

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**



**Basic Financial Statements**

**June 30, 2019**



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE  
KEITH FABER



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Board of Trustees  
Columbus State Community College  
550 East Spring Street  
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We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Columbus State Community College, Franklin County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Columbus State Community College is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

October 22, 2019

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# COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees  
Columbus State Community College

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Columbus State Community College (the College), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Columbus State Community College Development Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension information and other postemployment benefit information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2019, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.*  
Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.  
Columbus, Ohio  
October 11, 2019



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018  
Unaudited**

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**MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

This section of Columbus State Community College’s Annual Report presents management’s discussion and analysis (“MD&A”) of the College’s financial position as of June 30, 2019; and financial activity for the fiscal year July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, with selected comparative information for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, when appropriate. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes herein.

**ABOUT THE COLLEGE**

Columbus State Community College (“the College”) is the region’s only open-access institution, and it is the front door to higher education for more central Ohio residents than any other college or university. Columbus State is one of the largest and most comprehensive colleges in Ohio, providing affordable, high-quality programs to enhance the educational and employment opportunities of its increasingly diverse student body.

Founded in 1963 as the Columbus Area Technician School, Columbus State has been serving the Central Ohio region for over 50 years. After its beginning, in the basement of Central High School in Columbus, Ohio with an enrollment of 67 students, the School was re-chartered in 1965 as the Columbus Technical Institute (CTI) to serve students in a four-county service district that includes Franklin, Delaware, Union and Madison counties. CTI established itself in Aquinas Hall at the College’s current Spring Street location. In 1987, the College was re-chartered as Columbus State Community College in order “to provide additional educational opportunities to area residents” and has risen to prominence as one of the nation’s premier comprehensive community colleges.

Columbus State has a strong commitment to technical education, offering the Associate of Applied Science and the Associate of Technical Studies degree programs in business, health, human services, public service, and engineering technologies to prepare graduates for immediate employment. Columbus State has transfer agreements with dozens of four-year institutions. The Associate of Arts and Associate of Science fulfill the freshman and sophomore course requirements of bachelor’s degree programs offered by any public university in Ohio and *Preferred Pathway*® partnerships with nine universities guarantee admission to students who successfully complete an associate’s degree at Columbus State.

Columbus State has two campuses (Columbus, Ohio and Delaware County), and five regional learning centers throughout its four-county service district. These centers allow students to take courses closer to where they live and work. The College also offers degree-oriented college-level courses to qualified high school students through the *College Credit Plus (CCP)* program; courses are taught at the high schools, online, or at one of Columbus State’s campuses or regional learning centers.

**ABOUT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management’s Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Public Colleges and Universities, issued in June and November 1999. The College reports as a special purpose government engaged solely in “business type activities” under GASB Statement No. 34.

In addition to this MD&A, a full set of financial statements, complete with notes, is presented in the next section of this annual report, including:

- ❑ *Statement of Net Position;*
- ❑ *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and*
- ❑ *Statement of Cash Flows*

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These statements include the College, its Auxiliaries, and the Columbus State Community College Development Foundation.

Management's discussion and analysis is focused on the primary institution and its auxiliaries.

It is management's intention to discuss significant financial data based upon currently known facts, decisions and conditions that have already occurred. There are factors, however, that may impact future periods, which are considered in the last section of this discussion.

## **FINANCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL HIGHLIGHTS**

### **Enrollment, Tuition Revenue and Overall Financial Results**

Columbus State is committed to expanding not only access to, but also completion of an affordable, high-quality education for an increasingly diverse student body. In FY19, Columbus State's accomplishments over the last 7 years in increasing graduation rates, completion rates, and retention rates while closing achievement gaps were recognized with the College being named the Achieving the Dream Leah Meyer Austin Award recipient. In order to build upon this success, resources were prioritized for integrated supports and innovative instructional practices that meet the needs and lifestyles of its students and to continue to improve completion metrics. While improvements continue to be made in most metrics, a slight downward trend in credit hours and full-time equivalents (FTEs) has continued.

Headcount for Autumn and Spring semesters combined were nearly flat to FY18, decreasing by just 109, or 0.2%, while FTEs decreased by 1.1%. Enrollment for Summer 2018, with nearly half of the revenue accounted for in FY19, was also nearly flat compared to Summer 2017, with a 0.3% increase in credit hours. Preliminary enrollment for Summer 2019, also with half of the associated revenue accounted for in FY19, was 3.2% lower than Summer 2018. Overall, enrollment for FY19 was nearly flat to FY18, with headcount decreasing by 0.1% and FTEs decreasing by 0.9%.

The State's FY18-FY19 biennium budget froze tuition rates for the first year of the biennium but did allow for a tuition increase of \$10 per credit hour that was implemented in Autumn semester 2018. Revenue in FY19 also included the first full year of a career services fee that was implemented in Spring semester 2018. Overall, revenue from tuition (excluding fees) increased by \$3.9 million, 5.3%, compared to FY18. After increases in Scholarship Allowances and Discounts, totaling \$2.4 million more than FY18, Student Tuition and Fees, net of Scholarship Allowances, increased by \$1.5 million, 2.6%, over FY18.

With a modest increase in net tuition and fees in FY19, financial resources remained limited, continuing the trend of recent years, requiring more aggressive reallocations, rigorous expense management, continued commitment to strategic partnerships, and challenging trade-offs to allow the College to maintain a solid financial position, including additional investments in strategic initiatives and assets allowed by underspending in several areas. Priorities to build upon gains in student success included the acceleration of the implementation of a comprehensive completion model, bringing to scale the Accelerated Learning Program (co-requisite model) in English, advancing a new approach to awarding scholarships that prioritizes equity and students with 30 credit hours.

In FY19, the fourth full year of Ohio's *College Credit Plus* program (*CCP*), which allows high school students to earn college credit while still in high school, making higher education more affordable, over 5,000 high school students earned credit through *College Credit Plus* in both Autumn 2018 and Spring 2019 semesters, earning 51,575 credit hours, an increase of 16.7% over the prior year. While *CCP* at the College continues to grow, it is growing at a slower rate than prior years. After two full years, about one-fourth of the *CCP* students matriculate to Columbus State the year after they graduate from high school, and about one-third return at any point after high school.

Student participation in the *College Credit Plus* program continues to increase, becoming a larger share of the overall enrollment of the College. While the *CCP* population tends to take fewer classes/credit hours per term than traditional students, headcount has typically increased at a higher rate than FTEs in prior years, but FTEs increased

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in FY19 by 15.6% over FY18, while headcount increased 11.3%. Additionally, as nearly two-thirds of *CCP* credits are discounted below standard tuition rates, more downward pressure on tuition revenue continues.

Overall, the College is reporting a positive Change in Net Position of \$23.2 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, compared to an increase of \$58.2 million for FY18. Excluding entries related to pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expense discussed below under the section for Implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Change in Net Position was an increase of \$9.0 million for FY19 compared to a decrease of \$3.0 million for FY18.

**GASB 68 and the Implementation of GASB 75**

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the College at June 30, 2019 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27,” adopted by the College in FY2015. For fiscal year 2018, the College adopted GASB Statement 75, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,” which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Due to the adoption of GASB Statement 75 in FY2018, the audit results were only reported as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 as the restatement of audit results for prior periods was not feasible. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the College’s actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB, and net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan’s net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio’s statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset or liability to equal the College’s proportionate share of each plan’s collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees’ past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the “employment exchange” – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the College is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer’s promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the

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public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the College's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense of \$213,785, and an annual OPEB credit of \$14,418,000 (SERS expense \$473,052, STRS credit \$14,891,052) for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB asset or liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

### **Student Success Initiatives and Grant Support**

As Columbus State continues to manage through the changing business environment of higher education and continued declines in enrollment, the focus remains on its strategic priorities of student success, workforce development and civic engagement. Progress continued to be made towards the objectives of the *Central Ohio Compact (COC)*, a regional strategy for college completion and career success objectives with representation from a variety of partners including public and private colleges and universities, K-12 school districts, workforce and economic development professionals and government officials. And funding from grants continued to provide critical resources for advancing these strategic priorities and the objectives of the *Central Ohio Compact*, including the development of new instructional practices, integrated supports and other innovative initiatives.

Some of the new grants awarded in FY19 included:

National Science Foundation (NSF), Advanced Technological Education (ATE): Building an Industry-Aligned Pathway to Careers in Cloud Computing Project (CLOUD)

- 3-year award, \$588,678; *Subaward*: Northern Virginia Community College (VA)
- Focus area: Cloud/IT

NSF ATE Manufacturing Experiential Advancement Readiness Network Project (EARN)

- 3-year award, \$549,730; *Subaward*: Lorain Community College (OH)
- Focus area: Manufacturing

NSF ATE Collaboration of Midwest Professionals for Logistics (COMPLETE)

- 3-year award, \$569,998 (\$268,000 CSCC); *Collaborating partners*: Sinclair Community College (OH), Oakton Community College (IL)
- Focus area: Logistics

NSF Louis Stokes Alliances for Minority Participation (LSAMP)

- 5-year award, \$260,000; *Lead*: The Ohio State University
- Focus area: underserved students in STEM disciplines

US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Health Careers Opportunity Program (HCOP)

- 5-year award, \$3,174,049
- Focus area: underserved students in health (non-nursing) and allied health programs

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U.S. Department of Labor Scaling Apprenticeship Through Sector-Based Strategies Flexible Learning Expressway for Technology (FLEXTech) Apprenticeship Consortium

- 4-year award, \$3,788,691; *Partner:* Collin College (TX)
- Focus area: IT and IT-related industries

Ohio Department of Higher Education (ODHE), Regionally Aligned Priorities in Delivering Skills Program (RAPIDS)

- \$973,552 (\$246,895 CSCC); *Partners:* Marion Technical College, North Central State College, Central Ohio Technical College
- Focus area: IT and healthcare equipment
- 

Catholic Social Services *Stay the Course*, a case management program to increase student persistence and degree completion rates

- 3-year award to CSS, \$1,259,194 million, dedicating three case workers to the College providing assistance to address personal, economic, and social barriers to college success
- Focus area: student success and financial stability

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Cougar Courage Campus Suicide Prevention Program

- 3-year award, \$303,511
- Focus area: counseling and suicide prevention

ODHE Short Term Certificates

- 2-year award, \$349,400; All funding to students in forms of grants < \$1,000
- Focus area: 20 short-term certificates in HHS and Business and Engineering Technologies (BET)

Goldman Sachs *10,000 Small Businesses Initiative*

- 1-year award, \$563,896
- Focus area: small business development; growth and economic development in central Ohio and statewide

Grants Highlights for Columbus State:

- Last year we were awarded our 12th NSF ATE award in the last five years, *more than any other community college in the country*
- *One of 3* community colleges awarded an HCOP grant in the last 10 years
- *One of 6* community colleges awarded a SAMHSA grant in FY19
- *One of 23* DOL Apprenticeship awards, subaward partner on another with Lorain

The College now has been awarded 12 National Science Foundation grants, the largest number of any community college in the nation, totaling over \$7.6 million awarded. These grants advance initiatives, including new programs, pathways and credentials, in high demand areas such as data analytics, cyber security, modern manufacturing, STEM programs, and many other advanced technologies. Additionally, Columbus State has been designated as a National Center of Academic Excellence in Cyber Defense Education through academic year 2024 for the AAS in Computer Science with a major in Cybersecurity. This designation is one of two such designations sponsored by the National Security Agency (NSA) and the Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

Resources provided by federal, state, local, and corporate grants and other partners, for College personnel devoted to this work and other expenses that would otherwise have been funded from the College's increasingly limited operating budget, have allowed the College to accelerate the work of student success and workforce development. As some of the multi-year grants start to expire over the next couple of years, the College will be looking for additional funding to continue this work while also reallocating within the operating budget to integrate and operationalize at full scale those practices that have proven successful in advancing strategic priorities.

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**Financial Accountability**

Senate Bill 6 of the 122<sup>nd</sup> General Assembly, enacted into law in 1997, was designed to increase financial accountability of state colleges and universities by using a standard set of measures, using year-end audited financial statements, to monitor the fiscal health of each institution. Three ratios are calculated, from which a summary score, termed the Composite Score, is determined, which is the primary indicator of fiscal health. The three ratios calculated, and the respective weight of each in determining the composite score, are as follows:

- Viability Ratio – 30%
- Primary Reserve Ratio – 50%
- Net Income Ratio – 20%

Results for FY18 were released in the spring of 2019 and Columbus State's composite score was 4.2 (adjusted to exclude the impact of GASB 68 and GASB 75). The College maintains an average score of 4.64 on a scale of 0-5.

**School of Hospitality Management and Culinary Arts**

Construction neared completion at the end of FY19 on a new building, Mitchell Hall, which will house the School of Hospitality Management and Culinary Arts, along with other offices and services. The culinary and hospitality industry has become a key workforce and economic driver in Central Ohio. Stakeholders, including The City of Columbus, employers and other partners, are actively seeking the College's leadership in not only creating a stronger workforce and economic development partnership with the culinary and hospitality sector, but also in the development of the neighborhood of the College's Columbus Campus.

The new 80,000-square-foot, three-floor building will house the College's Hospitality Management and Culinary Arts Programs, including three state-of-the-art teaching kitchens, specialty labs including: pastry, baking, climate controlled, and beverage, two smart classrooms and a culinary theatre in addition to a professionally managed, student-staffed restaurant, a retail café and bakery, and a 400-seat banquet and event center with onsite catering and a balcony overlooking downtown.

The total project budget for the building, scheduled to open for Autumn semester 2019, is approximately \$34.0 million, financed with a combination of state capital, privately-raised, and local funds. \$10 million in state capital funds were included in the FY17-FY18 State Capital Appropriations (SB 310). Additionally, \$2 million was re-appropriated to this project from other FY17-FY18 State Capital Appropriations for the College. In February 2018, a \$2.5 million pledge toward the new building by Cameron Mitchell Restaurants was announced, the lead gift in a \$10 million philanthropic campaign led by Cameron Mitchell, CEO and founder of Cameron Mitchell Restaurants and for whom the building, Mitchell Hall, is named.

With \$12 million in state capital funding and \$10 million projected from the capital campaign, the balance, \$11.6 million, is being funded locally through the issuance of general receipts bonds. In March 2018, the Columbus State Board of Trustees approved a resolution for the issuance and sale of general receipts bonds in a maximum aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$23 million, in one or more separate series, as tax-exempt or taxable, among other established parameters. On June 28, 2018, the College closed on the issuance of \$13 million Series 2018A General Receipts Bonds, maturing June 1, 2019, and 2027 through 2038, with a true interest cost of 3.522%. This issuance was the first issuance of new bonds for the College since 2003. The Series 2018A Bonds were rated "Aa2" by Moody's based on the College's participation in the Ohio Community and Technical College Credit Enhancement Program. The Series 2018A Bonds also have underlying ratings of "A1" and "A+" from Moody's and S&P, respectively. On August 2, 2018, the College closed on \$9 million General Receipts Bonds, Series 2018B

(Federally Taxable). The Series 2018B Bonds are authorized to be issued as drawdown bonds, which can be drawn down for up to 24 months until the conversion date. As the majority of funds pledged towards the capital campaign will be received over five years, receipts from the capital campaign will fund the debt service for the Series 2018B Bonds, which mature on August 1, 2026.

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**Capital Additions and Improvements**

During Spring semester 2018, work commenced on a major renovation of the cafeteria, named *Union Café*. The cafeteria was opened in one of the College's oldest buildings, Union Hall, dedicated in 1975, and had only minor renovations and upgrades over the years. The renovation was planned in partnership with the College's food service partner, AVI Food Systems, to better serve students and create a high-energy learning environment with improved Wi-Fi connectivity and collaboration areas. The project cost was \$2.47 million, funded by local Auxiliary funds and an investment by AVI that was part of the most recent food services contract. The work was completed in time for the beginning of Autumn semester 2018. Additionally, a second phase of work related to Union Café renovation was planned. Phase 2A of the plan addressed interior building code issues, including the replacement of a non-compliant restroom with three new accessible restrooms, and establishing additional seating space for *Union Café*; Phase 2B provides for a new accessible ramp and entrance into the cafeteria and improves the visibility of the entry point. Phase 2A was funded with local funds totaling \$449,259 and was completed in spring 2019. The contract for design and pre-construction for Phase 2B was awarded for \$93,116 in June 2019 with the work projected for completion in FY20, estimated at a total of \$1,252,662, to be funded by the College's State Capital appropriation.

**State Capital Funded Projects**

In the FY19-FY20 state capital appropriations legislation (HB 529), Columbus State's total appropriation was \$14.6 million providing funds for student success renovations and for building and infrastructure repairs, including ADA upgrades, and \$1 million was appropriated for academic and classroom space upgrades. The College was also funded for FY19-FY20 as a partner in five community projects totaling \$1.125 million.

In August 2018, design and pre-construction services commenced on the Workforce Development Building, Fourth Floor Renovation project, to refresh the 24,679 square foot Conference Center. This project supported key student success initiatives, including orientation, as well as addressed ADA issues, upgraded audio-visual and technology equipment, as well as replacement of carpet and furniture to enhance the overall student and community experience. Construction commenced in October 2018 and was completed in March 2019. The project cost totaled nearly \$1.6 million.

A Financial Stability Framework was developed to respond to a key area of focus for students who leave college in good standing because of non-academic causes such as food insecurity, child care, housing and transportation. As part of this initiative, a project was approved to transform a 2,565 square foot storage building into an active "to-go" food market. This market, the *Mid-Ohio Market at Columbus State*, builds upon an existing partnership with the Mid-Ohio Food Bank to operate a need-based fresh food market servicing Columbus State students, their families and the community. Design and pre-construction planning commenced in February 2019 with construction projected to be completed by September 2019 at a project cost of \$757,072.

As part of the FY19-FY20 appropriation, several projects were approved near the end of FY19. Two projects were approved by the Board of Trustees in May 2019, the Aquinas Building Envelope Repair and the Center for Technology and Learning (TL) boiler system. The Columbus State Facility Conditions Assessment, completed in 2017, identified the building envelope of Aquinas Hall, built in 1906, to be in critical condition and in need of immediate repair. The total project budget was estimated at \$3 million, of which \$199,627 was approved by the Board of Trustees for the initial design and pre-construction contract, with final construction cost estimates, approval of the GMP Amendment and commencement of construction anticipated in late summer 2019. The TL boiler system was also identified to be in critical condition and in need of immediate replacement in the 2017 Columbus State Facility Conditions Assessment. This project, which commenced in June 2019, is estimated at \$600,000, with completion anticipated in August 2019.

The Utility Tunnel Repair Project addresses replacement and repairs for the tunnels beneath Aquinas, Rhodes, Eibling, Madison, and Franklin Halls, including structural repairs, installation of waterproofing systems and surface-mounted lighting, concrete repair, and piping support replacement. The contract was awarded in June 2019 having a

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total project budget estimated at \$1,442,562. Construction is scheduled to commence in July 2019 and is scheduled for completion in December 2019.

**OTHER FACTORS TO CONSIDER**

There are many indicators of quality in higher education institutions, including but not limited to numbers of graduates, numbers of transfer students, student retention and course completion rates, job placement statistics, salary ranges of recent graduates, and the appearance and condition of physical plant facilities. Financial statements assess only the quality of the College's financial condition.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The *Statement of Net Position* details all College holdings (assets) such as cash, investments, accounts receivable, land and buildings; and liabilities including payments due to vendors, and short and long-term debt, as of June 30, 2019. The total amount of assets and deferred outflows minus liabilities and deferred inflows equals net position. The net position is categorized as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets
- Restricted – Nonexpendable (permanent endowment funds of the Development Foundation)
- Restricted – Expendable (primarily amounts for specified construction projects)
- Unrestricted

The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* shows the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year, and the net increase/decrease in net position. This statement is prepared under the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues and expenditures are recognized when the service is provided and the resource(s) is/are used. This principle, called the "matching concept," is best demonstrated in the College's collection of student tuition. For example, most tuition is collected within the first week of each academic term, yet the revenue is distributed evenly over a four to five-month period (for semesters) to match the expenditures (resources) used to generate the revenue.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, noncapital financing, capital financing and investment activities. The *Statement of Cash Flows* shows the sources and uses of the College's cash. The *Statement of Cash Flows* also helps readers assess: a) the College's ability to generate future cash flows, b) the College's ability to meet obligations as they become due, and c) the College's need for external financing.

The Columbus State Community College Development Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization that exists to provide financial assistance to the educational programs, services and facilities of the College. Because the restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and GASB No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus. There are also separately issued financial statements for the Foundation. Operating results are not included in this Management Discussion and Analysis. Additional information regarding the Foundation is included in Note 17 and in the separately issued Foundation financial statements and audit report.

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the College as a whole. Condensed versions of the College's financial statements are presented below, along with a brief summary of the financial information contained therein.



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Unaudited**

*Statements of Net Position (in thousands)*

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Difference</u>
<b>Assets</b>					
Current assets	\$ 96,541	\$ 99,141	\$ (2,600)	\$ 90,733	\$ 8,408
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets	174,414	153,018	21,396	153,458	(440)
Other	66,201	62,874	3,327	58,539	4,335
Total Assets	<u>337,156</u>	<u>315,033</u>	<u>22,123</u>	<u>302,730</u>	<u>12,303</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>					
Pension	38,704	46,995	(8,291)	46,722	273
OPEB	2,102	1,633	469	336	1,297
Unamortized loss on refunding	96	141	(45)	171	(30)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>40,902</u>	<u>48,769</u>	<u>(7,867)</u>	<u>47,229</u>	<u>1,540</u>
<b>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<u>\$ 378,058</u>	<u>\$ 363,802</u>	<u>\$ 14,256</u>	<u>\$ 349,959</u>	<u>\$ 13,843</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
<b>Current Liabilities</b>					
Accounts payable and accrued	20,442	13,092	7,350	12,371	721
Debt, current portion	880	1,665	(785)	855	810
Capital Lease, Current Portion	184	179	5	-	179
Unearned revenue	8,438	7,882	556	7,795	87
<b>Noncurrent liabilities</b>					
Debt, long-term portion	16,481	17,448	(967)	4,465	12,983
Capital Lease	385	569	(184)	-	569
Net Pension Liability	168,861	179,174	(10,313)	241,314	(62,140)
Net OPEB Liability	33,524	49,733	(16,209)	57,863	(8,130)
Long-term liabilities	1,218	1,135	83	1,219	(84)
Total Liabilities	<u>250,413</u>	<u>270,877</u>	<u>(20,464)</u>	<u>325,882</u>	<u>(55,005)</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>					
Pension	12,593	10,356	2,237	5,024	5,332
OPEB	14,587	5,286	9,301	-	5,286
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>27,180</u>	<u>15,642</u>	<u>11,538</u>	<u>5,024</u>	<u>10,618</u>
<b>Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<u>277,593</u>	<u>286,519</u>	<u>(8,926)</u>	<u>330,906</u>	<u>(44,387)</u>
<b>Net Position</b>					
Invested in capital assets	157,933	148,553	9,380	148,138	415
Restricted	257	897	(640)	36,676	(35,779)
Unrestricted	(57,725)	(72,168)	14,443	(165,761)	93,593
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 100,465</u>	<u>\$ 77,282</u>	<u>\$ 23,183</u>	<u>\$ 19,053</u>	<u>\$ 58,229</u>

As of June 30, 2019, current assets totaled \$96.5 million compared to \$99.1 million in FY18, a decrease of \$2.6 million, or 2.62%. An increase in end of year cash receipts accounted for the increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$2.9, while Short-term investments decreased by \$5.2 million due to spending the bond proceeds that were issued in June, 2018. A decrease in Accounts Receivable of \$0.3 million account for the majority of the rest of the decrease.

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Total assets as of June 30, 2019, were \$337.2 million compared to \$315.0 million in FY18, a 7.02% increase, with increases in Capital Assets, due to the construction of Mitchell Hall, and establishment of an OPEB asset for STRS, while the decreases occurred primarily in Cash and Cash Equivalents as well as Long Term Investments. Capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery and equipment, remain the largest asset group at \$174.4 million (51.7%), followed by cash and investments of \$139.7 million (41.4%), and accounts receivable, inventory and other assets at \$23.1 million (6.8%). The largest change in the distribution of assets was an increase of 3.1 percentage points in Net Capital Assets due to the construction of Mitchell Hall. The largest decrease of 4.6 percentage points occurred in the cash and investments and Long Term Investments categories.

Liabilities

As of June 30, 2019, the College's current liabilities were \$29.9 million, compared to \$22.8 million in 2018. Of the total in FY19, \$8.4 million was unearned revenue (Summer semester tuition revenue related to FY20, credit bank, and unearned revenues related to grants and contracts), \$20.4 million was accounts payable and accrued expenses, up from \$13.1 from FY18 due to the amounts owed to contractors for the construction of Mitchell Hall and \$1.06 million was the current portion of long-term debt and capital lease. The current portion of long-term debt decreased \$785,000 from FY18, as a result of the structure of repayment of new general receipts bonds issued in June 2018 (Series 2018A) and August 2018 (Series 2018B). As a result of not drawing down any of the Series 2018B bonds in FY19, and the repayment structure of the Series 2018A bonds, the current portion of long-term debt relates only to the Series 2012. For FY18, \$7.9 million was unearned revenue (Summer semester tuition revenues related to FY19, credit bank, and unearned revenues related to grants and contracts), \$13.1 million was accounts payable and accrued expenses, and \$1.8 million was the current portion of long-term debt and capital lease.

Noncurrent liabilities as of June 30, 2019 were \$220.5 million, consisting of \$16.5 million in long-term debt (general receipts bonds), other long-term liabilities (primarily compensated absences and capital leases) of \$1.6 million, net pension liability of \$168.9 million and net OPEB liability in the amount of \$33.5 million. By comparison, noncurrent liabilities as of June 30, 2018 were \$248.1 million consisting of \$17.5 million in bonds payable, \$1.7 million in other long-term liabilities, \$179.2 million in net pension liability and \$49.7 in net OPEB liability. The decrease in the long-term debt is a result of the first debt payment on the June 2018 Series 2018A general receipts bonds. The more significant decrease in noncurrent liabilities occurred in the net pension and OPEB liabilities, which decreased by \$26.5 million. As discussed previously, the net pension and OPEB liabilities represent the College's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective net pension and OPEB liabilities; changes in pension and OPEB benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balances of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the College.

Total liabilities as of June 30, 2019 were \$250.4 million compared to \$270.9 million in FY18. The \$20.5 million change is primarily attributed to the decrease of \$10.3 million for net pension liability and \$16.2 million for the net OPEB liability, offset by the increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as a result of amounts owed to contractors for Mitchell Hall.

Net Position

Net position increased by \$23.2 million in FY19. FY19 activity included a decrease to expenses of approximately \$14.2 million related to pension and OPEB activity. Excluding the impact of pension and OPEB activities, the net position for FY19 increased by approximately \$9.0 million, representing all other College operating, auxiliary, and grant activity, compared to a decrease in net position, also excluding the impact of pension activities, of \$3.0 million in FY18. Operating revenue decreased \$0.2 million. Tuition and fees were up \$1.5 million and federal, state, local and private grants and contracts were up \$0.3 million. Tuition and fees were up primarily as a result of the Career Services Fee implemented in Spring 2018 (a full year recognized in FY19) and a tuition increase of \$10 per credit hour implemented in Autumn 2018 offset by an increase in scholarship allowances of \$2.4 million from FY18. While PELL disbursements increased by \$64,543 over FY18, loans disbursed to students were down \$5.9 million with more of the combined financial aid being directly applied to pay tuition and less excess aid being refunded to students. This financial aid that is applied to pay tuition and fees increases the scholarship allowance, which decreases overall net tuition revenue.

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Revenue for auxiliary enterprises, the Bookstore and food services, decreased by \$2.0 million, primarily the result of increased textbook affordability initiatives for students. The cafeteria was also closed for renovations during Summer 2018 which contributed to the decrease in revenue. The *Union Café* opened at the start of Autumn 2018.

In the area of operating expenses, expenses were \$48.0 million higher than FY18. Education and general expenses were up \$45.5 million, with the largest areas being Instructional and Departmental Research (\$14.8 million), Operation and Maintenance of Plant (\$8.0 million) and Institutional Support (\$9.9 million). Nearly all of the increase (\$47 million) was a result of Pension Expense (GASB 68) and OPEB Expense (GASB 75). In FY18, expenses were reduced by \$61.2 million as a result of these two required calculations. In FY19, expenses only decreased by \$14.2 million. Please see more information on GASB 68 and GASB 75 under the *Financial and Institutional Highlights* earlier in the MD&A. Excluding the impact of these GASB expenses, total expenses were nearly flat to FY18, increasing by just \$1.0 million, or 0.54%.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses combined to increase by \$3.5 million in FY19, primarily the result of the unrestricted investment income, which increased by \$2.9 million.

Condensed versions of the College's revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 are presented below, along with a brief summary of the financial information contained therein.

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*Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)*

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Difference</u>
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>					
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$23.8, \$21.4, and \$17.5 million in 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively)	\$ 60,774	\$ 59,251	\$ 1,523	\$ 62,255	\$ (3,004)
Federal, state, and private grants and contracts	12,996	12,739	257	10,018	2,721
Auxiliary enterprises	10,655	12,647	(1,992)	13,218	(571)
Other	234	211	23	186	25
Total operating revenues	<u>84,659</u>	<u>84,848</u>	<u>(189)</u>	<u>85,677</u>	<u>(829)</u>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>					
Educational and general	148,738	101,052	47,686	161,728	(60,676)
Scholarships and fellowships	8,573	10,877	(2,304)	12,206	(1,329)
Depreciation expense	8,294	8,177	117	7,980	197
Auxiliary enterprises	10,083	7,548	2,535	12,998	(5,450)
Total operating expenses	<u>175,688</u>	<u>127,654</u>	<u>48,034</u>	<u>194,912</u>	<u>(67,258)</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(91,029)</u>	<u>(42,806)</u>	<u>(48,223)</u>	<u>(109,235)</u>	<u>66,429</u>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>					
State appropriations	67,575	67,598	(23)	67,247	351
Investment income (net of expense)	4,126	848	3,278	562	286
Pell Grant Revenue	31,270	31,206	64	28,799	2,407
Other non-operating revenues	(2,165)	(2,301)	136	(1,657)	(644)
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>100,806</u>	<u>97,351</u>	<u>3,455</u>	<u>94,951</u>	<u>2,400</u>
Income before capital appropriations	<u>9,777</u>	<u>54,545</u>	<u>(44,768)</u>	<u>(14,284)</u>	<u>68,829</u>
Capital appropriations and gifts	13,405	3,685	9,720	3,942	(257)
Increase in net position	23,182	58,230	(35,048)	(10,342)	68,572
Net position, beginning of year	77,283	19,053	58,230	29,395	(10,342)
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 100,465</u>	<u>\$ 77,283</u>	<u>\$ 23,182</u>	<u>\$ 19,053</u>	<u>\$ 58,230</u>

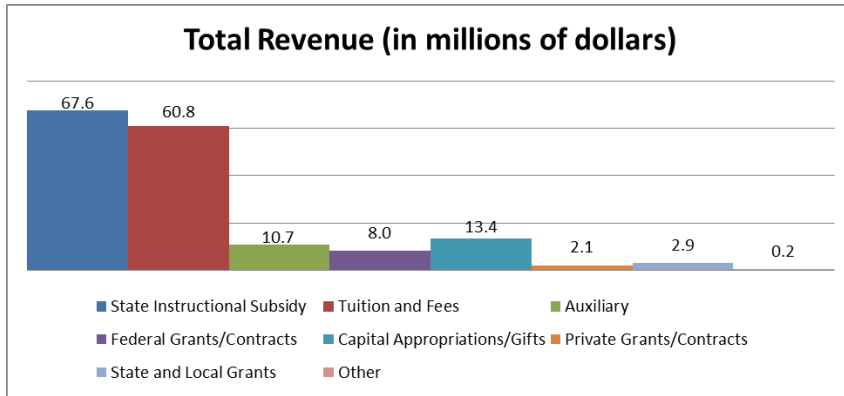
**Revenues**

FY19 revenues totaled \$196.9 million, an increase of \$9.6 million, 5.1%, compared to \$187.3 million in FY18. The largest component of the increase is the Capital appropriations (\$9.7M), which is a result of the state contributions towards the building of Mitchell Hall and other projects discussed under *Financial and Institutional Highlights*. Student tuition and fees increased by \$1.5M and federal, state and private grants and contracts increased by \$0.3M, but were offset by the decrease in revenue from the Bookstore (\$2.0M) as the college continues to support delivery of textbooks in ways that decrease the cost for students.

The majority of College revenues come from three sources: 1) State instructional subsidy (\$67.6 million), 2) Student tuition and fees (\$60.8 million), and 3) Federal, state, and private grants and contracts, including Pell grant revenue (\$44.3 million). Of \$42.2 million in federal and state grants and contracts, 75.3% are awarded to students through the federal Pell grant and Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG) programs. These funds are used for student tuition (\$23.8 million) and education-related expenses.

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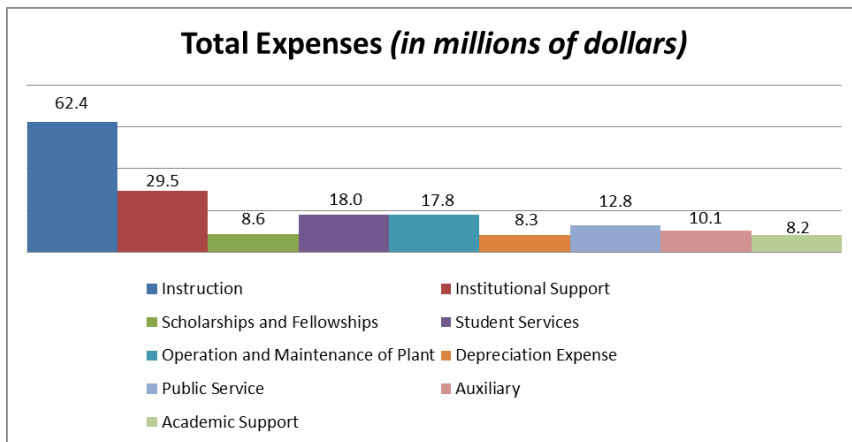
The major sources of College revenues for FY19 are presented below.



Expenses

FY19 expenses totaled \$175.7 million compared to \$127.7 million in FY18, an increase of \$48.0 million, or 37.6%; pension expense adjustments to comply with GASB 68 and GASB 75 accounted for a majority of the increase, or \$14.9 million decrease in expenses for FY19, while in FY18, the decrease in expenses was \$61.2M, which amounts to a \$46.3 increase in expenses compared to FY18. Excluding these pension and OPEB amounts, expenses increased by \$1.0 million, or .54%, over FY18. Increases for benefit costs occurred in all areas except Operation and Maintenance of Plant due to higher claims in FY19. In addition to benefits, increases in Instruction and Departmental Research occurred primarily because the enrollment patterns caused the hiring of more adjunct instructors as well as twelve temporary annually contracted faculty for Spring (3.8M); and Student Services primarily because of operationalizing new student orientation (1.5M). The largest decrease came from Scholarships and Fellowships (\$2.3 M) as a result of the increase in Scholarship Allowance.

FY19 expenditures are shown below:



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*Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands)*

Net cash provided (used) by:	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operation activities	(\$88,731)	(\$94,684)	(\$93,700)
Non capital financing activities	97,345	96,599	94,505
Capital financing activities	(18,703)	9,645	(5,566)
Investing activities	12,533	(15,164)	5,835
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	<u>2,444</u>	<u>(3,604)</u>	<u>1,074</u>
Cash - beginning of year	7,441	11,045	9,971
Cash - end of year	<u>\$9,885</u>	<u>\$7,441</u>	<u>\$11,045</u>

Ending cash balances for fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$9.9, \$7.4 million and \$11.0 million, respectively. Each month, cash flow projections are evaluated to determine when funds can be invested to maximize investment earnings (typically, at the beginning of each semester when tuition and fees are paid, funds are transferred to STAROhio), or when funds should be transferred back for operations (usually during the latter part of each semester). Cash balances in operating checking accounts are part of compensating balances maintained to maximize earnings credits thereby minimizing banking fees. Cash balances at the end of FY19 were higher than FY18 due to an unexpected end of year cash receipts and lower than anticipated payments to vendors.

Major sources of cash in FY19 were state appropriations of \$67.6 million, tuition and fees of \$59.8 million, and gifts, grants, and contracts totaling \$14.8 million.

The most significant uses of cash were payments for salaries and benefits of \$127.2 million, payments to suppliers of \$38.6 million, \$29.7 million for the purchase of capital assets, and \$8.6 million disbursed for student scholarships and financial aid.

**Budgets**

College policy requires the Board of Trustees to approve an operational budget before June 30 for the fiscal year that begins July 1, and only the Board of Trustees has authority to allocate funds for expenses not included in the approved operating budget. A mid-year budget adjustment is reviewed and approved by the Board of Trustees in January of each year, and at other times if necessary. The operating budget focuses on revenues and expenses produced from daily operations as well as budgeted expenditures for capital improvements, equipment, and debt service. In addition to College policy, the preparation of general fund operating budgets is guided by *Resource Planning Principles* adopted by the Board in November 2007 and revised in November 2013.

Columbus State takes a balanced, practical approach to budgeting. Revenues are based upon reasonable enrollment projections and tuition rates approved by the Board of Trustees, providing a solid budget parameter on this revenue calculation, and estimates of state instructional subsidy allocations provided by the Ohio Department of Higher Education. State instructional subsidy revenues are treated as operating revenues for budget purposes. Mission and goals, together with current and predicted economic environment and local conditions, all factor into the development of expense budgets. Expenses are constrained by budgeted revenues.

As noted on the FY19 Budget Comparison below, College general fund and auxiliary operating revenues exceeded operating expenditures by \$2.6 million. General fund revenue was nearly flat to what was budgeted in the FY19 revised budget while general fund operating expenses, before budgeted transfers, were approximately \$2.2 million less than budgeted, resulting in net revenues of \$1.9 million, before \$3.0 million in budgeted transfers. The FY19 budget continued to focus on budgeting closer to prior actual spending levels so that budget reallocations could be made for the College's strategic priorities as discussed previously under Financial and Institutional Highlights. The budget again included the reallocation of \$1M of projected vacancy savings (while not impacting hiring) that also

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contributed to less general fund net income for FY19 compared to prior years where realized savings from positions vacant for some portion of the year were much higher. Interest income, which is not budgeted pursuant to *Resource Planning Principles*, added an additional \$3.6 million to the \$1.9 million general fund net operating results (not reflected in the Budget Comparison below), for a total of \$5.5 million. Of the \$5.5 million excess operating revenues over operating expenses for the College general fund, including interest, budgeted transfers totaled \$3.0 million and \$1.5 million was allocated as of June 30, 2019 for Advancement (\$1.0 million) for capital planning, and for Student Success and Innovation (\$0.5 million) for unanticipated start-up needs for the food market and continued implementation support for comprehensive completion pathways. The remaining \$1.0 million will be allocated to further advance strategic priorities at a later date.

The analysis below does not include nearly \$6.7 million for initiatives approved by the Board of Trustees to be funded by reserves on a non-recurring basis rather than from the current year’s operating revenues. Approved non-recurring expenses included: capital equipment (\$.75 million), technology initiatives (\$0.82 million), Scholarships (\$1.0 million), and Mitchell Hall start-up costs (\$0.9 million), as well as several other smaller projects.

Budgeted and actual results for College and Auxiliaries operations are presented below.

*Columbus State Community College  
Budget Comparisons – Budget to Actual  
FY 19 (in thousands)*

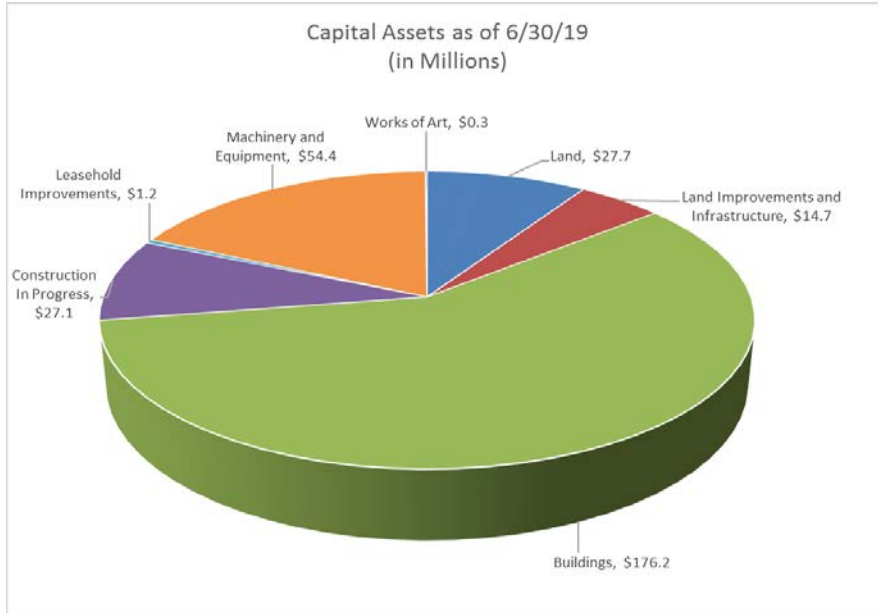
<u>Budgeted Operations</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Revised Budget</u>	<u>Percent % Change</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Percent % Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>					
College	\$149,673	\$148,916	-0.51%	\$148,618	-0.20%
Auxiliary	11,326	10,279	-9.24%	10,655	3.66%
Total Revenues	<u>\$160,999</u>	<u>\$159,196</u>	-1.12%	<u>\$159,275</u>	0.05%
<u>Expenditures</u>					
College	\$149,673	\$148,916	-0.51%	\$146,670	-1.51%
Auxiliary	11,311	10,119	-10.54%	10,020	-0.98%
Total Expenditures	<u>\$160,984</u>	<u>\$159,034</u>	-1.21%	<u>\$156,690</u>	-1.47%
Net Revenues	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$161</u>	N/A	<u>\$2,585</u>	1505%

Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of land, land improvements, infrastructure (roads, underground utilities, etc.), buildings, equipment, vehicles, library books, as well as buildings under construction. Capital assets are recorded at “cost” at the time of acquisition. This acquisition cost is allocated over the useful life of the asset and recorded as depreciation expense. At June 30, 2019, the College had \$301.6 million in capital assets and \$127.2 million in accumulated depreciation, for a total of \$174.4 million in net capital assets. There was an increase in Construction in Progress in FY19 with the construction of Mitchell Hall, which is anticipated to open in August 2019.

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The chart below illustrates the College’s capital assets (by classification) as of June 30, 2019, which total \$301.6 million.



By comparison, as of June 30, 2018, the College had recorded \$271.9 million in capital assets and \$118.9 million in accumulated depreciation, for a total of \$153.0 million in net capital assets. A detailed summary of additions, deletions, and depreciation of assets can be found in Note 5 – Capital Assets.

**Outstanding Bond Debt**

As of June 30, 2019, the College had \$17.36 million of outstanding bond debt, which includes a premium of \$1.56 million on the 2018A bonds, as follows:

		<i>(in millions)</i>
General Receipts Bonds:	2012	\$ 3.60
General Receipts Bonds:	2018A	\$ 13.76

**FACTORS IMPACTING FUTURE PERIODS**

**State Support and Enrollment**

Of many factors that impact the budget for the College, there are three that are discussed below: state support, tuition rates and enrollment. State support is appropriated in the biennial budget bill as State Share of Instruction (SSI) and is distributed by formula. SSI is again projected to represent nearly 45% of the College’s operating revenues for FY20. Tuition policy, including caps, are also established in the biennial budget bill.

**State Support**

While the State’s biennial budget for FY20 and FY21 was not finalized as of June 30, 2019, the final budget, House Bill 166, was approved after a 17-day extension, providing for a 2.1% increase in SSI in FY20 and an additional 1.0% increase in FY 2021 for higher education. As experienced in FY19, preliminary projections for FY20 show an increase in SSI for Columbus State that is more than the 2.1% approved in the State budget for the entire community college sector. The College’s increase being higher is the result of College performance within the key success metrics within the State’s funding formula as well as enrollment being less down than other community colleges.



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Due to the uncertainty of the FY20-FY21 State budget at the time that the College's budget for FY20 was submitted to the Board of Trustees for approval, no increase in SSI was assumed in the College's FY20 budget.

As part of House Bill 166, the State's FY20-FY21 budget, an Employment Metrics Consultation is to be established to study the use of post-graduate and employment measures to be incorporated into the funding formula. This study will consider appropriate data sources and evaluate public policy benefits of adding such measures into the SSI formula to recognize institutional performance of job placement. The study should be completed by June 30, 2020.

Additionally, a Community College Funding Consultation will study additional formula adjustments that could impact each of the three components of future funding models as well as the access categories, and will also consider how applied bachelor's degrees could be incorporated into the formula. The impact of any changes in the components cannot be estimated at this time, and the inclusion of bachelor's degrees into the formula could have adverse impacts on institutions that are not yet offering applied bachelor's degrees unless additional funds are appropriated by the State for higher education, or specifically for these degrees.

*Tuition and Enrollment*

Tuition increases are limited by the State Legislature. House Bill 166 as enacted allowed for a \$5 increase in tuition charged per credit hour in both FY20 and FY21. Similar to the discussion above for SSI, the tuition flexibility allowed for FY20 was not known at the time the College's budget was presented to the Board of Trustees for approval in May 2019. Additionally, based on a continuing downward trend in credit hours and FTE's, particularly in non-CCP enrollment, the College maintained a prudent approach to budgeting and no tuition increase was assumed in the FY20 budget. The FY20 budget assumed a slight overall decrease in credit hours; when enrollment for the Autumn 2019 semester can be reasonably projected, projections will be updated to inform funding decisions for other strategic needs.

The College's in-state tuition rate remains one of the lowest among Ohio's community colleges and the lowest among non-levy community colleges. The College continues to advocate a systemic view of college affordability, educating students and their families on affordable pathways yielded by combining up to two years at a community college with the balance at a university. Students participating in CCP, earning college credits while still in high school, make college even more affordable. Initiatives in the areas of new student enrollment and other non-CCP student success initiatives will continue and are important to overall financial sustainability as CCP becomes a bigger component of overall enrollment.

*Ohio Revised Code Section 3358.11*

As part of House Bill 166, state community colleges were given the authority to levy a property tax for permanent improvements or a bond issuance for that purpose, subject to voter approval, an authority long-held by most of Ohio's community college districts. The Columbus State Community College Board of Trustees approved an Educational Facilities and Technology Plan in September 2019, serving as a blueprint to provide up-to-date educational facilities, technology, and training in a safe and secure setting. The College is considering the authority now permitted by R.C. 3358.11 in order to make the investments necessary in facilities and technology to continue meeting the growing and evolving educational and workforce needs of Central Ohio.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION  
As of June 30, 2019 and 2018**

	<b>2019</b>		<b>2018</b>	
	Columbus State	Component Unit	Columbus State	Component Unit
	Community College	Development Foundation	Community College	Development Foundation
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,702,501	\$ 4,379,997	\$ 5,809,792	\$ 2,575,576
Investments - Short-Term	70,308,032	4,818,182	75,484,837	5,735,513
Investments - Current Restricted	1,513,823	-	1,478,531	-
Accounts, Loans and Pledges Receivable	12,494,229	3,124,581	12,856,126	4,016,468
Inventories	1,701,517	-	1,517,396	-
Other Assets	1,821,165	376,487	1,994,191	-
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>96,541,267</b>	<b>12,699,247</b>	<b>99,140,873</b>	<b>12,327,557</b>
Noncurrent Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,182,942	-	1,630,837	-
Investments	57,977,303	4,059,096	61,243,239	2,825,687
Other Noncurrent Assets - Pledges Receivable	-	4,497,311	-	2,388,232
Net OPEB Asset - STRS	7,041,179	-	-	-
Capital Assets, Net	174,414,386	-	153,018,320	-
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	<b>240,615,810</b>	<b>8,556,407</b>	<b>215,892,396</b>	<b>5,213,919</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>337,157,077</b>	<b>21,255,654</b>	<b>315,033,269</b>	<b>17,541,476</b>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Unamortized Loss on Bond Refunding	95,665	-	141,391	-
Pension STRS	27,131,152	-	33,397,205	-
Pension SERS	11,572,606	-	13,597,382	-
OPEB STRS	992,337	-	976,168	-
OPEB SERS	1,109,640	-	656,835	-
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>40,901,400</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>48,768,981</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS</b>	<b>\$ 378,058,477</b>	<b>\$ 21,255,654</b>	<b>\$ 363,802,250</b>	<b>\$ 17,541,476</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION**  
**As of June 30, 2019 and 2018**

	2019		2018	
	Columbus State	Component Unit	Columbus State	Component Unit
	Community College	Development Foundation	Community College	Development Foundation
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 20,442,177	\$ 144,581	\$ 13,091,917	\$ 442,476
Debt, Current Portion	880,000	-	1,665,000	-
Capital Lease, Current Portion	184,259	-	178,980	-
Unearned Revenue	8,438,034	-	7,882,267	-
Total Current Liabilities	<u>29,944,470</u>	<u>144,581</u>	<u>22,818,164</u>	<u>442,476</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Debt, Long-Term Portion	16,481,216	-	17,447,951	-
Long-Term Liabilities				
Compensated Absences	1,217,978	-	1,135,278	-
Capital Lease	384,985	-	569,244	-
Net Pension Liability STRS	96,346,957	-	102,959,009	-
Net Pension Liability SERS	72,513,685	-	76,215,316	-
Net OPEB Liability STRS	-	-	16,910,311	-
Net OPEB Liability SERS	33,523,967	-	32,822,603	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>220,468,788</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>248,059,712</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b><u>250,413,258</u></b>	<b><u>144,581</u></b>	<b><u>270,877,876</u></b>	<b><u>442,476</u></b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Pension STRS	10,255,857	-	9,956,708	-
Pension SERS	2,336,707	-	399,217	-
OPEB STRS	11,161,572	-	2,084,965	-
OPEB SERS	3,425,866	-	3,201,373	-
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b><u>27,180,002</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>15,642,263</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS</b>	<b><u>277,593,260</u></b>	<b><u>144,581</u></b>	<b><u>286,520,139</u></b>	<b><u>442,476</u></b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	157,933,170	-	148,553,320	-
Restricted				
Nonexpendable	-	5,868,113	-	4,319,876
Expendable	256,903	11,491,037	896,534	9,416,979
Unrestricted	<u>(57,724,856)</u>	<u>3,751,923</u>	<u>(72,167,743)</u>	<u>3,362,145</u>
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b><u>\$ 100,465,217</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 21,111,073</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 77,282,111</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 17,099,000</u></b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**  
**For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**

	2019		2018	
	Columbus State Community College	Component Unit Development Foundation	Columbus State Community College	Component Unit Development Foundation
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Operating Revenues				
Student Tuition and Fees (Net of Scholarship Allowances of \$23,751,830 in 2019 and \$21,368,156 in 2018)	\$ 60,774,206	\$ -	\$ 59,251,038	\$ -
Federal Grants and Contracts	8,038,449	-	6,861,448	-
State and Local Grants and Contracts	2,898,539	-	2,228,017	-
Private Grants and Contracts	2,059,083	6,724,042	3,649,069	5,046,111
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	65,957	-	31,412	-
Auxiliary Enterprises				
Bookstore	10,421,744	-	12,389,879	-
Other	233,574	-	257,237	-
Other Operating Revenues	168,197	-	179,312	-
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b>84,659,749</b>	<b>6,724,042</b>	<b>84,847,412</b>	<b>5,046,111</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>				
Operating Expenses				
Educational and General				
Instruction and Departmental Research	62,403,245	-	47,572,198	-
Public Service	12,842,549	-	7,713,310	-
Academic Support	8,152,757	-	5,703,348	-
Student Services	18,043,729	-	10,668,635	-
Institutional Support	29,480,510	2,840,829	19,588,520	1,536,764
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	17,814,480	-	9,806,489	-
Scholarships and Fellowships	8,573,216	545,011	10,876,501	274,099
Depreciation Expense	8,293,841	-	8,177,278	-
Auxiliary Enterprises				
Bookstore	10,000,585	-	7,459,631	-
Other	82,156	-	88,174	-
<b>Total Operating Expense</b>	<b>175,687,068</b>	<b>3,385,840</b>	<b>127,654,084</b>	<b>1,810,863</b>
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	<b>(91,027,319)</b>	<b>3,338,202</b>	<b>(42,806,672)</b>	<b>3,235,248</b>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>				
State Appropriations	67,574,585	-	67,598,348	-
Unrestricted Investment Income (Net of Investment Expense)	3,771,335	230,061	827,506	257,393
Restricted Investment Income (Net of Investment Expense)	354,696	443,810	20,287	461,387
Interest on Capital Asset Related Debt	(665,960)	-	(95,758)	-
Pell Grant	31,269,914	-	31,205,371	-
Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(1,498,999)	-	(2,205,252)	-
<b>Net Nonoperating Revenues</b>	<b>100,805,572</b>	<b>673,871</b>	<b>97,350,502</b>	<b>718,780</b>
<b>Income (Loss )Before Other Revenues and Expenses</b>	<b>9,778,253</b>	<b>4,012,073</b>	<b>54,543,830</b>	<b>3,954,028</b>
Capital Appropriations	13,404,853	-	3,685,148	-
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>23,183,106</b>	<b>4,012,073</b>	<b>58,228,978</b>	<b>3,954,028</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>				
Net Position-Beginning of Year	77,282,111	17,099,000	19,053,133	13,144,972
Net Position-End of Year	<b>\$ 100,465,217</b>	<b>\$ 21,111,073</b>	<b>\$ 77,282,111</b>	<b>\$ 17,099,000</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**

