



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLINTON COUNTY**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	4
Basic Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities.....	16
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds.....	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.....	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund	25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.....	26
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Fund	27
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	28
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years	74
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Three Fiscal Years.....	77
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years	78
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) – School Teacher Retirement System of Ohio Last Three Fiscal Years.....	81

**EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLINTON COUNTY**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS
(Continued)**

TITLE	PAGE
Schedule of the School District's Contributions – School Employees Retirement System of Ohio – Last Ten Fiscal Years	82
Schedule of the School District's Contributions – State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio – Last Ten Fiscal Years	84
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	86
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	89
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	90
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	91
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	93
Schedule of Findings.....	95
Corrective Action Plan.....	97

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



Corporate Centre of Blue Ash
11117 Kenwood Road
Blue Ash, Ohio 45242-1817
(513) 361-8550 or (800) 368-7419
SouthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

East Clinton Local School District
Clinton County
97 Astro Way
Sabina, Ohio 45169

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of East Clinton Local School District, Clinton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of East Clinton Local School District, Clinton County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Keith Faber
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 23, 2020

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

As management of the East Clinton Local School District, we offer the readers of the School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have provided in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's performance.

This discussion and analysis of East Clinton Local School District's financial performance is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements, and provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- Overall net position increased \$713,113.
- Net OPEB liability decreased and total expenses increased due to the state-wide pension plans' changes in assumptions and benefits.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This report consists of a series of financial statements and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand East Clinton Local School District as a whole, an entire operating entity.

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole and present a longer term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's major funds, with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The major funds for the East Clinton Local School District are the General, Bond Retirement, Permanent Improvement, Building, and Classroom Facilities Funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during 2019?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statements of Activities*, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These government-wide financial statements include all *assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources* using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, required educational programs, and other factors.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page ten. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's major funds.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Fiduciary Funds - The School District's fiduciary funds consist of an agency fund and a private purpose trust fund. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The private purpose trust fund is used to account for college scholarship programs. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018:

Table 1
Net Position
Governmental Activities

Assets:	2019	2018	Change
Current and Other Assets	\$34,611,445	\$16,102,565	\$18,508,880
Net OPEB Asset	844,197	0	844,197
Capital Assets, Net	11,048,919	11,726,377	(677,458)
Total Assets	46,504,561	27,828,942	18,675,619
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension	4,344,108	4,850,613	(506,505)
OPEB	418,380	164,799	253,581
Total Deferred Outflows	4,762,488	5,015,412	(252,924)
Liabilities:			
Other Liabilities	18,611,406	1,551,866	17,059,540
Long-Term Liabilities			
Net Pension Liability	15,651,863	15,903,580	(251,717)
Net OPEB Liability	2,010,746	3,724,442	(1,713,696)
Other Amounts	741,084	764,285	(23,201)
Total Liabilities	37,015,099	21,944,173	15,070,926
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Taxes	3,958,347	2,606,874	1,351,473
Pension	1,073,776	831,124	242,652
OPEB	1,519,665	475,134	1,044,531
Total Deferred Inflows	6,551,788	3,913,132	2,638,656
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,798,919	11,436,377	(637,458)
Restricted	4,849,833	3,894,411	955,422
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(7,948,590)	(8,343,739)	395,149
Total Net Position	\$7,700,162	\$6,987,049	\$713,113

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2019, and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The School District has also adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Capital assets decreased \$677,458, which was due to depreciation exceeding additions for the fiscal year. Total liabilities increased due to the issuance of the bond anticipation notes.

Table 2, on the following page, shows the highlights of the School District's revenues and expenses. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net position. This table uses the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: Program Revenues and General Revenues. Program Revenues are defined as charges for services and sales, operating grants, contributions and interest, and capital grants and contributions. General Revenues include taxes, unrestricted grants, such as State foundation support, unrestricted investment earnings and miscellaneous revenue.

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

Table 2
Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities

Revenues:	2019	2018	Change
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,226,210	\$1,288,388	(\$62,178)
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	2,336,872	2,035,375	301,497
Capital Grants and Contributions	310,674	38,740	271,934
Total Program Revenues	3,873,756	3,362,503	511,253
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	3,528,283	4,592,105	(1,063,822)
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	8,701,941	8,627,065	74,876
Investment Earnings	256,444	48,888	207,556
Miscellaneous	94,492	115,496	(21,004)
Total General Revenues	12,581,160	13,383,554	(802,394)
Total Revenues	16,454,916	16,746,057	(291,141)
Program Expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	6,134,184	3,208,685	2,925,499
Special	2,711,990	1,464,764	1,247,226
Vocational	150,568	56,150	94,418
Student Intervention Services	6,524	7,897	(1,373)
Support Services:			
Pupils	793,926	434,914	359,012
Instructional Staff	543,342	328,308	215,034
Board of Education	59,001	38,255	20,746
Administration	1,028,811	481,036	547,775
Fiscal	398,055	357,815	40,240
Business	4,504	4,498	6
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,398,509	1,244,108	154,401
Pupil Transportation	1,036,145	932,545	103,600
Central	132,682	105,453	27,229
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	666,003	572,276	93,727
Extracurricular Activities	403,342	177,132	226,210
Interest and Fiscal Charges	274,217	7,783	266,434
Total Expenses	15,741,803	9,421,619	6,320,184
Increase in Net Position	713,113	7,324,438	(6,611,325)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	6,987,049	(337,389)	7,324,438
Net Position at End of Year	\$7,700,162	\$6,987,049	\$713,113

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Property taxes decreased \$1,063,822 due to a decrease in the amount available for advance.

Overall expenses increased by \$6,320,184 in fiscal year 2019 compared to fiscal year 2018. This increase is due to the state-wide pension plans' changes in assumptions and benefits.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales and grants, contributions and interest offsetting those costs. In Table 3, the total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Net costs are costs that must be covered by unrestricted state aid (State Foundation) or local taxes. The difference in these two columns would represent restricted grants, charges for services, fees, and donations.

Table 3

	Governmental Activities			
	Total Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Instruction	\$9,003,266	\$4,737,496	\$6,418,328	\$2,344,442
Support Services	5,394,975	3,926,932	4,834,311	3,693,388
Operation of Non-				
Instructional Services	666,003	572,276	26,237	(78,801)
Extracurricular Activities	403,342	177,132	314,954	92,304
Interest and Fiscal Charges	274,217	7,783	274,217	7,783
Total Expenses	\$15,741,803	\$9,421,619	\$11,868,047	\$6,059,116

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 18. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$16,220,423 and expenditures of \$16,365,967.

The net change in the General Fund balance for the fiscal year was a decrease of \$802,780. This decrease was due to a decrease in property tax revenue which was caused by a significant decrease in the amount available for advance.

The Bond Retirement Fund balance increased \$634,547. This is due to an increase in property tax revenue thanks to the levy that was passed by the voters in November 2018.

The Permanent Improvement Fund balance increased \$2,109. Despite a decrease in property tax revenue, total revenues slightly exceeded total expenditures for fiscal year 2019.

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

The Building Fund balance is \$12,600. This is a new fund for fiscal year 2019, it received debt proceeds which will be used for the Ohio School Facilities Commission construction project.

The Classroom Facilities Construction Fund balance is \$2,284. This is a new fund for fiscal year 2019, it received debt proceeds which will be used for the Ohio School Facilities Commission construction project.

General Fund - Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. During the course of fiscal year 2019, the School District revised its budget as it attempted to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

The School District's ending unobligated cash balance was \$7,914,772.

For the General Fund, actual revenue was \$13,973,576, with final budget estimates matching. Original budgeted amounts were \$13,818,250, a difference of \$155,326 from final budget estimates. Property tax, intergovernmental, and interest revenue budgets increased from original to final due to changes from the County Auditor, an increase in expected State Foundation funding, and more interest revenue than originally expected.

Actual expenditures were \$14,371,180, with final budget estimates matching. Original estimated expenditures of \$13,622,510 varied from final budget basis expenditures by \$748,670. Final estimated expenditures increased from original estimated expenditures due to an overall increase in expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The East Clinton Local School District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019 was \$11,048,919. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows June 30, 2019 balances compared to June 30, 2018:

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)
Governmental Activities

	2019	2018
Land	\$452,753	\$452,753
Buildings and Improvements	9,337,140	9,937,117
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	799,234	854,062
Vehicles	459,792	482,445
Totals	\$11,048,919	\$11,726,377

Net capital assets decreased \$677,458 as a result of the current year depreciation expense and deductions exceeding additions to capital assets.

For more information on capital assets, refer to Note 9 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$250,000 in bonds outstanding, with \$40,000 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes outstanding bonds:

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at June 30,

	2019	2018
2010 - Energy Conservation Bonds	\$250,000	\$290,000

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$15,960,462 with an energy conservation debt margin of \$1,596,046 and an unvoted debt margin of \$177,338 at June 30, 2019.

For more information on debt, refer to Note 15 of the Basic Financial Statements.

District Challenges for the Future

School funding in Ohio is still the School District's biggest challenge as we are heavily dependent on State funding. While the Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that Ohio's funding of public schools is unconstitutional and needs to be restricted, subsequent Court reviews of the legislature have not adequately responded to the specifics of the ruling. H.B. 66, passed in June 2005, has not helped school districts' financial future. Two of the major issues with H.B. 66 are the phase out of the cost of doing business factor and the phase out of personal tangible property tax with no long-term replacement revenue. Thus, many school districts believe Ohio's public schools continue to be funded through an inadequate and inequitable system.

East Clinton Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Unaudited

The State legislature has created other opportunities for school children in Ohio that have caused more funding concerns for Ohio's public schools. The liberalization of home schooling requirements, post-secondary options, intra-district open enrollment, and community school districts have created additional competition for the limited funding available for education in Ohio.

The projection of student enrollment is another issue that is difficult to forecast. During the last several fiscal years, the School District's student enrollment has risen and fallen. However in the past few years enrollment has been declining. These fluctuations make it very difficult to forecast an accurate financial picture of the School District. The transient nature of the School District's residents and students choosing one of the above mentioned alternatives to public education makes estimating the number of students to be funded through the school foundation program difficult.

The School District continues to demonstrate fiscal responsibility by doing whatever is necessary to keep the School District in the "black." Parents, students and staff are to be commended for the commitment of a quality education for the students of the School District. The Board and administrators are hopeful that public school funding in Ohio is a priority for Ohio's political leaders, and that it will permit the School District to continue to provide a quality education for its students.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact John Stanley, Treasurer, at East Clinton Local School District, 97 Astro Way, Sabina, OH 45169.

East Clinton Local School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$12,314,943
Investments	17,266,251
Accrued Interest Receivable	37,895
Prepaid Items	20,124
Materials and Supplies Inventory	4,374
Inventory Held for Resale	25,503
Intergovernmental Receivable	420,963
Property Taxes Receivable	4,521,392
Net OPEB Asset (Note 12)	844,197
Capital Assets:	
Land	452,753
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	10,596,166
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>46,504,561</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	4,344,108
OPEB	418,380
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>4,762,488</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	3,400
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,426,184
Intergovernmental Payable	87,493
Notes Payable	16,850,276
Accrued Interest Payable	244,053
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	57,259
Due in More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability (Note 11)	15,651,863
Net OPEB Liability (Note 12)	2,010,746
Other Amounts	683,825
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>37,015,099</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	3,958,347
Pension	1,073,776
OPEB	1,519,665
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>\$6,551,788</u>
	(continued)

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

East Clinton Local School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

(Continued)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$10,798,919
Restricted for:	
Capital Improvements	2,305,907
Debt Service	707,268
Classroom Facilities	420,532
Food Service Operations	742,444
District Managed Activities	13,071
Fine Arts Activities	34,918
Federal and State Grants	279,790
Library Materials and Services:	
Expendable	45,903
Nonexpendable	300,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(7,948,590)</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u><u>\$7,700,162</u></u>

East Clinton Local School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Program Revenues	
	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest
Expenses		
Governmental Activities		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$6,134,184	\$947,025
Special	2,711,990	0
Vocational	150,568	0
Student Intervention Services	6,524	0
Support Services:		
Pupils	793,926	0
Instructional Staff	543,342	0
Board of Education	59,001	0
Administration	1,028,811	0
Fiscal	398,055	0
Business	4,504	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,398,509	4,183
Pupil Transportation	1,036,145	0
Central	132,682	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		
Food Service Operations	666,003	186,614
Extracurricular Activities	403,342	88,388
Interest and Fiscal Charges	274,217	0
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>\$15,741,803</u>	<u>\$1,226,210</u>

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:
General Purposes
Debt Service
Capital Outlay
Classroom Facilities Maintenance
Grants and Entitlements not
Restricted to Specific Programs
Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>Program Revenues</u> Capital Grants and Contributions	Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
\$20,694	(\$5,097,461)
0	(1,216,594)
0	(97,749)
0	(6,524)
0	(781,988)
0	(480,228)
0	(59,001)
0	(904,590)
272,799	(112,571)
0	(4,504)
3,124	(1,380,913)
14,057	(977,834)
0	(132,682)
0	(26,237)
0	(314,954)
0	(274,217)
<u>\$310,674</u>	<u>(11,868,047)</u>

2,527,721
709,264
229,091
62,207
8,701,941
256,444
94,492
<u>12,581,160</u>
713,113
<u>6,987,049</u>
<u>\$7,700,162</u>

East Clinton Local School District

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,078,704	\$642,412	\$2,245,366
Investments	0	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	0
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0
Accrued Interest Receivable	18,608	0	0
Interfund Receivable	239	0	0
Intergovernmental Receivable	30,801	0	0
Prepaid Items	19,658	0	0
Property Taxes Receivable	3,506,767	640,476	317,613
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$11,654,777</u>	<u>\$1,282,888</u>	<u>\$2,562,979</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$3,400	\$0	\$0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,272,246	0	0
Interfund Payable	0	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	78,991	0	0
Notes Payable	0	50,276	0
Accrued Interest Payable	0	0	0
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>1,354,637</u>	<u>50,276</u>	<u>0</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	3,106,198	525,073	280,660
Unavailable Revenues	182,122	46,395	16,134
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>3,288,320</u>	<u>571,468</u>	<u>296,794</u>
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	19,658	0	0
Restricted	0	661,144	812,163
Committed	250,973	0	0
Assigned	676,512	0	1,454,022
Unassigned (Deficit)	6,064,677	0	0
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>7,011,820</u>	<u>661,144</u>	<u>2,266,185</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$11,654,777</u>	<u>\$1,282,888</u>	<u>\$2,562,979</u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Building Fund	Classroom Facilities Construction Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$6,756	\$26,252	\$1,315,453	\$12,314,943
6,662,325	10,354,153	249,773	17,266,251
0	0	4,374	4,374
0	0	25,503	25,503
5,642	12,242	1,403	37,895
0	0	0	239
0	0	390,162	420,963
0	0	466	20,124
0	0	56,536	4,521,392
<u>\$6,674,723</u>	<u>\$10,392,647</u>	<u>\$2,043,670</u>	<u>\$34,611,684</u>
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,400
0	0	153,938	1,426,184
0	0	239	239
0	0	8,502	87,493
6,559,590	10,240,410	0	16,850,276
99,487	144,295	0	243,782
<u>6,659,077</u>	<u>10,384,705</u>	<u>162,679</u>	<u>18,611,374</u>
0	0	46,416	3,958,347
3,046	5,658	387,102	640,457
<u>3,046</u>	<u>5,658</u>	<u>433,518</u>	<u>4,598,804</u>
0	0	304,840	324,498
12,600	2,284	1,254,693	2,742,884
0	0	0	250,973
0	0	0	2,130,534
0	0	(112,060)	5,952,617
<u>12,600</u>	<u>2,284</u>	<u>1,447,473</u>	<u>11,401,506</u>
<u>\$6,674,723</u>	<u>\$10,392,647</u>	<u>\$2,043,670</u>	<u>\$34,611,684</u>

This page intentionally left blank.

East Clinton Local School District
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$11,401,506
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:</i>		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land	452,753	
Other capital assets	29,060,677	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(18,464,511)</u>	
Total		11,048,919
Some of the School District's revenues will be collected after fiscal year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Taxes	238,477	
Intergovernmental	382,541	
Interest	<u>19,439</u>	
Total		640,457
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset) are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liabilities (asset) and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:		
Net OPEB Asset	844,197	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	4,344,108	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	418,380	
Net Pension Liability	(15,651,863)	
Net OPEB Liability	(2,010,746)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,073,776)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	<u>(1,519,665)</u>	
Total		(14,649,365)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		
		(271)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Energy conservation bonds payable	(250,000)	
Compensated absences	<u>(491,084)</u>	
Total		<u>(741,084)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$7,700,162</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

East Clinton Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$2,581,838	\$662,869	\$233,109
Intergovernmental	9,545,842	12,619	39,046
Investment Earnings	250,129	0	0
Tuition and Fees	947,025	0	0
Rent	375	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0
Customer Sales and Services	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	88,722	0	0
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>13,413,931</u>	<u>675,488</u>	<u>272,155</u>
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	6,254,104	0	141,078
Special	2,400,551	0	0
Vocational	177,505	0	0
Student Intervention Services	6,524	0	0
Support Services:			
Pupils	866,521	0	0
Instructional Staff	508,139	0	0
Board of Education	59,001	0	0
Administration	1,049,053	0	0
Fiscal	358,302	13,973	8,291
Business	4,504	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,229,167	0	22,862
Pupil Transportation	873,522	0	97,815
Central	125,139	0	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	500	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	260,917	0	0
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	40,000	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,510	26,968	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>14,216,959</u>	<u>40,941</u>	<u>270,046</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under)Expenditures</i>	<u>(803,028)</u>	<u>634,547</u>	<u>2,109</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	8,875	0	0
Transfers In	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(8,627)	0	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>248</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	(802,780)	634,547	2,109
<i>Fund Balances at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>7,814,600</u>	<u>26,597</u>	<u>2,264,076</u>
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$7,011,820</u></u>	<u><u>\$661,144</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,266,185</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Building Fund	Classroom Facilities Construction Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$0	\$0	\$58,139	\$3,535,955
0	0	1,229,467	10,826,974
113,943	148,981	23,739	536,792
0	0	0	947,025
0	0	0	375
0	0	88,388	88,388
0	0	190,422	190,422
0	0	5,770	94,492
<u>113,943</u>	<u>148,981</u>	<u>1,595,925</u>	<u>16,220,423</u>
0	0	60,915	6,456,097
0	0	606,118	3,006,669
0	0	3,636	181,141
0	0	0	6,524
0	0	2,135	868,656
0	0	43,401	551,540
0	0	0	59,001
0	0	98,475	1,147,528
1,856	2,402	1,225	386,049
0	0	0	4,504
0	0	30,004	1,282,033
0	0	0	971,337
0	0	0	125,139
0	0	642,733	643,233
0	0	101,339	362,256
0	0	0	40,000
99,487	144,295	0	274,260
<u>101,343</u>	<u>146,697</u>	<u>1,589,981</u>	<u>16,365,967</u>
<u>12,600</u>	<u>2,284</u>	<u>5,944</u>	<u>(145,544)</u>
0	0	0	8,875
0	0	8,627	8,627
0	0	0	(8,627)
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8,627</u>	<u>8,875</u>
12,600	2,284	14,571	(136,669)
0	0	1,432,902	11,538,175
<u>\$12,600</u>	<u>\$2,284</u>	<u>\$1,447,473</u>	<u>\$11,401,506</u>

East Clinton Local School District
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
 and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
 to the Statement of Activities
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (\$136,669)

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
 Statement of Activities are different because:*

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital assets additions	162,203	
Depreciation expense	(827,643)	
Excess of depreciation over capital outlay expense		(665,440)

The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as revenue in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital assets are removed from the capital asset account in the Statement of Net Position and offset against the proceeds from the sale of capital assets resulting in a gain or loss on the sale of capital assets in the Statement of Activities.

Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	(8,875)	
Loss on sale of capital assets	(3,143)	
		(12,018)

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are therefore recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.

Delinquent property taxes	(7,672)	
Intergovernmental	235,166	
Interest	6,999	
Total		234,493

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

Pension	1,078,982	
OPEB	56,225	
Total		1,135,207

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.

Pension	(1,576,422)	
OPEB	1,710,718	
Total		134,296

Accretion and amortization of bond premiums, the deferred loss on refunding debt, as well as accrued interest payable on the bonds are not reported in the funds, but are allocated as an expense over the life of the debt in the Statement of Activities.

Decrease in accrued interest payable		43
--------------------------------------	--	----

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:

Principal retirement		40,000
----------------------	--	--------

Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Increase in compensated absences payable		(16,799)
--	--	----------

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$713,113

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

East Clinton Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive Variance with (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$3,290,000	\$3,342,994	\$3,342,994	\$0
Intergovernmental	9,406,000	9,449,292	9,449,292	0
Investment Earnings	85,000	171,968	171,968	0
Tuition and Fees	982,250	947,025	947,025	0
Rent	500	375	375	0
Miscellaneous	54,500	61,922	61,922	0
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>13,818,250</u>	<u>13,973,576</u>	<u>13,973,576</u>	<u>0</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	5,482,128	6,285,044	6,285,044	0
Special	2,421,795	2,398,705	2,398,705	0
Vocational	197,506	174,885	174,885	0
Student Intervention Services	14,765	11,021	11,021	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	795,195	854,297	854,297	0
Instructional Staff	508,135	532,872	532,872	0
Board of Education	49,072	59,137	59,137	0
Administration	1,040,202	1,051,160	1,051,160	0
Fiscal	384,904	395,606	395,606	0
Business	5,000	4,504	4,504	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,317,106	1,260,401	1,260,401	0
Pupil Transportation	963,348	921,106	921,106	0
Central	114,598	113,382	113,382	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,500	500	500	0
Extracurricular Activities	273,210	254,648	254,648	0
Capital Outlay	10,536	10,402	10,402	0
Debt Service:				
Principal	40,000	40,000	40,000	0
Interest	3,510	3,510	3,510	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>13,622,510</u>	<u>14,371,180</u>	<u>14,371,180</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>195,740</u>	<u>(397,604)</u>	<u>(397,604)</u>	<u>0</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	5,000	8,875	8,875	0
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	16,500	113,104	113,104	0
Transfers Out	0	(8,627)	(8,627)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>21,500</u>	<u>113,352</u>	<u>113,352</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	217,240	(284,252)	(284,252)	0
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	8,022,530	8,022,530	8,022,530	0
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	176,494	176,494	176,494	0
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$8,416,264</u>	<u>\$7,914,772</u>	<u>\$7,914,772</u>	<u>\$0</u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

East Clinton Local School District
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2019

	<u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u>	
	<u>Scholarship Fund</u>	<u>Agency Fund</u>
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$173,243	<u><u>\$37,234</u></u>
Liabilities		
Undistributed Monies	<u>0</u>	<u><u>\$37,234</u></u>
Net Position		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	<u><u>\$173,243</u></u>	

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

East Clinton Local School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
	Scholarship Fund
Additions	
Interest	\$2,491
Deductions	
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	500
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	1,991
<i>Net Position at Beginning of Year</i>	171,252
<i>Net Position at End of Year</i>	\$173,243

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

East Clinton Local School District (the “School District”) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The Board controls the School District’s four instructional support facilities, staffed by 83 non-certified employees, 95 teaching personnel, and 10 administrative employees providing education to 1,276 students.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For East Clinton Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization’s resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in six organizations: four jointly governed organizations, one insurance purchasing pool, and one public entity shared risk pool. These organizations are presented in Note 17 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association
Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development
Southern Buckeye Athletic and Academic Conference
Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Insurance Purchasing Pool:

Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

Public Entity Shared Risk Pool:

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Insurance and
Benefit Plan Trust

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the East Clinton Local School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the School District, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide financial statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type; however, the School District has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The School District divides its funds into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for and report restricted resources for the payment of, general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations when the School District is obligated for the payment.

Permanent Improvement Fund - This fund accounts for and reports restricted property taxes related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Building Fund - The Building Fund is used to account for and report all transactions restricted for constructing improvements, renovations, and additions to the School District's buildings, including equipment, furniture and fixtures.

Classroom Facilities Fund - The Building Fund is used to account for and report all transactions restricted for constructing improvements, renovations, and additions to the School District's buildings, including equipment, furniture and fixtures.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The nonmajor governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has two fiduciary funds: a private purpose trust fund, used to account for college scholarship programs for students, and an agency fund, used to account for student-managed activity programs, which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and “available” means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, “available” means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, and accrued interest.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB plans and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2019, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide Statement of

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables that will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, grants, and investment earnings. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 21. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. (See Notes 11 and 12)

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash received by the School District is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund integrity being maintained through the School District's records for cash that is pooled. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalent" on the financial statements. The School District has monies related to the Building and Classroom Facilities funds, for the Ohio School Facilities Commission Project invested separately from the School District's internal investment pool. The School District also has monies related to the Endowment fund invested separately from the School District's internal investment pool. Both of these amounts are presented as "Investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2019, the School District's investments were limited to money market mutual funds, negotiable certificates of deposit, Federal securities, United States Treasury securities, and commercial paper. Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of investment earnings. Interest credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$250,129, which includes \$180,893 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market, and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and purchased and donated food held for resale.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	10 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. Bonds that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as an expenditure and liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Pension/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by the highest level of formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements and termination benefits.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or State statute. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Treasurer assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the 2020 appropriation budget.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balances, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another, or within the same function, are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers and are eliminated from the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the Certificate of Estimated Resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The Certificate of Estimated Resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the School District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The Certificate of Estimated Resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts reflect the amounts in the amended certificate requested at fiscal year-end. Before fiscal year-end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year-end in all funds.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Bond Premiums

For governmental activities, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds payable.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the period in which the bonds were issued. Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2019, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*, Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*,

For fiscal year 2019, the School District also implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2017-2*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2019 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB 88 improves the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2019 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2019 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 4 - Accountability

At June 30, 2019, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
Title VI	\$39,523
Title I	61,570
Class Reduction	<u>10,967</u>
Total	<u><u>\$112,060</u></u>

The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) is presented for the General Fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Investments are recorded at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).
3. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
4. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Net Change in Fund Balance</u>	
GAAP Basis	(\$802,780)
Adjustments:	
Revenue Accruals	758,198
Decrease in Fair Value of Investments 2018	(42,932)
Increase in Fair Value of Investments 2019	(42,517)
Expenditure Accruals	(32,567)
Encumbrances	<u>(121,654)</u>
Budget Basis	<u>(\$284,252)</u>

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the School District had the following investments. All investments, except those relating to the Ohio School Facilities Commission Project and the endowment, are in an internal investment pool:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Measurement/Investment	Measurement Amount	Maturity	Standard & Poor's Rating	Percent of Total Investments
Fair Value - Level One Inputs:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$841,798	Less than one year	AAAm	N/A
Fair Value - Level Two Inputs:				
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3,897,803	Less than four years	N/A	16.96 %
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds	1,180,302	Less than two years	AA+	5.14
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	1,260,468	Less than one year	AA+	5.49
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	1,492,440	Less than two years	AA+	6.49
US Treasury Notes	4,097,386	Less than one year	AA+	17.83
US Treasury Bills	454,820	Less than one year	A-1+	N/A
Commercial Paper	9,753,963	Less than one year	A-1 to A-1+	42.45
Total Investments	<u>\$22,978,980</u>			

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above chart identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019. The Money Market Mutual Fund is measured at fair value and is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). The School District's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. To date, no investments have been purchased with a life greater than five years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The negotiable certificates of deposit are in denominations of under \$250,000 each, in separate banks, and are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The negotiable certificates of deposit are, therefore, not subject to credit risk. The investments table shows the Standard and Poor's ratings. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

The School District has investments in the amount of \$17,013,478 being held by US Bank, which consists of Federal Securities, Commercial Paper, and Negotiable Certificates of Deposit. These investments are restricted in their use for the Ohio School Facilities Commission Project and are included in the investment table on the previous page. The School District also has investments in the amount of \$249,773 being held by People's Bank, which consists of Federal Securities and Negotiable Certificates of Deposit. These investments are restricted in their use due to the endowment and are included in the preceding investment table.

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2019 represents collections of calendar year 2018 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2019 were levied after April 1, 2018 on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2019 represents collections of calendar year 2018 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2019 became a lien December 31, 2017, were levied after April 1, 2018, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The School District receives property taxes from Clinton and Highland Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2019 are available to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes that are measurable as of June 30, 2019 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows - property taxes.

The amounts available as an advance at June 30, 2019 were \$228,689 in the General Fund, \$69,008 in the Debt Service Fund, \$20,819 in the Permanent Improvement Fund, and \$6,052 in the Classroom Facilities Fund. The amounts available as an advance at June 30, 2018 were \$989,845 in the General Fund, and \$89,031 in the Permanent Improvement Fund.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis, the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2019 taxes were collected are:

	2018 Second- Half Collections		2019 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$169,245,920	96.51%	\$170,901,930	96.37%
Public Utility	6,118,580	3.49%	6,436,540	3.63%
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$175,364,500</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$177,338,470</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$32.50		\$38.70	

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of interest, interfund, intergovernmental grants, and property taxes. All receivables, except delinquent property taxes, are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable conditions of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivable amounts, except for delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Amounts
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	
Foundation Adjustment	\$4,861
Bureau of Workers Compensation	26,695
Summer Lunch Program	6,866
IDEA-B Special Education	131,085
Title I	172,990
IDEA Preschool	28,471
Improving Teacher Quality	8,884
Title IV-A	32,694
Title V-B	8,417
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$420,963

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/18	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/19
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$452,753	\$0	\$0	\$452,753
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	24,197,291	13,780	0	24,211,071
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3,373,282	56,423	0	3,429,705
Vehicles	1,448,076	92,000	(120,175)	1,419,901
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	29,018,649	162,203	(120,175)	29,060,677
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(14,260,174)	(613,757)	0	(14,873,931)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(2,519,220)	(111,251)	0	(2,630,471)
Vehicles	(965,631)	(102,635)	108,157	(960,109)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(17,745,025)	(827,643) *	108,157	(18,464,511)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	11,273,624	(665,440)	(12,018)	10,596,166
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$11,726,377	(\$665,440)	(\$12,018)	\$11,048,919

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Instruction:	
Regular	\$545,987
Vocational	3,359
Support Services:	
Pupils	325
Instructional Staff	5,871
Administration	4,046
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	121,177
Pupil Transportation	111,924
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	3,312
Extracurricular Activities	31,642
Total Depreciation Expense	\$827,643

Note 10 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the School District contracted with Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. for property and fleet insurance and liability insurance.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant changes in coverage during the fiscal year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2019, the School District participated in the Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience, and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the School District pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Medical and Dental Benefits

For fiscal year 2019, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council and Medical Insurance and Benefit Plan Trust, a public entity shared risk pool (Note 17). The School District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

and dental insurance benefits. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

Note 11 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District’s proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a net OPEB asset or long-term net pension/OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining 0.5 percent was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$306,101 for fiscal year 2019. None of this amount is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 27 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. For fiscal year 2019, the contributions rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates and the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$772,881 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$30,236 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.06357970%	0.05095653%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.07159560%	0.05253584%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00801590%</u>	<u>0.00157931%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$4,100,412	\$11,551,451	\$15,651,863
Pension Expense	\$450,845	\$1,125,577	\$1,576,422

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$224,881	\$266,643	\$491,524
Changes of assumptions	92,596	2,047,135	2,139,731
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	264,006	369,865	633,871
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	306,101	772,881	1,078,982
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$887,584</u>	<u>\$3,456,524</u>	<u>\$4,344,108</u>
	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$75,438	\$75,438
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	113,610	700,468	814,078
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	65,568	118,692	184,260
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$179,178</u>	<u>\$894,598</u>	<u>\$1,073,776</u>

\$1,078,982 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2020	\$435,869	\$1,006,651	\$1,442,520
2021	135,843	763,632	899,475
2022	(134,565)	112,207	(22,358)
2023	(34,842)	(93,445)	(128,287)
Total	\$402,305	\$1,789,045	\$2,191,350

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	0.50%
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,775,740	\$4,100,412	\$2,695,762

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3.0 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$16,869,374	\$11,551,451	\$7,050,551

Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, 0.5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$44,888.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$56,225 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$44,888 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:			
Prior Measurement Date	0.06469740%	0.05095653%	
Current Measurement Date	<u>0.07247840%</u>	<u>0.05253584%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00778100%</u>	<u>0.00157931%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$844,197)	(\$844,197)
Net OPEB Liability	\$2,010,746	\$0	\$2,010,746
OPEB Expense	\$112,144	(\$1,822,862)	(\$1,710,718)

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$32,822	\$98,603	\$131,425
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	174,450	56,280	230,730
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>56,225</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>56,225</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$263,497</u>	<u>\$154,883</u>	<u>\$418,380</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$49,186	\$49,186
Changes of assumptions	180,651	1,150,285	1,330,936
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,017	96,442	99,459
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>34,090</u>	<u>5,994</u>	<u>40,084</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$217,758</u>	<u>\$1,301,907</u>	<u>\$1,519,665</u>

\$56,225 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2020	(\$60,645)	(\$206,183)	(\$266,828)
2021	(39,944)	(206,183)	(246,127)
2022	25,603	(206,184)	(180,581)
2023	26,887	(184,281)	(157,394)
2024	26,678	(176,595)	(149,917)
2025	10,935	(167,598)	(156,663)
Total	(\$10,486)	(\$1,147,024)	(\$1,157,510)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, are presented as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.63 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 11.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018, was 3.70 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2018, was 3.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62 percent, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70%) and higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate (3.70%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.70%)	Current Discount Rate (3.70%)	1 % Increase (4.70%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,439,883	\$2,010,746	\$1,670,951

	1% Decrease (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Trend Rate (7.25% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,622,304	\$2,010,746	\$2,525,115

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return - Current Year	7.45 percent
Blended Discount Rate of Return - Prior Year	4.13 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	6 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	8 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-5.23 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

Since the Prior Measurement Date, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent based on the methodology defined under *GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

Also since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. However, in June of 2019, the STRS Board voted to extend the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 11.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1 % Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$723,556)	(\$844,197)	(\$945,590)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$939,867)	(\$844,197)	(\$747,038)

Note 13 - Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible classified and administrative employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees at the end of each fiscal year. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 220 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 55 days. An employee who has the maximum number of sick leave days accumulated at the time of retirement shall receive an additional three days severance.

Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance to all employees, except substitutes, through Unum Life Insurance Company of America, and pays 100 percent of the premium.

Retirement Incentive

The School District offers a retirement incentive for certified employees who retire in the fiscal year in which they are first eligible. Eligible employees receive a \$12,000 lump sum payment. The Board may make the payment in two equal installments. The first payment shall be made within 15 days of the Treasurer’s receipt of written confirmation from STRS that the employee is retired and receiving STRS benefits. The second payment shall be made the following January.

Note 14 - Short-Term Obligations

	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2018	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2019
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
2018 School Improvement Bond				
Anticipation Notes	\$0	\$9,600,000	\$0	\$9,600,000
Premium	0	45,600	24,700	20,900
2019 School Improvement Bond				
Anticipation Notes	0	7,200,000	0	7,200,000
Premium	0	53,856	24,480	29,376
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$16,899,456</u>	<u>\$49,180</u>	<u>\$16,850,276</u>

The notes are issued in anticipation of long-term bond financing and will be refinanced until such bonds are issued. They are backed by the full faith and credit of the School District and mature within one year. The liability for the notes is presented in the fund that received the note proceeds.

On December 13, 2018, the School District issued \$9,600,000 in school improvement bond anticipation notes. The notes were issued as part of the Ohio School Facilities Commission building project. The notes were issued at 2.80 percent and mature on December 3, 2019. The notes will be paid from the Building and the Classroom Facilities Construction Funds.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

On January 24, 2019, the School District issued \$7,200,000 in school improvement bond anticipation notes. The notes were issued as part of the Ohio School Facilities Commission building project. The notes were issued at 3.00 percent and mature on December 17, 2019. The notes will be paid from the Classroom Facilities Construction Fund.

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2019 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2018	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2019	Amounts Due in One Year
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>					
Direct Placement:					
Energy Conservation Bonds 2010	\$290,000	\$0	\$40,000	\$250,000	\$40,000
<u>Other Long-Term Obligations:</u>					
Net Pension Liability:					
SERS	3,798,746	301,666	0	4,100,412	0
STRS	12,104,834	0	553,383	11,551,451	0
Total Net Pension Liability	15,903,580	301,666	553,383	15,651,863	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	1,736,308	274,438	0	2,010,746	0
STRS	1,988,134	0	1,988,134	0	0
Total Net OPEB Liability	3,724,442	274,438	1,988,134	2,010,746	0
Compensated Absences	474,285	76,601	59,802	491,084	17,259
Total - Governmental Activities Long-term Obligations	<u>\$20,392,307</u>	<u>\$652,705</u>	<u>\$2,641,319</u>	<u>\$18,403,693</u>	<u>\$57,259</u>

Energy Conservation Bonds 2010

On February 5, 2010, the School District issued \$595,000 in energy conservation bonds for the purpose of making energy efficient upgrades. The bonds were issued for a 15-year period with final maturity in December 2024. These bonds were directly placed. The bonds will be retired from the General Fund.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. However, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the following funds: General, Food Service, IDEA Part B, Title I, and Improving Teacher Quality. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 11 and 12. Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund.

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$15,960,462 with an energy conservation debt margin of \$1,596,046 and an unvoted debt margin of \$177,338 at June 30, 2019.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Principal and interest requirements to retire bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

<u>Direct Placement - Energy Conservation Bonds 2010</u>			
Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$40,000	\$2,990	\$42,990
2021	40,000	2,470	42,470
2022	40,000	1,950	41,950
2023	40,000	1,430	41,430
2024	45,000	878	45,878
2025	45,000	292	45,292
Total	\$250,000	\$10,010	\$260,010

Note 16 - Interfund Activity

As of June 30, 2019, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

		Receivable
		General
Payable	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$239

General Fund advances are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Advancing monies to other funds is necessary due to timing differences in the receiving of grant monies. When the monies are finally received, the grant fund will use these restricted monies to reimburse the General Fund for the initial advance.

Transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, amounted to \$8,627 from the General Fund to a nonmajor special revenue fund to support programs accounted for in that fund.

Note 17 - Jointly Governed Organizations, Insurance Purchasing Pool, and Public Entity Shared Risk Pool

Jointly Governed Organizations

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA), which is a computer consortium. MVECA is an association of public schools within the boundaries of Clark, Clinton, Fayette, Greene, Highland, and Madison Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The governing board of MVECA consists of five Superintendents and two Treasurers of member school districts, with four of the five Superintendents and both Treasurers elected by a majority vote of all member school districts, except the Greene County Career Center. The fifth Superintendent is from the Greene County Career Center. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the consortium including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District paid MVECA \$46,282 for services provided during fiscal year 2019. Financial information can be obtained from Liz Dunn, who serves as Treasurer, at 330 East Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development

The Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possess its own budgetary and taxing authority. Great Oaks offers career technical programs to high school juniors and seniors of the School District. The Board exercises total control over the operations of Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. To obtain financial information, write to the Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development, 3254 E. Kemper Road, Cincinnati, OH 45241-1581.

Southern Buckeye Athletic and Academic Conference

The Southern Buckeye Athletic and Academic Conference provides athletic and academic events for the students of the participating school districts. The governing board consists of each participating school district's superintendent. The Southern Buckeye Athletic and Academic Conference does not acquire financial resources, and in no way will it cause financial stress to the School District.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC), a purchasing council made up of nearly 180 school districts and educational service centers in 26 counties. The purpose of the council is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Each member district has one voting representative. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year's prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations during the one year period. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Payments to the SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2019, the School District made no payment to SOEPC for membership dues. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The Ohio School Board Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) co-sponsor the GRP. The executive directors of the OSBA and the OASBO, or their designees, serve as coordinators of the program.

Public Entity Shared Risk Pool

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Insurance and Benefit Plan Trust

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Insurance and Benefit Plan Trust is a public entity shared risk pool. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical and dental insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. The Trust is governed by the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative and its participating members. Each participant decides which plans offered by the Trust will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Trust and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Note 18 - Set-Aside Calculation

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information identifies the change in the year-end set-aside amount for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Capital Acquisitions
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$0
Current Fiscal Year Set-aside Requirement	232,969
Current Fiscal Year Offsets	(232,969)
<i>Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2019</i>	<i>\$0</i>

Although the School District had offsets during the fiscal year that exceeded the capital acquisitions set-aside requirements, these amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years and therefore are not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

Note 19 – Significant Commitments

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

Fund	Year-End Encumbrances
General Fund	\$121,654
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	39,171
Total	\$160,825

Note 20 – Endowments

The School District’s permanent funds include donor-restricted endowments. The Net Position-Non-Expendable amounts of \$300,000 represent the principal portion of the endowments. The Net Position – Expendable amount of \$45,410 represents the interest earnings on donor-restricted investments and is available for expenditure by the governing board, for purposes consistent with the endowment’s intent. State law permits the governing board to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise.

Note 21 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Balances	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Building Fund
<i>Nonspendable:</i>				
Endowment Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Prepays	19,658	0	0	0
Inventory	0	0	0	0
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	<u>19,658</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Restricted for:</i>				
Capital Improvements	0	0	812,163	12,600
Debt Payments	0	661,144	0	0
Classroom Facilities	0	0	0	0
Food Service Operations	0	0	0	0
District Managed Activities	0	0	0	0
Fine Arts Activities	0	0	0	0
Federal and State Grants	0	0	0	0
Library Services	0	0	0	0
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>661,144</u>	<u>812,163</u>	<u>12,600</u>
<i>Committed to:</i>				
Underground Storage	11,000	0	0	0
Termination Benefits	169,727	0	0	0
Board Approved Purchases	70,246	0	0	0
<i>Total Committed</i>	<u>250,973</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Assigned to:</i>				
Purchases on Order	48,191	0	0	0
Future Appropriations	628,321	0	0	0
Capital Improvements	0	0	1,454,022	0
<i>Total Assigned</i>	<u>676,512</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,454,022</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Unassigned (Deficit):</i>	<u>6,064,677</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u><u>\$7,011,820</u></u>	<u><u>\$661,144</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,266,185</u></u>	<u><u>\$12,600</u></u>

(continued)

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Balances	Classroom Facilities Construction Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
<i>Nonspendable:</i>			
Endowment Fund	\$0	\$300,000	\$300,000
Prepays	0	466	20,124
Inventory	0	4,374	4,374
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	0	304,840	324,498
<i>Restricted for:</i>			
Capital Improvements	2,284	0	827,047
Debt Payments	0	0	661,144
Classroom Facilities	0	416,464	416,464
Food Service Operations	0	737,604	737,604
District Managed Activities	0	13,071	13,071
Fine Arts Activities	0	34,918	34,918
Federal and State Grants	0	7,226	7,226
Library Services	0	45,410	45,410
<i>Total Restricted</i>	2,284	1,254,693	2,742,884
<i>Committed to:</i>			
Underground Storage	0	0	11,000
Termination Benefits	0	0	169,727
Board Approved Purchases	0	0	70,246
<i>Total Committed</i>	0	0	250,973
<i>Assigned to:</i>			
Purchases on Order	0	0	48,191
Future Appropriations	0	0	628,321
Capital Improvements	0	0	1,454,022
<i>Total Assigned</i>	0	0	2,130,534
<i>Unassigned (Deficit):</i>	0	(112,060)	5,952,617
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	\$2,284	\$1,447,473	\$11,401,506

Note 22 - Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2019, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2019 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2019 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School District.

Litigation

The School District is currently party to ongoing litigation. The School District's legal counsel estimates that any potential uninsured claims against the School District would not materially affect the financial statements of the School District.

Note 23 – Subsequent Event

On October 3, 2019, the School District issued \$9,600,000 in School Improvement Bonds, Series A. These bonds were issued to retire the 2018 School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes, however, the notes will not be retired until their original maturity date.

On October 22, 2019, the School District issued \$7,200,000 in School Improvement Bonds, Series B. These bonds were issued to retire the 2019 School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes, however, the notes will not be retired until their original maturity date.

East Clinton Local School District
Required Supplementary Information

East Clinton Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.07159560%	0.06357970%	0.06612030%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,100,412	\$3,798,746	\$4,839,396
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,313,230	\$2,246,729	\$1,939,171
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	177.26%	169.08%	249.56%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2016	2015	2014
0.06588870%	0.06586000%	0.06586000%
\$3,759,673	\$3,333,137	\$3,916,483
\$1,995,036	\$2,125,344	\$2,072,786
188.45%	156.83%	188.95%
69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

East Clinton Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.07247840%	0.06469740%	0.06704290%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$2,010,746	\$1,736,308	\$1,910,971
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,313,230	\$2,246,729	\$1,939,171
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	86.92%	77.28%	98.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

East Clinton Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.05253584%	0.05095653%	0.05111343%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$11,551,451	\$12,104,834	\$17,109,206
School District's Covered Payroll	\$6,046,214	\$5,533,443	\$5,941,914
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	191.05%	218.76%	287.94%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2016	2015	2014
0.04984883%	0.05124355%	0.05124355%
\$13,776,758	\$12,464,205	\$14,847,279
\$5,207,679	\$5,187,300	\$4,456,846
264.55%	240.28%	333.13%
72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

East Clinton Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.05253584%	0.05095653%	0.05111343%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$844,197)	\$1,988,134	\$2,733,560
School District's Covered Payroll	\$6,046,214	\$5,533,443	\$5,941,914
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	(13.96%)	35.93%	46.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

East Clinton Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$306,101	\$312,286	\$314,542	\$271,484
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(306,101)</u>	<u>(312,286)</u>	<u>(314,542)</u>	<u>(271,484)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$2,267,415	\$2,313,230	\$2,246,729	\$1,939,171
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	56,225	50,032	36,088	34,084
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(56,225)</u>	<u>(50,032)</u>	<u>(36,088)</u>	<u>(34,084)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>2.48%</u>	<u>2.16%</u>	<u>1.61%</u>	<u>1.76%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	<u>15.98%</u>	<u>15.66%</u>	<u>15.61%</u>	<u>15.76%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

(2) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$262,946	\$294,573	\$286,874	\$374,036	\$328,415	\$293,543
<u>(262,946)</u>	<u>(294,573)</u>	<u>(286,874)</u>	<u>(374,036)</u>	<u>(328,415)</u>	<u>(293,543)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$1,995,036	\$2,125,344	\$2,072,786	\$2,780,937	\$2,612,693	\$2,167,966
<u>13.18%</u>	<u>13.86%</u>	<u>13.84%</u>	<u>13.45%</u>	<u>12.57%</u>	<u>13.54%</u>
51,158	36,730	36,204	43,765	65,896	39,323
<u>(51,158)</u>	<u>(36,730)</u>	<u>(36,204)</u>	<u>(43,765)</u>	<u>(65,896)</u>	<u>(39,323)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>2.56%</u>	<u>1.73%</u>	<u>1.75%</u>	<u>1.57%</u>	<u>2.52%</u>	<u>1.81%</u>
<u>15.74%</u>	<u>15.59%</u>	<u>15.59%</u>	<u>15.02%</u>	<u>15.09%</u>	<u>15.35%</u>

East Clinton Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$772,881	\$846,470	\$774,682	\$831,868
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(772,881)</u>	<u>(846,470)</u>	<u>(774,682)</u>	<u>(831,868)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (2)	\$5,520,579	\$6,046,214	\$5,533,443	\$5,941,914
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$729,075	\$674,349	\$579,390	\$616,531	\$617,044	\$703,044
<u>(729,075)</u>	<u>(674,349)</u>	<u>(579,390)</u>	<u>(616,531)</u>	<u>(617,044)</u>	<u>(703,044)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$5,207,679	\$5,187,300	\$4,456,846	\$4,742,546	\$4,746,492	\$5,409,400
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>
\$0	\$51,873	\$44,568	\$47,425	\$47,465	\$54,094
<u>0</u>	<u>(51,873)</u>	<u>(44,568)</u>	<u>(47,425)</u>	<u>(47,465)</u>	<u>(54,094)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>0.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016, and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016, and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017, and prior are presented as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Fiscal Year 2018</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior</u>
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.0 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017, and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

East Clinton Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

**EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLINTON COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

FEDERAL GRANTOR <i>Pass Through Grantor</i> Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Revenue	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	3L60	\$ 56,666	\$ 56,666
Cash Assistance				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	3L70	115,872	115,872
National School Lunch Program	10.555	3L60	<u>261,073</u>	<u>261,073</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>433,611</u>	<u>433,611</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>				
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Part B	84.027	3M20-19	36,322	49,522
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Part B	84.027	3M20-18	<u>255,482</u>	<u>255,637</u>
Total Special Education Grants to State - IDEA Part B			291,804	305,159
Special Education Preschool Grants - IDEA Preschool	84.173	3C50	<u>3,432</u>	<u>3,432</u>
Total Special Education Grants to States Cluster			295,236	308,591
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	3M00-19	48,265	65,736
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	3M00-18	<u>331,852</u>	<u>331,937</u>
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			380,117	397,673
Title IIA - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	3Y60-19	5,673	8,223
Title IIA - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	3Y60-18	<u>52,093</u>	<u>52,093</u>
Total Title IIA - Improving Teacher Quality			57,766	60,316
Title IV-B Rural & Low Income	84.358	3Y60-19	23,878	-
Title IV-B Rural & Low Income	84.358	3Y60-18	<u>29,177</u>	<u>29,177</u>
Total IV-B Rural & Low Income			53,055	29,177
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>786,174</u>	<u>795,757</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>1,219,785</u>	<u>1,229,368</u>

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

**EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLINTON COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL
AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of East Clinton Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10- percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefited from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE E – TRANSFERS

Federal regulations require School Districts to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, School Districts can transfer certain unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year or a similar program. During fiscal year 2019, the District with the Ohio Department of Education's consent transferred \$1,142 from Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment (CFDA # 84,424) to Title I-A Grants to Local Education Educational Agencies (CFDA #84.010).

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

East Clinton Local School District
Clinton County
97 Astro Way
Sabina, Ohio 45169

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of East Clinton Local School District, Clinton County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 23, 2020



Corporate Centre of Blue Ash
11117 Kenwood Road
Blue Ash, Ohio 45242-1817
(513) 361-8550 or (800) 368-7419
SouthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

East Clinton Local School District
Clinton County
97 Astro Way
Sabina, Ohio 45169

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited East Clinton Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, East Clinton Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 23, 2020

**EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLINTON COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2019**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Cod. 1100 paragraph .101 states a governmental accounting system must make it possible both: (a) to present fairly and with full disclosure the funds and activities of the governmental unit in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and (b) to determine and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

**FINDING NUMBER 2019-001
 (Continued)**

The District lacked controls to ensure that transactions were recorded correctly on the financial statements.

Transaction as Recorded on the Financial Statements (incorrect)			Correct Transaction Recorded		
Fund	Account	Amount	Fund	Account	Amount
Permanent Improvement Fund	Interest and Fiscal Changes	\$99,487	Permanent Improvement Fund	Interest and Fiscal Changes	\$0
Building Fund	Interest and Fiscal Changes	\$144,295	Building Fund	Interest and Fiscal Changes	\$99,487
Classroom Facilities Construction Fund	Interest and Fiscal Changes	\$0	Classroom Facilities Construction Fund	Interest and Fiscal Changes	\$144,295

While compiling the financial statements the above amounts were incorrectly recorded in the District funds on the face of the financial statements. The above amounts were correctly recorded in the District accounting system and Trial Balances. The above adjustments were corrected on the District financial statements.

We recommend the District review the financial statements, to assure that items are being recorded to the correct funds.

Officials' Response:

The District will work with our GAAP converter to make sure in the future when the financials are uploaded into the Hinkle system they match what is in the accounting system and trial balances.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOLS

Champions and Ambassadors

Eric Magee
Superintendent

John B. Stanley
Treasurer

March 23, 2020

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN **2 CFR § 200.511(c)** **June 30, 2019**

Finding Number: 2019-001
Planned Corrective Action: East Clinton Local Schools will work with our GAAP converter to make sure in the future when the financials are uploaded into the Hinkle system, they match what is in the accounting system and trial balances.
Anticipated Completion Date: 3/23/2020
Responsible Contact Person: John B. Stanley

This page intentionally left blank.

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CLINTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
APRIL 7, 2020**