



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**LISBON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
COLUMBIANA COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2021**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities.....	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	
Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund.....	20
Statement of Fund Net Position	
Internal Service Fund	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund	22
Statement of Cash Flows	
Internal Service Fund	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Custodial Fund	24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	25
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (SERS)	66
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (SERS).....	68

**LISBON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
COLUMBIANA COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2021**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS
(Continued)**

TITLE	PAGE
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (STRS)	70
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability (STRS).....	72
Schedule of School District's Contributions (SERS)	74
Schedule of School District's Contributions (STRS).....	76
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	78
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	81
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	82
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	83
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	85
Schedule of Findings.....	87



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Columbiana County
317 North Market Street
Lisbon, Ohio 44432

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lisbon Exempted Village School District, Columbiana County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District’s basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States’ *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District’s preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District’s internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management’s accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in its financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. Additionally, as discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2021, the School District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2022, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

May 24, 2022

This page intentionally left blank.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis in the following pages includes tables representing the management's view of the overall performance of the Lisbon Exempted Village School District's (the "School District") financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. It is the Treasurer's responsibility to report annually on the status of operations and it is with great pleasure that I present to you this overview of the financial position of the School District. The overall intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial activities as a whole and how and why some facts may change its performance in the future. This is intended to be a clear presentation to our taxpayers and any others who may be interested in our School District's finances.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- ❑ Net position remained relatively consistent with the prior year. There was an increase in current assets, which was offset by a decrease in capital assets and an increase in the net pension liability. The decrease in net capital assets results from current year depreciation outpacing capital asset additions.
- ❑ Total program expenses increased in fiscal year 2021 due to changes in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset) that are the result of the School District's adjusting proportionate share of State-wide liabilities (asset) for both pension and OPEB across retirement systems.
- ❑ For fiscal year 2021, certified staff members received a two percent increase in base salary.
- ❑ The School District's enrollment decreased from 853 students in fiscal year 2020 to 788 students in fiscal year 2021.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is comprised of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Lisbon Exempted Village School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School District's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds. In the case of Lisbon Exempted Village School District, the general and permanent improvement funds are significant funds.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole (district-wide)

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2021?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets and deferred outflows of resources* and *liabilities and deferred inflows of resources* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's *net position* and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, Governmental Activities include the School District's non-fiduciary programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and non-instructional services.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Analysis of the School District's major funds begins with the balance sheet. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each significant fund in contrast to the previously described District-wide reporting. Most of the funds are required to be established by State law. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's funds are reported as governmental funds. These funds focus on how resources flow into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are done on a *modified accrual basis*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. There are differences between governmental funds (as reported in this section) and Governmental Activities as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The relationships (or differences) are reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds The School District maintains one proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District's internal service fund accounts for revenues used to account for the expenses related to the employer reimbursement to the employee for costs associated with spousal coverage medical insurance premiums.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020.

Table 1
 Net Position - Governmental Activities

	2021	Restated 2020	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$9,154,480	\$8,363,350	\$791,130
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net OPEB Asset	593,427	553,945	39,482
Capital Assets, Net	13,611,202	14,171,444	(560,242)
Total Assets	<u>23,359,109</u>	<u>23,088,739</u>	<u>270,370</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	1,950,073	2,021,050	(70,977)
OPEB	243,471	197,041	46,430
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>2,193,544</u>	<u>2,218,091</u>	<u>(24,547)</u>
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	1,123,944	1,129,734	5,790
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	274,162	263,414	(10,748)
Due In More Than One year:			
Net Pension Liability	9,824,038	8,968,535	(855,503)
Net OPEB Liability	566,492	678,790	112,298
Other Amounts	2,986,278	3,260,640	274,362
Total Liabilities	<u>14,774,914</u>	<u>14,301,113</u>	<u>(473,801)</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	2,410,519	2,145,944	(264,575)
Pension	283,554	937,246	653,692
OPEB	1,089,777	977,377	(112,400)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>3,783,850</u>	<u>4,060,567</u>	<u>276,717</u>
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,894,509	11,197,083	(302,574)
Restricted	2,624,454	2,296,263	328,191
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(6,525,074)	(6,495,218)	(29,856)
Total Net Position	<u>\$6,993,889</u>	<u>\$6,998,128</u>	<u>(\$4,239)</u>

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2021. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Total current and other assets increased from the prior fiscal year due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents, intergovernmental and property taxes receivable. Cash and cash equivalents increased due to cash basis revenues exceeding expenditures throughout the year. Net capital assets decreased as a result of current year depreciation outpacing capital asset additions. Current liabilities remained relatively consistent with the prior year. Net position remained consistent with the prior year. The increase in total assets and decrease in deferred inflows of resources are offset by the increase in liabilities.

Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Table 2
 Changes in Net Position
 Governmental Activities

	2021	2020	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,168,958	\$1,192,610	(\$23,652)
Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	2,678,615	2,117,323	561,292
Total Program Revenues	<u>3,847,573</u>	<u>3,309,933</u>	<u>537,640</u>
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	2,440,397	2,244,836	195,561
Grants and Entitlements	5,955,140	5,830,657	124,483
Unrestricted Contributions	8,655	10,825	(2,170)
Interest	854	129,544	(128,690)
Miscellaneous	83,694	78,104	5,590
Total General Revenues	<u>8,488,740</u>	<u>8,293,966</u>	<u>194,774</u>
Total Revenues	<u>\$12,336,313</u>	<u>\$11,603,899</u>	<u>\$732,414</u>

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

Table 2
 Changes in Net Position (continued)
 Governmental Activities

	2021	2020	Change
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$5,339,115	\$5,381,625	\$42,510
Special	2,203,183	2,143,599	(59,584)
Vocational	33,345	45,146	11,801
Intervention	370	1,698	1,328
Support Services:			
Pupils	956,904	750,240	(206,664)
Instructional Staff	262,206	350,958	88,752
Board of Education	40,328	38,629	(1,699)
Administration	861,460	838,082	(23,378)
Fiscal	325,121	334,866	9,745
Business	8,580	8,580	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	786,793	836,091	49,298
Pupil Transportation	292,339	293,497	1,158
Central	22,297	22,825	528
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	539,638	515,897	(23,741)
Other	289,675	0	(289,675)
Extracurricular Activities	229,243	274,630	45,387
Interest and Fiscal Charges	149,955	158,925	8,970
Total Expenses	<u>12,340,552</u>	<u>11,995,288</u>	<u>(345,264)</u>
Change in Net Position	(4,239)	(391,389)	387,150
Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated)	<u>6,998,128</u>	<u>7,389,517</u>	<u>(391,389)</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u><u>\$6,993,889</u></u>	<u><u>\$6,998,128</u></u>	<u><u>(\$4,239)</u></u>

Analysis of overall financial position and results of operations

Revenue is divided into two major components: program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues are defined as fees, restricted grants and charges for services that are program specific. General revenues include taxes and unrestricted grants such as State Foundation support.