	2019		2018	
	Columbus State	Component Unit	Columbus State	Component Unit
	<u>Community College</u>	<u>Development Foundation</u>	<u>Community College</u>	<u>Development Foundation</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Tuition and Fees	\$ 59,810,691	\$ 42,387	\$ 59,176,293	\$ 41,802
Grants, Gifts and Contracts	14,779,601	5,464,463	11,753,236	2,641,621
Payments to Suppliers	(38,576,690)	(3,138,724)	(43,196,888)	(1,432,893)
Payments for Salaries and Benefits	(127,158,922)	-	(124,305,459)	-
Payments for Scholarships	(8,573,216)	(545,011)	(10,876,501)	(274,099)
Auxiliary Enterprise Receipts	10,752,966	-	12,555,081	-
Other Receipts (Payments)	234,154	-	210,724	-
<b>Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities</b>	<b>(88,731,416)</b>	<b>1,823,115</b>	<b>(94,683,514)</b>	<b>976,431</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>				
State Appropriations	67,574,585	-	67,598,348	-
Pell Grant	31,269,914	-	31,205,371	-
Nonoperating Payments to Suppliers	(1,498,999)	-	(2,205,247)	-
<b>Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities</b>	<b>97,345,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>96,598,472</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Capital Appropriations	13,404,853	-	3,685,148	-
Purchases of Capital Assets	(29,689,908)	(376,487)	(7,737,540)	-
Principal Paid on Debt	(1,751,735)	-	(855,000)	-
Proceeds from New Debt	-	-	14,647,951	-
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(665,960)	-	(95,758)	-
<b>Net Cash Used In Capital Financing Activities</b>	<b>(18,702,750)</b>	<b>(376,487)</b>	<b>9,644,801</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Sale (Purchases) of Investments	8,407,449	(316,078)	(16,012,122)	(662,160)
Income on Investments	4,126,031	673,871	847,793	718,780
<b>Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities</b>	<b>12,533,480</b>	<b>357,793</b>	<b>(15,164,329)</b>	<b>56,620</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>2,444,814</b>	<b>1,804,421</b>	<b>(3,604,570)</b>	<b>1,033,051</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>7,440,629</b>	<b>2,575,576</b>	<b>11,045,199</b>	<b>1,542,525</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 9,885,443</b>	<b>\$ 4,379,997</b>	<b>\$ 7,440,629</b>	<b>\$ 2,575,576</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**

	<b>2019</b>		<b>2018</b>	
	<u>Columbus State Community College</u>	<u>Component Unit Development Foundation</u>	<u>Columbus State Community College</u>	<u>Component Unit Development Foundation</u>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Operating Loss	\$ (91,027,319)	\$ 3,338,202	\$ (42,806,672)	\$ 3,235,248
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Loss to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) By Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense	8,293,841	-	8,177,278	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources Which				
Provided (Used) Cash:				
Receivables, Net	361,897	(1,217,192)	(1,239,168)	(2,362,688)
Inventory	(184,121)	-	-	-
Other Assets	173,026	-	904,146	-
Accounts Payable & Accrued Liabilities	7,253,982	(297,895)	1,384,471	103,871
Unearned Revenue	555,767	-	87,089	-
Unamortized Loss on Refunding	45,726	-	29,873	-
Net Pension Asset/Liability	(10,313,683)	-	(62,139,615)	-
Net OPEB Asset/Liability	(23,250,126)	-	(8,130,321)	-
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Net Pension Expense	8,290,829	-	(272,409)	-
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Net OPEB Expense	(468,974)	-	(1,296,867)	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Net Pension Expense	2,236,639	-	5,332,343	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Net OPEB Expense	9,301,100	-	5,286,338	-
<b>Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities</b>	<b><u>\$ (88,731,416)</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 1,823,115</u></b>	<b><u>\$ (94,683,514)</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 976,431</u></b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018

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### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Reporting Entity

Columbus State Community College (the College) is part of the University System of Ohio and was chartered as the Columbus Technical Institute. In 1986, the College was established as a college district by the Ohio Board of Regents. On July 1, 1987, the College was granted a provisional charter as a state community college, which was made permanent on September 10, 1993. As such, the College is one of the state-supported colleges and universities in Ohio. The College is a component unit of the primary reporting entity of the State of Ohio. The financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the College along with the Columbus State Community College Development Foundation, as a component unit of the College.

Columbus State Community College Development Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization that exists to provide financial assistance to the educational programs, services and facilities of the College. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus.

The College operates under the direction of a nine member Board of Trustees who are appointed by the Governor. A President is appointed by the Board of Trustees to oversee day-to-day operations of the College. An appointed treasurer is the custodian of funds and is responsible for the fiscal control of the resources of the College.

The College was organized principally to offer educational programs beyond high school, normally not exceeding two years in duration, and leading to the award of an associate degree. The College offers programs in the arts and sciences, career and technical training, and adult and continuing education, as outlined in ORC Section 3358.01.

#### Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by providers have been met. The College reports as a Business Type Activity (BTA). BTAs are those activities that are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

#### Basis of Presentation

The College's basic financial statements consists of the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The College reports as a special purpose government engaged solely in "business type activities" under GASB.

# COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018

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### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net position is the difference between the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. GASB establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and require that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

- Net investment in capital assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted:
  - *Nonexpendable* - Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the College. Such assets include the permanent endowment funds of the Foundation.
  - *Expendable* - Net position whose use by the College is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the College pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. The net position includes amounts for specified capital construction projects.
- Unrestricted: Net position whose use by the College is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Trustees or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

It is the College's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

The financial statement presentations required by GASB 34 and 35 are intended to provide a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the College's assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position and cash flows.

#### GASB Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2019, the College implemented or is in the process of evaluating implementation of the following Governmental Accounting Standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB): GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, and GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. GASB Statements to be implemented in future reporting period include: GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*.

#### Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles, generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management estimates primarily relate to collectability of receivables and compensated absences.



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The College's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

**Investments**

The College makes investments in accordance with the Board of Trustees' policy, which conforms to the authority granted in the Ohio Revised Code. The purchase of specific investment instruments is at the discretion of the College's Treasurer within these policy guidelines. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value.

The College's investments are exposed to a variety of uncertainties, including interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is possible that changes in the values of these investments could occur in the near term. Such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements of the College.

**Accounts Receivables**

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, accounts receivable consist primarily of student tuition and fees, and intergovernmental grants and contracts.

**Inventory**

Inventories consist principally of text books, educational materials and other merchandise sold by the bookstore and are stated at cost on the first-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.

**Capital Assets**

Capital assets with a unit cost of over \$5,000, and all library books, are recorded at cost at date of acquisition, or, if donated, at acquisition value at the date of donation. Expenditures for construction in progress are capitalized as incurred. Interest expense related to construction is capitalized net of interest income earned on resources set aside for this purpose. Works of art, including assets held for public exhibition and education, which are protected and preserved, are not depreciated. Renovations to buildings, leasehold, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the life of the structure are capitalized. Routine maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the respective asset, generally 20 years for land improvements, 10-50 years for buildings and fixed equipment, 5 years for library books and 4 - 10 years for equipment. Depreciation expense is not allocated to the functional expenditure categories.

**Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue is comprised primarily of receipts relating to tuition and student fees in advance of the services to be provided and grant funds not earned as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

**Operating Activities**

The College defines operating activities, as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, as those that generally result from exchange transactions, such as payments received for providing goods and services and payments made for goods and services received. Nearly all of the

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

College's expenses are from exchange transactions. All revenues from programmatic sources are considered to be operating revenues. Included in non-operating revenues are state appropriations, Pell grant revenues, investment income, and gifts in accordance with GASB Statement No. 35. Gifts (pledges) that are received on an installment basis are recorded at net present value.

**Scholarship and Allowances and Student Aid**

The College participates in federally funded Pell Grants, SEOG Grants, and Direct Lending programs. Federal programs are subject to an annual U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance audit.

Financial aid to students is reported in the financial statements under the alternative method as prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). Certain aid, such as loans, is provided to students as awarded by third parties and is accounted for as a third party payment (credited to the student's account as if the student made the payment). All other aid is reflected in the financial statements as operating expenses, or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues.

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between stated charges for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf.

**Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. For the College, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position at June 30, 2019 and 2018 for an unamortized loss on bond refunding, for pension, and for OPEB. The deferred charge on refunding in the amount of \$95,665 and \$141,391, respectively, resulted from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Note 11 and Note 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the College, deferred inflows of resources for pensions and OPEB plans have been recorded on the statement of net position and are also explained further in Note 11 and Note 12.

**Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension and OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension and OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension and OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

**Other Significant Accounting Policies**

Other significant accounting policies are set forth in the financial statements and accompanying notes.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Reclassifications**

Certain classifications have been made to the 2018 financial statement presentations to conform to the 2019 financial statement presentation. The College reclassified the composition of Restricted – Expendable Net Assets to more appropriately classify those assets. The component unit, Development Foundation, adopted Accounting Standards Update 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958)*, which required a reclassification of the composition of Net Position.

**Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments**

Statement No. 3 as amended by Statement No. 40 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires the College to disclose essential risk information about deposits and investments. The disclosure requirements cover four main areas: credit risk, interest rate and investment maturity, interest rate sensitivity and foreign exchange exposure. Current restricted investments on the statement of net position represent capital component funds received from the State of Ohio, held for debt service on long-term debt and long-term capital projects.

*Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government’s deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At both June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$250,000 of the bank balances were covered by federal deposit insurance and the remaining portions, \$11,762,210 and \$9,351,645 were uninsured but collateralized by pools of securities pledged by the depository bank and held in the name of the bank.

The following summarizes the value of investments at June 30, 2019 and 2018:

<b>Description</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
STAR Ohio/STAR Plus	\$ 30,436,130	\$ 40,073,006
Money Market Funds	2,382,766	4,238,650
Commercial Paper	11,278,170	24,683,708
Municipal Bonds	2,156,581	3,104,230
Corporate Bonds	8,288,718	958,910
U.S. Government Obligations	5,516,508	4,141,714
U.S. Agency Obligations	69,740,285	61,006,389
Total	\$ 129,799,158	\$ 138,206,607

*Interest Rate Risk.* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the College’s investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)**

As of June 30, 2019, the College had the following investments and maturities:

	<b>Investment Maturities (in years)</b>				
	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Less than 1</b>	<b>1 to 5</b>	<b>6 to 10</b>	<b>More than 10</b>
STAR Ohio/STAR Plus	\$ 30,436,130	\$ 30,436,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Money Market Funds	2,382,766	2,382,766	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	11,278,170	11,278,170	-	-	-
Municipal Bonds	2,156,581	907,105	1,249,476	-	-
Corporate Bonds	8,288,718	-	8,288,718	-	-
U.S. Gov't Obligations	5,516,508	-	5,516,508	-	-
U.S. Agency Obligations	69,740,285	26,817,684	42,922,601	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 129,799,158</b>	<b>\$ 71,821,855</b>	<b>\$ 57,977,303</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

As of June 30, 2018, the College had the following investments and maturities:

	<b>Investment Maturities (in years)</b>				
	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Less than 1</b>	<b>1 to 5</b>	<b>6 to 10</b>	<b>More than 10</b>
STAR Ohio/STAR Plus	\$ 40,073,006	\$ 40,073,006	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Money Market Funds	4,238,650	4,238,650	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	24,683,708	24,683,708	-	-	-
Municipal Bonds	3,104,230	997,445	2,106,785	-	-
Corporate Bonds	958,910	-	958,910	-	-
U.S. Gov't Obligations	4,141,714	-	4,141,714	-	-
U.S. Agency Obligations	61,006,389	6,970,561	54,035,828	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 138,206,607</b>	<b>\$ 76,963,370</b>	<b>\$ 61,243,237</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

The College held \$30,436,130 and \$40,073,006 in STAR Ohio and STAR Plus investments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. STAR Ohio is an external investment pool and is considered a cash equivalent under GASB Statement No. 9. Oversight of the pool is through the Ohio Treasurer of State. STAR Plus is endorsed by the Ohio Treasurer of State, administered by Public Funds Administrator (PFA), an Ohio business and is fully FDIC insured. The fair value of the College's position in the pool is the same as the value of its pool shares.

**Credit Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, Standard & Poor rated STAR Ohio and STAR Plus investments as AAm and U.S. Government and Agency Obligations were rated AA+. Included in U.S. Agency Obligations were \$998,790 and \$1,956,560 in short term discount notes, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The government money market funds and U.S. Agency short term discount notes were not rated.

The credit ratings of the College's interest-bearing investments at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

<b>Credit Rating (S&amp;P)</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>US Govt</b>					
		<b>STAR Ohio/ STAR Plus</b>	<b>Money Market</b>	<b>Commercial Paper</b>	<b>Corporate Bonds</b>	<b>Obligations &amp; Muni Bonds</b>	<b>US Agency Obligations</b>
AAAm	\$ 28,848,454	\$ 27,856,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 991,490	\$ -	\$ -
AA+/AA/AA-	\$ 74,228,159	-	2,264,105	-	3,588,843	2,156,581	66,218,630
Unrated	\$ 26,722,545	2,579,166	118,661	11,278,170	3,708,385	5,516,508	3,521,655
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 129,799,158</b>	<b>\$ 30,436,130</b>	<b>\$ 2,382,766</b>	<b>\$ 11,278,170</b>	<b>\$ 8,288,718</b>	<b>\$ 7,673,089</b>	<b>\$ 69,740,285</b>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)**

The credit ratings of the College's interest-bearing investments at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Credit Rating (S&P)	Total	STAR Ohio/ STAR Plus	Money Market	Commercial Paper	Corporate Bonds	US Govt	US Agency
						Obligations & Muni Bonds	Obligations
AAAm	\$ 38,512,530	\$ 37,553,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 958,910	\$ -	\$ -
AA+/AA/AA-	\$ 66,313,475	-	4,159,416	-	-	3,104,230	59,049,829
Unrated	\$ 33,380,602	2,519,386	79,234	24,683,708	-	4,141,714	1,956,560
Total	<u>\$ 138,206,607</u>	<u>\$ 40,073,006</u>	<u>\$ 4,238,650</u>	<u>\$ 24,683,708</u>	<u>\$ 958,910</u>	<u>\$ 7,245,944</u>	<u>\$ 61,006,389</u>

Investments indicated as unrated by S&P above may have ratings available from other ratings agencies.

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* The College places limits on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of the total for each investment type held by the College at June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Year	Total	STAR Ohio	Money Market	Commercial Paper	US Govt Obligations & Bonds	U.S. Agency Oblig.
<b>2019</b>	100.0%	23.4%	1.8%	8.7%	12.4%	53.7%
<b>2018</b>	100.0%	29.0%	3.1%	17.9%	5.9%	44.1%

*Custodial Credit Risk.* Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College's investments were held in custody by a counterparty on behalf of the College.

*Foreign Currency Risk.* Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar and foreign currencies could adversely affect an investment's value. The College had no direct exposure to foreign currency risk at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

**Note 3 - Pledges, Grants and Accounts Receivable**

	Gross Receivable	Allowance	Net Receivable
<b>2019</b>			
Students' and other	\$ 39,400,620	\$ (28,340,075)	\$ 11,060,545
Grants and contracts	1,433,684	-	1,433,684
Total	<u>\$ 40,834,304</u>	<u>\$ (28,340,075)</u>	<u>\$ 12,494,229</u>
<b>2018</b>			
Students' and other	\$ 37,651,634	\$ (27,650,524)	\$ 10,001,110
Grants and contracts	2,855,016	-	2,855,016
Total	<u>\$ 40,506,650</u>	<u>\$ (27,650,524)</u>	<u>\$ 12,856,126</u>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 4 – Fair Value Measurements**

The College categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalents) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The College’s assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The College had the following recurring fair value measurements of June 30, 2019:

**Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis**

	Balance at June 30, 2019	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Investments by fair value level:</b>				
Money Market Funds	\$ 2,382,766	\$ -	\$ 2,382,766	\$ -
Commercial Paper	11,278,170	-	11,278,170	-
Municipal Bonds	2,156,581	-	2,156,581	-
Corporate Bonds	8,288,718	-	8,288,718	-
U.S. Gov't Obligations	5,516,508	5,516,508	-	-
U.S. Agency Obligations	69,740,285	-	69,740,285	-
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 99,363,028	\$ 5,516,508	\$ 93,846,520	\$ -

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 4 – Fair Value Measurements (Continued)**

The College had the following recurring fair value measurements of June 30, 2018:

**Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis**

	Balance at June 30, 2018	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Investments by fair value level:</b>				
Money Market Funds	\$ 4,238,650	\$ -	\$ 4,238,650	\$ -
Commercial Paper	24,683,708	-	24,683,708	-
Municipal Bonds	3,104,230	-	3,104,230	-
Corporate Bonds	958,910	-	958,910	-
U.S. Gov't Obligations	4,141,714	4,141,714	-	-
U.S. Agency Obligations	61,006,389	-	61,006,389	-
Total investments by fair value level	<u>\$ 98,133,601</u>	<u>\$ 4,141,714</u>	<u>\$ 93,991,887</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 5- Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Land	\$27,719,338	-	-	\$27,719,338
Works of art	286,500	-	-	286,500
Construction in progress	4,366,774	24,657,895	(1,899,951)	27,124,718
Total cost of nondepreciable capital assets	<u>32,372,612</u>	<u>24,657,895</u>	<u>(1,899,951)</u>	<u>55,130,556</u>
Buildings	172,104,770	4,073,251	(6,238)	176,171,783
Leasehold improvements	1,224,344	-	-	1,224,344
Improvements other than buildings	13,936,111	749,061	(6,867)	14,678,305
Moveable equip, furniture and library books	52,237,692	2,109,855	10,725	54,358,272
Total cost of depreciable capital assets	<u>239,502,917</u>	<u>6,932,167</u>	<u>(2,380)</u>	<u>246,432,704</u>
Total cost of capital assets	<u>271,875,529</u>	<u>31,590,062</u>	<u>(1,902,331)</u>	<u>301,563,260</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	74,728,859	4,719,423	-	79,448,282
Improvements other than buildings	3,945,228	731,298	-	4,676,526
Moveable equip, furniture and library books	40,183,122	2,843,120	(2,176)	43,024,066
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>118,857,209</u>	<u>8,293,841</u>	<u>(2,176)</u>	<u>127,148,874</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 153,018,320</u>	<u>\$ 23,296,221</u>	<u>\$ (1,900,155)</u>	<u>\$ 174,414,386</u>



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 5- Capital Assets (Continued)**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Land	\$27,719,338	-	-	\$27,719,338
Works of art	286,500	-	-	286,500
Construction in progress	349,246	4,017,528	-	4,366,774
Total cost of nondepreciable capital assets	<u>28,355,084</u>	<u>4,017,528</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>32,372,612</u>
Buildings	171,835,266	269,504	-	172,104,770
Leasehold improvements	1,224,344	-	-	1,224,344
Improvements other than buildings	13,936,111	-	-	13,936,111
Moveable equip, furniture and library books	49,480,039	3,648,529	(890,876)	52,237,692
Total cost of depreciable capital assets	<u>236,475,760</u>	<u>3,918,033</u>	<u>(890,876)</u>	<u>239,502,917</u>
Total cost of capital assets	<u>264,830,844</u>	<u>7,935,561</u>	<u>(890,876)</u>	<u>271,875,529</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	69,620,635	5,108,224	-	74,728,859
Improvements other than buildings	3,697,660	247,568	-	3,945,228
Moveable equip, furniture and library books	38,054,491	2,821,486	(692,855)	40,183,122
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>111,372,786</u>	<u>8,177,278</u>	<u>(692,855)</u>	<u>118,857,209</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$153,458,058</u>	<u>\$ (241,717)</u>	<u>\$ (198,021)</u>	<u>\$ 153,018,320</u>

**Note 6 - Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities**

	2019	2018
Payable to vendors and contractors	10,455,605	3,488,422
Accrued expenses, primarily payroll and vacation leave	8,734,956	8,287,282
Employee withholdings and deposits payable to third parties	2,469,594	2,451,491
	<u>21,660,155</u>	<u>14,227,195</u>
Current	20,442,177	13,091,917
Noncurrent	1,217,978	1,135,278

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 7 - Long Term Obligations**

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2019 is summarized as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Addition/ New Debt	Reduction	Balance June 30, 2019	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
Series 2018A bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% due serially through 2038	\$ 13,000,000	\$ -	\$ (800,000)	12,200,000	\$ -	\$ 12,200,000
Premium on Bonds	1,647,951	-	(86,735)	1,561,216	-	1,561,216
Total Series 2018A	<u>14,647,951</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(886,735)</u>	<u>13,761,216</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,761,216</u>
Series 2012 bonds with an interest rate of 1.65% due serially through 2023	<u>4,465,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(865,000)</u>	<u>3,600,000</u>	<u>880,000</u>	<u>2,720,000</u>
Total Bonds	<u>19,112,951</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,751,735)</u>	<u>17,361,216</u>	<u>880,000</u>	<u>16,481,216</u>
Net Pension Liability						
STRS	102,959,009	-	(6,612,052)	96,346,957	-	96,346,957
SERS	<u>76,215,316</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,701,631)</u>	<u>72,513,685</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>72,513,685</u>
Total Net Pension Liability	<u>179,174,325</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,313,683)</u>	<u>168,860,642</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>168,860,642</u>
Net OPEB Liability						
STRS	16,910,311	-	(16,910,311)	-	-	-
SERS	<u>32,822,603</u>	<u>701,364</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,523,967</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,523,967</u>
Total Net OPEB Liability	<u>49,732,914</u>	<u>701,364</u>	<u>(16,910,311)</u>	<u>33,523,967</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,523,967</u>
Compensated Absences	<u>5,159,086</u>	<u>285,591</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,444,677</u>	<u>4,226,699</u>	<u>1,217,978</u>
Capital Lease	<u>748,224</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(178,980)</u>	<u>569,244</u>	<u>184,259</u>	<u>384,985</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 253,927,500</u>	<u>\$ 986,955</u>	<u>\$ (29,154,709)</u>	<u>\$ 225,759,746</u>	<u>\$ 5,290,958</u>	<u>\$ 220,468,788</u>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 7 - Long Term Obligations (Continued)**

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2018 is summarized as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Addition/ New Debt	Reduction	Balance June 30, 2018	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
Series 2018A bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% due serially through 2038	\$ -	\$ 13,000,000	\$ -	\$ 13,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 12,200,000
Premium on Bonds	-	1,647,951	-	1,647,951	-	1,647,951
Total Series 2018A	-	14,647,951	-	14,647,951	800,000	13,847,951
Series 2012 bonds with an interest rate of 1.65% due serially through 2023	5,320,000	-	(855,000)	4,465,000	865,000	3,600,000
Total Bonds	5,320,000	14,647,951	(855,000)	19,112,951	1,665,000	17,447,951
Net Pension Liability						
STRS	148,168,705	-	(45,209,696)	102,959,009	-	102,959,009
SERS	93,145,235	-	(16,929,919)	76,215,316	-	76,215,316
Total Net Pension Liability	241,313,940	-	(62,139,615)	179,174,325	-	179,174,325
Net OPEB Liability						
STRS	23,179,225	-	(6,268,914)	16,910,311	-	16,910,311
SERS	34,684,010	-	(1,861,407)	32,822,603	-	32,822,603
Total Net OPEB Liability	57,863,235	-	(8,130,321)	49,732,914	-	49,732,914
Compensated Absences	4,960,246	198,840	-	5,159,086	4,023,808	1,135,278
Capital Lease	940,120	-	(191,896)	748,224	178,980	569,244
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 310,397,541	\$ 14,846,791	\$ (71,316,832)	\$ 253,927,500	\$ 5,867,788	\$ 248,059,712

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 7 - Long Term Obligations (Continued)**

Principal and interest amounts on bond obligations and capital leases for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Years ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	1,064,259	653,041	1,717,300
2021	1,084,695	633,086	1,717,781
2022	1,100,290	612,723	1,713,013
2023	920,000	592,030	1,512,030
2024	-	576,850	576,850
2025-2038	12,200,000	5,168,000	17,368,000
	\$ 16,369,244	\$ 8,235,730	\$ 24,604,974

The bonds are serviced by the general receipts of the College, except for receipts expressly excluded as stated in the trust indentures dated December 20, 2012 and June 28, 2018.

The College closed on \$9,000,000 General Receipts Bonds (the “Bonds”), Series 2018B (Federally Taxable), on August 2, 2018, for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of the acquisition, construction, furnishing and equipping of a building for the School of Hospitality Management and Culinary Arts, including all related costs constituting “costs of facilities” as defined in Revised Code Section 3345.12(A)(10). The Bonds are authorized to be issued as drawdown bonds, where \$9,000,000 represents the maximum authorized amount, not the total principal borrowed at closing, which can be drawn down for up to 24 months until the conversion date (as defined in the Series 2018B Bond Form included with the Eighth Supplemental Trust Agreement). The entire principal amount of the Series 2018B Bonds shall mature on August 1, 2026. The Bonds shall bear interest at variable interest rates, in accordance with the formula and terms set forth in the Series 2018B Bond Form. On any date on or after the conversion date, the College may provide notice of its election to convert the then-outstanding principal amount to a fixed rate of interest, in accordance with the formula and terms set forth in the Series 2018B Bond Form. In no event shall the fixed rate exceed six percent (6.00%) per annum.

**Note 8 – Operating Leases**

The College leases office space, parking, and classroom space for its off-campus sites and equipment under operating leases, which have ending dates ranging through 2042. Lease expense charged to operations was \$2,298,704 and \$2,066,434 during 2019 and 2018, respectively. Future minimum lease payments under operating leases at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

2020	1,219,220
2021	887,020
2022	831,897
2023	841,020
2024-2042	5,738,450
	\$ 9,517,607

## COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018

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#### **Note 9 - Compensated Absences**

Fulltime College administrators and staff accrue vacation benefits. For all classes of employees, any earned but unused vacation benefit is payable upon separation. Sick leave may be accrued without limit. However, earned but unused sick leave benefits are payable only upon retirement from the College. The amount of sick leave benefit payable at retirement is one-fourth of the value of the accrued but unused sick leave up to a maximum of 360 hours. The College accrues sick leave liability for those employees who are currently eligible to receive separation payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible to receive such payments. This liability is calculated using the “vesting method” which is set forth in Appendix C, Example 5 of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. Under the vesting method, the College calculates the probability factor that employees will meet retention and eligibility requirements.

The liability for the cost of vacation and sick leave benefits is approximately \$5,444,677 and \$5,159,086 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### **Note 10 - State Support**

The College is a state-assisted institution of higher education and receives an outcomes-based subsidy from the State of Ohio. This subsidy is determined annually based upon a formula devised by the Ohio Department of Higher Education, adjusted to state resources available.

In addition to the current operating subsidies, the State of Ohio provides the funding for and constructs major plant facilities for the College. The funding is obtained from the issuance of revenue bonds by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission (OPFC), which in turn causes the construction and subsequent lease of the facility by the Ohio Department of Higher Education. Such facilities are capitalized by the College as buildings (upon completion) or as construction in progress until completion and turn over to the College by the Ohio Department of Higher Education. Neither the obligation for the revenue bonds issued by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission nor the annual debt service charges for principal and interest on the bonds are reflected in the College's financial statements. The debt service is funded through appropriations to the Ohio Department of Higher Education by the General Assembly.

The facilities are not pledged as collateral for the revenue bonds. Instead, the bonds are supported by a pledge of monies in the Higher Education Bond Service Fund and future payments to be received by such fund, which is established in the custody of the Treasurer of State of Ohio.

#### **Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

##### *Net Pension Liability*

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the College's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the College’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The College cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the College does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* and any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in current liabilities. The College does not have any contractually-required pension contribution liability recorded at June 30, 2019 or June 30, 2018.

***Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)***

Plan Description – College non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the College is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.50 percent. The remaining 0.50 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund. The College's contractually required contributions to SERS for retirement were \$5,814,312 and \$5,734,888 for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively.

***Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)***

Plan Description – College faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 27 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan.

Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. For fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates and the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The College's contractually required contributions to STRS were \$7,122,494 and \$6,903,145 for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively.

***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the College's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$72,513,685	\$96,346,957	\$168,860,642
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	1.26613130%	0.43818461%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>1.27561730%</u>	<u>0.43341646%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00948600%</u>	<u>0.00476815%</u>	
Pension Expense	\$6,074,947	\$7,075,644	\$13,150,591

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the College's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$76,215,316	\$102,959,009	\$179,174,325
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1.275617%	0.43341646%	
Pension Expense	(\$2,589,350)	(\$41,852,298)	(\$44,441,648)

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

At June 30, 2019, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$3,976,918	\$2,223,983	\$6,200,901
Changes of assumptions	1,637,516	17,074,498	18,712,014
Changes in employer proportionate share	143,860	710,179	854,039
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>5,814,312</u>	<u>7,122,494</u>	<u>12,936,806</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$11,572,606</u>	<u>\$27,131,154</u>	<u>\$38,703,760</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	\$629,204	\$629,204
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$2,009,134	5,842,373	7,851,507
Changes in employer proportionate share	<u>327,573</u>	<u>3,784,280</u>	<u>4,111,853</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$2,336,707</u>	<u>\$10,255,857</u>	<u>\$12,592,564</u>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

At June 30, 2018, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$3,280,043	\$3,975,794	\$7,255,837
Changes of assumptions	3,941,152	22,518,267	26,459,419
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in employer proportionate share	641,299	-	641,299
Differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-	-
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,734,888	6,903,145	12,638,033
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$13,597,382	\$33,397,206	\$46,994,588
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	\$829,809	\$829,809
Changes in employer proportionate share	\$361,778	3,397,768	3,759,546
	37,439	5,729,131	5,766,570
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$399,217	\$9,956,708	\$10,355,925

\$12,936,806 reported at June 30, 2019 as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. \$12,638,033 reported at June 30, 2018 as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date was recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2020	\$5,207,731	\$6,340,621	\$11,548,352
2021	1,209,741	4,280,423	5,490,164
2022	(2,379,704)	204,132	(2,175,572)
2023	(616,180)	(1,072,374)	(1,688,554)
Total	\$3,421,588	\$9,752,802	\$13,174,390

COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

*Actuarial Assumptions - SERS*

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50 %	4.75 %
Non-US Stocks	22.50 %	7.00 %
Fixed Income	19.00 %	1.50 %
Private Equity	10.00 %	8.00 %
Real Assets	15.00 %	5.00 %
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00 %	3.00 %
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of:			
June 30, 2019	\$102,141	\$72,514	\$47,673
June 30, 2018	\$105,767	\$76,215	\$51,460
(dollars in thousands)			

**Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

*Actuarial Assumptions - STRS*

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	2.5 percent at age 65 to 12.50 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45%
Payroll Increases	3%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0% effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00 %	7.55 %
Alternatives	17.00 %	7.09 %
Fixed Income	21.00 %	3.00 %
Real Estate	10.00 %	6.00 %
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00 %</u>	2.25 %
Total	<u><u>100.00 %</u></u>	

\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

**Sensitivity of the College’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following table presents the College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability as of calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.45)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of:			
June 30, 2019	\$140,702	\$96,347	\$58,806
June 30, 2018	\$147,588	\$102,959	\$65,366
(dollars in thousands)			

**Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans**

***Net OPEB Liability(Asset)***

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability (asset) to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the College’s proportionate share of each OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

Ohio Revised Code limits the College's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The College cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the College does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability (asset) is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued liabilities.

***Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)***

Health Care Plan Description - The College contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal years 2019 and 2018, 0.5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019 and 2018, this amount was \$21,600 and \$23,700, respectively. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019 and 2018, the College's surcharge obligation was \$264,430 and \$314,844, respectively.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The contractually required contribution to SERS was \$479,775 and \$527,246 for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Of this amount, \$17,892 and \$89,736, was reported as accrued liabilities.

***Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)***

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

***OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense (Income), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB***

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the College's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	\$33,523,967	-	\$33,523,967
Proportion of the Net OPEB Asset	-	(7,041,179)	(7,041,179)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset			
Current Measurement Date	1.20838870%	0.43818461%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>1.22301850%</u>	<u>0.43341646%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.01462980%</u>	<u>0.00476815%</u>	
OPEB Expense	\$952,827	(\$14,891,052)	(\$13,938,225)

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the College's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	1.21682486%	0.44265122%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Current Measurement Date	<u>1.22301850%</u>	<u>0.43346460%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00619364%</u>	<u>-0.00918662%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
OPEB Liability	\$32,822,603	\$16,910,311	\$49,732,914
OPEB Expense	\$1,546,513	(\$5,160,117)	(\$3,613,604)

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

At June 30, 2019, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$547,229	\$822,422	\$1,369,651
Changes in employer proportionate share	82,636	169,915	252,551
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>479,775</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>479,775</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$1,109,640</u>	<u>\$992,337</u>	<u>\$2,101,977</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	\$410,242	\$410,242
Changes of assumptions	3,011,875	\$9,594,166	\$12,606,041
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$50,297	804,395	854,692
Changes in employer proportionate share	<u>363,694</u>	<u>352,769</u>	<u>716,463</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$3,425,866</u>	<u>\$11,161,572</u>	<u>\$14,587,438</u>

At June 30, 2018, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	\$976,168	\$976,168
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between College contributions and proportionate share of contributions	129,589	-	129,589
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>527,246</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>527,246</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$656,835</u>	<u>\$976,168</u>	<u>\$1,633,003</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	3,114,696	\$1,362,179	\$4,476,875
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$86,677	722,786	809,463
Changes in employer proportionate share	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$3,201,373</u>	<u>\$2,084,965</u>	<u>\$5,286,338</u>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

\$479,775 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (adjustment to net OPEB asset) in the year ending June 30, 2020. \$527,246 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date was recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2020	(\$1,246,047)	(\$1,830,176)	(\$3,076,223)
2021	(989,712)	(1,830,176)	(2,819,888)
2022	(177,985)	(1,830,176)	(2,008,161)
2023	(156,575)	(1,647,492)	(1,804,067)
2024	(160,058)	(1,583,406)	(1,743,464)
Thereafter	(65,624)	(1,447,809)	(1,513,433)
Total	(\$2,796,001)	(\$10,169,235)	(\$12,965,236)

***Actuarial Assumptions - SERS***

The total OPEB liability (asset) is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability (asset) in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.63 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50 %	4.75 %
Non-US Stocks	22.50 %	7.00 %
Fixed Income	19.00 %	1.50 %
Private Equity	10.00 %	8.00 %
Real Assets	15.00 %	5.00 %
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00 %	3.00 %
Total	100.00 %	

***Discount Rate*** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2018 was 3.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62 percent, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

***Sensitivity of the College’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates*** The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70%) and higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate (3.70%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

	1% Decrease <u>(2.70%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(3.70%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(4.70%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$40,678,698	\$33,523,967	\$27,858,760
	1% Decrease <u>(6.25% decreasing to 3.75%)</u>	Current Trend Rate <u>(7.25% decreasing to 4.75%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.25% decreasing to 5.75%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$27,047,691	\$33,523,967	\$42,099,718

***Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date***

The following changes in key methods and assumptions as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.63%
  - Measurement Date 3.70%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.56%
  - Measurement Date 3.62%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.63%
  - Measurement Date 3.70%

***Actuarial Assumptions – STRS***

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment
Health Care Cost Trends:	
Medical:	
Pre-Medicare	6% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	5% initial, 4% ultimate
Prescription Drug:	
Pre-Medicare	8% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	(5.23%) initial, 4% ultimate

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00 %	7.55 %
Alternatives	17.00 %	7.09 %
Fixed Income	21.00 %	3.00 %
Real Estate	10.00 %	6.00 %
Liquidity Reserves	1.00 %	2.25 %
Total	100.00 %	

\* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017.



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (Continued)**

*Sensitivity of the College’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate* The following table represents the net OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB (asset) as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$6,034,950)	(\$7,041,179)	(\$7,886,867)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$7,839,127)	(\$7,041,179)	(\$6,230,801)

***Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date***

The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. However, in June of 2019, the STRS Board voted to extend the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

**Note 13 - Risk Management**

The College uses a number of methods to assess and reduce risk of operations. Risk management programs like driver training, professional certifications, safety training in the use of equipment, first aid training like cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the like are conducted to inhibit injury and reduce the results thereof. Such programs are administered internally, contracted externally, or coordinated through partnerships with other public entities. Also, the College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The College procures various insurance coverage for property damage, crime, general liability, liquor liability, and automobile insurance. Coverage amounts vary in terms of peril insured against. The College has not had a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded any aforementioned commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 13 - Risk Management (Continued)**

The College is self-insured for its health, dental, vision and workers compensation benefits to its employees. The College self-funds the cost of the programs up to specified stop-loss insurance limits. Coverage during the policy period limits the maximum individual and aggregate losses. Self-insurance costs are accrued based upon the aggregate of the liability for reported claims and an estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported. The estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported was determined based on averages of claims expenses paid during the period. The claims liabilities of \$1,849,630 and \$1,744,424 were reported at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, as required of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims be reported.

The following represents the claims activity for the last three fiscal years:

Fiscal Year	Claims Liability Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Claims Liability Balance at End of Year
2019	\$1,744,424	11,756,441	11,651,235	\$1,849,630
2018	\$1,638,262	12,375,829	12,269,667	\$1,744,424
2017	\$1,627,773	11,947,788	11,937,299	\$1,638,262

In addition to the expense incurred in claim payments, the College paid \$1,568,313, \$1,276,085 and \$1,439,100 in fees for administration of the self-insurance plans for 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively.

**Note 14 - Capital Projects Commitments**

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College was committed to future capital expenditures as follows:

<u>Contractual commitments:</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Mitchell Hall Construction	4,952,806	31,482,219
Conference Center 4th Floor Renovation	-	1,600,000
Utility Tunnel Repairs	1,356,982	1,500,000
Union Hall Food Service Renovation	-	1,330,944
Mobile Technology	-	825,429
Eibling Renovation	-	275,144
Campus Building Upgrades	1,523,790	
Union Hall ADA Upgrades	1,252,662	-
Boiler Replacement and HVAC Upgrade	633,985	
Student Success Initiatives	326,060	-
Signage Upgrades	177,205	
Parking Lot Repair	117,300	-
	<u>\$ 10,340,790</u>	<u>\$ 37,013,736</u>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 15 – Pending Litigation**

At June 30, 2019, there were several lawsuits and claims pending against the College. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from such lawsuits and claims will not materially affect the financial position of the College.

**Note 16 - Operating Expenses By Natural Classification**

The College's operating expenses by natural classification were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	<u>2019</u>
Salaries and wages	\$ 100,231,080
Employee benefits	27,439,345
Impact of GASB 68	213,785
Impact of GASB 75	(14,418,000)
Utilities	3,272,910
Supplies and other services	42,080,891
Depreciation	8,293,841
Student scholarships and financial aid	8,573,216
	<u>\$ 175,687,068</u>

The College's operating expenses by natural classification were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	<u>2018</u>
Salaries and wages	\$ 98,204,709
Employee benefits	26,184,781
Impact of GASB 68	(57,079,681)
Impact of GASB 75	(4,140,850)
Utilities	3,285,640
Supplies and other services	42,145,707
Depreciation	8,177,278
Student scholarships and financial aid	10,876,501
	<u>\$ 127,654,085</u>

**Note 17 - Component Unit Disclosures**

The following disclosures relate to the Columbus State Community College Development Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation). Copies of the Foundation's separately issued financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Foundation's business office.

**Organization**

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) No. 958 "Not-for-Profit Entities." As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue and recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial statements for these differences.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 17 - Component Unit Disclosures (Continued)**

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Foundation's cash and cash equivalents are included in the College's consolidated cash, which is insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000, as of June 30, 2019. Uninsured cash funds held by US Bank are subject to a collateral agreement covering all public funds held by the bank. As of June 30, 2019, the Foundation had bank balances with US Bank of \$2,862,791.

Investments

The Foundation's investments are stated at market value, with changes in the market value being recognized as gains and losses during the period in which they occur. Market value is determined by market quotations. Investment earnings from endowment investments are credited to temporarily restricted funds and spent in compliance with donor restrictions placed on earnings. Investment earnings of non-endowment investments are recorded as unrestricted earnings and expended at the discretion of the Foundation's board. The following summarizes the cost and fair value of investments of the Foundation at June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019		2018	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Equity Funds	1,248,620	1,272,900	1,112,854	1,081,975
Common & Preferred Stock	6,276,193	7,343,100	6,546,636	7,225,193
Corporate Debt	257,602	261,278	257,602	254,032
	<u>\$7,782,415</u>	<u>\$8,877,278</u>	<u>\$7,917,092</u>	<u>\$8,561,200</u>

Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give consist of the following as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018
Outstanding Pledges at Year End	\$7,895,791	\$6,558,902
Less: Discounts and allowances for uncollectible pledges	(403,066)	(189,202)
Unconditional promises to give, net	<u>\$7,492,725</u>	<u>\$6,369,700</u>

As of June 30, 2019

Amounts to be received in:	Gross Amount	Allowance/Discount	Net Amount
Less than one year	\$2,995,414	-	\$2,995,414
One to five years	\$4,900,377	(403,066)	4,497,311
Total	<u>\$7,895,791</u>	<u>(403,066)</u>	<u>\$7,492,725</u>

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018**

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**Note 17 - Component Unit Disclosures (Continued)**

As of June 30, 2018

Amounts to be received in:	<u>Gross Amount</u>	<u>Allowance/ Discount</u>	<u>Net Amount</u>
Less than one year	\$3,981,468	-	\$3,981,468
One to five years	\$2,577,434	(189,202)	2,388,232
Total	<u>\$6,558,902</u>	<u>(189,202)</u>	<u>\$6,369,700</u>

**Note 18 - Contingency**

The College is the beneficiary of potential cash refunds related to the purchase of annuities to fund two charitable gift annuities the College received in prior years. During fiscal year 2010, the College purchased two annuities to fund the obligations. The policies provide that the College will receive refunds of any premium payment in excess of the obligations paid by the policies if all annuitants are deceased. The College paid \$3,484,254 in premiums during 2010 to fund the annuities. As of June 30, 2019, \$2,340,000 has been paid to the annuitants.

**Note 19 - Subsequent Event**

The College drew down \$4,000,000 on the \$9,000,000 General Receipts Bonds (the "Bonds"), Series 2018B (Federally Taxable), on September 20, 2019. The September draw down is the first to be used from the Series 2018B (Federally Taxable) Bond Issue.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*  
*School Employees Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)*

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SERS	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
College's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1.26613130%	1.2756173%	1.2726363%	1.274032%	1.242285%
College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$72,513,685	\$76,215,316	\$93,145,235	\$72,697,478	\$62,871,338
College's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$42,480,643	\$41,068,521	\$39,531,879	\$38,392,578	\$36,140,472
College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	170.70%	185.581%	235.620%	189.36%	173.96%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%

(1) Information prior to 2015 is not available.

Note: Amounts presented as of the College's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*  
*State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)*

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STRS	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
College's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.43818461%	0.43341646%	0.44265122%	0.45597031%	0.46729176%
College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$96,346,957	\$102,959,009	\$148,168,706	\$126,016,857	\$113,661,528
College's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$49,308,179	\$46,931,536	\$45,732,807	\$47,744,310	\$46,672,461
College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	195.40%	219.38%	323.99%	263.94%	243.53%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%

(1) Information prior to 2015 is not available.

Note: Amounts presented as of the College's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

*Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of College Contributions--Pension  
State Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
Last Ten Fiscal Years*

<b>School Employees Retirement System</b>	2019	2018	2017				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$5,814,312	\$5,734,888	\$5,749,593				
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(5,814,312)	(5,734,888)	(5,749,593)				
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>				
College Covered-Employee Payroll	\$43,068,978	\$42,480,643	\$41,068,521				
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	\$5,534,463	\$5,374,961	\$5,054,314	\$5,040,444	\$5,811,044	\$5,467,455	\$4,825,024
	(5,534,463)	(5,374,961)	(5,054,314)	(5,040,444)	(5,811,044)	(5,467,455)	(4,825,024)
	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>
	\$39,531,879	\$38,392,578	\$36,140,472	\$39,532,495	\$41,553,409	\$39,071,110	\$34,472,777
	14.00%	14.00%	13.99%	12.75%	13.98%	13.99%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

*Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of the College Contributions--Pension  
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
Last Ten Fiscal Years*

<b>State Teachers Retirement System</b>	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$7,122,494	\$6,903,145	\$6,570,415
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(7,122,494)	(6,903,145)	(6,570,415)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
College Covered-Employee Payroll	\$50,874,957	\$49,308,179	\$46,931,536
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$6,402,593	\$6,573,275	\$6,534,145	\$7,308,424	\$7,875,038	\$7,570,317	\$6,770,527
(6,402,593)	(6,573,275)	(6,534,145)	(7,308,424)	(7,875,038)	(7,570,317)	(6,770,527)
<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
\$45,732,807	\$47,744,310	\$46,672,461	\$52,203,027	\$56,250,269	\$54,073,694	\$48,360,905
14.00%	13.77%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability*  
*School Employees Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)*

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SERS	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
College's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	1.20838870%	1.2230185%	1.2168249%
College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$33,523,967	\$32,822,603	\$34,684,010
College's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$42,480,643	\$41,068,521	\$39,531,879
College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	78.92%	79.92%	87.74%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: Amounts presented as of the College's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability*  
*State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)*

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STRS	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
College's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.43818461%	0.43341646%	0.4426512%
College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$7,041,179)	\$16,910,311	\$23,179,225
College's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$49,308,179	\$46,931,536	\$45,732,807
College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	-14.28%	36.03%	50.68%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: Amounts presented as of the College's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

*Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of the College's Contributions--OPEB  
State Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)*

<b>Net OPEB Liability - SERS</b>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$479,775		\$527,246		\$336,136	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(479,775)		(527,246)		(336,136)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0.00</u>		<u>\$0.00</u>		<u>\$0.00</u>	
College Covered-Employee Payroll	\$43,068,978		\$42,480,643		\$41,068,521	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.11%		1.24%		0.82%	

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$303,128	\$314,819	\$297,977	\$305,977	\$843,025	\$1,136,461	\$639,409
(303,128)	(314,819)	(297,977)	(305,977)	(843,025)	(1,136,461)	(639,409)
<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>
\$39,531,879	\$38,392,578	\$36,140,472	\$39,532,495	\$41,553,409	\$39,071,110	\$34,472,777
0.77%	0.82%	0.82%	0.77%	2.03%	2.91%	1.85%

(1) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

*Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of the College's Contribution--OPEB  
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Net OPEB Liability - STRS	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	-	-	-
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	0.00	0.00	0.00
College Covered-Employee Payroll	\$50,874,957	\$49,308,179	\$46,931,536
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$0	\$0	\$456,836	\$520,925	\$572,692	\$537,945	\$483,770
-	-	(456,836)	(520,925)	(572,692)	(537,945)	(483,770)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
\$45,732,807	\$47,744,310	\$46,672,461	\$52,203,027	\$56,250,269	\$54,073,694	\$48,360,905
0.00%	0.00%	0.98%	1.00%	1.02%	0.99%	1.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
*Notes to Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018*

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**Note 1- Net Pension Liability**

**School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2019: With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

2018: SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2018-2019: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates,
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, and
- (8) The discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

**State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2019 There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

2018: STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

*Notes to Required Supplementary Information  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018*

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**Changes in Assumptions:**

2019: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

2018: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%,
- (2) The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%,
- (3) The payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%,
- (4) Total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation,
- (5) The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, and
- (6) Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
*Notes to Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018*

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**Note 2 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability**

**School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2017-2019: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2019: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.62%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%

2018: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.56%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.92%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, and
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
*Notes to Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018*

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**State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2019: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. The Board is extending the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement program for one year. Under this program, benefit recipients currently enrolled in the STRS Ohio Health Care Program and Medicare Part B receive \$29.90 per month to reimburse a portion of the Medicare Part B premium. The reimbursement was set to be reduced to \$0 beginning January 1, 2020. This impacts about 85,000 benefit recipients.

2018: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2019.

2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2019: The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

2018: The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

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**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**



**Single Audit Reports**

**June 30, 2019**

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**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
For the year ended June 30, 2019**

	CFDA #	Pass Through Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Sub-recipient
<b>US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:				
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	N/A	\$ 501,287	\$ -
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A	29,408,224	-
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	N/A	480,371	-
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	31,219,856	-
<b>Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster</b>			<b>61,609,738</b>	<b>-</b>
TRIO Cluster:				
TRIO Upward Bound	84.047	N/A	320,977	-
TRIO Student Support Services	84.042	N/A	277,303	-
TRIO Talent Search	84.044	N/A	265,441	-
<b>Total TRIO Cluster</b>			<b>863,721</b>	<b>-</b>
Education Innovation and Research	84.411	N/A	2,214,863	1,338,609
<i>Pass through The Ohio State University</i>				
Transition Programs for Students with Intellectual Disabilities Into Higher Education	84.407	P407A150080	38,700	-
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Education</i>				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3L90	378,046	-
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3Y20	181,269	-
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Higher Education Institutional Aid	84.031	N/A	69,191	-
<b>Total Department of Education</b>			<b>65,355,528</b>	<b>1,338,609</b>
<b>US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b>				
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Education</i>				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	3GEO	2,448	-
<b>Total Child Nutrition Cluster</b>			<b>2,448</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Department of Agriculture</b>			<b>2,448</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>US DEPARTMENT OF LABOR</b>				
<i>Passed through Franklin County Department of Job and Family Services</i>				
WIOA Cluster:				
WIOA Adult Program	17.258	N/A	11,048	-
<b>Total WIOA Cluster</b>			<b>11,048</b>	<b>-</b>
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services</i>				
Trade Adjustment Assistance	17.245	N/A	35,649	-
<i>Passed through the Alvis House</i>				
Reentry Employment Opportunities	17.270	N/A	15,899	-
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services</i>				
Apprenticeship USA Grants	17.285	N/A	18,888	-
<b>Total Department of Labor</b>			<b>81,484</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>US DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Vocational Rehabilitation for Disabled Veterans	64.116	N/A	415,066	-
<b>Total Department of Veterans Affairs</b>			<b>415,066</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>US SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION</b>				
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Development</i>				
Small Business Development Centers	59.037	OSBG-18-301A; OSBG-18-301C; OSBG-18-335; OSBG-19-301A	401,306	-
<b>Total Small Business Administration</b>			<b>401,306</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
AmeriCorps	94.006	N/A	51,721	-
<b>Total Corporation for National &amp; Community Service</b>			<b>51,721</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	N/A	1,328,375	192,102
<i>Passed through Ohio State University Research Foundation</i>				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	60042097-CSCC; RF01144350	70,263	-

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
For the year ended June 30, 2019**

	CFDA #	Pass Through Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Sub-recipient
<i>Passed through Sinclair Community College</i> Education and Human Resources	47.076	N/A	21,400	-
<b>Total National Science Foundation</b>			<b>1,420,038</b>	<b>192,102</b>
<b>DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE</b>				
<i>Passed through Ohio Attorney General</i>				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2019-VOCA-132131990	221,235	-
<b>Total Department of Justice</b>			<b>221,235</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Promotion of the Humanities Teaching and Learning Resources and Curriculum Development	45.162	N/A	10,928	-
<b>Total National Endowment for the Humanities</b>			<b>10,928</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
GenCyber Grants Program	12.903	N/A	39,678	-
<b>Total Department of Defense</b>			<b>39,678</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Science	43.001	N/A	42,459	-
<b>Total National Aeronautics &amp; Space Administration</b>			<b>42,459</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE</b>				
<i>Passed through The Ohio State University</i>				
Economic Development Cluster: Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	06-40-06019	53,615	-
<b>Total Economic Development Cluster</b>			<b>53,615</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Department of Commerce</b>			<b>53,615</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES</b>				
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Health Careers Opportunity Program	93.822	N/A	206,577	-
<i>Direct Recipient</i>				
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance	93.243	N/A	27,624	-
<b>Total Department of Health and Human Services</b>			<b>234,201</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT</b>				
<i>Passed through the City of Columbus, Ohio</i>				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster: Community Development Block Grant - Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A	21,172	-
<b>Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster</b>			<b>21,172</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Department of Housing and Urban Development</b>			<b>21,172</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>TOTAL FEDERAL AWARD EXPENDITURES</b>			<b>\$ 68,350,879</b>	<b>\$ 1,530,711</b>

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
**NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the College and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the College's financial statements. The College did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Note 2 – Federal Direct Student Loan Program**

The College is a direct lender for the Federal Direct Student Loan program. The following represents direct loans originated and disbursed during fiscal year 2019:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Program Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>
84.268	Federal Subsidized Direct Loans	\$ 16,071,407
84.268	Federal Unsubsidized Direct Loans	13,133,131
84.268	Federal PLUS Loans	<u>203,686</u>
	Total Federal Direct Student Loans	<u>\$ 29,408,224</u>

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING  
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL  
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Board of Trustees  
Columbus State Community College

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Columbus State Community College (the College), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the College's basic financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

**Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.*

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.  
Columbus, Ohio  
October 11, 2019

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND  
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF  
FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Board of Trustees  
Columbus State Community College

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Columbus State Community College's (the College) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

***Management's Responsibility***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the College's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance.

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, the College, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

**Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### **Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of the College as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the College's basic financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

*Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.*

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.  
Columbus, Ohio  
October 11, 2019

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
Year Ended June 30, 2019**

**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

**Financial Statements**

Type of auditor’s report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? No
- Significant Deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

**Federal Awards**

Internal control over major federal programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? No
- Significant Deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No

Identification of major federal programs:

Student Financial Assistance Cluster  
TRIO Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

**Section II – Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be reported in Accordance with GAGAS**

None

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None

**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
June 30, 2019**

Columbus State Community College had no prior audit findings or questioned costs.

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**FRANKLIN COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

**This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.**

*Susan Babbitt*

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU**

**CERTIFIED  
NOVEMBER 7, 2019**