FAIRBANKS SCHOOL DISTRICT UNION COUNTY REGULAR AUDIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



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Board of Education Fairbanks Local School District 11158 SR38 Milford Center, Ohio 43045

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Fairbanks Local School District, Union County, prepared by Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Fairbanks Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 11, 2022



Fairbanks Local School District

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Fairbanks Local School District 11158 SR38 Milford Center, Ohio 43045

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairbanks Local School District, Union County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Fairbanks Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairbanks Local School District, Union County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of the District's pension contributions, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset), and the schedule of District OPEB contributions on pages 3 through 15 and 72 through 85, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc. Chillicothe, Ohio

Millett-Sty CPA/re.

February 8, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The management's discussion and analysis of Fairbanks Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$1,312,515 from 2020's net position. Net position of governmental activities increased \$1,314,804, which represents a 37.19% increase from 2020's net position. Net position of business-type activities decreased \$2,289 from fiscal year 2020.
- For governmental activities, general revenues accounted for \$14,484,397, or 85.25% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,506,032, or 14.75%, of total revenues of \$16,990,429.
- The District had \$15,675,625 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,506,032 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$14,484,397 were adequate to provide for the programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$13,838,636 in revenues and \$12,452,885 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$1,385,751 from a balance of \$7,420,803 to \$8,806,554.
- Net position for the District's enterprise fund decreased \$2,289. The Fairbanks Elementary Extended Day Program (F.E.E.D. Program), a nonmajor enterprise fund, had \$44,482 in operating revenues and \$46,771 in operating expenses.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net positions* and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's F.E.E.D. Program operations are reported as business activities.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17 - 19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 24 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 27 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in a custodial fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 28 and 29. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31 - 69 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 70 - 85 of this report.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2021 and 2020.

	-			_	Net Po						
	Governmen	tal A	<u>activities</u>	<u>B</u>	usiness-Ty	pe A	ctivities		To	tal	
	2021	<u> </u>	2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Assets Current assets Net OPEB asset Capital assets, net	\$ 21,527,105 866,436 15,731,654	\$	18,498,283 837,690 16,106,437	\$	91,273	\$	89,655 - -	\$	21,618,378 866,436 15,731,654	\$	18,587,938 837,690 16,106,437
Total assets	38,125,195		35,442,410		91,273		89,655		38,216,468		35,532,065
Deferred outflows of resources											
Pension OPEB	2,934,132 475,674	_	3,262,195 407,530		9,621 7,828		10,552 6,930		2,943,753 483,502		3,272,747 414,460
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,409,806		3,669,725		17,449		17,482		3,427,255		3,687,207
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilies:	1,655,570		1,525,261		-		-		1,655,570		1,525,261
Due within one year	600,712		489,870		-		-		600,712		489,870
Net pension liability	15,221,994		14,274,537		60,901		60,123		15,282,895		14,334,660
Net OPEB liability	1,120,673		1,324,079		20,724		25,767		1,141,397		1,349,846
Other amounts	8,819,749	_	9,360,576			_		_	8,819,749		9,360,576
Total liabilities	27,418,698		26,974,323		81,625		85,890		27,500,323		27,060,213
Deferred inflows of resources											
Property taxes	7,137,759		6,465,265		-		-		7,137,759		6,465,265
Unamortized deferred gain	108,743		116,795		-		-		108,743		116,795
Pension	388,936		638,322		3,171		871		392,107		639,193
OPEB	1,630,442		1,381,811		12,996		7,157		1,643,438		1,388,968
Total deferred			_				_		_		
inflows of resources	9,265,880	_	8,602,193		16,167		8,028		9,282,047		8,610,221
Net investment in											
capital assets	6,961,307		7,248,496		-		-		6,961,307		7,248,496
Restricted	3,568,991		2,437,485		-		-		3,568,991		2,437,485
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,679,875)	_	(6,150,362)	_	10,930	_	13,219	_	(5,668,945)	_	(6,137,143)
Total net position	\$ 4,850,423	\$	3,535,619	\$	10,930	\$	13,219	\$	4,861,353	\$	3,548,838

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange"—that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,861,353. \$4,850,423 of this total is in governmental activities, and \$10,930 is in business-type activities.

Current assets increased primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents due to current year operations.

Deferred outflows related to pension decreased primarily due to changes in assumptions by the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). See Note 12 for more detail.

Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 13 for more detail.

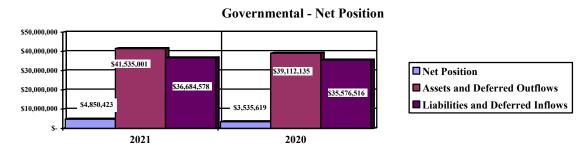
Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represented 41.16% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings/improvements, furniture/equipment and vehicles. The District's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021, was \$6,961,307 in the governmental activities. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Deferred inflows related to OPEB increased primarily due to the difference between expected and actual experience by STRS. See Note 13 for more detail.

Long-term liabilities increased primarily due to an increase in the net pension liability. This liability is outside of the control of the District. The District contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions and OPEB to District employees, not the District.

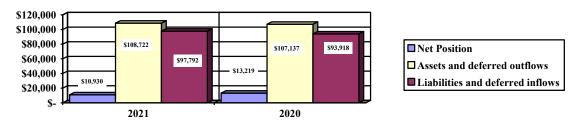
A portion of the District's net position, \$3,568,991, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. In the governmental activities and business-type activities, the remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$5,679,875 and a balance of \$10,930 respectively.

The graphs below show the District's government-wide assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, and net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Business-Type - Net Position



The table below shows the changes in net position for governmental activities and business-type activities for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		E	Business-Type Activities			Total	
	2021	2020		2021		2020	2021	2020
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services and sales	\$ 998,177	\$ 1,339,493	\$	44,482	\$	56,616	\$ 1,042,659	\$ 1,396,109
Operating grants and contributions	1,507,855	1,080,690		-		-	1,507,855	1,080,690
General revenues:								
Property taxes	7,785,209	7,487,046		-		-	7,785,209	7,487,046
Income taxes	3,162,812	2,301,381		-		-	3,162,812	2,301,381
Grants and entitlements	3,478,629	3,395,814		-		-	3,478,629	3,395,814
Investment earnings	30,625	155,328		-		-	30,625	155,328
Other	27,122	35,151	_		_	380	27,122	35,531
Total revenues	16,990,429	15,794,903		44,482		56,996	17,034,911	15,851,899

(continued)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Tot	tal
Expenses	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Program expenses:						
Instruction:						
Regular	6,922,782	7,329,469	-	-	6,922,782	7,329,469
Special	1,643,250	1,671,448	-	-	1,643,250	1,671,448
Vocational	19,800	20,792	-	-	19,800	20,792
Other	123,582	124,938	-	=	123,582	124,938
Support services:						
Pupil	887,627	955,443	-	-	887,627	955,443
Instructional staff	469,806	666,001	-	-	469,806	666,001
Board of education	43,451	43,836	-	-	43,451	43,836
Administration	1,266,408	1,261,490	-	-	1,266,408	1,261,490
Fiscal	532,243	512,443	-	-	532,243	512,443
Operations and maintenance	1,364,190	1,317,600	-	-	1,364,190	1,317,600
Pupil transportation	832,201	833,427	-	-	832,201	833,427
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	322,765	339,431	-	-	322,765	339,431
Other non-instructional services	378,957	360,543	-	-	378,957	360,543
Extracurricular activities	566,617	639,475	-	-	566,617	639,475
Interest and fiscal charges	301,946	529,668	-	-	301,946	529,668
F.E.E.D. Program			46,771	56,803	46,771	56,803
Total expenses	15,675,625	16,606,004	46,771	56,803	15,722,396	16,662,807
Changes in net position	1,314,804	(811,101)	(2,289)	193	1,312,515	(810,908)
Net position						
at beginning of year	3,535,619	4,346,720	13,219	13,026	3,548,838	4,359,746
Net position at end of year	\$ 4,850,423	\$ 3,535,619	\$ 10,930	\$ 13,219	\$ 4,861,353	\$ 3,548,838

Governmental Activities

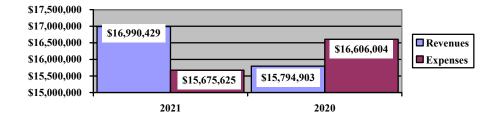
Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,314,804 from 2020. During 2021, total governmental expenses of \$15,675,625 were offset by program revenues of \$2,506,032 and general revenues of \$14,484,397. Program revenues supported 15.99% of the total governmental expenses. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 84.91% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

Expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$930,379 or 5.60% from the prior year. Regular instruction decreased \$406,687 or 5.55%. Interest and fiscal charges decreased as the District paid down its debts obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



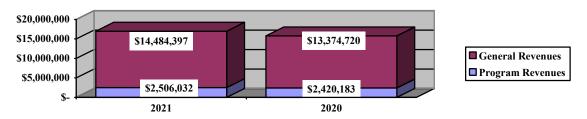
The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2021 and 2020.

	T	Total Cost of Services 2021	S	t Cost of ervices 2021	To	otal Cost of Services 2020	<u> </u>	Net Cost of Services 2020
Program expenses:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	6,922,782	\$ 6	5,352,560	\$	7,329,469	\$	6,594,574
Special		1,643,250	1	,041,963		1,671,448		1,177,781
Vocational		19,800		2,022		20,792		3,014
Other		123,582		123,582		124,938		124,938
Support services:								
Pupil		887,627		594,350		955,443		725,327
Instructional staff		469,806		397,097		666,001		635,489
Board of education		43,451		43,451		43,836		43,836
Administration		1,266,408	1	,266,408		1,261,490		1,261,490
Fiscal		532,243		431,595		512,443		413,569
Operations and maintenance		1,364,190	1	,268,199		1,317,600		1,308,390
Pupil transportation		832,201		817,754		833,427		795,606
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		322,765		2,308		339,431		3,787
Other non-instructional services		378,957		170,420		360,543		190,529
Extracurricular activities		566,617		355,938		639,475		377,823
Interest and fiscal charges		301,946		301,946		529,668		529,668
Total expenses	\$	15,675,625	\$ 13	3,169,593	\$	16,606,004	\$	14,185,821

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2021 for governmental activities is apparent, as 86.34% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. General revenue support for all governmental activities was 84.01% in fiscal year 2021. The graph on the following page presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the F.E.E.D. Program. This program had operating revenues of \$44,482 and operating expenses of \$46,771 for fiscal year 2021. The District's business-type activities receive no support from tax revenues.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 20) reported a combined fund balance of \$12,267,751, which is more than last year's balance of \$10,212,334. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	
Fund	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	Change
General	\$ 8,806,554	\$ 7,420,803	\$ 1,385,751
Other governmental	3,461,197	2,791,531	669,666
Total	\$ 12,267,751	\$ 10,212,334	\$ 2,055,417

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$1,385,751 during fiscal year 2021. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2021	2020	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 9,398,886	\$ 8,565,692	\$ 833,194	9.73 %
Tuition	643,329	690,211	(46,882)	(6.79) %
Interest earnings	30,625	155,328	(124,703)	(80.28) %
Intergovernmental	3,631,140	3,534,203	96,937	2.74 %
Other revenues	134,656	236,461	(101,805)	(43.05) %
Total	\$ 13,838,636	\$ 13,181,895	\$ 656,741	4.98 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021 Amount	2020 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Expenditures				_
Instruction	\$ 7,541,965	\$ 7,825,945	\$ (283,980)	(3.63) %
Support services	4,440,754	4,836,362	(395,608)	(8.18) %
Extracurricular activities	322,188	281,901	40,287	14.29 %
Non-instructional services	98,458	98,378	80	0.08 %
Total	\$ 12,403,365	\$ 13,042,586	\$ (639,221)	(4.90) %

Property taxes increased from the prior fiscal year due to the timing of collections. Income taxes increased as the economy began to improve. Interest earnings decreased due to decreased interest rates on the District's investments. Other revenues decreased due to the District receiving less revenue in the form of refunds and reimbursements. All other revenues remained consistent with the prior year or changed an insignificant amount.

Support services expenditures decreased due to decreased instructional staff expenditures. Extracurricular activities increased due to increased participation in the District's programs by students. All other expenditures remained comparable to the prior year or changed an insignificant amount.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2021, the District amended its general fund budget once. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, original revenues were \$12,705,519 which were \$996,386 less than final budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$13,701,905. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2021 were \$13,818,751, which is \$116,846 more than final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$13,429,372 were decreased to \$13,252,971 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$12,793,436, which is \$459,535 lower than the final appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2021, the District had \$15,731,654 invested in land, land improvements, buildings/improvements, furniture/equipment and vehicles. This total amount was reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2021 balances compared to June 30, 2020:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities				
	2021			2020		
Land	\$	289,921	\$	289,921		
Land improvements		500,655		540,231		
Building/improvements		13,409,497		13,599,504		
Furniture/equipment		671,709		715,917		
Vehicles		859,872		960,864		
Total	\$	15,731,654	\$	16,106,437		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$374,783 is due to capital asset additions of \$229,702 being less than depreciation expense of \$604,485.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021 the District had \$7,925,000 in general obligation bonds and \$270,000 in energy conservation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$520,000 is due within one year and \$7,675,000 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the District's debt obligations outstanding at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020		
Energy conservation loans General obligation bonds	\$ 270,000	\$ 310,000 8,305,398		
Total	\$ 8,195,000	\$ 8,615,398		

At June 30, 2021 the District's overall legal debt margin was \$20,070,525 with an unvoted debt margin of \$2,382,229.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Current Financial Related Activities

The Fairbanks Local School District financial condition continues to be strong and healthy. FY 21 revenues held steady during the pandemic. Federal covid relief funding further helped provide financial stability. Expenditures were monitored more closely during the pandemic. The financial condition continues to be stable for the district. A new state funding formula is being implemented in a phased in approach for FY 22. It is unclear how this will affect the district in the future, causing some uncertainty. The district currently has no levies planned in the immediate future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Aaron S. Johnson, Treasurer, Fairbanks Local School District, 1258 State Route 38, Milford Center, Ohio 43045.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		overnmental Activities	ness-type tivities		Total
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	11,981,201	\$ 91,223	\$	12,072,424
Property taxes		8,060,534	-		8,060,534
Income taxes		1,363,904	-		1,363,904
Intergovernmental		107,752	-		107,752
Prepayments		12,346	50		12,396
Materials and supplies inventory		600	-		600
Inventory held for resale		768	-		768
Net OPEB asset (Note 13)		866,436	-		866,436
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable capital assets		289,921	-		289,921
Depreciable capital assets, net		15,441,733	 		15,441,733
Capital assets, net		15,731,654	 		15,731,654
Total assets		38,125,195	 91,273		38,216,468
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension (Note 12)		2,934,132	9,621		2,943,753
OPEB (Note 13)		475,674	7,828		483,502
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,409,806	17,449		3,427,255
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		41,535,001	 108,722		41,643,723
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		104,665	_		104,665
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,227,969	_		1,227,969
Intergovernmental payable		107,317	_		107,317
Pension and post employment benefits payable		198,667	_		198,667
Accrued interest payable		16,952	_		16,952
Long-term liabilities:		10,,,,,			10,552
Due within one year		600,712	_		600,712
Due in more than one year:		000,712			000,712
Net pension liability (Note 12)		15,221,994	60,901		15,282,895
Net OPEB liability (Note 13)		1,120,673	20,724		1,141,397
Other amounts due in more than one year		8,819,749	,,		8,819,749
Total liabilities		27,418,698	81,625		27,500,323
D. C					
Deferred inflows of resources:		7 127 750			7 127 750
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		7,137,759	-		7,137,759
Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding		108,743	2 171		108,743
Pension (Note 12)		388,936	3,171		392,107
OPEB (Note 13)		1,630,442	 12,996		1,643,438
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,265,880	 16,167		9,282,047
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		36,684,578	 97,792		36,782,370
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		6,961,307	-		6,961,307
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		1,189,766	-		1,189,766
Debt service		1,466,626	-		1,466,626
State funded programs		360,075	-		360,075
Federally funded programs		26,695	-		26,695
Food service operations		318,436	-		318,436
Student activities		201,544	-		201,544
Other purposes		5,849	-		5,849
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(5,679,875)	 10,930	_	(5,668,945)
Total net position	\$	4,850,423	\$ 10,930	\$	4,861,353

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program	Revenue	S
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales			ating Grants Contributions
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 6,922,782	\$	533,942	\$	36,280
Special	1,643,250		89,151		512,136
Vocational	19,800		-		17,778
Other	123,582		-		-
Support services:					
Pupil	887,627		4,163		289,114
Instructional staff	469,806		16,419		56,290
Board of education	43,451		-		-
Administration	1,266,408		-		-
Fiscal	532,243		100,648		-
Operations and maintenance	1,364,190		4,800		91,191
Pupil transportation	832,201		1,741		12,706
Operation of non-instructional					
services:					
Food service operations	322,765		59,625		260,832
Other non-instructional services	378,957		-		208,537
Extracurricular activities	566,617		187,688		22,991
Interest and fiscal charges	 301,946		-		
Total governmental activities	 15,675,625		998,177		1,507,855
Business-type activities:					
F.E.E.D Program	 46,771		44,482		
Totals	\$ 15,722,396	\$	1,042,659	\$	1,507,855

General revenues:

General revenues:
Property taxes levied for:
General purposes
Debt service
Income taxes levied for:
General purposes
Capital projects
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Total general revenues

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

Change in net position

Net (Expense) Revenue

		nanges in Net Position	
	ernmental	Business-Type	
Ac	tivities	Activities	Total
\$	(6,352,560)	\$ _	\$ (6,352,560)
	(1,041,963)	_	(1,041,963)
	(2,022)	_	(2,022)
	(123,582)		(123,582)
	(123,302)		(123,302)
	(594,350)	-	(594,350)
	(397,097)	-	(397,097)
	(43,451)	-	(43,451)
	(1,266,408)	-	(1,266,408)
	(431,595)	-	(431,595)
	(1,268,199)	-	(1,268,199)
	(817,754)	_	(817,754)
	(***,,***)		(01,,,11,)
	(2,308)		(2,308)
	(170,420)		(170,420)
	(355,938)		(355,938)
	(301,946)		(301,946)
	(301,540)	 	 (301,540)
	(13,169,593)	 <u>-</u>	 (13,169,593)
		 (2,289)	 (2,289)
	(13,169,593)	(2,289)	(13,171,882)
	7,099,935	-	7,099,935
	685,274	-	685,274
	2,372,109	-	2,372,109
	790,703	-	790,703
	3,478,629	_	3,478,629
	30,625	_	30,625
	27,122	_	27,122
	14,484,397	 -	14,484,397
	1,314,804	(2,289)	1,312,515
	3,535,619	 13,219	 3,548,838
\$	4,850,423	\$ 10,930	\$ 4,861,353

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:				-	-	-
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	8,669,581	\$	3,311,620	\$	11,981,201
Receivables:		, ,		, ,		, ,
Property taxes		7,400,190		660,344		8,060,534
Income taxes		1,022,928		340,976		1,363,904
Intergovernmental		35,529		72,223		107,752
Prepayments		11,993		353		12,346
Materials and supplies inventory				600		600
Inventory held for resale		_		768		768
Due from other funds		8,906		, 00		8,906
Total assets	•	17,149,127	\$	4,386,884	\$	21,536,011
Total assets	Ψ.	17,149,127	Ψ	7,300,007	Ψ	21,330,011
Liabilities:	ф	15.015	Ф	00.050	ф	104.665
Accounts payable	\$	15,815	\$	88,850	\$	104,665
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,157,445		70,524		1,227,969
Compensated absences payable		36,134		-		36,134
Intergovernmental payable		62,681		44,636		107,317
Pension and post employment benefits payable		188,497		10,170		198,667
Due to other funds				8,906		8,906
Total liabilities		1,460,572		223,086		1,683,658
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		6,557,893		579,866		7,137,759
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		107,460		10,344		117,804
Income tax revenue not available		198,183		66,061		264,244
Intergovernmental revenue not available		18,465		46,330		64,795
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,882,001		702,601		7,584,602
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory				600		600
Prepaids		11,993		353		12,346
Restricted:		11,993		333		12,340
Debt service				1 472 224		1 472 224
		-		1,473,234		1,473,234
Capital improvements		-		1,123,705		1,123,705
Food service operations		-		336,477		336,477
Non-public schools		-		2,550		2,550
State funded programs		-		357,373		357,373
Federally funded programs		=		350		350
Extracurricular		-		201,517		201,517
Other purposes		-		5,849		5,849
Assigned:		40.524				10.501
Student instruction		49,534		-		49,534
Student and staff support		153,643		-		153,643
Subsequent year's appropriations		39,592		-		39,592
School supplies		63,664		-		63,664
Other purposes		1,284		-		1,284
Unassigned (deficit)		8,486,844		(40,811)		8,446,033
Total fund balances		8,806,554		3,461,197		12,267,751
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	17,149,127	\$	4,386,884	\$	21,536,011

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2021}$

	15,731,654
	446,843
	(466,604)
	(108,743)
	(16,952)
	(14,085,803)
<u> </u>	(8,917,723) 4,850,423
	\$

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenues: Property taxes		General	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	
Income taxes	Revenues:					
Incerpovernmental 3,631,140 1,293,302 4,924,442 Investment earnings 3,6625 - 30,625 Tuition and fees 643,329 - 643,329 Extracurricular - 187,688 Rental income 4,800 187,688 Rental income 4,800 59,625 160,273 Contributions and donations - 16,065 16,065 Miscellaneous 29,208 8,711 37,919 Total revenues Statement Statement 3,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 Statement Statemen	Property taxes	\$ 7,101,253	\$ 686,150	\$	7,787,403	
Intergovernmental 3,631,140 1,293,302 4,924.442 Investment earnings 30,625 - 30,625 Tution and fees 643,329 - 643,329 Extracurricular - 187,688 187,688 187,688 Rental income 4,800 - 4,800 Charges for services 100,648 59,625 160,273 Contributions and donations - 16,065 16,065 Miscellaneous 29,208 8,711 37,919 Total revenues 31,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 160,273 Total revenues 13,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 160,273 17,010	± •		765,878			
Investment earnings	Intergovernmental					
Tuition and fees 643,329 - 643,329 Extracurricular - 187,688 187,688 Rental income 4,800 - 4,800 Charges for services 100,648 59,625 160,0273 Contributions and donations 29,208 8,711 37,919 Total revenues 13,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: 9,062 405,661 Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 4,2410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 52	ε		-			
Extracurricular - 187,688 187,688 Rental income 4,800 - 4,800 Charges for services 100,648 59,625 160,273 Contributions and donations 2- 16,065 16,065 Miscellaneous 37,919 16,856,055 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 6,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: - 40,5661 190 7,80,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 190 42,410 4,410		,	_		,	
Rental income 4,800 - 4,800 Charges for services 100,648 59,625 160,273 Contributions and donations - 16,065 16,065 Miscellaneous 29,208 8,711 37,919 Total revenues - 13,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: - 4,800 - 4,800 Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: - 1,12,579 - 112,579 - 12,06,552 - 14,06,552 - 11,16,552 - 11,6552 -		-	187.688			
Charges for services 100,648 59,625 160,057 Contributions and donations 29,208 8,711 37,919 Miscellancous 29,208 8,711 37,919 Total revenues 13,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 Expenditures: Curret: Instruction: Regular 6,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 11,83,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 112,579 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,388,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12		4 800	-			
Contributions and donations - 16,065 16,065 Miscellaneous 29,208 8,711 37,919 Total revenues 13,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 Expenditures: Current: Current: Regular 6,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 1,8,990 2- 18,090 Other 112,579 2- 18,090 Other 112,579 7- 20,993 Support services: 9 50,062 405,661 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 42,410 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,388,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: 312,585 312,585			59 625			
Miscellaneous 29,208 8,711 37,919 Total revenues 13,838,636 3,017,419 16,856,055 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 6,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 <td< td=""><td>Č</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Č	-				
Total revenues		29 208				
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 6,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 1,2403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Transfers found balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Euch balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Euch balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Euch balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Euch balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Euch balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Euch balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Euch balances 1,420,4340 2,791,531						
Current: Instruction: Regular	Total revenues	 13,636,030	 3,017,419		10,630,033	
Instruction: Regular 6,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 1,2403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) Transfers (out) (49,520) 49,520 Transfers (in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Excess of principal fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 End balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 Excess of principal fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 End balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 End balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 End balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 End balances 1,385,751 10,212,334						
Regular 6,227,776 36,147 6,263,923 Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: - - 112,579 Support services: - - 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 1						
Special 1,183,520 299,397 1,482,917 Vocational 18,090 - 18,090 Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: - - 112,579 Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012		6 227 776	26 147		6 262 022	
Vocational Other 18,090	•					
Other 112,579 - 112,579 Support services: Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988	•		299,397			
Support services: Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417			-			
Pupil 664,994 121,969 786,963 Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 <td col<="" td=""><td></td><td>112,579</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>112,579</td></td>	<td></td> <td>112,579</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>112,579</td>		112,579	-		112,579
Instructional staff 355,599 50,062 405,661 Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - (49,520) Total balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	• •	664.004	121 060		706063	
Board of education 42,410 - 42,410 Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 1,2403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (49,520) <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>	1				,	
Administration 1,166,552 - 1,166,552 Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in - 49,520 - 49,520 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334			50,062			
Fiscal 513,111 13,008 526,119 Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Food service operations - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital epirciation bonds - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers (out) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			-			
Operations and maintenance 1,021,103 377,081 1,398,184 Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): - 49,520 - (49,520) Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) - Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances<			-			
Pupil transportation 676,985 12,706 689,691 Operation of non-instructional services: 312,585 312,585 Food service operations - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: - 44,012 44,012 Principal retirement - 44,012 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): - 49,520 - (49,520) Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) - Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666						
Operation of non-instructional services: - 312,585 312,585 Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: - 11,473 11,473 Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334 <					1,398,184	
Food service operations Other non-instructional services System 98,458 Other non-instructional services System 98,458 Extracurricular activities System 11,473 Extracurricular activities System 12,188 System 185,832 System 11,473 System 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement System 11,473 Interest and fiscal charges Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures System 12,403,365 Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures System 12,403,365 Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures System 12,403,365 Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures System 12,403,365 Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures Tapasses System 12,403,365 Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Faccition on Capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures Tapasses Total expenditures Tapasses Transfers in Faccitical Capital Capi		676,985	12,706		689,691	
Other non-instructional services 98,458 210,993 309,451 Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: - 11,473 11,473 Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): - 49,520 - (49,520) Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) - Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Operation of non-instructional services:					
Extracurricular activities 322,188 185,832 508,020 Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: - - 11,473 11,473 Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): - 49,520 - (49,520) Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) - Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Food service operations	-	312,585		312,585	
Facilities acquisition and construction - 11,473 11,473 Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Other non-instructional services	98,458	210,993		309,451	
Debt service: Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): - 49,520 49,520 Transfers in - 49,520 - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Extracurricular activities	322,188	185,832		508,020	
Principal retirement - 44,012 44,012 Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): - 49,520 49,520 Transfers in - 49,520 - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Facilities acquisition and construction	-	11,473		11,473	
Interest and fiscal charges - 211,020 211,020 Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): - 49,520 49,520 Transfers in - 49,520 - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) - (49,520) - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Debt service:					
Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds - 510,988 510,988 Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Principal retirement	-	44,012		44,012	
Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Interest and fiscal charges	-	211,020		211,020	
Total expenditures 12,403,365 2,397,273 14,800,638 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,435,271 620,146 2,055,417 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Accretion on Capital appreciation bonds	-	510,988		510,988	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334		 12,403,365				
Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 1,435,271	 620,146		2,055,417	
Transfers in - 49,520 49,520 Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers (out) (49,520) - (49,520) Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334			40.520		40.520	
Total other financing sources (uses) (49,520) 49,520 - Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334		(40.520)	49,320			
Net change in fund balances 1,385,751 669,666 2,055,417 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334		 	 40.520		(49,320)	
Fund balances at beginning of year 7,420,803 2,791,531 10,212,334	Total other financing sources (uses)	 (49,320)	 49,320			
	Net change in fund balances	1,385,751	669,666		2,055,417	
Fund balances at end of year \$ 8.806.554 \$ 3.461.197 \$ 12.267.751	5 5 .					
<u> </u>	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 8,806,554	\$ 3,461,197	\$	12,267,751	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	2,055,417
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 229,702 (604,485)	<u>.</u>	(374,783)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Income taxes Intergovernmental Total	(2,194) 99,301 37,267	-	134,374
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. General obligation bonds Accretion on capital appreciation bonds Total	44,012 510,988	_	555,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total	94 (134,602) 35,530 8,052	-	(90,926)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total	1,090,884 30,741	_	1,121,625
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total	(2,117,018) 20,924		(2,096,094)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			10,191
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	1,314,804

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			* 5.00 6.00 7	
Property taxes	\$ 6,736,442	\$ 7,136,442	\$ 7,226,395	\$ 89,953
Income taxes	1,708,077	1,983,077	1,984,272	1,195
Intergovernmental	3,376,000	3,632,386	3,632,947	561
Investment earnings	75,000	30,000	30,625	625
Tuition and fees	610,000	576,000	574,462	(1,538)
Rental income	10,000	5,000	4,800	(200)
Charges for services	90,000	76,000	100,204	24,204
Miscellaneous	100,000	257,000	258,837	1,837
Total revenues	12,705,519	13,695,905	13,812,542	116,637
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	6 504 909	6 517 460	6 225 022	101 546
Regular	6,594,808	6,517,469	6,335,923	181,546
Special Vocational	1,200,431	1,218,725 19,700	1,218,919	(194)
Other	63 121,056	112,688	19,568 114,499	132 (1,811)
Support services:	121,030	112,000	114,499	(1,011)
Pupil	787,865	715,545	695,151	20,394
Instructional staff	493,100	383,614	355,981	27,633
Board of education	39,660	55,064	53,415	1,649
Administration	1,224,721	1,223,652	1,165,394	58,258
Fiscal	473,012	500,037	514,767	(14,730)
Operations and maintenance	1,239,210	1,228,303	1,104,352	123,951
Pupil transportation	778,008	777,274	733,711	43,563
Operation of non-instructional services:	770,000	777,271	755,711	15,505
Other non-instructional services	97,272	100,300	100,314	(14)
Extracurricular activities	280,166	342,600	331,922	10,678
Total expenditures	13,329,372	13,194,971	12,743,916	451,055
- (1 ° :) °				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	((22.952)	500.024	1.000.000	5(7,600
(under) expenditures	(623,853)	500,934	1,068,626	567,692
Other financing sources (uses):				
Refund of prior year's expenditures	-	6,000	6,209	209
Transfers (out)	(75,000)	(55,000)	(49,520)	5,480
Advances (out)	(25,000)	(3,000)	-	3,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,000)	(52,000)	(43,311)	8,689
Net change in fund balance	(723,853)	448,934	1,025,315	576,381
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,247,401	7,247,401	7,247,401	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	121,831	121,831	121,831	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 6,645,379	\$ 7,818,166	\$ 8,394,547	\$ 576,381

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	En	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	91,223		
Prepayments		50		
Total current assets		91,273		
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension (Note 12)		9,621		
OPEB (Note 13)		7,828		
Total deferred outflows of resources		17,449		
Liabilities: Long-term liabilities:				
Net pension liability (Note 12)		60,901		
Net OPEB liability (Note 13)		20,724		
Total long-term liabilities		81,625		
Total liabilities		81,625		
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension (Note 12)		3,171		
OPEB (Note 13)		12,996		
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,167		
Net position:				
Unrestricted		10,930		
Total net position	\$	10,930		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Tuition and fees	\$	44,482	
Operating expenses:			
Personal services		42,908	
Materials and supplies		3,863	
Total operating expenses		46,771	
Operating (loss) / change in net position		(2,289)	
Net position at beginning of year		13,219	
Net position at end of year	\$	10,930	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund				
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from tuition and fees	\$	44,482			
Cash payments for personal services		(38,961)			
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(3,863)			
Net cash provided by					
operating activities		1,658			
Net increase in cash and cash					
cash equivalents		1,658			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		89,565			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	91,223			
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating (loss)	\$	(2,289)			
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Decrease in deferred outflows - pension		931			
(Increase) in deferred outflows - OPEB		(898)			
Decrease in Prepayments Increase in Net Pension Liability		40 778			
(Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability		(5,043)			
Increase in deferred inflows - pension		2,300			
Increase in deferred inflows - OPEB		5,839			
Net cash provided by					
operating activities	\$	1,658			

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Private-Purpose Trust	
Assortion	Scholarship		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	69,065	
Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		69,065	
Total net position	\$	69,065	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship	
	Sch		
Net position at beginning of year	\$	69,065	
Net position at end of year	\$	69,065	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Fairbanks Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District employs 79 certified employees and 50 non-certified employees to provide services to approximately 1,119 students. The District cooperates with the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio, a separate entity, for curricular services.

The District provides regular and special instruction. The District also provides support services for pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) Solutions

The District is a participant in META Solutions which is a computer consortium that resulted from the mergers between Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA), Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC), Metropolitan Dayton Educational Cooperative Association (MDECA), Southeastern Ohio Valley Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC), and South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA). META Solutions develops, implements and supports the technology and instructional needs of schools in a cost-effective manner. META Solutions provides instructional, core, technology and purchasing services for its member districts. The Board of Directors consists of the Superintendents from eleven of the member districts. Financial information can be obtained from Ashley Widby, who serves as Chief Financial Officer, 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Tolles Career & Technical Center (TCTC)

TCTC is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Tolles Career and Technical Center, Tammy Woods, Treasurer, at 7877 U.S. Highway 42 S, Plain City, Ohio 43064.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP is governed by a three-member Board of Directors. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or its designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. The firm of Sedgwick provides administrative, cost control and actuarial service to the GRP. Refer to Note 11.B. for further information on this group rating plan.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's only major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest, and (c) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's only proprietary fund:

<u>Nonmajor Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District has one nonmajor enterprise fund to account for the Fairbanks Elementary Extended Day Program (F.E.E.D. Program).

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students. The custodial fund accounts for collections for and payments to OHSAA but had no activity in 2021.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current deferred outflows and current liabilities and current deferred inflows, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. For the District, these revenues are sales for the F.E.E.D Program and expenses incurred in operating the F.E.E.D Program. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6) and revenue from income taxes is recognized in the year in which the income is earned (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition and grants.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Note 12 and Note 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Note 12 and Note 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position. In addition, deferred inflows of resources include a deferred gain on debt refunding. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except custodial). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2021 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for tax rate determination. The Union County Budget Commission waived this requirement for fiscal year 2021.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted revenue amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2021.
- 4. By July 1, the Annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year). Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education. Although the legal level of control has been established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement for the general fund at the fund and function level of expenditures in the basic financial statements.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated, increased or decreased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations included were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2021.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Cash disbursements may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2021, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit and STAR Ohio. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

During fiscal year 2021, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$30,625 which includes \$6,087 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's depository accounts at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 50 years
Buildings/improvements	20 - 75 years
Furniture/equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 -15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, employees age 50 with at least 10 years of service and any employees with at least 20 years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2021 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported to the extent that a known liability for an employee's retirement/resignation has been incurred by fiscal year end. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service and a special trust fund.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. John Lutheran School operated as a private school. Current State legislation provides funding to parochial schools. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity is reflected in a nonmajor governmental fund of the District.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2021.

R. Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed during the fiscal year in which they are incurred.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow or deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bond's face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.

S. Pensions/OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2021 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Coronavirus Relief Fund	\$ 562
IDEA Part B	33,803
Title I	6,352
Improving Teacher Quality	93
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	1

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$2,245 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,904,210 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$5,018,138. Of the bank balance, \$312,971 was covered by the FDIC and \$4,705,167 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2021, the District's financial institutions were approved for a collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investment and maturity:

		Investment <u>Maturity</u>
Measurement/ <u>Investment type</u>	Measurement <u>Value</u>	6 months or less
Amortized cost: STAR Ohio	\$ 7,235,034	\$ 7,235,034

For the District, the weighted average maturity of investments is 0 days.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2021:

Measurement/	Measurement	
<u>Investment type</u>	Value	% of Total
Amortized cost:		
STAR Ohio	\$ 7,235,034	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

Cash	and	invest	tments	\$ 1	oer	not	e

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,904,21	0
Investments	7,235,03	4
Cash on hand	2,24	5
Total	\$ 12,141,48	9

Cash and investments per statement of net position

Governmental activities	\$ 11,981,201
Business-type activities	91,223
Private-purpose trust funds	69,065
Total	\$ 12,141,489

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Due to/from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Am	<u>ount</u>
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	8,906

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover temporary cash deficits at June 30, 2021 due to advance spending of approved grant monies. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following as reported on the fund financial statements:

	Transfer		Transfer		
	In			Out	
General fund	\$	-	\$	49,520	
Nonmajor governmental funds		49,520			
Total	\$	49,520	\$	49,520	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements, therefore, no transfers are reported on the Statement of Activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Union and Madison Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$734,837 in the general fund and \$70,134 in the bond retirement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2020 was \$859,979 in the general fund and \$86,198 in the bond retirement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second Half Collections		2021 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 284,615,350	96.80	\$ 284,914,530	96.68	
Public utility personal	9,409,430	3.20	9,777,590	3.32	
Total	\$ 294,024,780	100.00	\$ 294,692,120	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed	l valuation for:				
General	\$38.30		\$38.30		
Bond	2.70		2.55		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A list of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property Taxes Income Taxes	\$ 8,060,534 1,363,904
Intergovernmental Total	\$ 9,532,190

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted income tax of 1.00%, .75% for operating and .25% for permanent improvements on the income of residents and on estates for general operations of the District. The .75% for operations was passed in November 1989 and is a continuing levy. The .25% is a five-year permanent improvements levy passed in May 2006. The .25% permanent improvement levy was renewed during fiscal year 2016 through December 31, 2021. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and then remit that income tax to the State of Ohio, and taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State of Ohio makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds.

Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund in the amount of \$2,297,633 and permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) in the amount of \$765,878 for fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2021
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 289,921	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 289,921
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	289,921			289,921
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,503,410	-	=	1,503,410
Buildings/improvements	19,880,715	196,355	-	20,077,070
Furniture/equipment	1,525,618	33,347	=	1,558,965
Vehicles	1,617,888			1,617,888
Total capital assets, being depreciated	24,527,631	229,702		24,757,333
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(963,179)	(39,576)	_	(1,002,755)
Buildings/improvements	(6,281,211)	(386,362)	_	(6,667,573)
Furniture/equipment	(809,701)	(77,555)	-	(887,256)
Vehicles	(657,024)	(100,992)		(758,016)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,711,115)	(604,485)		(9,315,600)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 16,106,437	\$ (374,783)	\$ -	\$ 15,731,654

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 173,647
Special	21,869
Support services:	
Pupil	36,949
Instructional staff	54,159
Administration	39,117
Operations and maintenance	116,230
Pupil Transportation	100,853
Operational of non-instructional services	36,449
Extracurricular	20,308
Food service operations	 4,904
Total depreciation expense	\$ 604,485

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The District's long-term obligations activity for fiscal year 2021 follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2020 Additions		Reductions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2021	Amounts Due in One Year	
General Obligation Bonds:						
Series 2011 Energy Conservation Bonds: Current interest term bonds	\$ 310,000	\$ -	\$ (40,000)	\$ 270,000	\$ 40,000	
Series 2019 Refunding Bonds: Current interest serial bonds Series 2012 Refunding Bonds:	7,925,000	-	-	7,925,000	480,000	
Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	4,012 376,386	134,602	(4,012) (510,988)	<u>-</u>	- 	
Total G.O. Bonds	8,615,398	134,602	(555,000)	8,195,000	520,000	
Net pension liability	14,274,537	947,457		15,221,994		
Net OPEB liability/asset	1,324,079		(203,406)	1,120,673		
Compensated absences: Severance Vacation leave	663,442 69,472	50,837 25,326	(50,220)	714,279 44,578	36,134 44,578	
Total compensated absences Total	732,914 24,946,928	76,163 \$ 1,158,222	(50,220) \$ (808,626)	758,857 25,296,524	80,712 \$ 600,712	
Add: unamortized premium on bonds	502,134			466,604		
Total on statement of net position	\$ 25,449,062			\$ 25,763,128		
Business-type activities:						
Net pension liability	\$ 60,123	\$ 778	\$ -	\$ 60,901	\$ -	
Net OPEB liabilities	25,767		(5,043)	20,724		
Total on statement of net position	\$ 85,890	<u>\$ 778</u>	\$ (5,043)	\$ 81,625	\$ -	

Compensated absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which for the District, is primarily the general fund.

Net pension liability

See Note 12 for further information on the District's net pension liability. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

Net OPEB liability/asset

See Note 13 for further information on the District's net OPEB liability/asset. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2011 Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds

On September 27, 2011, the District issued \$570,000 in current interest term bonds and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$5,000 (federally taxable qualified school construction bonds). The proceeds of these bonds were used for building improvements intended to increase the energy efficiency of the District's buildings. These bonds bear an annual interest rate between 1.10% and 3.6% and are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2027. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement fund. The balance of these bonds at June 30, 2021 in the amount of \$270,000 has been included on the statement of net position.

The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2018, (stated interest 31.174%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds was \$40,000.

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds					
Ending June 30,	F	Principal	_]	nterest		Total
2022	\$	40,000	\$	9,520	\$	49,520
2023		45,000		8,360		53,360
2024		45,000		7,128		52,128
2025		45,000		5,687		50,687
2026		45,000		4,113		49,113
2027		50,000		3,412		53,412
Total	\$	270,000	\$	38,220	\$	308,220

Series 2012 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On December 27, 2012, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2012 refunding bonds) to refund the remaining series 2006 general obligation current interest bonds in the amount of \$9,685,000. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,580,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$54,994. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.00%-3.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2015 through 2020 (stated interest rate 71.65%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,565,000. Total accreted interest of \$376,386 for series 2012 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2020. An additional \$134,602 was accreted during fiscal year 2021 and the bond was paid in full during the year. Principal and interest payments are made from the bond retirement fund. The current interest bonds of the Series 2012 Refunding General Obligation Bonds were refunded on October 16, 2019 through the issuance of the Series 2019 Refunding General Obligation bonds described on the following page. At June 30, 2021, there is no remaining obligation related to the Series 2012 Refunding General obligation Bonds – current interest bonds.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2034.

<u>Series 2019 Refunding General Obligation Bonds</u> - On October 16, 2019, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2019 Refunding Bonds) to current refund the callable portion of the Series 2012 Current Interest Refunding Bonds (principal \$8,305,000; interest rate of 2.00% to 3.00%). Issuance proceeds of \$8,394,151 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for the debt service payment due on December 1, 2019 when the refunded debt was called. The Series 2012 Refunding bonds have been defeased and removed from the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$8,005,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% to 4.00%.

The net carrying amount of the old debt (including unamortized premiums and unamortized deferred charges removed upon refunding) exceeded the reacquisition price by \$122,163. This deferred gain on refunding is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The unamortized portion of the deferred gain is reported as a deferred inflow on the statement of net position. The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments by \$383,119 resulting in a current economic gain of \$327,357.

Payments of principal and interest relating to the Series 2019 refunding bonds are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement fund. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2034.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Current Interest Bonds				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 480,00	0 \$ 196,700	\$ 676,700		
2023	500,00	0 186,900	686,900		
2024	510,00	0 176,800	686,800		
2025	520,00	0 166,500	686,500		
2026	530,00	0 156,000	686,000		
2027 - 2031	2,820,00	0 589,825	3,409,825		
2032 - 2035	2,565,00	0 156,675	2,721,675		
Total	\$ 7,925,00	0 \$ 1,629,400	\$ 9,554,400		

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2021, are a voted debt margin of \$20,070,525 (including available funds of \$1,473,234), an unvoted debt margin of \$294,692, and an unvoted energy conservation debt margin of \$2,382,229.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through the Ohio School Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$3,000,000 for each occurrence and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. Employee benefits liability is maintained in the amount of \$3,000,000 for each occurrence and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, \$2,000,000 in excess coverage to the above amounts is further maintained.

The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$3,000,000 for any one accident or loss.

The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$41,713,069. Property insurance also includes \$1,000,000 additional expense coverage.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Worker's Compensation

The District participates in a group retrospective rating plan (GRP) for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123-17-73 of the Ohio Administrative Code. The Ohio SchoolComp Group Retrospective Rating Plan was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO). The Executive Directors of the OSBA and OASBO, or their designees, serve as coordinators of the group retrospective rating program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the program to cover the costs of the administering the program. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP.

The firm of Sedgwick provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Medical Insurance

The District has established limited risk health, dental and life insurance programs for its employees. The District is a member of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Insurance Consortium. Upon payment of the premium, the risk of loss transfers to the Consortium.

United Health, a third party administrator, services all medical claims submitted by employees. CORE Source, a third party administrator, services all dental claims submitted by employees

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$237,370 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$15,199 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$857,824 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$152,159 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0	0.05264230%	(0.05057781%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0	.05071200%		0.04929938%	
Change in proportionate share	-0	.00193030%	-(0.00127843%	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	3,354,199	\$	11,928,696	\$ 15,282,895
Pension expense	\$	363,911	\$	1,761,426	\$ 2,125,337

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Of the District's total pension expense of \$2,125,337, \$2,117,018 is reported in the governmental activities and \$8,319 is reported in the business-type activities.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 6,515	\$ 26,764	\$ 33,279
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	212,925	580,096	793,021
Changes of assumptions	-	640,339	640,339
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	2,994	378,926	381,920
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	237,370	857,824	1,095,194
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 459,804	\$ 2,483,949	\$ 2,943,753
	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 76,275	\$ 76,275
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	76,638	239,194	315,832
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 76,638	\$ 315,469	\$ 392,107

\$1,095,194 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Of the total contributions subsequent to the measurement date, \$1,090,884 relates to the governmental activities and \$4,310 relates to the business-type activities.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	 		
2022	\$ (45,436)	\$ 557,413	\$ 511,977
2023	35,816	234,254	270,070
2024	88,751	315,356	404,107
2025	 66,665	 203,633	 270,298
Total	\$ 145,796	\$ 1,310,656	\$ 1,456,452

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

Actuarial cost method

3.00%

3.50% to 18.20%

2.50%

7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current					
	19⁄	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	6 Increase	
District's proportionate share		_				·	
of the net pension liability	\$	4,594,842	\$	3,354,199	\$	2,313,275	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2020
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%
(COLA)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	16,984,386	\$	11,928,696	\$	7,644,419	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$31,309.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$31,309 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$31,309 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	C	.05367630%	0	.05057781%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0	.05251840%	0	.04929938%	
Change in proportionate share	-0	.00115790%	<u>-0</u>	.00127843%	
Proportionate share of the net	_				
OPEB liability	\$	1,141,397	\$	-	\$ 1,141,397
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(866,436)	\$ (866,436)
OPEB expense	\$	4,573	\$	(25,031)	\$ (20,458)

Of the District's total OPEB expense of (\$20,458), (\$20,924) is reported in the governmental activities and \$466 is reported in the business-type activities.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 SERS	 STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources	_	_		_
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 14,992	\$ 55,517	\$	70,509
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	12,865	30,367		43,232
Changes of assumptions	194,568	14,303		208,871
Difference between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share	36,913	92,668		129,581
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 31,309	 		31,309
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 290,647	\$ 192,855	\$	483,502

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	580,480	\$	172,580	\$	753,060
Changes of assumptions		28,749		822,970		851,719
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		36,874		1,785		38,659
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	646,103	\$	997,335	\$	1,643,438

\$31,309 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Of the total contributions subsequent to the measurement date, \$30,741 relates to the governmental activities and \$568 relates to the business-type activities.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2022	\$	(74,819)	\$	(197,243)	\$	(272,062)
2023		(73,890)		(176,691)		(250,581)
2024		(74,039)		(169,483)		(243,522)
2025		(76,560)		(180,379)		(256,939)
2026		(63,418)		(38,524)		(101,942)
Thereafter		(24,039)		(42,160)		(66,199)
Total	\$	(386,765)	\$	(804,480)	\$	(1,191,245)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2020 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,397,041	\$	1,141,397	\$	938,160
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	898,763	\$	1,141,397	\$	1,465,860

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2019, are presented below:

	July 1, 2020		July 1, 2019			
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%			
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	0 to	12.50% at age 20	0 to		
, , ,	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65			
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of invexpenses, inclu		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation			
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%			
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%			
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%			
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A			
Health care cost trends						
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate		
Medical						
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%		
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%	4.93%	4.00%		
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%		
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%		

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Dis	count Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	(753,856)	\$	(866,436)	\$	(961,956)
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	(956,027)	\$	(866,436)	\$	(757,301)

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,025,315
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(44,858)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	188,058
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(6,209)
Funds budgeted elsewhere *	12,695
Adjustment for encumbrances	210,750
GAAP basis	\$ 1,385,751

^{*}Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the public school support fund and the internal service rotary fund.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not involved in material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. ODE finalized the impact of the enrollment adjustments for the June 30, 2021 foundation funding period for the District noting the financial impact was immaterial and therefore will not be disclosed.

NOTE 16 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During fiscal year 2021, the District received \$151,712 as an on-behalf of grant from another government. These amounts are recorded in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund and the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

	(Capital
	<u>Impi</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		202,586
Current year offsets		(202,586)
Total	\$	_
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2022	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	_

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General	\$	195,450
Other governmental		364,289
Total	\$	559,739

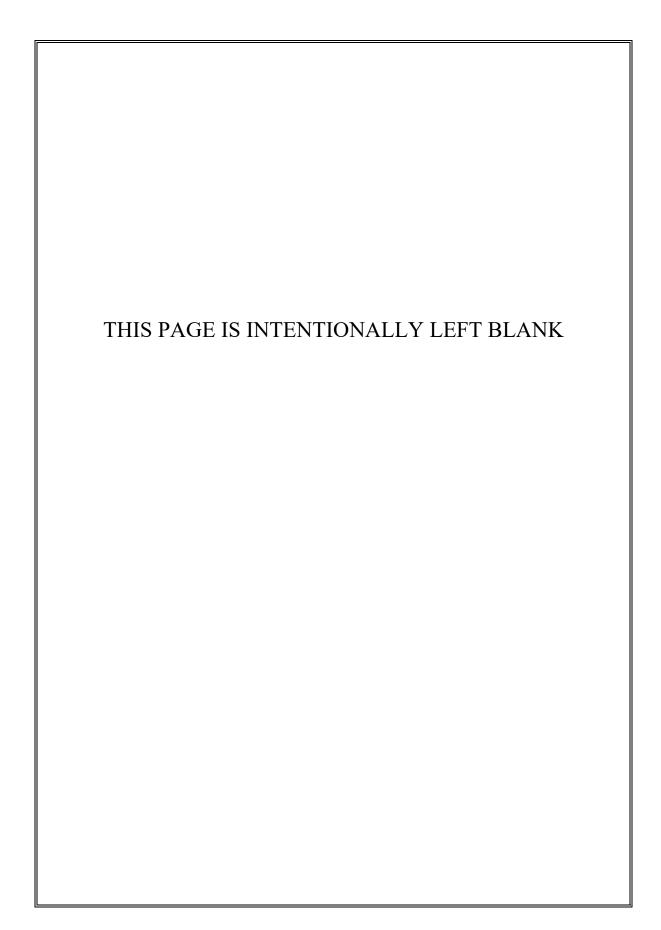
NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

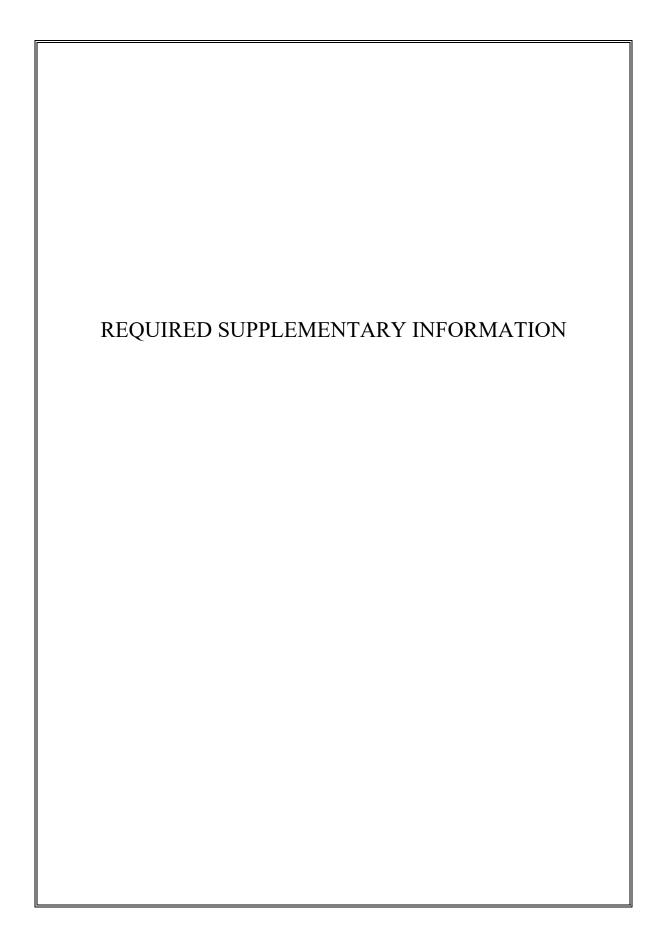
Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Enterprise Zone Agreements ("EZAs") program within the taxing districts of the District. The EZA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, Union County and Millcreek Township have entered into an EZA. Under this agreement, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$18,599. The District is not receiving any amounts from these other governments in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

For fiscal year 2022, District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be using a direct funding model. Under this new model, educating school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the District were funded to the District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$575,212 in revenue and expenditures/expense related to these programs. Also during fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$554,381 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each District. The District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

In the November election voters of the county decided to renew the 0.25% income tax levy through 2026.





SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2021			2020		2019	2018		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.05071200%		(0.05264230%		0.05238910%	(0.05025990%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,354,199	\$	3,149,681	\$	3,000,421	\$	3,002,918	
District's covered payroll	\$	1,703,471	\$	1,822,622	\$	1,603,585	\$	1,713,650	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		196.90%		172.81%		187.11%		175.24%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%	

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2017		2016	-	2015	2014			
(0.05063590%	(0.04846240%	(0.04826100%	(0.04826100%		
\$	3,706,081	\$	2,765,312	\$	2,442,462	\$	2,869,927		
\$	1,685,843	\$	1,458,968	\$	\$ 1,402,359		1,286,004		
	219.84%		189.54%		174.17%		223.17%		
	62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2021		 2020		2019	 2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04929938%		0.05057781%	0.04922832%		0.04753937%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,928,696	\$ 11,184,979	\$	10,824,202	\$ 11,293,079
District's covered payroll	\$	5,886,750	\$ 5,994,314	\$	5,625,600	\$ 5,289,971
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		202.64%	186.59%		192.41%	213.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.48%	77.40%		77.31%	75.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2017		2016		2015		2014
0.04552957%	0.04397864%		(0.04383762%		0.04383762%
\$ 15,240,119	\$	12,154,410	\$	10,662,826	\$	12,701,489
\$ 4,870,386	\$	4,621,864	\$	\$ 4,478,992		4,539,246
312.91%		262.98%		238.06%		279.81%
66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2021	 2020		2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 237,370		\$ \$ 238,486		246,054	\$	216,484	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(237,370)	 (238,486)		(246,054)		(216,484)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	1,695,500	\$ 1,703,471	\$	1,822,622	\$	1,603,585	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%		13.50%		13.50%	

 2017	 2016	 2015		2014		2013	2012		
\$ 239,911	\$ 236,018	\$ 192,292	\$	\$ 194,367		177,983	\$	170,748	
 (239,911)	 (236,018)	 (192,292)		(194,367)		(177,983)		(170,748)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
\$ 1,713,650	\$ 1,685,843	\$ 1,458,968	\$	1,402,359	\$	1,286,004	\$	1,269,502	
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%		13.86%		13.84%		13.45%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021			2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	857,824	\$	824,145	\$ 839,204	\$	787,584	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(857,824)		(824,145)	(839,204)		(787,584)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	6,127,314	\$	5,886,750	\$ 5,994,314	\$	5,625,600	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

 2017	 2016	 2015		2014		2013	2012		
\$ 740,596	\$ 681,854	\$ 647,061	\$	582,269	\$	590,102	\$	600,328	
 (740,596)	 (681,854)	(647,061)		(582,269)		(590,102)		(600,328)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
\$ 5,289,971	\$ 4,870,386	\$ 4,621,864	\$	4,478,992	\$	4,539,246	\$	4,617,908	
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2021			2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.05251840%		0.05367630%		0.05282570%		0.05083790%			0.05116364%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,141,397	\$	1,349,846	\$	1,465,528	\$	1,364,356	\$	1,458,353
District's covered payroll	\$	1,703,471	\$	1,822,622	\$	1,603,585	\$	1,713,650	\$	1,685,843
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		67.00%		74.06%		91.39%		79.62%		86.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.04929938%		0.05057781%		0.04922832%		0.04753937%		0.04552957%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(866,436)	\$	(837,690)	\$	(791,049)	\$	1,854,811	\$	2,434,933
District's covered payroll	\$	5,886,750	\$	5,994,314	\$	5,625,600	\$	5,289,971	\$	4,870,386
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.72%		13.97%		14.06%		35.06%		49.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%		47.10%		37.33%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 31,309	\$ 33,241	\$ 40,602	\$	35,122
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (31,309)	 (33,241)	 (40,602)		(35,122)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,695,500	\$ 1,703,471	\$ 1,822,622	\$	1,603,585
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.85%	1.95%	2.23%		2.19%

2017	 2016	 2015	2014		 2013		2012
\$ 26,948	\$ 25,244	\$ 35,873	\$	23,345	\$ 20,316	\$	26,955
 (26,948)	 (25,244)	 (35,873)		(23,345)	 (20,316)		(26,955)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
\$ 1,713,650	\$ 1,685,843	\$ 1,458,968	\$	1,402,359	\$ 1,286,004	\$	1,269,502
1.57%	1.50%	2.46%		1.66%	1.58%		2.12%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,127,314	\$ 5,886,750	\$ 5,994,314	\$	5,625,600	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	

 2017	 2016	 2015	2014		 2013	 2012
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	45,339	\$ 45,392	\$ 46,179
 	 	 		(45,339)	 (45,392)	 (46,179)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ _
\$ 5,289,971	\$ 4,870,386	\$ 4,621,864	\$	4,478,992	\$ 4,539,246	\$ 4,617,908
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2021.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2019-2021.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2021.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%. For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021. For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial -4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to (6.69%) initial - 4.00%; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial - 4.00% ultimate; and prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate.





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Fairbanks Local School District 11158 SR38 Milford Center, Ohio 43045

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairbanks Local School District, Union County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Fairbanks Local School District

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

Millett-Sty CPA/re.

Chillicothe, Ohio

February 8, 2022



FAIRBANKS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

UNION COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/5/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370