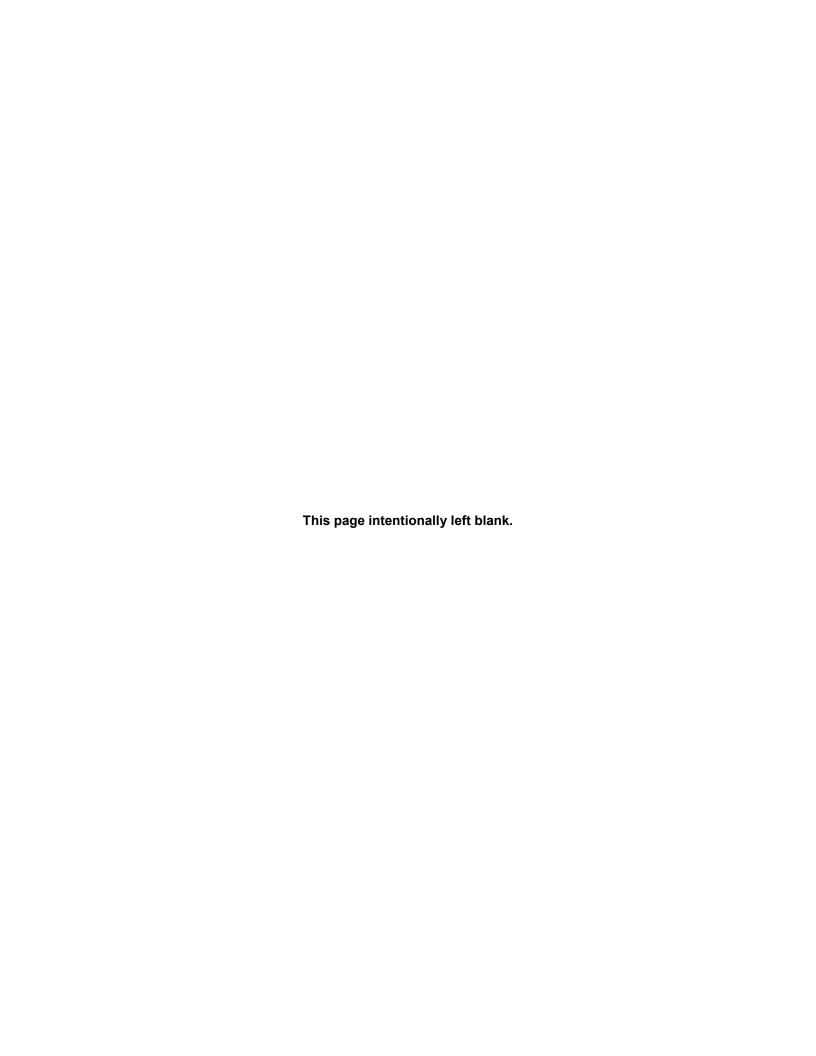




ASHTABULA COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITY DBA NORTHEAST OHIO REGIONAL AIRPORT ASHTABULA COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County P.O. Box 379
Jefferson, Ohio 44047

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, Ashtabula County, Ohio (the Airport), a component unit of Ashtabula County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Airport's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Airport, as of December 31, 2020, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Airport. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

The Airport has suffered recurring losses from operations as of December 31, 2020 and prior years. Based solely on inquiries of management and scanning of unaudited fund cash balances as of August 23, 2021, the Airport may require additional revenue or cost-cutting measures to continue paying its obligations when due. The Airport failed to pay its 2020 annual principal and interest payment on its outstanding revenue bonds because the cost to operate and maintain the Airport exceeded its operating revenue. The notes to the financial statements do not disclose management's plans regarding this matter, however, this does not affect our opinion on these financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 23, 2021, on our consideration of the Airport's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Airport's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 23, 2021

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Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport's (the "Airport") financial performance provides an overall review of the Airport's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Airport's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Airport's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- The Airport's net position decreased by \$379,870, or 3 percent.
- During 2020, the Airport had an operating loss of \$915,382 and total net position decreased by \$379,870. Capital grants of \$22,500 coupled with contributions and donations made to the Airport from the County and private donors of \$110,000 and \$426,655, respectively, totaling \$536,655 helped to keep the Airport operating.
- The Airport did not make its annual principal and interest payment on its outstanding revenue bond ("Bond Debt Service") this year because the cost to operate and maintain the Airport exceeded its operating revenues. The Airport is not obligated to make Bond Debt Service payments unless operating revenues exceed maintenance and operating expenses.
- The Airport's total net pension liability increased to \$194,297 from \$193,359 and the OPEB liability increased to \$126,385, from \$85,788, a combined increase of \$41,535. For more information on these liabilities see Notes 7 and 8 to the basic financial statements.

This report consists of a series of financial statements. The *Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position* provide information about the activities of the Airport and present a longer-term view of the Airport's finances.

A question typically asked about the Airport's finances "How did we do financially during 2020?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information about the Airport and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The Airport charges a fee to customers to help it cover part of the services it provides. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Airport's *net position* and *changes in that net position*. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Airport as a whole, the *financial position* of the Airport has improved or diminished. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors (e.g. fuel prices, FAA regulations, weather, etc.) in order to assess the overall health of the Airport.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unaudited

The Airport as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the Airport as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Airport's net position for 2020, compared to 2019:

(Table 1) Net Position

Business-Type Activities

	2020	2019	Change
Assets	'		
Current and Other Assets	\$337,747	\$508,747	(\$171,000)
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	14,582,000	14,762,517	(180,517)
Total Assets	14,919,747	15,271,264	(351,517)
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension - OPERS	65,719	79,984	14,265
OPEB - OPERS	40,475	18,854	21,621
Total	106,194	98,838	35,886
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	82,539	87,618	5,079
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	81,000	81,000	0
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	194,297	193,359	(938)
Net OPEB Liability	126,385	85,788	(40,597)
Revenue Bonds	867,078	867,078	0
Total Liabilities	1,351,299	1,314,843	(36,456)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Land Rent	31,986	47,978	15,992
Pension - OPERS	64,560	52,302	(12,258)
OPEB - OPERS	33,223	30,236	2,987
Total	129,769	130,516	6,721
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,633,922	13,814,439	(180,517)
Restricted for Debt Service	2,944	2,977	(33)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(91,993)	107,327	(199,320)
Total Net Position	\$13,544,873	\$13,924,743	(\$379,870)

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unaudited

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the Airport at December 31, 2020. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Airport is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Airport's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Total assets decreased \$351,517 during 2020. This decrease was the result of a decrease in capital assets of \$180,517 due to annual depreciation exceeding current year additions.

Total liabilities increased by \$36,456 during 2020, a slight increase from the prior year. Long-term liabilities increased due to the net increase in net pension and net OPEB liabilities of \$41,535. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent pension and OPEB related payments to OPERS and land rent payments.

In total, net position of the Airport decreased by \$379,870 which can be attributed to the decrease in capital assets and increase in net pension and net OPEB liabilities during the year.

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unaudited

Table 2 shows the revenues, expenses and the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to the year ended December 31, 2019.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position

	Business-Type Activities				
	2020	2019	Change		
Revenues					
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$231,518	\$199,804	\$31,714		
Other Operating Revenues	7,893	4,955	2,938		
Total Operating Revenues:	239,411	204,759	34,652		
Expenses					
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services	129,752	122,598	(7,154)		
Fringe Benefits	110,136	83,152	(26,984)		
Contractual Services	212,386	259,108	46,722		
Materials and Supplies	139,815	95,748	(44,067)		
Depreciation	478,720	468,127	(10,593)		
Other Operating Expenses	83,984	15,150	(68,834)		
Total Operating Expenses:	1,154,793	1,043,883	(110,910)		
Operating Loss	(915,382)	(839,124)	(76,258)		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Interest Income	222	536	(314)		
Capital Grants	22,500	31,439	(8,939)		
Contributions and Donations	426,655	400,073	26,582		
Intergovernmental Revenue (County)	110,000	183,750	(73,750)		
Other non-Operating Revenue	52,808	0	52,808		
Gain on Expired Lease Transactions	0	60,532	(60,532)		
Engineering and Capital Related Expenses	(71,030)	(63,842)	(7,188)		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(5,643)	(6,017)	374		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	535,512	606,471	(70,959)		
Change in Net Position	(379,870)	(232,653)	(147,217)		
Net Position Beginning of Year	13,924,743	14,157,396	(232,653)		
Net Position End of Year	\$13,544,873	\$13,924,743	(\$379,870)		

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unaudited

Operating revenues increased by \$34,652, or 17 percent from the previous year due to an increase in charges for services. Operating expenses increased by \$110,910 from the prior year due mostly to an increase in materials and supplies and fringe benefits operating expenses. The Airport's total net position decreased \$379,870 from the prior year.

Capital Assets

The largest portion of the Airport's net position each year is its net investment in capital assets. The Airport uses these capital assets to provide services to the businesses and public using the Airport. Table 3 shows 2020 balances compared with 2019.

(Table 3)
Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)
Business-Type Activities

	2020	2019	Change
Land	\$693,478	\$693,478	\$0
Buildings and Improvements	2,022,978	2,098,486	(75,508)
Improvements other than Buildings	11,565,381	11,679,630	(114,249)
Vehicles	228,867	222,734	6,133
Furniture and Equipment	71,296	68,189	3,107
Total	\$14,582,000	\$14,762,517	(\$180,517)

The \$180,517 decrease in capital assets was due to current year capital additions of \$298,203 not exceeding current year depreciation of \$478,720 during 2020. Note 10 of the basic financial statements provides a more detailed look at the capital asset activity during 2020.

Long-Term Liabilities

In 2005, the Airport issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,400,000 in order to finance new hangar construction. The revenue bonds will mature in thirty years and have an interest rate of 4.125 percent. The Airport's outstanding long-term obligations are included in the following table:

(Table 4)
Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities, at December 31

	2020	2019	Change
Revenue Bonds	\$948,078	\$948,078	\$0
Net Pension Liability	194,297	193,359	(938)
Net OPEB Liability	126,385	85,788	(40,597)
Total	\$1,268,760	\$1,227,225	(\$41,535)

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unaudited

The Airport did not make its scheduled principal and interest payment during 2020 but had made additional principal payments in the past, so they are ahead of schedule on payments. Additional information concerning the Airport's long-term obligations can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Issues

The Airport generates revenue from three activities. One, the sale of aviation fuels for jet aircraft (Jet A) and piston powered aircraft (100LL gasoline). Second, rental of hangar units or space in community hangars. Three, a land management lease. Other revenue sources are minimal and include sales of lubrications oils, navigation charts, parking and handling fees.

It is the goal of the Airport to be self-sustaining.

In late 2019, the Airport created a plan to increase revenues and the utility of the Airport to the citizens of Ashtabula County. The plan included the following elements:

- 1. Enter into an agreement with a Helicopter Emergency Medical Service provider to establish a base at the Airport. The typical fuel consumption for a HEMS is 60,000 gallons of Jet A fuel a year, in addition to hangar lease revenues.
 - Of note is that Ashtabula County does not have a Level 1, 2 or 3 Trauma hospital facility. A HEMS provider would be of benefit to the health and welfare of the citizens/taxpayers of Ashtabula County.
- 2. The creation of the Airport Aviation Educational Initiative (AEI) which provided a private pilot ground school training program, including an hour of flight instruction. The goal was to develop an interest in aviation which would create a demand for a flight school with the associated aircraft maintenance activity.
 - In order to quantify the potential demand, the course was provided tuition free. LEADERship Ashtabula County was hired to plan, promote and organize the program in conjunction with AeroTrek Flight Academy who provided the instructors and aircraft.
 - While there was significant interest and participation in the program, it failed to create the follow-up demand to support a flight school and related maintenance. The Airport is researching other aviation related opportunities under the AEI.
- 3. Apply for an Appalachian Regional Commission grant for a fiber broadband connection to the Airport.
- 4. Establishing a resolution to the USDA loan obligation.
- 5. Establishment of a 50 percent hangar rental discount promotion.
- 6. Refreshing the Airport website and social media.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unaudited

The Airport attracts significant charitable support. In 2020, the Airport received over \$400,000 in support from eight organizations and individuals. This support allowed the Airport to configure the facility to be attractive to a HEMS provider, experiment with the Aviation Education Initiative, find a legal solution to the USDA obligation in addition to maintaining and operating the airport to best practice standards.

In October 2019, the hangar constructed and occupied by Molded Fiberglass Companies, returned to the Airport. At the end of 2020, the Airport was negotiating a long-term lease agreement which will result in additional hangar rental revenue in 2021.

Outlook:

We think that business travel will continue to grow and revenue generation from this business segment will continue to be a significant part of Airport financial performance. Personal aviation is not expected to quickly respond to efforts by various special interest organizations to promote flying and grow the pilot population.

Policies and actions are in place to improve both Airport operating performance and financial performance in light of significant challenges.

Contacting the Airport's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, Airport users, and all interested parties with a general overview of the Airport's finances and to show the Airport's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Dwight Bowden, President of Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba the Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, 2382 Airport Road, P.O. Box 379, Jefferson, Ohio 44047.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Assets	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$222,184
Accounts Receivable	2,000
Prepaid Assets	20,097
Fuel Inventory	45,308
Rent Receivable	47,978
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	190
In Segregated Accounts	180
Total Current Assets	337,747
Non-Current Assets:	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	693,478
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	13,888,522
Total Non-Current Assets	14,582,000
Total Assets	\$14,919,747
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	65,719
OPEB	40,475
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	106,194
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$14,212
Accrued Wages	3,700
Intergovernmental Payable	1,176
Accrued Interest Payable	59,072
Unearned Revenue	4,379
Total Current Liabilities	82,539
Non-Current Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	81,000
Due In More than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	194,297
Net OPEB Liability	126,385
Other Amounts Due in More than One Year	867,078
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,268,760
Total Liabilities	1,351,299
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Land Rent	31,986
Pension	64,560
OPEB	33,223
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	129,769
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,633,922
Restricted for Debt Service	2,944
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(91,993)
Total Net Position	\$13,544,873

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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the year ended December 31, 2020

Operating Revenue	
Sales	\$119,719
Rent	111,799
Other Operating Revenues	7,893
Total Operating Revenue	239,411
Operating Expenses	
Personal Services	129,752
Fringe Benefits	110,136
Contractual Services	212,386
Materials and Supplies	139,815
Depreciation	478,720
Other Operating Expenses	83,984
Total Operating Expenses	1,154,793
Operating Loss	(915,382)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Income	222
Capital Grants	22,500
Contributions and Donations	426,655
Intergovernmental Revenue - County Appropriation	110,000
Engineering and Capital Related Expenses	(71,030)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(5,643)
Other Non-Operating Revenue	52,808
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	535,512
Change In Net Position	(379,870)
Net Position Beginning of Year	13,924,743
Net Position End of Year	\$13,544,873

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2020

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers	\$237,324
Other Operating Revenue	9,037
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	(365,750)
Cash Paid to Employees	(191,620)
Other Operating Expenses	(83,984)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(394,993)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:	
Land Rent/Management Proceeds	15,992
Other Non-Operating Receipts	36,816
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Activities	52,808
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Interest on Investments	222
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Contributions and Donations	536,655
Capital Grants	22,500
Payment for Capital Acquisitions	(298,203)
Payment for Engineering & Capital Related Services Interest Payments	(71,030) (5,643)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	184,279
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(157,684)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	380,048
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$222,364
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	(\$915,382)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	478,720
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:	4.004
Accounts Receivable Prepaid Assets	4,094 (913)
Inventory	(5,857)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	14,265
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	(21,621)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:	(0.042)
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages	(9,043) 1,041
Intergovernmental Payable	67
Unearned Revenue	2,856
Net Pension Liability	938
Net OPEB Liability	40,597
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	12,258 2,987
Total Adjustments	520,389
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
The Cash Osed for Operating Activities	(\$394,993)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note 1 - Description of the Northeast Ohio Regional Airport and Reporting Entity

A. The Airport

The Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, Ashtabula County, (the Airport) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Airport is directed by a nine member Board, appointed by the County commissioners. The Board of Trustees has the authority to exercise all of the powers and privileges provided under the law. These powers include the ability to sue or be sued in its corporate name; the power to establish and collect rates, rentals and other charges; the authority to acquire, construct, operate, manage and maintain airport facilities; the authority to buy and sell real and personal property; and the authority to issue debt for acquiring or constructing any facility or permanent improvement. Since the Airport imposes a financial burden on the County, the Airport is reflected as a component unit of Ashtabula County. The Airport has a December 31 year end.

B. Reporting Entity

The Airport has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the Airport are not misleading. The primary government consists of all departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Airport.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which a primary government is financially accountable. The Airport is financially accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Airport is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Airport is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Airport is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the Airport is obligated for the debt of the organization. Under the criteria specified in Statement No. 14, the Airport has no component units. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements include only the accounts and transactions of the Airport. The Airport is, however, considered to be a component unit of Ashtabula County ("the County") by virtue of the fact the Airport's Board of Trustees is appointed by the County and the Airport imposes a financial burden on the County. These conclusions regarding the financial reporting entity are based on the concept of financial accountability. The Airport is not financially accountable for any other organization.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governmental units as prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other recognized authoritative sources are generally applicable to the primary government. The more significant of the Airport's accounting policies are described below.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

A. Basis of Presentation

The Airport reports its operations as a single enterprise fund. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by measurement focus. Proprietary accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Airport finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Unbilled service charges are recognized as revenue at vear end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Airport receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Airport must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the airport on a reimbursement basis.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as a deferred inflow of resources. On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Airport, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 7 and 8.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2020

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Airport, deferred inflows of resources were reported for land rent, pension, and OPEB. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the statement of net position (see Notes 7 and 8).

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Airport maintains interest bearing depository accounts. All funds of the Airport are maintained in these accounts. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented in the statement of net position as "Cash and Cash Equivalents". The Airport has no investments.

The Airport has a segregated bank account for money held separate from the Airport's central bank accounts for donations related to the terminal building project. This account is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents: Segregated Accounts" since it is not required to be deposited into the Airport treasury.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general operating fund during 2020 amounted to \$222.

D. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the basic financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

E. Fuel Inventory

Inventory consists of two types of aviation fuel for sale to customers and is stated at cost, which is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory is recorded as an expense when sold or used.

F. Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Airport maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation in the enterprise fund is computed using the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated Lives	Description
25 - 40 years	Buildings and Improvements
25 - 40 years	Improvements other than Buildings
5 - 10 years	Vehicles
3 - 20 years	Furniture and Equipment

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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G. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for debt service represents monies set aside for the repayment of debt.

The Airport applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

H. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from primary activities. For the Airport, these revenues are charges for services, rentals, leases and miscellaneous reimbursements. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the Airport. Revenues and expenses which do not meet these definitions are reported as non-operating.

I. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles

For 2020, the Airport implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, *Fiduciary Activities*. For 2020, the Airport also implemented GASB *Implementation Guide No. 2018-1*. These changes had no effect on the Airport's 2020 financial statements.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note 4 – <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

State statues classify monies held by the Airport into three categories.