The School District relies heavily upon grants and entitlements, which include State foundation and property taxes to support its operations. These are the School District's two largest revenue sources, making up 48.27 and 19.78 percent of revenues, respectively.

Overall, program revenues increased for governmental activities in fiscal year 2021. Charges for services program revenues decreased as a result of lower charges for services and extracurricular activities revenues. Operating grants increased due to additional restricted grant monies received in fiscal year 2021. General revenues increased in fiscal year 2021 primarily resulting from higher grants and entitlements received through State Foundation and increased property tax collections as the School District's assessed values continue to rise.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

Program expenses increased in fiscal year 2021 due to changes in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. As mentioned previously, changes in the net pension liability, net OPEB liability (asset) and associated deferred outflows/inflows are the result of the School District's adjusting proportionate share of the total State-wide liabilities (assets) for both pension and OPEB across retirement systems. Program expenses excluding amounts related to the net pension and net OPEB liabilities (assets) increased due to increases in salaries and benefits and purchased services.

The *Statement of Activities* shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services for governmental activities. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
 Total and Net Cost of Program Services
 Governmental Activities

	2021		2020	
	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service
Instruction	\$7,576,013	\$5,267,664	\$7,572,068	\$5,376,282
Support Services:				
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,219,110	765,460	1,101,198	787,491
Board of Education, Administration, Fiscal and Business Services	1,235,489	1,235,489	1,220,157	1,220,157
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	786,793	589,237	836,091	733,404
Pupil Transportation	292,339	269,675	293,497	284,109
Central	22,297	22,297	22,825	22,825
Food Service Operations	539,638	(15,628)	515,897	(94,843)
Other Non-Instructional Services	289,675	27,657	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	229,243	181,173	274,630	197,005
Interest and Fiscal Charges	149,955	149,955	158,925	158,925
Total	\$12,340,552	\$8,492,979	\$11,995,288	\$8,685,355

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously stated, these funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$12,391,648 and total expenditures of \$11,845,881. Overall total revenues increased from the prior fiscal year due to increases in property tax and intergovernmental revenues. Total expenditures increased from fiscal year 2020 due mainly to increases in salaries and benefits due to base salary increases for certified and classified staff.

The general fund balance increased from the prior fiscal year due to increases in property tax and intergovernmental revenues coupled with expenditure decreases. Cash in the general fund decreased slightly from fiscal year 2020 due to an interfund loan to cover a deficit cash balance.

The permanent improvement fund balance increased from fiscal year 2020 due to an increase in property tax revenues. Cash increased as well from the prior fiscal year as a result of revenues outpacing expenditures.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund. During the course of fiscal year 2021, the School District amended its general fund budget numerous times which reflected changes in expenditure priorities at the building level. For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue was \$9,687,175 representing an increase from the original budget estimate of \$9,319,500 due mainly to higher intergovernmental, tuition and fees, and property tax revenue. The School District's general fund balance at end of year was \$3,564,368 reflecting additional funds budgeted but not expended or encumbered. The State of Ohio requires the School District to submit a five-year-forecast on or before October 31st and a revised forecast between April 1st and May 31st regardless of the variance in the estimates versus actual activity. This is an additional process that ensures budgeting accuracies.

The School District revises its budget throughout the fiscal year. During fiscal year 2021, there were some significant changes made in the different expenditure line items. For the general fund, final budget basis expenditures were lower than the original budget basis expenditures mainly due to decreases in regular instruction and various support services. Total actual expenditures on the budget basis were less than final budgeted amounts as management became more aware of actual costs throughout the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Capital Assets

Capital assets decreased during fiscal year 2021 due to annual depreciation. Since there were not any major capital asset projects, the value lost from depreciation was greater than the value gained from current year additions. Capital asset additions for fiscal year 2021 included a heat exchanger and various pieces of equipment. See Note 10 for further information on capital assets.

The capital asset threshold of the School District is set at \$2,500 which eliminates the majority of the computers and other instructional support materials. The assets that fall below the threshold limit are tagged and tracked as movable equipment. This helps ensure that all assets of the School District are being protected from theft or loss.

Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2021, the School District has three capital leases outstanding. There was \$12,184 in accrued interest payable on these capital leases. See Notes 15 and 16 for further information on long-term obligations.

As of June 30, 2021, the School District's legal debt margin was \$9,392,276 with an unvoted debt margin of \$104,359. Capital leases do not count towards the School District's legal debt margin.

School District Outlook

Lisbon Exempted Village School District is presently financially stable and working on maintaining its financial stability. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenue and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast and the District Continuous Improvement Plan. The financial future of the School District could possibly face financial challenges. These challenges are internal and external in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist as the School District must attempt to

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

contain operating costs while providing a fair wage to its employees and maintain the level of benefits guaranteed by contractual agreements. The economic conditions that exist today make it a challenge to forecast revenues too far into the future. The local external influences revolve around the local economy and the ability of the residents of the School District to support the existing programming. The reliance on the local property tax base has not changed. Other external challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio implements a new method for funding education in Ohio. Management is still optimistic about the future for this School District; however the following facts could change this outlook for the better or worse.

The School District has not requested any additional operating millage locally since 1980 which keeps the millage rate at 20 mills. The laws of Ohio require that voted millage remain above or at a 20 mill floor. Ohio also requires that the county auditor revalue all real estate every six years and an update every three years. The general fund tax collections have risen regularly over the last fourteen years due to the inflationary growth of the real estate tax base. House Bill 920 reduction of millage does not occur due to the fact that the School District is at the 20 mill floor. Due to the economy and the amount of home foreclosures experienced in the School District, it is being assumed that the normal inflationary growth will slow and possibly begin to trend to either zero or very minimal value increases. The slow or negative local tax value growth shifts the reliance more on the State funds. Open enrollment funding comprises a major portion of the local revenue base. This source of revenue grows with the per pupil allocation.

We are dependent on outside factors for our future success. The State Foundation provides sixty-seven percent of the revenue for Lisbon Exempted Village School District's general fund. HB166, the State budget bill, froze the funding for the School District at fiscal year 2019 levels for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021. However, on May 6, 2020, due to the COVID-19 pandemic discussed in Note 23, the State cut funding by \$124,388 for both fiscal year 2020 and 2021. Due to this fact, any changes in enrollment will not affect our State funding amounts received.

All insurance premiums and in particular health care premiums are estimated to increase by double digits over the next five years. Management negotiated some significant changes in the medical program being offered to our staff and was able to see some savings in the premiums. The insurance industry is an area that is outside our control. Management has formed an insurance committee comprised of administrators, staff and industry experts to meet regularly to analyze the medical program and to attempt to control the costs. Health care cost containment has become a large issue for the future.

Lisbon Exempted Village Schools has three teachers that are either currently eligible or approaching eligibility to retire over the next five years. When a veteran teacher retires, they are replaced by staff at a much lower cost if replaced at all. The staffing needs are assessed each year over the summer months when the majority of new enrollments occur and the decision is made at that time whether a new staff member needs to be hired or not.

As a result of the challenges mentioned above, it is imperative that the School District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet student needs over the next several years. It will become necessary to develop strategies to be able to cope with the increasing needs of the School District's student population and matching those costs with the financial structure that exists that combines local revenue and the State foundation funding. Both sources of revenues will be limited in their growth potential over time. Locally it is becoming more of a financial strain on School District households to consider increasing the local property taxes it pays to support education. The current economic condition in the State affects the ability to increase funding for education. The School District administration acknowledges that fact and knows that it must be creative in managing a stagnate budget.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

In summary, the Board of Education of the Lisbon Exempted Village School District has committed itself to financial and educational excellence for many years into the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

These financial reports and discussions are designed to provide our students, citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the School District's finances and to demonstrate a high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please write to the Treasurer's Office at Lisbon Exempted Village School District, 317 North Market Street, Lisbon, Ohio 44432 or call (330) 424-7714.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,142,897
Intergovernmental Receivable	427,402
Accrued Interest Receivable	9,390
Materials and Supplies Inventory	938
Inventory Held for Resale	526
Prepaid Items	7,381
Property Taxes Receivable	2,565,946
Net OPEB Asset	593,427
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	962,729
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>12,648,473</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>23,359,109</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	1,950,073
OPEB	<u>243,471</u>
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>2,193,544</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	56,932
Accrued Wages and Benefits	875,416
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	3,973
Intergovernmental Payable	175,439
Accrued Interest Payable	12,184
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	274,162
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability (See Note 12)	9,824,038
Net OPEB Liability (See Note 13)	566,492
Other Amounts	<u>2,986,278</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>14,774,914</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	2,410,519
Pension	283,554
OPEB	<u>1,089,777</u>
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>3,783,850</u>
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,894,509
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	1,266,528
Other Purposes	1,357,926
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(6,525,074)</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$6,993,889</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,339,115	\$730,548	\$332,719	(\$4,275,848)
Special	2,203,183	296,889	938,301	(967,993)
Vocational	33,345	5,446	4,383	(23,516)
Intervention	370	63	0	(307)
Support Services:				
Pupils	956,904	0	448,948	(507,956)
Instructional Staff	262,206	0	4,702	(257,504)
Board of Education	40,328	0	0	(40,328)
Administration	861,460	0	0	(861,460)
Fiscal	325,121	0	0	(325,121)
Business	8,580	0	0	(8,580)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	786,793	49,906	147,650	(589,237)
Pupil Transportation	292,339	22,664	0	(269,675)
Central	22,297	0	0	(22,297)
Food Service Operations	539,638	18,707	536,559	15,628
Other Non-Instructional Services	289,675	0	262,018	(27,657)
Extracurricular Activities	229,243	44,735	3,335	(181,173)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	149,955	0	0	(149,955)
<i>Totals</i>	<u>\$12,340,552</u>	<u>\$1,168,958</u>	<u>\$2,678,615</u>	<u>(8,492,979)</u>

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	1,969,074
Other Purposes	38,077
Capital Projects	433,246

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Contributions	8,655
Investment Earnings	854
Miscellaneous	83,694

Total General Revenues 8,488,740

Change in Net Position (4,239)

Net Position Beginning of Year
- Restated (See Note 3) 6,998,128

Net Position End of Year \$6,993,889

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021*

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,390,864	\$1,096,213	\$1,553,349	\$6,040,426
Property Taxes Receivable	2,069,095	456,904	39,947	2,565,946
Interfund Receivable	245,963	0	0	245,963
Intergovernmental Receivable	42,896	0	384,506	427,402
Accrued Interest Receivable	9,390	0	0	9,390
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	938	938
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	526	526
Prepaid Items	7,260	0	121	7,381
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$5,765,468</u>	<u>\$1,553,117</u>	<u>\$1,979,387</u>	<u>\$9,297,972</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$11,620	\$29,500	\$15,812	\$56,932
Accrued Wages and Benefits	777,649	0	97,767	875,416
Interfund Payable	0	0	245,963	245,963
Intergovernmental Payable	155,963	0	19,476	175,439
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	3,973	0	0	3,973
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>949,205</u>	<u>29,500</u>	<u>379,018</u>	<u>1,357,723</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	1,944,647	428,332	37,540	2,410,519
Unavailable Revenue	97,825	15,234	68,249	181,308
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>2,042,472</u>	<u>443,566</u>	<u>105,789</u>	<u>2,591,827</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	7,260	0	1,059	8,319
Restricted	0	1,080,051	1,521,222	2,601,273
Assigned	2,318,693	0	0	2,318,693
Unassigned (Deficit)	447,838	0	(27,701)	420,137
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>2,773,791</u>	<u>1,080,051</u>	<u>1,494,580</u>	<u>5,348,422</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$5,765,468</u>	<u>\$1,553,117</u>	<u>\$1,979,387</u>	<u>\$9,297,972</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Position of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$5,348,422
---	-------------

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	13,611,202
---	------------

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are unavailable revenues in the funds:

Delinquent Property Taxes	82,819
Intergovernmental	86,927
Tuition and Fees	<u>11,562</u>

Total	181,308
-------	---------

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding leases, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(12,184)
---	----------

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Compensated Absences	(543,747)
Capital Leases	<u>(2,716,693)</u>

Total	(3,260,440)
-------	-------------

The net OPEB asset, net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the asset/liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:

Net OPEB Asset	593,427
Deferred Outflows - Pension	1,950,073
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	243,471
Net Pension Liability	(9,824,038)
Net OPEB Liability	(566,492)
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(283,554)
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	<u>(1,089,777)</u>

Total	(8,976,890)
-------	-------------

The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

	<u>102,471</u>
--	----------------

<i>Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>	<u><u>\$6,993,889</u></u>
--	---------------------------

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,016,738	\$444,150	\$39,028	\$2,499,916
Intergovernmental	6,464,297	52,098	2,105,428	8,621,823
Interest	854	0	5,975	6,829
Tuition and Fees	1,021,384	0	0	1,021,384
Charges for Services	3,691	0	18,707	22,398
Extracurricular Activities	7,617	0	33,427	41,044
Contributions and Donations	8,655	0	13,335	21,990
Rentals	72,570	0	0	72,570
Miscellaneous	83,380	0	314	83,694
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>9,679,186</u>	<u>496,248</u>	<u>2,216,214</u>	<u>12,391,648</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,318,188	0	324,438	4,642,626
Special	1,742,875	0	413,769	2,156,644
Vocational	27,832	0	0	27,832
Student Intervention Services	370	0	0	370
Support Services:				
Pupils	707,105	0	240,205	947,310
Instructional Staff	253,080	0	4,414	257,494
Board of Education	38,960	0	0	38,960
Administration	841,647	0	0	841,647
Fiscal	315,348	10,811	940	327,099
Business	0	8,580	0	8,580
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	617,943	81,074	153,639	852,656
Pupil Transportation	274,064	0	0	274,064
Central	22,297	0	0	22,297
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	43,712	245,963	289,675
Food Service Operations	0	0	524,670	524,670
Extracurricular Activities	156,938	0	67,446	224,384
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	92,668	165,000	0	257,668
Interest and Fiscal Charges	32,620	119,285	0	151,905
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>9,441,935</u>	<u>428,462</u>	<u>1,975,484</u>	<u>11,845,881</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>237,251</u>	<u>67,786</u>	<u>240,730</u>	<u>545,767</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	78,846	78,846
Transfers Out	(43,749)	0	(35,097)	(78,846)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(43,749)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>43,749</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	193,502	67,786	284,479	545,767
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</i> <i>- Restated (See Note 3)</i>	<u>2,580,289</u>	<u>1,012,265</u>	<u>1,210,101</u>	<u>4,802,655</u>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$2,773,791</u>	<u>\$1,080,051</u>	<u>\$1,494,580</u>	<u>\$5,348,422</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$545,767
---	------------------

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of activities are different because:*

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period:

Capital Outlay	169,141	
Current Year Depreciation	(729,383)	
	(560,242)	
Total		(560,242)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Delinquent Property Taxes	(59,519)	
Intergovernmental	(7,378)	
Tuition and Fees	11,562	
	(55,335)	
Total		(55,335)

Repayment of capital leases are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 257,668

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as accrued interest, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 1,950

Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 5,946

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows:

Pension	702,081	
OPEB	17,470	
	719,551	
Total		719,551

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities:

Pension	(974,869)	
OPEB	68,340	
	(906,529)	
Total		(906,529)

The internal service funds used by management are not reported in the district-wide statements of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (13,015)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (\$4,239)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$1,926,110	\$2,002,100	\$2,004,193	\$2,093
Intergovernmental	6,237,312	6,476,014	6,490,409	14,395
Interest	43,677	45,400	49,417	4,017
Tuition and Fees	979,370	1,018,008	1,021,735	3,727
Charges for Services	6,638	6,900	3,691	(3,209)
Rentals	56,472	58,700	72,570	13,870
Miscellaneous	69,921	80,053	83,380	3,327
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>9,319,500</u>	<u>9,687,175</u>	<u>9,725,395</u>	<u>38,220</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,900,788	4,688,315	4,361,666	326,649
Special	1,948,515	1,864,037	1,738,802	125,235
Vocational	57,471	54,979	30,242	24,737
Student Intervention Services	1,894	1,812	368	1,444
Support Services:				
Pupils	873,014	835,165	701,147	134,018
Instructional Staff	329,874	315,572	269,151	46,421
Board of Education	49,989	47,822	40,529	7,293
Administration	976,358	934,028	844,169	89,859
Fiscal	406,059	388,454	315,514	72,940
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,221,500	1,168,542	761,677	406,865
Pupil Transportation	492,474	471,123	275,130	195,993
Central	30,120	28,814	22,443	6,371
Extracurricular Activities	268,195	256,568	143,347	113,221
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>11,556,251</u>	<u>11,055,231</u>	<u>9,504,185</u>	<u>1,551,046</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures</i>	(2,236,751)	(1,368,056)	221,210	1,589,266
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(43,749)	(43,749)	(43,749)	0
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(2,280,500)	(1,411,805)	177,461	1,589,266
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	3,290,568	3,290,568	3,290,568	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	96,339	96,339	96,339	0
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$1,106,407</u>	<u>\$1,975,102</u>	<u>\$3,564,368</u>	<u>\$1,589,266</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Statement of Fund Net Position

Internal Service Fund

June 30, 2021

	<u>Insurance</u>
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$102,471</u>
Net Position	
Unrestricted	<u>\$102,471</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
*Statement of Revenues,
 Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
 Internal Service Fund
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

	Insurance
Operating Revenues	\$0
Operating Expenses	
Fringe Benefits	13,015
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	(13,015)
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	115,486
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	\$102,471

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>Insurance</u>
<i>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	<u>(\$13,015)</u>
<i>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	(13,015)
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year</i>	<u>115,486</u>
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$102,471</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used for) by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$13,015)
<i>Total Adjustments</i>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities</i>	<u><u>(\$13,015)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Custodial Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	District Custodial
Additions	
Collections for Other Organizations	\$300
Deductions	
Distributions to Other Organizations	300
<i>Change in Fiduciary Net Position</i>	0
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	0
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	\$0
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Lisbon Exempted Village School District (the “School District”) operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state and federal agencies. This Board controls the School District’s 5 instructional/support facilities staffed by 60 certificated employees, 38 non-certificated employees and 6 administrative employees to provide services to 788 students and other community members. The School District was organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms.

The School District is located in Columbiana County and serves an area of approximately 25 square miles including all of the territory of the Village of Lisbon, and portions of Center and Elkrun Townships.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Lisbon Exempted Village School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization’s resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Lisbon Exempted Village School District.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations, one insurance purchasing pool and one risk sharing pool. These organizations include the Columbiana County Career and Technical Center, the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA), the Ohio Schools’ Council, Sheakley/Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Group Rating Program and the Portage Area School Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 19 and 20 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School District’s accounting policies.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenue and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Permanent Improvement Fund – The permanent improvement fund receives taxes restricted for the payment of the construction of a new administration building, lease-purchase of a bus garage facility and the rental for School District copier equipment.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose uses are restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The School District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the School District's internal service fund:

Internal Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School District utilizes an internal service fund to account for any unanticipated run-off claims not covered by their Shared Risk Pool's reserve as well as monies paid as reimbursement to employees for costs associated with spousal coverage medical insurance premiums.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District's only custodial fund accounts for monies received for athletic tournaments held on behalf of the Ohio High School Athletic Association.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For proprietary funds, the statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from the custodial fund.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, interest, tuition, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB plans and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and tuition and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities fund on page 17. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 12 and 13)

Expenditures/Expenses On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

The School District has invested funds during fiscal year 2021 in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), First American Treasury Obligations Fund money market, negotiable certificates of deposit, federal home loan bank notes, federal home loan mortgage association notes, federal farm credit bank notes, federal home loan mortgage corporation notes and US Treasury notes. Except STAR Ohio, investments are reported at fair value.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$854, none of which was assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditures/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are presented on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food held for resale.

Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. They are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting assets by backtrending (i.e. estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

All reported capital assets, other than land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Descriptions</u>	<u>Governmental Activities Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	40 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund or funds from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in the financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include food service operations, student activities and facilities maintenance.

The School District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education or by a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or State Statute. State Statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education has assigned fund balance for support services and to cover a gap between revenues and appropriations in fiscal year 2022’s appropriated budget.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that are the primary activity of the fund. Any revenue and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund receivables/payables”. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Fund Balances and Net Position

Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2021, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board’s (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2019-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District’s 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

For fiscal year 2021, the School District also implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* and related guidance from (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities*.

GASB Statement No. 84 established specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the School District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The School District reviewed its agency funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary fund classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the School District’s financial statements.

Restatement of Fund Balances and Net Position

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on fund balance as of June 30, 2020:

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances, June 30, 2020	\$2,580,289	\$1,012,265	\$1,157,123	\$4,749,677
Adjustments:				
GASB Statement 84	0	0	52,978	52,978
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2020	\$2,580,289	\$1,012,265	\$1,210,101	\$4,802,655

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on governmental and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities	Agency
Net Position June 30, 2020	\$6,945,150	\$0
Adjustments:		
GASB Statement 84	52,978	0
Assets	0	(52,978)
Liabilities	0	52,978
Restated Net Position, June 30, 2020	\$6,998,128	\$0

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 4 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
2. Investments are reported at cost (budget basis) rather than fair value (GAAP basis).
3. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the public school support fund are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP Reporting.
4. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).
5. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$193,502
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	16,541
Beginning Fair Value Adjustment for Investments	80,964
Ending Fair Value Adjustment for Investments	(35,024)
Perspective Difference:	
Public School Support	643
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(58,457)
Encumbrances	(20,708)
Budget Basis	<u><u>\$177,461</u></u>

Note 5 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Fund Balances	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:				
Prepays	\$7,260	\$0	\$121	\$7,381
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	938	938
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	<u>7,260</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,059</u>	<u>8,319</u>
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	0	1,080,051	171,243	1,251,294
Food Service	0	0	718,508	718,508
Facilities Maintenance	0	0	110,978	110,978
Instructional Programs	0	0	8,890	8,890
Student Activities	0	0	72,306	72,306
Student Wellness	0	0	439,297	439,297
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,080,051</u>	<u>1,521,222</u>	<u>2,601,273</u>
Assigned to:				
Support Services	16,727	0	0	16,727
Purchases on Order:				
Instruction	238	0	0	238
Support Services	15,629	0	0	15,629
Extracurricular Activities	943	0	0	943
FY 2022 Operations	2,285,156	0	0	2,285,156
<i>Total Assigned</i>	<u>2,318,693</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,318,693</u>
Unassigned (Deficit)	447,838	0	(27,701)	420,137
Total Fund Balance	<u><u>\$2,773,791</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,080,051</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,494,580</u></u>	<u><u>\$5,348,422</u></u>

Note 6 – Fund Deficits

The deficit balances in the following special revenue funds as of June 30, 2021, resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

ECE Preschool Grant	\$2,091
Title I Grant	25,610

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 7 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2021, \$784,413 of the School District's total bank balance of \$3,224,399 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District's financial institution participates in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and was approved for a reduced collateral floor of 60 percent resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2021, the School District had the following investments:

Measurement/Investment	Measurement Amount	Maturity	& Poor's Rating	Total Investments
Net Asset Value (NAV) per share: STAR Ohio	\$5,445	Average 54.4 Days	AAAm	N/A
Fair Value - Level One Inputs: First American Treasury Obligations Money Market	5,700	Less than one year	AAAm	N/A
Fair Value - Level Two Inputs: Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	606,306	Less than one year	N/A	19.35%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	908,184	More than one year	N/A	28.98%
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	382,947	Less than five years	AA+	12.22%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association Notes	318,745	Less than five years	AA+	10.17%
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes	406,321	Less than four years	AA+	12.97%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	244,836	Less than three years	AA+	7.81%
US Treasury Notes	255,061	Less than one year	AA+	8.14%
Total	<u>\$3,133,545</u>			

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above chart identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021. The treasury obligations money market is measured at fair value and is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). The School District's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Note 8 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

The School District receives property taxes from Columbiana County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The amount available as an advance of real property taxes at June 30, 2021, was \$58,137 in the general fund, \$13,338 in the permanent improvement fund and \$1,133 in the OSFC maintenance levy fund. The amount available as an advance of real property taxes at June 30, 2020, was \$45,592 in the general fund, \$10,457 in the permanent improvement fund and \$889 in the OSFC maintenance levy fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second Half Collections		2021 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$87,310,980	87.45 %	\$90,041,810	86.28 %
Public Utility Personal	12,524,810	12.55	14,316,810	13.72
Total	\$99,835,790	100.00 %	\$104,358,620	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$31.20		\$31.20	

Note 9 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of taxes, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectable, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts
USDA Federal Reimbursement Grant	\$245,963
Title I Grant	73,513
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Grant	18,608
School Employees Retirement System Refund	17,617
School Foundation Payment Report Adjustments	14,857
Improving Teacher Quality Grant	14,455
Federal Lunch and Breakfast Subsidy	11,333
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	10,503
Medicaid Reimbursement	8,830
Early Childhood Education Grant	6,824
IDEA-B Special Education Grant	3,307
Motor Fuel Refund	1,592
Total	\$427,402

Note 10 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/20	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/21
Governmental Activities				
<i>Capital Assets, not being depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$962,729	\$0	\$0	\$962,729
<i>Capital Assets, being depreciated:</i>				
Land Improvements	1,023,944	0	0	1,023,944
Buildings and Improvements	23,912,680	3,858	0	23,916,538
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3,037,077	165,283	0	3,202,360
Vehicles	490,242	0	0	490,242
<i>Total Capital Assets, being depreciated</i>	28,463,943	169,141	0	28,633,084
<i>Less Accumulated Depreciation:</i>				
Land Improvements	(872,784)	(22,536)	0	(895,320)
Buildings and Improvements	(11,738,637)	(557,327)	0	(12,295,964)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(2,248,557)	(130,769)	0	(2,379,326)
Vehicles	(395,250)	(18,751)	0	(414,001)
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	(15,255,228)	(729,383) *	0	(15,984,611)
<i>Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net</i>	13,208,715	(560,242)	0	12,648,473
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$14,171,444	(\$560,242)	\$0	\$13,611,202

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$652,700
Special	1,187
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	11,108
Board of Education	1,368
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	15,173
Pupil Transportation	18,925
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	15,762
Other Non-Instructional Services	8,589
Extracurricular Activities	<u>4,571</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$729,383</u>

Note 11 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the School District contracted with Holloway Insurance Company which provided for property, fleet and liability insurance coverage through Indiana Insurance Company. The levels of coverage are listed as follows:

Type of Coverage	Amount
Building and Contents – replacement costs	\$47,102,114
Inland Marine Coverage	1,000,000
Crime Insurance	10,000
Automobile Liability	1,000,000
Auto Medical Payments	5,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Total per year	2,000,000
Umbrella Liability	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there was no reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2021 the School District participated in the Sheakley/Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 20). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate.

Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost controls, and actuarial services to the GRP.

Employee Health Benefits

The School District is a member of the Portage Area School Consortium (the "Consortium"), a risk sharing pool (see Note 20), through which a cooperative Health Benefit Program was created for the benefits of its members. The Health Benefit Program (the "Program") is an employee health benefit plan which covers the participating members' employees. The Consortium acts as a fiscal agent for the cash funds paid into the program by the participating school districts. These funds are pooled together for the purposes of paying health benefit claims of employees and their covered dependents, administrative expenses of the program and premiums for stop-loss insurance coverage. A reserve exists which is to cover any unpaid claims if the School District were to withdraw from the pool. If the reserve would not cover such claims, the School District would be liable for any costs above the reserve.

The School District pays 88 percent of the insurance premium costs for all of the participating staff. For the period covering July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, the School District paid premiums in the amount of \$1,765.35 for family coverage per month and \$708.86 per single coverage per month for eligible full-time employees. The premiums are paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and are based on historical cost information.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all School District claims would be paid without regard to the School District's account balance or the Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting school district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

Note 12 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a 0.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2021, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$126,052 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$2,495 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2021 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2021, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$576,029 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$102,847 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.02500670%	0.03376547%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.02627620%</u>	<u>0.03344601%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00126950%</u>	<u>0.00031946%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,653,996	\$8,170,042	\$9,824,038
Pension Expense	\$149,304	\$825,565	\$974,869

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$3,213	\$18,331	\$21,544
Changes of assumptions	0	438,574	438,574
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	104,995	397,310	502,305
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	16,266	269,303	285,569
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>126,052</u>	<u>576,029</u>	<u>702,081</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$250,526</u>	<u>\$1,699,547</u>	<u>\$1,950,073</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$52,242	\$52,242
Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>45,857</u>	<u>185,455</u>	<u>231,312</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$45,857</u>	<u>\$237,697</u>	<u>\$283,554</u>

\$702,081 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	(\$12,687)	\$223,652	\$210,965
2023	14,667	159,803	174,470
2024	43,764	310,711	354,475
2025	32,873	191,655	224,528
Total	\$78,617	\$885,821	\$964,438

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS’ total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee’s entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,265,772	\$1,653,996	\$1,140,704

Changes between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date At the April 2021 board meeting, the SERS Board lowered the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent, lowered inflation from 3.00 percent to 2.40 percent, reduced wage inflation from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent, reduced COLA from 2.50 percent to 2.00 percent, along with certain other changes for the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The effects of these changes are unknown.

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, but does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$11,632,718	\$8,170,042	\$5,235,713

Changes between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date At the June 2021 board meeting, the STRS board approved a change in the discount rate from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

Note 13 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2021, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$17,470.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$17,470 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$17,470 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.02606560%	0.03376547%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.02699190%	0.03344601%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00092630%</u>	<u>0.00031946%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$566,492	\$0	\$566,492
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$593,427)	(\$593,427)
OPEB Expense	(\$16,369)	(\$51,971)	(\$68,340)

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$7,440	\$38,024	\$45,464
Changes of assumptions	96,567	9,796	106,363
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	6,383	20,797	27,180
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	36,773	10,221	46,994
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	17,470	0	17,470
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$164,633	\$78,838	\$243,471
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$288,100	\$118,202	\$406,302
Changes of assumptions	14,269	563,656	577,925
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	40,239	65,311	105,550
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$342,608	\$747,169	\$1,089,777

\$17,470 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase to the net OPEB asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	(\$39,291)	(\$169,927)	(\$209,218)
2023	(38,829)	(155,850)	(194,679)
2024	(38,905)	(150,913)	(189,818)
2025	(35,914)	(138,004)	(173,918)
2026	(29,832)	(25,037)	(54,869)
Thereafter	(12,674)	(28,600)	(41,274)
Total	(\$195,445)	(\$668,331)	(\$863,776)

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019, was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (1.63%)	Current Discount Rate (2.63%)	1% Increase (3.63%)								
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$693,371	\$566,492	\$465,622								
<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 40%;"></th> <th style="width: 15%; text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">1% Decrease (6.00 % decreasing to 3.75%)</th> <th style="width: 15%; text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">Current Trend Rate (7.00 % decreasing to 4.75%)</th> <th style="width: 15%; text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">1% Increase (8.00 % decreasing to 5.75%)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding-top: 10px;">School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability</td> <td style="text-align: right; vertical-align: bottom;">\$446,068</td> <td style="text-align: right; vertical-align: bottom;">\$566,492</td> <td style="text-align: right; vertical-align: bottom;">\$727,526</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					1% Decrease (6.00 % decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00 % decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.00 % decreasing to 5.75%)	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$446,068	\$566,492	\$727,526
	1% Decrease (6.00 % decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00 % decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.00 % decreasing to 5.75%)								
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$446,068	\$566,492	\$727,526								

Changes between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date At the April 2021 board meeting, the SERS Board reduced the wage growth assumption from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent and changed the health care rate of return to 7.00 percent for the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The effects of these changes are unknown.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$516,321)	(\$593,427)	(\$658,850)

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$654,789)	(\$593,427)	(\$518,680)

Note 14 – Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 260 days for both certified and classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made according to negotiated agreements.

Life Insurance

The School District provides term life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to full-time employees through Mutual of Omaha. Both full time certified and classified employees receive \$30,000, and School District administrators receive \$50,000.

Note 15 – Long-term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Oustanding 6/30/2020	Additions	Deductions	Oustanding 6/30/2021	Due in One year
Governmental Activities:					
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	\$1,572,151	\$81,845	\$0	\$1,653,996	\$0
STRS	7,396,384	773,658	0	8,170,042	0
Total Net Pension Liability	8,968,535	855,503	0	9,824,038	0
Net OPEB Liability					
SERS	678,790	0	(112,298)	566,492	0
Compensated Absences	549,693	72,508	(78,454)	543,747	3,013
Capital Leases	2,974,361	0	(257,668)	2,716,693	271,149
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$13,171,379	\$928,011	(\$448,420)	\$13,650,970	\$274,162

Capital lease I & II obligations will be paid from the permanent improvement fund. Capital lease III, HB264 borrowing, will be paid from the general fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general, food service, ECE preschool, student wellness and title I funds. There are no repayment schedules for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. However, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from following funds: general, food service, ECE preschool, student wellness and title I funds. For additional information related to the net pension and net OPEB liabilities see Notes 12 and 13.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$9,392,276 with an unvoted debt margin of \$104,359 at June 30, 2021.

Note 16 – Capital Leases – Lessee Disclosure

The School District entered into a capital lease representing the local share obligation for Ohio School Facilities Commission Project participation, construction of a new administrative building and the purchase of property. At the time that the School District entered into the lease, the buildings had not been constructed nor had the land been purchased. The entire amount has been paid to trade contractors for the construction of additions and renovations to the two School District school buildings and has paid for the completion of the administration building and to individual owners of property adjacent to School District sites. The lease meets the criteria of a capitalized lease. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the general fund budgetary statements.

The capital assets acquired by lease have been originally capitalized in the amount of \$933,000 with the balance of the \$2,058,000 for the local share obligation of the Ohio School Facilities Commission Project used for the payment of contractors added three years later upon completion of the project. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation on this lease was \$873,112 leaving a current book value of \$2,117,888 as of June 30, 2021. Principal payments in fiscal year 2021 totaled \$122,000 in the governmental funds.

In the period ending June 30, 2008 the School District entered into another lease for the purchase of two school buses and the construction of a locker room and concession stand facility at the stadium in the amount of \$1,177,000. Principal payments for the second lease totaled \$43,000 for the period. Accumulated depreciation for this lease is \$382,525 leaving a current book value of \$794,475 as of this reporting period.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

The third lease was used for energy conservation measures in the School District's educational buildings with the project being completed in December 2011. The accumulated depreciation on this lease was \$626,983 leaving a book value of \$583,004. Principal payments for the third lease total \$92,668 for the period. The total amount owed on the three leases as of June 30, 2021 is \$2,716,693.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$404,764
2023	405,068
2024	357,667
2025	358,209
2026	294,723
2027-2031	1,164,514
2032-2036	479,334
2037	<u>62,105</u>
Total Minimum Lease Payments	3,526,384
Less: Amount Representing Interest	<u>809,691</u>
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	<u><u>\$2,716,693</u></u>

Note 17 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund Transfers

The general fund transferred \$43,749 to other governmental funds to help provide funding for fiscal year 2021. Transfers between other governmental funds consisted of the title II-A and miscellaneous federal grants funds transferring \$23,398 and \$11,699, respectively, to the title I fund under the Ohio Department of Education Transferability Program.

Interfund Balances

At June 30, 2021, there was an interfund payable from the miscellaneous federal grant special revenue fund to the general fund in the amount of \$245,963. This interfund receivable and payable is due to the timing of the receipt of grant monies received by the miscellaneous federal grants special revenue fund. The general fund provides money to operate the program until grants are received and the advance can be repaid. This loan is expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

Note 18 – Set-Aside

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Improvement</u>
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	150,537
Offsets	(493,366)
Qualifying Disbursements	<u>(160,927)</u>
Totals	<u>(\$503,756)</u>
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2021	<u>\$0</u>

Although the School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

Note 19 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Columbiana County Career and Technical Center

The Columbiana County Career and Technical Center (the Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The Center is operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from each of the eight participating School Districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Columbiana County Career and Technical Center, Office of the Treasurer, at 9364 State Route 45, Lisbon, Ohio 44432.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency

The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) is a computer service agency whose primary function is to provide information technology to its member school with the emphasis being placed on accounting, payroll and inventory control services. Other areas of service provided by OME-RESA include pupil scheduling, attendance, grade reporting; career guidance services; special education records; test scoring and EMIS.

OME-RESA is one of twenty-five regional service organizations serving over six hundred public school districts in the State of Ohio that make up the Ohio Educational Computer Network (OECN). These service organizations are known as Data Acquisition Sites. The OECN is a collective group of Data Acquisition Sites, authorized pursuant to Section 3301.075 of the Ohio Revised Code and their member school districts.

OME-RESA is owned and operated by forty-eight member School Districts in eleven different counties. The superintendents from each member school district comprise the General Assembly. The General Assembly elects the Board of Directors consisting of a representative from each county within the approved geographic area. The superintendent of the fiscal agent School District serves as chairman and the board elects a vice-chair annually. The School District contributed \$65,822 for various fees associated with the agency's services during the 2021 fiscal year. To obtain financial information write to OME-RESA, Office of the Treasurer, 2230 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 2, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Ohio Schools' Council

The Ohio Schools' Council Association (the Council) is jointly governed organization among eighty-three school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. This organization formed Power4Schools, an electric generation program in cooperation with Ohio School Boards Association, Buckeye Association of School Administrators and the Ohio Association of School Business Administrators.

The School District participates in the Power4School electric purchase program which was implemented during fiscal year 2013. This program allows school districts to purchase electricity at reduced rates, if the school districts will commit to participating for an eight year period. Currently in the Ohio Edison Illuminating Company, Toledo Edison and Duke Energy service areas, the program operates in partnership with FirstEnergy Solutions. FirstEnergy Solutions Corp., based in Akron, is a leading energy supplier, serving residential, commercial and industrial customers throughout the Northeast, Midwest and Mid-Atlantic regions of the United States. By contracting through Power4Schools, the School District could save an average of 16 percent over the next year. The participants make monthly payments based on actual usage with the discount being applied.

Note 20 – Public Entity Risk Pools

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in the Sheakley/Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a twenty-three member Board of directors lead by four elected officers consisting of the President, Chair, Vice-Chair and the Secretary/Treasurer. The Chair of the Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio, Inc., or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating entities pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Risk Sharing Pool

The Portage Area School Consortium (the Consortium) was established in 1981 so that twelve educational-service providers in Portage County could manage risk exposures and purchase necessary insurance coverage as a group. As of June 30, 2021, there were 26 educational service providers participating in the health and welfare pool. The Health and Welfare Trust is organized under the provisions of Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code. Its purpose is to facilitate the management of risks associated with providing employee benefits coverage such as health insurance, disability insurance and life insurance. A third party administrator is retained by the consortium to facilitate the operation of the Health and Welfare Trust. The School District pays all insurance premiums directly to the consortium. Also, the insurance agreement with Portage Area School Consortium provides that the consortium will reinsure through commercial companies for claims over \$150,000 per employee. Although the School District does not participate in the day-to-day management of the consortium, one of its administrators serves as a trustee of the consortium's governing board as provided in the consortium's enabling authority. The Field Local School District acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Field Local School District, Todd Carpenter, who serves as Treasurer, at 2900 State Route 43, Mogadore, Ohio 44260.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Note 21 – Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021.

School Foundation

In fiscal year 2021, School District foundation funding was based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. ODE has finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2021 foundation funding for the School District and they did not have any significant impact on the School District's funding.

Litigation

The School District was not a party to any legal proceedings during the 2021 fiscal year.

Note 22 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General	\$20,708
Permanent Improvement	37,000
Other Governmental Funds	<u>148,556</u>
Total	<u>\$206,264</u>

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Note 23 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the School District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020, and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

Note 24 – Subsequent Event

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$655,990 in revenue and expenditures/expense related to these programs. Also during fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$828,313 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the School District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each School District. The School District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank.)

Required Supplementary Information

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.02500670%	0.02627620%	0.02475140%	0.02537230%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,653,996	\$1,572,151	\$1,417,559	\$1,515,938
School District's Covered Payroll	\$880,207	\$902,037	\$789,652	\$816,636
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	187.91%	174.29%	179.52%	185.63%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.02845430%	0.02959500%	0.03168300%	0.03168300%
\$2,082,592	\$1,688,719	\$1,603,458	\$1,884,086
\$852,821	\$916,419	\$879,168	\$854,183
244.20%	184.27%	182.38%	220.57%
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.02606560%	0.02699190%	0.02518050%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$566,492	\$678,790	\$698,574
School District's Covered Payroll	\$880,207	\$902,037	\$789,652
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	64.36%	75.25%	88.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2018	2017
0.02580350%	0.02884660%
\$692,497	\$822,235
\$816,636	\$852,821
84.80%	96.41%
12.46%	11.49%

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.03376547%	0.03344601%	0.03141013%	0.03291473%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$8,170,042	\$7,396,384	\$6,906,383	\$7,818,964
School District's Covered Payroll	\$4,144,650	\$3,965,864	\$3,717,307	\$3,626,443
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	197.12%	186.50%	185.79%	215.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.50%	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.03420468%	0.03698656%	0.03948139%	0.03948139%
\$11,449,338	\$10,222,003	\$9,603,240	\$11,439,317
\$3,556,279	\$3,813,699	\$4,033,036	\$4,170,900
321.95%	268.03%	238.11%	274.26%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	0.03376547%	0.03344601%	0.03141013%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	(\$593,427)	(\$553,945)	(\$504,729)
School District's Covered Payroll	\$4,144,650	\$3,965,864	\$3,717,307
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.32%	-13.97%	-13.58%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2018	2017
0.03291473%	0.03420468%
\$1,284,212	\$1,829,275
\$3,626,443	\$3,556,279
35.41%	51.44%
47.10%	37.30%

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$126,052	\$123,229	\$121,775	\$106,603
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(126,052)</u>	<u>(123,229)</u>	<u>(121,775)</u>	<u>(106,603)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$900,371	\$880,207	\$902,037	\$789,652
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$17,470	\$17,295	\$21,285	\$17,863
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(17,470)</u>	<u>(17,295)</u>	<u>(21,285)</u>	<u>(17,863)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>1.94%</u>	<u>1.96%</u>	<u>2.36%</u>	<u>2.26%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	<u>15.94%</u>	<u>15.96%</u>	<u>15.86%</u>	<u>15.76%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

(2) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$114,329	\$119,395	\$120,784	\$121,853	\$118,219	\$122,017
(114,329)	(119,395)	(120,784)	(121,853)	(118,219)	(122,017)
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$816,636	\$852,521	\$916,416	\$879,168	\$854,183	\$907,189
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.18%</u>	<u>13.86%</u>	<u>13.84%</u>	<u>13.45%</u>
\$14,325	\$14,645	\$21,492	\$18,399	\$19,018	\$20,433
(14,325)	(14,645)	(21,492)	(18,399)	(19,018)	(20,433)
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>1.75%</u>	<u>1.72%</u>	<u>2.35%</u>	<u>2.09%</u>	<u>2.23%</u>	<u>2.25%</u>
<u>15.75%</u>	<u>15.72%</u>	<u>15.53%</u>	<u>15.95%</u>	<u>16.07%</u>	<u>15.70%</u>

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$576,029	\$580,251	\$555,221	\$520,423
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(576,029)</u>	<u>(580,251)</u>	<u>(555,221)</u>	<u>(520,423)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$4,114,493	\$4,144,650	\$3,965,864	\$3,717,307
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
\$507,702	\$497,879	\$533,918	\$524,295	\$542,217	\$586,137
<u>(507,702)</u>	<u>(497,879)</u>	<u>(533,918)</u>	<u>(524,295)</u>	<u>(542,217)</u>	<u>(586,137)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$3,626,443	\$3,556,279	\$3,813,699	\$4,033,036	\$4,170,900	\$4,508,746
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$40,330	\$41,709	\$45,087
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(40,330)</u>	<u>(41,709)</u>	<u>(45,087)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

**LISBON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
COLUMBIANA COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	006	\$279,471
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	006	70,536
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	006	32,499
School Breakfast Program	10.553	006	100,706
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553	006	34,309
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>517,521</u>
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	006	33,471
Total Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program			<u>33,471</u>
Distance Learning and Telemedicine Loans and Grants	10.855	599-9020	245,963
Total Distance Learning and Telemedicine Loans and Grants			<u>245,963</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>796,955</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	572-9520	61,234
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	572-9521	245,332
Expanding Opportunities for Each Child	84.010	572-9021	1,824
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			<u>308,390</u>
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	516-9521	208,998
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	587-9521	4,468
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>213,466</u>
Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	84.367	590-9521	23,398
Total Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants			<u>23,398</u>
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424 A	599-9220	15,435
Total Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment			<u>15,435</u>
Rural Education Grant	84.358	599-9019	17,449
Total Rural Education Grant			<u>17,449</u>
Special Education-State Personnel Development	84.323	599-9220	9,995
Total Special Education-State Personnel Development			<u>9,995</u>
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	507-9021	76,474
Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund			<u>76,474</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>664,607</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
<i>Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education</i>			
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	510-9021	43,868
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund			<u>43,868</u>
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			<u>43,868</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$1,505,430</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**LISBON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
COLUMBIANA COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Lisbon Exempted Village School District (the School District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Columbiana County
317 North Market Street
Lisbon, Ohio 44432

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lisbon Exempted Village School District, Columbiana County, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2022, wherein we noted the School District adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and included a disclosure regarding the potential financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

May 24, 2022



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Lisbon Exempted Village School District
Columbiana County
317 North Market Street
Lisbon, Ohio 44432

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Lisbon Exempted Village School District's (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Lisbon Exempted Village School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Lisbon Exempted Village School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

May 24, 2022

**LISBON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
COLUMBIANA COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
June 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program - CFDA #10.555 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program - CFDA #10.555 National School lunch Program – Commodities - CFDA #10.555 School Breakfast Program - CFDA #10.553 COVID-19 School Breakfast Program - CFDA #10.553
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**LISBON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
COLUMBIANA COUNTY**

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/5/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov