



MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Morgan Local School District Morgan County P.O. Box 509 McConnelsville, Ohio 43756

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan Local School District, Morgan County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2020, the School District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter. Also, as discussed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion and Analysis* and Schedules of Net Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Contributions listed in the Table of Contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2021, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 22, 2021

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Morgan Local School District's (School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities decreased \$1,044,728.
- General revenues accounted for \$22,718,921 in revenue or 80 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, sales, grants, contributions, and interest accounted for \$5,554,973 or 20 percent of total revenues of \$28,273,894.
- The School District had \$29,318,622 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$5,554,973 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues of \$22,718,921 were not adequate to provide for these programs.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Morgan Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2020?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non instructional services, bond service operations, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match. The School District's only fund of this type is the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. However, the activity of this fund is combined with the Governmental Activities on the entity wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. They are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the School District's programs. The School District uses the accrual basis of accounting to report fiduciary funds.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2020 compared to 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Table 1 Net Position Governmental Activities

		Restated	
	2020	2019	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$22,977,505	\$19,915,789	\$3,061,716
Net OPEB Asset	1,408,016	1,334,608	73,408
Capital Assets	32,279,805	33,093,437	(813,632)
Total Assets	56,665,326	54,343,834	2,321,492
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Charge on Refunding	65,485	70,022	(4,537)
Pension	5,471,672	7,093,181	(1,621,509)
OPEB	739,158	534,827	204,331
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,276,315	7,698,030	(1,421,715)
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	2,717,476	2,717,748	(272)
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	785,001	765,000	20,001
Due in More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	24,671,277	23,750,710	920,567
Net OPEB Liability	2,514,558	2,686,215	(171,657)
Other Amounts	4,437,512	5,181,302	(743,790)
Total Liabilities	35,125,824	35,100,975	24,849
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	8,494,554	5,968,046	2,526,508
Pension	1,401,407	2,100,057	(698,650)
OPEB	2,446,654	2,354,856	91,798
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,342,615	10,422,959	1,919,656
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	28,020,290	28,073,459	(53,169)
Restricted	4,310,674	4,244,836	65,838
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(16,857,762)	(15,800,365)	(1,057,397)
Total Net Position	\$15,473,202	\$16,517,930	(\$1,044,728)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2020. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Total assets increased \$2,321,492. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$877,961, intergovernmental receivable increased \$11,725, property taxes receivable increased \$2,130,408, and net OPEB asset increased \$73,408. The increase in property taxes receivable was due to an increase in the amounts certified to be collected by the respective County Auditors. The increase in intergovernmental receivable was primarily due to increases in state and federal grants. These increases were offset by a decrease in capital assets of \$813,632, and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$104,199. The decrease in capital assets was mainly due to yearly depreciation exceeding current year additions, and the decrease in accounts receivable was mainly due to the reduction of refunds and rebates received.

Long-term liabilities increased \$25,121 primarily due to increases in the net pension liability and decreases in the net OPEB liability and other long term liabilities.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2020 compared to fiscal year 2019.

Morgan Local School District, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Table 2 Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities

GO (Crimient	ar rich villes	Restated	
	2020	2019	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$587,230	\$522,205	\$65,025
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	4,967,743	5,021,125	(53,382)
Total Program Revenues	5,554,973	5,543,330	11,643
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	7,605,881	6,320,213	1,285,668
Grants and Entitlements	14,669,152	15,109,147	(439,995)
Interest	308,381	250,115	58,266
Gift and Donations	50	0	50
Miscellaneous	133,957	155,597	(21,640)
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	1,500	0	1,500
Total General Revenues	22,718,921	21,835,072	883,849
Total Revenues	28,273,894	27,378,402	895,492
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	11,506,848	9,025,579	2,481,269
Special	4,521,088	3,587,094	933,994
Vocational	1,469,342	1,159,319	310,023
Intervention	50,992	82,764	(31,772)
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,198,999	1,120,355	78,644
Instructional Staff	657,458	589,457	68,001
Board of Education	89,534	123,861	(34,327)
Administration	2,312,399	2,117,966	194,433
Fiscal	963,790	960,269	3,521
Business	51,280	120,661	(69,381)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,304,614	2,352,140	(47,526)
Pupil Transportation	2,141,827	2,145,285	(3,458)
Central	77,495	78,668	(1,173)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	1,351,853	1,332,294	19,559
Extracurricular Activities	480,772	357,392	123,380
Interest and Fiscal Charges	140,331	151,917	(11,586)
Total Expenses	29,318,622	25,305,021	4,013,601
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(1,044,728)	2,073,381	(3,118,109)
Net Position Beginning of Year	16,517,930	14,444,549	2,073,381
Net Position End of Year	\$15,473,202	\$16,517,930	(\$1,044,728)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The largest component of the increase in program expenses results from changes in assumptions and benefit terms related to pensions. STRS adopted certain assumption changes in benefit terms. As a result of these changes, OPEB expense for STRS increased from a negative \$2,845,329 in fiscal year 2019 to a negative OPEB expense of \$381,586 for fiscal year 2020. The total pension expense increased from \$2,238,347 in fiscal year 2019 to \$3,703,121 for fiscal year 2020.

Total program revenues increased \$11,643 from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020 primarily in the areas of charges for services in the amount of \$65,025 offset by the decrease in operating grants, contributions, and interest in the amount of \$53,382.

The DeRolph III decision has not eliminated the dependence on property taxes. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. Inflation alone will not increase the amount of funds generated by a tax levy. Basically, the mills collected decreased as the property valuation increases thus generating about the same revenue. Property taxes made up approximately 27 percent of revenues for governmental activities for the School District in fiscal year 2020.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2020	2020	2019	2019
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$11,506,848	\$10,853,385	\$9,025,579	\$8,609,355
Special	4,521,088	1,912,559	3,587,094	972,411
Vocational	1,469,342	1,418,535	1,159,319	1,106,143
Intervention	50,992	(3,140)	82,764	(16,007)
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,198,999	777,422	1,120,355	701,513
Instructional Staff	657,458	459,286	589,457	272,199
Board of Education	89,534	89,534	123,861	123,861
Administration	2,312,399	2,024,254	2,117,966	2,046,290
Fiscal	963,790	882,868	960,269	890,700
Business	51,280	51,280	120,661	120,661
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,304,614	2,210,914	2,352,140	2,242,378
Pupil Transportation	2,141,827	1,942,494	2,145,285	1,990,715
Central	77,495	58,228	78,668	52,216
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,351,853	613,842	1,332,294	413,523
Extracurricular Activities	480,772	331,857	357,392	83,816
Interest and Fiscal Charges	140,331	140,331	151,917	151,917_
Total	\$29,318,622	\$23,763,649	\$25,305,021	\$19,761,691

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The dependence upon tax revenues and State subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. For fiscal year 2020, approximately 81 percent of instructional activities were supported through taxes and other general revenues.

The School District Funds

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund had total revenues of \$23,300,226, expenditures of \$23,382,449, and other financing sources (uses) of \$452,551. The General Fund's balance increased \$465,226. The School District revenue increased \$1,892,524 from the prior year mainly due to the amount available for real estate taxes as certified by the individual county auditors and intergovernmental revenues. These increases were offset by a decrease in miscellaneous revenue. There was an increase of \$808,419 in expenditures from the prior year. The School District also made operating transfers of \$454,051 to the food service operations fund, the building fund, and the athletic complex fund during the fiscal year.

The Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund's balance increased \$217,679. This increase is a direct result of the School District collecting more real estate taxes revenue than what is being spent towards the maintenance of the buildings from this fund during fiscal year 2020.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal 2020, the School District amended its General Fund budget. The School District uses a modified site-based budgeting technique which is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue was \$23,631,561, below final estimates of \$23,881,623. The \$250,062 difference was mainly due to a decrease in amounts received through the state foundation. Original estimates of \$23,036,518 were decreased \$640,609 in the intergovernmental area and increased \$1,464,846 in the property taxes area. The General Fund had final appropriations of \$23,884,772. This was \$169,682 above actual expenditures of \$23,715,090. This is due to the School District budgeting for contingencies and monitoring expenditures to keep them under budget. Original appropriations were decreased \$331,890 across multiple expense lines.

School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$7,383,237.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the School District had \$32,279,805 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2020 balances compared to 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) Governmental Activities

	2020	2019
Land	\$393,164	\$348,164
Construction in Progress	318,742	7,869
Land Improvements	186,099	214,617
Buildings and Improvements	29,805,827	30,915,889
Furniture and Equipment	406,336	432,471
Vehicles	1,169,637	1,174,427
Totals	\$32,279,805	\$33,093,437

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for more information on capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2020, the School District had \$4,490,381 in bonds outstanding.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year End
Governmental Activities

	2020	2019
2007 School Facilities Construction and		
Improvement Bonds	\$235,381	\$207,985
2017 Refunding Bonds	4,255,000	5,020,000
Totals	\$4,490,381	\$5,227,985

See Note 16 to the basic financial statements for more information on debt.

Current Issues

Over the past several years, the School District has controlled spending levels to build a cash balance, however, fiscal year 2018 included two roof replacements and transfers to food service and self-insurance funds. Fiscal year 2019 saw a \$315,000 transfer from General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund. Fiscal year 2020 reflects a \$398,000 transfer to the Cafeteria Fund and a transfer of \$56,051 to the Raider Athletic Complex Fund. The School District is largely dependent on state funding. Fiscal year 2020 saw a budget cut of \$320,000 in state funding due to the pandemic.

The Board of Education and administration of the School District must maintain careful financial planning and prudent fiscal management in order to ensure financial stability.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Susan Gable, Treasurer/CFO at Morgan Local School District, P.O. Box 509, McConnelsville, Ohio 43756. Or E-Mail at sgable@morganschools.org.

Morgan Local School District, Ohio Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$12,392,961
Investments	100,000
Accounts Receivable	1,548
Materials and Supplies Inventory	41,881
Inventory Held for Resale	23,582
Intergovernmental Receivable	830,487
Prepaid Items Property Taxes Receivable	343,884 9,243,162
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	711,906
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	31,567,899
Net OPEB Asset	1,408,016
Total Assets	56,665,326
Deferred Outflows of Resources	CE 105
Deferred Charge on Refunding Pension	65,485 5,471,672
OPEB	5,471,672 739,158
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,276,315
	0,270,313
Liabilities	04.060
Accounts Payable	94,968
Accrued Unterest Payable	2,037,117 8,404
Accrued Interest Payable Vacation Benefits Payable	66,766
Intergovernmental Payable	497,718
Claims Payable	12,503
Long-Term Liabilities:	12,505
Due Within One Year	785,001
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	24,671,277
Net OPEB Liability	2,514,558
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	4,437,512
Total Liabilities	35,125,824
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	8,494,554
Pension	1,401,407
OPEB	2,446,654
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,342,615
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	28,020,290
Restricted for: Debt Service	997,748
School Facilities Construction	118,621
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	2,211,556
State Grant Programs	258,547
District Managed Student Activities	103,539
State and Federal Grant Programs	352,305
Scholarships	263,118
Library Materials:	
Expendable	240
Nonexpendable	5,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(16,857,762)
Total Net Position	\$15,473,202

Morgan Local School District, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program I	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities	Expenses	Scrvices and Sales	and interest	Tenvines
Instruction:				
Regular	\$11,506,848	\$271,165	\$382,298	(\$10,853,385)
Special	4,521,088	57,363	2,551,166	(1,912,559)
Vocational	1,469,342	1,186	49,621	(1,418,535)
Intervention	50,992	2,135	51,997	3,140
Support Services:		_,	,	2,2.13
Pupils	1,198,999	425	421,152	(777,422)
Instructional Staff	657,458	0	198,172	(459,286)
Board of Education	89,534	0	0	(89,534)
Administration	2,312,399	2,720	285,425	(2,024,254)
Fiscal	963,790	0	80,922	(882,868)
Business	51,280	0	0	(51,280)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,304,614	900	92,800	(2,210,914)
Pupil Transportation	2,141,827	52,310	147,023	(1,942,494)
Central	77,495	0	19,267	(58,228)
Operation of Non-Instructional	77,773	O	17,207	(30,220)
Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,351,853	55,936	682,075	(613,842)
Extracurricular Activities	480,772	143,090	5,825	(331,857)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	140,331	0	0	(140,331)
interest and Fiscar Charges			0	
Totals	\$29,318,622	\$587,230	\$4,967,743	(23,763,649)
	General Revenues Property Taxes Levic General Purposes Debt Service Classroom Faciliti Grants and Entitlement		pecific Programs	6,634,562 725,447 245,872 14,669,152
		1 A .		308,381
	Gain on Sale of Capi		C - D	1,500
	Miscellaneous	not Restricted to Specif	nc Programs	50 133,957
	Total General Reven	ues		22,718,921
	Change in Net Positi	ion		(1,044,728)
	Net Position Beginni	ing of Year (Restated - ,	See Note 3)	16,517,930
	Net Position End of	Year		\$15,473,202

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$7,958,078	\$2,193,002	\$2,056,718	\$12,207,798
Investments	0	0	100,000	100,000
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	8,071,072	296,375	875,715	9,243,162
Accounts	1,508	0	40	1,548
Intergovernmental	59,151	0	771,336	830,487
Interfund	223,984	0	0	223,984
Prepaid Items	339,892	0	3,992	343,884
Materials and Supplies Inventory	34,635	0	7,246	41,881
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	23,582	23,582
Total Assets	\$16,688,320	\$2,489,377	\$3,838,629	\$23,016,326
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$84,348	\$1,337	\$9,283	\$94,968
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,775,131	0	261,986	2,037,117
Interfund Payable	0	0	223,984	223,984
Intergovernmental Payable	458,052	0	39,666	497,718
intergovernmentar i ayabic	+30,032		37,000	477,710
Total Liabilities	2,317,531	1,337	534,919	2,853,787
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	7,424,438	276,484	793,632	8,494,554
Unavailable Revenue	626,660	17,807	515,529	1,159,996
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,051,098	294,291	1,309,161	9,654,550
	, ,	·	, , ,	
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	374,527	0	16,238	390,765
Restricted	0	2,193,749	1,674,441	3,868,190
Committed	49,085	0	114,169	163,254
Assigned	1,203,144	0	330,733	1,533,877
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,692,935	0	(141,032)	4,551,903
Total Fund Balances	6,319,691	2,193,749	1,994,549	10,507,989
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$16,688,320	\$2,489,377	\$3,838,629	\$23,016,326