Active monies are public deposits necessary to meet the demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash by the Airport, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Airport has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the Airport's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies held by the Airport can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Airport, and must be purchased with the exception that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand

At year-end, the Airport had \$705 in un-deposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the Airport as part of "Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of all Airport deposits was \$221,659 and the bank balance of all Airport deposits was \$234,441. All of the bank balance was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and none was potentially exposed to custodial credit risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Airport will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Airport has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Airport and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2020, the Airport's financial institutions participated in OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Airport to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Note 5 – Operating Lease Agreements

In prior years, the Airport entered into two operating lease agreements for hangar improvements. The hangar improvements were paid for by tenants in exchange for the free use of the hangars for an agreed upon number of years. When these hangar agreements expire, the assets will revert to the Airport and will be capitalized at their current fair market value. The Airport will recognize a gain or loss on the expired lease transactions, which is the difference between the leases receivable being carried on the Airport's statement of net position and the fair market value of the assets acquired.

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-Term Obligations

During 2005, the Airport issued revenue bonds where the government income derived from the constructed assets will be used to retire the debt. The interest rate on the revenue bonds is 4.125 percent and they are scheduled to mature in 2035. Changes in the long-term obligations during 2020 were as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2019	Ao	dditions	Red	ductions	Balance 12/31/2020]	Amount Due In ne Year
Business-Type Activities								
Revenue Bonds	\$948,078		\$0		\$0	\$948,078		\$81,000
Net Pension Liability	193,359		938		0	194,297		0
Net OPEB Liability	85,788		40,597		0	126,385		0
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,227,225	\$	41,535	\$	0	\$ 1,268,760	\$	81,000

The Airport pays obligations related to employee compensation from the enterprise fund. The Airport did not make its annual principal and interest payment this year because it is not obligated to do so unless operating revenues exceed maintenance and operating expenses.

^{**}The annual scheduled payments to retire this debt are as follows:

	2005 Revenue Bonds					
Year	Principal	Interest	Total			
2021	\$81,000	\$83,338	\$164,338			
2022	43,100	39,146	82,246			
2023	44,800	37,368	82,168			
2024	46,700	35,520	82,220			
2025	48,600	33,594	82,194			
2026-2030	285,100	136,199	421,299			
2031-2035	325,900	74,658	400,558			
2036	72,878	6,386	79,264			
Total	\$948,078	\$446,209	\$1,394,287			

^{**}On September 8, 2020 the Board of Directors passed a resolution approving the Airport to omit annual principal and interest payment on its outstanding revenue bond because the cost to operate and maintain the Airport exceeded its operating revenues. The Airport is not obligated to make Bond Debt Service payments unless operating revenues exceed maintenance and operating expenses.

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Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee, on a deferred payment basis, as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Airport's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and other variables. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Airport's share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Airport's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Airport cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Airport does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. A liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

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Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The Airport participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members of the Airport may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employees are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional pension plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (800) 222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A
Eligible to retire prior to
January 7, 2013 or five years
after January 7, 2013

Group B 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2020, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

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Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits.

The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member directed plan consists of the member's contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitation), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0%
Employee *	10.0%
2020 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension **	14.0%
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	0.0%
Total Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%

^{*}Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Airport's contractual required contribution was \$19,602 for 2020.

^{**}These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional & combined plans. The employer contribution rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Airport's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Airport's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date	0.00070600%
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Current Measurement Date	0.00098300%
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00027700%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$194,297
Pension Expense	\$47,058

At December 31, 2020, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Change of Assumptions	\$10,377
Change in proportionate share and difference between Airport	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	35,740
Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date	19,602
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$65,719
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$2,456
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	
pension plan investments	\$38,760
Change in proportionate share and difference between Airport contributions and proportionate share of contributions	23,344
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$64,560

\$19,602 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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	OPERS
Year Ending December 31:	
2021	(\$4,904)
2022	245
2023	1,607
2024	(15,391)
Total	(\$18,443)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirement of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.25 Percent

Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation 3.25 Percent to 10.75 Percent

COLA or Ad hoc COLA Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3 Percent Simple;

Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3 Percent Simple through 2018,

then 2.15 Percent Simple

Current Measurement Period - Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

7.20 Percent Individual Entry Age

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 3 percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple, to 1.4 simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2020

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 17.2 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's targetasset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.83 %
Domestic Equities	19.00	5.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.20
Private Equity	12.00	10.70
International Equities	21.00	7.66
Other Investments	13.00	4.98
Total	100.00 %	5.61 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Airport's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.2 percent, as well as what the Airport's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.2 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate.

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	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.2%)	Discount Rate (7.2%)	1% Increase (8.2%)
Airport's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability	\$320,458	\$194,297	\$80,881

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

Net OPEB Liability

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB is provided to an employee, on a deferred-payment basis, as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the Airport's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, cost trends and other variables. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Airport's share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net other postemployment* benefit liability on the accrual basis of accounting.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Airport's obligation for liabilities to OPERS to annual required payments. The Airport cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB from the cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans are financed; however, the Airport does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

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The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Plan Description—Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member-directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an OPEB as described in GASB Statement No. 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The ORC permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the ORC.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by Systems' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. This is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for 2020 was 0 percent for both the traditional pension and combined plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2020 was 4.0 percent.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to December 31, 2019 by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year. The Airport's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Airport's share of contributions to the retirement system relative to the contributions of all participating entities. The following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	
Prior Measurement Date	0.00065800%
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	
Current Measurement Date	0.00091500%
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00025700%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$126,385
OPEB Expense	\$21,960

At December 31, 2020, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$3
Change of Assumptions	20,004
Change in proportionate share and difference between Airport	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	20,468
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$40,475
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$11,559
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	
pension plan investments	6,437
Change in proportionate share and difference between Airport contributions and proportionate share of contributions	15,227
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$33,223

No amount was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

	OPERS
Year Ending December 31:	
2021	\$1,002
2022	8,995
2023	5
2024	(2,750)
Total	\$7,252

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by employers and plan members) and include the types of coverages provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019.

Key Methods and Assumptions used in Valuation of the Total OPEB Liability:

Wage Inflation	3.25 Percent
Projected Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.25 - 10.75 Percent (includes wage inflation)
Single Discount Rate:	
Current Measurement Rate	3.16 Percent
Prior Measurement Rate	3.96 Percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 Percent
Municipal Bond Rate:	
Current Measurement Rate	3.71 Percent
Prior Measurement Rate	3.71 Percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate:	
Current Measurement Rate	10.50 Percent initial, 3.50 Percent ultimate in 2030
Prior Measurement Rate	10.0 Percent initial, 3.25 Percent ultimate in 2029

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 19.70 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the OPERS Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the OPERS Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2019 and the long-term expected real rates of return.

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	36.00 %	1.53 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.75
REITs	6.00	5.69
International Equities	23.00	7.66
Other Investments	14.00	4.90
Total	100.00 %	4.55 %

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.0 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2020

applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.96 percent and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease (2.96%)	Discount Rate (3.96%)	1% Increase (4.96%)		
Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$165,395	\$126,385	\$95,151		

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2020 is 10.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care.

A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the Actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	Health Care				
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Airport's Proportionate Share of the					
Net OPEB Liability	\$122,656	\$126,385	\$130,067		

Note 9 – Other Employee Benefits

A. Sick and Personal Absence Days

Full time employees are eligible for one paid personal absence day annually which can be used for personal business. Employees are also eligible for five paid sick days, which can be used for illness or sickness. Employment anniversary dates are used in establishing eligibility. The banked liability has no value for time off or for payment of unused days upon termination. Therefore, there was no liability for accrued but unused personal or sick days as of December 31, 2020.

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2020

B. Vacation

Full time employees are eligible for paid vacation time depending upon length of service. Vacation time may not be carried over to the following year unless, prior written approval from the Board is granted. Eligible employees will not be paid for any earned but unused vacation upon termination. Therefore, there was no liability for accrued but unused vacation days as of December 31, 2020.

Note 10 - Capital Assets

A summary of the Airport's capital assets at December 31, 2020 follows:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2019	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2020
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$693,478	\$0	\$0	\$693,478
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	2,947,787	0	0	2,947,787
Improvements other than Buildings	13,452,007	249,177	0	13,701,184
Vehicles	732,883	31,324	0	764,207
Furniture and Equipment	245,154	17,702	0	262,856
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated:	17,377,831	298,203	0	17,676,034
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(849,301)	(75,508)	0	(924,809)
Improvements other than Buildings	(1,772,377)	(363,426)	0	(2,135,803)
Vehicles	(510,149)	(25,191)	0	(535,340)
Furniture and Equipment	(176,965)	(14,595)	0	(191,560)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,308,792)	(478,720)	0	(3,787,512)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	14,069,039	(180,517)	0	13,888,522
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$14,762,517	(\$180,517)	\$0	\$14,582,000

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2020

Note 11 - Risk Management

Commercial Insurance

The Airport has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 12 – Contingent Liability

The Airport receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits may require refunding to grantor agencies. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial statements included herein or on the overall financial position of the Airport as of December 31, 2020.

Note 13 – Contributions and Donations

The Airport receives significant contributions and donations which help it to operate. During 2020, the Airport received \$110,000 from the County and \$426,655 from other donors.

Note 14 – Covid-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Airport. The Airport's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the Airport participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Airport's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either Federal or State, cannot be estimated.

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Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan Last Seven Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Airport's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00098300%	0.00070600%	0.00114500%	0.00078000%	0.00087300%	0.00076300%	0.00076300%
Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$194,297	\$193,359	\$179,628	\$177,125	\$151,215	\$92,026	\$89,948
Airport's Covered Payroll	\$129,757	\$105,116	\$151,358	\$105,925	\$105,460	\$97,692	\$77,643
Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	149.74%	183.95%	118.68%	167.22%	143.39%	94.20%	115.85%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.17%	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the Airport's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Last Four Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Airport's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.00091500%	0.00065800%	0.00107000%	0.00073000%
Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$126,385	\$85,788	\$116,194	\$73,732
Airport's Covered Payroll	\$129,757	\$105,116	\$151,358	\$105,925
Airport's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	97.40%	81.61%	76.77%	69.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.05%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the Airport's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Airport Pension Contributions
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan
Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Pension Contribution	\$19,602	\$18,166	\$14,542	\$19,928
Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$19,602)	(\$18,166)	(\$14,542)	(\$19,928)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Airport Covered Payroll	\$140,014	\$129,757	\$105,116	\$151,358
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information and amounts presented in Note 7.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	\$12,105	\$12,656	\$11,723	\$10,094	\$6,270	\$5,780
	(\$12,105)	(\$12,656)	(\$11,723)	(\$10,094)	(\$6,270)	(\$5,780)
_	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$105,925	\$105,460	\$97,692	\$77,643	\$62,703	\$57,800
	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	10.00%	10.00%

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Airport OPEB Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required OPEB Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,684
OPEB Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1,684)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Airport Covered Payroll	\$140,014	\$129,757	\$105,116	\$151,358
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information and amounts presented in Note 8.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	\$2,017	\$2,109	\$1,954	\$776	\$2,508	\$2,312
	(\$2,017)	(\$2,109)	(\$1,954)	(\$776)	(\$2,508)	(\$2,312)
_	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$105,925	\$105,460	\$97,692	\$77,643	\$62,703	\$57,800
	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	1.00%	4.00%	4.00%

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - OPERS

There were no changes in the methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarially determined contributions during 2020.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

There were no changes in the benefit terms during 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods – OPERS

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability. The single discount rate changed from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent, the municipal bond rate changed from 3.71 percent to 2.75 percent and the health carecost trend rate changed from 10.00 percent to 10.50 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

There were no changes in the benefit terms during 2020.

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Lausche Building, 12th Floor 615 Superior Avenue, NW Cleveland, Ohio 44113-1801 (216) 787-3665 or (800) 626-2297 NortheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County P.O. Box 379
Jefferson, Ohio 44047

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, Ashtabula County, (the Airport), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 23, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the Airport.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Airport's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Airport's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Ashtabula County Airport Authority dba Northeast Ohio Regional Airport Ashtabula County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Airport's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Airport's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 23, 2021



ASHTABULA COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITY DBA NORTHEAST OHIO REGIONAL AIRPORT ASHTABULA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/7/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370