504,730	91.37%
	\$ 631,720,650	100.00%	\$	631,397,490	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation	\$ 65.00		\$	63.20	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of taxes, accounts, interfund and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

During 2007, the voters of Medina County passed a one-half percent sales tax to be used for capital improvements at all school districts within Medina County. Collection began in October 2007 for a period of 30 years. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. Sales tax is distributed to the school districts of Medina County based on what is essentially a per pupil distribution formula. A receivable is recognized at year end for an estimated amount to be received based on calendar year 2022 County appropriations yet to be received as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers

During the year, the general fund transferred \$234,016 to the athletics fund to cover deficits in the fund.

Interfund Loans

Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of \$140,000 from the general fund to other nonmajor governmental funds to cover expenditures until expected revenues were received. All interfund loans will be repaid in fiscal year 2023 with monies to be received from reimbursable expenditures incurred during fiscal year 2022. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2022
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 752,162	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 752,162
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	2,205,466	170,519	-	2,375,985
Buildings and Improvements	32,815,752	6,752	-	32,822,504
Furniture and Equipment	2,871,594	100,613	-	2,972,207
Vehicles	2,480,582	181,434	(363,777)	2,298,239
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	40,373,394	459,318	(363,777)	40,468,935
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,850,932)	(72,649)	-	(1,923,581)
Buildings and Improvements	(13,993,398)	(660,434)	_	(14,653,832)
Furniture and Equipment	(2,486,306)	(136,946)	_	(2,623,252)
Vehicles	(1,632,923)	(129,090)	299,116	(1,462,897)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(19,963,559)	(999,119)	299,116	(20,663,562)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	20,409,835	(539,801)	(64,661)	19,805,373
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 21,161,997	\$ (539,801)	\$ (64,661)	\$ 20,557,535

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Depreciation expense was charged as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 409,639
Special	149,868
Vocational	9,991
Support Services:	
Pupil	29,974
Instructional Staff	79,930
Administration	69,938
Fiscal	9,991
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	59,947
Pupil Transportation	109,903
Food Service Operations	59,947
Extracurricular Activities	9,991
Total Depreciation	\$ 999,119

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, may be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPIW, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. SERS approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2022.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$397,335 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$34,927 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy — Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,690,479 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$272,425 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		SERS	 STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:		_	_	
Current Measurement Date		0.07833080%	0.09401118%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.07568320%		0.09274737%	
Change in Proportionate Share		0.00264760%	0.00126381%	
Proportionate Share of the Net				
Pension Liability	\$	2,890,179	\$ 12,020,174	\$ 14,910,353
Pension Expense	\$	36,033	\$ 185,257	\$ 221,290

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period.

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 278	\$ 371,366	\$ 371,644
Changes of Assumptions	60,859	3,334,612	3,395,471
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	99,438	434,019	533,457
School District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	397,335	1,690,479	 2,087,814
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 557,910	\$ 5,830,476	\$ 6,388,386
	 _	 	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 74,954	\$ 75,342	\$ 150,296
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,488,527	10,359,089	11,847,616
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	2,259	 32,440	 34,699
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,565,740	\$ 10,466,871	\$ 12,032,611

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

\$2,087,814 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS	Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2023	\$	(306,227)	\$ (1,511,041)	\$ (1,817,268)	
2024		(288,133)	(1,304,644)	(1,592,777)	
2025		(353,916)	(1,509,827)	(1,863,743)	
2026		(456,889)	(2,001,362)	(2,458,251)	
Total	\$	(1,405,165)	\$ (6,326,874)	\$ (7,732,039)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2132.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed)
Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.00 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future
	retirees will be delayed for three years following
	commencement

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 23-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments was 28.18 percent.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	4,808,549	\$	2,890,179	\$	1,272,335		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Acturial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*		
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %		
International Equity	23.00	7.55		
Alternatives	17.00	7.09		
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00		
Real Estate	10.00	6.00		
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25		
Total	100.00 %			

*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share							
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	22,509,288	\$	12,020,174	\$	3,156,896	

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$52,500, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B partial premium reimbursements will be continued indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS				
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):								
Current Measurement Date		0.08087600%		0.09401100%				
Prior Measurement Date		0.07890200%		0.09274700%				
Change in Proportionate Share		0.00197400%		0.00197400%		0.00197400%		0.00126400%
Proportionate Share of the Net								
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,530,646	\$	(1,982,145)				
OPEB Expense	\$	(27,546)	\$	(122,887)				

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	16,315	\$	70,577	\$	86,892
Changes of Assumptions		240,121		126,611		366,732
Changes in Proportion and Differences between						
School District Contributions and Proportionate						
Share of Contributions		150,068		60,317		210,385
School District Contributions Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date		52,500				52,500
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	459,004	\$	257,505	\$	716,509
D.f J.L.g						
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between Expected and	Φ.	T(2.220	Φ.	262.160	ф	1 125 106
Actual Experience	\$	762,328	\$	363,168	\$	1,125,496
Net Difference between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		33,252		549,416		582,668
Changes of Assumptions		209,609		1,182,499		1,392,108
Changes in Proportion and Differences between						
School District Contributions and Proportionate						
Share of Contributions		79,594		36,500		116,094
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,084,783	\$	2,131,583	\$	3,216,366

\$52,500 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$	(168,029)	\$ (525,849)	\$	(693,878)	
2024		(168,262)	(512,102)		(680,364)	
2025		(146,872)	(520,531)		(667,403)	
2026		(118,178)	(239,500)		(357,678)	
2027		(60,567)	(78,008)		(138,575)	
Thereafter		(16,371)	 1,912		(14,459)	
Total	\$	(678,279)	\$ (1,874,078)	\$	(2,552,357)	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 1.92 percent Prior Measurement Date 2.45 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Measurement Date 2.27 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Prior Measurement Date 2.63 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Pre-Medicare 6.750 percent - 4.40 percent Medicare 5.125 percent - 4.40 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27 percent) and higher (3.27 percent) than the current discount rate (2.27 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate (6.75 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent).

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,896,654	\$	1,530,646	\$	1,238,250
	1%	Decrease	T	Current rend Rate	1%	% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,178,471	\$	1,530,646	\$	2,001,041

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent					
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65					
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent					
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation					
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent					
Health Care Cost Trend Rates						
Medical	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>				
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent				
Medicare	-16.18 percent	4.00 percent				
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent	4.00 percent				
Medicare	29.98 percent	4.00 percent				

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		6 Decrease	Di	Current scount Rate	19	% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,672,624)	\$	(1,982,145)	\$	(2,240,703)
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(2,230,227)	\$	(1,982,145)	\$	(1,675,369)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.100 percent. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in current year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTE 12 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Outstanding 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	Refunding	Outstanding 6/30/2022	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
2007 Bond Refunding						
School Facilities Construction/Improvement	\$ 3,195,000	\$ -	\$ 585,000	\$ 2,610,000	\$ -	\$ -
Premium on Refunding Bonds	135,226	-	-	135,226	-	-
2010 Bond Refunding						
School Facilities Construction/Improvement	3,040,000	-	560,000	2,480,000	-	-
Premium on Refunding Bonds	133,964	-	-	133,964	-	-
2013 Bond Refunding						
School Facilities Construction/Improvement	1,075,000	-	205,000	870,000	-	-
Premium on Refunding Bonds	45,672	-	-	45,672	-	-
2022 Bond Refunding		5,960,000			5,960,000	1,475,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	7,624,862	5,960,000	1,350,000	6,274,862	5,960,000	1,475,000
Direct Borrowing:						
Certificates of Participation	935,000		300,000		635,000	310,000
Other Long Term Liabilities:						
Net Pension Liability	27,447,409	-	12,537,056	-	14,910,353	-
Net OPEB Liability	1,714,794	-	184,148	-	1,530,646	-
Compensated Absences	1,317,814	207,370	123,729		1,401,455	169,555
Total Other Long Term Liabilities	30,480,017	207,370	12,844,933		17,842,454	169,555
Total Governmental Activities						
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 39,039,879	\$6,167,370	\$ 14,494,933	\$ 6,274,862	\$ 24,437,454	\$ 1,954,555

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2007 General Obligation Bond Refunding

On September 6, 2007, the School District issued \$7,625,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 4.21 percent to advance refund \$7,625,000 of outstanding School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, 2000. The bond proceeds consisted of bond principal and \$550,932 of premium. The net proceeds of \$7,439,548 (after payment of \$185,452 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt payments of the portion of school facilities construction and improvement bonds refunded.

As a result of this issue, a portion of the school facilities construction and improvement bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed. The School District advance refunded these bonds to reduce total debt service payments over the following 18 years by \$644,279 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$458,580. These bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2022.

2010 General Obligation Bond Refunding

In November 2010 the School District issued \$7,182,700 in refunded general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$7,185,000 of the School District's outstanding School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2001. The bonds were issued for a 16 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2025. At the date of the refunding, \$7,518,175 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds.

These refunding bonds were issued with a premium of \$502,365, which is reported as an increase to bonds payable. The amounts are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the bonds outstanding or effective interest methods. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$333,175. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$495,309. These bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2022.

2013 General Obligation Bond Refunding

In April, 2013 the School District issued \$2,529,995 in refunded general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$2,530,000 of the School District's outstanding School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2002. The bonds were issued for a 13 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2025. At the date of the refunding, \$2,584,593 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds.

These refunding bonds were issued with a premium of \$148,438, which is reported as an increase to bonds payable. The amounts are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the bonds outstanding or effective interest methods. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$369,983. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$327,887. These bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2022 General Obligation Bond Refunding

On March 24, 2022, the School District issued \$5,960,000 in refunded general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$2,610,000 of the School District's outstanding School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds, 2007, \$2,480,000 of the School District's outstanding School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 and \$870,000 of the School District's outstanding School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2013. The bonds were issued for a 4 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2025. At the date of the refunding, \$6,053,961 was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds. As of June 30, 2022, \$5,960,000 of these bonds are considered defeased.

The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$408,607. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$265,182.

2010 Certificate of Participation

During fiscal year 2010, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for construction of an addition to the elementary school. The School District is leasing the project site from Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Inc. Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Inc. assigned The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A. as Trustee, transferring rights, title and interest in the project to the Trustee. The School District is acting as an agent for the lessor, and is constructing the facilities from the proceeds provided by the lessor. As part of the agreement, The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A. deposited \$3,500,000, with a fiscal agent for the construction project. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A. has sold certificates of participation in the building lease. The School District will make annual lease payments to The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A. Interest rates range between 3.1 percent and 5.0 percent with the final payment due January 15, 2024.

The Certificates maturing on and after January 15, 2018 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at any time on or after July 15, 2017, in whole upon the exercise by the School District of its option to purchase the project facilities pursuant to the lease or in whole or in part in connection with the refunding of Certificates, at the redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date.

In the event of default, as defined by the lease agreement, the amounts payable by the School District may become due. If payments are not made, the lessor may retake possession of the additions to the elementary school, including but not limited to equipment and furniture. Additionally, the lessor has the option to sublease the project facilities, holding the School District liable for all lease payments and other payments due prior to the effective date of the sublease and for the difference between the rental and other amounts paid by the subleases pursuant to such sublease and the amounts payable by the School District pursuant to the lease during the then current lease term.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

All general obligation bonds will be paid from property taxes in the debt service fund and the certificates of participation will be paid from sales tax in the County sales tax fund. Compensated absences have been paid from the general and the food service funds in prior years. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are primarily made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 10 and 11.

The School District's legal debt margin for fiscal year 2022 is \$53,890,407.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds and direct borrowing outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds		Certificate of Participation							
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal Intere		P	Principal	Iı	nterest
2022	Φ.	1 455 000	Φ.	71 00 6	Φ.	210.000	Φ.	20.260		
2023	\$	1,475,000	\$	71,026	\$	310,000	\$	29,369		
2024		1,475,000		50,966		325,000		15,031		
2025		1,500,000		30,736		-		-		
2026		1,510,000		10,267		_		-		
						_		_		
	\$	5,960,000	\$	162,995	\$	635,000	\$	44,400		

NOTE 13 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amount for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capıtal		
	Improvement		
	Reserve		
Set Aside Reserve Balance June 30, 2021	\$	-	
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		401,775	
Current Year Offsets		(627,695)	
Total	\$	(225,920)	
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2023	\$		
Set Aside Reserve Balance June 30, 2022	\$		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Although the School District had current year offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero, this amount may not be used to reduce the set aside requirement for future years. The negative balance is, therefore, not presented as being carried forward to future years.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022 the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan's property, general liability, cyber protection, pollution and violence insurance program

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP.

Health and Prescription Insurance

The District participates in the North Central Ohio Joint Insurance Association, a public entity shared risk pool consisting of six local school districts. Each participating member pays premiums to the Association for employee medical, dental, and vision coverage. The Association is responsible for the management and operation of the program. Upon withdrawal, the District is responsible for the payment of all Association liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of the withdrawal. Upon termination of the Association, all member's claims are paid without regard to the members account balance. The Association Board of Directors has the right to return or not return monies to an existing participating member subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time. In the opinion of management, any such disallowed claim will not have a material effect on the financial position of the School District.

Litigation

The School District is susceptible to claims and lawsuits, however it is the opinion of the School District and its council that there are no significant liabilities anticipated in excess of insurance coverage.

NOTE 16 – ENCUMBRANCE COMMITMENTS

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds consisted of \$2,722 in the general fund and \$57,122 in the nonmajor governmental funds.

NOTE 17 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The School District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

Color I Francisco Delivera del Corto (CFDC)	2022	2021	2020	2019
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.07833080%	0.07568320%	0.07585900%	0.07140540%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,890,179	\$ 5,005,846	\$ 4,538,777	\$ 4,089,520
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,697,129	\$ 2,662,564	\$ 2,606,896	\$ 2,426,259
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	107.16%	188.01%	174.11%	168.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.09401118%	0.09274737%	0.09307945%	0.09073983%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,020,174	\$ 22,441,563	\$ 20,583,961	\$ 19,951,651
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,595,007	\$ 11,408,657	\$ 10,752,686	\$ 10,679,129
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	103.67%	196.71%	191.43%	186.83%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.80%	75.48%	77.40%	77.31%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

 2018	2017		2016	2015		2015			2014
0.07896140%	0.08050180%		0.07674320%		0.07831900%		0.07831900%		
\$ 4,717,769	\$ 5,891,989	\$	4,379,041	\$	3,963,680	\$	4,657,380		
\$ 2,540,171	\$ 2,512,150	\$ 2,454,112		\$	2,298,773	\$	2,750,065		
185.73%	234.54%		178.44%		172.43%		169.36%		
69.50%	62.98%	69.16%		71.70%		65.52%			
0.08929009%	0.08707486%		0.08211909%		0.07870124%		0.07870124%		
\$ 21,211,052	\$ 29,146,580	\$	22,695,314	\$	19,142,865	\$	22,802,856		
\$ 9,802,836	\$ 9,318,857	\$	8,318,571	\$	8,659,638	\$	8,247,423		
216.38%	312.77%		272.83%		221.06%		276.48%		
75.30%	66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%		

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions - Pension Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	 2020	2019
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 397,335	\$ 377,598	\$ 372,759	\$ 351,931
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(397,335)	 (377,598)	(372,759)	 (351,931)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,838,107	\$ 2,697,129	\$ 2,662,564	\$ 2,606,896
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,690,479	\$ 1,623,301	\$ 1,597,212	\$ 1,505,376
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,690,479)	(1,623,301)	 (1,597,212)	(1,505,376)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,074,850	\$ 11,595,007	\$ 11,408,657	\$ 10,752,686
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 327,545	\$ 355,624	\$ 351,701	\$ 323,452	\$ 318,610	\$ 380,609
(327,545)	 (355,624)	 (351,701)	 (323,452)	 (318,610)	 (380,609)
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>
\$ 2,426,259	\$ 2,540,171	\$ 2,512,150	\$ 2,454,112	\$ 2,298,773	\$ 2,750,065
13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%
\$ 1,495,078	\$ 1,372,397	\$ 1,304,640	\$ 1,164,600	\$ 1,125,753	\$ 1,072,165
 (1,495,078)	(1,372,397)	(1,304,640)	 (1,164,600)	(1,125,753)	(1,072,165)
\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$
\$ 10,679,129	\$ 9,802,836	\$ 9,318,857	\$ 8,318,571	\$ 8,659,638	\$ 8,247,423
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2022	 2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.08087600%	0.07890200%	0.07782600%	0.07278860%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,530,646	\$ 1,714,794	\$ 1,957,150	\$ 2,019,352
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,697,129	\$ 2,662,564	\$ 2,606,896	\$ 2,426,259
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	56.75%	64.40%	75.08%	83.23%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.09401100%	0.09274700%	0.09307945%	0.09073983%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,982,145)	\$ (1,630,027)	\$ (1,541,612)	\$ (1,458,097)
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,595,007	\$ 11,408,657	\$ 10,752,686	\$ 10,679,129
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-17.09%	-14.29%	-14.34%	-13.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	174.73%	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

 2018	2017
0.08020510%	0.08166213%
\$ 2,152,494	\$ 2,327,673
\$ 2,540,171	\$ 2,512,150
84.74%	92.66%
12.46%	11.49%
0.08929009%	0.08707486%
\$ 3,483,770	\$ 4,656,786
\$ 9,802,836	\$ 9,318,857
35.54%	49.97%
47.10%	37.30%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2022	 2021	2020	 2019
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 52,500	\$ 52,449	\$ 52,417	\$ 60,935
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(52,500)	(52,449)	(52,417)	(60,935)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,838,107	\$ 2,697,129	\$ 2,662,564	\$ 2,606,896
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.85%	1.94%	1.97%	2.34%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 <u> </u>	 <u>-</u>	 	 <u>-</u> _
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,074,850	\$ 11,595,007	\$ 11,408,657	\$ 10,752,686
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

⁽¹⁾ Includes surcharge

2018	 2017	 2016	2015		2014		2013	
\$ 52,999	\$ 44,072	\$ 41,675	\$	60,902	\$	40,976	\$	50,352
 (52,999)	(44,072)	(41,675)		(60,902)		(40,976)		(50,352)
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ _	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 2,426,259	\$ 2,540,171	\$ 2,512,150	\$	2,454,112	\$	2,298,773	\$	2,750,065
2.18%	1.74%	1.66%		2.48%		1.78%		1.83%
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	86,596	\$	82,474
 <u>-</u> _						(86,596)		(82,474)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 10,679,129	\$ 9,802,836	\$ 9,318,857	\$	8,318,571	\$	8,659,638	\$	8,247,423
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		1.00%		1.00%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms for the fiscal years reported unless otherwise stated below:

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

For fiscal year 2022, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.40 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.50 percent to 0.85 percent
- Discount rate was reduced from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90
 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period
 after disability retirement.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

For fiscal year 2021, cost-of-living adjustments was reduced from 2.50 percent to 2.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

1.92 percent
2.45 percent
3.13 percent
3.62 percent
3.56 percent
2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Pre-Medicare Trend Assumption

Fiscal year 2022	6.75 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2021	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent

Medicare Trend Assumption

Fiscal year 2022	5.125 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2021	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent initially for fiscal year 2020 and changed for fiscal year 2021 to a range of -6.69 percent to 11.87 percent, initially.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, there were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.

Combining Statements for
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
and
Individual Fund Schedules for
Governmental Funds

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Buckeye Local School District

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. With the implementation of GASB No. 54, the public school support, uniform school supplies, underground storage, creative tax abatement special revenue funds and certain special cost centers of the special trust special revenue fund (referred to as the miscellaneous activities fund) have been classified with the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes. However, these funds have their own legally adopted budgets. As a result, an Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual have been presented for these funds. The title of each special revenue fund is descriptive of the activities accounted for therein. The special revenue funds are:

Local Grants Fund - This fund accounts for funds received to promote community involvement and volunteer activities between the school and community.

Student Activities Fund - This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of various schools, accounting for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Athletics Fund - This fund accounts for gate receipts and other revenues from athletic events and costs of the School District's Athletic Program.

Data Communications Fund – This fund accounts for State monies that provide for equipment and other costs associated with the development of data communication systems.

Agriculture Education Fund – This fund accounts for State monies that support quality agricultural education programs and the students served by addressing the need for year-round application of the knowledge and skills learned in the classroom and laboratory.

Student Wellness and Success Fund – This fund accounts State funds used to assist districts in supporting their students' academic achievement through mental health counseling, wraparound services, mentoring and after-school programs.

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund – This fund accounts for State Grants which are not required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – This fund accounts for Federal funds for expenditures directly related to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic as well as "other activities that are necessary to maintain the operation of continuity of services."

Title VI-B Fund - This fund accounts for Federal monies to assist schools in identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels.

Buckeye Local School District

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Title I Fund - This fund accounts for Federal revenues to implement a variety of programs intended to provide supplemental instruction for children of low income families identified as educationally disadvantaged.

Title IV-A Fund - This fund accounts for Federal monies to improve students' academic achievement by increasing the capacity of states, local education agencies, schools, and local communities to (1) provide all students with access to a well-rounded education, (2) improve school conditions for student learning, and (3) improve the use of technology in order to improve the academic achievement and digital literacy of all students.

Preschool Handicapped Fund - This fund accounts for Federal monies that provide for the cost of developing a public preschool.

Improving Teacher Quality Fund – This fund accounts for Federal monies used for reduction of class size in grades kindergarten through third.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund – This fund accounts for other Federal Grants which are not required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

Food Service Fund – This fund accounts for financial activity related to the food service operations of the School District.

Special Trust Fund – This fund accounts for monies held by the School District in a trustee capacity for individuals and/or private organizations that benefit the student body or the local community.

Scholarship Fund - This fund accounts for donations to be used for scholarships. The income may be expended, but the principal must remain intact.

Miscellaneous Activities Fund – This group of special cost centers accounts for financial activities related to preschool, summer programs, book fairs and other miscellaneous activities. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Uniform School Supplies Fund – This fund accounts for financial activity related to the purchase and sale of school supplies as adopted by the Board of Education for use within the School District. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Underground Storage Tank Fund - This fund accounts for the financial responsibility rules of the State Fire Marshall to cover insurance deductible. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Buckeye Local School District

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Public School Support Fund – This fund accounts for school site sales revenue and expenditures for field trips, assemblies and any other activity costs approved by board resolutions. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Creative Tax Abatement Fund – This group of special cost centers accounts for monies received from local businesses in lieu of taxes. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Permanent Improvement Fund - This fund accounts for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705, Revised Code.

County Sales Tax Fund – This fund accounts for county sales tax charged in Medina County, collected by State of Ohio (1/2 %) distributed back to Medina County which distributes back to the Medina County school districts on a per pupil basis. This money can only be used for capital projects for the individual districts.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	841,457	\$	1,761,087	\$	2,602,544	
Accounts Receivable		261 205		153,757		153,757	
Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable		261,385		916,473 599,802		1,177,858	
Taxes Receivable		- _		399,802		599,802	
Total Assets	\$	1,102,842	\$	3,431,119	\$	4,533,961	
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	3,482	\$	1,700	\$	5,182	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		150,443		-		150,443	
Intergovernmental Payable		18,592		-		18,592	
Interfund Payable		140,000				140,000	
Total Liabilities		312,517		1,700		314,217	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		_		518,475		518,475	
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		-		45,967		45,967	
Unavailable Revenue - Other		261,385		756,002		1,017,387	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		261,385		1,320,444		1,581,829	
Fund Balances							
Restricted		806,213		2,108,975		2,915,188	
Unassigned		(277,273)				(277,273)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		528,940		2,108,975		2,637,915	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources							
and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	1,102,842	\$	3,431,119	\$	4,533,961	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	 Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ -	\$ 547,316	\$	547,316	
Intergovernmental	2,170,694	1,453,683		3,624,377	
Investment Income	1,163	-		1,163	
Extracurricular Activities	453,684	-		453,684	
Charges for Services	21,871	-		21,871	
Contributions and Donations	10,671	-		10,671	
Miscellaneous	 28,575	 		28,575	
Total Revenues	 2,686,658	 2,000,999		4,687,657	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	334,577	172,007		506,584	
Special	611,153	-		611,153	
Vocational	2,955	-		2,955	
Support Services:					
Pupils	240,934	177,246		418,180	
Administration	152,311	24,705		177,016	
Fiscal	=	1,250		1,250	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,441	319,616		324,057	
Pupil Transportation	-	54,350		54,350	
Central	7,200	-		7,200	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations	588,807	1,666		590,473	
Extracurricular Activities	639,744	43,067		682,811	
Capital Outlay	-	341,346		341,346	
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	300,000		300,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 -	 36,119		36,119	
Total Expenditures	 2,582,122	1,471,372		4,053,494	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	104,536	529,627		634,163	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers In	 234,016	 		234,016	
Net Change in Fund Balances	338,552	529,627		868,179	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 190,388	 1,579,348		1,769,736	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 528,940	\$ 2,108,975	\$	2,637,915	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Local Grants Fund		Student Activities Fund		Athletics Fund		Data Communications Fund	Agriculture Education Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Intergovernmental Receivable	\$	52,926	\$	111,631	\$	8,928 2,915	\$ -	\$ -
Total Assets	\$	52,926	\$	111,631	\$	11,843	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable	\$	- - - -	\$	1,482	\$	10,598 3,298	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
Total Liabilities				1,482		13,896		<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Other						2,915		. <u> </u>
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		52,926 - 52,926		110,149		(4,968) (4,968)	- - -	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	52,926	\$	111,631	\$	11,843	\$ -	\$ -

(continued)

Buckeye Local School District Medina County, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Student V and Su Fu	ccess	Sta	cellaneous te Grants Fund	Secon	mentary & ndary School gency Relief Fund	T	itle VI-B Fund	 Title I Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	25,475	\$	523	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental Receivable					-	38,666		53,911	 23,853
Total Assets	\$		\$	25,475	\$	39,189	\$	53,911	\$ 23,853
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,890	\$	67,540	\$ 20,676
Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable		- - -		- - -		5,299		979 	 3,195
Total Liabilities						39,189		68,519	 23,871
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable Revenue - Other						38,666		53,911	 23,853
Fund Balances (Deficit)									
Restricted		-		25,475		-		- (60.510)	- (22.071)
Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficit)				25,475		(38,666)		(68,519)	 (23,871)
Total Fund Batances (Deficit)				23,713		(30,000)		(00,319)	 (23,071)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources									
and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$		\$	25,475	\$	39,189	\$	53,911	\$ 23,853
									(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Title I	V-A	chool capped nd	Teach	oroving er Quality Gund	scellaneous leral Grants Fund		Food Service Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Intergovernmental Receivable	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 140,000	\$	569,519 2,040
Total Assets	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 140,000	\$	571,559
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- - 1,249 -	\$ - - - 140,000	\$	17,739 4,572
Total Liabilities			 		1,249	 140,000		22,311
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Other			 			140,000		2,040
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		- - -	 - - -		(1,249) (1,249)	(140,000) (140,000)	_	547,208
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 140,000	\$	571,559 <i>(continued)</i>

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	 Special Trust Fund	Sc	holarship Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Intergovernmental Receivable	\$ 32,947	\$	39,508	\$	841,457 261,385	
Total Assets	\$ 32,947	\$	39,508	\$	1,102,842	
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable	\$ - - - -	\$	2,000	\$	3,482 150,443 18,592 140,000	
Total Liabilities	 		2,000		312,517	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Other	 				261,385	
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	 32,947		37,508 - 37,508		806,213 (277,273) 528,940	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$ 32,947	\$	39,508	\$	1,102,842	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Local ents Fund	Student Activities Fund			Athletics Fund		Data Communications Fund		Agriculture Education Fund	
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,670	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,200	\$	2,955	
Investment Income	-		-		-		-		-	
Extracurricular Activities	-		117,127		336,557		-		-	
Charges for Services	4.750		-		625		-		-	
Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous	4,750		-		5,921		-		-	
Miscellaneous	 	-			2,859					
Total Revenues	 9,420		117,127		345,962		7,200		2,955	
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular	320		-		-		-		-	
Special	-		-		-		-		-	
Vocational	-		-		-		-		2,955	
Support Services:	-		-		-		-		-	
Pupils	-		-		-		-		-	
Administration	5,354		-		-		-		-	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-		-		-		-		-	
Central	-		-		-		7,200		-	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:										
Food Service Operations	751		-		-		-		-	
Extracurricular Activities	 		85,832		553,912					
Total Expenditures	 6,425		85,832		553,912		7,200		2,955	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,995		31,295		(207,950)		-		-	
Other Financing Sources:										
Transfers In	 				234,016					
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,995		31,295		26,066		-		-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 49,931		78,854		(31,034)					
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 52,926	\$	110,149	\$	(4,968)	\$	_	\$		
	 			_					(continued)	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Student Wellness and Success Fund	Miscellaneous State Grants Fund	Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	Title VI-B Fund	Title I Fund
Revenues:	e	\$ 300	e 401 400	Φ 455.54Q	e 152.761
Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 300	\$ 481,490	\$ 455,542	\$ 153,761
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	_	-	-
Contributions and Donations	_	_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous	23,089	<u> </u>			
Total Revenues	23,089	300	481,490	455,542	153,761
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	-	-	261,503	-	23,340
Special	-	-	17,501	448,331	131,778
Vocational	-	-	-	-	-
Support Services:	-	-	-	-	-
Pupils	-	11,873	229,061	-	-
Administration	-	-	210	-	-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	4,441	-	-	-
Central	-	-	-	-	-
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations	-	-	58	-	-
Extracurricular Activities		·			
Total Expenditures		16,314	508,333	448,331	155,118
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	23,089	(16,014)	(26,843)	7,211	(1,357)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In	-	-	-	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	23,089	(16,014)	(26,843)	7,211	(1,357)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(23,089)	41,489	(11,823)	(75,730)	(22,514)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ -	\$ 25,475	\$ (38,666)	\$ (68,519)	\$ (23,871)
					(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Titl	e IV-A	Preschool Handicapped Fund		Improving Teacher Quality Fund		er Quality Federal Grants			
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$	16,008	\$	13,543	\$	15,992	\$	-	\$	1,019,233
Investment Income		-		-		-		-		854
Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		21,246
Contributions and Donations		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous										2,627
Total Revenues		16,008		13,543		15,992				1,043,960
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular		16,008		-		10,494		-		-
Special		-		13,543		-		-		-
Vocational		-		-		-		-		-
Support Services:		-		-						
Pupils		-		-		-		-		-
Administration		-		-		6,747		140,000		-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		-		-		-		-		-
Central		-		-		-		-		-
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:										
Food Service Operations		-		-		-		-		587,998
Extracurricular Activities										
Total Expenditures		16,008		13,543		17,241		140,000		587,998
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		(1,249)		(140,000)		455,962
Other Financing Sources:										
Transfers In										-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(1,249)		(140,000)		455,962
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year										91,246
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$		\$	(1,249)	\$	(140,000)	\$	547,208 (continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Investment Income 137 172 Extracurricular Activities - - 4 Charges for Services - - - Contributions and Donations - - - Miscellaneous - - -	
Investment Income 137 172 Extracurricular Activities - - 4 Charges for Services - - - Contributions and Donations - - - Miscellaneous - - -	
Extracurricular Activities 4 A Charges for Services	170,694
Charges for Services Contributions and Donations	1,163
Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous	453,684
Miscellaneous	21,871
	10,671
	28,575
<i>Total Revenues</i> 137 172 2,6	686,658
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Instruction:	
Regular 91 22,821 3	334,577
•	611,153
Vocational	2,955
Support Services:	
	240,934
	152,311
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,441
Central	7,200
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
<u> </u>	588,807
Extracurricular Activities 6	639,744
Total Expenditures 91 22,821 2,5	582,122
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 46 (22,649)	104,536
Other Financing Sources:	
Transfers In	234,016
Net Change in Fund Balance 46 (22,649) 3	338,552
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year 32,901 60,157 1	100 200
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year \$ 32,947 \$ 37,508 \$ 5	190,388

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2022

	Permanent Improvement Fund		County Sales Tax Fund		Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables: Accounts	\$	654,186	\$	1,106,901 153,757	\$ 1,761,087 153,757
Intergovernmental Taxes Receivable		599,802		916,473	916,473 599,802
Total Assets	\$	1,253,988	\$	2,177,131	\$ 3,431,119
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	1,700	\$ 1,700
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		518,475		-	518,475
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other		45,967		756,002	 45,967 756,002
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		564,442		756,002	1,320,444
Fund Balances Restricted		689,546		1,419,429	 2,108,975
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,253,988	\$	2,177,131	\$ 3,431,119

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Permanent Improvement Fund		County Sales Tax Fund		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	547,316	\$	_	\$	547,316
Intergovernmental		65,899		1,387,784		1,453,683
Total Revenues		613,215		1,387,784		2,000,999
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		-		172,007		172,007
Support Services:						
Pupils		-		177,246		177,246
Administration		24,705		-		24,705
Fiscal		-		1,250		1,250
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		76,139		243,477		319,616
Pupil Transportation		54,350		-		54,350
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Service Operations		1,666		-		1,666
Extracurricular Activities		4,182		38,885		43,067
Capital Outlay		333,583		7,763		341,346
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		300,000		300,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges				36,119		36,119
Total Expenditures		494,625		976,747		1,471,372
Net Change in Fund Balance		118,590		411,037		529,627
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		570,956		1,008,392		1,579,348
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	689,546	\$	1,419,429	\$	2,108,975

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues,

Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in

Fund Balance/Net Position
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget			Actual		Variance
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	15,860,000	\$	16,704,704	\$	844,704
Intergovernmental	*	6,077,983	*	7,850,798	*	1,772,815
Investment Income		135,000		148,380		13,380
Tuition and Fees		508,550		533,618		25,068
Charges for Services		30,000		38,486		8,486
Rent		4,000		1,212		(2,788)
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>		16,268		16,268
Total Revenues		22,615,533		25,293,466		2,677,933
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		11,674,538		11,007,736		666,802
Special		2,596,205		2,365,328		230,877
Vocational		560,384		482,016		78,368
Student Intervention		1,344,500		737,687		606,813
Support Services:						
Pupils		1,493,964		1,392,547		101,417
Instructional Staff		1,263,254		1,044,600		218,654
Board of Education		34,818		29,040		5,778
Administration		2,273,254		1,972,961		300,293
Fiscal		821,899		765,305		56,594
Business		155,517		104,505		51,012
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,741,196		1,367,226		373,970
Pupil Transportation		1,467,623		1,355,666		111,957
Central		7,800		666		7,134
Extracurricular Activities		210,644		163,678		46,966
Total Expenditures		25,645,596		22,788,961		2,856,635
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,030,063)		2,504,505		5,534,568
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		500		35,145		34,645
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		300,000		550,541		250,541
Transfers Out		(235,000)		(234,016)		984
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		65,500		351,670		286,170
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,964,563)		2,856,175		5,820,738
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		20,837,993		20,837,993		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		21,311		21,311		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	17,894,741	\$	23,715,479	\$	5,820,738

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Debt Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final						
		Budget		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	1,790,204	\$	1,457,094	\$	(333,110)	
Intergovernmental		303,196		275,560	-	(27,636)	
Total Revenues		2,093,400		1,732,654		(360,746)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Support Services:							
Fiscal		50,400		21,554		28,846	
Debt Service:							
Principal		1,350,000		1,350,000		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		193,618		193,618	-		
Total Expenditures		1,594,018		1,565,172		28,846	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		499,382		167,482		(331,900)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Refunding Bonds Issued		5,960,000		5,960,000		_	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		(6,053,961)		(6,053,961)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(93,961)		(93,961)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		405,421		73,521		(331,900)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		2,796,597		2,796,597			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	3,202,018	\$	2,870,118	\$	(331,900)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Local Grants Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	1	Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	4,670	\$	(5,330)
Gifts and Donations	-			4,750		4,750
Total Revenues		10,000		9,420		(580)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		7,398		320		7,078
Support Services:						
Pupils		500		-		500
Administration		10,117		5,354		4,763
Food Service Operations	-	774		751		23
Total Expenditures		18,789		6,425		12,364
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,789)		2,995		11,784
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,789)		2,995		11,784
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		49,931		49,931		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	41,142	\$	52,926	\$	11,784

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Student Activities Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues: Extracurricular	\$ 80,000	\$	117,127	\$	37,127
Expenditures: Current: Extracurricular Activities	 159,550		84,350		75,200
Total Expenditures	 159,550		84,350		75,200
Net Change in Fund Balance	(79,550)		32,777		112,327
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 78,847		78,847		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (703)	\$	111,624	\$	112,327

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Athletics Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Final Budget Actual			Variance		
Revenues:						
Extracurricular	\$ 261,100	\$	336,557	\$	75,457	
Charges for Services	-		625		625	
Gifts and Donations	 5,000		5,921		921	
Total Revenues	 266,100		343,103		77,003	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support Services:						
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,000		-		1,000	
Extracurricular Activities	 594,727		575,677		19,050	
Total Expenditures	 595,727		575,677		20,050	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (329,627)		(232,574)		97,053	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	-		2,859		2,859	
Transfers In	325,000		234,016		(90,984)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	325,000		236,875		(88,125)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,627)		4,301		8,928	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	56		56		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 4,576		4,576			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 5	\$	8,933	\$	8,928	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Data Communications Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	7,200	\$	7,200	\$	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support Services:						
Central		7,200		7,200		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Agriculture Education Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	3,045	\$	2,955	\$	(90)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Vocational		3,045		2,955		90
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$	=	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Student Wellness and Success Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	=	\$	=	\$	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support Services:						
Instructional Staff		2,530		2,530		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,530)		(2,530)		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		2,530		2,530		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$		\$	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous State Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	11,500	\$	300	\$	(11,200)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support Services:						
Pupils		16,915		11,873		5,042
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		16,941		4,441		12,500
Total Expenditures	-	33,856		16,314		17,542
Net Change in Fund Balance		(22,356)		(16,014)		6,342
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		41,388		41,388		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		105		105		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	19,137	\$	25,479	\$	6,342

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	747,613	\$	481,490	\$	(266,123)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		443,304		225,293		218,011
Special		45,781		14,790		30,991
Student Intervention Services		15,000		-		15,000
Support Services:						
Pupils		229,281		229,061		220
Administration		1,732		-		1,732
Pupil Transportation		346		_		346
Operation on Non-Instructional Services						
Food Service Operations		346		-		346
Total Expenditures		735,790		469,144		266,646
Net Change in Fund Balance		11,823		12,346		523
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		(11,823)		(11,823)		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$	523	\$	523

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Title VI-B Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	509,454	\$	455,542	\$	(53,912)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special		509,454		455,542		53,912
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$		\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Title I Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	189,438	\$	153,761	\$	(35,677)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		23,665		23,340		325
Special		168,517		133,165		35,352
Total Expenditures		192,182		156,505		35,677
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,744)		(2,744)		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		2,744		2,744		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$		\$	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Title IV-A Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	20,237	\$	16,008	\$	(4,229)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular		20,237		16,008		4,229
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year					-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Preschool Handicapped Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	13,543	\$ 13,543	\$	<u>-</u> _
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Special		13,543	 13,543		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year			 		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Improving Teacher Quality Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

]	Final				
	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	70,786	\$	24,692	\$	(46,094)
9		,				(-))
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		24,803		9,245		15,558
Support Services:						
Administration		37,283	-	6,747		30,536
Total Expenditures		62,086		15,992		46,094
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,700		8,700		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		(8,700)		(8,700)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:	ď.	200 (50	¢		¢	(200 (50)
Intergovernmental	\$	209,659	\$		\$	(209,659)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		209,659		140,000		69,659
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(140,000)		(140,000)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$	(140,000)	\$	(140,000)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Food Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	539,836	\$	954,261	\$	414,425
Investment Income		25		854		829
Charges for Services		8,139		21,246		13,107
Total Revenues		548,000		976,361		428,361
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Operation on Non-Instructional Services						
Food Service Operations		631,944		534,697		97,247
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(83,944)		441,664		525,608
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		2,000		2,627		627
Net Change in Fund Balance		(81,944)		444,291		526,235
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		125,228		125,228		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	43,284	\$	569,519	\$	526,235

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Special Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Investment Income	\$	150	\$	137	\$	(13)
Gifts and Donations		2,300				(2,300)
Total Revenues		2,450		137		(2,313)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		2,091		91		2,000
Operation on Non-Instructional Services						
Community Services	-	1,500				1,500
Total Expenditures		3,591		91		3,500
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,141)		46		1,187
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		32,899		32,899		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	31,758	\$	32,945	\$	1,187

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Scholarship Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance	
Revenues: Interest	\$	275	\$	172	\$	(103)
		213	Ψ	172	Φ	(103)
Expenses:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		20,821		20,821		
Change in Net Position		(20,546)		(20,649)		(103)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		60,156		60,156		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	39,610	\$	39,507	\$	(103)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Miscellaneous Activities Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:					
Tuition and Fees	\$ 48,300	\$	74,610	\$	26,310
Gifts and Donations	 		14,508		14,508
Total Revenues	 48,300		89,118		40,818
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	11,403		9,403		2,000
Special	4,248		2,578		1,670
Support Services:					
Pupil Transportation	11,545		10,191		1,354
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Community Services	 160,941		68,608		92,333
Total Expenditures	 188,137		90,780		97,357
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (139,837)		(1,662)		138,175
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	 -		596		596
Net Change in Fund Balance	(139,837)		(1,066)		138,771
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year, Restated	 247,847		247,847		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 108,010	\$	246,781	\$	138,771

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Uniform School Supplies Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:					
Tuition and Fees	\$ 70,000	\$	72,258	\$	2,258
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	76,327		56,612		19,715
Vocational	 4,770		2,335		2,435
Total Expenditures	 81,097		58,947		22,150
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,097)		13,311		24,408
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 73,241		73,241		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 62,144	\$	86,552	\$	24,408

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Underground Storage Tank Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:	\$ 	\$		\$		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support Services:						
Pupil Transportation	 11,000				11,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,000)		-		11,000	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 11,000		11,000			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Public School Support Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Final				
	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Extracurricular	\$	223,750	\$	120,590	\$	(103,160)
Gifts and Donations		250		310		60
Miscellaneous		1,000				(1,000)
Total Revenues		225,000		120,900		(104,100)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Extracurricular Activities		381,925		140,426		241,499
Net Change in Fund Balance		(156,925)		(19,526)		137,399
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		157,954		157,954		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1,029	\$	138,428	\$	137,399

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Creative Tax Abatement Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance	
Revenues:	\$		\$ 	\$	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Support Services:					
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	40,000	 		40,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(40,000)	-		40,000
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		228,613	 228,613		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	188,613	\$ 228,613	\$	40,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Permanent Improvement Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 536,205	\$	561,796	\$	25,591
Intergovernmental	 61,995		65,899		3,904
Total Revenues	 598,200		627,695		29,495
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Support Services:					
Administration	24,705		24,705		-
Fiscal	500		-		500
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	182,384		78,523		103,861
Pupil Transportation	55,000		54,350		650
Operation on Non-Instructional Services					
Food Service Operations	5,000		1,666		3,334
Extracurricular Activities	5,000		4,182		818
Capital Outlay	 405,000		333,583		71,417
Total Expenditures	 677,589		497,009		180,580
Net Change in Fund Balance	(79,389)		130,686		210,075
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	496,409		496,409		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 27,089		27,089		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 444,109	\$	654,184	\$	210,075

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
County Sales Tax Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,222,797	\$	1,384,417	\$	161,620
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	189,000		175,577		13,423
Support Services:					
Pupils	191,050		178,296		12,754
Fiscal	1,250		1,250		-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	303,000		243,477		59,523
Extracurricular Activities	195,000		90,737		104,263
Capital Outlay	7,778		7,763		15
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	300,000		300,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	36,119		36,119		
Total Expenditures	 1,223,197		1,033,219		189,978
Net Change in Fund Balance	(400)		351,198		351,598
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	697,253		697,253		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 1,328		1,328		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 698,181	\$	1,049,779	\$	351,598

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Statistical Section



Statistical Section

This part of the Buckeye Local School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S-2 - S-11
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S-12 - S-17
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S-18 - S-22
Economic and Demographic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.	S-23 - S-24
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.	S-25 - S-30

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NOTE:

With the implementation of GASB No. 68 in fiscal year 2015, the calculation of pension expense has changed, however, government-wide expenses for 2014 and prior fiscal years were not restated to reflect this change.

With the implementation of GASB No. 75 in fiscal year 2018, the calculation of OPEB expense has changed, however, government-wide expenses for 2017 and prior fiscal years were not restated to reflect this change.

With the implementation of GASB No. 84 for fiscal year 2021, there have been minor reclassifications of funds (example custodial funds reclassified to special revenue for GAAP purposes). Prior year year amounts have not been adjusted to reflect this change.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Restated						
	2022		2021		2020		2019		
Governmental Activities:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	13,962,535	\$	12,780,037	\$	12,016,056	\$	11,227,230	
Restricted		6,758,167		5,624,214		4,194,172		3,590,999	
Unrestricted		1,818,558		(3,435,126)		(5,836,450)		(5,827,531)	
Total Governmental Activities									
Net Position	\$	22,539,260	\$	14,969,125	\$	10,373,778	\$	8,990,698	

With the implementation of GASB No. 68 in fiscal year 2015, the calculation of pension expense has changed, however, government-wide expenses for 2014 and prior fiscal years were not restated to reflect this change.

With the implementation of GASB No. 75 in fiscal year 2018, the calculation of OPEB expense has changed, however, government-wide expenses for 2017 and prior fiscal years were not restated to reflect this change.

 2018	Restated 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 11,190,207 3,549,291 (9,180,693)	\$ 10,325,867 2,525,225 (23,270,522)	\$ 8,940,834 3,526,103 (16,667,855)	\$ 8,921,895 3,230,750 (20,452,719)	\$ 8,922,030 3,444,455 (24,210,651)	\$ 7,586,311 3,413,331 (761,620)
\$ 5,558,805	\$ (10,419,430)	\$ (4,200,918)	\$ (8,300,074)	\$ (11,844,166)	\$ 10,238,022

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Expenses:								
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular and Special Instruction	\$	13,555,434	\$	15,838,087	\$	15,633,427	\$	11,914,602
Vocational and Other Instruction		1,213,297		1,782,693		1,653,448		1,430,273
Support Services:				, ,		, ,		, ,
Pupils		1,727,943		1,752,691		1,532,511		1,291,279
Instructional Staff		1,062,655		1,111,602		1,140,461		1,050,444
Administration		2,139,336		2,510,671		2,282,044		1,900,342
Board of Education, Business and Fiscal Services		921,888		853,460		853,062		848,948
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,664,227		1,625,379		2,381,025		2,491,035
Pupil Transportation		1,258,446		1,367,518		1,361,954		1,342,420
Central		7,841		7,535		10,279		8,231
Food Service Operations		593,144		629,901		567,643		598,515
Community Services		57,209		74,921		63,684		26,598
Extracurricular Activities		937,076		816,079		1,073,891		890,352
Interest and Fiscal Charges		186,738		328,329		356,861		446,089
interest and Fiscai Charges		160,736		320,329		330,801		440,089
Total Expenses		25,325,234		28,698,866		28,910,290		24,239,128
Program Revenues:								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
Regular and Special Instruction		1,103,605		2,072,351		2,007,418		1,960,181
Vocational and Other Instruction		2,862		1,882		600		358
Pupils and Instructional Staff		-		-		-		-
Administration		-		-		-		-
Board of Education, Business and Fiscal Services		-		-		-		-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation		9,887		2,314		12,723		22,505
Extracurricular Activities		574,614		337,712		571,332		549,669
Food Service Operations		21,246		10,164		206,340		296,043
Community Services		60,349		17,562		42,619		43,155
Operating Grants and Contributions		2,331,532		2,309,680		1,545,460		1,564,339
Total Program Revenues		4,104,095		4,751,665		4,386,492		4,436,250
·					_		_	
Total Net Expense		(21,221,139)	\$	(23,947,201)	\$	(24,523,798)	\$	(19,802,878)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:								
Property and Other Local Taxes Levied For:								
General Purposes	\$	17,452,167	\$	17,142,496	\$	14,505,286	\$	11,966,706
Debt Service	Ψ	1,355,140	Ψ	1,950,652	Ψ	1,761,021	Ψ	1,384,271
Capital Outlay		569,849		557,334		503,145		395,508
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted		ŕ		•		ŕ		
to Specific Programs		9,600,736		8,527,902		8,353,415		8,839,970
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		-		-		-		-
Investment Earnings		(321,259)		29,494		531,343		457,546
Miscellaneous		134,641		334,670		117,315		190,770
Total General Revenues	\$	28,791,274	\$	28,542,548	\$	25,771,525	\$	23,234,771
Change in Net Position	\$	7,570,135	\$	4,595,347	\$	1,247,727	\$	3,431,893

	2018	 2017	 2016	2015		2014		 2013
\$	5,292,357 1,170,005	\$ 13,825,767 1,716,741	\$ 12,763,260 1,115,909	\$	11,973,212 1,111,088	\$	11,269,641 1,078,239	\$ 11,428,268 1,288,818
	474,506	1,679,437	1,089,398		1,142,981		856,374	986,651
	940,347	1,430,226					*	
	1,234,550	2,140,574	1,280,127 1,985,824		1,339,070 1,708,973		1,416,187 1,642,838	1,185,954 1,544,345
	776,527	796,397	801,931		779,375		773,580	757,417
	1,240,507	2,402,687	1,515,230		2,142,185		1,369,183	1,528,561
	1,121,569	1,517,119	1,185,297		1,213,318		1,158,119	1,181,590
	8,377	8,090	15,644		1,510		285	17,621
	548,369	601,353	533,636		534,655		500,489	501,351
	36,523	39,991	96,621		13,263		2,898	1,400
	660,079	917,773	816,351		903,591		761,712	679,807
	509,428	567,745	694,581		825,619		853,396	940,352
		 						· · · · · ·
	14,013,144	 27,643,900	 23,893,809		23,688,840		21,682,941	 22,042,135
	679,505 -	301,133	537,099		419,020		324,440	359,446
	-	2,134	-		1,247		-	-
	-	405	-		313		-	-
	-	1,261	2,489		1,595		2,240	3,299
	-	-	-		-		-	-
	596,200	580,257	544,146		584,851		527,164	507,570
	287,142	297,831	300,650		268,685		203,196	217,718
	1,519,211	64,423 1,419,205	67,134 1,371,629		7,544 1,415,848		1,147,320	1,361,922
								 · · · · ·
	3,082,058	 2,666,649	 2,823,147		2,699,103		2,204,360	 2,449,955
\$	(10,931,086)	\$ (24,977,251)	\$ (21,070,662)	\$	(20,989,737)	\$	(19,478,581)	\$ (19,592,180)
\$	13,848,034	\$ 12,488,344	\$ 12,221,769	\$	11,632,392	\$	11,308,995	\$ 10,117,195
	1,722,586	1,630,990	1,557,081		1,488,198		1,412,695	1,334,257
	471,325	407,743	389,280		372,051		362,807	360,563
	10,342,508	10,963,416	10,904,176		10,554,856		10,301,947	9,540,808
	34,852	33,745	53,331		76,537			
	70,747	79,799	14,134		1,657		945	2,981
	419,269	 95,089	 30,047		408,138		24,877	 23,287
\$	26,909,321	\$ 25,699,126	\$ 25,169,818	\$	24,533,829	\$	23,412,266	\$ 21,379,091
\$	15,978,235	\$ 721,875	\$ 4,099,156	\$	3,544,092	\$	3,933,685	\$ 1,786,911
-		 	 					

Program Revenues by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2022	 2021	 2020		2019
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular and Special Instruction	\$ 2,020,394	\$ 3,218,417	\$ 3,175,357	\$	2,996,224
Vocational and Other Instruction	5,817	38,440	40,372		36,845
Support Services:					
Pupil Support	229,279	23,463	-		-
Instructional Staff Support	-	150,771	3,708		136,212
Board of Education and Administration	148,060	68,283	34,989		36,097
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	82	113,897	9,783		12,566
Pupil Transportation	9,887	80,144	51,353		73,941
Central	7,200	7,200	7,200		7,200
Food Service Operations	1,042,492	693,668	440,863		527,851
Community Services	60,349	17,562	45,917		48,213
Extracurricular Activities	 580,535	 339,820	 576,950		561,101
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,104,095	\$ 4,751,665	\$ 4,386,492	\$	4,436,250

 2018	 2017	 2016	2015		 2014		2013
\$ 1,598,364 32,675	\$ 1,225,735 58,736	\$ 1,424,887 18,702	\$	1,286,621 15,719	\$ 730,760 218,215	\$	1,124,468
_	2,134	45,595		436	79,427		175,449
194,526	173,008	116,951		221,643	166,154		172,711
84,773	6,761	9,776		13,155	47,391		20,080
-	11,256	12,773		39,273	2,240		3,299
61,810	27,906	60,507		56,007	380		3,177
7,200	7,200	7,200		-	7,200		7,200
496,049	495,093	487,622		456,387	423,896		432,497
700	67,656	79,659		23,011	250		630
 605,961	 591,164	 559,475		586,851	 528,447		510,444
\$ 3,082,058	\$ 2,666,649	\$ 2,823,147	\$	2,699,103	\$ 2,204,360	\$	2,449,955

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2022	 2021	 Restated 2020	2019	
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 22,509	\$ 112,796	\$ 106,811	\$	92,643
Committed	11,000	11,000	11,000		1,416
Assigned	1,362,421	2,695,554	522,687		2,249,040
Unassigned	 21,252,846	17,913,278	 17,327,588		13,909,774
Total General Fund	 22,648,776	 20,732,628	 17,968,086		16,252,873
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	-	-	-		-
Restricted	5,852,486	4,904,973	3,541,731		2,999,471
Unassigned	 (277,273)	 (164,190)	 (170,570)		(167,201)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	 5,575,213	4,740,783	 3,371,161		2,832,270
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 28,223,989	\$ 25,473,411	\$ 21,339,247	\$	19,085,143

 2018	 2017		2016		2015		2015		2014		2013
\$ 26,116	\$ 21,116	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	15,455		
1,101	701		587		132		102		242		
487,710	2,678,610		742,318		850,144		791,416		682,820		
 14,883,763	 9,448,903		9,180,962		6,036,075		3,055,825		48,756		
 15,398,690	 12,149,330		9,923,867		6,886,351		3,847,343		747,273		
-	653		-		-		-		22,449		
2,993,646	1,982,862		2,791,564		2,782,809		2,533,971		2,806,437		
 (135,472)	 (139,808)		(120,740)		(77,560)		(55,556)		(120,128)		
 2,858,174	 1,843,707		2,670,824		2,705,249		2,478,415		2,708,758		
\$ 18,256,864	\$ 13,993,037	\$	12,594,691	\$	9,591,600	\$	6,325,758	\$	3,456,031		

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2022	2021		2020		2019	
Revenues:						_		
Taxes	\$	18,006,464	\$	18,302,406	\$	16,757,594	\$	13,750,902
Intergovernmental	φ	11,745,559	Φ	10,736,416	Ф	9,897,979	Ф	10,549,236
Investment income		(320,096)		29,685		531,737		457,938
Tuition and Fees		1,153,195		1,959,137		1,635,791		1,618,256
Extracurricular Activities		573,989		337,045		571,332		549,669
Charges for Services		60,357		44,202		241,037		691,169
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		-		- 11,202		211,037		071,107
Other (1)		161,343		341,277		189,074		182,785
		101,010		3.1,277		105,07.		102,700
Total Revenues		31,380,811		31,750,168		29,824,544		27,799,955
Expenditures:								
Instructional		15,521,803		15,781,774		15,213,745		14,577,865
Support Services		9,187,970		8,462,662		8,837,608		8,610,532
Food Service Operations		590,473		562,032		484,983		522,803
Community Services		63,167		72,070		59,236		27,201
Extracurricular Activities		986,921		767,546		1,007,535		931,092
Capital Outlay		341,346		217,512		250,561		409,179
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		1,650,000		1,590,000		1,540,000		1,556,484
Interest and Fiscal Charges		229,737		355,357		415,328		477,281
Total Expenditures		28,571,417		27,808,953		27,808,996		27,112,437
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over								
(Under) Expenditures		2,809,394		3,941,215		2,015,548		687,518
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Refunding Bonds Issued		5,960,000		-		-		-
Proceeds of Bonds		-		-		-		-
Premium on Debt Issuance		-		-		-		-
Payment to Refund Bond Escrow Agent		(6,053,961)		-		-		-
Insurance Recoveries		-		-		103,203		-
Proceeds from Sales of Assets		35,145		644		-		140,761
Inception of Capital Lease		-		_		-		-
Transfers In		234,016		517,047		266,629		175,000
Transfers Out		(234,016)		(324,742)		(266,629)		(175,000)
Total Financing Sources and (Uses)		(58,816)		192,949		103,203		140,761
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,750,578	\$	4,134,164	\$	2,118,751	\$	828,279
Debt Service as a Percentage of								
Noncapital Expenditures		6.69%		7.07%		7.10%		7.95%

⁽¹⁾ Other revenues include Rentals, Contributions and Donations and Miscellaneous revenues.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
46070 047	44.540.040	44.000.000	42 -00 -4-	44.044.000	40.000.004
\$ 16,052,315	\$ 14,619,043	\$ 14,209,256	\$ 13,589,717	\$ 13,055,838	\$ 12,099,534
11,659,503 71,013	12,541,490 79,954	11,917,792 14,150	11,996,211 1,661	11,555,586 949	10,707,036
543,319	361,445	619,181	417,968	269,109	3,036 258,528
596,200	581,331	566,185	587,648	521,358	500,237
429,150	296,153	297,280	265,834	198,516	212,821
34,852	33,745	53,331	76,537	-	212,021
430,765	92,732	 68,762	442,764	 88,974	127,737
 29,817,117	 28,605,893	 27,745,937	 27,378,340	 25,690,330	 23,908,929
14 194 007	12 691 502	12.066.772	12 611 710	12 170 067	12 101 121
14,184,987	13,681,502	13,066,773	12,611,719	12,179,967	12,101,131
7,854,369 511,558	9,546,526 514,396	8,148,905 491,640	8,142,050 473,388	7,126,916 444,760	6,566,293 438,734
40,920	36,403	97,533	13,263	2,898	203,625
880,035	1,387,940	819,470	907,076	869,166	468,833
69,499	11,910	394,150	-	103,371	312,073
1,479,535	1,432,633	787,845	1,011,037	1,356,483	1,254,728
540,645	598,142	 1,262,349	953,965	 737,042	738,826
 25,561,548	 27,209,452	 25,068,665	 24,112,498	 22,820,603	 22,084,243
4,255,569	1,396,441	2,677,272	3,265,842	2,869,727	1,824,686
-	-	_	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	2,529,995
-	-	-	-	-	148,438
-	-	-	-	-	(2,584,593)
-	-	-	-	-	-
8,258	1,905	3,687	-	-	-
-	-	322,132	-	-	-
192,500	120,945	119,978	161,693	150,932	128,185
 (192,500)	 (120,945)	 (119,978)	 (161,693)	 (150,932)	 (128,185)
8,258	1,905	325,819	 <u> </u>	 -	 93,840
\$ 4,263,827	\$ 1,398,346	\$ 3,003,091	\$ 3,265,842	\$ 2,869,727	\$ 1,918,526
8.05%	7.76%	8.31%	8.18%	9.22%	9.16%

Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Collection Years

		Tangible Personal Property (2)				
Collection <u>Year</u>		Real Proper Residential/ Agriculture Property	Commercial Property		Public <u>Utility</u>	
2022	\$	482,813,530 \$	94,079,230	\$	54,504,730	
2021		463,627,780	95,763,420		72,329,450	
2020		462,704,940	86,391,360		53,716,770	
2019		395,708,290	78,290,870		27,422,620	
2018		388,001,840	73,820,420		19,147,790	
2017		379,355,890	72,694,110		18,183,600	
2016		348,014,260	66,766,170		17,011,700	
2015		344,493,410	68,135,550		16,496,230	
2014		337,848,570	62,997,240		15,882,570	
2013		342,051,110	61,647,610		16,420,830	

Source: Medina County Auditor's Office

⁽¹⁾ Real estate value is assessed at 35% of actual value.

⁽²⁾ Public utility personal is assessed at 88% of actual value.

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Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	<u>Ratio</u>	Total Tax <u>Rate</u>
\$ 631,397,490 \$	1,710,202,222	36.9%	63.20
631,720,650	1,680,453,128	37.6%	65.00
602,813,070	1,629,888,355	37.0%	65.00
501,421,780	1,385,445,382	36.2%	66.40
480,970,050	1,341,251,023	35.9%	66.40
470,233,600	1,312,234,611	35.8%	67.90
431,792,130	1,204,418,420	35.9%	67.90
429,125,190	1,197,685,602	35.8%	67.90
416,728,380	1,163,322,118	35.8%	67.90
420,119,550	1,172,084,948	35.8%	67.60

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments
(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)
Last Ten Collection Years

	rect		

			Direct	kates	
			Permanent	Debt	Total
Collection		Operating	Improvement	Service	School
Year		Millage	Millage	Millage	District
2022	Liverpool Township	60.30	1.00	1.90	63.20
	Litchfield Township	60.30	1.00	1.90	63.20
	York Township	60.30	1.00	1.90	63.20
	Medina City	60.30	1.00	1.90	63.20
2021	Liverpool Township	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
	Litchfield Township	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
	York Township	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
	Medina City	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
2020	Liverpool Township	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
	Litchfield Township	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
	York Township	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
	Medina City	60.50	1.00	3.50	65.00
2019	Liverpool Township	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
	Litchfield Township	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
	York Township	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
	Medina City	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
2018	Liverpool Township	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
	Litchfield Township	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
	York Township	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
	Medina City	61.90	1.00	3.50	66.40
2017	Liverpool Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Litchfield Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	York Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Medina City	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
2016	Liverpool Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Litchfield Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	York Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Medina City	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
2015	Liverpool Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Litchfield Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	York Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Medina City	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
2014	Liverpool Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Litchfield Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	York Township	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
	Medina City	62.90	1.00	4.00	67.90
2013	Liverpool Township	62.90	1.00	3.70	67.60
	Litchfield Township	62.90	1.00	3.70	67.60
	York Township	62.90	1.00	3.70	67.60
	Medina City	62.90	1.00	3.70	67.60
	•				

Source: Medina County Auditor

		Overlappir	ng Rates		
					Medina
County		Vocational	Medina		County
Levy	Township	Education	City	Other	Library
9.04	7.70	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	1.00	2.
9.04	6.70	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	0.00	3.05	6.40	1.00	2
9.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	6.70	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	0.00	3.05	6.40	1.00	2
7.01		3.03	0.40	1.00	2
9.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	6.70	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
9.04	0.00	3.05	5.40	1.00	2
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	6.70	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	0.00	3.05	5.40	1.00	2
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	6.70	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	0.00	3.05	5.40	1.00	2
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	6.70	3.05	0.00	1.00	2
8.04	0.00	3.05	5.40	1.00	2
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	0.75	2
8.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	0.75	2
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	0.75	2
8.04	0.00	3.05	5.40	0.75	2
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	0.75	1
8.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	0.75	1
8.04 8.04	6.20			0.75	1
8.04	0.00	3.05 3.05	0.00 5.40	0.75	1
0.01	0.00	5.05	2.10	0.75	1
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	0.75	1
8.04	9.90	3.05	0.00	0.75	1
8.04	6.20	3.05	0.00	0.75	1
8.04	0.00	3.05	5.40	0.75	1.

3.05

3.05

3.05

3.05

0.00

0.00

0.00

5.40

0.75

0.75

0.75

0.75

2.05

2.05

2.05

2.05

8.04

8.04

8.04

8.04

6.20

9.90

6.20

0.00

Property Tax Levies and Collections, Real, Public Utility Tax and Tangible Personal Property (1)

Last Ten Collection Years

Tax Year	Collection Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections	C	Total Tax ollections (1)	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2021	2022	\$ 20,980,307	\$ 17,931,731	85.47%	\$ 339,976	\$	18,271,707	87.09%
2020	2021	21,815,586	20,008,495	91.72%	\$ 370,162		20,378,657	93.41%
2019	2020	21,150,515	19,959,652	94.37%	228,827		20,188,479	95.45%
2018	2019	17,099,914	16,882,620	98.73%	260,921		17,143,541	100.26%
2017	2018	16,180,908	15,926,084	98.43%	282,391		16,208,475	100.17%
2016	2017	16,493,915	16,229,504	98.40%	304,829		16,534,333	100.25%
2015	2016	15,657,262	15,393,471	98.32%	359,089		15,752,560	100.61%
2014	2015	15,557,408	15,343,754	98.63%	391,542		15,735,296	101.14%
2013	2014	15,019,852	14,641,281	97.48%	327,129		14,968,410	99.66%
2012	2013	14,931,753	14,486,918	97.02%	496,369		14,983,287	100.35%

⁽¹⁾ State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.

Note: The Medina County Treasurer collects property taxes on a calendar-year basis, therefore, the above data has been presented on a calendar-year basis. The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied. As a result, the percent of total collections to tax levy could exceed 100% in any given year. The School District needs more time to work with the County to obtain this information.

Source: Medina County Auditor's Office

Principal Taxpayers
December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2012

Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value (1)	Percent of Real Assessed Value
	Decembe	r 31, 2021
NEXUS Gas Transmission LLC	\$ 32,916,920	5.21%
Columbia Gas Transmission	16,503,200	2.61%
Spirit Master Funding X, LLC	11,669,780	1.85%
American Transmission Systems	10,432,000	1.65%
Ohio Edison Compnany	7,638,210	1.21%
MTD Products	7,614,870	1.21%
Liverpool Fields Combined LLC	4,903,070	0.78%
Oak Tree Real Estate Holding LLC	3,154,790	0.50%
Sandridge Food Corporation	3,141,040	0.50%
Discount Drug Mart, Inc.	2,939,380	0.47%
Totals	\$ 100,913,260	15.99%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 631,397,490	
	Decembe	r 31, 2012
MTD Holdings	\$ 5,466,540.00	1.30%
Discount Drug Mart, Inc.	3,921,970	0.93%
MTD Products, Inc.	2,487,640	0.59%
Sandridge Food Corp	2,014,710	0.48%
Medina Blanking, Inc.	1,841,900	0.44%
Liverpool Coil Processing	1,803,130	0.43%
Bissett, William K	1,529,190	0.36%
Medina Medical Investors	1,524,280	0.36%
Wolff Bros Supply, Inc.	1,220,270	0.29%
Webb-Stiles Company	1,205,590	0.29%
Totals	\$ 23,015,220	5.47%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 420,119,550	

Source: Medina County Auditor

⁽¹⁾ Assessed values are for the 2022 collection year for 2021 and the 2013 collection year for 2012.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Personal Income and Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)/(3)		Obligation Direct		Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income (2)	et Debt Capita (2)
2022	\$	5,960,000	\$	635,000	\$	6,595,000	1.61%	\$ 254
2021		7,624,862		935,000		8,559,862	2.08%	606
2020		9,004,822		1,220,000		10,224,822	2.49%	724
2019		10,344,782		1,495,000		11,839,782	2.63%	839
2018		11,629,742		1,841,484		13,471,226	3.28%	954
2017		12,854,702		2,171,019		15,025,721	3.66%	1,065
2016		14,044,662		2,488,652		16,533,314	4.03%	1,171
2015		15,129,727		2,485,000		17,614,727	4.15%	1,248
2014		16,088,119		2,712,707		18,800,826	4.44%	1,332
2013		16,498,142		2,964,190		19,462,332	4.74%	1,379

Source:

- (1) School District Financial Records
- (2) Population and personal income information is located on S-23.
- (3) GASB 88 was implemented in fiscal year 2019 which moved Direct Borrowings (ex Lease Purchase Agreements) out of the Lease category.

Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value and Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2)	General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Resources Available to Pay Principal	Net General Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Net Debt Bonded Debt Per Capita (1)
2022	25,968	\$ 1,710,202,222	\$ 5,960,000	\$ 3,024,633	\$ 2,935,367	0.17%	\$ 113
2021	26,094	1,680,453,128	7,624,862	3,053,066	4,571,796	0.27%	175
2020	14,114	1,629,888,355	9,004,822	2,416,992	6,587,830	0.40%	467
2019	14,114	1,385,445,382	10,344,782	1,959,539	8,385,243	0.61%	594
2018	14,114	1,341,251,023	11,629,742	1,912,695	9,717,047	0.72%	688
2017	14,114	1,312,234,611	12,854,702	1,485,189	11,369,513	0.87%	806
2016	14,114	1,204,418,420	14,044,662	1,152,189	12,892,473	1.07%	913
2015	14,114	1,197,685,602	15,129,727	985,743	14,143,984	1.18%	1,002
2014	14,114	1,163,322,118	16,088,119	758,734	15,329,385	1.32%	1,086
2013	14,114	1,172,084,948	16,498,142	745,322	15,752,820	1.34%	1,116

Source:

- (2) Medina County Auditor
- (3) School District Records

⁽¹⁾ Population information is located on S-23

Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Debt Limit	\$ 56,825,774	\$ 56,854,859	\$ 54,253,176	\$ 45,127,960
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	2,935,367	4,571,796	6,198,008	7,920,461
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 53,890,407	\$ 52,283,063	\$ 48,055,168	\$ 37,207,499
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	5.2%	8.0%	11.4%	17.6%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022				
Debt Limitation (9% of Assessed Value) (2)	\$ 56,825,774			
Debt Applicable to Limit: General Obligation Bonds	5,960,000			
Less: Amount Set Aside for Repayment of General Obligation Bonds	3,024,633			
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	2,935,367			
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 53,890,407			
Unvoted Debt Limit (.10% of Assessed Value)	\$ 631,397			
Debt Applicable to Limit				
Unvoted Debt Margin	\$ 631,397			

Source: Medina County Auditor and School District Financial Records

- (1) Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt. All School District debt subject to the limitation is voted.
- (2) Beginning in fiscal year 2006, HB 350 changed the assessed valuation utilized in the legal debt margin calculation to exclude tangible personal property as well as railroad and telephone tangible property.

2018	2017	2016	 2015	2014	 2013
\$ 43,287,305	\$ 42,321,024	\$ 38,861,292	\$ 38,621,267	\$ 36,076,123	\$ 36,332,885
9,717,047	11,369,513	 12,892,473	 14,143,984	 15,329,385	 14,349,678
\$ 33,570,258	\$ 30,951,511	\$ 25,968,819	\$ 24,477,283	\$ 20,746,738	\$ 21,983,207
22, 40/	26.00/	22.20/	26.60/	42.50/	20.50/
22.4%	26.9%	33.2%	36.6%	42.5%	39.5%

Computation of Direct & Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Debt as of June 30, 2022

	Ac	overnmental tivities Debt outstanding	Percentage Applicable to School District (2)	Amount Applicable to School District	
Direct: Buckeye Local School District	\$	6,595,000	100.00%	\$	6,595,000
Overlapping: Medina County		40,060,000	10.31%		4,130,186
Medina City		17,620,000	9.95%		1,753,190
Medina County Library District		5,845,000	12.01%		701,985
Total Overlapping		63,525,000			6,585,361
Total	\$	70,120,000		\$	13,180,361

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

- (1) Debt is reported as of December 31, 2021 except Buckeye Local School District which is reported as of June 30, 2022.
- (2) Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (2)	P	r Capita ersonal come (3)	Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (5)
2021	25,968	\$ 998,365,728	\$	38,446	2,337	3.7%
2020	26,094	986,040,072		37,788	2,328	8.1%
2019	14,114	507,807,606		35,979	2,367	3.4%
2018	14,114	482,331,836		34,174	2,332	4.2%
2017	14,114	464,505,854		32,911	2,323	4.0%
2016	14,114	448,260,640		31,760	2,313	4.3%
2015	14,114	441,641,174		31,291	2,345	3.2%
2014	14,114	433,398,598		30,707	2,344	5.0%
2013	14,114	423,222,404		29,986	2,493	5.9%
2012	14,114	413,709,568		29,312	2,240	6.0%

⁽¹⁾ Population 2012-2019 is from 2010 Census and 2020-2021 is from census.gov City of Medina.

(4) Represents fiscal year. Does not include students educated outside the School District (special needs, career center and post secondary).

(5) Unemployment Rate

U.S. Census, Medina County Auditor (Percentages represent Medina County)

⁽²⁾ Computation of per capital personal income multiplied by population.

⁽³⁾ Per Capita Personal Income for 2012-2021 represents Medina County

Principal Employers in Medina County December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2012

	December 31, 2021					
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment				
Cleveland Clinic	1,529	2.68%				
Westfield Insurance	1,255	2.20%				
Medina County	1,015	1.78%				
Discount Drug Mart	926	1.63%				
MTD Products	822	1.44%				
Medina City School District	792	1.39%				
Brunswick City School District	776	1.36%				
Sandridge Food Corporation	670	1.18%				
Wadsworth City School District	546	0.96%				
Carlisle Brake and Friction	400	0.70%				
	8,731	15.32%				
Total Employment within County	56,978					

	Decembe	er 31, 2012
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
Westfield Companies	1,560	2.99%
Medina County	1,320	2.53%
Medina Hospital	900	1.72%
Brunswick City School District	807	1.55%
Medina City School District	700	1.34%
MTD Products	577	1.11%
Sandridge Food Corporation	520	1.00%
Summa Wadsworth-Rittman Hospital	502	0.96%
Wadsworth City School District	500	0.96%
Highland Local School District	450	0.86%
	7,836	15.02%
Total Employment within County	52,205	

Source: Medina County

Full-Time Equivalent School District Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Degree	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Function:										
Instruction: Regular and Special	132.00	131.00	132.00	132.00	127.35	123.35	121.35	120.49	119.49	117.53
Vocational and Other	7.00	7.00	4.00	0.33	1.58	1.58	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51
Support Services: Pupil Services	18.00	12.00	13.00	10.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.50
Instructional Staff	28.00	28.00	28.00	26.50	27.86	27.86	25.86	25.86	25.86	25.36
Administration	17.00	22.00	24.00	22.26	22.26	22.26	21.26	20.26	20.26	20.26
Business and Fiscal Services	7.00	6.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.10	4.00	3.60	3.60
Plant Operation and Maintenance	13.00	12.00	12.00	9.50	10.50	10.50	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Pupil Transportation	16.00	17.00	18.00	15.07	16.07	16.07	15.07	15.07	14.50	15.99
Community services	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Extracurricular	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Food Service Operations	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.70
Total	251.50	247.50	247.50	232.16	232.12	228.12	220.65	217.69	215.72	214.95

Source: School District Personnel Records

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Regular and Special Instruction										
Number of students	2,337	2,328	2,272	2,332	2,323	2,313	2,345	2,247	2,493	2,240
Vocational and Other Instruction										
Number of students	97	130	101	94	132	95	124	97	140	129
Support Services:										
Pupil Services										
Number of counselors/	6	7	6	5	5	5	5	5	4	4
Number of Psychologists/Spec Ed	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Instructional Staff										
Number of librarians	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
Number of aides		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Administration										
Number of administrators	16	16	16	13	10	9	8	7	7	7
Business and Fiscal Services										
Number of administrative	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of assistants	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.6
Plant Operation and Maintenance										
Number of buildings maintained	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.5	8.5	8	8	8
Pupil Transportation										
Number of students transported	1,804	1,857	1,950	1,781	1,526	1,286	1,510	1,370	1,524	1,551
Extracurricular Activities										
Number of Coaches	115	80	68	61	64	60	65	60	51	48
Number of Programs	64	45	42	39	39	39	39	38	38	38

Source: Buckeye Local School District Records

Capital Assets by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Instruction:										
School Buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Support Services:										
Pupil Services										
Playgrounds	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Instructional Staff										
Libraries	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Administration										
Administration Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Central Bus Facility	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Extracurricular Activities										
Sports Fields	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Food Service Operations										
Cafeterias	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Kitchens	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total	23	23	23	24	23	23	23	23	23	23

Source: High School Guidance Office

Building Capacity and Percent Participation in Free/Reduced Meals Fiscal Years 2022 and 2013

Fiscal Year 2022

School Buildings:	Number of Students (1)	Building Capacity	Percent of Capacity	Percent Participation in Free/Reduced Meals
Buckeye High School	774	911	85.0%	18.0%
Buckeye Junior High School	348	493	70.6%	23.0%
Intermediate Elementary School	564	780	72.3%	20.0%
Primary Elementary School	651	780	83.5%	21.0%
	2,337	2,964		

Fiscal Year 2013

	Number of	Building	Percent of	Percent Participation in Free/Reduced
School Buildings:	Students	Capacity	Capacity	Meals
Buckeye High School	699	911	76.7%	22.8%
Buckeye Junior High School	356	493	72.2%	31.1%
Intermediate Elementary School	546	800	68.3%	29.9%
Primary Elementary School	639	800	79.9%	26.0%
	2,240	3,004		

Source: Buckeye Local School District Records

⁽¹⁾ Does not include students educated outside the School District (special needs, career center and post secondary).

Cost Per Pupil Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	eneral Fund xpenditures	Average Daily Student Enrollment	Cost r Pupil	Student/ Teacher Ratio
2022	\$ 22,952,751	2,337	\$ 9,821	16:1
2021	22,727,643	2,328	9,763	16:4
2020	22,611,912	2,367	9,553	16:1
2019	21,901,311	2,332	9,392	16:1
2018	21,204,349	2,323	9,128	17:1
2017	20,935,694	2,313	9,051	17:1
2016	19,985,288	2,345	8,523	17:1
2015	19,309,762	2,344	8,238	16:1
2014	18,181,066	2,493	7,293	19:1
2013	17,661,322	2,240	7,885	18:1

Source: School District Financial Records

Teacher Education and Experience Fiscal Years 2022 and 2013

	Fiscal Y	ear 2022	Fiscal Yo	ear 2013
	Number of	Percent of	Number of	Percent of
Degree	Teachers	Total	Teachers	Total
Bachelor's Degree	26.00	18.0%	11.50	9.3%
Bachelor's plus 15	15.00	10.3%	7.01	5.6%
Master's Degree	35.00	24.1%	53.89	43.3%
Master's plus 15	37.00	25.5%	27.00	21.7%
Master's plus 30	32.00	22.1%	25.00	20.1%
Total	145.00	100.0%	124.40	100.0%

Years of Experience	Number of Teachers	Percent of Total	Number of Teachers	Percent of Total
0 to 5	31.00	21.4%	19.00	15.3%
6 to 10	29.00	20.0%	24.01	19.3%
11 to 20	36.00	24.8%	49.89	40.1%
21 and Over	49.00	33.8%	31.50	25.3%
Total	145.00	100.0%	124.40	100.0%

Note: This schedule presents instructors that teach only portions of days as fractional teachers

Source: Buckeye Local School District Records

BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO

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BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER/ ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022	\$ 2,182
National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Food Donation Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555 10.555	2022 COVID-19, 2022 2022	382,231 42,718 64,972 489,921
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			492,103
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2022	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			492,717
U.S. FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Direct			
COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund (ECF) Program - Equipment	32.009	COVID-19, 2022	140,000
Total U.S. Federal Communications Commission			140,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A 84.010A 84.010A	84.010A, 2022 84.010A, 2022 84.010A, 2021	5,655 136,291 14,559 156,505
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Total Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A 84.027A	84.027A, 2022 84.027A, 2021	390,808 64,734 455,542
Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173A	84.173A, 2022	13,543
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			469,085
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2022	15,992
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2022	16,008
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) Fund COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2021 COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022	149,435 319,710 469,145
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,126,735
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,759,452

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE

BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCALYEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Buckeye Local School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Buckeye Local School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position or cash flows of the Buckeye Local School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

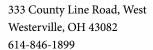
CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. Buckeye Local School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Buckeye Local School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Buckeye Local School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Buckeye Local School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Buckeye Local School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Buckeye Local School District Medina County 3044 Columbia Road Medina, OH 44256

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckeye Local School District, Medina County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Buckeye Local School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2022, wherein we noted as described in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Buckeye Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Buckeye Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Buckeye Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Buckeye Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

December 13, 2022





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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Buckeye Local School District Medina County 3044 Columbia Road Medina, OH 44256

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Buckeye Local School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Buckeye Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Buckeye Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Buckeye Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Buckeye Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Buckeye Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Buckeye Local School District's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Buckeye Local School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Buckeye Local School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Buckeye Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Buckeye Local School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Buckeye Local School District
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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
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Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckeye Local School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Buckeye Local School District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 13, 2022. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, the.

December 13, 2022

BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425)	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MEDINA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/7/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370