Morgan Local School District, Ohio Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$10,507,989
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		32,279,805
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues Tuition and Fees	667,796 445,758 46,442	1,159,996
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		172,660
Deferred Outflows of Resources represent deferred charges on refundings which do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		65,485
Interest Payable is accrued for outstanding long-term liabilities while interest is not reported until due on the balance sheet.		(8,404)
Vacation Benefits Payable is recognized for earned vacation benefits that are to be used within one year but is not recognized on the balance sheet until due.		(66,766)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: School Improvement Bonds Payable Refunding Bonds Payable Sick Leave Benefits Payable	(4,255,000) (235,381) (732,132)	(5,222,513)
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Asset	5,471,672 (1,401,407) (24,671,277) 739,158 (2,446,654) (2,514,558) 1,408,016	(23,415,050)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$15,473,202

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Property Taxes		General	Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Property Traces		Fund	Revenue Fund	Funds	Funds
Interpovermentaal 15,807,048 95,243 3,03,213 19,595,504 10,1507					
Interest 308,381 0	1 *				
Description of April 1979 1979	· ·				
Putino and Foes 256,595 0					
Extracurricular Activities				,	
Gifts and Donations 3,405 0 18,979 22,384 Rent 900 0 0 0 900 Miscellaneous 259,373 0 29,725 289,098 Total Revenues 233,00,226 296,359 4,768,353 28,364,938 Expenditures Current: Instruction: 8 0 437,970 10,399,256 59,261 0 4437,970 40,34,591 40,94,59					
Rent					
Miscellaneous 259,373 0 29,725 289,098 270 200,088 283,64,938 283					,
Total Revenues 23,300,226 296,359 4,768,353 28,364,938					
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular 9.961.286 0 437.970 10.399.256 Special 2.676.284 0 1.418.307 4.094.591 Vocational 1.340.419 0 45.214 1.385.633 Intervention 980 0 67.098 68.078 Support Services: Pupils 757.311 317.424 1.074.735 Instructional Staff 482.447 0 92.836 575.283 Board of Education 89.534 0 0 89.534 Administration 1.862.625 0 219.244 2.081.869 Fiscal 836.400 8.235 93.843 938.478 Business 50.611 0 0 50.611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2.078.135 42.328 9.424 2.129.887 Pupil Transportation 1.878.054 0 97.414 1.975.468 Central 55.837 0 19.502 755.339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 312.376 28.117 147.403 487.896 Capital Outlay 50 0 321.502 321.652 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 765.000 765.000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 917.777 217.679 (526.740) 608.716 Other Financing Sources (Use) Capital Assets 1.500 0 0 454.051 454.051 Transfers Out (454.051) 0 0 454.051 1.500 Capital Assets 1.500 1.500 Capital Assets	Miscenaneous	237,313		27,723	207,070
Instruction: Regular 9,961,286 0 437,970 10,399,256 Special 2,676,284 0 1,418,307 4,094,591 Vocational 1,340,419 0 45,214 1,385,633 Intervention 980 0 67,098 68,078 Support Services: Pupils 757,311 317,424 1,074,735 Instructional Staff 482,447 0 92,836 575,283 Board of Education 89,534 0 0 0 38,534 Administration 1,862,625 0 219,244 2,081,869 Fiscal 836,400 8,235 93,843 938,478 Business 50,611 0 0 0 0 50,611 0 0 0 0 50,611 0 0 0 0 50,611 0 0 0 0 0 50,611 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total Revenues	23,300,226	296,359	4,768,353	28,364,938
Instruction: Regular	=				
Regular 9,961,286 0 437,70 10,399,256 Special 2,676,284 0 1,418,307 4,094,591 Vocational 1,340,419 0 45,214 1,385,633 Intervention 980 0 67,098 68,078 Support Services: Pupils 757,311 317,424 1,074,735 Instructional Staff 482,447 0 92,836 575,283 Board of Education 89,534 0 0 89,534 Administration 1,862,625 0 219,244 2,081,869 Fiscal 836,400 8,235 93,843 938,478 Business 50,611 0 0 50,611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,408 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 1,000 1,133,003 1,133,003 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Special		9.961.286	0	437 970	10.399.256
Vocational Intervention 1,340,419 0 45,214 1,385,633 intervention 1,385,633 intervention 68,078 68,048 69,244 1,074,358 68,048 69,534 0 219,244 2,081,869 78,539 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,081 78,082 78,082 78,092					
Intervention 980 0 67,098 68,078 Support Services: Pupils 757,311 317,424 1,074,735 Instructional Staff 482,447 0 92,836 575,283 Board of Education 89,534 0 0 89,534 Administration 1,862,625 0 219,244 2,081,869 Fiscal 836,400 8,235 93,843 938,478 Business 50,611 0 0 50,611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 31,602 321,652 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 765,000 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) Transfers In 0 0 0 454,051 454,051 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 454,051 Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773 5,807,775,777 5,807,775,777 5,807,777	1				, ,
Pupils 757,311 317,424 1,074,735 Instructional Staff 482,447 0 92,836 575,283 Board of Education 89,534 0 0 89,534 Administration 1,862,625 0 219,244 2,081,869 Fiscal 836,400 8,235 93,843 938,478 Business 50,611 0 0 50,611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 836,400 2,8117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: 150 0 321,502 321,652 Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 19,009 199,909					
Instructional Staff	Support Services:				
Board of Education 89,534 0 0 89,534 Administration 1,862,625 0 219,244 2,081,869 Fiscal 836,400 8,235 93,843 398,478 Business 50,611 0 0 50,611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 5 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 0 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extraction of Non-Instructional Services: 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,502 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: 2 150 0 765,000 765,000 101,909 109,909 109,909 Excess of Revenues Over	Pupils	757,311		317,424	1,074,735
Administration 1,862,625 0 219,244 2,081,869 Fiscal 836,400 8,235 93,843 938,478 Business 50,611 0 0 50,611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Tend Service Operations 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2 2,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 1,500		482,447	0	92,836	575,283
Fiscal Business 836,400 8,235 93,843 938,478 Business 50,611 0 0 50,611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Tool Service Operations 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 1,500 0	Board of Education	89,534	0	0	89,534
Business 50,611 0 0 50,611 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Total Service Operations 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: Trincipal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers In 0 0	Administration				
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,078,135 42,328 9,424 2,129,887 Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 0 0 454,051 454,051 Transfers In 0 0 0 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capi					
Pupil Transportation 1,878,054 0 97,414 1,975,468 Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: 2 321,502 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: 97rincipal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 765,000 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2 2,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 2 2,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Other Financing Sources (Use) 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>					
Central 55,837 0 19,502 75,339 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 30 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: 9150 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Other Financing Sources (Use) 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 1,500 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>*</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			*		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: "Total Expenditures" 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) **Expenditures** 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) **Transfers In** 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restate					
Food Service Operations 0 0 1,133,003 1,133,003 Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: *** *** *** *** Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 **Total Expenditures* 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 **Excess of Revenues Over (Under)* *** *** 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 **Other Financing Sources (Use)* 0 0 454,051 454,051 **Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 **Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 454,051 1,500 **Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 **Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 <td></td> <td>55,837</td> <td>O</td> <td>19,502</td> <td>/5,339</td>		55,837	O	19,502	/5,339
Extracurricular Activities 312,376 28,117 147,403 487,896 Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Other Financing Sources (Use) 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 1,500 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3)		0	0	1 122 002	1 122 002
Capital Outlay 150 0 321,502 321,652 Debt Service: 9rincipal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) Transfers In 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773	1				
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Cother Financing Sources (Use) 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 454,051 1,500 Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773			,		
Principal Retirement 0 0 765,000 765,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) Transfers In 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 454,051 1,500 Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773		130	O	321,302	321,032
Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 109,909 109,909 Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) \$\frac{1}{2}\text{Expenditures}\$ 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) \$\frac{1}{2}\text{Transfers In}\$ 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773		0	0	765.000	765.000
Total Expenditures 22,382,449 78,680 5,295,093 27,756,222 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773	•				,
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) Transfers In 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773	C				
Expenditures 917,777 217,679 (526,740) 608,716 Other Financing Sources (Use) Transfers In 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773	10tal Expenditures	22,382,449	/8,680	5,295,093	21,/56,222
Other Financing Sources (Use) Transfers In 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773					
Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 0 0 454,051 454,051 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773	Expenditures	917,777	217,679	(526,740)	608,716
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,500 0 0 1,500 Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773		ō	•	454.051	454.051
Transfers Out (454,051) 0 0 (454,051) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773					
Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (452,551) 0 454,051 1,500 Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773					
Net Change in Fund Balance 465,226 217,679 (72,689) 610,216 Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773	Hallsteis Out	(434,031)			(434,031)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3) 5,854,465 1,976,070 2,067,238 9,897,773	Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	(452,551)	0	454,051	1,500
	Net Change in Fund Balance	465,226	217,679	(72,689)	610,216
	Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3)	5,854,465	1,976,070	2,067,238	9,897,773
Fund Balances End of Year \$6,319,691 \$2,193,749 \$1,994,549 \$10,507,989	Fund Balances End of Year	\$6,319,691	\$2,193,749	\$1,994,549	\$10,507,989

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$610,216
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays: Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	641,905 (1,455,537)	(813,632)
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues Tuition and Fees Miscellaneous	34,339 11,466 16,792 (155,141)	(92,544)
Repayment of principal and accretion is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Refunding Bonds		765,000
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of activities. Premiums and discounts are reported as revenues and expenditures when the debt is first issued; however, these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities: Annual Accretion Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding Interest Payable	(27,396) (4,537) 1,511	(30,422)
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Vacation Benefits Payable Sick Leave Benefits Payable	18,270 (13,815)	4,455
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB	1,859,695 62,920	1,922,615
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB	(3,703,121) 294,678	(3,408,443)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(1,973)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(\$1,044,728)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
n	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	DE 524 554	¢< 000 400	\$6.076.500	(\$22.010)
Property Taxes	\$5,534,554	\$6,999,400	\$6,976,590	(\$22,810)
Intergovernmental	16,811,526	16,170,917	15,813,620	(357,297)
Interest	240,000	240,000	308,409	68,409
Customer Services	51,922	51,922	51,922	0
Tuition and Fees	259,492	260,422	253,067	(7,355)
Gifts and Donations	50	50	50	0
Rent Miscellaneous	0 138,974	0 158,912	900 227,003	900 68,091
Total Revenues	23,036,518	23,881,623	23,631,561	(250,062)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	40.000	.= .0	40.04#.000	
Regular	10,072,582	17,181,564	10,015,009	7,166,555
Special	2,720,386	562,304	2,679,990	(2,117,686)
Vocational	1,341,958	173,664	1,333,502	(1,159,838)
Student Intervention	6,574	4,267	3,286	981
Support Services:				
Pupils	842,922	246,078	803,452	(557,374)
Instructional Staff	492,540	305,766	490,386	(184,620)
Board of Education	187,150	163,225	162,928	297
Administration	2,031,450	1,241,170	2,017,758	(776,588)
Fiscal	883,898	709,721	858,379	(148,658)
Business	53,898	3,704	52,563	(48,859)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,473,599	1,306,637	2,272,958	(966,321)
Pupil Transportation	2,270,032	1,505,335	2,186,714	(681,379)
Central	58,029	3,230	56,715	(53,485)
Extracurricular Activities	326,508	112,957	326,314	(213,357)
Capital Outlay	150	150	150	0
Total Expenditures	23,761,676	23,519,772	23,260,104	259,668
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(725,158)	361,851	371,457	9,606
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,500	1,500	1,500	0
Advance Out	(935)	0	(935)	(935)
Transfers Out	(454,051)	(365,000)	(454,051)	(89,051)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(453,486)	(363,500)	(453,486)	(89,986)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,178,644)	(1,649)	(82,029)	(80,380)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	6,977,507	6,977,507	6,977,507	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	487,759	487,759	487,759	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,286,622	\$7,463,617	\$7,383,237	(\$80,380)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Classroom Facities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$165,100	\$165,100	\$212,149	\$47,049
Intergovernmental	92,553	92,553	95,243	2,690
Total Revenues	257,653	257,653	307,392	49,739
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	130,000	130,000	0	130,000
Support Services:				
Fiscal	8,000	8,000	8,235	(235)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	131,000	131,000	42,328	88,672
Capital Outlay	0	0	42,180	(42,180)
Total Expenditures	269,000	269,000	92,743	176,257
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,347)	(11,347)	214,649	225,996
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,962,953	1,962,953	1,962,953	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,951,606	\$1,951,606	\$2,177,602	\$225,996

Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund June 30, 2020

	Self Insurance
Current Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$185,163
Current Liabilities Claims Payable	12,503
Net Position Unrestricted	\$172,660

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Self Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$203,008
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	24,073
Claims	180,908
Total Operating Expenses	204,981
Change in Net Position	(1,973)
Net Position Beginning of Year	174,633
Net Position End of Year	\$172,660

Morgan Local School District, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Self Insurance
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Transactions with Other Funds Cash Payments to Suppliers for Services Cash Payments for Claims	\$203,008 (24,073) (176,998)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,937
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	183,226
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$185,163
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Loss	(\$1,973)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities Increase in Claims Payable	3,910
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$1,937
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

_	Custodial
Additions Charges Received for the Ohio High School Athletic Association	\$5,606
Deductions Distributions to the Ohio High School Athletic Association	5,606
Change in Net Position	0
Net Position Beginning of Year	0
Net Position End of Year	\$0
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Morgan Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

Morgan Local School District is a countywide school district located in Morgan County, in the heart of Southeast Ohio, the Appalachian region of the State. The School District is nestled between Zanesville and Marietta on the scenic Muskingum River. Incorporating all of Morgan County's 421 square miles, the School District is, in terms of physical size, the third largest district in Ohio. The county is substantially rural with a population of nearly 15,000.

The School District is a consolidation of seven small communities. Prior to 1966, each community had a kindergarten through 12th grade building. In 1966, a consolidated high school was built to serve Morgan County and the seven different community buildings were converted to kindergarten through 8th grade buildings. In late 2002, the School District constructed three new elementary schools and a new middle school. Seven old elementary buildings were sold by the School District.

The School District is staffed by 112 classified employees and 157 certificated personnel who provide services to 1,809 students and other community members. The School District currently operates five instructional buildings, one administrative office site, and one garage.

Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Morgan Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool, vocational instruction, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, and the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC). These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described as follows:

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The School District has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds used by the School District can be classified using three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund The Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports monies received from the proceeds of levies for the capital maintenance of existing school buildings.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund:

Internal Service Fund - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the School District's self-insurance program for employee vision, prescription drug, and dental claims.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District has one custodial fund which is used to account for Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) monies.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

For proprietary funds, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds present a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest earnings, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for deferred charges on refunding, pension, and OPEB plans. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB plans, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds Balance Sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and tuition and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 16. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. (See Notes 12 and 13)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund, function, and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations at the function and object level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2020, investments consisted of nonparticipating certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$308,381, which includes \$94,676 assigned from other School District funds.

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

I. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of certain assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	50 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 -50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

J. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans, cash deficits, or interfund services provided or used are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The liability for vacation benefits is recorded as "vacation benefits payable", rather than long-term liabilities, as the balances are to be used by employees in the fiscal year following the fiscal year earned.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees with seventeen or more years of current service with the School District.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as liabilities on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

M. Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one program to another or within the same program are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. Payments of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute. State statute authorizes the School District's Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The School District's Board of Education assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in fiscal year 2021's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

P. Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government fund financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

Q. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

S. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) recently issued GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The School District evaluated implementing these certain GASB pronouncements based on the guidance in GASB 95.

For fiscal year 2020, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2018-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2020 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

For fiscal year 2020, the School District also implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, *Fiduciary Activities*. GASB Statement No. 84 established specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the School District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The School District reviewed its fiduciary funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary fund classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the School District's financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Restatement of Fund Balances and Net Position

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on fund balance as of June 30, 2019:

	G	overnmental Fund	ls	
		Classroom		
		Facilities		
	General	Maintenance	Non-Major	Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$5,854,465	\$1,976,070	\$1,871,134	\$9,701,669
Adjustments:				
GASB 84	0	0	196,104	196,104
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$5,854,465	\$1,976,070	\$2,067,238	\$9,897,773

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on net position as of June 30, 2019:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net Position June 30, 2019	\$16,321,826
Adjustments:	
GASB 84	196,104
Restated Net Position June 30, 2019	\$16,517,930

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on the fiduciary net position as of June 30,2019:

	Fiduciary Funds		
	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial	
Net Position June 30, 2019	\$112,977	\$0	
Adjustments: Assets Liabilities	(112,977)	(83,127) 83,127	
Restated Net Position June 30, 2019	\$0	\$0	

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2020:

Special Revenue Funds:

Lunchroom	(\$42,346)
Title I	(50,610)
IDEA-B	(23,310)
Public Preschool	(11,038)
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	(4,288)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The General Fund provides transfers to cover these deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. The School District is currently monitoring its financial condition and is taking steps to increase revenues and reduce spending.

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Ç	•	Classroom Facilities	Other	
		Maintenance	Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	\$339,892	\$0	\$3,992	\$343,884
Materials and Supplies Inventory	34,635	0	7,246	41,881
Library Materials - Trust	0	0	5,000	5,000
Total Nonspendable	374,527	0	16,238	390,765
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	0	0	932,954	932,954
School Facilities Construction	0	0	118,621	118,621
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	2,193,749	0	2,193,749
State and Federal Grant Programs	0	0	235,294	235,294
District Managed Student Activities	0	0	103,539	103,539
Intervention	0	0	20,675	20,675
Scholarships	0	0	263,118	263,118
Library Operations	0	0	240	240
Total Restricted	0	2,193,749	1,674,441	3,868,190
Committed to:				
Scholarships	0	0	114,169	114,169
Severance Payments	49,085	0	0	49,085
Total Committed	49,085	0	114,169	163,254
Assigned to:				
Purchases on Order	608,873	0	0	608,873
Capital Improvements	0	0	330,733	330,733
Public School Support	37,353	0	0	37,353
Assigned to Subsequent Year's				
Appropriations	556,918	0	0	556,918
Total Assigned	1,203,144	0	330,733	1,533,877
Unassigned:	4,692,935	0	(141,032)	4,551,903
Total Fund Balances	\$6,319,691	\$2,193,749	\$1,994,549	\$10,507,989

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than committed or assigned fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP).
- 4. Unrecorded cash, prepaid items, and negative cash advances to other funds are reported on the GAAP Basis but not on budgetary basis.
- 5. Certain funds are accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budget basis) that do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54 and were reported with the General Fund (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund.

		Classroom Facilities
	General	Maintenance
GAAP Basis	\$465,226	\$217,679
Revenue Accruals	424,334	11,033
Expenditure Accruals	(26,862)	1,337
Beginning of Fiscal Year:		
Unreported Cash	225	0
Prepaid Items	117,650	0
Negative cash advances to other funds	164,790	0
Ending of Fiscal Year:		
Unreported Cash	(158)	0
Prepaid Items	(339,892)	0
Negative cash advances to other funds	(223,049)	0
Advances Out	(935)	0
To reclassify excess of revenues and other		
sources of financial resources over expenditures		
into financial statement fund types	47,936	0
Encumbrances	(711,294)	(15,400)
Budget Basis	(\$82,029)	\$214,649

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAXES AND ABATEMENTS

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2019 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real property taxes received in calendar year 2019 became a lien December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Morgan, Muskingum, and Washington Counties. The County Auditor of Morgan County periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2020, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020, was \$69,843 in the General Fund, \$8,885 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$2,084 Classroom Facilities Special Revenue Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2019, was \$433,831 in the General Fund, \$64,303 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$13,117 Classroom Facilities Special Revenue Fund.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue. On a modified accrual basis, the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second Half Collections		2020 First Half Collections	
Agricultural/Residential	Amount \$224,271,780	Percent 76.77%	Amount \$222,261,440	Percent 60.94%
Commerical/Industrial and Public Utility Real	19,230,050	6.58%	18,308,750	5.02%
Public Utility Personal	48,651,140	16.65%	124,151,410	34.04%
	\$292,152,970	100.00%	\$364,721,600	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed	valuation	\$35.92	\$36.05	

The decrease in the tax rates was due to an adjustment in the bond levy rates. Tax rates are adjusted according to the amount needed for the retirement of debt service.

B. Abatements

The School District's property taxes were reduced as follows under enterprise zone agreements entered into by overlapping governments:

	Amount of Fiscal Year
Overlapping Government	2020 Taxes Abated
Enterprise Zone Tax Exemptions:	
Morgan County	\$23,918

NOTE 9 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020, consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, and student fees), interfund, and intergovernmental receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. Other than delinquent property taxes, all receivables are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be received within one year. The delinquent property taxes amounted to \$667,796 as of June 30, 2020.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Morgan Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities	Amounts
Title I	\$217,494
Idea B	135,045
21st Century	109,160
Title II-A	101,796
School Quality Improvement	93,717
Foundation Adjustment	49,869
Early Childhood Education Grant	45,894
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy	23,598
Ohio School Climate Grant	14,840
Carl Perkins	13,411
McKinney Vento Homeless Assistance Program	5,850
Morgan County	5,043
Title V B Rural and Low Income	4,750
BWC	4,239
6B Restoration	2,994
Title IV-A	2,387
Miscellaneous Reimbursements	400
Total	\$830,487

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/2019	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2020
Capital Assets:		_		_
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$348,164	\$45,000	\$0	\$393,164
Construction in Progress	7,869	310,873	0	318,742
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	356,033	355,873	0	711,906
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	2,969,498	0	0	2,969,498
Buildings and Improvements	51,223,543	28,117	0	51,251,660
Furniture and Equipment	3,447,522	64,230	0	3,511,752
Vehicles	3,030,773	193,685	(62,330)	3,162,128
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	60,671,336	286,032	(62,330)	60,895,038
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(2,754,881)	(28,518)	0	(2,783,399)
Buildings and Improvements	(20,307,654)	(1,138,179)	0	(21,445,833)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,015,051)	(90,365)	0	(3,105,416)
Vehicles	(1,856,346)	(198,475)	62,330	(1,992,491)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(27,933,932)	(1,455,537) *	62,330	(29,327,139)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	32,737,404	(1,169,505)	0	31,567,899
Capital Assets, Net	\$33,093,437	(\$813,632)	\$0	\$32,279,805

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$542,782
Special	151,979
Vocational	40,912
Support Services:	
Pupils	57,154
Instructional Staff	41,567
Administration	129,464
Fiscal	1,829
Business	6,111
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	146,565
Pupil Transportation	199,543
Central	0
Food Service Operations	134,407
Extracurricular Activities	3,224
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,455,537

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Coverage provided by Peoples Insurance is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$5,000 deductible)	\$87,722,539
General Liability:	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Annual Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability (\$1,000 deductible):	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Annual Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Educator's Legal Liability (\$2,500 deductible):	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Annual Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Automobile Liability (\$1,000 Comprehensive/\$1,000 collision):	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage (each accident)	1,000,000
Other Than Auto Only, aggregate	1,000,000
Medical Payments	5,000
Uninsured Motorists (No deductible)	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2020, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

Medical, dental, vision, and prescription insurance was offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The School District contracted with a third party administrator to handle stop-loss coverage. Monthly premiums for the cost of claims are remitted to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The claims liability of \$12,503 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2020, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Beginning January 1, 2019, the School District went to a fully funded medical insurance plan and is no longer self-insured for medical.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at			
	Beginning of	Current Year	Claims	Balance at
	Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2019	\$147,477	\$1,816,273	\$1,955,157	\$8,593
2020	8,593	180,908	176,998	12,503

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the Statement of Net Position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2020, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$485,403 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$60,201 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2020 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2020, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,374,292 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$202,461 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Prior Measurement Date	0.09583750%	0.08305495%	
Current Measurement Date	0.09812870%	0.08501278%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00229120%	0.00195783%	
			Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$5,871,212	\$18,800,065	\$24,671,277
Pension Expense	\$956,344	\$2,746,777	\$3,703,121

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$148,881	\$153,064	\$301,945
Changes of assumptions	0	2,208,431	2,208,431
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	76,843	1,024,758	1,101,601
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	485,403	1,374,292	1,859,695
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$711,127	\$4,760,545	\$5,471,672
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$81,382	\$81,382
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	75,364	918,846	994,210
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	15,944	309,871	325,815
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$91,308	\$1,310,099	\$1,401,407

\$1,859,695 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	\$202,158	\$1,279,208	\$1,481,366
2022	(105,469)	651,642	546,173
2023	(5,014)	(30,396)	(35,410)
2024	42,741	175,700	218,441
Total	\$134,416	\$2,076,154	\$2,210,570

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

3.00 percent
3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
2.5 percent
7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal
(Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$8,227,667	\$5,871,212	\$3,895,030

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
(COLA)	

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July1, 2019.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$27,474,201	\$18,800,065	\$11,456,965

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEN PLANS

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

^{** 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

For fiscal year 2020, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$62,920.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$62,920 for fiscal year 2020, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Prior Measurement Date	0.09682600%	0.08305495%	
Current Measurement Date	0.09999080%	0.08501278%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00316480%	0.00195783%	
			Total
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$2,514,558	\$0	\$2,514,558
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$1,408,016)	(\$1,408,016)
OPEB Expense	\$86,908	(\$381,586)	(\$294,678)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$36,912	\$127,647	\$164,559
Changes of assumptions	183,660	29,596	213,256
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	6,035	0	6,035
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	76,816	215,572	292,388
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	62,920	0	62,920
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$366,343	\$372,815	\$739,158
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$552,431	\$71,635	\$624,066
Changes of assumptions	140,908	1,543,724	1,684,632
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	88,433	88,433
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	49,523	0	49,523
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$742,862	\$1,703,792	\$2,446,654

\$62,920 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	(\$139,442)	(\$286,612)	(\$426,054)
2022	(71,978)	(286,613)	(358,591)
2023	(70,206)	(251,170)	(321,376)
2024	(70,494)	(238,739)	(309,233)
2025	(61,514)	(273,771)	(335,285)
Thereafter	(25,805)	5,928	(19,877)
Total	(\$439,439)	(\$1,330,977)	(\$1,770,416)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019, was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13 percent, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.22%)	(3.22%)	(4.22%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$3,052,197	\$2,514,558	\$2,087,073
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00 % decreasing	(7.00 % decreasing	(8.00 % decreasing
_	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)	to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$14,671	\$2,514,558	\$3,177,788

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.45 percent, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3 percent
Discount Rate of Return 7.45 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medical

Pre-Medicare 5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate Medicare 4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Prescription Drug

Pre-Medicare 7.73 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Medicare 9.62 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,201,461)	(\$1,408,016)	(\$1,581,680)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,596,625)	(\$1,408,016)	(\$1,177,015)

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified and administrative employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Vacation days cannot be carried forward for more than one year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 240 days for certified employees and a maximum of 230 days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 45 days for certified and 57.5 days for classified employees.

B. Other Employee Insurances

The School District provides medical, dental, and vision insurance for all eligible employees. The School District pays between 85 percent of medical premiums, 100 percent of dental premiums, 100 percent of single plan vision coverage, and 20 percent of the cost of both the family coverage premiums. Premiums are paid from the same funds that pay the employees' salaries.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance through Metropolitan Education Council, in the amount of \$30,000 for all employees.

NOTE 15 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANFERS

A. Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables of \$223,049 due to cash deficits and an advance out of the General Fund in the amount of \$935, to the Other Grants Special Revenue Funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$223,984	\$0
	0	17.000
Early Childhood Education	0	17,090
Miscellaneous State Grants	0	935
IDEA-B	0	46,470
Title I	0	89,812
Vocational Education	0	11,263
Title II-A	0	502
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	57,912
Total All Funds	\$223,984	\$223,984

B. Transfers

The School District had transfers from the General Fund to the Building Capital Projects Fund and Food Service Special Revenue Fund in the amounts of \$56,051 and \$398,000, respectively. Transfers were made to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs and capital projects accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2020 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/19	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/20	Amounts Due Within One Year
2007 School Facilities Construction and					
Improvement General Obligation Bonds:					
Original Issue of Capital Appreciation Bonds - 10.171%	\$70,000	\$0	\$0	\$70,000	\$36,734
Capital Appreciation Bonds Accretion	137,985	27,396	0	165,381	98,267
Total	207,985	27,396	0	235,381	135,001
Bonds from Direct Placement:					
2017 Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds - 2.37%	5,020,000	0	765,000	4,255,000	650,000
Total Bonds	5,227,985	27,396	765,000	4,490,381	785,001
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	18,261,919	538,146	0	18,800,065	0
SERS	5,488,791	382,421	0	5,871,212	0
Total Net Pension Liability	23,750,710	920,567	0	24,671,277	0
Net OPEB Liability - SERS	2,686,215	0	171,657	2,514,558	0
Sick Leave Benefits Payable	718,317	29,664	15,849	732,132	0
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$32,383,227	\$977,627	\$952,506	\$32,408,348	\$785,001

Sick leave benefits are paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which includes the General Fund and Lunchroom Special Revenue Funds. There are no repayment schedules for the net pension and the net OPEB liabilities. However, employee pension contributions are made from the following funds: the General Fund and the Early Childhood Education Grant, Athletic and Music, Vocational Education Grant, Title IDEA-B Grant, Title I Grant, Title II-A Grant, Food Service, and Other

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Miscellaneous Local Special Revenue Funds. For additional information related to the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, see Notes 12 and 13.

On October 18, 2007, the School District issued \$3,600,000 in voted general obligation bonds for improvements to the high school building. The bond issue included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amounts of \$1,255,000, \$2,275,000, and \$70,000, respectively. The serial and term bonds have all been repaid. The remaining bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, with the proceeds of a 1.32 mill voted property tax levy.

The 2007 capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal year 2022. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$270,000. For the fiscal year 2020, \$27,396 was accreted for a total bond value of \$235,381.

On December 5, 2017, the School District issued Refunding Bonds consisting of \$5,720,000 in serial bonds. The refunding bonds will mature on December 1, 2034. These bonds were issued to current refund the 2006 Refunding Serial Bonds in the amount of \$3,190,000 and the remaining balance of the 2007 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds in the amount of \$2,530,000. The current refunded portion of the bonds, as well as the unamortized deferred outflow of resources deferred charge on refunding of \$90,248, the unamortized premiums in the amount of \$45,087, and the unamortized discount in the amount of \$12,593, were removed from the financial statements of the School District. The refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price of \$77,132. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources deferred charge on refunding, is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the refunded bonds using the straight-line method. The amortization of this difference for 2020 was \$4,537.

The School District's outstanding bonds for direct placement of \$4,255,000, are backed by the full faith and credit of the School District. The 2017 Refunding Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity, in whole or in part at any time on or after December 1, 2029, at the price per par, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2007 and 2017 bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Seri	al	Capital A	ppreciation
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$650,000	\$93,141	\$36,734	\$98,267
2022	675,000	77,440	33,266	67,114
2023	855,000	59,309	0	0
2024	150,000	47,400	0	0
2025	155,000	43,786	0	0
2026-2030	835,000	161,099	0	0
2031-2035	935,000	56,703	0	0
Total	\$4,255,000	\$538,878	\$70,000	\$165,381

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$29,432,897, with an unvoted debt margin of \$364,722 at June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META)

The School District participates in the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), formed from the merger of the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) and the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC) during fiscal year 2016, which is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. META operates as, and has all the powers of, a data acquisition site/information technology center pursuant to applicable provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. The organization was formed for the purpose of identifying, developing, and providing to members and nonmembers innovative educational and technological services and products, as well as expanded opportunities for cooperative purchasing. The General Assembly of META consists of one delegate from every member school district. The delegate is the superintendent of the school district or the superintendent's designee. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the General Assembly. The General Assembly exercises total control over the operation of META including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. During fiscal year 2020, the School District paid \$142,080 for services with META. Financial information can be obtained from Metropolitan Educational Technology Association at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

B. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) is a jointly governed organization composed of over 130 school districts and other educational institutions in the 35-county region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of nineteen members. One elected and one appointed from each of the eight regions into which the 35 Appalachian counties are divided; and three from Ohio University College of Education. The board exercised total control over the operations of CORAS including budgeting, appropriating contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the board. The Coalition provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Coalition. During fiscal year 2020, the School District made a payment of \$325 for a membership fee. Financial information may be obtained from the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools at 322 McCracken Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701.

NOTE 18 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

A. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC)

The School District participates in the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative, a claims servicing and group purchasing pool comprised of fifteen members. The Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code. OSBC is governed by a nine member Board of Directors, all of whom must be school district and/or educational service center administrators. The Muskingum Valley Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent for OSBC. OSBC is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members which was created for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to maximize benefits and/or reduce costs of medical, prescription drug, vision, dental, life and/or other group insurance coverage for their employees, and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees.

Participants pay an initial \$500 membership fee to OSBC. OSBC offers two options to participants. The first option is that participants may enroll in the joint insurance purchasing program for medical, prescription drug, vision dental and/or life insurance. A second option is available for self-insured participants that provides for the purchase of stop loss insurance coverage through OSBC's third party administrator. The School District participates in the second option. The OSBC's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents elected by the members of the OSBC. Medical Mutual/Antares is the Administrator of the OSBC. During fiscal year 2020, the School District elected to participate in the self-insured joint insurance program for prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

Effective April 10, 2001, through Amended Substitute Senate Bill 345, the requirement for school districts to establish and appropriate money for the budget stabilization was deleted from law. A school district may still establish reserve balance accounts consistent with Section 5705.13, Revised Code, if it so chooses; however, the requirement is no longer mandatory. In addition, any money on hand in a school district's budget reserve set-aside as of April 10, 2001, may, at the discretion of the board, be returned to the school district's general fund or may be left in the account and used by the board to offset any budget deficit the school district may experience in future fiscal years. The bill placed special conditions on any Bureau of Workers' Compensation monies remaining in the budget reserve. During fiscal year 2002, the Board of Education passed a resolution to maintain the refunds from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation in the budget reserve pursuant to State Statute and set aside for school facility constriction. During fiscal year 2020, the School District expended this amount for school facility construction.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Capital Improvements	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$0	\$38,499
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	301,741	0
Offsetting Credits	(915,460)	(38,499)
Qualifying Disbursements	(212,149)	0
Total	(\$825,868)	\$0
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0	\$0

The School District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the capital set-aside amount below zero. The excess in the capital maintenance set-aside may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years.

NOTE 20 - DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The School District's permanent fund includes a donor-restricted endowment. Net Position - Library Materials – Nonexpendable of \$5,000 represents the principal portion of the endowment. The amount of net appreciation in donor-restricted investments that is available for expenditures by the governing body \$240 and is included as Net Position – Library Materials – Expendable. State law permits the governing board to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicated that the interest should be used to purchase library materials each fiscal year.

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2020.

B. School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2020 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Litigation

The School District is currently party to pending litigation. The School District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 22 - SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

A. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end, the amount of governmental encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund	\$711,294
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	15,400
Nonmajor Funds	191,931
Total	\$918,625

B. Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the School District's contractual purchase commitments are as follows:

		Contract	Amount	Balance at
Project	Fund	Amount	Expended	06/30/20
Raider Athletic Complex	Building/General	\$412,552	\$318,742	\$93,810

NOTE 23 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)*

	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.09812870%	0.09583750%	0.09726550%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,871,212	\$5,488,791	\$5,811,398
School District's Covered Payroll	\$3,378,444	\$3,222,770	\$3,112,157
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	173.78%	170.31%	186.73%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.09677590%	0.09620050%	0.08845300%	0.08845300%
\$7,083,103	\$5,489,294	\$4,476,556	\$5,260,017
\$3,002,414	\$2,916,100	\$2,585,636	\$2,675,145
235.91%	188.24%	173.13%	196.63%
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)*

	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.08501278%	0.08305495%	0.08192898%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$18,800,065	\$18,261,919	\$19,462,405
School District's Covered Payroll	\$9,967,893	\$9,496,614	\$9,119,129
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	188.61%	192.30%	213.42%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
Percentage of the Total Pension			
Liability	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.07633807%	0.08176764%	0.08266290%	0.08266290%
\$25,552,654	\$22,598,184	\$20,106,476	\$23,950,705
\$8,118,886	\$8,494,493	\$8,459,354	\$9,495,685
314.73%	266.03%	237.68%	252.23%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.09999080%	0.09682600%	0.09822240%	0.09732110%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$2,514,558	\$2,686,215	\$2,636,031	\$2,774,011
School District's Covered Payroll	\$3,378,444	\$3,222,770	\$3,112,157	\$3,002,414
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	74.43%	83.35%	84.70%	92.39%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB				
Liability	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.08501278%	0.08305495%	0.08192898%	0.07633807%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$1,408,016)	(\$1,334,608)	\$3,196,566	\$4,082,580
School District's Covered Payroll	\$9,967,893	\$9,496,614	\$9,119,129	\$8,118,886
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.13%	-14.05%	35.05%	50.28%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB				
Liability (Asset)	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Pension Liability	2020	2019	2018	2017
Tet I chision Elability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$485,403	\$456,090	\$435,074	\$435,702
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(485,403)	(456,090)	(435,074)	(435,702)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$3,467,164	\$3,378,444	\$3,222,770	\$3,112,157
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$62,920	\$75,243	\$66,642	\$51,315
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(62,920)	(75,243)	(66,642)	(51,315)
Contractually Required Contribution	(02,920)	(73,243)	(00,042)	(31,313)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.81%	2.23%	2.07%	1.65%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	15.81%	15.73%	15.57%	15.65%

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

⁽²⁾ Includes Surcharge

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
		_			
\$420,338	\$384,342	\$358,369	\$370,240	\$310,648	\$307,836
Ψ120,530	ψ301,312	Ψ330,307	ψ370,210	ψ510,010	Ψ307,030
(420, 228)	(294 242)	(259 260)	(270 240)	(210 649)	(207.926)
(420,338)	(384,342)	(358,369)	(370,240)	(310,648)	(307,836)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
¢2.002.414	¢2.016.100	\$2.505.626	¢0.675.145	\$2,200,654	¢2.440.075
\$3,002,414	\$2,916,100	\$2,585,636	\$2,675,145	\$2,309,654	\$2,448,975
14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%
\$46,024	\$71,248	\$48,950	\$46,246	\$48,576	\$71,232
(46,024)	(71,248)	(48,950)	(46,246)	(48,576)	(71,232)
\$0	\$0	\$0_	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ψ0	Ψ0	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	Ψ0
1.53%	2.44%	1.89%	1.73%	2.10%	2.91%
15.53%	15.62%	15.75%	15.57%	15.55%	15.48%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Pension Liability	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,374,292	\$1,395,505	\$1,329,526	\$1,276,678
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,374,292)	(1,395,505)	(1,329,526)	(1,276,678)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$9,816,371	\$9,967,893	\$9,496,614	\$9,119,129
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	0	0	0	0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

ı					
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$1,136,644	\$1,189,229	\$1,099,716	\$1,234,439	\$1,097,140	\$1,186,815
(1,136,644)	(1,189,229)	(1,099,716)	(1,234,439)	(1,097,140)	(1,186,815)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$8,118,886	\$8,494,493	\$8,459,354	\$9,495,685	\$8,439,538	\$9,129,346
14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%
\$0	\$0	\$84,594	\$94,957	\$84,395	\$91,293
0	0	(84,594)	(94,957)	(84,395)	(91,293)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, ,2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74*, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$51,023
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.553	N/A N/A	154,793 33,655
National School Lunch Program COVID-19 National School Lunch Program Total Cash Assistance	10.555 10.559	N/A N/A	358,880 69,270 616,598
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			667,621
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			667,621
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2019	106,088
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		2020	758,931 865,019
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2019	68,138
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.173	2020 2020	375,858 19,423 463,419
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	2020	41,062
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	2019 2020	2,593 30,812
Total Education for Homeless Children and Youth			33,405
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	2019 2020	15,775 347,061 362,836
Total Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers Rural Education	84.358	2020	42,840
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2019	290
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants		2020	18,092 18,382
Student Support and Academic Enrichment - Title IV-A	84.424	2020	50,778
Hurricane Education Recovery	84.938	2020	47,071
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,924,812
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Morgan County Department of Job and Family Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	N/A	65,988
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			65,988
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$2,658,421

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Morgan Local School District (the School District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2020 to 2021:

	CFDA		Amt.
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Tra</u>	nsferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	53,191
IDEA-B Special Education	84.027		23,830
Title V-B Rural and Low Income	84.358		4,165
6B IDEA Restoration	84.027		2,995
Title IV-A Student Support and Acadamic Enrichment	84.424		1,281
Title II-A Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367		82,139
McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Program	84.196		4,188
21st Century	84.287		3,644
School Quality Improvement	84.010A		92,240

MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During fiscal year 2020, the School District made allowable transfers of \$60,955 from the Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (Title II-A) (84.367) program to the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I) (84.010) program. The Schedule shows the School District spent approximately \$18,382 on the Title II-A program. The amount reported for the Title II-A program on the Schedule excludes the amount transferred to the Title I program is included as Title I expenditures when disbursed.

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PO Box 828 Athens, Ohio 45701 (740) 594-3300 or (800) 441-1389 SoutheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Morgan Local School District Morgan County P.O. Box 509 McConnelsville, Ohio 43756

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan Local School District, Morgan County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2021. We noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Morgan Local School District Morgan County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 81

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 22, 2021



PO Box 828 Athens, Ohio 45701 (740) 594-3300 or (800) 441-1389 SoutheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Morgan Local School District Morgan County P.O. Box 509 McConnelsville, Ohio 43756

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Morgan Local School District's, Morgan County, Ohio (the School District), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect each of the Morgan Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the School District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the School District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

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Morgan Local School District
Morgan County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Morgan Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 22, 2021

MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	 Major Programs (list): Twenty-First Century Community Learning Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – CFDA 	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3	FINDINGS	FOR	EEDER VI	VMVBDG	
J.	LINDINGS	FUR	FEDERAL	AVVANDO	

None.



MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MORGAN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/30/2021

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