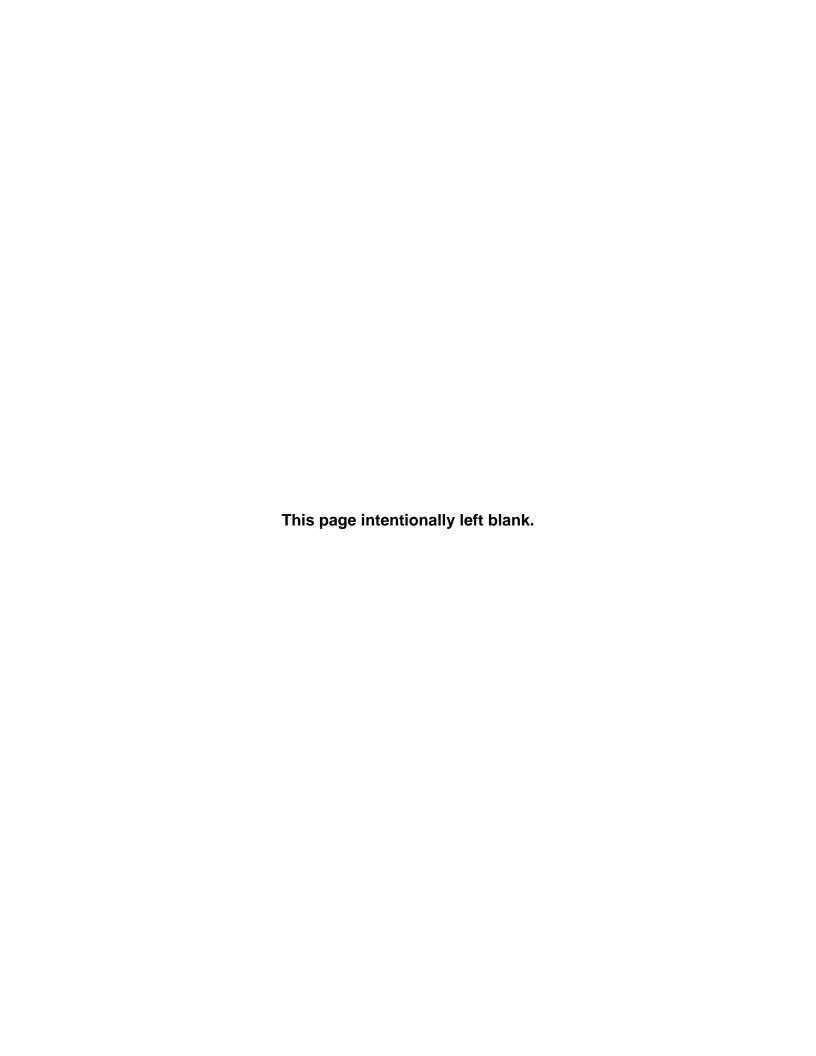




DAYTON REGIONAL STEM SCHOOL MONTGOMERY COUNTY **JUNE 30, 2019**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Dayton Regional STEM School Montgomery County 1724 Woodman Drive Kettering, Ohio 45420

To the Governing Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Dayton Regional STEM School, Montgomery County, Ohio (the School), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Dayton Regional STEM School, Montgomery County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Dayton Regional STEM School Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the School restated its net position at July 1, 2018. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 7, 2020, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 7, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Dayton Regional STEM School's (the "School") financial performance provides an overall review of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

- In total, net position was \$10,050,932 at June 30, 2019.
- The School had operating revenues of \$5,574,603, operating expenses of \$5,483,797, non-operating revenues of \$626,847, non-operating expenses of \$227,318 and capital contributions of \$1,135,120 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The total change in net position was an increase of \$1,625,455.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School's financial activities. The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position provide information about the activities of the School, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations.

Reporting the School's Financial Activities

Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School as a whole, the financial position of the School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. These statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations. The statement of cash flows can be found on page 11 of this report.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 13-32 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School's net pension liability and net OPEB liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 34-42 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the School's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. The net position at June 30, 2018 has been restated as described in Note 3.

	Net Position	
	2010	Restated
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets	Φ 4.000.027	Φ 4.492.597
Current assets	\$ 4,098,837	\$ 4,482,587
Capital assets, net	9,857,189	8,061,188
Total assets	13,956,026	12,543,775
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	2,278	8,960
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	946,650	869,230
Non-current liabilities	2,895,000	3,173,403
Total liabilities	3,841,650	4,042,633
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	65,722	84,625
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	6,664,348	4,646,188
Restricted	684,257	687,914
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,702,327	3,091,375
Total net position	\$ 10,050,932	\$ 8,425,477

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2019, the School's net position totaled \$10,050,932.

At year-end, capital assets represented 70.63% of total assets. Capital assets consisted of land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2019, was \$6,664,348. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the School's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2019 and 2018. The net position at June 30, 2018 has been restated as described in Note 3.

Change in Net Position

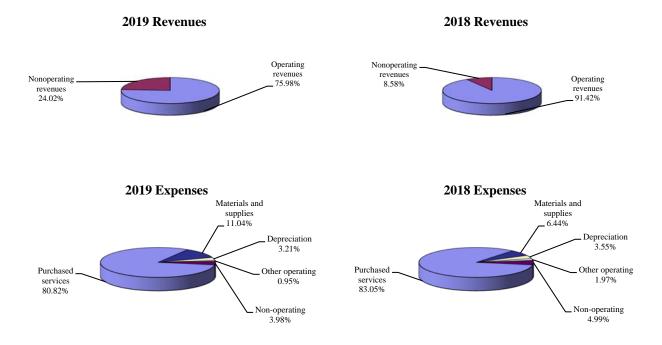
		Restated
	2019	2018
Operating revenues:		
Sales	\$ 125,654	\$ 148,737
State foundation	5,015,281	5,103,275
Tuition and fees	132,944	133,940
Donations	233,556	109,424
Miscellaneous	67,168	83,686
Total operating revenues	5,574,603	5,579,062
Operating expenses:		
Purchased services	4,615,597	4,197,738
Materials and supplies	630,636	325,250
Other	54,107	99,471
Depreciation	183,457	179,187
Total operating expenses	5,483,797	4,801,646
Non-operating revenues/(expenses):		
Federal and state grants	353,224	302,802
Gifts and donations	169,629	195,301
Interest	103,994	25,218
Interest and fiscal charges	(227,318)	(252,164)
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	399,529	271,157
Capital contributions	1,135,120	
Change in net position	1,625,455	1,048,573
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	8,425,477	\$ 7,376,904
Net position at end of year	\$ 10,050,932	\$ 8,425,477

Operating revenues of the School decreased \$4,459 or 0.08%. This decrease can mainly be attributed to a decrease in State foundation revenue related to special education. This was countered by an increase in operating donations. The School received funding from Wright State University and the Wright Brothers Institute to assist in the construction in the new section of the School. These amounts are reported as capital contributions.

Operating expenses increased \$682,151 or 14.21%. This increase is the result of additional costs paid to Wright State University for employee salaries and operating costs and an increase in equipment purchased for the new section of the School.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

The graphs below illustrate the revenues and expenses for the School during the fiscal year 2019 and 2018.



Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the School had \$9,857,189 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment. The following table shows June 30, 2019 balances compared to June 30, 2018.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	2019	2018
Land	\$ 824,870	\$ 824,870
Construction in progress	1,968,321	-
Land improvements	45,245	47,660
Buildings and improvements	6,941,789	7,102,313
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	76,964	86,345
Total	\$ 9,857,189	\$ 8,061,188

See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the School's capital assets.

Debt Administration

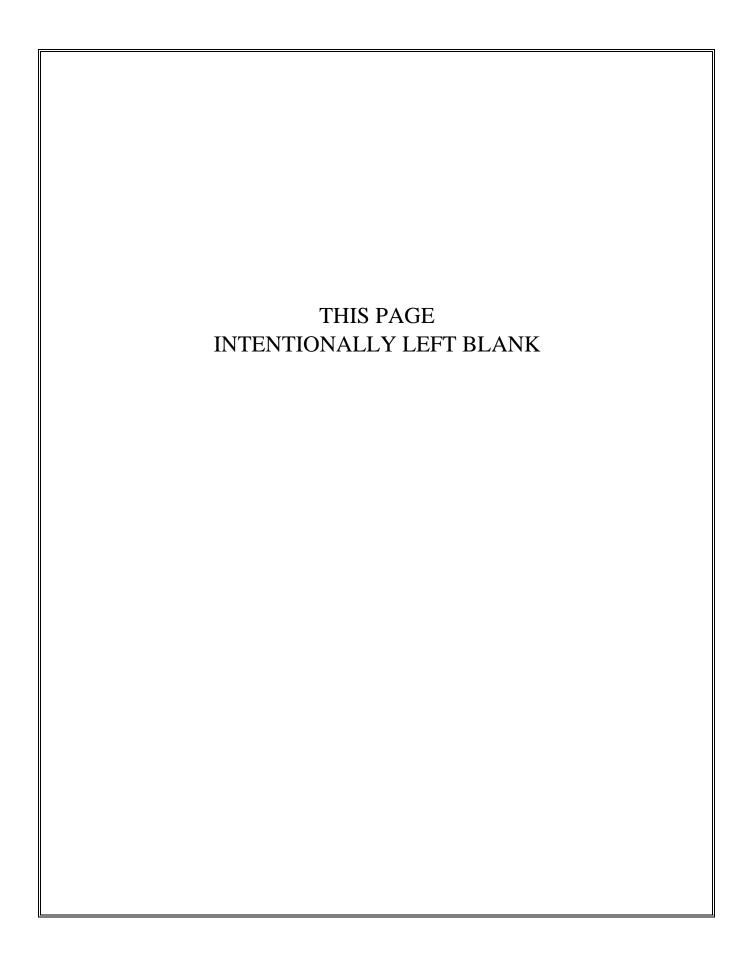
At June 30, 2019, the School had \$3,155,000 in capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$260,000 is due within one year and \$2,895,000 is due in more than one year.

