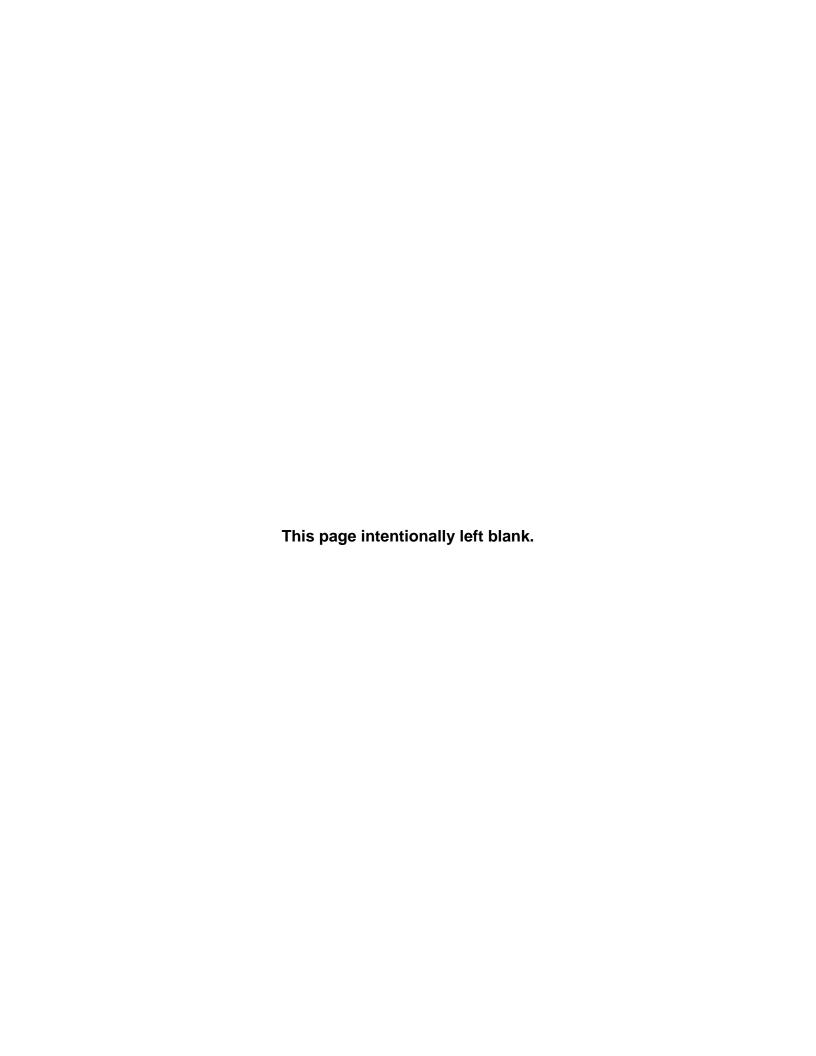




# GREEN TOWNSHIP GALLIA COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Green Township Gallia County 1614 State Route 775 Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

To the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Green Township, Gallia County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code §117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Green Township
Gallia County
Independent Auditor's Report
Page 2

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

#### Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Green Township, Gallia County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 9 to the 2019 financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Township. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2020, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 10, 2020

Gallia County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$80,946	\$201,942	\$0	\$282,888
Intergovernmental	43,785	149,927	0	193,712
Earnings on Investments	790	315	0	1,105
Total Cash Receipts	125,521	352,184	0	477,705
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	85,641	1,426	0	87,067
Public Safety	0	45,167	0	45,167
Public Works	7,878	150,405	0	158,283
Health	0	522	0	522
Capital Outlay	3,547	0	0	3,547
Total Cash Disbursements	97,066	197,520	0	294,586
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	28,455	154,664	0	183,119
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Other Financing Uses	(3,779)	0	0	(3,779)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	(3,779)	0	0	(3,779)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	24,676	154,664	0	179,340
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	57,008	148,893	6,950	212,851
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Nonspendable	0	0	793	793
Restricted	0	169,090	6,157	175,247
Committed	0	134,467	0	134,467
Assigned	68,924	0	0	68,924
Unassigned (Deficit)	12,760	0	0	12,760
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$81,684	\$303,557	\$6,950	\$392,191

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Green Township, Gallia County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance. The Township contracts with the Village of Gallipolis to provide fire protection services.

#### Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in Ohio Township Association Risk Management Association (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

#### Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

**General Fund** The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Special Revenue Funds* These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gas Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

*Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund* The motor vehicle license tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

**Road and Bridge** Fund This fund accounts for receipts received from the property tax which is used for repair of roads and bridges within the township.

**Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund** This fund accounts for and reports that portion of motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the township.

Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

**Estimated Resources** Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

*Encumbrances* The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

#### Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance

*Nonspendable* The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

*Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2019 follows:

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$110,813	\$125,521	\$14,708
Special Revenue	298,950	352,184	53,234
Permanent	2	0	(2)
Total	\$409,765	\$477,705	\$67,940

Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **Note 3 – Budgetary Activity (Continued)**

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

		<del></del>	
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$159,160	\$100,845	\$58,315
Special Revenue	403,000	197,520	205,480
Permanent	1	0	1
Total	\$562,161	\$298,365	\$263,796
Permanent	1	0	

#### Note 4 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposits pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2019
Demand deposits	\$392,191

#### **Deposits**

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

#### **Note 5 – Property Taxes**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### Note 6 – Risk Management

#### Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (local entity's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

Gallia County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)**

- -General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

2019

Cash and investments \$35,207,320

Actuarial liabilities \$10,519,942

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

#### Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019.

#### **Note 9 – Subsequent Events**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Township. In addition, the impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated

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Gallia County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$76,766	\$193,583	\$0	\$270,349
Intergovernmental	41,989	135,390	0	177,379
Earnings on Investments	133	56	0	189
Miscellaneous	0	7,346	0	7,346
Total Cash Receipts	118,888	336,375	0	455,263
Cash Disbursements Current:				
General Government	90,925	1,260	0	92,185
Public Safety	0	42,965	0	42,965
Public Works	5,846	332,117	0	337,963
Health	0	5,791	0	5,791
Total Cash Disbursements	96,771	382,133	0	478,904
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	22,117	(45,758)	0	(23,641)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Other Financing Uses	(2,102)	0	0	(2,102)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	(2,102)	0	0	(2,102)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	20,015	(45,758)	0	(25,743)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	36,993	194,651	6,950	238,594
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Nonspendable	0	0	793	793
Restricted	0	113,108	6,157	119,265
Committed	0	35,785	0	35,785
Assigned	48,347	0	0	48,347
Unassigned (Deficit)	8,661	0		8,661
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$57,008	\$148,893	\$6,950	\$212,851

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Green Township, Gallia County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance. The Township contracts with the Village of Gallipolis to provide fire protection services.

#### Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in Ohio Township Association Risk Management Association (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

#### Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

*General Fund* The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Special Revenue Funds* These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gas Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

*Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund* The motor vehicle license tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

**Road and Bridge** Fund This fund accounts for receipts received from the property tax which is used for repair of roads and bridges within the township.

**Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund** This fund accounts for and reports that portion of motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the township..

Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

**Estimated Resources** Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

*Encumbrances* The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2018 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

#### Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

*Nonspendable* The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

*Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2018 follows:

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$112,113	\$118,888	\$6,775
Special Revenue	292,819	336,375	43,556
Permanent	0	0	0
Total	\$404,932	\$455,263	\$50,331

Gallia County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 3 – Budgetary Activity (Continued)**

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

		<b>√</b> 1	
	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$147,260	\$98,873	\$48,387
Special Revenue	452,300	382,133	70,167
Permanent	0	0	0
Total	\$599,560	\$481,006	\$118,554

#### Note 4 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposits pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2018
Demand deposits	\$212,851

#### **Deposits**

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### **Note 5 – Property Taxes**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### Note 6 – Risk Management

#### Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (local entity's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

Gallia County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)**

- -General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

<u>2018</u>

Cash and investments \$33,097,416

Actuarial liabilities \$ 7,874,610

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

#### **Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits**

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2018.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Green Township Gallia County 1614 State Rout e 775 Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

#### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of Green Township, Gallia County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2020, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev, Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(D) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Township.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. We consider findings 2019-002 and 2019-004 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2019-003 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be a significant deficiency.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statement. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2019-001 and 2019-002.

#### Township's Responses to Findings

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not subject the Township's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 10, 2020

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-001**

#### **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) provides that no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer certifying that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. Every such contract made without such a certificate shall be void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that treasurer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Rev. Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – If the chief fiscal officer can certify both at the time the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collections, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Board of Trustees can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Board of Trustees has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts less than \$100 in counties and less than \$3,000 in all other subdivisions may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

- 2. Blanket Certificate The auditor or fiscal officer may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money, not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority, against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Board of Trustees may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel oil, gasoline, food items, roadway materials, utilities, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. This certification is not to extend beyond the current fiscal year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Due to deficiencies in internal controls, 50 percent of the transactions tested at year-end were not certified by the Fiscal Officer at the time the commitment was incurred, and there was no evidence the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-001 (Continued)**

#### Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) (Continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to help ensure purchase commitments receive prior approval.

To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, the Fiscal Officer should certify the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

**Officials' Response:** We had a misunderstanding of the correct use of Then and Now Purchase Orders. We will develop a better understanding of the correct type of purchase instruments to be used according to the situation at hand.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-002**

#### **Noncompliance and Material Weakness**

**Section 278, Public Law 97-248, H. R. 4961** states that Medicare should be deducted from employees' compensation for all employees hired after March 31, 1986. Furthermore, employers are liable for reporting and remitting these taxes.

**26 U.S.C.** § **3402(a)(1)** states in general, except as otherwise provided in this section, every employer making payment of wages shall deduct and withhold upon such wages a tax determined in accordance with tables or computational procedures prescribed by the Secretary.

**26 U.S.C. § 3403** states that the employer shall be liable for the payment of the tax required to be deducted and withheld under this chapter, and shall not be liable to any person for the amount of any such payment.

The Township did not remit federal income and/or Medicare taxes in a timely manner. This resulted in unremitted federal income taxes and Medicare taxes for 2019 and 2018 in the amounts of \$11,159 and \$5,969 respectively. In addition, the Township did not file quarterly 941 reports for any reporting period in 2019 or 2018.

The Township should remit payments to the Internal Revenue Service in a timely manner. The Township should also file the required 941 reports quarterly.

This matter will be referred to the Internal Revenue Service.

**Official's Response:** We will remit payroll taxes in a timely manner.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-003**

#### **Significant Deficiency**

Sound accounting practices require that when designing the public office's system of internal control and the specific control activities, management should ensure adequate security of assets and records, and verify the existence and valuation of assets and liabilities and periodically reconcile them to the accounting records.

The reconciliation of cash (bank) balances to accounting system records (book) to the accounting system is the most basic and primary control process performed. Lack of completing an accurate and timely reconciliation may allow for accounting errors, theft and fraud to occur without timely detection.

The Fiscal Officer is responsible for reconciling the book (fund) balance to the total bank balance on a monthly basis, and the Board of Trustees is responsible for reviewing the reconciliations and related support.

The following items were noted in review of the monthly bank reconciliations:

- Monthly bank to book reconciliations were not prepared on a timely basis throughout 2019 and 2018.
- Reconciliations were not signed or initialed to indicate review by the Board of Trustees.
- The December 31, 2018 bank reconciliation included \$2,365.63 in outstanding Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) payments dated December 31, 2016.
- The December 31, 2018 bank reconciliation also included an outstanding check in the amount of \$49.30 dated December 12, 2016.
- 2019 bank reconciliations from January through November included an "other adjusting factor" of \$336.09
- 2019 bank reconciliations for October and November also included an outstanding adjustment of \$371.20.
- The December 2019 Outstanding Payments report included \$660 in items that had been outstanding more than 1 year.
- Support for the December 2019 reconciliation indicated that the 2016 outstanding PERS payment in the amount of \$2,365.63 had been reconciled to a January 2019 EFT in the amount of \$2,029.54. This resulted in the \$336.09 other adjusting factor. However, that also resulted in an outstanding payment in the amount of \$2,029.54 being erroneously carried on the outstanding payment list throughout 2019. This outstanding payment should be voided.
- Support for the December 2019 reconciliation indicated an adjustment in the amount of \$371.20 was made due to an error in posting the County Auditor Cigarette Tax Settlement.

Failure to reconcile monthly increases the possibility that the Township will not be able to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, and record its transactions correctly or to document compliance with finance related legal and contractual requirements. Further, the lack of accurate monthly reconciliations increases the risk of theft/fraud over the cash cycle and could lead to inaccurate reporting in the annual financial statements.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-003 (Continued)**

#### Significant Deficiency (Continued)

The Fiscal Officer should record all transactions and timely prepare monthly bank to book cash reconciliations, which include all bank accounts and all fund balances. Variances should be investigated, documented and corrected. In addition, the Board of Trustees should review the monthly cash reconciliations including the related support (such as reconciling items) and document the reviews. The outstanding payment for the EFT payment which was reconciled to a prior period payment should be voided.

Official's Response: We will record all transactions in a timely manner.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-004**

#### **Material Weakness**

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

The financial statements contained the following errors that required audit adjustment or reclassification:

#### In 2019:

- Homestead and Rollback Intergovernmental receipts were incorrectly recorded as Taxes receipts in the General Fund in the amount of \$11,647, in the Road and Bridge Fund in the amount of \$18,117 and in the Fire Fund in the amount of \$5,820.
- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting
  of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.176
  require reporting amounts as assigned when subsequent appropriations exceed estimated
  receipts. The Township incorrectly reported the assigned portion of the General Fund cash fund
  balance as unassigned, in the amount of \$68,924.
- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.170 require reporting amounts as committed when the fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The Road & Bridge Fund is supported by inside millage internally imposed by the Trustees. The Township incorrectly reported the committed portion of the Road & Bridge Fund cash fund balance as restricted, in the amount of \$134,467.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-004 (Continued)**

#### **Material Weakness (Continued)**

• Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.161 require reporting amounts as nonspendable when the fund balance classification includes amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Prior reports indicated the carrying amount of the original bequest of Ohio Valley Bank stock to the Centenary Cemetery to be \$793. The remainder of the fund balance is therefore, proceeds of interest and income from the sale of stock subsequent to stock splits which should be reported as Restricted. The Township incorrectly reported the restricted portion of the Permanent Fund cash fund balance as nonspendable, in the amount of \$6,157.

#### In 2018:

- Homestead and Rollback Intergovernmental receipts were incorrectly recorded as Taxes receipts in the General Fund in the amount of \$11,285, in the Road and Bridge Fund in the amount of \$17,554 and in the Fire Fund in the amount of \$5,613.
- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting
  of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.176
  require reporting amounts as assigned when subsequent appropriations exceed estimated
  receipts. The Township incorrectly reported the assigned portion of the General Fund cash fund
  balance as unassigned, in the amount of \$48,347.
- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.170 require reporting amounts as committed when the fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to contraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The Road & Bridge Fund is supported by inside millage internally imposed by the Trustees. The Township incorrectly reported the committed portion of the Road & Bridge Fund cash fund balance as restricted, in the amount of \$35,785.
- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.161 require reporting amounts as nonspendable when the fund balance classification includes amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Prior reports indicated the carrying amount of the original bequest of Ohio Valley Bank stock to the Centenary Cemetery to be \$793. The remainder of the fund balance is therefore, proceeds of interest and income from the sale of stock subsequent to stock splits which should be reported as Restricted. The Township incorrectly reported the restricted portion of the Permanent Fund cash fund balance as nonspendable, in the amount of \$6,157.

The Fiscal Officer made classification errors in posting receipts and expenditures. This caused the incorrect posting of receipts and disbursements as noted above. The audited financial statements have been adjusted for the issues noted above.

The Fiscal Officer should review the Township handbook for guidance on the correct line items to post various receipts and disbursements for the Township to ensure the Township's financial statements are complete and accurate. The Fiscal Officer should also review Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 for Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for proper reporting of fund balances on the financial statements

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-004 (Continued)**

#### **Material Weakness (Continued)**

**Official's Response:** We understand the items mentioned were incorrectly recorded. Regarding errors on the annual report, we have used outside help in an attempt to provide accurate information for the regulatory statements filed to the auditor of state.



#### **GREEN TOWNSHIP**

#### **GALLIA COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/19/2020

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