



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCIOTO COUNTY
 JUNE 30, 2020**

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SCIOTO COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2020

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Washington-Nile Local School District
Scioto County
15332 U.S. Highway 52
West Portsmouth, Ohio 45663

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington-Nile Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington-Nile Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 22 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 13, 2021, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio
May 13, 2021

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WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

As management of the Washington-Nile Local School District (the "School District"), we offer the readers of the School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and additional information that we have provided in the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

Net position of governmental activities decreased \$860,147 from the prior fiscal year.

Deferred outflows decreased mainly due to changes in assumptions and benefits associated with the Statewide pension systems, including the associated deferred outflows and inflows.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Washington-Nile Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's major funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The major fund for the Washington-Nile Local School District is the General Fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2020?"

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These government-wide financial statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, required educational programs and other factors.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major fund begins on page ten. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major fund. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds - All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds - The School District's fiduciary funds are a private purpose trust fund and an agency fund. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

(Table 1)
Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2020	2019	Increase/ (Decrease)
<u>Assets:</u>			
Current Assets	\$14,888,340	\$14,049,701	\$838,639
Net OPEB Asset	1,051,900	1,016,281	35,619
Capital Assets, Net	29,025,058	29,888,541	(863,483)
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>44,965,298</u>	<u>44,954,523</u>	<u>10,775</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u>			
Pension	3,511,802	4,696,581	(1,184,779)
OPEB	439,384	242,579	196,805
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>3,951,186</u>	<u>4,939,160</u>	<u>(987,974)</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>			
Current Other Liabilities	1,794,041	1,795,628	(1,587)
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	375,450	412,244	(36,794)
Due In More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	17,727,596	17,205,114	522,482
OPEB Liability	1,580,091	1,622,096	(42,005)
Other Amounts	3,185,277	3,464,887	(279,610)
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>24,662,455</u>	<u>24,499,969</u>	<u>162,486</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u>			
Property Taxes	1,660,601	1,571,642	88,959
Pension	915,350	1,274,653	(359,303)
OPEB	1,750,422	1,759,616	(9,194)
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>4,326,373</u>	<u>4,605,911</u>	<u>(279,538)</u>
<u>Net Position:</u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	27,253,505	27,996,062	(742,557)
Restricted	1,754,639	1,348,347	406,292
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(9,080,488)	(8,556,606)	(523,882)
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$19,927,656</u>	<u>\$20,787,803</u>	<u>(\$860,147)</u>

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2020. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Total Assets increased \$10,775. Total Current Assets increased \$838,639, primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents increased mainly due to the School District not spending all of the Student Wellness and Success Grant by the fiscal year end. Capital Assets, Net decreased \$863,483 due to current fiscal year depreciation exceeding current fiscal year asset and construction in progress additions.

Total liabilities increased \$162,486 mainly due to an increase in Net Pension Liability.

Total net position decreased \$860,147. Net Investment in Capital Assets decreased mainly due to current year depreciation exceeding current year additions. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities decreased \$523,882 mainly due to changes in assumptions and benefits associated with the Statewide pension systems.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

(Table 2)
Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2020	2019	Increase/ (Decrease)
<u>Revenues:</u>			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,743,444	\$1,960,807	(\$217,363)
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	3,642,321	3,156,241	486,080
<i>Total Program Revenues</i>	<u>\$5,385,765</u>	<u>\$5,117,048</u>	<u>\$268,717</u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

(Table 2)
Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities
(continued)

	2020	2019	Increase/ (Decrease)
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	\$1,950,247	\$1,692,498	\$257,749
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	13,684,157	14,227,866	(543,709)
Investment Earnings	156,713	154,755	1,958
Miscellaneous	325,685	245,291	80,394
<i>Total General Revenues</i>	<u>16,116,802</u>	<u>16,320,410</u>	<u>(203,608)</u>
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>21,502,567</u>	<u>21,437,458</u>	<u>65,109</u>
 <u>Program Expenses</u>			
Instruction:			
Regular	9,281,246	7,067,980	2,213,266
Special	3,767,003	3,349,615	417,388
Vocational	147,831	106,126	41,705
Student Intervention Services	75,419	72,688	2,731
Support Services:			
Pupils	984,406	790,335	194,071
Instructional Staff	1,013,655	809,480	204,175
Board of Education	45,685	79,175	(33,490)
Administration	1,511,409	1,343,202	168,207
Fiscal	442,812	468,714	(25,902)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,031,485	2,611,479	(579,994)
Pupil Transportation	1,234,761	1,300,565	(65,804)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,051,595	960,998	90,597
Extracurricular Activities	766,971	773,237	(6,266)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,436	10,058	(1,622)
<i>Total Expenses</i>	<u>22,362,714</u>	<u>19,743,652</u>	<u>2,619,062</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	<u>(860,147)</u>	<u>1,693,806</u>	<u>(\$2,553,953)</u>
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>20,787,803</u>	<u>19,093,997</u>	
Net Position End of Year	<u>\$19,927,656</u>	<u>\$20,787,803</u>	

Governmental Activities

Total program revenues, which are primarily represented by tuition and fees, charges for extracurricular activities, food service sales, and restricted intergovernmental revenues, were \$5,385,765 of total revenues for fiscal year 2020, an increase of \$268,717 when compared to the prior fiscal year. Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest increased \$486,080 mainly due to an increase in State funding for the Student Wellness and Success Grant. The decrease of \$217,363 in Charges for Services and Sales is the result of lower tuition and fees, food sales, and extracurricular activity charges collected for the fiscal year.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

General revenues represent \$16,116,802 of the School District's total revenues. The decrease of \$203,608 is mainly the result of the School District receiving less in grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs compared to the prior fiscal year. Grants and entitlements not restricted decreased mainly due to a reduction in State foundation that occurred in May 2020.

Expenses for the School District increased \$2,619,062 in fiscal year 2020 compared to fiscal year 2019, mainly due to changes in assumptions and benefits associated with the Statewide pension systems, including the associated deferred outflows and inflows.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major fund starts on page 16. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$21,360,319 and expenditures of \$20,755,188.

The net change in fund balance for the fiscal year in the General Fund was an increase of \$139,329. Despite an increase in expenditures, revenues exceeded expenditures during fiscal year 2020. Total revenues decreased \$432,585 compared to the prior fiscal year mainly due to a decrease in State foundation monies.

General Fund – Budget Highlight

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During fiscal year 2020, the School District revised its budget as it attempted to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. A summary of the General Fund's original and final budgeted amounts is listed on page 20, as well as the actual amounts. A variance comparison is presented between the final budgeted amount and the actual amounts.

For the General Fund, final estimated and actual revenues were \$18,351,783 with original estimated revenues of \$18,440,290, a minimal decrease of \$88,507. The majority of the decrease stemmed from a decrease in intergovernmental revenue. This was due to a decrease in State foundation monies received, which were not anticipated when the original budgeted revenues were established.

Final estimated and actual expenditures were \$18,784,711, with original estimated expenditures of \$19,985,093. This resulted in a \$1,200,382 decrease from original to final expenditures mostly related to the School District spending less on supplies, equipment, and traveling to meetings during the stay at home order.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the School District had \$29,025,058 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), a decrease when compared to the prior fiscal year. The decrease was mainly due to fiscal year annual depreciation exceeding completed and additional construction in progress projects. The School District completed construction associated with a new athletic building and began construction to the front entrance of the West High School and a new storage building that were not completed at fiscal year-end. For additional information regarding the School District's capital assets, refer to Note 9 in the basic financial statements.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2020, the School District's Energy Conservation Bonds outstanding amount was \$206,803 with \$40,186 due within one year. The School District's Capital Lease for building improvements outstanding amount was \$3,019,062, with \$232,236 due within one year. For further information regarding the School District's long-term obligations, refer to Notes 14 and 15 in the basic financial statements.

Current Economic Factors

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or State, cannot be estimated.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Sherry Patterson, Treasurer at Washington-Nile Local School District, 15332 U.S. Hwy 52, West Portsmouth, Ohio 45663, or e-mail at Sherry.Patterson@westsenators.org.

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WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets:</u>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$11,950,628
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	39,316
Accrued Interest Receivable	9,287
Intergovernmental Receivable	306,041
Prepaid Items	25,886
Property Taxes Receivable	2,557,182
Net OPEB Asset (See Note 12)	1,051,900
Capital Assets:	
Land	1,852,309
Construction in Progress	102,460
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	27,070,289
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>44,965,298</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u>	
Pension	3,511,802
OPEB	439,384
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>3,951,186</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>	
Accounts Payable	97,124
Contracts Payable	44,915
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,404,677
Intergovernmental Payable	237,021
Retainage Payable	10,304
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	375,450
Due in More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability (See Note 11)	17,727,596
OPEB Liability (See Note 12)	1,580,091
Other Amounts	3,185,277
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>24,662,455</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u>	
Property Taxes	1,660,601
Pension	915,350
OPEB	1,750,422
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>\$4,326,373</u>
	(continued)

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

(continued)

Net Position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$27,253,505
Restricted for Debt Payments	276,044
Restricted for School Facilities Projects	53,646
Restricted for Other Purposes:	
Food Service	28,981
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	823,687
Athletics	95,771
State and Federal Grants	476,510
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(9,080,488)</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u><u>\$19,927,656</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Total Governmental Activities
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$9,281,246	\$998,344	\$153,473	(\$8,129,429)
Special	3,767,003	380,326	1,844,795	(1,541,882)
Vocational	147,831	16,850	35,377	(95,604)
Student Intervention Services	75,419	9,351	0	(66,068)
Support Services:				
Pupils	984,406	0	507,530	(476,876)
Instructional Staff	1,013,655	0	183,868	(829,787)
Board of Education	45,685	0	0	(45,685)
Administration	1,511,409	0	131,051	(1,380,358)
Fiscal	442,812	0	0	(442,812)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,031,485	0	168,916	(1,862,569)
Pupil Transportation	1,234,761	0	29,480	(1,205,281)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,051,595	88,828	587,831	(374,936)
Extracurricular Activities	766,971	249,745	0	(517,226)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,436	0	0	(8,436)
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>\$22,362,714</u>	<u>\$1,743,444</u>	<u>\$3,642,321</u>	<u>(16,976,949)</u>
<u>General Revenues:</u>				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
				1,859,380
				90,867
				13,684,157
				156,713
				325,685
<i>Total General Revenues</i>				<u>16,116,802</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>				<u>(860,147)</u>
<i>Net Position at Beginning of Year</i>				<u>20,787,803</u>
<i>Net Position at End of Year</i>				<u>\$19,927,656</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>Assets:</u>			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,979,628	\$2,971,000	\$11,950,628
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	39,316	39,316
Receivables:			
Property Taxes	2,437,966	119,216	2,557,182
Intergovernmental	32,675	273,366	306,041
Accrued Interest	9,287	0	9,287
Interfund	3,495	0	3,495
Prepaid Items	25,886	0	25,886
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u><u>\$11,488,937</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,402,898</u></u>	<u><u>\$14,891,835</u></u>
 <u>Liabilities:</u>			
Accounts Payable	\$96,091	\$1,033	\$97,124
Contracts Payable	44,915	0	44,915
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,183,161	221,516	1,404,677
Intergovernmental Payable	210,815	26,206	237,021
Retainage Payable	10,304	0	10,304
Interfund Payable	0	3,495	3,495
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>1,545,286</u>	<u>252,250</u>	<u>1,797,536</u>
 <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u>			
Property Taxes	1,583,597	77,004	1,660,601
Unavailable Revenue	775,178	308,504	1,083,682
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>2,358,775</u>	<u>385,508</u>	<u>2,744,283</u>
 <u>Fund Balances:</u>			
Nonspendable	25,886	0	25,886
Restricted	0	1,628,831	1,628,831
Committed	376,425	0	376,425
Assigned	3,347,446	1,294,399	4,641,845
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,835,119	(158,090)	3,677,029
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>7,584,876</u>	<u>2,765,140</u>	<u>10,350,016</u>
 <i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</i>	 <u><u>\$11,488,937</u></u>	 <u><u>\$3,402,898</u></u>	 <u><u>\$14,891,835</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$10,350,016

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
 Statement of Net Position are different because:*

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land	1,852,309	
Construction in progress	102,460	
Depreciable Capital Assets	47,772,956	
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(20,702,667)</u>	
Total		29,025,058

Some of the School District's revenues will be collected after fiscal year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	797,860	
Intergovernmental	281,294	
Interest	<u>4,528</u>	
Total		1,083,682

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset) are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liabilities (asset) and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds.

Net OPEB Asset	1,051,900	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,511,802	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	439,384	
Net Pension Liability	(17,727,596)	
Net OPEB Liability	(1,580,091)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(915,350)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	<u>(1,750,422)</u>	
Total		(16,970,373)

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

Bonds Payable	(206,803)	
Capital leases	(3,019,062)	
Compensated absences	<u>(334,862)</u>	
Total		<u>(3,560,727)</u>

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$19,927,656

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues:</u>			
Property Taxes	\$1,721,862	\$83,894	\$1,805,756
Intergovernmental	14,999,611	2,328,618	17,328,229
Investment Earnings	157,146	59	157,205
Tuition and Fees	1,404,871	0	1,404,871
Extracurricular Activities	35,978	213,767	249,745
Charges for Sales and Services	0	88,828	88,828
Miscellaneous	141,286	184,399	325,685
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>18,460,754</u>	<u>2,899,565</u>	<u>21,360,319</u>
<u>Expenditures:</u>			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	8,241,213	171,193	8,412,406
Special	3,066,310	478,264	3,544,574
Vocational	135,894	0	135,894
Student Intervention Services	75,419	0	75,419
Support Services:			
Pupils	614,243	272,146	886,389
Instructional Staff	737,836	208,375	946,211
Board of Education	44,126	0	44,126
Administration	1,229,294	129,524	1,358,818
Fiscal	389,747	2,332	392,079
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,852,852	60,970	1,913,822
Pupil Transportation	972,813	19,898	992,711
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	36,727	810,590	847,317
Extracurricular Activities	295,640	272,241	567,881
Capital Outlay	123,583	152,230	275,813
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	349,404	0	349,404
Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,324	0	12,324
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>18,177,425</u>	<u>2,577,763</u>	<u>20,755,188</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>283,329</u>	<u>321,802</u>	<u>605,131</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</u>			
Transfers In	0	144,000	144,000
Transfers Out	(144,000)	0	(144,000)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(144,000)</u>	<u>144,000</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	139,329	465,802	605,131
<i>Fund Balances at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>7,445,547</u>	<u>2,299,338</u>	<u>9,744,885</u>
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	<u>\$7,584,876</u>	<u>\$2,765,140</u>	<u>\$10,350,016</u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
 and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$605,131

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital assets additions	302,078	
Construction in progress	112,528	
Depreciation expense	(1,278,089)	
Excess of depreciation expense over capital outlay		(863,483)

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" inflows and are deferred in the governmental funds.

Delinquent property taxes	144,491	
Intergovernmental	(1,751)	
Interest	(492)	
Total		142,248

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:

Bond principal retirement	117,168	
Capital lease payments	232,236	
Total long-term debt repayment		349,404

Accrued Interest Payable on the bonds are not reported in the funds, but are allocated as an expense over the life of the debt in the Statement of Activities.

Decrease in accrued interest		3,888
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Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the Statement Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

Pension	1,356,121	
OPEB	32,939	
Total		1,389,060

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net position/OPEB liabilities (asset) are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.

Pension	(2,704,079)	
OPEB	250,684	
Total		(2,453,395)

Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Increase in compensated absences payable		(33,000)
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Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (\$860,147)

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Budget Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Over/(Under)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Property Taxes	\$1,574,000	\$1,681,303	\$1,681,303	\$0
Intergovernmental	15,293,734	14,990,308	14,990,308	0
Investment Earnings	85,000	110,250	110,250	0
Tuition and Fees	1,392,856	1,404,871	1,404,871	0
Rent	200	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	94,500	165,051	165,051	0
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>18,440,290</u>	<u>18,351,783</u>	<u>18,351,783</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Expenditures:</u>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,867,703	8,026,804	8,026,804	0
Special	2,867,050	3,093,830	3,093,830	0
Vocational	158,261	136,266	136,266	0
Student Intervention Services	126,023	75,940	75,940	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	838,534	668,442	668,442	0
Instructional Staff	859,060	751,819	751,819	0
Board of Education	115,880	56,374	56,374	0
Administration	1,246,195	1,214,470	1,214,470	0
Fiscal	456,102	392,666	392,666	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,132,428	2,212,273	2,212,273	0
Pupil Transportation	1,376,190	1,149,777	1,149,777	0
Central	1,500	0	0	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	24,623	39,920	39,920	0
Extracurricular Activities	273,774	259,262	259,262	0
Capital Outlay	425,950	345,140	345,140	0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	185,513	349,404	349,404	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	30,307	12,324	12,324	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>19,985,093</u>	<u>18,784,711</u>	<u>18,784,711</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>(1,544,803)</u>	<u>(432,928)</u>	<u>(432,928)</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</u>				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	2,000	16,592	16,592	0
Advances In	5,188	5,188	5,188	0
Advances Out	(10,000)	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(650,000)	(144,000)	(144,000)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(652,812)</u>	<u>(122,220)</u>	<u>(122,220)</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(2,197,615)	(555,148)	(555,148)	0
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	7,075,973	7,075,973	7,075,973	0
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<u>467,619</u>	<u>467,619</u>	<u>467,619</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$5,345,977</u>	<u>\$6,988,444</u>	<u>\$6,988,444</u>	<u>\$0</u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
<u>Assets:</u>		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$99,970	\$21,828
Receivables:		0
Accrued Interest	190	0
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$100,160</u>	<u>\$21,828</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>		
Undistributed Monies	0	\$21,828
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<u>Net Position:</u>		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	<u>\$100,160</u>	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
	Scholarships
<u>Additions:</u>	
Investment Earnings	\$653
Gifts and Donations	5,357
<i>Total Additions</i>	6,010
<u>Deductions:</u>	
Scholarships Awarded in Accordance with Trust Agreement	9,000
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	(2,990)
<i>Net Position at Beginning of Year</i>	103,150
<i>Net Position at End of Year</i>	\$100,160

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Washington-Nile Local School District (the “School District”) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The School District serves an area of approximately 68 square miles. It is located in Scioto County and is composed of Washington and Nile Townships. It is staffed by 54 non-certificated employees, 108 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 12 administrative employees who provide services to 1,358 students and other community members. The School District currently operates three buildings.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Washington-Nile Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization’s resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in three organizations, one of which is defined as a jointly governed organizations, one as a public entity shared risk pool, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META)

Public Entity Shared Risk Pool:

Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium

Insurance Purchasing Pool:

Ohio SchoolComp Group Retrospective Rating Program

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the School District, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type; however, the School District has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All funds of the School District are divided into two categories; governmental and fiduciary.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has two fiduciary funds: a private purpose trust fund used to account for college scholarship programs for students and an agency fund used to account for student managed activity programs for which the School District is the fiscal agent.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. “Measurable” means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and “available” means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available for advance, grants, and accrued interest.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources included property taxes, pension and OPEB plans, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and interest. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 13. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (See Notes 11 and 12).

Expenses/Expenditures

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled with the exception of a portion of the monies associated with the Ohio School Facilities Commission building project. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. The School District holds money in a separate account for school construction projects. The balance in this account is presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts".

During fiscal year 2020, the School District's investments were limited to a money market mutual fund and negotiable certificates of deposit. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$157,146, which includes \$40,028 from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Restricted assets in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds represent cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts legally required to be set aside by the School District for the School District's local share of the Ohio School Facilities Commission building project.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	10 - 50 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans are reported "Interfund Receivable" and "Interfund Payable". Interfund balances are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. Bonds and capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as an expenditure and liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by the highest level of formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements and termination benefits.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the Board of Education. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent amounts assigned by the Treasurer for encumbered amounts for outstanding obligations and amounts assigned to the School District principals for certain curricular and extracurricular activities. These individuals have been given authority to assign amounts for these

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

purposes by the School District Board of Education.

The Treasurer assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the 2021 appropriated budget.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include food service, classroom facilities maintenance, athletics, and state and federal grants.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed. Before fiscal year-end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year-end in all funds.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District passed a supplemental appropriation that reflected actual expenditures plus encumbrances for the fiscal year.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) recently issued GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The School District evaluated implementing these certain GASB pronouncements based on the guidance in GASB 95.

For fiscal year 2020, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board’s (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2018-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District’s fiscal year 2020 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2020, the following funds had a deficit fund balance:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
Title I	\$65,047
Special Education, Part B-IDEA	40,450
Title II - A, Improving Teacher Quality	12,922
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	4,097
Public School Preschool	35,574
Total	<u>\$158,090</u>

The deficits in all fund balances were due to accruals in GAAP. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 5– BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
5. Investments are recorded at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).
6. Certain funds are accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budget basis) that do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54 and were reported with the General Fund (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund:

<u>Net Change in Fund Balance</u>	
GAAP Basis	\$139,329
Adjustments:	
Revenue Accruals	1,708
Expenditure Accruals	83,423
Encumbrances	(951,235)
Advances	5,188
Net Change in Fair Value	
of Investments - Fiscal Year 2020	(58,596)
Net Change in Fair Value	
of Investments - Fiscal Year 2019	5,370
Perspective Differences	219,665
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$555,148)</u></u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met,
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Investments: As of June 30, 2020, the School District had the following investments:

Mesurement/Investment	Measurement Amount	Maturity	Standard & Poor's Rating	Percent of Total Investment
Fair Value - Level One Inputs:				
Money Market Mutual Fund	\$277,500	Less than one year	AAAm	N/A
Fair Value - Level Two Inputs:				
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3,100,596	Less than five years	N/A	91.79%
Total Investments	<u>\$3,378,096</u>			

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above chart identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020. The Money Market Mutual Fund is measured at fair value and is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). The School District's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

investment. The School District's investment policy requires that, to the extent possible, investments will match anticipated cash flow requirements. No investment shall be made unless the Treasurer, at the time of making the investment, reasonably expects it can be held to its maturity. The School District will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of the investment. No investments shall be made that will cause the average duration of the portfolio to exceed three and a half years.

Credit Risk

The S&P ratings of the School District's investments are listed in the table above. Ohio law requires that the money market mutual fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District's investment policy provides that the School District will diversify its investments by security and institution. No more than 50 percent of the total current portfolio shall be invested in collateralized repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit with any one eligible financial institution. No more than 25 percent of the interim funds of the School District may be invested in commercial paper or banker's acceptances as authorized by Section 135.142 of the Ohio Revised Code. The percentage that each investment represents of the total investments is listed in the table above.

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected in calendar year 2019 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Scioto County. The Scioto County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property which are measurable as of

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020, was \$94,004 in the General Fund, and \$4,717 in the Permanent Improvement Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2019, was \$53,444 in the General Fund, and \$2,636 in the Permanent Improvement Fund.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources-unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second- Half Collections		2020 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$85,815,870	93.15%	\$93,570,170	93.33%
Public Utility Personal	6,314,260	6.85%	6,686,080	6.67%
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$92,130,130</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$100,256,250</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$25.31		\$25.31	

NOTE 8 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020, consisted of property taxes, intergovernmental grants, accrued interest, and interfund. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one fiscal year with the exception of the property taxes. All receivables except for delinquent property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Amount</u>
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	
Early Childhood Education	\$24,000
School Employees Retirement System	10,285
Special Education, IDEA-B	73,389
Title I - A, Improving Basic Programs	125,335
Title II - A, Improving Teacher Quality	11,607
Title VI-B, Rural and Low Income	9,958
Title IV - A Student Support	26,720
State Teachers Retirement System	24,747
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	<u><u>\$306,041</u></u>

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balance at 6/30/19	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/20
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$1,852,309	\$0	\$0	\$1,852,309
Construction in Progress	654,932	112,528	(665,000)	102,460
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,507,241	112,528	(665,000)	1,954,769
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	2,447,985	105,340	0	2,553,325
Buildings and Improvements	39,118,061	665,000	0	39,783,061
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3,721,678	94,531	0	3,816,209
Vehicles	1,518,154	102,207	0	1,620,361
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	46,805,878	967,078	0	47,772,956
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,968,625)	(118,545)	0	(2,087,170)
Building and Improvements	(13,904,246)	(961,942)	0	(14,866,188)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(2,501,593)	(128,654)	0	(2,630,247)
Vehicles	(1,050,114)	(68,948)	0	(1,119,062)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(19,424,578)	(1,278,089) *	0	(20,702,667)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	27,381,300	(311,011)	0	27,070,289
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$29,888,541	(\$198,483)	(\$665,000)	\$29,025,058

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Instruction:	
Regular	\$441,604
Special	102,904
Vocational	6,172
Support Services:	
Pupils	39,201
Instructional Staff	24,501
Administration	68,603
Fiscal	14,701
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	157,087
Pupil Transportation	168,776
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	112,612
Extracurricular Activities	141,928
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$1,278,089</u>

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District also pays an insurance premium to the awarded insurance company, Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, for liability, property, inland marine, and automobile liability insurance coverage.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant change in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

Employee Medical and Dental Benefits

The School District participates in the Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium (the “Consortium”), a public entity shared risk pool (Note 17), consisting of school districts whose self-insurance programs for health care benefits were administered previously under the Scioto County Schools Council of Governments, the Northern Buckeye Education Council, and the Butler Health Plan. Monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District’s behalf.

Workers’ Compensation

For fiscal year 2020, the School District participated in the Ohio SchoolComp Group Retrospective Rating Program (GRRP), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 17). The intent of the GRRP is to reward participants that are able to keep their claims costs below a predetermined amount. As part of the GRRP, school districts join together as a group. Each school district continues to pay its own individual premium to the State. However, each school district has the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments (refunds or assessments) at 12, 24, and 36 months after the end of the policy year. At the end of each policy year, the Bureau of Workers’ Compensation (BWC) will take a snap-shot of the incurred claims losses (indemnity, medical, and reserves) for the entire group and calculate the group’s retrospective premium. If the retrospective premium that is calculated is less than the group’s total standard premium, the participants will receive a refund. However, if the retrospective premium is greater than the group’s total standard premium, an assessment will be levied by BWC. Each group limits

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

the maximum assessment by selecting a premium cap between five percent and 100 percent of merit rated premium. Participation in the GRRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRRP.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a net OPEB asset or long-term net pension/OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS’ Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System’s funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2020, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District’s contractually required contribution to SERS was \$295,526 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$8,242 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients’ base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member’s DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member’s defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member’s Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2020 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2020, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,060,595 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$177,796 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.05760200%	0.06324493%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Current Measurement Date	<u>0.06154670%</u>	<u>0.06351133%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00394470%</u>	<u>0.00026640%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$3,682,448	\$14,045,148	\$17,727,596
Pension Expense	\$672,415	\$2,031,664	\$2,704,079

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$93,379	\$114,351	\$207,730
Changes of assumptions	0	1,649,874	1,649,874
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	131,011	167,066	298,077
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>295,526</u>	<u>1,060,595</u>	<u>1,356,121</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u><u>\$519,916</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,991,886</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,511,802</u></u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$60,799	\$60,799
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	47,269	686,451	733,720
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>17,836</u>	<u>102,995</u>	<u>120,831</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u><u>\$65,105</u></u>	<u><u>\$850,245</u></u>	<u><u>\$915,350</u></u>

\$1,356,121 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	\$178,345	\$823,113	\$1,001,458
2022	(42,722)	209,162	166,440
2023	(3,144)	(46,102)	(49,246)
2024	<u>26,806</u>	<u>94,873</u>	<u>121,679</u>
Total	<u><u>\$159,285</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,081,046</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,240,331</u></u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent 2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	<u>10.00</u>	3.00
 Total	 <u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,160,425	\$3,682,448	\$2,442,978

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

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Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation *</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

* Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$20,525,420	\$14,045,148	\$8,559,267

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2020, one member of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

For fiscal year 2020, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$32,939.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$32,939 for fiscal year 2020, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.05846930%	0.06324493%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Current Measurement Date	<u>0.06283200%</u>	<u>0.06351133%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00436270%</u>	<u>0.00026640%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,580,091	\$0	\$1,580,091
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$1,051,900)	(\$1,051,900)
OPEB Expense	\$65,437	(\$316,121)	(\$250,684)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$23,194	\$95,362	\$118,556
Changes of assumptions	115,408	22,111	137,519
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,793	0	3,793
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	109,817	36,760	146,577
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>32,939</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>32,939</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$285,151</u>	<u>\$154,233</u>	<u>\$439,384</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$347,136	\$53,516	\$400,652
Changes of assumptions	88,544	1,153,285	1,241,829
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	66,067	66,067
Changes in Proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>41,739</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>41,874</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$477,419</u>	<u>\$1,273,003</u>	<u>\$1,750,422</u>

\$32,939 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	(\$77,354)	(\$245,168)	(\$322,522)
2022	(36,728)	(245,168)	(281,896)
2023	(35,614)	(218,690)	(254,304)
2024	(35,795)	(209,400)	(245,195)
2025	(28,735)	(203,625)	(232,360)
Thereafter	(10,981)	3,281	(7,700)
Total	<u>(\$225,207)</u>	<u>(\$1,118,770)</u>	<u>(\$1,343,977)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent

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Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as pension plan, see Note 11.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019, was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019, was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the State statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13 percent, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	1% Decrease <u>(2.22%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(3.22%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(4.22%)</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,917,933	\$1,580,091	\$1,311,470

	1% Decrease <u>(6.00 % decreasing to 3.75 %)</u>	Current Trend Rate <u>(7.00 % decreasing to 4.75 %)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.00 % decreasing to 5.75 %)</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,265,974	\$1,580,091	\$1,996,852

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	7.73 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	9.62 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021. The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 11.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$897,587)	(\$1,051,900)	(\$1,181,641)

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,192,806)	(\$1,051,900)	(\$879,324)

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible classified employees and administrators earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and 10 month administrators do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 275 days for teachers, administrators and classified non-union employees. Classified union employees may accumulate up to a maximum of 225 days.

Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 56 days for teachers, administrators, and classified non-union employees and 47 days for classified union employees. As a further incentive to minimize sick leave usage, the Board will pay an additional eight days of bonus retirement pay beyond the cap if, in the year of retirement, the employee has used less

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

than eight days of sick leave and has the maximum sick leave accumulation.

Insurance Benefits

The School District provides its teachers, administrators and classified nonunion employees with life insurance through the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (See Note 17), health and dental insurance through the Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium (See Note 17), and vision benefits through Vision Service Plan. Classified union employees are provided health, dental, vision, and life insurance plans through their union, The Public Employees of Ohio Teamsters Local Union No. 92. The School District pays the premiums, established by contract, to Central States Fund. All questions and claims regarding these plans are handled through the union.

Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 14 – CAPITALIZED – LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In previous years, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for upgrades to make the building more energy efficient. The terms of the agreement transfers ownership of the upgrades to the School District at the expiration of the lease term. The School District is leasing the project through Branch Banking and Trust Company (BB&T).

The School District will make yearly lease payments to BB&T Company. The lease is renewable annually and expires in fiscal year 2033. The intention of the School District is to renew the lease annually and make payments using the general revenues of the School District. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds and on a budgetary basis. The capital lease will be paid from the General Fund.

A liability is recorded on the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities in the amount of \$3,019,062, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. Principal payments totaled \$232,236 during fiscal year 2020.

The leases acquired through the capital lease as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	<u>Asset Value</u>	<u>Accumulated Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Book Value</u>
Asset:			
Building Improvements	\$1,260,941	(\$60,617)	\$1,200,324
Furniture, Fixtures, & Equipment	480,501	(20,821)	459,680
Totals	<u>\$1,741,442</u>	<u>(\$81,438)</u>	<u>\$1,660,004</u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases for the building upgrades.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Building Upgrades
2021	\$232,236
2022	232,236
2023	232,236
2024	232,236
2025	232,236
2026-2030	1,161,178
2031-2033	696,704
<i>Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments</i>	<u><u>\$3,019,062</u></u>

NOTE 15 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District’s long-term obligations during the fiscal year 2020 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/19	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/20	Amounts Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>					
General Obligation Bonds:					
Direct Placements:					
2013 HB 264 Energy Conservation Bonds	\$323,971	\$0	\$117,168	\$206,803	\$40,186
Net Pension Liability:					
SERS	3,298,974	383,474	0	3,682,448	0
STRS	13,906,140	139,008	0	14,045,148	0
Total Net Pension Liability	17,205,114	522,482	0	17,727,596	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	1,622,096	0	42,005	1,580,091	0
Compensated Absences	301,862	152,690	119,690	334,862	103,028
Capital Lease	3,251,298	0	232,236	3,019,062	232,236
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$22,704,341</u>	<u>\$675,172</u>	<u>\$511,099</u>	<u>\$22,868,414</u>	<u>\$375,450</u>

2013 House Bill 264 School Energy Conservation Bonds – On January 7, 2013, the School District issued \$745,000 in School Energy Conservation Bonds through the House Bill 264 School Energy Conservation Financing Program administered by the Ohio School Facilities Commission. The proceeds were used to make energy saving improvements to the School. The Bonds were issued for a ten-year period with final maturity at February 1, 2023. The bonds will be retired from the General Fund. The bonds were directly placed with Huntington National Bank.

The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. Compensated absences will be paid from the Termination Benefits Fund. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. However, employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the General, Food Service, Preschool, Student Wellness and Success, Title VI-B, Title I,

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality and Miscellaneous Grant. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liability see Notes 11 and 12.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$9,299,107 with an unvoted debt margin of \$100,256 and an Energy Conservation debt margin of \$695,503 at June 30, 2020.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the outstanding debt obligations at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Direct Placement		Total
	Energy Conservation Bonds Principal	Energy Conservation Bonds Interest	
2021	\$40,186	\$2,978	\$43,164
2022	82,117	4,211	86,328
2023	84,500	1,830	86,330
Total	<u>\$206,803</u>	<u>\$9,019</u>	<u>\$215,822</u>

NOTE 16 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Advances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020, consist of the following individual interfund receivable and payable:

	Receivable
	<u>General Fund</u>
Payable	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>\$3,495</u>

General Fund advances are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Advancing monies to other funds is necessary due to timing differences in the receiving of grant monies. When the monies are finally received, the grant fund will use these restricted monies to reimburse the General Fund for the initial advance.

Transfers

Transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Transfers From
	<u>General Fund</u>
Transfers To	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>\$144,000</u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Transfers are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Transfers were made from the General Fund to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds to support food service operations and student activities.

NOTE 17 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS, PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL, AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Jointly Governed Organizations

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META)

The School District is a participant in the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), which is a computer consortium and a regional council of governments. META is an educational solutions partner providing services across Ohio. META provides cost-effective fiscal, network, technology, and student services, a purchasing cooperative, and other individual services based on each client's needs.

The governing board of META consists of a president, vice president and twelve board members who represent the members of META. The Board works with META's Chief Executive Officer, and Chief Financial Officer to manage operations and ensure the continued progress of the organization's mission, vision, and values. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District paid META \$203,748 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from META Solutions, Ashley Widby, CFO, 100 Executive Drive, Marion Ohio 43302.

Public Entity Shared Risk Pool

Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium

The School District is a member of the Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium (the "Consortium"), a public entity shared risk pool, consisting of school districts whose self-insurance programs for health care benefits were administered previously under the Scioto County Schools Council of Governments, the Northern Buckeye Education Council, and the Butler Health Plan. The overall objective of the Consortium is to enable its members to purchase employee benefits and related products and services using the Consortium's economies of scale to create cost-savings. The Council's business and affairs are managed by an Executive Board of Trustees, consisting of the chairperson of each division's board of trustees and the chairperson of the Butler Health Plan. The participants pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the fiscal agent, Charles Leboeuf, CPA, MCM CPAs & Advisors, 3536 Edwards Road, Cincinnati, Ohio 45208.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio SchoolComp Group Retrospective Rating Program

The School District participates in the Ohio SchoolComp Group Retrospective Rating Program (GRRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRRP's business and affairs are conducted by a five member Board of Directors. Each fiscal year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to CompManagement, Inc. to cover the costs of administering the program.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 18 – SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Acquisitions</u>
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$0
Current Fiscal Year Set-aside Requirement	265,464
Current Fiscal Year Offsets	(113,374)
Qualifying Disbursements	(152,090)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$0</u>

Amounts of offsets and qualifying expenditures presented in the table for the capital acquisition set-asides were limited to those necessary to reduce the year-end balance to zero. Although the School District may have had additional offsets and qualifying expenditures for capital acquisitions, these amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years and therefore is not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTE 19 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Contractual Commitments

The outstanding construction commitments at June 30, 2020, are:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Contract Amount</u>	<u>Amount Expended</u>	<u>Balance at 6/30/20</u>
West High School	\$54,800	\$38,908	\$15,892
Storage Building	163,302	63,552	99,750
Total	<u>\$218,102</u>	<u>\$102,460</u>	<u>\$115,642</u>

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund	\$951,235
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	378,610
Total	<u>\$1,329,845</u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 20 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the General Fund and all other governmental funds are presented below:

<u>Fund Balances</u>	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
<i>Nonspendable:</i>			
Prepays	\$25,886	\$0	\$25,886
<i>Restricted for:</i>			
Debt Payment	0	276,044	276,044
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	823,687	823,687
Food Service	0	28,981	28,981
Athletics	0	95,771	95,771
State and Federal Grants	0	350,702	350,702
School Facilities Project	0	53,646	53,646
<i>Total Restricted</i>	0	1,628,831	1,628,831
<i>Committed to:</i>			
Termination Benefits	376,425	0	376,425
<i>Assigned to:</i>			
Purchases on Order	846,745	0	846,745
Future Appropriations	1,862,891	0	1,862,891
Capital Improvements	0	1,294,399	1,294,399
Assigned to Principals Fund	637,810	0	637,810
<i>Total Assigned</i>	3,347,446	1,294,399	4,641,845
<i>Unassigned (Deficit):</i>	3,835,119	(158,090)	3,677,029
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	\$7,584,876	\$2,765,140	\$10,350,016

NOTE 21 – CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

State Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 are finalized. An additional receivable in the amount of \$10,285 has been recorded by the School District.

Litigation

The School District is currently not party to any legal proceedings.

NOTE 22 – COVID 19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or State, cannot be estimated.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06154670%	0.05760200%	0.05921100%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,682,448	\$3,298,974	\$3,537,726
School District's Covered Payroll	\$1,989,904	\$1,977,422	\$1,942,157
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	185.06%	166.83%	182.15%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.05832080%	0.05488840%	0.05460300%	0.05460300%
\$4,268,543	\$3,131,985	\$2,763,427	\$3,247,065
\$1,742,507	\$1,676,191	\$1,586,557	\$1,588,015
244.97%	186.85%	174.18%	204.47%
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.06283200%	0.05846930%	0.05993810%	0.05909680%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,580,091	\$1,622,096	\$1,608,582	\$1,684,477
School District's Covered Payroll	\$1,989,904	\$1,977,422	\$1,942,157	\$1,742,507
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	79.41%	82.03%	82.82%	96.67%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

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WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06351133%	0.06324493%	0.06205873%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,045,148	\$13,906,140	\$14,742,186
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,774,350	\$7,239,571	\$6,589,093
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	180.66%	192.09%	223.74%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.06206317%	0.06366069%	0.62389640%	0.06238964%
\$20,774,414	\$17,593,951	\$15,175,319	\$18,076,741
\$6,805,814	\$6,670,629	\$6,328,962	\$6,745,946
305.25%	263.75%	239.78%	267.96%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.06351133%	0.06324493%	0.06205873%	0.06206317%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$1,051,900)	(\$1,016,281)	\$2,421,302	\$3,319,154
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,774,350	\$7,239,571	\$6,589,093	\$6,805,814
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	(13.53%)	(14.04%)	36.75%	48.77%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

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WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$295,526	\$268,637	\$266,952	\$271,902
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(295,526)</u>	<u>(268,637)</u>	<u>(266,952)</u>	<u>(271,902)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$2,110,900	\$1,989,904	\$1,977,422	\$1,942,157
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	32,939	47,170	41,617	31,986
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(32,939)</u>	<u>(47,170)</u>	<u>(41,617)</u>	<u>(31,986)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>1.56%</u>	<u>2.37%</u>	<u>2.10%</u>	<u>1.65%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	<u>15.56%</u>	<u>15.87%</u>	<u>15.60%</u>	<u>15.65%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

(2) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
\$243,951	\$220,922	\$219,897	\$219,781	\$215,766	\$171,706
<u>(243,951)</u>	<u>(220,922)</u>	<u>(219,897)</u>	<u>(219,781)</u>	<u>(215,766)</u>	<u>(171,706)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$1,742,507	\$1,676,191	\$1,586,557	\$1,588,015	\$1,604,205	\$1,365,995
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.18%</u>	<u>13.86%</u>	<u>13.84%</u>	<u>13.45%</u>	<u>12.57%</u>
29,882	42,760	29,938	29,812	32,568	43,427
<u>(29,882)</u>	<u>(42,760)</u>	<u>(29,938)</u>	<u>(29,812)</u>	<u>(32,568)</u>	<u>(43,427)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>1.71%</u>	<u>2.55%</u>	<u>1.89%</u>	<u>1.88%</u>	<u>2.03%</u>	<u>3.18%</u>
<u>15.71%</u>	<u>15.73%</u>	<u>15.75%</u>	<u>15.72%</u>	<u>15.48%</u>	<u>15.75%</u>

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,060,595	\$1,088,409	\$1,013,540	\$922,473
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(1,060,595)</u>	<u>(1,088,409)</u>	<u>(1,013,540)</u>	<u>(922,473)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll	\$7,575,679	\$7,774,350	\$7,239,571	\$6,589,093
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$952,814	\$933,888	\$822,765	\$876,973	\$756,116	\$878,536
<u>(952,814)</u>	<u>(933,888)</u>	<u>(822,765)</u>	<u>(876,973)</u>	<u>(756,116)</u>	<u>(878,536)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$6,805,814	\$6,670,629	\$6,328,962	\$6,745,946	\$5,816,277	\$6,757,969
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>
\$0	\$0	\$63,290	\$67,459	\$58,163	\$67,580
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(63,290)</u>	<u>(67,459)</u>	<u>(58,163)</u>	<u>(67,580)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

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WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

*Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020*

NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Benefit Terms – SERS

With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	<u>Fiscal Year 2017</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior</u>
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	<u>Fiscal Year 2018</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior</u>
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

*Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020*

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males’ ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

NET OPEB LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

- In fiscal year 2020, the discount rate was changed from 3.70% to 3.22%
- In fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was changed from 3.63% to 3.70%. The health care trend rates were also updated.
- In fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was change from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- In fiscal year 2017, the following assumptions were changed:
 - Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
 - Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%
 - Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%
 - Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
 - Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - o RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.

WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under *GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

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WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCIOTO COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR <i>Pass Through Grantor</i> Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grant Year	Provided Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2019-2020	\$ 0	\$ 33,884
Cash Assistance:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2019-2020	0	295,996
National School Lunch Program - COVID 19		2019-2020	0	97,716
Total National School Lunch Program			<u>0</u>	<u>\$427,596</u>
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2019-2020	0	89,826
School Breakfast Program - COVID 19		2019-2020	0	54,894
Total School Breakfast Program			<u>0</u>	<u>144,720</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			0	572,316
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>0</u>	<u>572,316</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2019 2020	0 0	68,959 414,127
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			<u>0</u>	<u>483,086</u>
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2019 2020	0 0	44,641 299,147
Special Education - 6B IDEA Restoration		2020	0	17,585
Total Special Education Grants to States			<u>0</u>	<u>361,373</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			0	361,373
Rural Education	84.358	2019 2020	0 0	14,805 26,701
Total Rural Education			<u>0</u>	<u>41,506</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2019 2020	0 0	54,260 63,865
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			<u>0</u>	<u>118,125</u>
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2020	0	28,750
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>0</u>	<u>1,032,840</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 1,605,156</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCIOTO COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Washington-Nile Local School District (the School District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Washington-Nile Local School District
Scioto County
15332 U.S. Highway 52
West Portsmouth, Ohio 45663

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington-Nile Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 13, 2021. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio
May 13, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Washington-Nile Local School District
Scioto County
15332 U.S. Highway 52
West Portsmouth, Ohio 45663

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Washington-Nile Local School District's (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Washington-Nile Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Washington-Nile Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio
May 13, 2021

**WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCIOTO COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2020**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies – CFDA #84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



WASHINGTON-NILE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCIOTO COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 6/1/2021

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This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov