CITY OF HILLIARD FRANKLIN COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT JANUARY 1, 2020 – DECEMBER 31, 2020





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Members of Council City of Hilliard 3800 Municipal Way Hilliard, Ohio 43026

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Hilliard, Franklin County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Hilliard is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 12, 2021



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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Grant Title	Pass Through Entity Number	CFDA Number	s-Through ubrecipients	 otal Federal ependitures
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Passed through Ohio Office of Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	HB481-CRF-Local	21.019	\$ 429,428	\$ 2,382,794
Total Department of Treasury			429,428	2,382,794
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 429,428	\$ 2,382,794

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ the\ schedule\ of\ expenditures\ of\ federal\ awards.$

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Hilliard, Franklin County (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - SUBRECIPIENTS

The City passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Office of Budget and Management to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the City reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the City has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Hilliard Franklin County 3800 Municipal Way Hilliard, Ohio 43026

To City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hilliard, Franklin County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021, wherein we noted the City adopted GASB Statement No. 84 "*Fiduciary Activities*" and recorded other corrections as disclosed in Note 21, and considered the financial impact of COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 22.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

City of Hilliard
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and On Compliance and Other
Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Wilson Shanna ESway Suc.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Newark, Ohio

June 25, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of Hilliard Franklin County 3800 Municipal Way Hilliard, Ohio 43026

To the City Council:

Report on Compliance for The Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Hilliard's (the City) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the City of Hilliard's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the City's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The City's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the City's compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the City's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

City of Hilliard
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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and On Internal Control
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Opinion on The Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Hilliard complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

City of Hilliard
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Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hilliard (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 25, 2021, wherein we noted the City adopted GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" as disclosed in Note 21 and considered the financial impact of COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 22. We conducted our audit to opine on the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Newark, Ohio June 25, 2021

Wilson Shanna ESwee She.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515

DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Coronavirus Relief Fund/CFDA #21.019
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

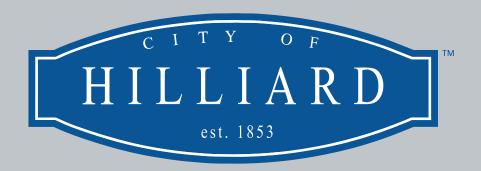
None.



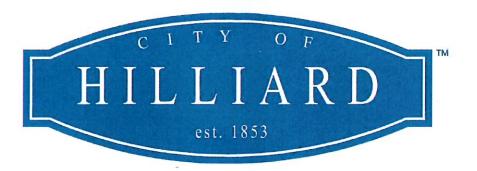
COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Michelle Crandall, City Manager



CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO FOR THE YEAR ENDING 2020



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City of Hilliard, Ohio Franklin County, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Prepared by: Department of Finance

David D. Delande Director

Greg A. Tantari Deputy Director



CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

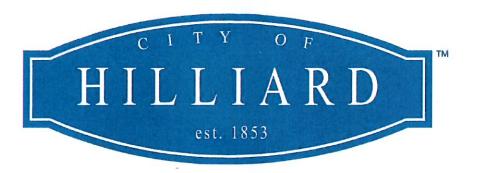
COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL ANNUAL REPORT

Issued by the Department of Finance

David D. Delande, Director



CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO FOR THE YEAR ENDING 2020



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June 25, 2021

To The Council and The Citizens of the City of Hilliard, Ohio

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report) of the City of Hilliard (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2020, This Annual Report is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc. has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City is in the western half of Franklin County in portions of Norwich, Washington and Brown Townships. It is approximately ten miles northwest of downtown Columbus, the capital of the State of Ohio. The City encompasses an area of approximately 13 square miles. Rail service is provided by CSX and private air service is available five miles to the north and south by Don Scott Field and Bolton Field, respectively. The City is 20 miles from Port Columbus International Airport and has direct access to interstate highways 1-70 and 1-270 via three major interchanges. The City is situated 833 feet above sea level and experiences mean temperatures of 72 degrees during the summer and 30 degrees during the winter.

The Hilliard area was settled in the early 1800s and was incorporated as a village in 1869. The Village of Hilliard remained primarily agricultural in character until the 1950s, when residential growth boomed. By December 12, 1960, the population had reached 5,000 and the Village of Hilliard became a City, The Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission estimates the population for the City to be 36,411 for 2020.

The City is serviced by the Hilliard City School District, which is an independent political subdivision not under the control or supervision of the City in any respect. The geographic boundaries of the School District are much larger than the City, encompassing some 60 square miles, and portions of several other municipalities (including the City of Columbus) as well as unincorporated areas of Franklin County. The School District estimates that 39.48 percent of its students reside in the City.

The City operates under a Charter first adopted by the voters in 1963 and most recently changed by voter approval November 5, 2020 effective January 1, 2020. The City charter lays out guidelines for city officials, businesses and residents. The city charter is revisited every 10 years by a review commission that evaluates the charter relative to current events and recommends any potential revisions. This approach ensures a balance between stability and flexibility.

Beginning Jan. 1, 2020, the City of Hilliard began operating under a Council/City Manager form of government.

City Council is composed of seven council members, each elected to a staggered four-year term. City Council members represent all residents living with Hilliard city boundaries. As Hilliard's legislative body, City Council sets policy, establishes goals, and oversees the municipal government's annual budget.

A City Manager is hired by City Council to oversee the departments and to manage the day-to-day operations of the city. The City Manager reports directly to City Council and implements the City's operating and capital budgets (as approved by City Council.) City Council directs the City Manager to enter into contracts and perform certain actions on the City's behalf.

City Council establishes various policies by enacting legislation. The City Manager implements those policies as directed by Council. As defined by the City of Hilliard's Charter, the City Manager oversees all departments and divisions of the municipal government, including hiring and firing of City employees.

The City's leadership team reports directly to the City Manager and includes directors for the following departments: Public Safety (Police), Finance and Taxation, Community Development (including Planning, Engineering, Transportation and Mobility, and Building Standards), Operations, Recreation and Parks, Economic Development, Human Resources, Community Relations, Law, and Information Technology.

The Director of Finance is the Chief Fiscal and Accounting Officer of the City. The responsibilities of this office include preparation and management of the capital and operating budgets and debt and treasury programs of the City.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government. The primary government consists of all the funds and departments which provide various services including police, recreation and parks, engineering, water services, sewer services, street maintenance and repair, zoning,

municipal court, income tax collection and support services (i.e. payroll processing and accounts payable).

Component units are organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Currently, the City does not have any component units.

The City's charter requires the City Manager to submit to Council on or before October 15th of each year an operating budget for the following year. Council sets the date and place of a public hearing on the budget and gives notice of the meeting time and place in a newspaper of general circulation at least five days prior to the hearing date. The budget is on file with the City Clerk and available for inspection prior to the hearing date. Council adopts the budget either as submitted or amended after the public hearing but no later than January 31. This budget serves as the appropriation ordinance and is filed with the Franklin County Auditor's office.

This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Hilliard's financial planning and control. The 2020 budget was prepared by fund and department and object level. Department heads may transfer resources within the object as they see fit. The budget was approved by Council as required by the City's Charter.

Local Economy and Long-term Financial Planning

The City is included in the Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) which is ranked 32nd in the nation by population. This MSA had an annual average unemployment rate at the end of 2020 of 3.3 percent while the State of Ohio was at an annual average 4.7 percent unemployment rate at the end of 2020 according to the Ohio Labor Market Information site for the Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services. Our employment mix insulates us somewhat from what is happening elsewhere in the state. One of our largest employers is the Hilliard City School District which is the eighth largest district in the state according to the Ohio Department of Education. The list of our ten largest employers can be found in our statistical section and includes telecommunications, financial services, technology, marketing, insurance and manufacturing businesses.

The City's ability to provide opportunities for expansion of its residential, commercial, and industrial tax base is greatly influenced by its aggressive development strategy, excellent school system, recreational programs, police department, city services, and probably, most importantly, the annual five-year Capital Improvement Program. The Capital Improvement Program provides the City with the framework to upgrade the infrastructure to make it possible to handle a growing and prosperous city. The Capital Improvement Program is a comprehensive five-year plan that is updated every year to prioritize projects and provide improvements to everything from streets and sewer and waterlines to ball fields, traffic signals, and the municipal complex.

Relevant financial policies.

Income tax remains the primary source of revenue for the City and supports the five-year Capital Improvement Program. Income tax revenue is divided among the General Fund, Street Improvement Municipal Tax Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund. The Street Improvement Municipal Tax Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund provide funding for the City's capital needs by paying debt service or cash funding projects. The City issues debt for capital projects only.

The City uses historical revenue and expenditure trends in the budget process and provides monthly revenue and expenditure reports, income tax collections and projections reports and detailed quarterly reviews that include budget to actual year-to-date information to Council.

During 2014, Council adopted a General Fund balance policy that targets the fund reserve to be twenty five percent of annual operating expenditures on a budget basis.

The City adheres to the Uniform Depository Act of the State of Ohio to determine eligible investments for City funds. The City further limits investments to maturities of a maximum of two years. Cash flow forecasting and the use of short-term investments, such as repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Asset Reserve account (STAROhio), allow the City to earn interest on all funds.

Major initiatives

Development

Despite the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, 2020 ended as strong year for new development and company expansions in the City of Hilliard. Low vacancy rates for office, industrial and retail properties led to more than \$11 million in new commercial construction permits.

Businesses continue to see the benefit of locating to or expanding in the City of Hilliard. Amazon Data Services purchased two sites, including a 104-acre site from the City of Hilliard for the construction of a new data center facilities. At full buildout, these projects are expected to create 280 jobs and more than \$480 million in new investment in our community, Trilogy Health Services commenced construction on a \$15 million continuum of care facility on Davidson Road that will add \$4.23 million in new annual payroll. Avid Hotel and Marriott TownePlace Suites completed construction of two new hotels that will add 178 new rooms for visitors to our community.

The City of Hilliard constructed a \$3.5 million fiber optic infrastructure project that will help the community to attract new investments in technology and advanced manufacturing. Converge Technologies is one of the first companies to utilize the city fiber network called, HiFiO. Converge will create 116 new direct jobs and will help startups commercialize new inventions.

As a result of the City's investments in the Old Hilliard area, several new private redevelopment projects have helped transform Old Hilliard into a destination for our community. Most recently, the Center Street market anchored by Crooked Can Brewery completed construction on a \$3 million, 16,000 square foot brewery, multi-vendor market and event space. This project serves as an amenity for Hilliard families and draws people into the community from across the Columbus

Region. With the goal of continuing new investment and redevelopment, the City completed a major street reconstruction and beautification project on Franklin Street.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Hilliard, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

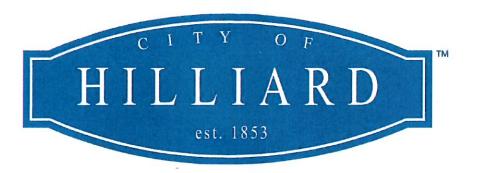
We wish to convey our appreciation to the City Administration and to the City Council for their support and for providing the necessary funds to prepare and publish this report.

The entire Finance Department played a part in preparing this report; they worked with extreme dedication to the project. Special thanks to Gregory A. Tantari, Deputy Finance Director and Karrie M. Martin, Fiscal Officer, for their special attention to the project.

Respectfully submitted,

David D. Delande

Finance Director



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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hilliard Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Principal Officials December 31, 2020

Elected Officials

Name	Title	Term Expires	Service
	-		
Les Carrier	Council	12/31/2021	7
Tom Baker	Council	12/31/2021	7
Omar Tarazi	Council	12/31/2023	2
Kelly McGivern	Council	12/31/2021	13
Andy Teater	President of Council	12/31/2021	3
Pete Marsh	Council	12/31/2023	3
Cynthia Vermillion	Council	12/31/2023	1

Appointed Officials

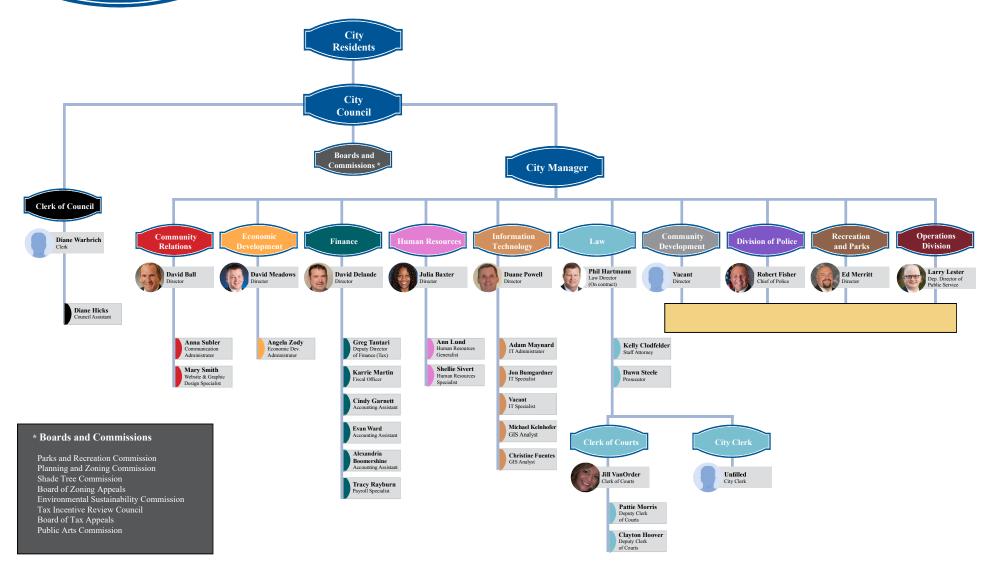
Name	Name Title		Service
Michelle Crandall	City Manager	Contract	1
Vacant	Community Development Director	Indefinite	0
David D. Delande	Director of Finance	Indefinite	26
Frost Brown Todd LLC	Director of Law	Indefinite	2
Ed Merritt	Director of Recreation and Parks	Indefinite	3
David Meadows	Director of Economic Development	Indefinite	4
Julia Baxter	Director of Human Resource	Indefinite	4
Duane Powell	Director of Information Technology	Indefinite	2
David B. Ball	Director of Community Relations	Indefinite	3
Larry Lester	Operations Director	Indefinite	21
John Talentino	Planning Director	Indefinite	20
Ellette Schamp	Transportation/Mobility Director	Indefinite	23
Michael Hulsey	Building Standards Director	Indefinite	1
Robert Fisher	Police Chief	Indefinite	9
Diane Werbrich	Clerk of Council	Indefinite	1

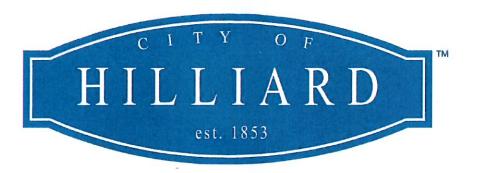
City Address:

City of Hilliard 3800 Municipal Way Hilliard, OH 43026

HILLIARD est. 1853

Organizational Chart (Departments / Divisions)





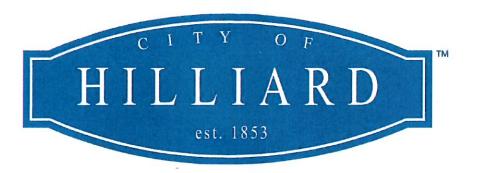
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FINANCIAL SECTION COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL ANNUAL REPORT



CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO FOR THE YEAR ENDING 2020



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City of Hilliard Franklin County 3800 Municipal Way Hilliard, Ohio 43026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and Management:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hilliard, Franklin County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

City of Hilliard Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hilliard, Franklin County, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and TIF Funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, during 2020, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". As discussed in Note 22 to the financial statements, during 2020, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Hilliard Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

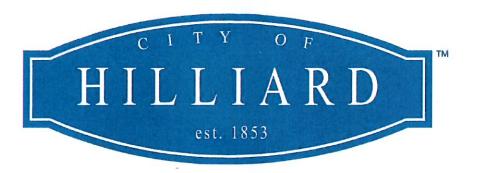
We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Hilliard (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements, transmittal letter and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$217.8 million (net position), an increase of approximately \$11.2 million in comparison with the prior year.
- General revenues accounted for approximately \$54.5 million, or 76.5 percent of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for the remaining 23.5 percent, or approximately \$16.7 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$67.4 million, an approximately \$20.2 million increase in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount:
 - o \$149,830 represents non-spendable balances for prepayments.
 - \$39.5 million is categorized as restricted. Restricted fund balances have constraints externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
 - \$5.8 million is categorized as committed. Committed fund balances have constraints as to use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. These constraints can only be removed or changed by taking the same type of action it employed to commit those amounts.
 - \$2.8 million is categorized as assigned. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the government's intent to use the funds for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
 - \$19.1 million is categorized as unassigned. The unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This represents 74.6 percent of the general fund expenditures.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a transmittal letter, series of financial statements, notes to these statements and statistical section. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's tax base and the condition of capital assets.

The City's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 30-31 of this report.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, TIF Fund, and Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-38 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. The Internal Service Fund is used to report medical, dental, and vision activities that provide services to the City's other funds and departments; therefore, it has been included in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-41 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-43 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements start on page 45 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$217.8 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At year-end, capital assets represented approximately 74.7 percent of total assets. Capital assets include buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure. Net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2020, was approximately \$184.4 million. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The table below provides a comparative summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	Net Position					
	2020 Governmental Activities	Restated 2019 Governmental Activities				
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 84,933,771	\$ 67,170,555				
Capital assets, net	250,202,811	253,640,210				
Total assets	335,136,582	320,810,765				
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Total deferred outflows of resources	9,901,671	15,533,458				
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Current and other liabilities	3,819,975	3,956,737				
Long-term liabilities:						
Net pension liability	26,330,788	33,667,800				
Net OPEB liability	9,694,222	8,891,763				
Other amounts	69,445,344	70,444,533				
Total liabilities	109,290,329	116,960,833				
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Total deferred inflows of resources	17,971,894	12,800,947				
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	184,436,972	186,151,971				
Restricted	40,445,382	27,784,019				
Unrestricted	(7,106,324)	(7,353,547)				
Total net position	\$ 217,776,030	\$ 206,582,443				

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Current and other assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily due to an increase in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents in the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund. This increase is mainly due to the City selling land for approximately \$11.9 million during the fiscal year.

Capital assets decreased in comparison with the prior year. This decrease represents the amount in which current year depreciation and disposals exceeded capital asset additions, consisting mostly of infrastructure construction and donations.

The net pension and net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior year. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities and related accruals that are passed through to the City's financial statements. All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and net pension/net OPEB liability are described in more detail in their respective notes.

Other long-term liabilities decreased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is primarily the result of the City reducing general obligation bonds outstanding at fiscal year-end by issuing general obligation refunding bonds as well as principal reduction payments made during the year.

Restricted net position increased significantly during 2020. This increase is primarily the result of the City selling land for approximately \$11.9 million during the fiscal year. Approximately \$40.4 million of the City's net position, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Statement of Activities

The table below provides a comparative analysis of changes in net position for 2020 and 2019:

Change in Net Position

Revenues	2020	2019
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 9,055,893	\$ 8,906,875
Operating grants and contributions	5,170,521	2,831,895
Capital grants and contributions	2,479,926	9,200,710
Total program revenues	16,706,340	20,939,480
General revenues:		
Property taxes	1,572,343	1,560,782
Payments in lieu of taxes	10,175,566	10,095,391
Income taxes	32,978,704	30,004,276
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	970,935	831,774
Gain on sale of capital assets	7,437,475	031,774
Investment earnings	7,437,473	1 000 576
Miscellaneous	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,008,576
	599,366	417,249
Total general revenues	54,468,111	43,918,048
Total revenues	71,174,451	64,857,528
Expenses		
General government	14,769,346	11,057,514
Security of persons and property	14,422,740	3,196,562
Public health	807,980	383,820
Leisure time activities	3,147,484	5,304,673
Community environment	4,299,354	5,185,444
Basic utility services	7,704,325	7,691,113
Transportation	12,637,519	13,371,260
Interest and fiscal charges	2,192,116	2,154,572
Total expenses	59,980,864	48,344,958
1	, ,	, ,
Change in net position	11,193,587	16,512,570
Net position at beginning of year, as restated	206,582,443	N/A
Net position at end of year	\$ 217,776,030	\$ 206,582,443

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Capital grants and contributions decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is the result of a decrease in donated infrastructure received from developers in 2020. Operating grants increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of the City receiving CARES Act grant receipts during the fiscal year.

Gain on sale of capital assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is the result of the City selling land in 2020.

Security of persons and property expenditures increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of a change in net pension/OPEB liability. In 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model thus reducing its total OPEB liability. That change resulted in significantly lower net OPEB liability reported by the City in 2020.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2020 and 2019. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. As can be seen in the graph below, the City is highly dependent upon property and income taxes as well as payments in lieu of taxes to support its governmental activities.

Program expenses	Total Cost of Services 2020	Net Cost of Services 2020	Total Cost of Services 2019*	Net Cost of Services 2019*
General government	\$ 14,769,346	\$ 10,845,073	\$ 11,057,514	\$ 10,028,373
Security of persons and property	14,422,740	13,145,321	3,196,562	1,739,003
Public health	807,980	747,542	383,820	324,371
Leisure time activity	3,147,484	2,752,123	5,304,673	4,266,173
Community environment	4,299,354	1,729,147	5,185,444	1,897,310
Basic utility services	7,704,325	2,758,494	7,691,113	(78,062)
Transportation	12,637,519	9,104,708	13,371,260	7,073,738
Interest and fiscal charges	2,192,116	2,192,116	2,154,572	2,154,572
Total program expenses	\$ 59,980,864	\$ 43,274,524	\$ 48,344,958	\$ 27,405,478

^{* 2019} was not adjusted from the restatement. Any differences have been determined to be insignificant for analysis purposes.

The total costs of services covered by program revenues was 27.9 percent. As shown by the net cost of \$43.3 million, the majority of the City's costs are funded by general revenues, consisting primarily of income taxes, property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$67.4 million, an approximately \$20.2 million increase in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, approximately \$19.1 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Balance 12/31/2020	Restated Fund Balance 12/31/2019	Increase
General TIF Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Other governmental Total	\$ 22,115,050	\$ 17,179,451	\$ 4,935,599
	5,171,793	3,108,937	2,062,856
	30,456,496	18,913,650	11,542,846
	9,704,493	8,077,788	1,626,705
	\$ 67,447,832	\$ 47,279,826	\$ 20,168,006

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was approximately \$19.1 million, or 74.6 percent of general fund expenditures.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund:

Revenues by Source	2020 Amount	2019 Amount*
Property and other taxes	\$ 1,573,372	\$ 1,563,190
Municipal income taxes	22,949,736	19,636,288
Charges for services	3,603,995	4,072,410
Licenses and permits	2,212,320	1,067,894
Fines and forfeitures	137,939	236,798
Intergovernmental	924,680	666,245
Investment earnings	717,219	1,002,086
Miscellaneous	468,214	308,006
Total revenues - general fund	\$ 32,587,475	\$ 28,552,917

^{* 2019} was not adjusted from the restatement. Any differences have been determined to be insignificant for analysis purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Tax revenue represents 75.3 percent of all general fund revenue. Tax revenue increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily related to an increase in income tax revenue. The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund:

		2020		2019
Expenditures by Function		Amount		Amount*
Comment	¢.	7 207 212	¢.	7 210 640
General government	\$	7,397,313	\$	7,310,649
Security of persons and property		11,036,663		10,809,735
Public health		445,984		330,680
Leisure time activities		2,343,809		3,561,221
Community environment		4,189,760		4,207,967
Basic Utility Service		215,000		-
Transportation		24,317		
Total expenditures - general fund	\$	25,652,846	\$	26,220,252

^{* 2019} was not adjusted from the restatement. Any differences have been determined to be insignificant for analysis purposes.

General government and security of persons and property expenditures account for approximately \$18.4 million, or 71.9 percent, of total expenditures. Security of persons and property and general government expenditures remained constant in comparison with the prior fiscal year.

The Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund was established to account for payments in lieu of taxes received from various business owners to be used for City-owned infrastructure improvements that will benefit the business owners' property. At year-end, fund balance in the TIF Fund was approximately \$5.2 million, an increase of approximately \$2.1 million. This increase represents the amount in which receipts from payments in of taxes exceeded capital outlays, debt service and transfers to the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund.

The Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund was established to account for 25 percent of the City's income tax collections and impact fees which are used for various capital improvements. At year-end, fund balance in the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund was approximately \$30.5 million, an increase of approximately \$11.5 million. This increase represents the amount in which receipts for municipal income taxes, transfers in from the TIF Fund and General Fund, proceeds from the issuance of bonds and loans, and proceeds from the sale of capital assets exceeded expenditures for various capital improvements and debt service.

The fund balance of the City's Other Governmental Funds increased approximately \$1.6 million during the year. This increase is primarily the result of municipal income taxes, charges for services, and CARES Act grant receipts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements and encumbrances. The appropriations ordinance is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council as provided for in the City's charter. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the object level.

The most significant fund for which budgetary information is presented is the general fund. The original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources in the general fund were the same. The actual revenues and other financing sources of approximately \$27.5 million came in approximately \$1.4 million lower than the final budgeted amounts.

The original budgeted expenditures of \$31.3 million came in approximately \$2.1 million lower than the final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses due to transfers to the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax fund. Final appropriations of approximately \$33.4 million were approximately \$4.9 million higher than actual expenditures and other financing uses of approximately \$28.4 million. The variance is primarily due to the City budgeting for salaries and benefits in the general fund that were covered by the local coronavirus relief fund through CARES Act grant revenue.

Capital Assets

At the end of 2020, the City had approximately \$250.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress, a decrease of approximately \$3.4 million in comparison with the prior year. This decrease represents the amount in which net disposals of approximately \$4.9 million and depreciation expense of \$13.4 million exceeded capital outlays and contributions, totaling approximately \$14.8 million.

See Note 10 in the notes to the financial statements for more detail on the City's capital assets.

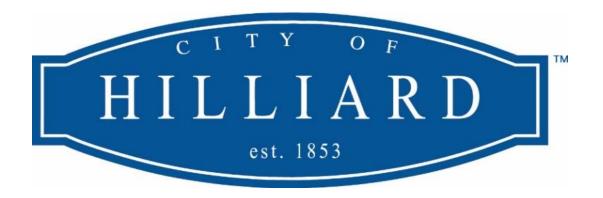
Debt Administration

At the end of 2020, the City had approximately \$66.9 million in long-term debt outstanding, a decrease of approximately \$1.1 million in comparison with the prior year. This decrease represents the amount in which principal reduction payments and premium amortization of approximately \$5.4 million exceeded new bonds and loans, totaling approximately \$8.8 million. In 2020, the City issued \$7.6 million in general obligation bonds for the purpose of refunding the Series 2011 general obligation bonds.

See Note 11 in the notes to the financial statements for more detail on the City's long-term obligations.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact David Delande, Director of Finance, City of Hilliard, 3800 Municipal Way, Hilliard, Ohio 43026.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 61,445,252
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	338,518
Property and Other Local Taxes Receivable	1,882,138
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	10,184,000
Municipal Income Taxes Receivable	9,039,486
Accounts Receivable	241,747
Accrued Interest Receivable	86,919
Due from Other Governments	1,565,881
Prepayments	149,830
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	11,490,632
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	238,712,179
Total Assets	335,136,582
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Charges on Refunding	1,272,228
Pension	5,024,399
OPEB	3,605,044
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,901,671
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	418,354
Accrued Wages and Benefits	484,693
Due to Other Governments	178,313
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	404,234
Claims Payable	93,906
Unearned Revenue	382,657
Retainage Payable	160,433
Accrued Interest Payable	197,385
Notes Payable	1,500,000
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	6,800,881
Due In More Than One Year:	26.220.500
Net Pension Liability	26,330,788
Net OPEB Liability Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	9,694,222 62,644,463
Total Liabilities	109,290,329
2.000.2.000.000	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1 550 001
Property and Other Local Taxes	1,773,304
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	10,184,000
Pension OPEB	4,116,750 1,897,840
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,971,894
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	184,436,972
Restricted for:	104,430,772
Capital Outlay	30,491,177
Streets and Transportation	9,688,529
Other Purposes	265,676
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(7,106,324)
Total Net Position	
10iai Nei FOSillofi	\$ 217,776,030

City of Hilliard Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
General Government Security of Persons and Property Public Health Leisure Time Activities Community Environment Basic Utility Service	\$ 14,769,346 14,422,740 807,980 3,147,484 4,299,354 7,704,325	\$ 1,857,039 877,772 - 389,533 2,560,099 3,366,039	\$ 2,053,678 397,150 60,438	\$ 13,556 2,497 - 5,828 10,108 1,579,792	\$ (10,845,073) (13,145,321) (747,542) (2,752,123) (1,729,147) (2,758,494)
Transportation Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,637,519 2,192,116	5,411	2,659,255	868,145	(9,104,708) (2,192,116)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 59,980,864	\$ 9,055,893	\$ 5,170,521	\$ 2,479,926	(43,274,524)
	General Revenues Property Taxes Levi General Purposes Income Taxes Levie				1,572,343
	General Purposes				21,430,545
	Transportation				3,299,402
	Capital Outlay Payments in Lieu of	Tayes			8,248,757 10,175,566
	Grants and Entitlem		o Specific Programs		970,935
	Gain on Sale of Ass		o opeeme rrograms		7,437,475
	Investment Earnings	;			733,722
	Miscellaneous				599,366
	Total General Reve	nues			54,468,111
	Change in Net Posit	tion			11,193,587
	Net Position Beginn	ing of Year, as Rest	ated		206,582,443
	Net Position End of	Year			\$ 217,776,030

City of Hilliard Franklin County, Ohio Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

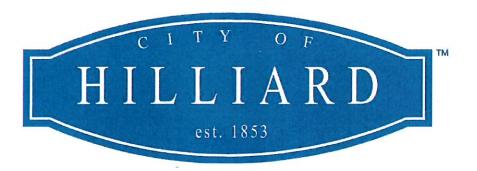
	 General	_	TIF		Capital mprovement Iunicipal Tax	G 	Other overnmental Funds	G 	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,728,879	\$	5,171,793	\$	29,997,242	\$	8,280,180	\$	61,178,094
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents Property and Other Local Taxes Receivable	1,882,138		-		181		338,337		338,518 1,882,138
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	-		10,184,000		-		-		10,184,000
Income Taxes Receivable	5,875,666		-		2,259,871		903,949		9,039,486
Accounts Receivable	129,166		-		-		112,581		241,747
Accrued Interest Receivable Due from Other Governments	86,919 353,199		83,640		-		1,129,042		86,919 1,565,881
Prepaid Items	126,900		65,040		15,352		7,578		149,830
Total Assets	\$ 26,182,867	\$	15,439,433	\$	32,272,646	\$	10,771,667	\$	84,666,613
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$ 330,810	\$	-	\$	55,917	\$	31,627	\$	418,354
Accrued Wages and Benefits	414,320		-		-		70,373		484,693
Due to Other Governments Matured Compensated Absences Payable	158,197 371,286		-		-		20,116 32,948		178,313 404,234
Retainage Payable	-		_		158,397		2,036		160,433
Accrued Interest Payable	-		-		1,558		-		1,558
Unearned Revenue	382,657		-		-		-		382,657
Notes Payable	 				1,500,000				1,500,000
Total Liabilities	 1,657,270		-		1,715,872		157,100		3,530,242
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	1,773,304		-		-		-		1,773,304
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Unavailable Revenue	637,243		10,184,000 83,640		100,278		910,074		10,184,000 1,731,235
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,410,547		10,267,640		100,278		910,074		13,688,539
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable	126,900		-		15,352		7,578		149,830
Restricted	-		5,171,793		30,441,144		3,920,042		39,532,979
Committed	-		-		-		5,776,873		5,776,873
Assigned	2,843,460		-		-		-		2,843,460
Unassigned Total Fund Balance	 19,144,690 22,115,050	_	5,171,793	_	30,456,496		9,704,493		19,144,690 67,447,832
	 		3,171,773		20,120,190		2,701,123		37,117,032
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 26,182,867	\$	15,439,433	\$	32,272,646	\$	10,771,667	\$	84,666,613

City of Hilliard
Franklin County, Ohio
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 67,447,832
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		250,202,811
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Income Tax Property Tax Intergovernmental Accounts Interest	401,112 26,189 1,196,030 81,789 26,115	1,731,235
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		173,252
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.		(195,827)
Unamortized loss on refunding represents deferred outflows, which do not use current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		1,272,228
Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability (26 Net OPEB Liability (5) Deferred Inflows - Pension (4)	5,024,399 8,605,044 5,330,788) 9,694,222) 4,116,750) 1,897,840)	(33,410,157)
General Obligation Bonds (49 OPWC Loans (7) Loans Payable (5) Premium on bonds, net (49)	9,620,000) 7,373,405) 5,323,243) 4,589,153) 2,539,543)	 (69,445,344) 217,776,030

City of Hilliard Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General	TIF	Capital Improvement Municipal Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	¢ 1.572.272	œ.	e.	e.	e 1.572.272
Property and Other Taxes Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 1,573,372 22,949,736	\$ -	\$ - 8,833,062	\$ - 3,533,124	\$ 1,573,372 35,315,922
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	-	10,175,566	6,655,002	3,333,124	10,175,566
Charges for Services	3,603,995	-	6,809	3,032,813	6,643,617
Licenses and Permits	2,212,320	-	25,704	-	2,238,024
Fines and Forfeitures	137,939	-	-	44,107	182,046
Intergovernmental	924,680	163,935	40,000	5,024,754	6,153,369
Investment Earnings	717,219	-	181	17,497	734,897
Miscellaneous	468,214		86,794	44,358	599,366
Total Revenues	32,587,475	10,339,501	8,992,550	11,696,653	63,616,179
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government	7,397,313	2,875,484	3,303,180	2,201,091	15,777,068
Security of Persons and Property	11,036,663	-	616,725	412,623	12,066,011
Public Health Leisure Time Activities	445,984	-	1,290,018	95,132	445,984
Community and Economic Development	2,343,809 4,189,760	-	2,496,335	93,132	3,728,959 6,686,095
Basic Utility Service	215,000		379,162	2,437,333	3,031,495
Transportation	24,317	4,498,256	1,626,464	4,409,311	10,558,348
Debt Service:	21,517	., ., 0,200	1,020,101	.,.0,,511	10,000,010
Principal Retirement	-	235,000	4,577,176	350,421	5,162,597
Interest and Fiscal Charges		63,231	2,068,726	164,037	2,295,994
Total Expenditures	25,652,846	7,671,971	16,357,786	10,069,948	59,752,551
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,934,629	2,667,530	(7,365,236)	1,626,705	3,863,628
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	971	-	11,883,786	-	11,884,757
Proceeds of Bonds	-	-	7,605,000	-	7,605,000
Proceeds of Loans	-	-	341,626	-	341,626
Premium on Debt Issued	-	-	876,550	-	876,550
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-	(4,403,555)	-	(4,403,555)
Transfers In	(2,000,001)	((04 (74)	2,604,675	-	2,604,675
Transfers Out	(2,000,001)	(604,674)			(2,604,675)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,999,030)	(604,674)	18,908,082		16,304,378
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,935,599	2,062,856	11,542,846	1,626,705	20,168,006
Fund Balances Beginning of Year, as Restated	17,179,451	3,108,937	18,913,650	8,077,788	47,279,826
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 22,115,050	\$ 5,171,793	\$ 30,456,496	\$ 9,704,493	\$ 67,447,832



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City of Hilliard
Franklin County, Ohio
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 20,168,006
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activites, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital Asset Additions	\$ 14,849,787	
Capital Asset Adjustments	(4,857,076)	
Current Year Depreciation	(13,430,110)	(3,437,399)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Income Tax	(2,337,218)	
Property Tax	(1,029)	
Intergovernmental	10,590	
Accounts	(7,795)	
Interest	16,503	(2,318,949)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
General Obligation Bonds	4,540,000	
OPWC Loans	54,608	
OWDA Loans	254,554	
Loans Payable	313,435	5,162,597
Issuance of refunding bonds results in expenditures and other financing sources and uses in the governmental funds, but these transactions are reflected in the statement of net position		
as long-term deferred outflows and liabilities.	4 402 555	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	4,403,555	
Premium on Refunding Bonds Proceeds of Refunding Bonds	(876,550) (7,605,000)	(4,077,995)
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds	(7,003,000)	(4,077,993)
Debt proceeds issued in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position are not reported as revenues.		
OPWC Loans		(341,626)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the		
gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued.		
Accrued Interest Payable	(14,035)	
Amortization of Premium on Bonds	340,048	
Amortization of Refunding Loss	(222,135)	103,878
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension	2,209,848	
OPEB	31,806	2,241,654
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension	(4,569,957)	
OPEB	(1,495,052)	(6,065,009)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to invididual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among		
the governmental activities.		(157,735)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		,
Compensated Absences		 (83,835)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 11,193,587

City of Hilliard

Franklin County, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Vanion ao with		
		Original	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues								
Property and Other Taxes	\$	1,710,446	\$	1,710,446	\$	1,571,670	\$	(138,776)
Municipal Income Taxes		18,850,443		18,850,443		20,002,095		1,151,652
Charges for Services		4,728,040		4,728,040		3,019,541		(1,708,499)
Licenses and Permits		1,206,500		1,206,500		1,063,491		(143,009)
Fines and Forfeitures		350,000		350,000		137,939		(212,061)
Intergovernmental		638,212		638,212		688,469		50,257
Investment Earnings		1,203,000		1,203,000		767,762		(435,238)
Miscellaneous		153,000		153,000		231,298		78,298
Total Revenues		28,839,641		28,839,641		27,482,265		(1,357,376)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government		9,774,034		9,851,568		8,198,248		1,653,320
Security of Persons and Property		12,551,943		12,551,943		11,293,260		1,258,683
Public Health		367,836		367,836		362,681		5,155
Leisure Time Activities		4,265,645		4,241,065		2,690,278		1,550,787
Community Environment		4,339,877		4,262,703		3,851,552		411,151
Transportation				24,220		22,044		2,176
Total Expenditures		31,299,335		31,299,335		26,418,063		4,881,272
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,459,694)		(2,459,694)		1,064,202		3,523,896
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		10,000		10,000		839		(9,161)
Transfers In/Out		350,000		(2,062,117)		(2,000,001)		62,116
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		360,000		(2,052,117)		(1,999,162)		52,955
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,099,694)		(4,511,811)		(934,960)		3,576,851
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		12,833,280		12,833,280		12,833,280		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,591,872		2,591,872		2,591,872		-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	13,325,458	\$	10,913,341	\$	14,490,192	\$	3,576,851

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) TIF Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original		Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues							
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 10,184,000	\$	10,184,000	\$	10,175,566	\$	(8,434)
Intergovernmental	 407,000		407,000		163,935		(243,065)
Total Revenues	10,591,000		10,591,000		10,339,501		(251,499)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government	-		2,909,700		2,875,484		34,216
Transportation	-		7,838,000		7,416,530		421,470
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	235,000		235,000		235,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 65,000		65,000		63,231		1,769
Total Expenditures	 300,000		11,047,700		10,590,245		457,455
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	10,291,000		(456,700)		(250,744)		205,956
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out	-		(604,674)		(604,674)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(604,674)		(604,674)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	10,291,000		(1,061,374)		(855,418)		205,956
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	 3,108,936		3,108,936		3,108,936		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 13,399,936	\$	2,047,562	\$	2,253,518	\$	205,956

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

		Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service Fund			
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	267,158		
Total Current Assets		267,158		
Total Assets		267,158		
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Claims Payable		93,906		
Total Current Liabilities		93,906		
Total Liabilities		93,906		
Net Position				
Unrestricted		173,252		
Total Net Position	\$	173,252		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service Fund		
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$	1,987,753	
Total Operating Revenues		1,987,753	
Operating Expenses Claims		2,145,488	
Total Operating Expenses		2,145,488	
Change in Net Position		(157,735)	
Net Position Beginning of Year		330,987	
Net Position End of Year	\$	173,252	

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

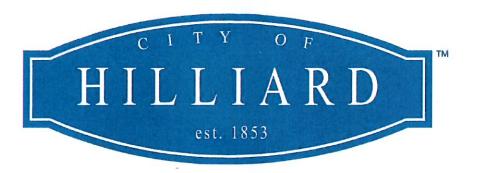
	Governmental Activities	
	Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	_	
Cash Received from Customers	\$	2,226,505
Cash Payments for Claims		(2,290,334)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(63,829)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(63,829)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		330,987
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year		267,158
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		
Operating Loss	\$	(157,735)
Decrease in Due from other governments		238,752
Decrease in Claims Payable		(144,846)
Decrease in Claims I ayable		(177,070)
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	\$	(63,829)
and a second sec	<u></u>	(00,02)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2020

	Custodial		
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	39,847	
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts		20,729	
Total Assets		60,576	
Liabilities			
Due to Other Governments		20,729	
Total Liabilities		20,729	
Net Position			
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		39,847	
Total Net Position	\$	39,847	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial		
Additions Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments Other	\$	113,746 49,892	
Total Additions		163,638	
Deductions Fines & Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments Miscellaneous		113,746	
Total Deductions Change in Net Position		123,941 39,697	
Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated		150	
Net Position End of Year	\$	39,847	



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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Hilliard (the "City") is a home rule municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under its own Charter. The Charter was adopted January 1, 1963, and was most recently changed by voter approval on November 5, 2020. Beginning January 1, 2020, the City began operating under a Council/City Manager form of government.

(a) Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds and departments which comprise the legal entity of the City. The City provides various services including police protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, engineering, street maintenance, snow removal, refuse collection, and other governmental services. Water and sewer services are provided by the City of Columbus, although the City of Hilliard maintains the water and sewer lines. Norwich Township provides fire protection.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the organization's budget, the levying of its taxes or the issuance of its debt. The City has no component units.

The City of Hilliard Mayor's Court has been included in the City's financial statements as an agency fund. The Mayor is an elected City official who has a fiduciary responsibility for the collection and distribution of court fees and fines.

The City is associated with the Hilliard Arts Council Corporation which is defined as a related organization. In addition, in 2007 the City entered into agreement with Norwich Township, a legally separate organization, to construct and operate a facility to house the police protection services of the City and the fire protection services of Norwich Township. Finally, the City entered into an agreement to become a member of the Central Ohio Interoperable Radio System, a jointly governed organization. Information about the related organization, the joint venture, and the jointly governed organization is presented in Note 19 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Hilliard have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

(a) Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities; however, the City has no activities which are reported as business-type.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self- financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

(b) Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds utilized by the City: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and governmental fund deferred inflows of resources and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund's balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the Charter of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund – This fund is used to account for payments in lieu of taxes received from various business owners to be used for City-owned infrastructure improvements that will benefit the business owners' property.

Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for 25 percent of the City's income tax collections and impact fees which are used for various capital improvements.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted or committed for a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The City's proprietary fund is an internal service fund:

Internal Service Fund – The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund accounts for the payment of all City employees' medical, dental, and vision claims.

Custodial Funds - Custodial funds of the City are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City currently does not have trust funds. The City's custodial funds account for various fees charged by the City and remitted to other government agencies and for deposits held pending compliance with established requirements. The City has the following fiduciary funds: Public Art Fund and Mayor's Court Fund.

(c) Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(d) Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the internal service and agency funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "Available" means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, municipal income taxes, and payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements, shared revenues, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes are recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from municipal income taxes is recognized in the year in which the income is earned (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements, shared revenues, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: municipal income taxes, charges for services, interest on investments, intergovernmental revenues (including motor vehicle license tax, gasoline tax, permissive tax, and local government assistance), and grants.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charge on refunding, pensions, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 15 and 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, unavailable revenue, pensions, and OPEB. Property taxes and payments lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2020, but which were levied to finance year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, grants and entitlements, and other revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (See Notes 15 and 16).

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

(e) Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue recorded in the General Fund represents resources that have been received, but not yet earned as of December 31, 2020.

(f) Budgetary Process

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations ordinance is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the object level within each department.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts set forth in the budgetary statements and schedules as final budgeted amounts represent estimates from the amended certificate in force at the time final appropriations were passed by Council.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year, including all supplemental appropriations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City, except cash held by a fiscal or escrow agent and cash held in a segregated account, is pooled. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements. Monies held by the Franklin County Engineer and monies held by Signature Bank for the Municipal Park LED Retrofit Project are presented in the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent". Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately for Mayor's Court and not held in the City treasury are recorded on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts."

During 2020, the City invested in negotiable certificates of deposit, a money market account, and the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted GASB Statement No 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to Ohio constitutional and statutory requirements. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during 2020 amounted to \$717,219, which includes \$484,364 assigned from other funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are reported on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

(h) Capital Assets

The City's only capital assets are general capital assets and contributions of capital assets from developers. General capital assets usually result from expenditures in governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars, except for infrastructure which has a threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All capital assets except for land, road right of way, and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	20-40 years
Improvements Other Than Buildings	15-30 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 years
Furniture and Fixtures	7-20 years
Vehicles	5-20 years
Infrastructure	10-60 years

The City's infrastructure consists of curbs, streets, bridges, traffic signals, sidewalks, water lines, sewer lines, storm sewers, and streetlights.

(i) Compensated Absences

Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and compensatory time for all employees.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employees will be paid.

(j) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term notes, loans, bonds, and capital leases are recognized as liabilities on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(k) Bond Premium, Deferred Charges on Refunding, and Debt Issuance Costs

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds payable.

The deferred charges on refunding bonds (difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt) is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. It is reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Debt issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

(1) Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

(m) Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

(n) Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(o) Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is "bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent" in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The components for reporting the City's fund balance are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Restricted fund balance includes those amounts that are restricted by parties outside of the City and pursuant to enabling legislation. Committed fund balance describes the portion of fund balance that has been limited by use by approval of City Council. City Council is the City's highest level of decision making. Fund balance commitments are established, modified, or rescinded by City Council action through passage of an ordinance. Assigned fund balance includes amounts that have an intended use by City, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amounts that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council. The City Council has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided those amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The unassigned fund balance represents the residual net resources.

The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in the governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to other purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City does not have a formal policy for its use of unrestricted fund balance amounts; therefore, it considers committed amounts used first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy - On December 16, 2013, the City adopted an ordinance establishing a reserve fund to maintain a target fund balance of 25% of the City's annual budgeted expenditures in the General Fund for that budget year. This amount is intended to minimize volatility in providing City programs, projects, and levels of service to its citizens. Use of funds must be authorized by passage of an ordinance by City Council and be replenished no later than December 31st of the following year.

(p) Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(q) Contributed Capital

Contributions of capital arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. Capital contributions are reported as program revenue in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(r) Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the internal service fund. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for employees' health claims. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses that do not meet these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

(s) Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items or transactions of events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City administration and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. No such transactions occurred in 2020.

(t) Net Position

Net position represents the difference of assets and deferred outflow of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include funds for the operation of recreational activities, improving the living environment of the City, and the operation of police programs.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position and results of operations on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis, are presented for the General and TIF Major Special Revenue Funds to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restriction, commitment, or assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out when applicable, are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. Funds budgeted separately.

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budget are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Net Change in F	und	Balances
		General Fund		TIF
GAAP Basis:	\$	4,935,599	\$	2,062,856
Revenue Accruals		(2,864,187)		-
Expenditure Accruals		(378,242)		-
Other Financing Sources/Uses		411,985		-
Encumbrances		(2,243,955)		(2,918,274)
Funds Reclassified		(796,160)		-
Budget Basis	\$	(934,960)	\$	(855,418)

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within a ten year from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of a political subdivision of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to extend one hundred eighty and two hundred seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one period;
- 8. Time certificates of deposits or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in (1) Bonds of the State of Ohio; (2) Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this state, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and, (3) Obligations of the City.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

(a) Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$24,466,304 and the bank balance was \$25,222,772. Of the City's bank balance, \$750,182 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining was uninsured and collateralized. For 2020, the City's financial institution was approved for a collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(b) Investments

As of December 31, 2020, the City had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

					Investment Securities					
Fair Value		M	l easurement	Credit		1 Year		1 to 3	G	reater Than
Measuremen	t Investment Type		Amount	Rating*		or Less		Years	3 Years	
NAV	STAR Ohio	\$	3,595,607	AAAm	\$	3,595,607	\$	-	\$	- [
Fair Value	Money Market Fund		5,509,242	AAAm		5,509,242		-		
Fair Value	FFCB		4,236,309	AAA		-		1,535,425		2,700,884
Fair Value	FHLB		2,538,684	AAA		-		-		2,538,684
Fair Value	FHLMC		2,080,151	AAA		-		1,030,490		1,049,661
Fair Value	FNMA		2,982,965	AAA		-		908,312		2,074,653
Fair Value	US Treasury Bond		572,000	AAA		-		572,000		-
Fair Value	US Treasury Notes		2,775,222	AAA		1,219,577		1,033,145		522,500
Fair Value	Negotiable CD's		13,087,862	Not Rated		4,428,397		5,718,933		2,940,532
	Total	\$	37,378,042		\$	14,752,823	\$	10,798,305	\$	11,826,914

^{* -} Moody's Investor Services

Interest Rate Risk – The City's investment policy requires that an investment mature within two years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. The City's policy states that all investments should be sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that can be reasonably anticipated.

Credit Risk – Under normal circumstances, the government money market fund invests at least 80 percent of its assets in U.S. Government securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by these securities, and shares of money market investment companies that invest exclusively in these securities. The City's investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer; however, investments are limited to low risk securities with the expectation of earning market rate of return. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2020:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Investment Type	Amount	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 3,595,607	9.62%
Money Market Fund	5,509,242	14.74%
FFCB	4,236,309	11.33%
FHLB	2,538,684	6.79%
FHLMC	2,080,151	5.57%
FNMA	2,982,965	7.98%
US Treasury Bond	572,000	1.53%
US Treasury Notes	2,775,222	7.42%
Negotiable CD's	 13,087,862	35.02%
	\$ 37,378,042	100.00%

Fair Value Measurement – The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the City's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020. The City's investments measured at fair value are Level 2 since valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

(a) Interfund Transfers

A schedule of interfund transfers during the year is as follows:

Fund	 Transfers In	 Transfers Out
General Fund TIF Fund	\$ -	\$ 2,000,001 604,674
Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund	2,604,675	-
Total Transfers	\$ 2,604,675	\$ 2,604,675

Transfers are used to move revenues from one fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget required to expend them. During 2020, the City transferred \$604,674 from the TIF Fund to the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund to finance various capital projects. The City also transferred \$2,000,001 from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Tax Fund to finance various capital projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2020, consisted of property and other local taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, municipal income taxes, accounts, intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues, and interest receivables. Receivables have been separately identified on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are considered fully collectible.

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2020 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2019 taxes.

2020 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2020, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2020 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2020.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2020 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2019, are levied after October 1, 2020, and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, the payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Hilliard. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2020, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the entire receivable has been included in deferred inflows of resources, since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2020 operations and the outstanding delinquencies were unavailable. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is reported as deferred inflows of resources since the current taxes were levied to finance a future period.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$1.60 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2020 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	Assessed
Category	Value
Real Property	\$ 1,034,549,560
Public Utility Property	43,296,840
Totals	\$ 1,077,846,400

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 8 – MUNICIPAL INCOME TAXES

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.0 percent on all salaries, wages, commissions, other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. However, the City allows a credit for income taxes paid to another municipality up to 100 percent of the City's current tax rate.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

Income tax proceeds are distributed to the General Fund, Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund, and other governmental funds as required by City Administrative Code, and totaled \$22,949,736, \$8,833,062, and \$3,533,124 in 2020, respectively.

NOTE 9 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City uses income tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Jobs Creation Tax Incentive Program, structured in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 718.15. Under the Program, the City may grant income tax incentives on local payroll withholding taxes paid to the City for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within its jurisdiction.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City abated income taxes totaling \$418,916 under the Program as follows:

• An annual incentive of 36% of actual local payroll withholding taxes paid to the City from 2006 to 2023 with BMW Financial Services for a commitment to create jobs.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 10 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions	1	Deductions		Transfers		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities	 Бининее		Tidditions		Deductions	_	Tunbreib	_	Багансе
Nondepreciable Capital Assets									
Land	\$ 12,273,923	\$	478,046	\$	(4,447,281)	\$	-	\$	8,304,688
Construction in Progress	3,665,393		7,087,985		(274,721)		(7,292,713)		3,185,944
Total Nondepreciable Assets	15,939,316		7,566,031		(4,722,002)		(7,292,713)		11,490,632
Depreciable Capital Assets									
Buildings	11,691,312		1,408,756		-		1,782,448		14,882,516
Improvements other than buildings	17,954,228		431,021		(202,134)		1,794,276		19,977,391
Machinery and equipment	7,224,572		579,598		(232,774)		-		7,571,396
Furniture and fixtures	700,754		2,798		(10,350)		814,698		1,507,900
Vehicles	4,166,040		724,845		(293,477)		-		4,597,408
Infrastructure	454,601,420		4,136,738		(86,732)		2,901,291		461,552,717
Total Depreciable Assets	496,338,326		7,283,756		(825,467)		7,292,713		510,089,328
Less accumulated depreciation									
Buildings	(6,073,945)		(365,242)		-		-		(6,439,187)
Improvements other than buildings	(6,387,762)		(631,557)		78,448		-		(6,940,871)
Machinery and equipment	(5,759,466)		(486,322)		228,131		-		(6,017,657)
Furniture and fixtures	(526,648)		(59,142)		10,350		-		(575,440)
Vehicles	(3,068,540)		(370,640)		286,733		-		(3,152,447)
Infrastructure	(236,821,071)		(11,517,207)		86,731				(248, 251, 547)
Total accumulated depreciation	(258,637,432)		(13,430,110)		690,393	_	-	_	(271,377,149)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net									
of accumulated depreciation	237,700,894	_	(6,146,354)		(135,074)		7,292,713		238,712,179
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 253,640,210	\$	1,419,677	\$	(4,857,076)	\$		\$	250,202,811

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the value of the assets donated to the City was \$2,439,745.

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 207,379
Security of persons and property	491,568
Leisure time activities	713,381
Community environment	268,628
Basic utility services	5,949,083
Transportation	5,800,071
Total depreciation expense	\$ 13,430,110

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES

(a) Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Beginning Balance		Ad	ditions	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds:										
2011 Various Purpose										
2.25-4.25% \$8,020,000	\$ 4,	710,000	\$	-	\$	(4,710,000)	\$	-	\$ -	
Bond premium		2,905		-		(2,905)		-	-	
2012 Various Purpose										
2.0-5.0% \$11,085,000	5,	760,000		-		(975,000)		4,785,000	1,005,000	
Bond premium	:	584,745		-		(97,459)		487,286	-	
2013 Refunding										
1.0-3.5% \$8,905,000	4,9	975,000		_		(870,000)		4,105,000	880,000	
Bond premium		201,730		-		(40,346)		161,384	-	
2014 Refunding										
2.0-4.0% \$5,160,000	4,0	020,000		_		(450,000)		3,570,000	460,000	
Bond premium	· .	248,798		_		(31,100)		217,698	· -	
2015 Various Purpose and Refunding										
4.0% \$8,745,000	7,0	505,000		_		(225,000)		7,380,000	240,000	
Bond premium		923,986		_		(57,749)		866,237	-	
2016A Various Purpose and Refunding						, , ,				
2.0-4.0% \$8,205,000	7,	115,000		_		(1,010,000)		6,105,000	1,030,000	
Bond premium	,	779,259		_		(82,027)		697,232	-	
2016B Various Purpose						, , ,				
2.0-4.0% \$3,855,000	3,4	435,000		_		(145,000)		3,290,000	150,000	
Bond premium	4	120,347		-		(25,476)		394,871	-	
2017 Various Purpose										
2.0-4.0% \$4,655,000	4,	100,000		_		(175,000)		3,925,000	180,000	
Bond premium		385,614		-		(22,683)		362,931	-	
2019A Various Purpose										
3.0-5.0% \$8,570,000	8,:	570,000		_		(300,000)		8,270,000	315,000	
Bond premium		588,822		-		(30,196)		558,626	-	
2019B Various Purpose										
3.75% \$585,000	:	585,000		_		-		585,000	-	
2020 Various Purpose										
3.0% \$7,605,000		-	7	,605,000		-		7,605,000	470,000	
Bond premium		-		842,888		-		842,888	-	
Total bonds	55,0	011,206	8	,447,888		(9,249,941)		54,209,153	4,730,000	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Loans from Direct Borrowings:										
Signature Bank Loan										
3.94% \$814,698	\$	665,977	\$	-	\$	(123,105)	\$	542,872	\$	127,955
Safety Building Loan										
4.5% \$6,168,684		4,941,720		-		(169,184)		4,772,536		176,883
Wheel Loader Loan										
2.89% \$109,903		28,981		-		(21,146)		7,835		7,835
2005 OWDA Loan										
3% \$2,234,466		254,554		-		(254,554)		-		-
2012 OPWC Loan \$2,730,423		2,020,513		-		(54,608)		1,965,905		109,217
2017 OPWC Loan \$5,407,500		5,065,874		341,626		-		5,407,500		270,375
Total Loans from Direct Borrowings		12,977,619	_	341,626	_	(622,597)		12,696,648		692,265
Other Long-Term Obligations:										
Net Pension Liability										
OPERS		14,898,783		-		(3,909,461)		10,989,322		-
OP&F		18,769,017		_		(3,427,551)		15,341,466		-
Net OPEB Liability										
OPERS		6,797,825		646,889		-		7,444,714		-
OP&F		2,093,938		155,570		-		2,249,508		-
Compensated Absences		2,455,708		1,334,365		(1,250,530)		2,539,543		1,378,616
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$	113,004,096	\$	10,926,338	\$	(18,460,080)	\$	105,470,354	\$	6,800,881

OPWC loans - The City has entered into two debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). The 2012 OPWC loan is to fund the Hilliard Triangle improvement. The \$2,730,423 loan is a zero-interest, 25-year loan.

In 2017, the City was approved to receive \$1,750,000 in grant funding and \$5,407,500 in a zero-interest, 20-year loan from OPWC for Scioto Darby and Leppert road improvements. As of December 31, 2020, all of the grant funds and loan proceeds have been drawn down.

The OPWC loans will be paid from the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund.

OWDA loan – The City has entered into a loan with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the purpose of sewer construction for BMW. The loan is for 15 years and carries an interest rate of 3.0 percent. The OWDA loan was paid from the Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund.

General Obligation bonds - Generally, all voted and unvoted general obligation bonds issued will be paid through the Street Improvement Municipal Tax, Water and Sewer Revenue, TIF Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Improvements Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund.

In 2020 the City issued \$7,605,000 in general obligation various purpose bonds to current refund the 2011 general obligation various purpose bonds and pay for the Series 2020 various purpose road improvement notes. The refunding resulted in a decrease of debt service payments of \$740,000 and an economic gain of \$689,371.

Compensated absences, Net pension liability, and OPEB liability - Compensated Absences and employer contributions, one of many components that impact net position and OPEB liabilities, are generally paid from the General, Street Maintenance and Repair, Water and Sewer Revenue, and Storm Water Utility Special Revenue Funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Safety Building Loan - On June 25, 2007, the City entered into an agreement with the Board of Trustees of Norwich Township (the "Township") for the joint construction and management of a public safety building. The building was constructed and is owned and managed by the township. Initially, the Township paid the entire cost of the building construction. The City entered into a 30-year agreement with the township under which the City will pay its allocated portion of the construction cost which totaled \$6,417,386. The agreement began upon completion of the building and the first payment was made on June 1, 2009. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the Capital Improvements Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund.

Per the agreement, the building is considered the collateral for the debt payments. In the event of default, the Township may exercise the following rights and remedies:

- 1. The Township can immediately re-enter and take possession of the building.
- 2. All rights of the City and all duties of the Township shall immediately cease and terminate.
- 3. The Township may possess and enjoy the building as though the agreement had never been made, without prejudice, however, to any and all rights of action against the City the Township may have to the debt payments, damages, or breach of covenant.
- 4. The Township can re-let the building as it determines for and on behalf of the City for the highest rental reasonably obtainable in judgment of the Township (this is not considered as a surrender or acceptance back of the building or termination of the agreement).
- 5. The Township can recover from the City any deficiency between the amount of the debt payments and all other charges payable under the agreement plus any expenses in connection with reletting, redecorating, repairs, alterations, brokerage commissions, and attorney fees.
- 6. If the Township makes any repairs or carries insurance, the City may be required to immediately pay the Township for the expenses plus any accrued interest at the rate of 4.5 percent.

Wheel Loader Loan: April 15, 2016, the City entered into a loan with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation for the purchase of a wheel loader. The loan has an interest rate of 2.89 percent and will be repaid in full in 2021. The loan is being paid from the City's Street Maintenance and Repair Fund and Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund.

Per the agreement with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation, the City pledged the wheel loader purchased as collateral for the debt. In the event of default, Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation shall have all rights and remedies under law. Also, in the event of default, Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation may exercise the following rights and remedies:

- 1. Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation may require the City to pay all the payments outstanding in the year of default.
- 2. Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation may enter the premises of the City to take repossession of the wheel loader
- 3. Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation may cancel the extended warranty agreement for the wheel loader on behalf of the City and receive the refund for the warranty.

First Security Finance, Inc. Loan - On April 24, 2019, the City entered into a loan agreement with First Security Finance, Inc. for \$814,698 for the purpose of retrofitting a LED lighting system at the Roger A. Reynolds Municipal Park. The loan was entered for a six-year period with final maturity at May 1, 2024. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the Park Maintenance Fund.

The City has pledged the equipment as collateral for the debt. In the event of default, First Security Finance, Inc. may exercise the following rights and remedies:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

- 1. The City may be required to pay the entire unpaid balance.
- 2. First Security Finance, Inc. may enter the premises of the City and take possession of the equipment.
- 3. The City may be required to pay all costs (including reasonable attorney's fees and court costs) incurred in disposing of the equipment.

(b) Future Debt Service Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	General Obli	gation Bonds	Loans from Direct Borrowings					
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2021	\$ 4,730,000	\$ 1,849,683	\$ 692,265	\$ 234,228				
2022	4,925,000	1,665,119	697,522	221,095				
2021	5,115,000	1,492,669	711,177	212,679				
2024	4,985,000	1,289,044	725,422	198,641				
2025	4,030,000	1,100,738	590,938	178,334				
2026-2030	13,785,000	3,447,086	3,108,008	738,348				
2031-2035	8,000,000	1,533,186	3,409,558	436,802				
2036-2040	4,050,000	313,039	2,761,758	86,805				
Total	\$49,620,000	\$12,690,564	\$12,696,648	\$ 2,306,932				

(c) Debt Limitation

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006.

In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. At December 31, 2020, the City's total and unvoted debt limits based on the tax year 2020, collection year 2021 assessed valuations were \$135,361,202 and \$70,746,132, respectively. The City's debt was within these limits.

NOTE 12 – SHORT TERM LIABILITIES

On December 22, 2020, the City entered into a one year land acquisition note for the purchase of land for \$1,500,000. The interest rate on the Serial Loan is 1.25% and the premium was \$14,160. The maturity date of the Term Loan will be one year after the inception date. Payment of principal and interest will be recorded as disbursements of the Capital Improvements Municipal Tax Capital Projects Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

On April 30, 2020, the City entered into a one year road improvement note for the purpose of various road improvements for \$3,839,000. The interest rate on the Serial Loan was 2.625% and the premium was \$19,502. The maturity date of the loan was one year after the inception date. On October 28, 2020, the City issued \$7,605,000 in general obligation various purpose bonds to current refund the 2011 general obligation various purpose bonds and pay for the Series 2020 various purpose road improvement notes.

NOTE 13 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation - City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Vacation can accumulate to a maximum of 400 hours. When an employee terminates employment, he/she is paid for 100 percent of their unused vacation leave. City employees can also earn compensatory time. Compensatory time is paid at one and one-half times an employee's regular rate. Employees with time remaining upon termination of their employment will be paid for any unused compensatory time.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave - City employees earn sick leave at the rate of four and six tenths hours per eighty hours of service. Sick leave is cumulative without limit. In the case of death or retirement, an employee (or his/her estate) is paid 50 percent of accumulated sick leave up to a maximum payment of 500 hours.

(b) Deferred Compensation

City employees may participate in Mass Mutual, ING or Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plans. These plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plans permit deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plans, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Property and Liability Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2020, the City contracted with several different insurance providers for property, liability, and automobile insurance.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant reduction in the level of coverage from the prior year.

(b) Health Insurance

The City maintains a self-funded health insurance program with claims processed by Central Benefits on behalf of the City. The Insurance Trust Fund (an internal service fund) was created in 1989 to account for and finance the health insurance program. As an integral part of the health insurance program, stop loss coverage has been purchased covering claims in excess of \$75,000 per individual and \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

All funds of the City from which employee salaries are paid participate in the health insurance programs and make payments to the Insurance Trust Fund based on the amounts needed to make claim payments. Total contributions to the program during 2020 were \$1,987,753. The claims liability of \$93,906 reported in the Insurance Trust Fund at December 31, 2020, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, Risk Management Omnibus, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Estimates were calculated by using actual claims reports for several months following the balance sheet date. This estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the Insurance Trust Fund's claims liability amount for 2018, 2019, and 2020 were:

	_	Balance at eginning	Current Year	Claims	Balance at End of
Year	of Year Claims		Claims	Payments	Year
		_			
2018	\$	452,000	1,849,313	(2,202,313)	99,000
2019		99,000	2,359,601	(2,219,849)	238,752
2020		238,752	2,145,488	(2,290,334)	93,906

NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

Pensions and OPEB are components of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee - on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* and *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 16 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

City employees, other than full-time police, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan, and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Croup R

Croup C

Croup A

	Group A	Group B	Group C
	Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
	January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013 State and Local		ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
		State and Local	State and Local
	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
	Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	
	and Loca	1
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.00	%
Employee	10.00	%
2020 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	14.00	%
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	0.00	%
Total Employer	14.00	%
Employee	10.00	%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$1,001,210 for 2020. Of this amount, \$116,366 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Full-time police participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index over the 12 month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, is equal to 3 percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Police
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	19.50 %
Employee	12.25 %
2020 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	19.00 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %
Employee	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,208,638 for 2020. Of this amount, \$54,606 is reported as due to other governments.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Period	0.055598%	0.227735%	
Prior Measurement Period	 0.054399%	 0.229938%	
Change in Proportion	0.001199%	-0.002203%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 10,989,322	\$ 15,341,466	\$ 26,330,788
Pension Expense	\$ 2,327,524	\$ 2,242,433	\$ 4,569,957

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 OPERS	 OP&F	 Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 580,724	\$ 580,724
Changes of Assumptions	586,959	376,594	963,553
Changes in Proportionate Share	369,744	900,530	1,270,274
City Contributions Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 1,001,210	 1,208,638	 2,209,848
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,957,913	\$ 3,066,486	\$ 5,024,399
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 138,944	\$ 791,223	\$ 930,167
Net Difference between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	2,192,121	741,116	2,933,237
Changes in Proportionate Share	 	 253,346	 253,346
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,331,065	\$ 1,785,685	\$ 4,116,750

\$2,209,848 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS	OP&F	Total
2021	\$ 56,834	\$ 118,042	\$ 174,876
2022	(651,555)	152,316	(499,239)
2023	90,776	533,332	624,108
2024	(870,417)	(653,415)	(1,523,832)
2025	 	(78,112)	(78,112)
	\$ (1,374,362)	\$ 72,163	\$ (1,302,199)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2019 are presented below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Actuarial Information	Traditional Pension Plan
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,	3.25 percent to 10.75 percent
including wage inflation	(including wage inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	
Current Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Prior Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Cost-of-Living	Pre-1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent Simple
Adjustments	Post-1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent Simple
	through 2020, then 2.15 percent Simple

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from three percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 17.2 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.83 %
Domestic Equities	19.00	5.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.20
Private Equity	12.00	10.70
International Equities	21.00	7.66
Other Investments	13.00	4.98
Total	100.00 %	<u>5.61</u> %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	19	% Decrease	D:	scount Rate	1	% Increase
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability	\$	18,124,948	\$	10,989,322	\$	4,574,603

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of January 1, 2019, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method
Investment Rate of Return
Projected Salary Increases
Payroll Growth

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Entry Age Normal
8.00 percent
3.75 percent to 10.50 percent
3.25 percent per annum, compounded annually, consisting of inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase rate of 0.50 percent
3.00 percent simple;
2.20 percent simple for increases based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Real Rate of Return**	30 Year Expected Real Rate of Return**
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.10 %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	3.90	5.40
Non-U.S. Equity	16.00	4.70	5.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.10	8.00
Core Fixed Income*	23.00	1.10	2.70
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	2.50	4.70
Private Credit	5.00	4.80	5.50
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	0.40	2.50
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	8.00	5.80	6.60
Real Assets	8.00	6.90	7.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.40	6.40
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability	\$	21,262,739	\$	15,341,466	\$	10,388,909

^{*} Levered 2x

^{**} Numbers are net of expected inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 16 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 15 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2020, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2020 was 4.0 percent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2020.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2020, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$31,806 for 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Current Measurement Period	0.053898%	0.227735%	
Prior Measurement Period	 0.052140%	 0.229938%	
Change in Proportion	0.001758%	-0.002203%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
OPEB Liability	\$ 7,444,714	\$ 2,249,508	\$ 9,694,222
OPEB Expense	\$ 1,105,637	\$ 389,415	\$ 1,495,052

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_		
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 199	\$ -	\$ 199
Changes of Assumptions	1,178,419	1,315,151	2,493,570
Changes in Proportionate Share	274,242	805,227	1,079,469
City Contributions Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 	 31,806	 31,806
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,452,860	\$ 2,152,184	\$ 3,605,044
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 680,853	\$ 241,913	\$ 922,766
Net Difference between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	379,084	103,513	482,597
Changes of Assumptions	-	479,404	479,404
Changes in Proportionate Share	 	 13,073	 13,073
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,059,937	\$ 837,903	\$ 1,897,840

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

\$31,806 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS		OP&F		Total	
2021	\$ 406,934	\$	245,053	\$	651,987	
2022	147,675		245,055		392,730	
2023	300		266,286		266,586	
2024	(161,986)		232,813		70,827	
2025	-		240,434		240,434	
Thereafter	-		52,834		52,834	
	\$ 392,923	\$	1,282,475	\$	1,675,398	

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 percent to 10.75 percent (includes
Including Inflation	wage inflation at 3.25 percent)
Single Discount Rate:	
Current Measurement Date	3.16 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.96 percent
Investment Rate of Return	
Current Measurement Date	6.00 percent
Prior Measurement Date	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current Measurement Date	2.75 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.71 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current Measurement Date	10.50 percent, initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2030
Prior Measurement Date	10.00 percent, initial, 3.25 percent ultimate in 2029
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 19.7 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term			
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)			
Fixed Income	36.00 %	1.53 %			
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.75			
Real Estate Investment Trusts	6.00	5.69			
International Equities	23.00	7.66			
Other Investments	14.00	4.90			
Total	100.00 %	4.55 %			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	9,742,602	\$	7,444,714	\$	5,604,853

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2020 is 10.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	1	Trend Rate	1	% Increase
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	7,225,027	\$	7,444,714	\$	7,661,601

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Changes between Measurement Date and Reporting Date

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability.

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2019, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.50 percent
Payroll Growth	3.25 percent
Investment Rate of Return	
Currrent Measurement Date	8.00 percent
Prior Measurement Date	8.00 percent
Single Discount Rate:	
Currrent Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.66 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current Measurement Date	2.75 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.13 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple; 2.20 percent simple for increases based on the lessor of the increase in CPI and 3.00 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of December 31, 2019, are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Real Rate of Return**	30 Year Expected Real Rate of Return**
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.10 %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	3.90	5.40
Non-U.S. Equity	16.00	4.70	5.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.10	8.00
Core Fixed Income*	23.00	1.10	2.70
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	2.50	4.70
Private Credit	5.00	4.80	5.50
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	0.40	2.50
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	8.00	5.80	6.60
Real Assets	8.00	6.90	7.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.40	6.40
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent. For 2018, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.66 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent at December 31, 2019 and 4.13 percent at December 31, 2018, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 3.56 percent for 2019 and 4.66 percent for 2018. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2034. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.56 percent), or one percentage point higher (4.56 percent) than the current rate.

^{*} Levered 2x

^{**} Numbers are net of expected inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,789,245	\$	2,249,508	\$	1,801,024

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 17 – CONTRACTUAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

(a) Contractual Commitments

As of December 31, 2020, the City had contractual purchase commitments as follows:

	Contract	Amount		Balance
Vendor	Amount	 Expensed	1	2/31/2020
American Structurepoint	\$ 130,470	\$ \$ 108,568		21,902
Arcadis US, Inc.	275,000	240,821		34,179
Burgess & Nipple	39,000	29,668		9,332
Carpenter Marty Transp., Inc.	150,000	99,436		50,564
CDM Smith	28,100	-		28,100
Columbus Asphalt & Paving	873,050	830,638		42,412
Complete General Construction	55,000	53,766		1,234
Decker Construction	400,000	-		400,000
DLZ Ohio, Inc.	108,306	72,747		35,559
Elite Excavating Co.	1,110,770	688,915		421,855
E.P. Ferris & Associates, Inc.	95,000	58,292		36,708
Evans, Mechwart, Hambleton & Tilton	65,000	14,561		50,439
Facemyer Co.	167,042	-		167,042
Inland Waters Pollution	61,620	-		61,620
Insight Pipe Contracting, LLC	262,400	59,442		202,958
Jagger Construction	85,668	-		85,668
Janco LLC	61,886	-		61,886
MS Consultants, Inc.	62,527	55,246		7,281
Prime AE Group, Inc.	149,000	128,341		20,659
Sphere Electrical Contracting	34,600	33,180		1,420
Stantec Consulting Services	106,500	45,289		61,211
Strawser Paving Co.	287,440	206,104		81,336
Taplin Group, LLC	240,030	152,395		87,635
Thayer Power & Communication	2,892,444	1,674,138		1,218,306
The Kleingers Group	393,000	257,882		135,118
Trucco Construction	1,697,384	-		1,697,384
Tyler Technologies	504,506	-		504,506
URS Corporation	114,000	67,056		46,944
W. Erie Realty Solutions, LTD.	44,550	32,575		11,975
Woolpert	 27,500	 23,706		3,794
	\$ 10,521,793	\$ 4,932,766	\$	5,589,027

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(b) Other Commitments

As of December 31, 2020, the City had outstanding cash basis encumbrances in the governmental funds as follows:

	Governmental				
	Funds				
General Fund	\$	2,962,331			
TIF		2,918,274			
Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund		8,476,734			
Other Governmental Funds		1,412,757			
Total	\$	15,770,096			

NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES

- (a) Grants For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or their designees. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.
- **(b)** Litigation The City is a party to various legal proceedings. The City is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 19 – RELATED AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Hilliard Arts Council Corporation - The Hilliard Arts Council Corporation (the Corporation) is a separately created nonprofit (501(c)(3)) organization. The Corporation is governed by an eleven-member Board of Trustees appointed as follows: four members appointed by the Hilliard City Council, one member appointed by the Hilliard Area Chamber of Commerce, one member appointed by the Hilliard Recreation and Parks Director, one member appointed by the Hilliard City School District, and four members appointed by the Mayor of the City of Hilliard. The Trustees adopt their own budget, hire and fire their own staff, authorize expenditures, and do not rely on the City to finance deficits. The City cannot influence the Corporation's operations, nor does the Corporation represent a potential financial benefit or burden to the City.

Norwich Township - The City and Norwich Township entered into a Joint Construction and Management Agreement which provides for the renovation, construction, management and use of a combined fire and police facility. Renovation was completed in December of 2008 and the City moved to the new facility in early 2009. The facility houses Township administration offices, City of Hilliard Mayor's Court, City of Hilliard Police Department, City of Hilliard Communications and Norwich Township Fire Department. In addition to the joint agreement, the City provides police services to the unincorporated areas of the Township through a separate agreement and dispatching services for the fire department under a separate agreement. The Township provides fire protection and emergency medical services to the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the Township.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Central Ohio Interoperable Radio System - The Central Ohio Interoperable Radio System (COIRS) is a jointly governed organization between the City of Dublin, City of Worthington and Delaware County (the "members"). The intent of the COIRS is for the members to share in providing the financial resources and infrastructure needed to operate a digital 800MHZ public safety radio system used for dispatching emergency response and law enforcement services across the member jurisdictions. The COIRS is contracted by a Governing Board consisting of the County Administrator and the city managers for each city, or their representative. Each member's ability to influence the operations of COIRS is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Appropriations are adopted by the Governing Board who exercised control over the operation and maintenance of COIRS. Each member initially contributed radio system infrastructure assets, and annually, are assessed a required contribution based on its utilization of the system and related operating costs. In April 2014, the City of Hilliard made a one-time, lump sum cash contribution of \$2,006,865 to become a member of COIRS. The City of Dublin serves as the fiscal agent. Financial information may be obtained from the City of Dublin, 5200 Emerald Parkway, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 20 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

	General		Capital Improvement	Other Governmental	
	Fund	TIF	Municipal Tax	Funds	Total
Nonspendable for:					
Prepaid Items	126,900	_	15,352	7,578	149,830
Total Nonspendable	126,900		15,352	7,578	149,830
Restricted for:					
Infrastructure Improvements	-	5,171,793	-	3,578,713	8,750,506
Public Safety Programs	-	-	-	249,044	249,044
Capital Outlay	-	-	30,441,144	-	30,441,144
Other	-	-	-	54,273	54,273
Justice				38,012	38,012
Total Restricted		5,171,793	30,441,144	3,920,042	39,532,979
Committed for:					
Utility Operations	-	-	-	2,235,779	2,235,779
Park Maintenance	-	-	-	62,035	62,035
Infrastructure Improvements				3,479,059	3,479,059
Total Committed				5,776,873	5,776,873
Assigned:					
Encumbrances	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	449,008	-	-	-	449,008
Public Health	2,184	-	-	-	2,184
Leisure Time Activities	294,398	-	-	-	294,398
Community Environment	529,933	-	-	-	529,933
General Government	972,284	-	-	-	972,284
Transportation	2,462	-	-	-	2,462
Subsequent Year Appropriations	593,191				593,191
Total Assigned	2,843,460				2,843,460
Unassigned	19,144,690				19,144,690
Total Fund Balance	\$ 22,115,050	\$ 5,171,793	\$ 30,456,496	\$ 9,704,493	\$ 67,447,832

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 21 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the year ended December 31, 2020 the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*.

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the City will no longer be reporting agency funds. The City reviewed its funds for proper classification, and any fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the City's financial statements (see below).

Restatement of Net Position/Fund Balances

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on net position as reported December 31, 2019:

	Governmental				
		Activities			
Net Position, December 31, 2019	\$	206,179,530			
GASB Statement No. 84		402,913			
Restated Net Position, December 31, 2019	\$	206,582,443			

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fund balance as reported December 31, 2019:

		General			
	Fund				
Fund Balance, December 31, 2019	\$	16,776,538			
GASB Statement No. 84		402,913			
Restated Fund Balance, December 31, 2019	\$	17,179,451			

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fiduciary net position as reported December 31, 2019:

	Fiduciary Funds								
Net Position, December 31, 2019	Age	Cu	ıstodial						
	\$	0	\$	0					
GASB Statement No. 84		0		150					
Adjustments:									
Assets		(601,616)		0					
Liabilities		601,616		0					
Restated Net Position, December 31, 2019	\$	0	\$	150					

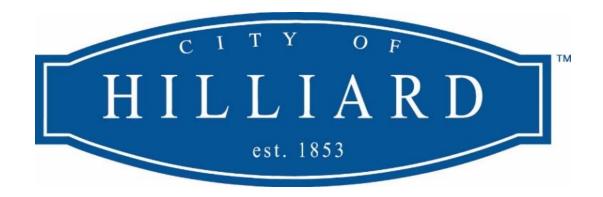
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 22 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The City's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. During 2020, the City received Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Of this amount, \$429,428 was sub-awarded to other organizations. These amounts are reflected as general government expenditures within the Local Coronavirus Relief Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 23 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On February 18, 2021, the City issued \$1,500,000 in General Obligation Infrastructure Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes for the purpose of designing, engineering, constructing, and reconstruction various infrastructure improvements. The notes carry an interest rate of 1.125 percent.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Last Seven Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0555980%	0.0543990%	0.0504760%	0.047571%	0.047377%	0.043891%	0.043891%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,989,322	\$ 14,898,783	\$ 7,918,774	\$ 10,802,655	\$ 8,206,216	\$ 5,293,745	\$ 5,174,177
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,150,121	\$ 7,427,050	\$ 6,663,515	\$ 6,203,208	\$ 5,895,875	\$ 5,381,025	\$ 5,221,423
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	134.84%	200.60%	118.84%	174.15%	139.19%	98.38%	99.10%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.17%	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Last Seven Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.227735%	0.229938%	0.212170%	0.206897%	0.215574%	0.206632%	0.266320%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,341,466	\$ 18,769,017	\$ 13,021,807	\$ 13,104,630	\$ 13,868,027	\$ 10,704,384	\$ 10,063,612
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,034,857	\$ 5,790,363	\$ 5,180,279	\$ 4,974,232	\$ 4,856,900	\$ 4,551,263	\$ 4,248,693
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	254.21%	324.14%	251.37%	263.45%	285.53%	235.20%	236.86%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.89%	63.07%	70.91%	68.36%	66.77%	72.20%	73.00%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,001,210	\$ 1,141,017	\$ 1,039,787	\$ 866,257	\$ 744,385	\$ 707,505	\$ 645,723	\$ 678,785	\$ 678,683	\$ 577,815	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	1,001,210	1,141,017	1,039,787	866,257	744,385	707,505	645,723	678,785	678,683	577,815	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,151,500	\$ 8,150,121	\$ 7,427,050	\$ 6,663,515	\$ 6,203,208	\$ 5,895,875	\$ 5,381,025	\$ 5,221,423	\$ 6,786,830	\$ 5,778,150	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	10.00%	10.00%	

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,208,638	\$ 1,146,623	\$ 1,100,169	\$ 984,253	\$ 945,104	\$ 922,811	\$ 864,740	\$ 674,834	\$ 544,150	\$ 511,223
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	1,208,638	1,146,623	1,100,169	984,253	945,104	922,811	864,740	674,834	544,150	511,223
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,361,251	\$ 6,034,857	\$ 5,790,363	\$ 5,180,279	\$ 4,974,232	\$ 4,856,900	\$ 4,551,263	\$ 4,248,693	\$ 4,267,843	\$ 4,009,592
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	15.88%	12.75%	12.75%

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Last Four Years (1)

		2020		2019		2018	_	2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.053898%		0.052140%		0.048480%		0.	.0464640%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	7,444,714	\$	6,797,825	\$	5,264,532	\$	4,692,977
City's Covered Payroll	\$	8,150,121	\$	7,427,050	\$	6,663,515	\$	6,203,208
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		91.34%		91.53%		79.01%		75.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		47.80%		46.33%		54.14%		54.05%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Last Four Years (1)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0	0.227735%	C	0.229938%	0	.212170%	0	.206897%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,249,508	\$	2,093,938	\$	12,021,233	\$	9,820,922
City's Covered Payroll	\$	6,034,857	\$	5,790,363	\$	5,180,279	\$	4,974,232
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		37.28%		36.16%		232.06%		197.44%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		47.08%		46.57%		14.13%		18.96%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City OPEB Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,314	\$ 124,064	\$ 117,918	\$ 107,621	\$ 52,214	\$ 274,473	\$ 231,126
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution			- _	68,314	124,064	117,918	107,621	52,214	274,473	231,126
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,151,500	\$ 8,150,121	\$ 7,427,050	\$ 6,663,515	\$ 6,203,208	\$ 5,895,875	\$ 5,381,025	\$ 5,221,423	\$ 6,786,830	\$ 5,778,150
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	1.00%	4.04%	4.00%

City of Hilliard, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City OPEB Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Last Ten Years

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	31,806	\$	30,174	\$	28,952	\$	25,813	\$	24,871	\$	24,285	\$	22,756	\$	153,803	\$	288,079	\$	270,647
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		31,806		30,174		28,952		25,813		24,871		24,285		22,756		153,803		288,079		270,647
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered Payroll	\$ 6	,361,251	\$ 6	,034,857	\$ 5	,790,363	\$ 5	5,180,279	\$ 4	4,974,232	\$ 4	1,856,900	\$ 4	,551,263	\$ 4	1,248,693	\$ 4	4,267,843	\$ 4	1,009,592
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		3.62%		6.75%		6.75%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions – OPERS

For fiscal year 2019, the single discount rate changed from 7.50 percent to 7.20 percent.

Amounts reported in calendar year 2017 reflect an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement and mortality to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table and RP-2014 Disabled mortality table. The following reductions were also made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent
- Wage inflation rate from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent
- Price inflation from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from three percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

Changes in Assumptions – OP&F

For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OP&F

No significant changes in benefit terms.

NOTE 2 – NET OPEB LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

For calendar year 2020, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.71 percent to 2.75 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 10.00 percent to 10.50 percent

For calendar year 2019, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.85 percent to 3.96 percent
- Investment rate of return from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.31 percent to 3.71 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 7.50 percent to 10.00 percent

For calendar year 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23 percent to 3.85 percent.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

No significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes in Assumptions – OP&F

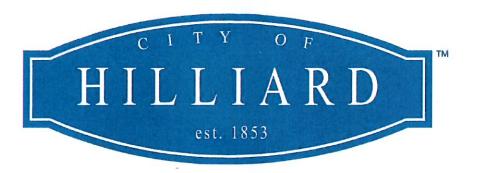
For calendar year 2020, the single discount rate decreased from 4.66 percent to 3.56 percent and the municipal bond rate from 4.13 percent to 2.75 percent.

For calendar year 2019, the discount rate increased from 3.24 percent to 4.66 percent and the municipal bond rate from 3.16 percent to 4.13 percent.

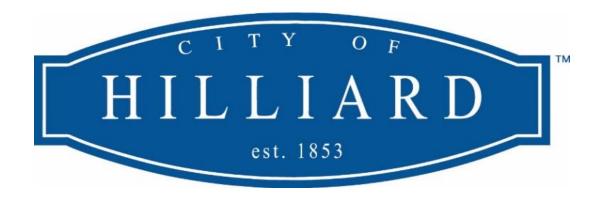
For calendar year 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79 percent to 3.24 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OP&F

Beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.



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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

The <u>General Fund</u> is the operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, certain funds that the City prepares legally adopted budgets for no longer meet the definition to be reported as Special Revenue Funds and have been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. The City has only presented the budget schedules for these funds:

The <u>Construction Inspection Fund</u> accounts for the construction inspection fees paid by developers. Expenditures are payments to the inspectors.

The <u>Police Benevolent Fund</u> accounts for various donations and fees received by the City for police-related programs that include Safety Town, DARE, and Police K-9.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, a fund no longer meets the definition to be reported as a Custodial Fund and has been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 84 was implemented in 2020. As a result, this formal custodial fund was not required to be budgeted in 2020.

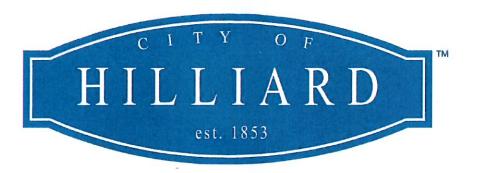
The **Escrow Fund** accounts for the collection and disbursement of charges for plumbing and electrical inspections provided by the City of Columbus, Franklin County Board of Health, and electrical contractors. This fund also accounts for the collection and remittance of sewer capacity charges and public service department deposits.

Major Special Revenue Fund:

The <u>Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> accounts for real estate taxes received from various business owners to be used for City-owned infrastructure improvements that will benefit the business owners' property.

Major Capital Project Fund:

The <u>Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund</u> accounts for 25 percent of the City's income tax collections and impact fees which are used for various capital improvements.



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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUNDS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Final		Variance
_	Budget	Actual	(Over)/Under
Revenues:			
Property and other taxes	\$ 1,710,446	\$ 1,571,670	\$ (138,776)
Municipal income taxes	18,850,443	20,002,095	1,151,652
Charges for services	4,728,040	3,019,541	(1,708,499)
Licenses and permits	1,206,500	1,063,491	(143,009)
Fines and forfeitures	350,000	137,939	(212,061)
Intergovernmental	638,212	688,469	50,257
Investment earnings	1,203,000	767,762	(435,238)
Miscellaneous	153,000	231,298	78,298
Total Revenues	28,839,641	27,482,265	(1,357,376)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government			
Mayor: Personal Services	250 197	227 459	22.720
	250,187	227,458	22,729
Materials and Supplies	5,925	4,276	1,649
Total Mayor	256,112	231,734	24,378
City Council:	245 220	226 102	10.127
Personal Services	345,229	326,102	19,127
Contractual Services	423,347	142,098	281,249
Materials and Supplies	123,848	114,103	9,745
Total City Council	892,424	582,303	310,121
Clerk of Courts:			
Personal Services	226,441	203,803	22,638
Contractual Services	143,196	90,352	52,844
Materials and Supplies	24,440	18,872	5,568
Total Clerk of Courts:	394,077	313,027	81,050
Law:			
Personal Services	267,556	261,405	6,151
Contractual Services	378,309	304,607	73,702
Materials and Supplies	10,942	5,352	5,590
Total Law	656,807	571,364	85,443
Finance:			
Personal Services	831,849	730,549	101,300
Contractual Services	115,303	53,846	61,457
Materials and Supplies	47,621	31,110	16,511
Other Expenditures	116,109	64,877	51,232
Total Finance	1,110,882	880,382	230,500
Economic Development:			
Personal Services	169,148	149,138	20,010
Contractual Services	55,712	24,752	30,960
Materials and Supplies	23,550	14,216	9,334
Total Economic Development	248,410	188,106	60,304
City Clerk:			
Contractual Services	2,825	2,176	649
Materials and Supplies	13,050	4,287	8,763
Total City Clerk	15,875	6,463	9,412
Human Resources:			
Personal Services	412,880	268,604	144,276
Contractual Services	91,702	89,774	1,928
Materials and Supplies	17,432	4,793	12,639
Total Human Resources	522,014	363,171	158,843
	,	***,*	,

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUNDS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Public Building and Land: Personal Services 310,933 309,973 9 Contractual Services 162,984 148,947 14,0 Materials and Supplies 48,866 40,650 8.2 Utilities 671,581 626,589 44,9 Total Public Building and Land 1,194,364 1,126,159 68,2 Information Technology: Personal Services 475,872 443,616 32,2 Contractual Services 748,057 700,437 47,6 Materials and Supplies 36,576 22,3456 11,1 Total Information Technology 1,260,505 1,169,509 90,9 Communications: Personal Services 338,109 305,438 32,6 Contractual Services 39,487 22,125 17,3 Materials and Supplies 33,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: Personal Services 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: Personal Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Personal Services 11,159,42 1,104,077 41,8 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,79 315,139 39,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total General Government 2,251,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Personal Services 3,67,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 2,268,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 506,844 249,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 506,847 293,306 215,5 Utilities 333,73		Final		Variance
Personal Services 310,933 309,973 9 Contractual Services 16,2984 148,947 14,0 Materials and Supplies 48,866 40,650 8,2 Utilities 671,811 626,589 44,9 Total Public Building and Land 1,194,346 1,126,159 68,2 Information Technology: Personal Services 748,057 700,437 47,6 Materials and Supplies 36,576 25,456 11,1 Total Information Technology 1,260,505 1,169,509 90,9 Communications: Personal Services 338,109 305,438 32,6 Contractual Services 339,487 22,125 17,3 Materials and Supplies 33,888 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: Personal Services 994,312 721,339 272,3 General Administration: Personal Services 994,312 721,339 272,3 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,303,13 153,8 Total General Government 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836	D.11. D.31.	Budget	Actual	(Over)/Under
Contractual Services	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	210.022	200.072	060
Materials and Supplies 48,866 40,650 8.2 Utilities 671,81 626,889 44,9 Total Public Building and Land 1,194,364 1,126,159 68,2 Information Technology: 8 2 443,616 32,2 Personal Services 748,057 700,437 47,6 Materials and Supplies 36,576 25,456 11,1 Total Information Technology 1,260,505 1,169,509 900 Communications: 9 338,109 305,438 32,6 Personal Services 33,848 22,125 17,3 Materials and Supplies 93,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 22,0 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 22,3 General Administration 2,674,745 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 99,				960
Total Public Building and Land 1,194,364 1,126,159 68,2				
Total Public Building and Land	**	,		
Information Technology: Personal Services 475,872 443,616 32,2 Contractual Services 748,057 700,437 47,6 Materials and Supplies 36,576 25,456 11,1 Total Information Technology 1,260,505 1,169,509 90,9 Communications: Personal Services 338,109 305,438 32,6 Contractual Services 39,487 22,125 17,3 Materials and Supplies 93,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: Personal Services 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: Personal Services 95,724 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: Personal Services 11,45,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3,193,041 1,293,260 1,258,6 Total General Government 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Security of Persons and Property 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Security of Persons and Property 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 2,663,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 59,436 24,4065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total L				68,205
Personal Services 445,872 443,016 32,2	-	1,171,501	1,120,137	00,203
Contractual Services 748,057 700,437 47,6 Materials and Supplies 36,576 22,456 11,1 Total Information Technology 1,260,505 1,169,509 90,9 Communications: 338,109 305,438 32,6 Personal Services 39,487 22,125 17,3 Materials and Supplies 93,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: 19,039 109,085 99,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: 95,724 82,407 13,3 Personal Services 994,312 721,339 272,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Total General Administration		475.872	443,616	32,256
Materials and Supplies 36,576 25,456 11,1 Total Information Technology 1,260,505 1,160,509 90,9 Communications: 9 90,9 Personal Services 338,109 305,438 32,6 Contractual Services 39,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: 95,724 82,407 13,3 General Administration: 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 135,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>47,620</td>				47,620
Total Information Technology 1,260,505 1,169,509 90,9 Communications: 9 338,109 305,438 32,6 Contractual Services 39,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: 95,724 82,407 13,3 Personal Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 133,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property; Police: 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Police: 1,251,943 11,293,260 1,258,6	Materials and Supplies			11,120
Communications: Personal Services 338,109 305,438 32,125 17,3 Materials and Supplies 93,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: Personal Services 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 22,70 13,3 22,0 10 10,087 22,0 10 20 20 10 20 20 13,3 20 21,792 13,0 21,792 13,0 21,792 13,0 22,20 30 40,746 38,459 2,22 20,0 20 40,746 38,459 2,22 20 20 20 40,746 38,459 2,2 20 20 20 20 40,746 38,459 2,2 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	**		1,169,509	90,996
Contractual Services 39,487 22,125 17,3 Materials and Supplies 93,868 75,072 18,7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions:	Communications:			
Materials and Supplies 93,868 75,072 18.7 Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68,8 Boards and Commissions: **** **** **** 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 73,1 73,0 73,1	Personal Services	338,109	305,438	32,671
Total Communications 471,464 402,635 68.8 Boards and Commissions: Personal Services 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: Personal Services 95,724 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Poster Sepondisters 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 11,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 <td< td=""><td>Contractual Services</td><td>39,487</td><td>22,125</td><td>17,362</td></td<>	Contractual Services	39,487	22,125	17,362
Boards and Commissions: Personal Services 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: 995,724 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Administration 2,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: 2,232,518 442,2 Police: 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 11,459,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9	Materials and Supplies	93,868	75,072	18,796
Personal Services 119,039 109,085 9,9 Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: 95,724 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: *** Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 11,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Police 367,836 362,681	Total Communications	471,464	402,635	68,829
Materials and Supplies 34,850 21,792 13,0 Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration: Personal Services 95,724 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,30,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: Property: Police: Property: Police: 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 11,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 44 2,232,212 1,144,94 1,104,077 41,8 44 2,232,12 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 1,258,6 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Total Boards and Commissions 153,889 130,877 23,0 General Administration:		119,039	109,085	9,954
Personal Services 95,724 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Poblice 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Security of Persons and Property 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Security of Persons and Property 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total County Public Health: Countractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 508,547 293,396 215,1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation	**			13,058
Personal Services 95,724 82,407 13,3 Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Public Health: 2 2 5 5 Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,		153,889	130,877	23,012
Contractual Services 994,312 721,339 272,9 Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 2559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractua	Concrete Flammandument			
Materials and Supplies 40,746 38,459 2,2 Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: Country Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 <				13,317
Other Expenditures 1,543,963 1,390,313 153,6 Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,633,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Security of Persons and Property 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Presonal Services 2,865,442				272,973
Total General Administration 2,674,745 2,232,518 442,2 Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3 Security of Persons and Property: Police: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8	**			2,287
Total General Government 9,851,568 8,198,248 1,653,3				153,650
Security of Persons and Property: Police: Personal Services				
Police: Personal Services 11,030,363 9,873,876 1,156,4 Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: County Public Health: 2 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393	Total General Government	9,851,568	8,198,248	1,653,320
Contractual Services 1,145,942 1,104,077 41,8 Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Security of Persons and Property 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: County Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Ta	Police:			
Materials and Supplies 375,079 315,139 59,9 Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Total Security of Persons and Property 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: County Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7		11,030,363	9,873,876	1,156,487
Other Expenditures 559 168 3 Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: County Public Health: 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7				41,865
Total Police 12,551,943 11,293,260 1,258,6 Public Health: County Public Health: 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 8 8 5,1 Recreation: 9ersonal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 10 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7				59,940
Public Health: County Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 10 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation 1,258,60 1,550,7 Transportation 1,255,194 1,255,194 1,255,194 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation 1,255,194 1,255,194 1,255,194 Transportation 1,255,194 1,255,194 1,255,194 Total Recreation 1,255,194 1,255,194 1,255,194 Transportation 1,255,194	•			391
Public Health: County Public Health: 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 8 8 Recreation: 990,2 990,2 Contractual Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 10 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7				
Country Public Health: Contractual Services 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 10 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7	Total Security of Fersons and Froperty	12,331,743	11,293,200	1,230,003
Total County Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7	· ·			
Total Public Health 367,836 362,681 5,1 Leisure Time Activities 8 8 1,875,196 990,2 990,2 1,875,196 990,2 990,2 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 2,868,8 240,000 286,8 2,865,442 2,93,396 215,1 2,51,				5,155
Leisure Time Activities Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7	•			5,155
Recreation: Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7	Total Public Health	367,836	362,681	5,155
Personal Services 2,865,442 1,875,196 990,2 Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7				
Contractual Services 526,843 240,000 286,8 Materials and Supplies 508,547 293,396 215,1 Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7		2,865,442	1,875,196	990,246
Utilities 333,733 275,293 58,4 Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 1 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation Transportation 1,550,7 1,550,7	Contractual Services			286,843
Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 10 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation Transportation 1,550,7 1,550,7	Materials and Supplies			215,151
Other Expenditures 6,500 6,393 10 Total Recreation 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 Transportation Transportation 1,550,7 1,550,7	Utilities	333,733	275,293	58,440
Total Leisure Time Activities 4,241,065 2,690,278 1,550,7 <u>Transportation</u>	Other Expenditures	6,500	6,393	107
Transportation	Total Recreation	4,241,065	2,690,278	1,550,787
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total Leisure Time Activities	4,241,065	2,690,278	1,550,787
Mobility:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Demonal Company 24 220 22 044 24	•	24.220	22.044	2.176
				2,176
	•			2,176 2,176
27,220 22,044 2,1	Total Hansportation		22,077	2,1/0

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUNDS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Final		Variance
	Budget	Actual	(Over)/Under
Community Environment:			
Service/Engineer:			
Personal Services	603,053	507,964	95,089
Contractual Services	2,554,517	2,482,677	71,840
Materials and Supplies	49,596	18,597	30,999
Total Service/Engineer	3,207,166	3,009,238	197,928
Building Inspection:			
Personal Services	876,532	689,301	187,231
Contractual Services	35,153	21,629	13,524
Materials and Supplies	39,031	30,856	8,175
Other Expenditures	2,000	-	2,000
Total Building Inspection	952,716	741,786	210,930
Planning:			
Personal Services	102,821	100,528	2,293
Total Planning	102,821	100,528	2,293
Total Community Environment	4,262,703	3,851,552	411,151
Total Expenditures	31,299,335	26,418,063	4,881,272
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,459,694)	1,064,202	3,523,896
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Sale of Capital Assets	10,000	839	(9,161)
Transfers Out	(2,062,117)	(2,000,001)	62,116
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,052,117)	(1,999,162)	52,955
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,511,811)	(934,960)	3,576,851
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	12,833,280	12,833,280	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,591,872	2,591,872	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 10,913,341	\$ 14,490,192	\$ 3,576,851

(Concluded)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION FUND (1) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Final			,	Variance
	Budget			Actual	(O	ver)/Under
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	695,000	\$	219,670	\$	(475,330)
Miscellaneous		110,000		175,200		65,200
Total Revenues		805,000		394,870		(410,130)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community Environment:						
Personal Services		331,305		292,726		38,579
Contractual Services		740,381		365,381		375,000
Materials and Supplies		6,578		2,012		4,566
Total Expenditures		1,078,264		660,119		418,145
Net Change in Fund Balances		(273,264)		(265,249)		8,015
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,314		1,314		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		274,982		274,982		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	3,032	\$	11,047	\$	8,015

⁽¹⁾ For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL POLICE BENEVOLENT FUND (1) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Final udget		Actual	ariance er)/Under
Revenues:	Budget):
Charges for services	\$	15,000	\$	90	\$ (14,910)
Miscellaneous		10,000		7,915	(2,085)
Total Revenues		25,000		8,005	(16,995)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Contractual Services		10,418		2,418	8,000
Materials and Supplies		14,618		3,506	11,112
Total Expenditures		25,036		5,924	19,112
Net Change in Fund Balances		(36)		2,081	2,117
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		22,963		22,963	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,036		1,036	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	23,963	\$	26,080	\$ 2,117

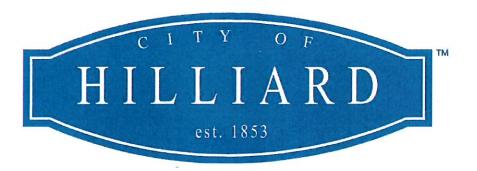
⁽¹⁾ For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUNDS - TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

D		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance /er)/Under
Revenues: Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	10,184,000	\$	10,175,566	\$	(9.424)
Intergovernmental	Ф	407,000	Ф	163,935	Ф	(8,434) (243,065)
Total Revenues		10,591,000		103,933		
Total Revenues		10,391,000		10,559,501		(251,499)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Other Expenditures		2,909,700		2,875,484		34,216
Total General Government		2,909,700		2,875,484		34,216
Transportation:						
Other Expenditures		7,838,000		7,416,530		421,470
Total Transportation		7,838,000		7,416,530		421,470
D L G						
Debt Service:		225 000		225 000		
Principal retirement		235,000		235,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		65,000		63,231		1,769
Total Debt Service		300,000		298,231		1,769
Total Expenditures		11,047,700		10,590,245		457,455
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(456,700)		(250,744)		205,956
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers Out		(604,674)		(604,674)		_
Total Other Financing Uses		(604,674)		(604,674)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,061,374)		(855,418)		205,956
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		3,108,936		3,108,936		_
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,047,562	\$	2,253,518	\$	205,956

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUNDS - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT MUNICIPAL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance (Over)/Under
Revenues:			
Municipal income taxes	\$ 7,250,170	\$ 7,699,354	\$ 449,184
Charges for services	-	6,809	6,809
Licenses and permits	50,000	25,704	(24,296)
Intergovernmental	-	40,000	40,000
Miscellaneous	32,000	86,794	54,794
Total Revenues	7,332,170	7,858,661	526,491
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government:			
Contractual Services	492,169	433,981	58,188
Other Expenditures	244,193	237,604	6,589
Capital Outlay	5,461,370	5,256,294	205,076
Total General Government	6,197,732	5,927,879	269,853
Security of Persons and Property:	010.520	7(0.5(0	40.070
Capital Outlay	819,538	769,560	49,978
Total Security of Persons and Property Leisure Time Activities:	819,538	769,560	49,978
Capital Outlay	2 217 557	2 702 902	614 755
Total Leisure Time Activities	3,317,557	2,702,802	614,755
Community Environment:	3,317,557	2,702,802	614,755
Capital Outlay	3,272,304	2,965,554	306,750
Total Community Environment	3,272,304	2,965,554	306,750
Basic Utility Services:	3,272,304	2,703,334	300,730
Contractual Services	15,000	_	15,000
Capital Outlay	2,171,042	897,020	1,274,022
Total Basic Utility Services	2,186,042	897,020	1,289,022
Transportation:	2,100,042	077,020	1,207,022
Contractual Services	636,902	470,745	166,157
Capital Outlay	7,615,576	5,434,404	2,181,172
Total Transportation	8,252,478	5,905,149	2,347,329
D.L.Co.			
Debt Service:	0.416.176	0.416.176	
Principal retirement	8,416,176	8,416,176	792 501
Interest and fiscal charges Total Debt Service	2,850,669	2,067,168	783,501
Total Expenditures	11,266,845	10,483,344	783,501
Total Expenditures	35,312,496	29,651,308	5,661,188
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(27,980,326)	(21,792,647)	6,187,679
Other Financing Sources:			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,000	11,883,786	11,880,786
Proceeds of notes	1,500,000	5,339,000	3,839,000
Proceeds of loans	1,500,000	341,626	(1,158,374)
Sale of bonds	11,605,000	7,605,000	(4,000,000)
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	(4,403,555)	(4,403,555)	-
Premium on issuance of bonds	995,000	876,550	(118,450)
Transfers in	4,000,000	2,604,675	(1,395,325)
Total Other Financing Sources	15,199,445	24,247,082	9,047,637
Net Change in Fund Balances	(12,780,881)	2,454,435	15,235,316
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	8,742,162	8,742,162	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	10,324,092	10,324,092	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 6,285,373	\$ 21,520,689	\$ 15,235,316



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CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

The following are descriptions of each Special Revenue Fund:

The <u>Street Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> accounts for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of streets within the City.

The <u>County Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax Fund</u> accounts for funds received from the City's permissive motor vehicle license tax and from the County's permissive motor vehicle license tax restricted for use of maintaining certain roadways within the City.

The <u>Street Improvement Municipal Tax Fund</u> accounts for a portion of the City's income tax collections to be used for repair and improvement of streets and highways. In 2018, 3% of income tax collections were deposited into the fund.

The <u>Park Maintenance Fund</u> accounts for public use fees collected on all lots developed in the City and the expenditures for all park maintenance, repair, and upkeep.

The <u>Police Fund</u> accounts for financial resources used to educate and treat persons with alcohol-related problems, to enhance law enforcement activities as a deterrent to the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol, to account for mandatory drug fines, and to account for proceeds received from the sale of property received as a result of the Safety Department's participation in drug investigations or confiscated during drug-related arrests.

The <u>Mayor's Court Computer Fund</u> accounts for financial resources used to address the needs of defendants with substance abuse disorders who face criminal charges by establishing effective treatment as an alternative to incarceration.

The <u>Hilliard Recovery Court Fund</u> accounts for court fees to be used to maintain and upgrade the computer system in the Mayor's Court.

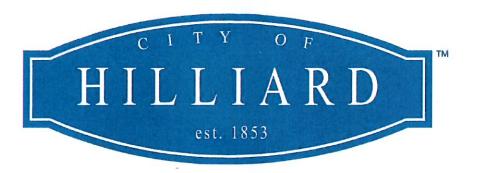
The <u>General Government Grants Fund</u> accounts for revenue and expenditures related to grants received from various sources.

The <u>Heritage Trail Dog Park Fund</u> accounts for the receipt and expenditure of donations for the construction of the Heritage Trail Dog Park.

The <u>Local Coronavirus Relief Fund</u> accounts for State and federal emergency relief grants related to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

The <u>Water and Sewer Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for water and sewer tap fees and water and sewer surcharge revenues collected by the City of Columbus for the City of Hilliard. These revenues are used for upgrading and making minor repairs to water and sewer lines.

The <u>Storm Water Utility Fund</u> accounts for storm water utility fees which are used to maintain and upgrade the storm water drainage systems.



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CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Street Maintenance and Repair			County Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax		Street nprovement unicipal Tax	Park Maintenance		Police		Mayor's Court Computer	
Assets												
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,355,253	\$	672,755	\$	2,636,128	\$	61,935	\$	204,268	\$	43,401
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent		-		338,337		-		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Municipal income taxes		-		-		903,949		-				-
Accounts		1,111		-		-		-		1,375		-
Due from other governments		986,019		143,023		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
Prepaid items	_	408	_	-	_	-				-		5,946
Total assets		3,342,791	\$	1,154,115		3,540,077	\$	61,935	\$	205,643	\$	49,347
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	5,934	\$	20,907	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits		24,105		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		6,894		-		-		-		-		-
Matured compensated absences		10,889		-		-		-		-		-
Retainage payable												
Total liabilities		41,888		5,934		20,907						
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable Revenue		637,896		232,067		40,111		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		637,896		232,067		40,111		-		-		-
Fund Balance												
Nonspendable												
Prepaids		408		_		-		_		-		5,946
Restricted												
Infrastructure improvements		2,662,599		916,114		-		-		-		-
Public safety programs		-		-		-		-		205,643		43,401
Other		-		-		-		-		-		-
Justice		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed												
Utility operations		-		-		-		-		-		-
Infrastructure improvements		-		-		3,479,059		-		-		-
Park maintenance		<u> </u>		-				61,935				
Total fund balances		2,663,007		916,114		3,479,059		61,935		205,643		49,347
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources, and fund balances		3,342,791	\$	1,154,115	\$	3,540,077	\$	61,935	\$	205,643	\$	49,347

Re	filliard ecovery Court	General Government Grants		Tra	ritage il Dog Park	Cor	Local ronavirus Relief	Water nd Sewer Revenue	 Storm Water Utility	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	41,338	\$	32,252	\$	100	\$	22,021	\$ 806,603	\$ 1,404,126	\$	8,280,180 338,337
\$	41,338	\$	32,252	\$	100	\$	22,021	\$ 52,301 - 816 859,720	\$ 57,794 - 408 1,462,328	\$	903,949 112,581 1,129,042 7,578 10,771,667
\$	3,326 - - - - - 3,326	\$	- - - - - -	\$		\$	- - - - - -	\$ 120 31,682 9,072 14,706 2,036 57,616	\$ 1,340 14,586 4,150 7,353	\$	31,627 70,373 20,116 32,948 2,036 157,100
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	_	910,074 910,074
	-		-		-		-	816	408		7,578
	38,012		32,252		- - -		- - 22,021 -	- - -	- - -		3,578,713 249,044 54,273 38,012
	38,012		32,252		100		22,021	801,288 - - 802,104	1,434,491 - - 1,434,899		2,235,779 3,479,059 62,035 9,704,493
\$	41,338	\$	32,252	\$	100	\$	22,021	 859,720	\$ 1,462,328	\$	10,771,667

(Concluded)

CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Street Maintenance and Repair	County Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax	Street Improvement Municipal Tax	Park Maintenance	Police	Mayor's Court Computer
Revenues						
Municipal income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,533,124	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	51,684	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	33,801	10,306
Intergovernmental	2,141,262	436,807	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	13,395	4,102	-	-	-	-
Other	43,295	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	2,197,952	440,909	3,533,124	51,684	33,801	10,306
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	148,541	-	50	18,252
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	-	22,564	-
Leisure time activities	-	-	-	89,931	_	-
Basic utility services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	1,733,651	206,408	2,469,252	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	3,421	-	228,500	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	518	-	71,025	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,737,590	206,408	2,917,318	89,931	22,614	18,252
Net change in fund balances	460,362	234,501	615,806	(38,247)	11,187	(7,946)
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,202,645	681,613	2,863,253	100,182	194,456	57,293
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,663,007	\$ 916,114	\$ 3,479,059	\$ 61,935	\$ 205,643	\$ 49,347

Hilliard Recovery Court		General Government Grants		Heritage Trail Dog Park		Local Coronavirus Relief		Water and Sewer Revenue		Storm Water Utility		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1 905 045	\$	1 176 004	\$	3,533,124
	-		-		-		-		1,805,045		1,176,084		3,032,813 44,107
	60,438		3,453		-	2.2	82,794		-		-		5,024,754
	00,436		3,433		_	2,3	-		_		_		17,497
	_		_		_		_		1,063		_		44,358
	60,438		3,453			2,3	82,794		1,806,108		1,176,084		11,696,653
	68,735		-		-	,	965,513 190,059		-		-		2,201,091 412,623
	_		_		_		5,201		_		_		95,132
	-		-		-		-		1,478,800		958,533		2,437,333
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,409,311
	-		-		-		-		118,500		_		350,421
	-		-		-		-		92,494		-		164,037
	68,735					2,3	60,773		1,689,794		958,533		10,069,948
	(8,297)		3,453		-		22,021		116,314		217,551		1,626,705
	46,309		28,799		100		-		685,790		1,217,348		8,077,788
\$	38,012	\$	32,252	\$	100	\$	22,021	\$	802,104	\$	1,434,899	\$	9,704,493

(Concluded)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance (Over)/Under	
Revenues:	Dudget	Actual	(Over)/Olider	
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,185,000	\$ 2,149,438	\$ (35,562)	
Investment earnings	30,000	13,395	(16,605)	
Miscellaneous	50,000	48,482	(1,518)	
Total Revenues	2,265,000	2,211,315	(53,685)	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation:				
Personal Services	1,109,771	846,772	262,999	
Contractual Services	366,669	259,468	107,201	
Materials and Supplies	776,027	533,345	242,682	
Other Expenditures	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay	629,861	484,997	144,864	
Total Transportation	2,882,328	2,124,582	757,746	
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	3,421	3,421	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	518	518		
Total Debt Service	3,939	3,939		
Total Expenditures	2,886,267	2,128,521	757,746	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(621,267)	82,794	704,061	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,446,509	1,446,509	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	488,263	488,263	<u> </u>	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,313,505	\$ 2,017,566	\$ 704,061	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

COUNTY MUNICIPAL MOTOR VEHICLE TAX FUND

	Final				V	ariance	
	Budget			Actual	(Over)/Under		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 240	,000	\$	265,196	\$	25,196	
Investment earnings	10	,000		4,102		(5,898)	
Total Revenues	250	,000		269,298		19,298	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation:							
Contractual Services	247	,921		227,141		20,780	
Materials and Supplies	47	,324		33,809		13,515	
Total Expenditures	295	,245		260,950		34,295	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(45	,245)		8,348		53,593	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	563	,451		563,451		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	55	,245		55,245			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 573	,451	\$	627,044	\$	53,593	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

STREET IMPROVEMENT MUNICIPAL TAX FUND

	Final	Final			
	Budget	Actual	(Over)/Under		
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$ 2,900,068	\$ 3,079,640	\$ 179,572		
Total Revenues	2,900,068	3,079,640	179,572		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Contractual Services	97,120	49,656	47,464		
Other Expenditures	122,097	118,800	3,297		
Total General Government	219,217	168,456	50,761		
Transportation:					
Contractual Services	710,951	672,386	38,565		
Capital Outlay	2,873,768	2,464,791	408,977		
Total Transportation	3,584,719	3,137,177	447,542		
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	228,500	228,500	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	71,500	71,025	475		
Total Debt Service	300,000	299,525	475		
Total Expenditures	4,103,936	3,605,158	498,778		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,203,868)	(525,518)	678,350		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,558,474	1,558,474	-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	970,936	970,936	-		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,325,542	\$ 2,003,892	\$ 678,350		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

PARK MAINTENANCE

		Final			Variance		
	1	Budget		Actual	(Over)/Under		
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	311,000	\$	51,684	\$	(259,316)	
Licenses and permits		100,000		-		(100,000)	
Miscellaneous		50,000				(50,000)	
Total Revenues		461,000		51,684		(409,316)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Leisure Time Activties:							
Contractual Services		55,431		6,841		48,590	
Materials and Supplies		22,698		19,251		3,447	
Capital Outlay		503,419		94,076		409,343	
Total Expenditures		581,548		120,168		461,380	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(120,548)		(68,484)		52,064	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		11,527		11,527		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		109,548		109,548		-	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	527	\$	52,591	\$	52,064	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

POLICE FUND

	Final				V	⁷ ariance
]	Budget		Actual	(Ov	er)/Under
Revenues:		_	'	_		_
Fines and forfeitures	\$	98,050	\$	32,426	\$	(65,624)
Total Revenues		98,050		32,426		(65,624)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Other Expenditures		30,045		29,969		76
Total Expenditures		30,045		29,969		76
Net Change in Fund Balances		68,005		2,457		(65,548)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		194,361		194,361		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		45		45		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	262,411	\$	196,863	\$	(65,548)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND

	Final				V	ariance
	E	Budget	Actual		(Over)/Under	
Revenues:	'					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	20,000	\$	10,306	\$	(9,694)
Total Revenues		20,000		10,306		(9,694)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Contractual Services		20,000		8,000		12,000
Materials and Supplies		10,000		10,000		-
Capital Outlay		20,000		-		20,000
Total Expenditures		50,000		18,000		32,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(30,000)		(7,694)		22,306
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		50,374		50,374		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	20,374	\$	42,680	\$	22,306

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

HILLIARD RECOVERY COURT FUND

	Final				V	ariance
	E	Budget	Actual		(Over)/Under	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	90,000	\$	60,438	\$	(29,562)
Total Revenues		90,000		60,438		(29,562)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Contractual Services		40,000		1,000		39,000
Materials and Supplies		97,347		97,307		40
Total Expenditures		137,347		98,307		39,040
Net Change in Fund Balances		(47,347)		(37,869)		9,478
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		36,229		36,229		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		19,547		19,547		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	8,429	\$	17,907	\$	9,478

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

GENERAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS FUND

Final						
Budget		A	Actual	(Over)/Under		
\$	100,000	\$	3,453	\$	(96,547)	
	100,000		3,453		(96,547)	
	100,000		3,453		(96,547)	
	28,799		28,799		-	
\$	128,799	\$	32,252	\$	(96,547)	
	\$	\$ 100,000 100,000 100,000 28,799	\$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 28,799	Budget Actual \$ 100,000 \$ 3,453 100,000 3,453 100,000 3,453 28,799 28,799	Budget Actual (Overall contents) \$ 100,000 \$ 3,453 \$ 100,000 3,453 \$ 28,799 28,799	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

HERITAGE TRAIL DOG PARK FUND

Final					
Budget		Actual		(Over)/Under	
\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)
	1,000		-		(1,000)
	1,000		-		(1,000)
	100		100		-
\$	1,100	\$	100	\$	(1,000)
		\$ 1,000 1,000 1,000	Budget Address \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000 1,000	Budget Actual \$ 1,000 \$ - 1,000 - 1,000 - 100 100	Budget Actual (Overlap) \$ 1,000 \$ - \$ 1,000 - - 1,000 - - 100 100

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

LOCAL CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

	Budget	Actual	(Over)/Under	
Revenues:	 	_		
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,382,794	\$ 2,382,794	\$	
Total Revenues	2,382,794	2,382,794		-
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Personal Services	258,529	258,529		-
Contractual Services	1,395,289	1,373,269		22,020
Materials and Supplies	146,527	146,527		-
Capital Outlay	 187,189	 187,189		
Total General Government	1,987,534	1,965,514		22,020
Security of Persons and Property:				
Personal Services	390,059	390,059		-
Total Security of Persons and Property	 390,059	390,059		-
Leisure Time Activties:				
Personal Services	5,201	5,201		-
Total Leisure Time Activities	5,201	5,201		-
Total Expenditures	2,382,794	2,360,774		22,020
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	22,020		22,020
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 	-		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ 22,020	\$	22,020

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

WATER AND SEWER REVENUE FUND

	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance ver)/Under
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,285,000	\$	1,805,809	\$ (479,191)
Miscellaneous	 70,000		1,063	(68,937)
Total Revenues	 2,355,000		1,806,872	(548,128)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Basic Utility Services:				
Personal Services	1,483,730		1,153,240	330,490
Contractual Services	297,156		187,378	109,778
Materials and Supplies	180,366		107,137	73,229
Utilities	101,600		103,425	(1,825)
Capital Outlay	643,727		219,756	423,971
Total Basic Utility Services	2,706,579		1,770,936	935,643
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	118,500		118,500	-
Interest and fiscal charges	171,500		92,494	79,006
Total Debt Service	 290,000		210,994	79,006
Total Expenditures	2,996,579		1,981,930	1,014,649
Net Change in Fund Balances	(641,579)		(175,058)	466,521
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	236,950		236,950	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 521,299		521,299	 <u>-</u> _
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 116,670	\$	583,191	\$ 466,521

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

STORM WATER UTILITY FUND

	Final			Variance			
	Budget	Actual			(Over)/Under		
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,250,000	\$	1,163,390	\$	(86,610)		
Miscellaneous	 50,000				(50,000)		
Total Revenues	 1,300,000		1,163,390		(136,610)		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Basic Utility Services:							
Personal Services	739,365		571,276		168,089		
Contractual Services	677,382		428,577		248,805		
Materials and Supplies	28,655		23,449		5,206		
Capital Outlay	 316,462		98,227		218,235		
Total Expenditures	1,761,864		1,121,529		640,335		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(461,864)		41,861		503,725		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	919,429		919,429		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	310,024		310,024		<u> </u>		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 767,589	\$	1,271,314	\$	503,725		

CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIONONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS – FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The City's custodial funds account for various fees charged by the City and remitted to other government agencies and for deposits held pending compliance with established requirements.

The <u>Public Art Fund</u> accounts for the acquisition of public art by the City, including the selection, acquisition, installation, maintenance, management, conservation, and commissioning of public art.

The Mayor's Court Fund accounts for the collection and distribution of court fines and forfeitures.

CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Public Art Fund		Mayor's Court Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
Assets						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,847	\$	-	\$	39,847
Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts				20,729		20,729
Total assets		39,847		20,729		60,576
Liabilities						
Due to other governments				20,729		20,729
Total liabilities				20,729		20,729
Net Position Restricted for individuals, organizations, and						
other governments	\$	39,847	\$		\$	39,847

CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

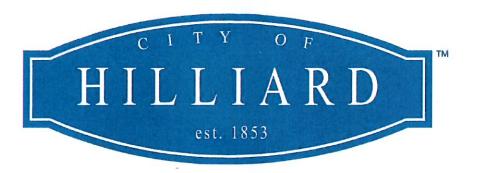
	Public Art Fund			Mayor's Court Fund	Total Custodial Funds	
Additions						
Fines & forfeitures for other governments	\$	-	\$	113,746	\$	113,746
Other		49,892		-		49,892
Total additions		49,892		113,746		163,638
Deductions						
Fines & forfeitures distributions						
to other governments		-		113,746		113,746
Miscellaneous		10,195		-		10,195
Total deductions		10,195		113,746		123,941
Change in net position		39,697		-		39,697
Fund balance at beginning of year, as restated		150		-		150
Fund balance at end of year	\$	39,847	\$	-	\$	39,847



STATISTICAL SECTION COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL ANNUAL REPORT



CITY OF HILLIARD, OHIO FOR THE YEAR ENDING 2020



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STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section of the City of Hilliard's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents Page Financial Trends 140-144 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City of Grandview Heights's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. **Revenue Capacity** 146-152 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the income tax. **Debt Capacity** 153-156 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the afford-ability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. **Demographic and Economic Information** 157-158 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. **Operating Information** 159-161 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Restated (1)			Restated (2)			Restated (3)			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 191,936,312	\$ 184,681,665	\$ 178,545,386	\$ 174,263,501	\$ 177,988,978	\$ 185,589,498	\$ 187,490,079	\$ 185,358,515	\$ 186,151,971	\$ 184,436,972
Restricted	9,067,789	8,746,450	13,239,396	19,459,624	18,372,505	16,230,358	16,913,151	19,791,069	27,784,019	40,445,382
Unrestricted	6,906,732	10,226,730	13,720,226	1,985,909	1,882,523	4,325,531	(10,162,656)	(15,482,624)	(7,756,460)	(7,106,324)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 207,910,833	\$ 203,654,845	\$ 205,505,008	\$ 195,709,034	\$ 198,244,006	\$ 206,145,387	\$ 194,240,574	\$ 189,666,960	\$ 206,179,530	\$ 217,776,030

⁽¹⁾ Net Position at December 31, 2011 has been restated for a prior period adjustment and adoption of GASB Statement No. 65.

⁽²⁾ Net Position at December 31, 2014 has been restated for adoption of GASB Statement No. 68

⁽³⁾ Net Position at December 31, 2017 has been restated for adoption of GASB Statement No. 75.

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Program revenues:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 718,663	\$ 779,745	\$ 817,496	\$ 743,059	\$ 913,842	\$ 880,295	\$ 847,633	\$ 1,036,392	\$ 820,258	\$ 1,857,039
Security of persons and property	974,688	1,009,245	978,586	895,958	900,810	922,948	1,068,701	1,015,084	1,168,877	877,772
Leisure time activity	1,033,362	1,109,563	1,453,629	1,037,505	1,046,213	1,309,531	1,152,698	1,137,108	898,527	389,533
Community Environment	1,459,453	1,920,796	2,901,063	2,797,942	2,784,666	3,105,178	3,165,149	3,049,967	2,982,479	2,560,099
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,411
Basic Utility Services	2,069,699	1,954,915	2,951,504	3,421,040	3,159,736	4,830,460	3,278,450	2,874,739	3,036,734	3,366,039
Operating grants & contributions	1,287,341	1,483,970	1,782,427	2,246,982	2,383,121	2,195,900	2,538,885	1,933,005	2,831,895	5,170,521
Capital grants & contributions	6,544,552	415,449	2,120,629	6,087,335	4,500,410	8,713,838	7,242,347	5,758,043	9,200,710	2,479,926
Total governmental activities program revenues	14,087,758	8,673,683	13,005,334	17,229,821	15,688,798	21,958,150	19,293,863	16,804,338	20,939,480	16,706,340
Expenses:										
Governmental activities										
General government	5,889,987	5,881,654	4,396,977	6,234,614	6,449,722	12,247,477	11,597,782	9,598,793	11,057,514	14,769,346
Security of persons and property	8,440,519	8,228,460	8,377,988	11,406,237	9,746,509	10,955,413	10,957,889	13,265,766	3,196,562	14,422,740
Public health	165,311	182,270	186,809	194,357	225,000	237,546	256,406	261,020	383,820	807,980
Leisure time activity	3,272,969	3,252,501	3,282,870	3,347,217	3,706,740	4,442,567	6,421,668	6,432,175	5,304,673	3,147,484
Community Environment	2,621,951	3,491,170	3,571,243	3,437,303	3,846,005	3,856,330	4,365,272	4,324,565	5,185,444	4,299,354
Basic Utility Services	6,604,081	7,407,870	8,804,498	7,407,729	8,337,911	8,242,381	8,563,635	9,165,715	7,691,113	7,704,325
Transportation	7,940,453	7,490,224	8,523,821	11,946,188	10,363,941	8,759,098	11,985,105	14,286,519	13,371,260	12,637,519
Interest & fiscal charges	2,639,621	2,775,651	2,326,249	1,774,916	1,861,659	2,094,479	1,875,982	1,999,922	2,154,572	2,192,116
Total governmental activities expenses	37,574,892	38,709,800	39,470,455	45,748,561	44,537,487	50,835,291	56,023,739	59,334,475	48,344,958	59,980,864
Total net revenue (expense)	(23,487,134)	(30,036,117)	(26,465,121)	(28,518,740)	(28,848,689)	(28,877,141)	(36,729,876)	(42,530,137)	(27,405,478)	(43,274,524)
General Revenues:										
Governmental activities										
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes	\$ 1,924,647	\$ 1,978,442	\$ 1,490,038	\$ 1,483,891	\$ 1,418,846	\$ 1,429,888	\$ 1,526,373	\$ 1,484,966	\$ 1,560,782	\$ 1,572,343
Municipal Income Tax Levied for General Purposes	10,996,978	12,292,843	14,350,910	14,337,297	15,172,841	18,445,021	18,729,749	18,295,358	19,747,028	21,430,545
Municipal Income Tax Levied for Transportation	384,371	885,947	466,492	1,212,529	1,536,470	2,458,263	3,170,538	2,797,729	2,930,642	3,299,402
Municipal Income Tax Levied for Capital Outlay	3,946,978	4,392,930	4,939,135	5,160,611	5,585,976	6,967,455	7,297,194	7,033,170	7,326,606	8,248,757
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,391,513	1,243,970	3,008,635	5,038,316	7,383,674	6,238,064	7,201,942	6,211,070	10,095,391	10,175,566
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific										
programs Gain on Sale of Assets	1,695,078	2,301,949	1,105,845	693,035	770,008	706,750	731,344	989,732	831,774	970,935 7,437,475
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	141,361	60,420	57,494	33,531	73,377	199,018	332,676	728,040	1,008,576	733,722
Miscellaneous	455,810	581,217	361,580	356,074	508,900	334,063	255,019	416,458	417,249	599,366
Total governmental activities	21,936,736	23,737,718	25,780,129	28,315,284	32,450,092	36,778,522	39,244,835	37,956,523	43,918,048	54,468,111
Total primary government change in net position	\$ (1,550,398)	\$ (6,298,399)	\$ (684,992)	\$ (203,456)	\$ 3,601,403	\$ 7,901,381	\$ 2,514,959	\$ (4,573,614)	\$ 16,512,570	\$ 11,193,587

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Funtion / Program:										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 718,663	\$ 990,070	\$ 828,746	\$ 747,058	\$ 932,505	\$ 880,295	\$ 1,340,133	\$ 1,036,392	\$ 1,029,141	\$ 3,924,273
Security of Persons and Property	974,688	1,009,245	1,006,477	967,899	972,845	1,012,271	1,152,659	1,097,768	1,457,559	1,277,419
Public Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,449	60,438
Leisure Time Activities	1,053,018	1,109,563	1,483,629	1,037,505	1,255,051	1,493,030	1,154,048	1,137,108	1,038,500	395,361
Community Environment	1,459,453	2,089,648	2,901,063	2,797,942	2,784,666	3,105,178	3,165,149	3,049,967	3,288,134	2,570,207
Basic Utility Services	5,214,730	2,036,875	4,053,801	7,738,258	7,586,211	10,519,988	8,151,546	4,495,498	7,769,175	4,945,831
Transportation	4,667,206	1,438,282	2,731,618	3,941,159	2,157,520	4,947,388	4,330,328	5,987,605	6,297,522	3,532,811
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$14,087,758	\$ 8,673,683	\$13,005,334	\$ 17,229,821	\$ 15,688,798	\$ 21,958,150	\$ 19,293,863	\$ 16,804,338	\$ 20,939,480	\$ 16,706,340

City of Hilliard, Ohio

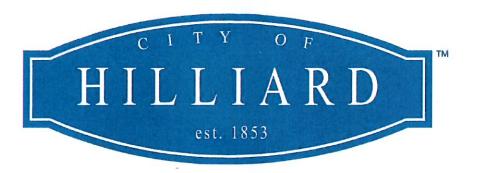
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified Accerual Basis of Accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General fund:										
Nonspendable	\$ 28,179	\$ 26,723	\$ 25,268	\$ 26,774	\$ 40,817	\$ 40,542	\$ 71,894	\$ 81,675	\$ 55,314	\$ 126,900
Committed	204,888	186,706	224,637	221,970	86,232	150,297	83,789	464,683	-	-
Assigned	520,519	300,101	113,892	189,754	344,930	1,412,497	7,046,953	2,515,773	2,337,093	2,843,460
Unassigned	3,055,755	5,132,224	9,146,578	10,340,785	11,937,982	14,144,814	9,023,648	11,421,542	14,384,131	19,144,690
Total general fund	3,809,341	5,645,754	9,510,375	10,779,283	12,409,961	15,748,150	16,226,284	14,483,673	16,776,538	22,115,050
All other governmental funds:									22.750	22.020
Nonspendable	8.287.493	10.453.741	16.177.842	20,434,858	19.509.382	17,168,002	15.310.227	17.820.365	23,759 25,211,320	22,930 39,532,979
Restricted Committed	5,773,016 (12,904)	4,961,934 (12,904)	4,566,178	4,157,852	3,851,332 (4,161)	4,764,514 (637,643)	5,073,581 (199,713)	4,963,391 (188,013)	4,865,296	5,776,873
Unassigned Total all other governmental funds	14.047.605	15,402,771	20,744,020	<u>(14,663)</u> 24,578,047	23,356,553	21.294.873	20.184.095	22,595,743	30,100,375	45,332,782
Total Governmental funds	\$17,856,946	\$21,048,525	\$30,254,395	\$ 35,357,330	\$ 35,766,514	\$ 37,043,023	\$ 36,410,379	\$ 37,079,416	\$ 46,876,913	\$ 67,447,832

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Revenues:															
Property and other taxes	\$ 1,981,224	\$ 1,489,345	\$ 1,559,706	\$	1,441,796	\$ 1,462,509	\$ 1,429,658	\$	1,528,261	\$	1,486,272	\$	1,563,190	\$	1,573,372
Municipal income tax	17,436,327	18,739,268	20,843,443		20,227,766	25,790,575	27,615,153		27,941,266		28,495,230		29,833,908		35,315,922
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,333,600	3,008,635	5,038,316		7,383,674	5,319,823	6,238,064		7,201,942		6,211,070		10,095,391		10,175,566
Intergovernmental	7,103,146	2,765,621	3,021,748		4,550,308	3,198,900	3,471,002		5,401,377		5,052,647		3,558,197		6,153,369
Charges for services	4,741,570	5,474,971	6,372,169		6,755,577	6,878,488	7,667,567		7,192,206		7,505,612		7,402,925		6,643,617
Licenses and Permits	1,183,422	827,486	2,174,933		1,968,205	1,529,826	3,118,344		1,913,121		1,098,603		1,079,394		2,238,024
Fines and Forfeitures	330,873	397,752	389,424		337,475	307,757	261,398		403,899		322,883		354,641		182,046
Investment Income	60,420	57,494	33,531		73,377	48,070	199,018		332,676		676,436		1,050,568		734,897
Other	552,819	358,221	355,886		882,453	217,020	318,819		248,424		619,115		480,183		599,366
Total revenues	35,723,401	33,118,793	39,789,156		43,620,631	44,752,968	50,319,023	_	52,163,172		51,467,868		55,418,397	_	63,616,179
Expenditures:															
Current:															
General government	5,821,506	5,922,196	4,828,215		6,881,917	9,293,320	14,623,801		10,343,125		8,477,699		10,816,176		15,777,068
Security of persons and property	7,943,336	8,022,112	8,436,061		11,635,540	9,198,922	10,147,638		9,893,769		10,940,277		11,023,538		12,066,011
Public health	165,311	182,270	186,809		194,357	225,000	237,546		256,406		261,020		383,820		445,984
Leisure time activity	2,803,019	2,852,567	3,256,275		4,412,240	7,723,557	6,390,159		7,110,569		5,707,429		7,189,493		3,728,959
Community Environment	3,301,309	3,373,556	3,444,028		3,326,671	4,247,432	3,677,582		3,876,683		3,851,931		4,658,204		6,686,095
Basic Utility Services	1,697,650	2,362,492	3,264,874		2,480,971	3,482,900	4,046,696		3,493,862		3,292,141		2,777,782		3,031,495
Transportation	10,472,973	3,893,437	5,171,459		10,158,186	6,919,067	7,562,237		9,739,304		16,396,168		12,493,598		10,558,348
Debt service:					, ,				, ,						, ,
Principal retirement	2,945,653	3,580,068	4,016,158		8,515,167	15,269,704	11,506,452		11,026,242		4,555,635		4,769,288		5,162,597
Interest and fiscal charges	2,899,735	2,870,941	2,275,495		1,660,868	1,786,954	2,049,620		2,070,924		2,176,434		2,123,684		2,295,994
Issuance costs	-	-	153,222		147,271	182,912	247,705		104,753		-		167,401		-
Total expenditures	38,050,492	33,059,639	35,032,596		49,413,188	58,329,768	60,489,436		57,915,637		55,658,734		56,402,984		59,752,551
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over															
(under) expenditures	(2,327,091)	59,154	4,756,560		(5,792,557)	 (13,576,800)	(10,170,413)		(5,752,465)		(4,190,866)		(984,587)		3,863,628
Other financing sources (uses):															
Proceeds from Sale of capital assets	28,398	3,359	18,785		1,848	1,500	298,393		11,152		2,295		200		11,884,757
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	8,020,000	2,480,000	8,905,000		- 1,010	8,745,000	3,855,000		4,655,000		2,275		1,022,964		7,605,000
Issuance of Bond Anticipation Notes	-	2,100,000	4,285,000		10,785,000	7,275,000	6,500,000		.,022,000		_		9,155,000		-,000,000
OWDA and OPWC Loans Issued	17,689	413,790	-,200,000		-	-,272,000	-		_		4,857,608		-		341,626
Premium on Debt	15,982	1,364,417	484,152		435,398	1,260,402	1,609,604		_		-		603,920		876,550
Refunding Bonds Issued		8,605,000			5,160,000	-,,	8,205,000		_		_		-		-
Payment on Refunded Bonds or Notes	(5,300,000)	(9,734,141)	(9,243,627)		(5,486,754)	(3,295,918)	(9,130,978)		453,669		_		_		(4,403,555)
Inception of Capital Lease	392,939	(),/34,141)	(7,243,027)		(3,400,734)	(3,273,710)	109,903		455,007						(4,403,333)
Transfers in	392,939		-		-	2 200 000			3,500,000		- - -		5.000.017		2 (04 (75
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	-		-	2,308,880	1,880,000				5,600,000		5,066,817		2,604,675 (2,604,675)
	2 175 000	2 122 125	4.440.210	_	10.005.403	 (2,308,880)	(1,880,000)	_	(3,500,000)		(5,600,000)	_	(5,066,817)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,175,008	3,132,425	4,449,310	_	10,895,492	 13,985,984	11,446,922	_	5,119,821	_	4,859,903	_	10,782,084	_	16,304,378
Net change in fund balances	\$ 847,917	\$ 3,191,579	\$ 9,205,870	\$	5,102,935	\$ 409,184	\$ 1,276,509	\$	(632,644)	\$	669,037	\$	9,797,497	\$	20,168,006
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital															
expenditures	19.60%	21.00%	19.80%		23.90%	35.50%	27.90%		25.20%		14.10%		15.53%		15.75%



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City of Hilliard, Ohio

Income Tax Revenue by Payer Type (1)

Last Ten Years

(cash basis of accounting)

			Individu		ccounts				
Year_	Withholding	Percentage of Total	Non-withholding	Percentage of Total	Total Individual	Percentage of Total	Business Accounts	Percentage of Total	Total
2011	14,006,015	79%	2,066,913	12%	16,072,928	91%	1,665,297	9%	17,738,225
2012	14,755,373	77%	2,041,808	11%	16,797,181	88%	2,286,614	12%	19,083,795
2013	15,349,860	74%	2,234,458	11%	17,584,318	85%	3,257,488	15%	20,841,806
2014	16,261,933	71%	2,343,605	10%	18,605,538	81%	4,188,367	19%	22,793,905
2015	18,483,631	72%	2,494,808	10%	20,978,439	82%	4,845,020	18%	25,823,459
2016	19,960,118	72%	2,747,844	10%	22,707,962	82%	5,140,096	18%	27,848,058
2017	20,891,108	71%	2,822,321	10%	23,713,429	81%	5,823,710	19%	29,537,139
2018	21,891,108	75%	2,751,650	9%	24,642,758	84%	4,453,629	16%	29,096,387
2019	22,558,805	78%	2,743,212	10%	25,302,017	88%	3,465,029	12%	28,767,046
2020	22,513,539	73%	2,786,460	9%	25,299,999	82%	5,481,090	18%	30,781,089

Source: City Income Tax Division

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are reported gross and do not take into account tax refunds. The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.0 percent. This rate has been the same for all ten years presented.

City of Hilliard, Ohio
Income Tax Revenue Fund Distribution (1) Last Ten Years (cash basis of accounting)

Year	General Fund	Capital Improvement Municipal Tax Fund	Street Improvement Municipal Tax Fund	Total	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
2011	12,184,246	4,341,568	840,456	17,366,270	3.94%
2012	13,395,426	4,633,040	503,694	18,532,160	6.71%
2013	14,040,629	5,057,600	1,200,169	20,298,398	9.53%
2014	15,151,065	5,578,415	1,535,563	22,265,043	9.69%
2015	16,996,835	6,326,264	1,981,958	25,305,057	13.65%
2016	18,061,105	6,834,152	2,442,267	27,337,524	8.03%
2017	18,133,490	6,954,543	2,738,843	27,826,876	1.79%
2018	18,647,738	7,174,676	2,869,870	28,692,284	3.11%
2019	18,302,567	6,793,028	2,694,269	27,789,864	-3.15%
2020	19,535,447	7,518,443	2,989,186	30,043,076	8.11%

Source: City Income Tax Department

⁽¹⁾ Net of refunds. The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.0 percent. This rate has been the same for all ten years presented.

City of Hilliard, Ohio
Principal Income Taxpayers - Withholding Accounts
2020 and 2011

	2	2020	2011			
Range of Withholding Amount	Number of Withholding Accounts	Percentage of Total Withholding Revenue	Number of Withholding Accounts	Percentage of Total Withholding Revenue		
\$500,001 and higher	5	27.94%	3	23.76%		
\$300,001 - 500,000	2	3.80%	1	3.04%		
\$100,001 - 300,000	21	14.33%	11	13.12%		
\$55,001 - 100,000	35	11.32%	26	13.77%		
Total		57.39%		53.69%		
All Others		42.61%		46.31%		
Total Withholding Accounts		100.00%		100.00%		

Source: City Income Tax Department

City of Hilliard, Ohio Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

			Real Pro	operty (1)			Personal Property (2)	Total		Estimated Actual	Total Direct
Tax Year	Residential	Agricultural	Commercial	Industrial	Public Utility	Total	Public Utility	Valuation	% Growth	Value of Taxable Property	Tax Rate
2011	648,863,550	220,850	133,992,270	49,254,890	95,680	832,427,240	12,894,340	845,321,580	-3.60%	2,429,940,903	1.60
2012	650,106,670	202,650	132,537,670	48,868,730	102,050	831,817,770	12,999,270	844,817,040	-0.06%	2,428,619,280	1.60
2013	653,620,850	202,650	125,794,790	48,969,180	108,720	828,696,190	13,663,980	842,360,170	-0.29%	2,422,359,320	1.60
2014	676,482,330	334,970	130,957,970	45,693,090	113,600	853,581,960	13,802,040	867,384,000	2.97%	2,494,013,760	1.60
2015	686,255,690	334,970	143,948,700	45,300,260	109,640	875,949,260	17,439,680	893,388,940	3.00%	2,572,470,891	1.60
2016	706,508,020	476,840	159,045,970	57,459,820	99,510	923,590,160	22,083,010	945,673,170	5.85%	2,727,161,069	1.60
2017	769,568,760	748,160	180,804,500	50,425,820	95,820	1,001,643,060	29,546,200	1,031,189,260	9.04%	2,980,022,114	1.60
2018	776,314,380	748,160	187,088,920	52,540,450	93,500	1,016,785,410	41,337,640	1,058,123,050	2.61%	3,070,451,731	1.60
2019	789,481,110	748,160	191,380,070	52,844,290	95,930	1,034,549,560	43,200,910	1,077,750,470	1.85%	3,079,287,057	1.60
2020	966,569,490	507,270	214,893,200	65,217,970	96,720	1,247,284,650	45,016,750	1,292,301,400	19.91%	3,692,289,714	1.60

Source: Franklin County Auditor

 ⁽¹⁾ Assessed valuation for real property is based upon 35 percent of estimated true value set by county appraisal.
 (2) Prior to 2006, the assessed valuation for personal property was based on varying percentages of true value (25 percent was used in the assessed values above). House Bill 66 (the State's biennial budger for f

City of Hilliard, Ohio Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Tax Year	City of Hilliard General Fund	Hilliard City School District	Franklin County	Metropolitan Library	Norwich Township	Vocational School	Total
2011	1.60	89.35	18.07	2.80	17.50	1.60	130.92
2012	1.60	89.45	18.47	2.80	17.50	1.60	131.42
2013	1.60	89.45	18.47	2.80	21.62	1.60	135.54
2014	1.60	89.55	18.47	2.80	21.62	1.60	135.64
2015	1.60	89.55	18.47	2.80	21.62	1.60	135.64
2016	1.60	94.35	18.47	2.80	21.62	1.60	140.44
2017	1.60	93.75	18.92	2.80	21.62	1.60	140.29
2018	1.60	93.75	18.92	2.80	21.62	1.60	140.29
2019	1.60	93.75	19.12	2.80	21.62	1.60	140.49
2020	1.60	91.90	19.12	2.80	21.62	1.60	138.64

Source: Franklin County Auditor

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Principal Property Tax Payers - Real Property 2020 and 2011

		2020			2011	
Taxpayer	Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
AEP Ohio Transmission Company	\$ 29,305,440	1	2.88%			
Villiages at Britton LTD	16,450,010	2	1.62%			
New Hilliard Station LLC	4,540,920	3	0.45%	13,687,530	1	1.64%
West-Ward Columbus Inc	11,294,650	4	1.11%			
MCI International INC	10,758,830	5	1.06%			
Heritage Green Gardens	9,975,000	6	0.98%			
BT-OH LLC	9,328,700	7	0.92%			
Edwards Arlington Park LLC	8,750,000	8	0.86%			
M-BM LLC	8,575,000	9	0.84%			
BCORE Jupiter MWSE 2 LLC	8,085,010	10	0.80%			
G&I VI Heritage Green LLC				\$ 7,385,000	2	0.89%
Columbus Campus LLC				6,877,970	3	0.83%
Trueman LP				5,265,400	4	0.63%
Homewood Corp				4,469,330	5	0.54%
Ansmil LLC				4,384,220	6	0.53%
Talcott III Mill Run LLC				3,850,010	7	0.46%
Crystal Lakes Apartments				3,161,730	8	0.38%
First Industrial LP				2,774,450	9	0.33%
Clearview Hilliard LP				2,303,150	10	0.28%
Total Top 10 Real Property	117,063,560		10.51%	54,158,790		6.50%
All Others	899,861,500		89.49%	778,268,450		93.50%
Total Real Property Assessed Valuation	\$ 1,016,925,060		100.00%	\$ 832,427,240		100.00%

Source: Franklin County Auditor

City of Hilliard, Ohio Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) (2) Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Total Tax Levy (1) (2)	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Current Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections
2011	1,463,918	1,443,836	98.63%	26,067	1,469,903
2012	1,417,184	1,401,052	98.86%	23,016	1,424,068
2013	1,449,224	1,199,654	82.78%	36,053	1,235,707
2014	1,365,550	1,466,149	107.37%	27,364	1,493,513
2015	1,387,814	1,295,817	93.37%	29,743	1,325,560
2016	1,429,422	1,523,391	106.57%	31,900	1,555,291
2017	1,481,320	1,433,243	96.75%	29,816	1,463,059
2018	1,649,903	1,684,742	102.11%	121,610	1,806,352
2019	1,692,997	1,542,639	91.12%	102,571	1,645,210
2020	1,724,400	1,484,416	86.08%	236,354	1,720,770

Source: Franklin County Auditor

Note: The county does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

⁽¹⁾ State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions are included(2) Amounts listed include penalties and interest

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Computation of All Direct and Overlapping Governmental Debt December 31, 2020

Jurisdiction	 Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Hilliard (1)	Amount Applicable to the City of Hilliard
Direct			
City of Hilliard			
Loans Payable	\$ 12,696,648		\$ 12,696,648
General Obligation Bonds	 54,209,153		 54,209,153
Total Direct Debt	 66,905,801	100.00%	 66,905,801
Overlapping Subdivisions			
Dublin City School District	183,431,640	0.06%	110,059
Franklin County	178,725,000	3.49%	6,237,503
Tolles Career & Technical Center	1,351,812	13.35%	180,467
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio	60,620,000	3.32%	2,012,584
Total Overlapping Debt	424,128,452		8,540,612
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 491,034,253		\$ 75,446,413

Source: Franklin County Auditor and Fiscal Officers of Subdivision

(1) Percentages determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value and General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2)	Population (1)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2011	55,994,999	2,429,940,903	29,250	2.30%	1,914
2012	55,859,717	2,428,619,280	28,524	2.30%	1,958
2013	53,129,330	2,422,359,320	28,595	2.19%	1,858
2014	49,772,640	2,494,013,760	28,723	2.00%	1,733
2015	52,679,797	2,572,470,891	28,952	2.05%	1,820
2016	53,507,370	2,727,161,069	29,331	1.96%	1,824
2017	54,155,568	2,980,022,114	34,631	1.82%	1,564
2018	49,736,479	3,070,451,731	37,063	1.62%	1,342
2019	55,011,206	3,079,287,057	38,106	1.79%	1,444
2020	54,209,153	3,692,289,714	36,411	1.47%	1,489

⁽¹⁾ Source: "Population Estimates," published by the Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

⁽²⁾ Source: Franklin County Auditor (shown in thousands)

⁽³⁾ Includes all general obligation debt financed with general governmental resources less balance available in General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Governmental Activities Last Ten Years

Year	Notes Payable	Loans Payable	General Obligation Bonds	Total Outstanding Debt	Population(1)	Personal Income(2*)	Debt Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income
2011	-	8,575,435	55,994,999	64,570,434	29,250	1,175,499	2,208	5.49%
2012	-	10,825,790	55,859,717	66,685,507	28,524	1,218,773	2,338	5.47%
2013	4,285,000	10,364,632	53,129,330	67,778,962	28,595	1,254,377	2,370	5.40%
2014	10,785,000	9,834,465	49,772,640	70,392,105	28,723	1,289,720	2,451	5.46%
2015	7,275,000	9,234,761	52,679,797	69,189,558	28,952	1,348,295	2,390	5.13%
2016	6,500,000	8,823,212	53,507,370	68,830,582	29,331	1,399,822	2,347	4.92%
2017	-	8,311,970	54,155,568	62,467,538	34,631	1,719,221	1,804	3.63%
2018	-	12,643,943	49,736,479	62,380,422	37,063	1,896,328	1,683	3.29%
2019	-	12,977,619	55,011,206	67,988,825	38,106	1,999,689	1,784	3.24%
2020	1,500,000	12,696,648	54,209,153	68,405,801	36,411	1,910,740	1,879	3.31%

^{(1) &}quot;Population Estimates," published by the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission

⁽²⁾ Computation of per capita personal income from MORPC multiplied by population (in thousands)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 1,292,301,400	\$ 1,077,750,470	\$ 1,058,123,050	\$ 1,031,189,260	\$ 945,673,170	\$ 893,388,940	\$ 867,384,000	\$ 842,360,170	\$ 844,817,040	\$ 845,321,580
Overall debt limitation - 10.5% of assessed valuation	135,691,647	113,163,799	111,102,920	108,274,872	99,295,683	93,805,839	91,075,320	88,447,818	88,705,789	88,758,766
Total Indebtedness as of 12/31 Less Exempt Debt: Self Supporting	49,620,000	50,875,000	45,800,000	49,830,000	55,690,000	56,410,000	57,835,000	50,370,000	53,130,000	54,320,000
2002 Various Purpose-Water portion(39%)							0	0	0	62400
2005 Various Purpose-Water portion(39%) Total Self Supporting	254,555 254,555	254,555 254,555				1,123,200 1,123,200	1,567,800 1,567,800	1,994,850	5,569,200 5,569,200	5,904,600 5,967,000
11 0	23 1,333	231,333				1,123,200	1,507,000	1,551,030	3,309,200	3,707,000
Income Tax Supported 2002 Various Purpose(61%)										97,600
2002 Various Purpose (61%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	245,000	3,655,000
2009 Various Purpose	_	_	710,000	1,430,000	2,130,000	8,220,000	11,645,000	12,470,000	13,270,000	14,055,000
2011 Various Purpose	-	4,710,000	5,085,000	5,445,000	5,795,000	6,135,000	6,585,000	7,020,000	7,445,000	7,865,000
2012 Various Purpose	4,785,000	5,760,000	6,685,000	7,585,000	8,460,000	9,310,000	10,135,000	10,920,000	7,445,000	· · · · · · ·
2013 Various Purpose	4,105,000	4,976,000	5,825,000	6,680,000	7,555,000	8,465,000	8,585,000	8,705,000	· · · · · ·	-
2014 Various Purpose	3,570,000	4,020,000	4,460,000	4,890,000	4,940,000	4,990,000	5,040,000	-	-	-
2015 Various Purpose	7,380,000	7,605,000	7,820,000	8,030,000	8,230,000	8,425,000	-	-	-	-
2016 Various Purpose	9,395,000	10,550,000	10,945,000	11,335,000	11,715,000	-	-	-	-	-
2017 Various Purpose	3,925,000	4,100,000	4,270,000	4,435,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
2019 Various Purpose	8,270,000	8,855,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2020 Various Purpose	7,605,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes		-			6,500,000	7,275,000	10,785,000	4,285,000		
Total Income Tax Supported	49,035,000	50,576,000	45,800,000	49,830,000	55,325,000	52,820,000	52,775,000	43,400,000	28,405,000	25,672,600
Amount available in the debt service fund		-			-					
Total Exempt Debt	49,289,555	50,830,555	45,800,000	49,830,000	55,325,000	53,943,200	54,342,800	45,394,850	33,974,200	31,639,600
Net Debt Subject to Limitation	330,445	44,445			365,000	2,466,800	3,492,200	4,975,150	19,155,800	22,680,400
Legal debt margin within 10.5% limitation	\$ 135,361,202	\$ 113,119,354	\$ 111,102,920	\$ 108,274,872	\$ 98,930,683	\$ 91,339,039	\$ 87,583,120	\$ 83,472,668	\$ 69,549,989	\$ 66,078,366
Percentage of Net Debt to Assessed Value	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.28%	0.40%	0.59%	2.27%	2.68%
Percentage of Legal Debt Limit	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Percentage of Legal Debt Margin	10.47%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.46%	10.22%	10.10%	9.91%	8.23%	7.82%
Unvoted debt limitation 5.5% of assessed valuation	\$ 71,076,577	\$ 59,276,276	\$ 58,196,768	\$ 56,715,409	\$ 52,012,024	\$ 49,136,392	\$ 47,706,120	\$ 46,329,809	\$ 46,464,937	\$ 46,492,687
Total Indebtedness as of 12/31	49,620,000	50,875,000	45,800,000	49,830,000	55,690,000	56,410,000	57,835,000	50,370,000	53,130,000	54,320,000
Less Total Exempt Debt	49,289,555	50,830,555	45,800,000	49,830,000	55,325,000	53,943,200	54,342,800	45,394,850	33,974,200	31,639,600
Net Debt Subject to Limitation	330,445	44,445			365,000	2,466,800	3,492,200	4,975,150	19,155,800	22,680,400
Legal debt margin within 5.5% limitation	70,746,132	59,231,831	58,196,768	56,715,409	51,647,024	46,669,592	44,213,920	41,354,659	27,309,137	23,812,287
Percentage of Net Debt to Assessed Value	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.28%	0.40%	0.59%	2.27%	2.68%
Percentage of Legal Debt Limit	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Percentage of Legal Debt Margin	5.47%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.46%	5.22%	5.10%	4.91%	3.23%	2.82%

Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 10.5% for voted debt and 5.5% for unvoted debt.

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Income (5)	School Enrollment (6)	Unemployment Rate Franklin County Area (3)	Total Assessed Property Value (4)
2010	28,935	\$ 1,112,464	\$ 38,447	15,634	7.6%	\$ 876,911,630
2011	29,250	1,175,499	40,188	15,689	6.3%	845,321,580
2012	28,524	1,218,773	42,728	15,726	5.4%	844,817,040
2013	28,595	1,254,377	43,867	15,758	5.2%	842,360,170
2014	28,723	1,289,720	44,902	16,864	3.7%	867,384,000
2015	28,952	1,348,295	46,570	16,045	3.4%	893,388,940
2016	29,331	1,399,822	47,725	16,059	3.4%	945,673,170
2017	34,631	1,719,221	49,644	16,290	3.3%	1,031,189,260
2018	37,063	1,896,328	51,165	16,524	3.2%	1,058,123,050
2019	38,106	1,999,689	52,477	16,642	3.1%	1,077,750,470
2020	36,411	1,910,740	52,477	16,235	4.9%	1,292,301,400

Source:

- (1) "Population Estimates," published by the Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission
- (2) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population(in thousands)
- (3) Ohio Labor Market Information
- (4) Franklin County Auditor
- (5) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Columbus MSA. Not available until N
- (6) Hilliard City School District

City of Hilliard, Ohio Principal Employers 2020 and 2011

		2020			2011	
	Number of		Percentage of Total	Number o	f	Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employee	Rank Rank	Employment
Hilliard City Schools	1,877	1	7.27%	1,746	1	7.61%
BMW Financial Services	872	2	3.38%	522	2	2.28%
Advanced Drainage Systems	307	3	1.19%	100	10	0.44%
Micro Center Inc.	293	4	1.13%	391	4	1.70%
Cellco Partnership dba Verizon	1,046	5	4.05%			
City of Hilliard	232	6	0.90%	227	7	0.99%
Sedgwick Claims Mgmt Inc.	447	7	1.73%			
Armstrong World Industries	157	8	0.61%	131	8	0.57%
R. E. Rich Family Holding Corp.	190	9	0.74%	278	5	1.21%
Echosphere LLC	30	10	0.12%	446	3	1.94%
Verizon Business Network Services				253	6	1.10%
TALX UCM Services						0.00%
Redemtech Inc.				121	_ 9	0.53%
Total Employees	5,451		21.12%	4,215		18.37%
All Other Employers	20,377		78.88%	18,724	. <u> </u>	81.63%
Total Employment within the City	25,828		100.00%	22,939	=	100.00%

Source: City Income Tax Department

City of Hilliard, Ohio City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years

	20	11	20	12	201	13	20	14	20	15	20	16	201	17	20	18	20	19	202	20
Function/Program	Full- Time	All																		
General Government	47	47	45	45	44	44	40	40	45	54	41	41	51	53	41	81	40	79	41	79
Security of Persons and Property	48	48	47	47	40	40	44	44	54	54	49	50	58	58	70	74	76	79	75	77
Leisure Time Activities	18	28	18	28	18	28	18	28	15	25	19	48	16	30	19	40	19	36	20	27
Basic Utility Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	21	21	19	19	24	24	26	26	27	27	27	27
Total Number of Employees	135	145	132	142	123	133	123	133	136	155	129	159	150	166	157	222	163	222	164	211

Source: City Payroll Records

Note: Total number of employees does not include seasonal employees.

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government										
Government Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Security of Persons and Property:										
Number of Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Fire/EMS Stations*	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Leisure Time Activities (1):										
Number of Parks	23	23	24	24	25	26	26	26	26	26
Park Area (acres)	316	316	324	324	531	531	531	531	531	531
Number of Playgrounds	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of Swimming Pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Senior Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Utility Services (2):										
Miles of Water Mains	131.9	131.9	132.4	133.5	135.1	137.7	140.1	140.8	143.9	144.97
Miles of Sanitary Sewers	144.7	145.3	146	147.5	150.7	154.4	155.8	156.8	159.2	160.1
Miles of Storm Sewers	126.7	126.8	127.6	128.6	130.5	133.0	134.8	136.1	143.3	145.15
Transportation (2)										
Miles of Streets	112.9	112.9	114.0	115.0	117.1	118.6	120.1	121.3	124.1	124.93
Number of Street Lights	1,805	1,805	1,897	1,917	1,940	1,954	1,955	1,993	2,082	2,130
Number of Traffic Signal Systems	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	0	36

*Fire Protection provided by Norwich Township N/A - Information not available

Source: City capital asset records
(1) Provided by City Parks & Rec Dept.
(2) Provided by City Engineering Dept.

City of Hilliard, Ohio

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government:										
Active Income Tax Accounts										
Individual	16,901	18,397	17,734	17,788	16,923	17,816	17,584	17,577	21,406	22,288
Business	3,007 1	1,664	3,650	1,866	1,887	1,935	1,750	2,138	2,195	3,684
Withholding	4,427 1	2,546	5,339	2,842	3,057	3,228	3,237	3,397	3,487	2,107
Clerk of Courts:										
Traffic Court Cases	2,440	2,153	2,962	2,472	2,826	1,862	1,915	2,418	2,212	1,270
Security of Persons and Property:										
Police Calls	46,048	47,798	51,864	50,934	48,064	40,512	36,478	40,361	43,744	37,479
Physical Arrests	1,017	1,570	1,662	1,051	1,062	785	856	1,023	931	708
Citations	3,779	3,352	4,076	4,118	3,778	2,353	2,402	2,874	2,717	1,643
Parking Violations	44	38	207	374	66	179	369	344	262	83
Leisure Time Activities:										
Swimming Pool Revenue	656,037	724,922	709,491	608,941	561,749	554,069	565,007	838,335	893,909	8,377
Community Center Revenue	236,675	244,395	263,564	274,665	305,013	298,890	218,572	179,141	299,953	99,685
Senior Center Revenue	69,882	81,937	91,734	80,191	77,149	84,457	81,497	77,870	80,502	45,602

Source: Department annual reports

¹ The Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) changed how they reported the number of active income tax accounts for the business and withholding categories in 2011. The City joined RITA in July 2007. In 2009 and 2010 RITA counted businesses that were located in various cities in the city that had the largest amount of withholding and/or the highest amount of tax paid by the business. In 2011, every city that received a return from a business is included in the appropriate category.





CITY OF HILLIARD

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/22/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370