

OWENS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE WOOD COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021





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Board of Trustees Owens State Community College PO Box 10000 Toledo, Ohio 43699

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Owens State Community College, Wood County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Owens State Community College is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 18, 2022

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Contents

Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 – 13
Basic Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	14
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	15
Statements of Cash Flows	16 – 17
Statements of Financial Position - Discretely Presented Component Unit – Foundation	18
Statements of Activities and Change in Net Assets - Discretely Presented Component Unit – Foundation	19
Notes to Financial Statements	20 – 57
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedules of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and College Pension Contributions	58 – 59
Schedules of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and College OPEB Contributions	60 – 61
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	62 – 64
Supplemental Information	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	65 – 66
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	67 – 69
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	70
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	71
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	72

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Owens State Community College Perrysburg, Ohio

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Owens State Community College (the College), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of the College's pension and OPEB amounts and contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2022 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio October 13, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

The following management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of Owens State Community College for the year ended June 30, 2022 with comparative information for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying audited financial statements and footnotes.

ABOUT OWENS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Founded in 1965, Owens Community College (the "College") continues to offer an affordable, quality education to those who are seeking an associate degree, continuing education courses, and professional development. The College allows you to complete the first two years of a bachelor's degree and then transfer to any four-year University or College. To enhance this process, the College has cultivated transfer agreements with over 20 area four-year colleges and universities.

The Toledo-area campus covers more than 280 acres and is located near downtown Toledo. The 60-acre Findlay-area campus is at 3200 Bright Road on Findlay's northeast side. Between our two campus locations, over 11,500 credit and non-credit students are served annually. The College is a comprehensive community college accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools.

The College is currently governed by a nine voting member board of trustees who are responsible for oversight of academic programs, budgets, general administration, and employment of faculty and staff. The trustees are appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate for staggered six-year terms.

The following financial statements reflect all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position of the College and its discretely presented legally separate entity, Owens Community College Foundation (the "Foundation"). The Foundation's primary function is fundraising to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. The Foundation is governed by a separate board of trustees which is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the College. Nearly all the assets of the Foundation are restricted by donors to activities of the College. The College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation.

ABOUT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities*. In addition to this MD&A section, the audited financial statements include a statement of net position; statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position; statement of cash flows; and the notes to the financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, which amends GASB Statement No. 14, the Foundation is discretely presented as a component unit of the College. The Foundation is excluded from Management's Discussion and Analysis. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from Owens State Community College, 30335 Oregon Road, Perrysburg, OH 43551.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

Using This Annual Report

The College's annual report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position, the statement of revenue, expenses, and change in net position, and the statement of cash flows. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB principles.

The financial statements report the College's net position and changes in net position. Increases or decreases in the College's net position are indicative of the College's financial health. Changes of a nonfinancial nature are relevant as well, such as enrollment trends, program growth or decline, the functionality of facilities, and required maintenance.

The College's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Another important factor to consider when evaluating the financial viability of the College is its ability to meet financial obligations as they mature. The statement of cash flows presents the information related to cash inflows and outflows. This is broken down into four components: operating, investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities. The statement shows the College's sources and uses of cash.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The net position by category for fiscal years 2022, 2021, and 2020 are shown below. Net position in aggregate increased \$17,283,919 from fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2022 and increased \$11,021,771 from fiscal year 2020 to fiscal year 2021. In fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College's revenues increased due to Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds (HEERF) received directly from the U.S. Department of Education and State capital appropriations.

	Net	Investment In			Total
	Ca	pital Assets	Unrestricted		 Net Position
FY 2022	\$	84,796,915	\$	(11,847,494)	\$ 72,949,421
FY 2021		82,072,231		(26,406,729)	55,665,502
FY 2020		85,049,329		(40,405,598)	44,643,731

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

A summarization of the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 follows:

	June 30						
		2022	2021			2020	
Assets							
Current assets	\$	44,422,272	\$	46,180,253	\$	34,646,341	
Capital assets		84,796,915		82,072,231		85,049,329	
Other noncurrent assets		18,392,842		15,287,645		13,448,435	
Total assets		147,612,029		143,540,129		133,144,105	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		12,293,287 11,173,777		10,182,433			
Liabilities							
Current liabilities		11,562,873		15,876,323		12,873,244	
Noncurrent liabilities		40,105,667		67,939,852		66,916,854	
Total liabilities		51,668,540		83,816,175		79,790,098	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		35,287,355		15,232,229		18,892,709	
Net Position							
Investment in capital assets		84,796,915		82,072,231		85,049,329	
Unrestricted		(11,847,494)		(26,406,729)		(40,405,598)	
Total net position	\$	72,949,421	\$	55,665,502	\$	44,643,731	

2022 Variances

Current assets decreased by \$1,757,981 from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to decreases in cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivables, offset by an increase in current investments. Capital assets increased by \$2,724,684 due to capital asset purchases exceeding capital asset depreciation and disposals. Noncurrent assets increased \$3,105,197 due to an increase in noncurrent investments. Current liabilities decreased by \$4,313,450 from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable. The noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$27,834,185 due to decreases in the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability. Net position increased from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability of \$26,709,974.

2021 Variances

Current assets increased by \$11,533,912 from 2020 to 2021 primarily due to an increase in current investments and accounts receivables. Capital assets decreased by \$2,977,098 due to capital asset purchases being less than capital asset depreciation and disposals. Noncurrent assets increased \$1,839,210 due to an increase in noncurrent investments. Current liabilities increased by \$3,003,079 from 2020 to 2021 primarily due to an increase in accounts payable. The noncurrent liabilities increased by \$1,022,998 due to an increase in the net pension liability offset by a decrease in the net OPEB liability. Net position increased from 2020 to 2021 primarily due to investment purchases as well as decreases in the deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$4,314,399.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

The following is a summary of the College's revenue, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020.

	Year Ended June 30						
				Revised			
		2022		2021		2020	
Operating Revenues							
Student tuition and fees	\$	26,746,814	\$	27,213,405	\$	26,533,415	
Grants - Federal, state, and local		2,969,895		2,391,571		2,386,902	
Sales and service		384,400		402,248		491,048	
Auxiliary activities		779,663		604,123		415,987	
Other operating revenue		602,223		353,588		175,444	
Total operating revenues		31,482,995		30,964,935		30,002,796	
Operating Expenses							
Educational and general		64,017,534		63,667,670		57,911,247	
Depreciation		5,669,717		6,243,412		5,964,101	
Auxiliary enterprises		613,463		526,284		458,132	
Total operating expenses		70,300,714	70,437,366			64,333,480	
Operating Loss		(38,817,719)		(39,472,431)		(34,330,684)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
State appropriations		25,762,953		26,866,642		26,729,451	
Grants - Federal, state, and local		17,723,219		13,367,660		2,580,059	
Pell grants		7,873,016		8,164,148		9,978,947	
Investment income		(390,023)		485,609		1,158,953	
Nonoperating project expense		(492,500)		-		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		50,476,665		48,884,059		40,447,410	
Income Before Other Revenues		44.050.040		0 444 000		0 440 700	
Before capital appropriations and grants		11,658,946		9,411,628		6,116,726	
Capital Appropriations and Grants		5,624,973		1,610,143		5,548,913	
Increase in Net Position		17,283,919		11,021,771		11,665,639	
Net Position - Beginning of year		55,665,502		44,643,731		32,978,092	
Net Position - End of year	\$	72,949,421	\$	55,665,502	\$	44,643,731	

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

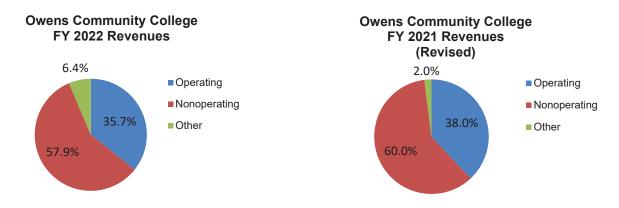
Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The College's two major sources of revenue are operating (tuition and fees) and nonoperating (the state share of instruction). Both types of revenue are tied to enrollment, with tuition and fees being generated via an assessment mechanism. This mechanism focuses on individual credit hours of enrollment. The state share of instruction is distributed through a funding formula which is 100 percent performance based. The funding model includes three major components: course completion, success points and attainment or credential completion. Course completion is 50 percent of the formula based on students receiving a "D" or better for their course work. Success points are 25 percent of the formula and are based on when the student reaches 12, 24 and 36 completed credit hours. The remaining 25 percent of the formula is for attainment or credential completion which includes degree attainment, certificate attainment and a component for student transfer to an Ohio public or private institution.

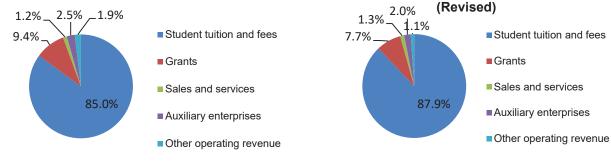
Operating Revenue

The charts below present total revenue by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:



The charts below reflect the College's operating revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Owens Community College FY 2022 Operating Revenue



Owens Community College

FY 2021 Operating Revenue

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

On June 4, 2019, the Board approved an increase of in-state instructional tuition to the allowable amount, as provided by the State of Ohio Budget, effective for Fall Semester 2019, fiscal year 2020. The State allowed a \$5.00 increase per credit hour. On February 4, 2020, the Board approved an additional \$5.00 increase per credit hour, to begin in Summer of 2020, which had already been approved by the State of Ohio Budget. On June 1, 2021, the Board approved an increase of in-state instructional tuition to the allowable amount, as provided by the State of Ohio Budget, effective for Fall Semester 2021, fiscal year 2022. The State allowed a \$5.00 increase per credit hour.

Gross student tuition and fees revenue decreased in fiscal years 2022 and 2021. Gross tuition and fees were \$35,016,536 and \$35,584,844 in fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Scholarship allowances decreased and scholarship dollars per FTE have also decreased. For 2022, scholarship allowances totaled \$8,269,722 and scholarship dollars per FTE were \$1,949. For 2021, scholarship allowances totaled \$8,371,439 and scholarship dollars per FTE were \$1,981.

Grant revenue increased in fiscal year 2022 by \$578,324. The increase in grant revenue for fiscal year 2022 was due to the timing of new grants beginning and the full utilization of existing grants.

Sales and services activities decreased due to a reduction of facility rentals during the fiscal year.

Auxiliary service activities increased primarily due to an increase in childcare services provided by the College.

Nonoperating Revenue

The College's largest single source of revenue is the nonoperating revenue received from the State of Ohio. The College's State share of instruction amounted to \$25,762,953 and \$26,866,642, in fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. The State share of instruction was \$6,073 and \$6,357 per FTE for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Another component of nonoperating revenue is investment income. In 2022, investment income decreased by \$875,632 in comparison to 2021. Investment income decreased due to market performance within the College's investment portfolio offset with an increase in the total investment balance.

Nonoperating grant revenue (including Pell) increased in fiscal year 2022 by \$4,064,427 compared to fiscal year 2021. This included a decline in Pell grants that is reflective of the decrease in enrollment and changes in financial aid regulations offset by federal funding received as a result of funding received from the HEERF to assist colleges and universities during the COVID-19 Global Pandemic, including funding awarded directly to students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

Operating Expense Changes

The College's operating expenses reflect changes related to student enrollment, college initiatives, and instructional program changes. Due to declining enrollment during the past five fiscal years, the College has adjusted positions, class size and expenditures based on an in-depth analysis. In fiscal year 2022, the College had additional scholarships and other student aid over fiscal year 2021 of \$6,836,883, primarily related to HEERF grants awarded directly to students. This increase in expense was offset by the College reporting negative pension expense of \$3,759,220 and negative OPEB expense of \$924,499, respectively, in operating expenses during the year, compared to pension expense of \$1,691,474 and negative OPEB expense of \$954,471, respectively, in operating expenses during the prior year. This is a result of the College recognizing its proportionate share of each plan's annual pension expense and annual OPEB expense related to its net pension and OPEB amounts and related deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

The depreciation expense for fiscal years 2022, 2021, and 2020 was \$5,669,717, \$6,243,412, and \$5,964,101 respectively.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, the College had \$84,796,915, \$82,072,231, and \$85,049,329, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

The details of the capital assets at June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 are shown below:

	2022	2021		2020
Land and land improvements	\$ 37,593,967	\$	37,593,967	\$ 37,852,354
Buildings	135,621,692		130,329,936	126,296,273
Equipment	31,828,773		29,586,901	29,885,744
Leasehold improvements	488,773		488,773	488,773
Less accumulated depreciation	(122,336,025)		(116,688,503)	(115,809,732)
Net of depreciation	83,197,180		81,311,074	78,713,412
Construction in progress	1,599,735		761,157	6,335,917
Total	\$ 84,796,915	\$	82,072,231	\$ 85,049,329

Capital Projects

In fiscal year 2022, the College completed the Math Renovation in Transportation Technologies, the Fiber Loop project, the College Hall HVAC renovation, the CFPA door access project, fire suppression for Administration Hall, Transportation Technologies and Alumni Hall, and the Findlay HVAC renovation project. The projects started in fiscal year 2022 but not completed are phases three and four of construction of College Hall and the Deferred Maintenance Electrical Project.

In fiscal year 2021, the College completed phase two construction of The Dana Advanced Manufacturing Training Center (Dana Center), construction of the CEP Scenario House, and phase two of construction of College Hall.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

Cash Flows

The statements of cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 are as follows:

	Year Ended June 30				
		Revised			
	2022	2021	2020		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Student tuition and fees	\$ 30,264,992	\$ 24,224,802	\$ 26,788,926		
Grants - Federal, state, and local	2,894,030	2,375,947	1,820,105		
Payments to employees, suppliers, students, and others	(77,664,376)	(64,634,591)	(60,921,231)		
Auxiliary enterprises	779,663	604,123	415,987		
Sales and services	384,400	402,248	491,048		
Other receipts	454,899	906,639	178,945		
Net cash used in operating activities	(42,886,392)	(36,120,832)	(31,226,220)		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Grants - Federal, state, and local	15,837,525	10,024,036	2,580,059		
Pell grants	7,873,016	8,164,148	9,978,947		
State appropriations	25,762,953	26,866,642	26,729,451		
Payments for community project expenses	(492,500)	-	-		
Agency transactions	(13,389)	(8,057)	25,422		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	48,967,605	45,046,769	39,313,879		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activi	ties				
Capital appropriations and grants	5,574,499	2,160,532	4,998,682		
Purchases of capital assets	(9,046,896)	(4,136,432)	(10,728,664)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	2,327	-		
Net cash used in capital and related					
financing activities	(3,472,397)	(1,973,573)	(5,729,982)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest on investments	647,079	504,693	1,206,764		
Net change in investments	(7,252,494)	(8,067,014)	1,299,074		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(6,605,415)	(7,562,321)	2,505,838		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(3,996,599)	(609,957)	4,863,515		
Cash - Beginning of year	6,965,297	7,575,254	2,711,739		
Cash - End of year	\$ 2,968,698	\$ 6,965,297	\$ 7,575,254		

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

Cash used in operating activities for fiscal year 2022 increased over 2021 due primarily to an increase in operating expenses related to scholarships and other student aid incurred by the College. Primary inflows of operating cash are from tuition and fees, grant revenue, and auxiliary enterprises. Primary outflows of operating cash are payments to employees, suppliers, and students. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities increased due to the increase in grants revenue. Cash used in capital and related financing activities increased due to an increase in purchases of capital assets. Cash used in investing activities decreased during the fiscal year primarily due to a decrease in net change in investments from the purchase of additional investments during fiscal year 2022 than during fiscal year 2021.

Cash used in operating activities for fiscal year 2021 increased over 2020 due primarily to an increase in operating expenses incurred by the College. Primary inflows of operating cash are from tuition and fees, grant revenue, and auxiliary enterprises. Primary outflows of operating cash are payments to employees and suppliers. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities increased due to the increase in grants revenue. Cash flows from capital and related financing activities increased due to a decrease in purchases of capital assets. Cash flows from investing activities decreased during the fiscal year primarily due to a decrease in net change in investments from the purchase of additional investments.

<u>Initiatives</u>

The College is committed to identifying opportunities that will strengthen our mission of serving our students and community. In 2018, the College embarked on a strategic planning process, which engaged internal and external stakeholders. The result was a new mission and vision statement that were adopted and communicated internally and externally. Since then, the College has put that plan into action through the development of key objectives, KPIs, and strategic improvement targets. This fall, the College will embark on a new strategic planning process that will again engage internal and external stakeholders. Through this process, an anticipated 3-year comprehensive strategic plan will be developed and be presented to the Board of Trustees for approval in Spring of 2023.

The College continues to engage with advisory boards and regional partners to address the educational and workforce needs of the community. By offering and developing relevant academic programs, training, and support students and skilled workers are prepared to better contribute to our regional workforce and economy. The College continues to partner with JobsOhio, Dana, First Solar, and First Energy through credit and non-credit training including cohort and on-site programming. We are expanding and building new partnerships with union and corporate partners to increase apprenticeships across the region and all of Ohio. This Fall semester we begin the fourth cohort of "learn to earn" RAMP students sponsored and employed by Cooper Tire, DS Brown, Freudenberg, Graham Packaging, Hitachi Astemo, and Kalmbach Feeds. These students will obtain an Associate of Technical Studies in Advanced Manufacturing in two years.

Owens is focused on upgrading facilities for student support and services. The College has completed the phase III renovation of College Hall featuring the new learning commons which houses the library, learning services (tutoring) and provides collaborative and innovative workspace for students. The College has begun the final phase of the College Hall renovations for the areas of Campus and Community Connections, Student Activities, Student Government, TRIO, and Fast Track. On the east side of campus, across Oregon Road, the planning has begun for the vacated Library building to create a new space for the School of Nursing and Health Professions, which will include labs, classrooms, offices, and student spaces to support every program.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

The College has received more than \$31M in Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) for both student and institutional support. For the student support, the College awarded over \$12.3M in student financial aid and grants. The institutional support was utilized to cover expenses related to the transition from in-person classes to online, equipment and software upgrades to continue campus operations and distance learning, the purchase of personal protective equipment and other health safety items, as well as lost revenue directly due to the pandemic. In FY22, the College completed a wireless expansion and upgrade to create consistent wireless coverage in all buildings, increase speed, and improve security. Funds were also used to add bipolar ionization equipment to all building HVAC systems to help with air filtration to prevent the spread of COVID-19. The College has spent all of the remaining student and institutional funds as of the end of FY22.

Statements of Net Position

	June 30				
	2022	2021			
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 2,968,698	\$ 6,965,297			
Investments (Note 3)	30,364,922	26,869,274			
Accounts receivable - Net (Note 5)	10,495,851	11,974,805			
Receivable from Foundation (Note 10)	4,283	3,674			
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	588,518	367,203			
Total current assets	44,422,272	46,180,253			
Noncurrent Assets					
Investments (Note 3)	15,476,006	12,741,778			
Capital assets - not being depreciated (Note 6)	11,507,463	10,668,885			
Capital assets - net of depreciation (Note 6)	73,289,452	71,403,346			
Net OPEB asset (Note 9)	2,916,836	2,503,583			
Student Ioans receivable - Net		42,284			
Total noncurrent assets	103,189,757	97,359,876			
Total assets	147,612,029	143,540,129			
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pensions (Note 8)	10,550,588	9,383,094			
OPEB (Note 9)	1,742,699	1,790,683			
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,293,287	11,173,777			
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	3,299,242	7,425,996			
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits payable	5,731,823	5,426,294			
Unearned revenue	2,161,897	2,640,733			
Deposits held for others	369,911	383,300			
Total current liabilities	11,562,873	15,876,323			
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Benefits payable	1,586,591	1,879,936			
Net pension liability (Note 8)	31,779,609	58,489,583			
Net OPEB liability (Note 9)	6,739,467	7,423,009			
Non-federal student loans		147,324			
Total noncurrent liabilities	40,105,667	67,939,852			
Total liabilities	51,668,540	83,816,175			
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pensions (Note 8)	26,255,992	6,245,218			
OPEB (Note 9)	9,031,363	8,987,011			
Total deferred inflows of resources	35,287,355	15,232,229			
Net Position					
Investment in capital assets	84,796,915	82,072,231			
Unrestricted	(11,847,494)	(26,406,729)			
Total net position	\$ 72,949,421	\$ 55,665,502			

Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30				
	2022	2021			
Revenues					
Operating revenues:					
Student tuition and fees - Net of scholarship allowances of					
\$8,269,722 (2022) and \$8,371,439 (2021)	\$ 26,746,814	\$ 27,213,405			
Grants - Federal, state, and local	2,969,895	2,391,571			
Sales and services	384,400	402,248			
Auxiliary enterprises	779,663	604,123			
Other operating revenues	602,223	353,588			
Total operating revenues	31,482,995	30,964,935			
Expenses					
Operating expense:					
Salaries, wages and benefits	37,707,512	43,327,832			
Supplies	3,439,017	4,147,062			
Travel, entertainment and professional development	427,301	229,758			
Information and communication	1,455,457	1,585,304			
Occupancy	4,306,409	4,348,991			
Outside services	7,440,266	6,993,964			
Scholarships and other student aid	9,615,211	2,778,328			
Depreciation	5,669,717	6,243,412			
Other	239,824	782,715			
Total operating expenses	70,300,714	70,437,366			
Operating Loss	(38,817,719)	(39,472,431)			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
State appropriations	25,762,953	26,866,642			
Investment income	(390,023)	485,609			
Community project expense	(492,500)	-			
Grants - Federal, state, and local	17,723,219	13,367,660			
Pell grants	7,873,016	8,164,148			
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	50,476,665	48,884,059			
Income Before Other Revenues	11,658,946	9,411,628			
Other Revenues					
Capital appropriations	5,219,103	849,340			
Capital grants	405,870	760,803			
Total other revenues	5,624,973	1,610,143			
Increase in Net Position	17,283,919	11,021,771			
Net Position					
Beginning of year	55,665,502	44,643,731			
End of year	\$ 72,949,421	\$ 55,665,502			

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended June 30				
	2022	2021			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Student tuition and fees	\$ 30,264,992	\$ 24,224,802			
Grants - Federal, state, and local	2,894,030	2,375,947			
Payments to employees, suppliers, students, and others	(77,664,376)	(64,634,591)			
Auxiliary enterprises	779,663	604,123			
Sales and services	384,400	402,248			
Other receipts	454,899	906,639			
Net cash used in operating activities	(42,886,392)	(36, 120, 832)			
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Grants - Federal, state, and local	15,837,525	10,024,036			
Pell grants	7,873,016	8,164,148			
State appropriations	25,762,953	26,866,642			
Payments for community project expenses	(492,500)	-			
Agency transactions	(13,389)	(8,057)			
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	48,967,605	45,046,769			
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Capital appropriations and grants	5,574,499	2,160,532			
Purchases of capital assets	(9,046,896)	(4,136,432)			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		2,327			
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(3,472,397)	(1,973,573)			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest on investments	647,079	504,693			
Net change in investments	(7,252,494)	(8,067,014)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,605,415)	(7,562,321)			
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,996,599)	(609,957)			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	6,965,297	7,575,254			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$ 2,968,698	\$ 6,965,297			
		(continued)			

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

	Year Ended June 30			
		2022		2021
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in				
operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(38,817,719)	\$	(39,472,431)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in				
operating activities:				
Depreciation		5,669,717		6,243,412
Loss on sale of capital assets		-		553,051
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,				
deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities:				
Receivables - Net		3,400,029		(3,004,390)
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges		(221,315)		(232,101)
Net OPEB asset		(413,253)		94,577
Student loans receivable - Net		42,284		-
Deferred outflows of resources		(1,119,510)		(991,344)
Accounts payable		(3,474,259)		2,591,689
Salaries, wages, and benefits payable		12,184		307,166
Net pension liability		(26,709,974)		2,169,645
Net OPEB liability		(683,542)		(1,075,368)
Non-federal student loans		(147,324)		-
Deferred inflows of resources		20,055,126		(3,660,480)
Unearned revenue		(478,836)		355,742
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(42,886,392)	\$	(36,120,832)
Noncash capital and related financing activities:				
Purchase of capital assets financed through accounts payable	\$	243,532	\$	896,027

Statements of Financial Position **Discretely Presented Component Unit – Foundation**

	June 30			
	-	2022		2021
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	190,013	\$	140,016
Investments		6,272,779		7,112,259
Pledges receivable		315,430		581,182
Total assets	\$	6,778,222	\$	7,833,457
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities				
Due to Owens State Community College	\$	4,283	\$	3,674
Total liabilities		4,283		3,674
Net Assets				
Without donor restrictions		1,672,908		1,927,319
With donor restrictions		5,101,031		5,902,464
Total net assets		6,773,939		7,829,783
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	6,778,222	\$	7,833,457

Statements of Activities and Change in Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Unit – Foundation

	June 30					
	2022			2021		
Revenue and Support						
Donations received	\$	453,209	\$	926,745		
Investment income:		77.050				
Interest and dividend income		77,859		65,806		
Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments		(1,323,229) 558,707		1,325,681		
Realized gain on investments Grant revenue		556,707	238,860			
Grant levenue				250,000		
Total revenue and support		(233,454)	2,807,092			
Expenses						
Program services:						
Scholarships		263,584		329,563		
Equipment grants		405,870		760,803		
Other program services		72,016		58,814		
Total program services		741,470		1,149,180		
Management and general		34,768		40,273		
Fund-raising		46,152		42,509		
Total expenses		822,390		1,231,962		
Change in Net Assets		(1,055,844)		1,575,130		
Net Assets - Beginning of year		7,829,783		6,254,653		
Net Assets - End of year	\$	6,773,939	\$	7,829,783		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION, BASIS OF PRESENTATION, AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ORGANIZATION

Owens State Community College (the "College") was created pursuant to Section 3357 of the Ohio Revised Code. In November 1994, the Ohio Department of Higher Education approved changing the status of the College from a technical college to a community college, pursuant to Section 3358 of the Ohio Revised Code. The College's purpose is to provide instruction in post-secondary education programs to residents of the College's district. Students who satisfactorily complete such programs receive associate degrees or certificates in liberal arts and sciences, technical, or professional fields. The College is a component unit of the State of Ohio and is discretely presented in the State of Ohio's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The College is classified as a state instrumentality under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and is therefore exempt from federal income taxes. Certain activities of the College may be subject to taxation as unrelated business income under Internal Revenue Code Sections 511 through 514.

The College is governed by a board of trustees, who is responsible for oversight of academic programs, budgets, general administration, and employment of faculty and staff. The College is currently governed by a nine voting member board of trustees. The trustees are appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate for overlapping six-year terms.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as prescribed by the GASB. The College is a public institution engaged in business-type activities. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities*, the College presents a management's discussion and analysis; statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; statement of cash flows; and notes to the financial statements.

In the determination of whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is the College's practice to use restricted first.

The College has determined that the Owens State Community College Foundation is a component unit of the College. The financial activity of the Foundation is included through a discrete presentation as part of the College's financial statements. The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity that acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources available to the College in support of its programs. The Foundation transferred \$741,470 and \$1,149,180 during fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively, to the College for both restricted and unrestricted purposes in support of its programs.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include cash and money market funds, stated at cost, which approximates fair value. All certificates of deposit are included in investments on the statement of net position.

Investments

Investments include publicly traded securities reported at fair market value as of the end of the fiscal year; any change in the unrealized gain (loss) during the fiscal year is included in investment income in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position. Fair value is determined by market quotations. Donated investments are recorded at the fair value at the time received.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are for transactions relating to tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprise sales, grants and contracts, and miscellaneous sales and services. Accounts receivable are recorded net of contractual allowances and allowances for uncollectible accounts based on historical analysis.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or acquisition value at date of donation in the case of gifts. When capital assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the carrying value of such assets is removed from the asset accounts, along with the related accumulated depreciation. Capital assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress, are depreciated on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	5 to 40 years
Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	10 to 40 years
Equipment	3 to 20 years

Assets are capitalized with a cost of \$50,000 or greater for buildings, land improvements, building improvements and infrastructure and \$5,000 or greater for library books and equipment.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. For the College, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for amounts related to pension and OPEB plans as explained in Notes 8 and 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the College, deferred inflows of resources are related to pension and OPEB plans and are reported on the statement of net position (See Notes 8 and 9).

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, net pension and OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. The retirement systems use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes tuition and fees for summer and fall terms recorded in the current fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period, and related expenses are shown as prepaid expenses in the statement of net position and will be recognized in the following year. Additionally, unearned revenue includes amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63, establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

Investment in capital assets: Includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement in those assets, if any. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College did not have any outstanding capital related debt.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Restricted: Assets subject to externally imposed constraints so that they may be maintained permanently by the College, or net position whose use by the College is subject to externally imposed constraints that can be fulfilled by actions of the College pursuant to those constraints or that expire by the passage of time. Restricted net position is classified further as nonexpendable and expendable. Nonexpendable restricted net position is available for investment purposes only and cannot be expended. Expendable restricted net position is available for expenditure by the College, but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets.

Unrestricted: Assets available to the College for any lawful purpose of the institution. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the board of trustees or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties. The College has committed unrestricted net position to provide for identified future needs, such as debt service, contractual obligations, capital outlay, academic programming, and postemployment benefits.

Operating and Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)

The College's policy for defining operating activities as reported on the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position is to report those activities that generally result from exchange transactions, such as payments received for providing services and payments made for services or goods received. Nearly all of the College's expenses are from exchange transactions. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operations are recorded as nonoperating revenue as defined by GASB Statement No. 34, including State appropriations, investment income and Pell grants. Restricted and unrestricted resources are spent and tracked at the discretion of the College's department within the guidelines of donor restrictions, if any. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College paid \$492,500 towards community project expenses funded through State capital appropriations.

Compensated Absences

College employees earn vacation and sick leave based, in part, on length of service. Vacation pay is fully vested when earned. Upon separation from service, employees are paid accumulated vacation and sick pay based upon the nature of separation (death, retirement, or termination). Certain limitations have been placed on the hours of vacation and sick leave that employees may accumulate and carry over for payment at termination, retirement, or death. Unused hours exceeding their limitation are forfeited. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as long-term and short-term liabilities in the statement of net position, and as a component of operating expense in the statement of revenue, expenses, and change in net position.

State Subsidies

The College receives student-based subsidy and other subsidies from the State. These subsidies are determined biennially and released annually based upon allocations determined by the Ohio General Assembly and the Ohio Department of Higher Education.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

In addition to subsidies, the State provides capital appropriations for construction of major plant facilities on the campus. The financing of construction is obtained by the State through issuance of State revenue bonds. State funds are pledged for the repayment of the revenue bonds. In the event these funds are insufficient to retire the revenue bonds, a pledge exists to assess a special student fee to students of State-assisted institutions of higher education. As a result of this financing arrangement, the outstanding debt relating to the revenue bonds is not included in the College's statement of net position. State appropriations are recognized when received. Restricted funds are recognized as revenue only to the extent expended.

Student Tuition and Fees

Student tuition and fee revenue is reported net of scholarship allowances and uncollectible accounts in the statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net position.

Auxiliary Revenue

Auxiliary revenue represents revenue generated from childcare services provided at the Findlay Campus.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, and GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32*.

GASB Statement No. 87 establishes criteria for the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. GASB Statement No. 87 did not impact the College's financial statements as the existing leases have been deemed insignificant to the financial statements by management.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This statement had no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 92 was issued to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement had no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 97 requires that for purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, the absence of a governing board should be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform. This statement had no effect on beginning net position.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

The College is currently evaluating the impact that the following GASB Statements, effective for fiscal year 2023, may have on its financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement clarifies the definition of conduit debt and provides a single method of reporting these obligations (disclosure only). This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* (Paragraph 11b only) – This statement replaces citations of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) with one or more acceptable benchmark reference rates.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This statement addresses the gap in current accounting guidance related to public-private and public-public partnerships (both referred to as PPPs) that do not meet the definition of a service concession arrangement.

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), a type of information technology (IT) arrangement (i.e. software licensing). This Statement also defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability, provides capitalization criteria, and requires footnote disclosure. The standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Ohio law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the College places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities for amounts on deposits not insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Collateral that may be pledged is limited to obligations of the following entities: the United States and its agencies, the State of Ohio, the Ohio Student Loan Commission and any legally constituted taxing subdivision within the State of Ohio.

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution to fulfill its obligations, the College will not be able to recover the value of deposits, investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The College's policy for deposits is that any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institution with pledged securities. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the College and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposite being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of the College's cash and cash equivalents is \$2,968,698 and \$6,965,297 and the bank balances were \$2,999,402 and \$6,886,636, all respectively. The differences in carrying amount and bank balances are caused by outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the June 30, 2022 bank balances, \$250,000 is covered by federal deposit insurance. The remaining balances of cash and cash equivalents are collateralized by the depository institution per Ohio Revised Code 135.182 or by a pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State (OPCS program).

The College's investment policies are governed by state statutes that authorize the College to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; commercial paper; and U.S. Government money market funds and repurchase agreements. Such repurchase agreements must be acquired from qualifying Ohio financial institutions, or from registered brokers/dealers.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College had amounts on deposit with STAR Ohio, with a fair value of \$21,185,447 and \$19,872,838, respectively. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The College measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
	Credit	Measurement					
	Rating	Value	Less than 1	1 to 3	3 to 5		
Negotiable certificates of deposit	(1)	\$ 5,219,622	\$ 1,971,871	\$ 2,103,774	\$ 1,143,977		
U.S. Treasury/Agency Securities	AA+/Aaa	14,183,965	1,955,710	7,583,235	4,645,020		
Municipal bonds	A/A1	490,830	490,830	-	-		
Commercial paper	A-1/P-1	4,761,064	4,761,064	-	-		
Star Ohio	AAAm	21,185,447	21,185,447	-	-		
		\$45,840,928	\$30,364,922	\$ 9,687,009	\$ 5,788,997		
Municipal bonds Commercial paper	A/A1 A-1/P-1	490,830 4,761,064 21,185,447	490,830 4,761,064 21,185,447		-		

As of June 30, 2022, the College had the following investments and maturities:

Credit Rating per Standard & Poor's/Moody's

(1) - all are fully insured by FDIC

As of June 30, 2021, the College had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
	Credit	Measurement						
	Rating	Value	Less than 1	1 to 3	3 to 5			
Negotiable certificates of deposit	(1)	\$ 6,018,166	\$ 248,178	\$ 3,277,182	\$ 2,492,806			
U.S. Treasury/Agency Securities	AA+/Aaa	6,460,540	-	-	6,460,540			
Municipal bonds	A/A1	511,250	-	511,250	-			
Commercial paper	A-1/P-1	6,748,258	6,748,258	-	-			
Star Ohio	AAAm	19,872,838	19,872,838	-	-			
		\$39,611,052	\$26,869,274	\$ 3,788,432	\$ 8,953,346			

Credit Rating per Standard & Poor's/Moody's

(1) - all are fully insured by FDIC

Credit Risk – The College's investments policy requires that they follow the investment guidelines in Section 135 of the Ohio Revised Code. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service, that commercial paper are limited to notes rated at the time of purchase in the two highest categories established by two nationally recognized standard rating services, and that municipal bonds are limited to notes rated at the time of purchase in the three highest categories established by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

The College's investments in negotiable certificates of deposits are held in the College's name by Trustees and are fully covered by FDIC.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The Foundation holds certain investments for the benefit of the College. Investments valued at market value at the Foundation by major security type at June 30 are as follows:

	 2022			2021
Bond mutual funds	\$ 275,176		\$	527,293
Equity mutual funds	551,274			785,174
Common stocks	4,417,901			5,026,644
Corporate bonds	 1,028,428			773,148
Total	\$ 6,272,779		\$	7,112,259

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The College's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

Debt, equities, and investment derivatives classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor. Mortgage and asset backed securities classified in Level 3, due to lack of an independent pricing source, are valued using an internal fair value as provided by the investment manager.

Description	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
June 30, 2022				
Assets:				
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 5,219,622	5,219,622	-	-
U.S. Treasury/Agency Securities	14,183,965	14,183,965	-	-
Municipal bonds	490,830	490,830	-	-
Commercial paper	4,761,064	4,761,064	-	-
June 30, 2021				
Assets:				
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 6,018,166	6,018,166	-	-
U.S. Treasury/Agency Securities	6,460,540	6,460,540	-	-
Municipal bonds	511,250	511,250	-	-
Commercial paper	6,748,258	6,748,258	-	-

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The investments in STAR Ohio are measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio; therefore, they are not included in the tables above. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. There are no limitations or restrictions on any STAR Ohio participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice for all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the STAR Ohio investors will be combined for these purposes.

NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The composition of accounts receivable at June 30, is summarized as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Student receivables for fees and auxiliary services	\$ 5,480,344	\$ 8,956,777
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,200,070)	(1,200,000)
Grants - federal, state and local	6,161,161	4,199,602
Capital appropriations	51,867	1,393
Interest receivable	2,549	17,033
	\$ 10,495,851	\$ 11,974,805

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets and related accumulated depreciation during the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years:

	Balance		Retirements/	Balance
	June 30, 202	Additions	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Nondepreciated capital assets: Land	\$ 9,907,72 761,15		- (761 157)	\$ 9,907,728 1,599,735
Construction in progress	·,		(761,157)	
Total nondepreciated capital assets Depreciable capital assets:	10,668,88	5 1,599,735	(761,157)	11,507,463
Land improvements	27,686,23	9 -	-	27,686,239
Buildings and improvements	130,818,70	9 5,291,756	-	136,110,465
Equipment	29,586,90	1 2,264,067	(22,195)	31,828,773
Total other capital assets	188,091,84	9 7,555,823	(22,195)	195,625,477
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(116,688,50	3) (5,669,717)	22,195	(122,336,025)
Total Depreciable Assets, net	71,403,34	6 1,886,106	-	73,289,452
Capital Assets, net	\$ 82,072,23	1 3,485,841	(761,157)	\$ 84,796,915

The College has active construction projects resulting in total commitments to vendors of approximately \$2,018,491 at June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Balance June 30, 2020		Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2021
Nondepreciated capital assets: Land Construction in progress	\$	9,907,728 6,335,917	- 761,156	- (6,335,916)	\$	9,907,728 761,157
Total nondepreciated capital assets		16,243,645	761,156	(6,335,916)		10,668,885
Depreciable capital assets: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Equipment		27,944,626 126,785,046 29,885,744	- 6,702,177 2,694,275	(258,387) (2,668,514) (2,993,118)		27,686,239 130,818,709 29,586,901
Total other capital assets		184,615,416	9,396,452	(5,920,019)		188,091,849
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(115,809,732)	(6,243,412)	5,364,641	(116,688,503)
Total Depreciable Assets, net		68,805,684	3,153,040	(555,378)		71,403,346
Capital Assets, net	\$	85,049,329	3,914,196	(6,891,294)	\$	82,072,231

The College has active construction projects resulting in total commitments to vendors of approximately \$29,794 at June 30, 2021.

NOTE 7 – NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities consist of the following for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

\$ 67,019,550

					Amount	
	Balance			Balance	Due Within	Noncurrent
	June 30, 2021	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022	One Year	Portion
Compensated absences	\$ 1,978,880	\$ 367,557	\$ 676,341	\$ 1,670,096	\$ 83,505	\$ 1,586,591
Net pension liability	58,489,583	-	26,709,974	31,779,609	-	31,779,609
Net OPEB liability	7,423,009	-	683,542	6,739,467	-	6,739,467
Non-federal student loans	147,324	-	147,324	-	-	-
	\$ 68,038,796	\$ 367,557	\$ 28,217,181	\$ 40, 189, 172	\$ 83,505	\$ 40,105,667
					Amount	
	Balance			Balance	Due Within	Noncurrent
	June 30, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021	One Year	Portion
Compensated absences	\$ 2,053,911	\$ 113,008	\$ 188,039	\$ 1,978,880	\$ 98,944	\$ 1,879,936
Net pension liability	56,319,938	2,169,645	-	58,489,583	-	58,489,583
Net OPEB liability	8,498,377	-	1,075,368	7,423,009	-	7,423,009
Non-federal student loans	147,324		-	147,324	-	147,324

\$ 1,263,407

\$68,038,796

\$

98,944

\$ 2,282,653

\$67,939,852

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS

College employees are covered by one of two retirement systems. The College faculty is covered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS). Other employees are covered by the State Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS). These plans are statewide, multi-employer, cost sharing defined benefit plans. Employees may opt out of STRS or SERS and participate in the alternative retirement plan (ARP) if they meet certain eligibility requirements.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the College's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the College's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The College cannot control benefit terms or the way pensions are financed; however, the College does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for contractually-required pension contributions outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is included in salaries, wages and fringe benefits payable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – College non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Benefits	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2% for the first 30 years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the College is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the 14% was allocated to only three of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, and Medicare B Fund).

The College's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,780,690 and \$1,776,403 for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Of this amount, \$73,307 and \$68,503 is reported in salaries, wages and fringe benefits payable for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – College licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be 5 years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The CO Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the CO Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the CO Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with 5 years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or CO Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's CO Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB Statement No. 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or CO Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013 must have at least 10 years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance.

Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The College was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2022 and 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The College's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,326,784 and \$2,368,869 for fiscal year 2022 and 2021, respectively. Of this amount, \$117,046 and \$66,511 is reported in salaries, wages and fringe benefits payable for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability reported at June 30, 2022 and 2021 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the College's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. The following is information related to the College's proportionate share, pension expense, and deferred inflows and outflows reported for fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

Fiscal Year 2022		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Proportion of Net Paneion	\$	14,091,299	\$	17,688,310	\$ 31,779,609
Proportion of Net Pension Liability		381908031%		.138342339%	
Change in Proportion Pension Expense (Negative)	0. \$	018729655% 96,509	-0 \$.004109185% (3,855,729)	\$ (3,759,220)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	1,360	\$	546,484	\$ 547,844
Change in assumptions Change in the College's proportionate share		296,721		4,907,056	5,203,777
and difference in employer contributions		691,493		-	691,493
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,780,690		2,326,784	4,107,474
	\$	2,770,264	\$	7,780,324	\$ 10,550,588
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual					
experience Net difference between projected	\$	(365,444)	\$	(110,871)	\$ (476,315)
and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(7,257,430)		(15,243,939)	(22,501,369)
Change in the College's proportionate share and difference in employer contributions		-		(3,278,308)	(3,278,308)
	\$	(7,622,874)	\$	(18,633,118)	\$ (26,255,992)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Fiscal Year 2021		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of Net					
Pension Liability	\$	24,021,383	\$	34,468,200	\$ 58,489,583
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0	363178376%	0	142451524%	
Change in Proportion		001683677%	-	.014419461%	
Pension Expense (Negative)	\$	2,017,326	\$	(325,852)	\$ 1,691,474
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	46,660	\$	77,338	\$ 123,998
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		1,524,872		1,676,192	3,201,064
Change in assumptions		-		1,850,277	1,850,277
Change in the College's proportionate share		62 492			62 492
and difference in employer contributions College contributions subsequent to		62,483		-	62,483
the measurement date		1,776,403		2,368,869	4,145,272
	\$	3,410,418	\$	5,972,676	\$ 9,383,094
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$	(220,400)	\$ (220,400)
Change in the College's proportionate share					
and difference in employer contributions		(17,125)		(6,007,693)	(6,024,818)
	\$	(17,125)	\$	(6,228,093)	\$ (6,245,218)

\$4,107,474 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension at June 30, 2022 resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	\$ (1,343,430) \$	(4,048,178) \$	(5,391,608)
2024	(1,336,725)	(2,905,261)	(4,241,986)
2025	(1,725,555)	(3,041,606)	(4,767,161)
2026	(2,227,590)	(3,184,533)	(5,412,123)
	\$ (6,633,300) \$	(13,179,578) \$	(19,812,878)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will consider the employee's entire career with the employer and take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuations, prepared as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, are presented below:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Inflation:	2.40%	3.00%
Future Salary Increases, including Inflation:	3.25% to 13.58%	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:	2.00%, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for three years following retirement	2.50%, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for three years following retirement
Investment Rate of Return:	7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Health Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020 adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Fiscal Year 2022		Fisca	al Year 2021
	Target	Long Term Expected	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %	2.00 %	1.85 %
U.S. Equity	24.75	5.72	22.50	5.75
Non-U.S. Equity Developed	13.50	6.55	22.50	6.50
Non-U.S. Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54	-	n/a
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	11.00	10.03	12.00	7.60
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47	5.00	6.65
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28		n/a
Total	100.00 %		100.00 %	

Discount Rate – Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% and 7.50% as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00% and 7.50% as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% and 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00% and 6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.00% and 8.50%) than the current rate used, for fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021, all respectively.

<u>Fiscal Year 2022</u>		% Decrease (6.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	23,444,460	\$	14,091,299	\$	6,203,369	
<u>Fiscal Year 2021</u>	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Current Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)		
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	32,906,361	\$	24,021,383	\$	16,566,717	

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 and 2020 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at
	age 65	age 65
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Investment rate of return:	7.00%, net of investment	7.45%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return:	7.00%	7.45%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0%	0%

Post-retirement mortality rates for are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class for the last two valuation periods are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity International Equity Alternatives Fixed Income Real Estate Liquidity Reserves	28.00 % 23.00 17.00 21.00 10.00 1.00	7.35 % 7.55 7.09 3.00 6.00 2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* 10-year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% and 7.45% as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00% and 7.45%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00% and 6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00% and 8.45%) than the current rate, for fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021, all respectively:

				Current				
	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase		
Fiscal Year 2022	(6.00%)			(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
College's proportionate share of the	-	/	•					
net pension liability	\$	33,123,587	\$	17,688,310	\$	4,645,537		
				Current				
	10	% Decrease	ase Discount Rate			% Increase		
Fiscal Year 2021		(6.45%)		(7.45%)		(8.45%)		
College's proportionate share of the								
net pension liability	\$	49,076,716	\$	34,468,200	\$	22,088,699		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Alternative Retirement Plan

Ohio Amended Substitute House Bill 586 (Ohio Revised Code 3305.2) became effective March 31, 1998, authorizing an alternative retirement plan (ARP) for academic and administrative College employees of public institutions of higher education who are currently covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or State Employees Retirement System. The College board of trustees adopted such a plan effective April 1999.

Eligible employees (those who are full-time and salaried) have 120 days from their date of hire to make an irrevocable election to participate in the alternate retirement plan. Under this plan, employees who would have otherwise been required to be in STRS and who elect to participate in the alternate retirement plan must contribute their share of retirement contributions (10 percent STRS) to one of eight private providers approved by the State Department of Insurance. For employees who elect an ARP, employers are required to remit employer contributions to STRS Ohio at a rate of 4.47 percent. The employer contribution is the lower of a rate determined by an independent actuarial study or the portion of the STRS Ohio DC Plan employer contribution rate that is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. The College plan provides these employees with immediate plan vesting.

The ARP is a defined contribution plan under IRS Section 401(a). The College's total employer contributions to the ARP for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$209,171 and \$206,592, respectively.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB)

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to (or assets for) employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the College's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, health care cost trend rates and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the College's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The College cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the College does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

GASB Statement No. 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* or fully-funded benefits as a long-term *net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for contractually-required OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is included in salaries, wages and fringe benefits payable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description – SERS' Health Care program provides health care benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986 need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of mot types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and, therefore, enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal years 2022 and 2021, there was no portion allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the minimum compensation amount was \$25,000 and \$23,000, respectively. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the College's surcharge obligation was \$79,961 and \$54,701, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS Board to offer this plan.

Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees and prescription drugs for Medicare beneficiaries. This program allows STRS Ohio to recover part of the cost for providing prescription coverage since all eligible STRS health care plans include creditable prescription drug coverage. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the College's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. The following is information related to the College's proportionate share, OPEB expense, and deferred inflows and outflows reported for fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

Fiscal Year 2022	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 6.736.467	\$ (2,916,836)	\$ 3,819,631
Proportion of Net OPEB	ф 0,100,101	¢ (<u>2</u> ,010,000)	\$ 0,010,001
Liability (Asset)	0.356099073%	0.138342339%	
Change in Proportion	0.014548605%	-0.004109185%	
OPEB Expense (Negative)	\$ (343,650)	\$ (580,849)	\$ (924,499)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Fiscal Year 2022		SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	71,837	\$	103,859	\$	175,696
Change in assumptions Change in the College's proportionate share	Ŧ	1,057,262	Ŧ	186,316	Ŧ	1,243,578
and difference in employer contributions College contributions subsequent to		243,464		-		243,464
the measurement date	\$	79,961 1,452,524	\$	- 290,175	\$	79,961 1,742,699
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual						
experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB	\$	(3,356,558)	\$	(534,416)	\$	(3,890,974)
plan investments		(146,418)		(808,496)		(954,914)
Change in assumptions		(922,914)		(1,740,105)		(2,663,019)
Change in the College's proportionate share						
and difference in employer contributions		(642,503)		(879,953)		(1,522,456)
	\$	(5,068,393)	\$	(3,962,970)	\$	(9,031,363)
Fiscal Year 2021		SERS		STRS		Total
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Proportion of Net OPEB	\$	7,423,009	\$	(2,503,583)	\$	4,919,426
Liability (Asset)	0.	341550469%	0.	142451524%		
Change in Proportion		003614580%		014419461%		
OPEB Expense (Negative)	\$	(430,595)	\$	(523,876)	\$	(954,471)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and						
actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	97,492	\$	160,417	\$	257,909
earnings on pension plan investments		83,640		87,740		171,380
Change in assumptions		1,265,365		41,328		1,306,693
College contributions subsequent to						
the measurement date		54,701	<u>^</u>	-		54,701
	\$	1,501,198	\$	289,485	\$	1,790,683
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	(3,775,118)	\$	(498,677)	\$	(4,273,795)
Change in assumptions	Ψ	(186,967)	Ψ	(2,377,982)	Ψ	(2,564,949)
Change in the College's proportionate share		((,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		();)
and difference in employer contributions		(895,050)		(1,253,217)		(2,148,267)
	\$	(4,857,135)	\$	(4,129,876)	\$	(8,987,011)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

\$79,961 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	\$ (962,189) \$	(1,173,826) \$	(2,136,015)
2024	(963,215)	(1,153,594)	(2,116,809)
2025	(824,121)	(885,350)	(1,709,471)
2026	(598,731)	(343,800)	(942,531)
2027	(275,001)	(118,534)	(393,535)
2028	(72,573)	2,309	(70,264)
	\$ (3,695,830) \$	(3,672,795) \$	(7,368,625)

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will consider the employee's entire career with the employer and take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuations, prepared as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, are presented below:

Investment Rate of Return	<u>June 30, 2021</u> 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation	<u>June 30, 2020</u> 7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Wage Inflation	2.40%	3.00%
Future Salary Increases, including		
Inflation	3.25% to 13.58%	3.50% to 18.20%
Municipal Bond Index Rate:		
Current measurement period	1.92%	2.45%
Prior measurement period	2.45%	3.13%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of		
plan investment expense, including		
price inflation:		
Current measurement period	2.27%	2.63%
Prior measurement period	2.63%	3.22%
Medical Trend Assumption:		
Pre-Medicare	6.75% - 4.40%	7.00% - 4.75%
Medicare	5.125% - 4.40%	5.25% - 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Health Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020 adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Fisca	al Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021			
	Target	Long Term Expected	Target	Long Term Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %	2.00 %	1.85 %		
U.S. Equity	24.75	5.72	22.50	5.75		
Non-U.S. Equity Developed	13.50	6.55	22.50	6.50		
Non-U.S. Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54	-	n/a		
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14	19.00	2.85		
Private Equity	11.00	10.03	12.00	7.60		
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41	17.00	6.60		
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47	5.00	6.65		
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28		n/a		
Total	100.00 %		100.00 %			

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and SERS at the state statute contribution rate of 1.5% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2042. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2041 and the Municipal Bond Index rate of 1.92% as of June 30, 2021 (i.e., municipal bond rate) was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and the Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, calculated using the discount rate of 2.27% and 2.63%, as well as what the College's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27% and 1.63%) and one percentage point higher (3.27% and 3.63%) than the current rate, all respectively.

Fiscal Year 2022	1%	6 Decrease (1.27%)	Di	Current scount Rate (2.27%)	1% Increase (3.27%)	
College's proportionate share of the		(1.2770)	(2.2770)			(3.2770)
net OPEB liability	\$	8,351,015	\$	6,739,467	\$	5,452,047
				Current		
	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase
Fiscal Year 2021		(1.63%)		(2.63%)		(3.63%)
College's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	9,085,579	\$	7,423,009	\$	6,101,269

The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using current health care cost trend rates, as well as what the College's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rates.

Fiscal Year 2022	1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing (to 3.40%)		(6.7	Current Trend Rate 5% decreasing (to 4.40%)	1% Increase (7.75% decreasing (to 5.40%)		
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,188,837	\$	6,739,467	\$	8,810,632	
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing		(7.00	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing		% Increase % decreasing	
Fiscal Year 2021	(to 3.75%)		(to 4.75%)	(to 5.75%)	
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,845,055	\$	7,423,009	\$	9,533,138	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

The total OPEB asset in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases Payroll increases Investment rate of return Discount rate of return	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 3.00% 7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflat 7.00%					
Health care cost trends Medical	Initial	Ultimate				
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%				
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%				
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%				
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%				

The total OPEB asset in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases Payroll increases Investment rate of return	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 3.00% 7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflatior					
Discount rate of return	7.45%	of investment expenses, including initation				
Health care cost trends	Initial	Ultimate				
Medical						
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%				
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%				
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%				
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%				

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 and 2020 valuations are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class for the last two valuation periods are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity International Equity Alternatives Fixed Income Real Estate Liquidity Reserves	28.00 % 23.00 17.00 21.00 10.00 1.00	7.35 % 7.55 7.09 3.00 6.00 2.25
Total	100.00%	

* 10-year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25%, but does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% and 7.45% as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets of 7.00% and 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and the Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The following table presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00% and 7.45%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00% and 6.45%) and one percentage point higher (8.00% and 8.45%) than the current rate, all respectively.

	1% Decrease			Current scount Rate	1% Increase	
Fiscal Year 2022		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,461,358	\$	2,916,836	\$	3,297,318
				Current		
	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase
Fiscal Year 2021		(6.45%)		(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,178,280	\$	2,503,583	\$	2,779,591

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates:

Fiscal Year 2022	1% Decrease In Trend Rates			Current Trend Rate	1% Increase In Trend Rates	
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,281,901	\$	2,916,836	\$	2,465,397
<u>Fiscal Year 2021</u> College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,762,458	\$	2,503,583	\$	2,188,235

Change in Benefits Subsequent to Measurement Date – Effective January 1 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.10%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTE 10 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The College is affiliated with the Owens State Community College Foundation (the "Foundation"), which was established in June 1996 by the trustees of the College through signing a resolution that transferred all assets, liabilities, principal, and income from the Michael J. Owens Technical College Charitable Trust (the "Trust") to the Foundation. The Foundation has been determined to be exempt from federal income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3). The Foundation also reimburses the College for certain educational expenses.

Total assets of the Foundation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$6,778,222 and \$7,833,457, respectively. The College received \$741,470 and \$1,149,180 from the Foundation in 2022 and 2021, respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the net amounts owed to the College for reimbursements by the Foundation was \$4,283 and \$3,674, respectively. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from Owens State Community College, 30335 Oregon Road, Perrysburg, OH 43551.

The following is a summary of the Foundation's significant accounting and reporting policies presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report.

<u>Investments:</u> The following tables present information about the Foundation's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the valuation techniques used by the Foundation to determine those fair values.

In general, fair values determined by Level 1 inputs use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the Foundation has the ability to access.

Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs use other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets and other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, including inputs that are available in situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the related asset.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Foundation's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

Disclosures concerning assets measured at fair value are as follows:

Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2022

	Quoted Prices in							
	Active Ma	arkets for	Signif	icant Other	Signi	ficant		
	Identica	Assets	Observ	able Inputs	Unobse	ervable	B	alance at
Description	(Lev	el 1)	(L	evel 2)	Inputs (l	_evel 3)	June	e 30, 2022
.		,		/		,		,
Mutual funds:								
Equity investments	\$	551,274	\$	-	\$	-	\$	551,274
Fixed-income investments		275,176		-		-		275,176
Total mutual funds		826,450		-		-		826,450
Common Stock:								
Consumer discretionary		536,308		-		-		536,308
Consumer staples		586,528		-		-		586,528
Energy/Utilities		560,357		-		-		560,357
Financial		566,493		-		-		566,493
Health care		623,823		-		-		623,823
Industrials		250,827		-		-		250,827
Materials		60,008		-		-		60,008
Technology		1,188,493		-		-		1,188,493
Telecommunication services		45,064		-		-		45,064
Total common stock		4,417,901		-		-		4,417,901
Corporate Bonds		-		1,028,428		-		1,028,428
Money market mutual funds		137,008		-		-		137,008

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2021

	Quo	ted Prices in					
	Activ	e Markets for	Sig	nificant Other	Significant		
	lden	tical Assets	Obs	ervable Inputs	Unobservable	I	Balance at
Description		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)	Ju	ne 30, 2021
·		, ,		. , .	<u> </u>		
Mutual funds:							
Equity investments	\$	785,174	\$	-	\$-	\$	785,174
Fixed-income investments		527,293		-			527,293
Total mutual funds		1,312,467		-	-		1,312,467
Common Stock:							
Consumer discretionary		681,697		-	-		681,697
Consumer staples		232,032		-	-		232,032
Energy/Utilities		201,723		-	-		201,723
Financial		737,771		-	-		737,771
Health care		597,828		-	-		597,828
Industrials		510,925		-	-		510,925
Materials		175,067		-	-		175,067
Technology		1,889,601					1,889,601
Total common stock		5,026,644		-	-		5,026,644
Corporate Bonds		-		773,148	-		773,148
Money market mutual funds		94,218		-	-		94,218

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of financial position:

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily net asset value (NAV) published by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The mutual funds held by the Foundation are deemed to be actively traded.

Common Stock: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, those corporate bonds are valued under a discounted cash flow approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yields or similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

<u>Restrictions and Limitations on Net Asset Balances</u>: The Foundation's net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes at June 30:

Gifts and other donations available for:		2022	2021
Subject to expenditures for a specific purpose:			
Library Equipment and other program expenses Scholarships Donor-restricted endowment	\$	7,749 1,031,426 1,278,281 2,317,456	\$ 9,939 1,330,252 1,838,020 3,178,211
Other funds restricted by donor in perpetuity: Equipment and other program expenses Scholarships Funds restricted in perpetuity	_	469,818 2,313,757 2,783,575	 467,259 2,256,994 2,724,253
Net assets with donor restrictions		\$5,101,031	 \$5,902,464

Net assets held in perpetuity consist of endowment funds. In certain cases, the donors of these funds have restricted the use of the income from such funds for scholarships. These expenses are reflected in the appropriate program services category on the statement of activities and changes in net assets.

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes specified by the donors as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Library	\$ 2,190	\$ 1,164
Equipment and other program expenses	482,948	845,308
Scholarships	272,371	336,907
Total	\$757,509	\$ 1,183,379

Donor and Board-Restricted Endowments:

The Foundation's endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments. Net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the board of directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the historical value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment fund absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as net assets with perpetual donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the perpetual endowment, and (c) accumulations to the perpetual endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time of accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in net assets with perpetual donor restrictions is classified as net assets with temporary donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Foundation
- (7) The investment policies of the Foundation

Donor and Board-Restricted Endowments:

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), deficiencies of this nature are reported in net assets with donor restrictions. These deficiencies result from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred shortly after the investment of new donor-restricted contributions and continued appropriation for certain programs that was deemed prudent by the Foundation's Board of Directors. Subsequent gains that restore the fair value of the assets of the endowment fund to the required level will be classified as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, funds with deficiencies are as follows:

	2022	2021	
Fair value of underwater endowment assets	\$ 280,261	\$	-
Original endowment gift amounts	 305,133		
Endowment gifts in excess of endowment assets	\$ (24,872)	\$	_

Endowment Net Asset Composition by Type of Fund as of June 30, 2022

	With	out Donor	V	Vith Donor	
	Res	Restrictions		estrictions	 Total
Endowment (Quasi) Endowment	\$	- 30,779	\$	4,034,465 -	\$ 4,034,465 30,779
Total funds	\$	30,779	\$	4,034,465	\$ 4,065,244

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions			Total	
Endowment net assets - Beginning of the year	\$	34,143	\$	4,607,572	\$	4,641,715	
Investment return: Investment income, net Net depreciation		3,145 (6,509)		51,131 (521,199)	_	54,276 (527,708)	
Total investment return		(3,364)		(470,068)		(473,432)	
Contributions Appropriation of endowment		-		64,342		64,342	
assets for expenditures		-		(135,112)		(135,112)	
Other changes - Release to other							
temporarily restricted funds		-		(32,269)	_	(32,269)	
Endowment net assets -	ሱ	00 770	•	4 00 4 405	•	4 005 044	
End of the year	\$	30,779	\$	4,034,465	\$	4,065,244	

Endowment Net Asset Composition by Type of Fund as of June 30, 2021

	With	Without Donor		Vith Donor		
	Restrictions		Restrictions		Total	
Endowment (Quasi) Endowment	\$	- 34,143	\$	4,607,572 -	\$	4,607,572 34,143
Total funds	\$	34,143	\$	4,607,572	\$	4,641,715

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
Endowment net assets - Beginning of the year	\$	25,873	\$	3,394,459	\$	3,420,332
Investment return: Investment income, net Net appreciation		1,531 6,739		43,249 978,760		44,780 985,499
Total investment return		8,270		1,022,009		1,030,279
Contributions Appropriation of endowment		-		351,414		351,414
assets for expenditures		-		(128,885)		(128,885)
Other changes - Release to other						
temporarily restricted funds		-		(31,425)		(31,425)
Endowment net assets -	•	04.440	•	4 007 570	•	
End of the year	\$	34,143	\$	4,607,572	\$	4,641,715

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (unrealized) and current yield (interest, dividends and realized gains (losses)). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The Foundation's spending policy stipulates that 5 to 6 percent of a three-year moving average of the value of the endowment is available to spend and the remaining income is to be reinvested. If an investment loss is realized, the loss is allocated entirely as currently expendable. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the Foundation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of CPI annually. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The College carries commercial insurance to cover various general liability risks, auto liability, property and boiler, and umbrella excess liability. The College believes in minimizing its risks through the procurement of the aforementioned coverage. Liabilities exceeding the umbrella excess and deductible amounts are recorded when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Management believes those incurred but not reported claims, if any, are immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

The College is self-insured for certain employee health benefit programs. Funding for these programs is based on actuarial projections provided by the plan administrators. The College also offers a high deductible health savings account option for its employees. Prevention of catastrophic losses is maintained through individual stop-loss coverage. Stop loss per individual is \$225,000. The College's cost during the year for this program is for the payment of claims, third-party claims administration, and stop-loss coverage. The claims liability of \$1,742,137 and \$1,310,279 reported at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The amount of designated funds available for potentials claims was \$550,000 for the year.

Changes in claims activity for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning	Current Year	Claim	Ending
	Balance	Claims	Payments	Balance
2022	\$ 1,310,279	\$ 7,517,525	\$ 7,085,667	\$ 1,742,137
2021	732,674	7,767,597	7,189,992	1,310,279
2020	694,393	3,731,029	3,692,748	732,674

There have been no significant changes in coverage from last year. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

The College is self-insured for workers' compensation with aggregate stop-loss coverage of \$400,000. The amount accrued at June 30, 2022 and 2021 for potential claims was \$100,000.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the normal course of operations, the College has become a defendant in various legal actions. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. However, in the opinion of legal counsel and College management, the disposition of all pending litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the College.

NOTE 13 - FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENSES

Operating expenses by functional classification for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

	2022	Revised 2021
		2021
Instructional and departmental research	\$ 27,023,577	\$ 29,036,199
Institutional research	192,090	265,914
Public Service	2,107,768	1,814,731
Academic support	2,282,664	2,500,189
Student services	5,813,653	5,913,502
Institutional support	11,582,053	14,438,633
Operation and maintenance of plant	5,275,945	6,838,070
Scholarships and other student aid	9,739,784	2,860,432
Depreciation	5,669,717	6,243,412
Auxiliary enterprises – Net of scholarship allowances	613,463	526,284
Total operating expenses	\$ 70,300,714	\$ 70,437,366
	φ / 0,300,7 14	ϕ 10,431,300

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information Schedules of College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and College Pension Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

				College's	
				Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
	College's	College's		Share of the Net	Net Position as a
Measurement	Proportion	Proportionate	College's	Pension Liability	Percentage of the
Date Fiscal	of the Net	Share of the Net	Covered	as a Percentage of	Total Pension
Year (1) (2)	Pension Liability	Pension Liability	Payroll	its Covered Payroll	Liability
2014	0.569094%	\$ 33,842,194	\$ 22,076,595	153.29%	65.52%
2015	0.569094%	28,801,523	17,898,477	160.92%	71.70%
2016	0.502899%	28,695,893	16,563,087	173.25%	69.16%
2017	0.426594%	31,222,758	13,864,914	225.19%	62.98%
2018	0.410103%	24,502,724	13,210,929	185.47%	69.50%
2019	0.362091%	20,737,608	12,243,259	169.38%	71.36%
2020	0.361495%	21,628,862	12,456,333	173.64%	70.85%
2021	0.363178%	24,021,383	12,748,747	188.42%	68.55%
2022	0.381908%	14,091,299	12,688,593	111.05%	82.86%

- (1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. The College will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.
- (2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the College's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Fiscal Year	Contractu Require Contributi	F ally d	contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		C	ollege's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	;
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	2,39 2,20 1,94 1,84 1,65	6,632 \$ 1,988 0,311 1,088 9,530 2,840	(2,966,632) (2,391,988) (2,200,311) (1,941,088) (1,849,530) (1,652,840) (1,652,840)	\$	- - - -	\$	22,076,595 17,898,477 16,563,087 13,864,914 13,210,929 12,243,259 12,456,233	13.44% 13.36% 13.28% 14.00% 14.00% 13.50% 13.50%	
2019 2020 2021 2022	1,78 1,77	1,605 4,819 6,403 60,690	(1,681,605) (1,784,819) (1,776,403) (1,780,690)		- - -		12,456,333 12,748,747 12,688,593 12,719,214	13.50% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedules of College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and College Pension Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

				College's	
				Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
	College's	College's		Share of the Net	Net Position as a
Measurement	Proportion	Proportionate	College's	Pension Liability	Percentage of the
Date Fiscal	of the Net	Share of the Net	Covered	as a Percentage of	Total Pension
Year (1) (2)	Pension Liability	Pension Liability	Payroll	its Covered Payroll	Liability
2014	0.257186%	\$ 74,517,061	\$ 31,689,425	235.15%	69.30%
2015	0.257186%	62,556,640	27,092,103	230.90%	74.70%
2016	0.232941%	64,378,084	25,037,916	257.12%	72.10%
2017	0.210716%	70,532,943	22,869,886	308.41%	66.80%
2018	0.177243%	42,104,405	18,535,050	227.16%	75.30%
2019	0.157826%	34,702,351	17,038,714	203.67%	77.30%
2020	0.156871%	34,691,076	18,110,493	191.55%	77.40%
2021	0.142452%	34,468,200	17,022,800	202.48%	75.50%
2022	0.138342%	17,688,310	16,920,493	104.54%	87.80%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. The College will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the College's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Fiscal Year	ontractually Required ontributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	ficiency Covered			Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	\$ 4,324,994 3,693,965 3,425,522 3,201,784 2,594,907	\$	(4,324,994) (3,693,965) (3,425,522) (3,201,784) (2,594,907)	\$		\$	31,689,425 27,092,103 25,037,916 22,869,886 18,535,050	13.65% 13.63% 13.68% 14.00% 14.00%
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	2,385,420 2,535,469 2,383,192 2,368,869 2,326,784		(2,385,420) (2,535,469) (2,383,192) (2,368,869) (2,326,784)				17,038,714 18,110,493 17,022,800 16,920,493 16,619,886	14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%

Required Supplementary Information Schedules of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and College OPEB Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Measurement Date Fiscal Year (1) (2)	College's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Sh	College's roportionate are of the Net PEB Liability	 College's Covered Payroll	College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	0.403121% 0.386167% 0.340952% 0.337936% 0.341550% 0.356099%	\$	11,490,432 10,363,696 9,458,925 8,498,377 7,423,009 6,736,467	\$ 13,864,914 13,210,929 12,243,259 12,456,333 12,748,747 12,688,593	82.87% 78.45% 77.26% 68.23% 58.23% 53.09%	11.49% 12.46% 13.57% 15.57% 18.17% 24.08%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. The College will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the College's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Fiscal Year (3)	F	ntractually Required ributions (4)	Rel Cc	atributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		 College's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$	78,754	\$	(78,754)	\$	-	\$ 13,864,914	0.57%
2017		71,738		(71,738)		-	13,210,929	0.54%
2018		128,214		(128,214)		-	12,243,259	1.05%
2019		116,117		(116,117)		-	12,456,333	0.93%
2020		52,368		(52,368)		-	12,748,747	0.41%
2021		54,701		(54,701)		-	12,688,593	0.43%
2022		79,961		(79,961)		-	12,719,214	0.63%

(3) The College elected not to present information prior to 2016. The College will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(4) Includes Surcharge.

Required Supplementary Information Schedules of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and College OPEB Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Measurement Date Fiscal Year (1) (2)	College's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Sh	College's roportionate are of the Net PEB Liability (Asset)	 College's Covered Payroll	College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	0.210716% 0.177243% 0.157826% 0.156871% 0.142452% 0.138342%	\$	11,269,138 6,915,360 (2,536,100) (2,598,160) (2,503,583) (2,916,836)	\$ 22,869,886 18,535,050 17,038,714 18,110,493 17,022,800 16,920,493	49.28% 37.31% (14.88%) (14.35%) (14.71%) (17.24%)	37.33% 47.11% 176.00% 174.74% 182.13% 174.73%

- (1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. The College will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.
- (2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the College's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Fiscal Year (3)	Rec	actually juired utions (4)	Relation Contra Requ	utions in n to the actually uired putions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		College's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$	-	\$	- \$		- \$	22,869,886	0.00%
2017		-		-		-	18,535,050	0.00%
2018		-		-		-	17,038,714	0.00%
2019		-		-		-	18,110,493	0.00%
2020		-		-		-	17,022,800	0.00%
2021		-		-		-	16,920,493	0.00%
2022		-		-		-	16,619,886	0.00%

(3) The College elected not to present information prior to 2016. The College will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(4) STRS allocated the entire 14% employer contribution rate toward pension benefits.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

Notes to Pension Information

Changes of Benefit Terms

For measurement year 2017, the COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50% with a floor of 0.0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted to the Board under Ohio House Bill 49, the Board enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

For measurement year 2018, with the authority granted to the Board under Ohio Senate Bill 8, the Board enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing on or after April 1, 2018.

Changes of Assumptions

For measurement year 2016, the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, the payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, the assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, the rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

For measurement year 2021, the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%, the assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%, the cost-of-living adjustments were reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%, the discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%, the rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries and disabled members were updated.

Notes to OPEB Information

Changes of Benefit Terms

None noted.

Changes of Assumptions

For measurement year 2016, the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, the payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, the assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, the rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

For measurement year 2021, the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%, the assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%, the cost-of-living adjustments were reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%, the discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%, the rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries and disabled members were updated.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

Notes to Pension Information

Changes of Benefit Terms

For measurement year 2017, the COLA was reduced to zero.

Changes of Assumptions

For measurement year 2017, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2016. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.45%, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation. The health and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

For measurement year 2021, the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

Notes to OPEB Information

Changes of Benefit Terms

For measurement year 2017, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2019.

For measurement year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For measurement year 2019, there was no change to the claims cost process. Claims curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For measurement year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

For measurement year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.10%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes of Assumptions

For measurement year 2017, the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*, and the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trends were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For measurement year 2018, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

For measurement year 2021, the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

Supplemental Information



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Owens State Community College Perrysburg, Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Owens State Community College (the College), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio October 13, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Owens State Community College Perrysburg, Ohio

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Owens State Community College's (the College) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the College's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the College's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the College's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, yor a combination of deficiency and corrected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio October 13, 2022

Owens State Community College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Grant or Pass Through Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
U.S. Department of Education Student Financial Assistance Cluster:			
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant	84.007	(1)	\$ 340,019
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	(1)	56,687
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	(1)	7,873,016
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	(1)	13,529,413
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			21,799,135
TRIO Cluster:			
TRIO - Student Support Services	84.042A	(1)	238,305
TRIO - Educational Opportunities Centers	84.066A	(1)	109,056
Total TRIO Cluster			347,361
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	VECPIII-P01	230,425
Passed through the Ohio Department of Higher Education			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002A	074864-AB-S1-2018	551,278
Passed through the University of Toledo			
Tech-Prep Education	84.243	N/A	2,625
Education Stabilization Fund:			
Passed through the Ohio Department of Higher Education	04.4050		704.005
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	N/A	784,695
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Student Aid Portion	84.425E	(1)	8,595,614
COVID-19 - HEERF Institutional Portion	84.425F	(1)	7,600,381
COVID-19 - HEERF Strengthening Institutions Program (SIP)	84.425M	(1)	732,104
Total Education Stabilization Fund			17,712,794
Total U.S. Department of Education			40,643,618
U.S. Department of Labor			
Employment and Training Administration Passed through Northwest State Community College (NSCC)			
H-1B Job Training Grants	17.268	HG-33034-19-60-A-39	2,320
	17.200	110 00004 10 00 7 00	2,020
Passed through the American Association of Community Colleges			
Apprenticeship USA Grants	17.285	AP-33025-19-75-A-11	18,047
Total U.S. Donartmont of Labor			20.267
Total U.S. Department of Labor			20,367
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Passed through the Ohio Department of Higher Education			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	10,425
Total U.S. Department of the Treesum			10 405
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			10,425
National Science Foundation			
Passed through the Bowling Green State University			
Education and Human Resources - SEA Change: Using			
Social Connectivity to Improve Quantitative Literacy	47.076	DUE 152623	14,517
Total National Science Foundation			14,517
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 40,688,927

(1) - Direct Award

See accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Owens State Community College under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements, although the basis for determining when federal awards are expended is presented in accordance with the requirements of the cost principles contained Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. The College has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Owens State Community College, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows, if applicable, of Owens State Community College. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. In addition, the College did not pass-through any federal awards to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 – FEDERAL WORK-STUDY AND FEDERAL SEOG WAIVER

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College received a waiver from the Department of Education for the Institutional Share Requirement under the Federal Work-study and Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant programs.

NOTE 3 – LOAN PROGRAMS

The College originates but does not provide funding under the Direct Loan Program. The amount presented represents the value of new Direct Loans awarded by the Department of Education during the year.

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? 	No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
 Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	No None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal program:	Unmodified
Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major program:	
Education Stabilization Fund ALN 84.425C – Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund ALN 84.425E – Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Student ALN 84.425F – HEERF Institutional Portion ALN 84.425M – HEERF Strengthening Institutions Program (SIP)	Aid Portion
Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$1,220,668
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted

Section III – Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted

Section IV – Summary of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted







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OWENS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

WOOD COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/10/2022

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