See Notes 7 and 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

Contacting the School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information contact Mr. Chad Hill, Treasurer at Dayton Regional STEM School, 1724 Woodman Dr, Kettering, Ohio 45420 or e-mail at chill@sharedresourcescenter.org.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Assets:		
Current assets:		
Equity in pooled cash	\$	1,740,776
Investments		1,461,694
Cash and cash equivalents		
held in escrow with trustee		134,505
Investments held in escrow with trustee		504,845
Cash held in segregated accounts		240,943
Receivables:		
Accounts		2,513
Accrued interest		1,672
Intergovernmental		11,889
Total current assets		4,098,837
Non-current assets:		
Nondepreciable capital assets		2,793,191
Depreciable capital assets, net		7,063,998
Total non-current assets		9,857,189
Total assets		13,956,026
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension		2,278
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	2,278
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		91,922
Contracts payable		37,841
Intergovernmental payable		122,696
Capital leases payable		260,000
Accrued interest payable		21,691
Unearned revenue		412,500
Total current liabilities		946,650
Non-current liabilities:		
Capital leases payable		2,895,000
Total non-current liabilities		2,895,000
Total liabilities		3,841,650
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Pension		43,082
OPEB		22,640
Total deferred inflows of resources		65,722
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		6,664,348
Restricted for:		0,004,540
Restricted for debt service		587,500
Restricted for state programs		1,715
Restricted for federal programs		2,483
Restricted for food service		44,969
Restricted for student activities		47,590
Unrestricted		2,702,327
	•	
Total net position	\$	10,050,932

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Operating revenues:	
Sales	\$ 125,654
State foundation	5,015,281
Tuition and fees	132,944
Donations	233,556
Miscellaneous	67,168
Total operating revenues	5,574,603
Operating expenses:	
Purchased services	4,615,597
Materials and supplies	630,636
Other	54,107
Depreciation	183,457
Total operating expenses	5,483,797
Operating income	 90,806
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Federal and state grants	353,224
Gifts and donations	169,629
Interest	103,994
Interest and fiscal charges	(227,318)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	399,529
Income before	
capital contributions	490,335
Capital contributions	 1,135,120
Change in net position	1,625,455
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	 8,425,477
Net position at end of year	\$ 10,050,932

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sales	\$	115,507
Cash received from state foundation		5,037,516
Cash received from donations		232,065
Cash received from students		133,044
Cash received from miscellaneous sources		71,757
Cash payments for purchased services		(4,661,943)
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(566,269)
Cash payments for other expenses		(48,433)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities		313,244
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from grants and subsidies		518,792
Net cash provided by noncapital		
financing activities		518,792
Cash flows from capital and related		_
financing activities:		
Interest and fiscal charges		(205,627)
Capital lease principal payments		(260,000)
Capital contributions		1,135,120
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,941,617)
Net cash used in capital and related		
financing activities		(1,272,124)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments		(1,945,449)
Interest received		81,232
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,864,217)
Change in cash and cash		
cash equivalents		(2,304,305)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (restated)		4,420,529
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,116,224
The second second second second		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
	¢	00.806
Operating income	\$	90,806
Adjustments:		102.457
Depreciation		183,457
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,		
liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:		2 202
Decrease in accounts receivable		3,283
Decrease in intergovernmental receivable		10,934
Decrease in deferred outflows - pension		6,682
Increase in accounts payable		62,953
Decrease in intergovernmental payable		(7,565) (13,073)
Decrease in net OPEB liability		(5,330)
Decrease in deferred inflows - pension		(13,262)
Decrease in deferred inflows - OPEB		(5,641)
	•	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	313,244

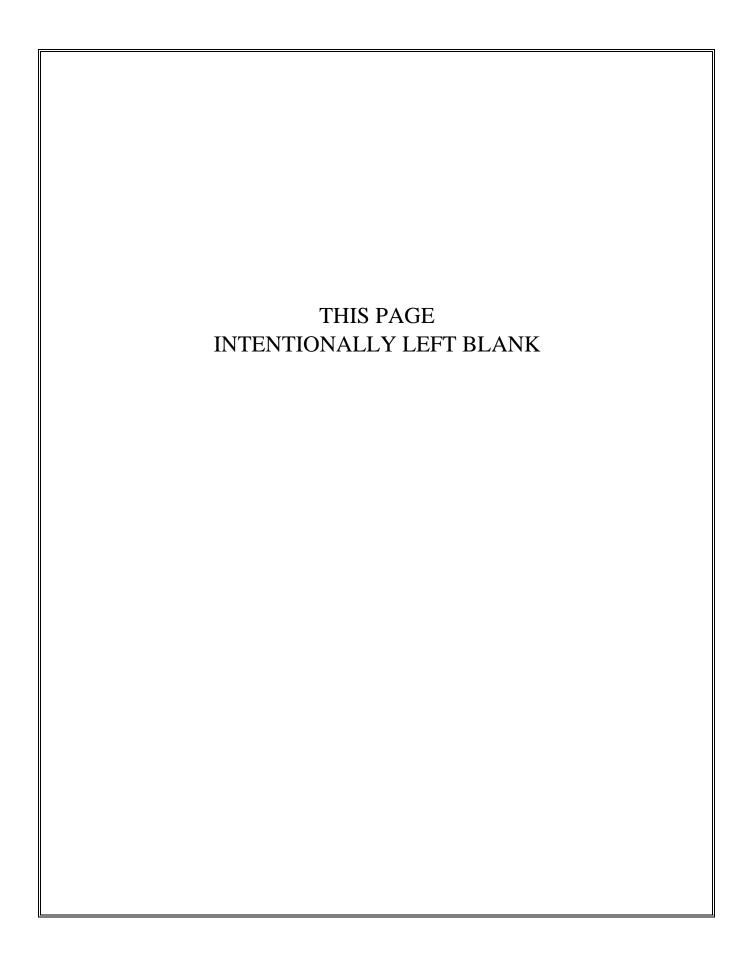
Non-cash transactions:

The School had outstanding intergovernmental receivables related to non-operating grants of \$1,657 and \$35,096 at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the School had \$412,500 in unearned revenue outstanding.

During fiscal year 2019, the School purchased \$37,841 in capital assets on account.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL

Dayton Regional STEM School (the "School") is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3326 to maintain and provide a school exclusively for any science, technology, engineering, math, and related teaching services. The School currently serves grades six through 12. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district and serves the areas of Clark, Greene, and Montgomery Counties. The School is capable of suing and being sued, contracting and being contracted with, acquiring, holding, possessing, and disposing of real and personal property, taking and holding in trust for the use and benefit of the School, any grant or devise of land and any donation or bequest of money or other personal property.

The School qualifies as an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the School's tax-exempt status.

The School was formed from a grant through Wright State University from the Ohio STEM Learning Network, which is managed by Battelle. The Ohio STEM Learning Network is a private non-profit program whose objective is to accelerate the spread of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics education innovations across Ohio using a network and systems oriented approach. The Ohio STEM Learning Network is funded through philanthropic cash and in-kind investments provided by private donors.

The School operates under a 9-member, self-appointed, Governing Board that consists of representatives of the regional organizations that were partnered to establish the School and shall not exceed 15 members. The Governing Board is responsible for adopting policies and procedures that govern the School and supervising the School Superintendent.

The School participates in two jointly governed organizations. These organizations are presented in Note 14 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:
Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA)
Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. Equity consists of net total position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

C. Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis.

D. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the School's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the School's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

E. Budgetary Process

Unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, STEM schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705.

The School's Board adopts a formal budget at the beginning of the School year. Spending limits are set based on projected revenue from the State of Ohio and other known sources. The Board's adoption of the budget states that actual expenditures are "not to exceed" budget amounts. The Superintendent is responsible for ensuring that purchases are made within these limits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

The School's Treasurer accounts for all monies received by the School. The School maintains two interest bearing depository accounts and all funds of the School are maintained in these accounts. These accounts are presented on the statement of net position as "equity in pooled cash".

During fiscal year 2019, investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper and a U.S. Government money market account. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

During fiscal year 2019, the School had an account held in escrow for future debt service related to the capital lease obligation. These accounts are presented on the statement of net position as "cash and cash equivalents held in escrow with trustee" and "investments held in escrow with a trustee".

During fiscal year 2019, the School had an investment with the Dayton Foundation. The investment with the Dayton Foundation is reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. This account is presented on the statement of net position as "cash held in segregated accounts".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School are presented on the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

G. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School does not have any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are expensed.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings/improvements	40 years
Furniture/fixtures/equipment	5 - 20 years

H. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the School. For the School, these revenues are payments from the State foundation program, classroom materials and fees and food service charges. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the School. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Intergovernmental Revenues

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Program through the Ohio Department of Education. Revenues received from the State Foundation Program are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Revenues received from the remaining programs are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accompanying financial statements. Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility includes timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis. State and Federal grant revenue for the fiscal year 2019 was \$353,224.

J. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

M. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarch established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2019, the School has implemented GASB Statement No. 83, "<u>Certain Asset Retirement Obligations</u>" and GASB Statement No. 88, "<u>Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements</u>".

GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 88 improves the information that is disclosed in notes to the basic financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

B. Restatement of Net Position

The School is reporting a prior period adjustment to properly report cash held in escrow with a trustee and the balance of the capital lease obligation payable at June 30, 2018. The adjustment had the following effect on beginning net position:

	Activities
Net position as previously reported	\$ 8,933,591
Adjustment to decrease cash held in escrow with a trustee Adjustment to increase the	(464,781)
capital leases payable	 (43,333)
Restated net position at July 1	\$ 8,425,477

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the School's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the School had \$40 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the School as part of "equity in pooled cash".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of all School deposits was \$1,677,689 and the bank balance of all School deposits was \$2,186,660. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC and \$1,936,660 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State. At June 30, 2019, \$1,936,660 of the School's bank balance was covered by OPCS.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments Held in Escrow with Trustee

The School had \$134,505 in cash and cash equivalents and \$504,845 in investments held in escrow for a reserve related to the School's capital lease through the Montgomery County and Lucas County Port Authorities. The investment associated with the account was a U.S. Treasury Note. This reserve is required to remain in place in full until all debt is repaid. This amount is not included in the "deposits" reported above.

D. Investments and Cash Held in Segregated Account

As of June 30, 2019, the School had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment					
					M	laturities		
	M	easurement	6	months or		19 to 24	Gr	eater than
Measurement/Investment Type:		Value		less	_	months	2	4 months
Fair value:								
Negotiable CD's	\$	746,495	\$	-	\$	251,152	\$	495,343
Commerical paper		715,199		715,199		-		-
U.S. Government money market		63,047		63,047				
Total	\$	1,524,741	\$	778,246	\$	251,152	\$	495,343

The U.S. Government money market is considered a cash and cash equivalent on the statement of cash flows as it has an initial maturity of less than 3 months.

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 1.47 years.

The School's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in negotiable CD's and commercial paper are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the School's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in commercial paper were rated P-1 by Moody's Investor Services. Standard & Poor's has assigned the U.S. Government money market an AAAm money market rating. The negotiable CD's are not rated.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The commercial paper are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the School's name. The School has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School at June 30, 2019:

	Measurement							
Measurement/Investment type		Value	% of Total					
Fair value:								
Negotiable CD's	\$	746,495	48.96					
Commerical paper		715,199	46.91					
U.S. Government money market		63,047	4.13					
Total	\$	1,524,741	100.00					

As of June 30, 2019, the School the following investment held in segregated accounts:

				Standard	Percent of
	Me	asurement		& Poor's	Total
Measurement/Investment		Amount	<u>Maturity</u>	Rating	<u>Investments</u>
Fair value - Level One Inputs:					
Dayton Foundation	\$	240,943	Less than three months	N/A	N/A

The School had \$240,943 invested with the Dayton Foundation which is not an eligible financial institution under Ohio Revised Code § 135.03.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>		
Cash on hand	\$	40
Carrying amount of deposits		1,677,689
Cash and investments held in escrow with trustee		639,350
Investments		1,524,741
Cash held in segregated accounts	_	240,943
Total	\$	4,082,763
Cash and investments per statement of net position		
Business-type activities	\$	4,082,763

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of accounts, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible in full due to the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

	<u>A</u> 1	mounts
Accounts	\$	2,513
Accrued interest		1,672
Intergovernmental:		
Title I		174
Title VI-A		1,483
Due from ESC of Central Ohio		10,232
Total	\$	16,074

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for the fiscal year June 30, 2019, were as follows.

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 824,870	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 824,870
Construction in progress		1,968,321		1,968,321
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	824,870	1,968,321		2,793,191
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	48,295	-	-	48,295
Building and improvements	8,026,174	-	-	8,026,174
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	222,368	11,137		233,505
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,296,837	11,137		8,307,974
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(635)	(2,415)	-	(3,050)
Building and improvements	(923,861)	(160,524)	-	(1,084,385)
Furniture and equipment	(136,023)	(20,518)		(156,541)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,060,519)	(183,457)		(1,243,976)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,061,188	\$ 1,796,001	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,857,189

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2018 were as follows. The balance of the long-term obligations at June 30, 2018 have been restated as described in Note 3.B.

	Restated				
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	06/30/18	Additions	Reductions	06/30/19	One Year
Capital lease obligation payable	\$ 3,415,000	\$ -	\$ (260,000)	\$ 3,155,000	\$ 260,000
Net pension liability	13,073	-	(13,073)	-	-
Net OPEB liability	5,330		(5,330)		
Total governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 3,433,403	\$ -	<u>\$ (278,403)</u>	\$ 3,155,000	\$ 260,000

The School entered into a lease agreement with the Dayton-Montgomery County Port Authority during fiscal year 2011. The Dayton-Montgomery County Port Authority purchased a building and paid for renovations through the lease agreement.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or net OPEB liability. However, employer pension contributions are made from the general fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, see Notes 12 and 13, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PURCHASED SERVICES

Purchased services include the following:

Professional and technical services	\$ 4,116,761
Property services	235,248
Travel milage/meeting expense	20,886
Communications	25,908
Utilities	91,361
Contracted craft or trade	119,953
Pupil transportation	5,480
Total purchased services	\$ 4,615,597

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a previous fiscal year, the School entered into capitalized lease for land and buildings and improvements. All leases meet the criteria of a capital lease which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital assets acquired by lease have been originally capitalized in the amount of \$4,129,547, which represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Principal payments in fiscal year 2019 totaled \$260,000.

The assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

	Asset Value	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
Asset:			
Land	\$ 824,870	\$ -	\$ 824,870
Buildings and improvments	3,304,677	(604,482)	2,700,195
Total	\$ 4,129,547	\$ (604,482)	\$ 3,525,065

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	 Amount
2020	\$ 429,950
2021	435,513
2022	429,838
2023	418,750
2024	407,525
2025 - 2027	 1,860,213
Total future minimum lease payments	3,981,789
Less: amount representing interest	 (826,789)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 3,155,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASES

During a previous fiscal year, the School entered into a non-cancelable operating lease. The School made payments of \$17,916 during fiscal year 2019. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending
June 30, Amount
2020 \$ 17,916

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the School participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (Note 14) for liability, fleet, and property insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage since the prior fiscal year.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The School no longer reports a net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, because the School does not have any employees on record. The School only reports deferred outflows/inflows of resources due to the change in proportionate share.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5%. The remaining 0.5% of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School did not make any contractually required contributions to SERS for fiscal year 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate pension expense:

	SERS
Proportion of the net pension	
liability prior measurement date	0.00021880%
Proportion of the net pension	
liability current measurement date	0.00000000%
Change in proportionate share	-0.00021880%
Pension expense	\$ (19,653)

At June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 SERS
Deferred outflows of resources	
Difference between employer contributions	
and proportionate share of contributions/	
change in proportionate share	\$ 2,278
	 SERS
Deferred inflows of resources	
Difference between employer contributions	
and proportionate share of contributions/	
change in proportionate share	\$ 43,082

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (22,815)
2021	 (17,989)
Total	\$ (40,804)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the School's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The School no longer reports a net OPEB liability/asset as of June 30, 2019, because the School does not have any employees on record. The School only reports deferred inflows of resources due to the change in proportionate share.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, 0.5% of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The School did not make any contractually required contributions to SERS for fiscal year 2019.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS
Proportion of the net OPEB		
liability prior measurement date	0.0	00019860%
Proportion of the net OPEB		
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	00000000%
Change in proportionate share	-0.00019860%	
OPEB expense	\$	(10,971)

At June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 SERS
Deferred inflows of resources	
Difference between employer contributions	
and proportionate share of contributions/	
change in proportionate share	\$ 22,640

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		
2020	\$ (10,971)	
2021	(8,558)	
2022	(913)	
2023	(913)	
2024	(913)	
Thereafter	 (372)	
Total	\$ (22,640)	

NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association - The School is a participant in the Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA) which is a computer consortium. MVECA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Clark, Clinton, Fayette, Greene, Ross, Madison, Montgomery and Highland Counties.

The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of MVECA consists of six representatives from the member districts elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The School paid MVECA \$11,041 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Thor Sage, Executive Director, at MVECA at 330 Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council - The School participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC), a purchasing council made up of 132 school districts and educational service centers in 18 counties. The purpose of the Council is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative.

The Council exercises total control over the operations of the coalition including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each school district's degree of control is limited to its presentation on the Council. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. During fiscal year 2019, the School paid \$15,506 to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 15 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The School contracts with Wright State University to utilize certain personnel and other resources. During fiscal year 2019, the School paid \$3,606,232 to Wright State University for personnel (all teaching and administrative personnel are employees of Wright State University); pension and retirement benefits; supplies and purchased services. Six out of nine Board of Trustee members are from Wright State University.

The School entered into a guaranty agreement with the Wright State University Foundation, Inc. March 1, 2011 for the capital lease with the Dayton-Montgomery County Port Authority. The Wright State University Foundation, Inc. guarantees the full and prompt payment, when due, of the lease payments, not to exceed \$3,000,000. See Note 9 for further information.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School received financial assistance from State agencies in the form of grants. The expense of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2019

B. State Foundation Funding

School foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform a FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. ODE performed such a review on the School for fiscal year 2019.

ODE's final FTE adjustments did not have a material impact on the School's financial statements.

NOTE 17 - AGREEMENT WITH WRIGHT STATE UNIVERSITY

On August 3, 2009, the School contracted with Wright State University (WSU) to utilize certain WSU personnel and other resources as agreed upon, to provide services and facilitate operation of the School. The term of the contract began on August 3, 2009 and will continue to remain in full force and effect upon the same terms and conditions for successive periods of one year.

WSU Personnel - WSU will hire personnel mutually agreeable to the School to carry out the School's activities. The specific terms of their compensation, the definition of their duties and the allocation of their time and responsibilities between the work of the School and other duties to WSU shall be determined (and may be changed) jointly by the School and WSU. WSU shall be reimbursed for the use of WSU Personnel.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 17 - AGREEMENT WITH WRIGHT STATE UNIVERSITY - (Continued)

Responsibility for and Compensation of Personnel - WSU is responsible for all payroll and employment taxes, and other customary employer duties and responsibilities for the personnel during the term of the agreement. WSU provides appropriate workers' compensation coverage for employees throughout the term of the agreement and further provided all employee benefits for the employees customarily provided to others in like positions at WSU.

Personnel Employed by WSU - The Personnel designated to provide services under the agreement shall remain employees of WSU and shall be subject to any employment agreements between the employees and WSU. WSU shall not be required to hire or retain personnel utilized by the School unless funding for such is approved and available to the School.

WSU Resources - The School may utilize certain resources of WSU for use in its activities upon mutual agreement with WSU. The School shall reimburse WSU, as mutually agreed upon, for any costs directly incurred as a result of the School's use of such resources. WSU may choose to offer the School fiscal support and in-kind contributions of support at its discretion.

School Property - Files, reports, articles, electronic records and other such materials created or developed by WSU employees while performing services for the School are and will remain the School's property.

Insurance - Insurance customarily carried by those in the operation of an educational institution shall be maintained by each party. To the extent permitted by law and provided that the parties receive reciprocal treatment, each party shall name the other as an additional insured. The parties agree to notify each other in writing within 10 days of loss coverage or material change in such policies.

Reimbursement for Personnel and Resources - The School will reimburse WSU for all costs specifically applicable to the School's use of personnel and resources provided by WSU under the agreement, unless WSU at its discretion chooses not to seek reimbursement. Such costs are to include those incurred for salaries, taxes, insurance, employee benefits, amounts reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses (including but not limited to travel authorized by the School) incurred by personnel that are specifically allocable to the activities of the School, and any others directly associated with the use of personnel and resources of WSU by the School in its operations. WSU shall not be required to hire or retain personnel utilized by the School unless funding for such is approved and available to the School.

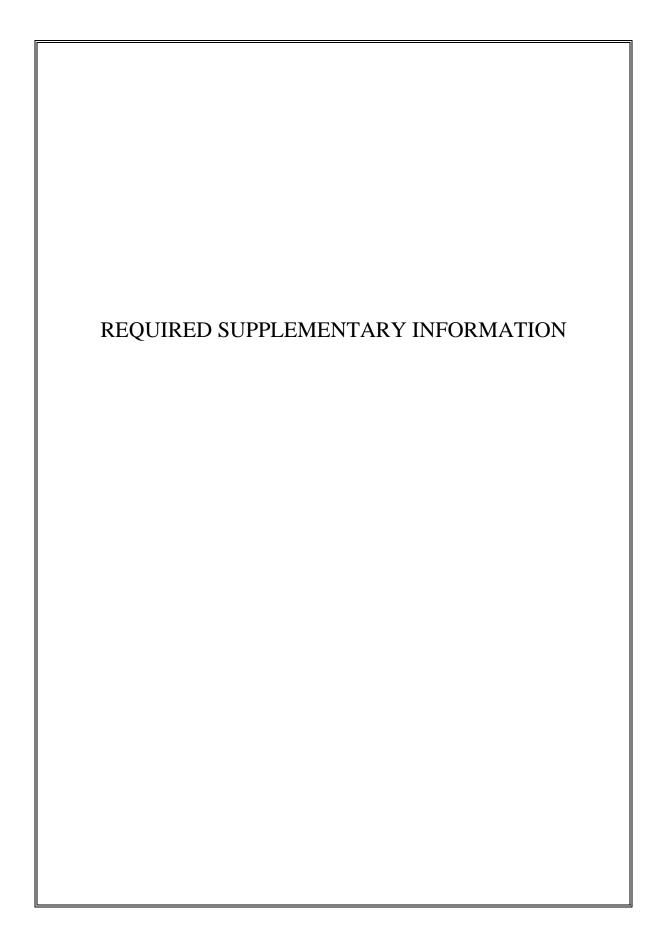
Records and Invoicing - Both the School and WSU shall keep records quantifying the use of WSU personnel and resources subject to reimbursement under the agreement. On the first of each month, WSU shall invoice the School for the personnel and resources provided in the previous month under the agreement which is to include a detailed accounting of the costs to be reimbursed. The School shall have five business days to challenge, in writing, the costs allocated to it under the amount billed. Any dispute as to the amount due shall be settled by the parties. The parties shall review their records and invoices/payments on a periodic basis (but no less often than annually) and shall make such adjustments as the parties deem necessary by mutual agreement to reflect the actual use of WSU personnel and other resource by the School.

Payment of Invoice - Payment of invoices by the School shall be made by the fifteenth day of the month in which the invoice is received. Notwithstanding the forgoing, in the event WSU has funds in a restricted account that is allocated for use by the School, such funds are to be used to offset any amounts owed by the School to WSU for use of personnel and resources before the School may be required to make payment out of its operating funds. Restricted funds may not be used to offset amounts owed by the School until after the five day period for the School to challenge the invoice has lapsed for the month in which the invoice was sent reflecting such expense and the use of such funds by WSU for the payment of expenses shall be reflected in the monthly invoice sent to the School in the subsequent month.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 17 - AGREEMENT WITH WRIGHT STATE UNIVERSITY - (Continued)

Termination - *E*ither party may terminate the agreement at any time by providing 90 days written notice to the other party. A comprehensive review will occur every two calendar years by WSU and the School to begin on May 1 of odd numbered years and to conclude with a decision to continue or discontinue the agreement by June 30th of those odd number years.



SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

		2019		2018		2017		2016
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0000000%	0	0.00021880%	0.	.00156420%	0.	00139320%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	13,073	\$	114,486	\$	79,498
School's covered payroll	\$	-	\$	48,579	\$	48,579	\$	41,943
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		26.91%		235.67%		189.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.36%		69.50%		62.98%		69.16%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2015		2014
0.0	00119600%	0.	00119600%
\$	60,529	\$	71,122
\$	39,555	\$	30,481
	153.02%		233.33%
	133.02%		233.33%
	71.70%		65.52%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

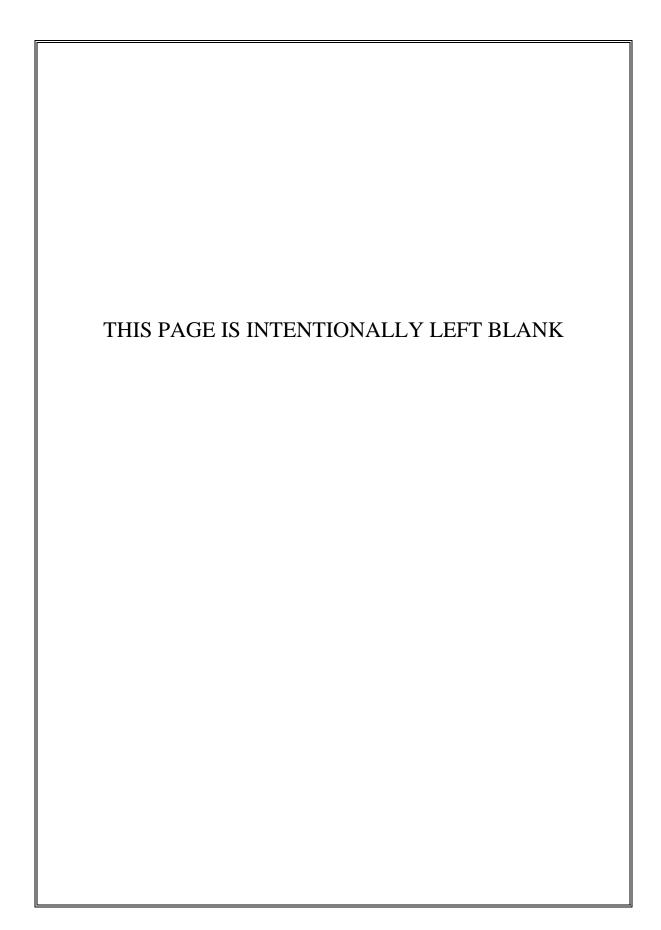
SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2	019	 2018	 2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,801	\$ 6,801
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			 	(6,801)	 (6,801)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
School's covered payroll	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 48,579	\$ 48,579
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2013 is the first year the School made contributions to SERS.

 2015	2014		 2013
\$ 5,528	\$ 4,815		\$ 4,219
 (5,528)		(4,815)	 (4,219)
\$ 	\$		\$
\$ 41,942	\$	34,740	\$ 30,484
13.18%		13.86%	13.84%



SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

		2019		2018		2017
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0	0000000%	0.	00019860%	0.	00152092%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	5,330	\$	43,352
School's covered payroll	\$	-	\$	48,579	\$	48,579
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		10.97%		89.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 494
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 		(494)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$
School's covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,579	\$ 48,579
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.02%

⁽¹⁾ Information for OPEB contributions was not available before fiscal year 2015.

2015					
\$	1,090				
	(1,090)				
\$	-				
\$	41,942				
	2.60%				

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PENSION/OPEB

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2019.

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rate for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Dayton Regional STEM School Montgomery County 1724 Woodman Drive Kettering, Ohio 45420

To the Governing Board:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Dayton Regional STEM School, Montgomery County, (the School) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2020, wherein we noted the School restated its net position at July 1, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2019-001.

Dayton Regional STEM School Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

School's Response to Finding

The School's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not subject the School's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 7, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2019

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 135.03 states, in part, any national bank, any bank doing business under authority granted by the superintendent of financial institutions, or any bank doing business under authority granted by the regulatory authority of another state of the United States, located in this state, is eligible to become a public depository. Any federal savings association or any savings and loan association or savings bank doing business under authority granted by the regulatory authority of another state of the United States, located in this state, and authorized to accept deposits is eligible to become a public depository.

Ohio Rev. Code § 135.14 (B) states the treasurer or governing board may invest or deposit any part or all of the interim moneys. The following classifications of obligations shall be eligible for such investment or deposit:

- 1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
 - Nothing in the classification of eligible obligations set forth in division (B)(1) of this section or in the classifications of eligible obligations set forth in divisions (B)(2) to (7) of this section shall be construed to authorize any investment in stripped principal or interest obligations of such eligible obligations.
- 2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim moneys as provided in section 135.08 of the Revised Code. The award of interim deposits shall be made in accordance with section 135.09 of the Revised Code and the treasurer or the governing board shall determine the periods for which such interim deposits are to be made and shall award such interim deposits for such periods, provided that any eligible institution receiving an interim deposit award may, upon notification that the award has been made, decline to accept the interim deposit in which event the award shall be made as though the institution had not applied for such interim deposit.
- 4) Bonds and other obligations of this state, or the political subdivisions of this state, provided that, with respect to bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions, all of the following apply:
 - a. The bonds or other obligations are payable from general revenues of the political subdivision and backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.
 - b. The bonds or other obligations are rated at the time of purchase in the three highest classifications established by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer.

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001 (Continued)

- c. The aggregate value of the bonds or other obligations does not exceed twenty per cent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.
- d. The treasurer or governing board is not the sole purchaser of the bonds or other obligations at original issuance.
- e. The bonds or other obligations mature within ten years from the date of settlement.

No investment shall be made under division (B)(4) of this section unless the treasurer or governing board has completed additional training for making the investments authorized by division (B)(4) of this section. The type and amount of additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the treasurer of state.

- 5) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code;
- 6) The Ohio subdivision's fund as provided in section 135.45 of the Revised Code;
- 7) Up to forty per cent of interim moneys available for investment in either of the following:
 - (a) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and that has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of the following apply:
 - a. The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services.
 - b. The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation.
 - c. The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy days after purchase.
 - d. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.
 - (b) Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

No investment shall be made pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section unless the treasurer or governing board has completed additional training for making the investments authorized by division (B)(7) of this section. The type and amount of additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the treasurer of state.

Dayton Regional STEM School Montgomery County Schedule of Findings Page 3

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001 (Continued)

During fiscal year 2019, the School had deposits with the Dayton Foundation which is not an allowable depository under Ohio Rev. Code § 135.03. The balance at June 30, 2019 was \$240,943, with 39% of the account invested in domestic and international equity investments, contrary to Ohio law.

The School should revisit its depositories to verify that they are in compliance with the Ohio Rev. Code. Additionally, all investments should be conservative in nature and follow Ohio Rev. Code § 135.14 (B). Failure to do so could result in the School investing its money in highly risky/volatile investments that lead to significant investment losses due to market fluctuations.

Officials' Response:

FY18 Audit was completed in July 2019. This did not allow for this issue to be addressed during FY19. However, during FY20 I am working with the Dayton Foundation and the DRSS Budget and Finance Committee to determine how to address this issue. Under the current situation, COVID-19 and the drop in the market, liquidating this fund may significantly reduce the value of the fund. The principal in this fund is to be used for debt retirement during FY27. I will continue to work through this item during FY20.

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2019

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2018-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 135.03 and § 135.14(B): investments held by unallowable depository and investments in domestic and international equity, contrary to Ohio Rev. Code.	Not corrected	The School still had 39% of the account balance with the Dayton Foundation invested in domestic and international equity accounts.





DAYTON REGIONAL STEM SCHOOL

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 30, 2020