

#### **REGULAR AUDIT**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2017 and 2016



Board of Trustees Scioto Township 40 Van Fosson Rd Beaver, OH 45613

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Scioto Township, Jackson County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Scioto Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 3, 2018



# SCIOTO TOWNSHIP JACKSON COUNTY, OHIO

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Scioto Township Jackson County 40 Van Fosson Road Beaver, Ohio 45613

To the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Scioto Township, Jackson County, Ohio (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Scioto Township Jackson County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

# Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

#### Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Scioto Township, Jackson County as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2018, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio

BHM CPA Group

September 28, 2018

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Fund Types				_	
	General		Special Revenue		Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:						
Property Taxes	\$	45,899	\$	148,266	\$	194,165
Intergovernmental		23,045		251,041		274,086
Earnings on Investments		28		-		28
Miscellaneous		1,330				1,330
Total Cash Receipts		70,302		399,307		469,609
Cash Disbursements: Current:						
General Government		65,764		_		65,764
Public Safety		-		90,831		90,831
Public Works		-		255,498		255,498
Health		1,492		28,297		29,789
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal		_		14,044		14,044
Interest and Fiscal Charges				2,068		2,068
Total Cash Disbursements		67,256		390,738		457,994
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		3,046		8,569		11,615
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		(2,613)		4,223		1,610
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				12.702		12.702
Restricted		-		12,792		12,792
Unassigned (Deficit)		433				433
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	433	\$	12,792	\$	13,225

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Scioto Township, Jackson County (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general governmental services, road maintenance, cemetery maintenance and fire protection.

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) which is an insurances risk-sharing pool available of Ohio Townships.

## **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### C. Cash and Deposits

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. The basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

# D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

# 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Gas Tax Fund</u> – The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax, this money is used for repairing of roads, also covers trustees and employee payroll and insurance.

<u>Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund</u> – This fund receives money from Motor vehicle license fees. This helps cover repair of motor vehicle, equipment, parts and employee and administrative insurance.

<u>Road and Bridge</u> – This fund receives money from county property tax. This money pays for Road and Bridge repair, culverts, Employees & Trustees salary's and insurances.

<u>Permissive Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund receives sales tax proceeds which are used to pay for improvement projects within the Township.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated Resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

#### 2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

#### 3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

#### 4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

# 5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# G. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisition of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

# 2. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Township maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2017
Demand deposits	\$13,225
Total deposits and investments	\$13,225

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

#### 3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2017 as follows:

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	Budgeted		Actual		
Fund Type	R	Receipts		Receipts		ariance
General	\$	70,302	\$	70,302	\$	-
Special Revenue		259,316		399,307		139,991
Total	\$	329,618	\$	469,609	\$	139,991

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	Appropriation		udgetary				
Fund Type	A	Authority		Expenditures		Variance		
General	\$	76,975	\$	67,256	\$	9,719		
Special Revenue		133,200		390,738		(257,538)		
Total	\$	210,175	\$	457,994	\$	(247,819)		

## 4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due to the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### 5. Retirement Systems

Employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2016, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of the participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

#### 6. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2016, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2017.

	2017
Assets	\$40,010,732
Liabilities	8,675,465
Net Position	\$31,335,267

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

# 6. Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$3,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2016 Contributions
to OTARMA
\$5,169

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

#### 7. Debt

Debit outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	<u>Pr</u>	incipal	Interest Rate			
Westbanco - Truck Loan	\$	27,073	3.40%			
Westbanco - Building		19,470	4.25%			
Total	\$	46,543				

The Township obtained installment loan from the Wesbanco Bank in 2014 for the purchase of a Truck. The Township will use Gas Tax funds to pay for the related principal and interest payments for this loan.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

# 7. Debt (Continued)

The Township obtained installment loan from the Wasbanco Bank in 2015 for the purchase of a Building. The Township will use Gas Tax funds to pay for the related principal and interest payments for this loan.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	W	Westbanco			
December 31:		Loans			
2018	\$	22,822			
2019		19,159			
2020		6,762			
Total	\$	48,743			

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Fund Types				_	-		
	General		Special Revenue		Totals (Memorandum Only)			
Cash Receipts:	Φ	44.210	<b>c</b>	140.256	¢.	107 575		
Property Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	44,219 23,710	\$	142,356 260,233	\$	186,575 283,943		
Earnings on Investments		34		-		34		
Miscellaneous		11,625				11,625		
Total Cash Receipts		79,588		402,589		482,177		
Cash Disbursements: Current:								
General Government		101,269		-		101,269		
Public Safety		-		109,442		109,442		
Public Works		-		260,928		260,928		
Health		1,518		32,918		34,436		
Debt Service:				16 604		16 604		
Redemption of Principal		-		16,604		16,604		
Interest and Fiscal Charges				2,980		2,980		
Total Cash Disbursements		102,787		422,872		525,659		
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		(23,199)		(20,283)		(43,482)		
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		20,586		24,506		45,092		
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Restricted		_		4,223		4,223		
Unassigned (Deficit)		(2,613)		-,		(2,613)		
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	(2,613)	\$	4,223	\$	1,610		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Scioto Township, Jackson County (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general governmental services, road maintenance, cemetery maintenance and fire protection.

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) which is an insurances risk-sharing pool available of Ohio Townships.

## **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### C. Cash and Deposits

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. The basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township values certifications of deposits at cost. Investments in STAR Ohio are recorded at shares values that STAR Ohio reports.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

## 1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Gas Tax Fund</u> – The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax, this money is used for repairing of roads, also covers trustees and employee payroll and insurance.

<u>Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund</u> – This fund receives money from Motor vehicle license fees. This helps cover repair of motor vehicle, equipment, parts and employee and administrative insurance.

<u>Road and Bridge</u> – This fund receives money from county property tax. This money pays for Road and Bridge repair, culverts, Employees & Trustees salary's and insurances.

<u>Permissive Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund receives sales tax proceeds which are used to pay for improvement projects within the Township.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated Resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2016 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Fund Balance (Continued)

# 1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

#### 2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

#### 3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

#### 4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

# 5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# G. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisition of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

# 2. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Township maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2016
Demand deposits	\$1,610
Total deposits and investments	\$1,610

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

# 3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2016 as follows:

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	Budgeted Actual					
Fund Type	R	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	79,588	\$	79,588	\$	-	
Special Revenue		273,334		402,589		129,255	
Total	\$	352,922	\$	482,177	\$	129,255	

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	propriation Budgetary					
Fund Type	A	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	118,730	\$	102,787	\$	15,943	
Special Revenue		274,584		422,872		(148,288)	
Total	\$	393,314	\$	525,659	\$	(132,345)	

## 4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due to the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 5. Retirement Systems

Employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2016, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of the participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

# 6. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

# Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2016, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2016.

	2016
Assets	\$38,473,283
Liabilities	8,244,140
Net Position	\$30,229,143

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

# 6. Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2016 the liabilities above include approximately \$7.4 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,010 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2016. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2016, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$3,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2016 Contributions
to OTARMA
\$5,133

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

#### 7. Debt

Debit outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	<b>Principal</b>		Interest Rate
Westbanco - Truck Loan Westbanco - Building	\$	35,149 25,438	3.40% 4.25%
Total	\$	60,587	

The Township obtained installment loan from the Wesbanco Bank in 2014 for the purchase of a Truck. The Township will use Gas Tax funds to pay for the related principal and interest payments for this loan.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

# 7. Debt (Continued)

The Township obtained installment loan from the Wasbanco Bank in 2015 for the purchase of a Building. The Township will use Gas Tax funds to pay for the related principal and interest payments for this loan.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	•	Westbanco Loans		
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	19,571 19,571 19,159 6,762		
Total	\$	65,063		



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Scioto Township Jackson County 40 Van Fosson Road Beaver, Ohio 45613

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of the Scioto Township, Jackson County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2108 wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider to be material weaknesses. We consider findings 2017-004 and 2017-006 to be material weaknesses.

Scioto Township
Jackson County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2017-001 through 2017-005.

## Township's Response to Findings

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not subject the Township's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group, Inc.

BHM CPA Group

Piketon, Ohio September 28, 2018

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-001**

### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Section 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- 1. "Then and Now" Certificate if the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("Now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment or ordinance or resolution.
  - Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.
- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal Officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Township's Fiscal Officer did not certify the availability of funds prior to making commitments during 2016, and 2017. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

The Township's Fiscal Officer should certify the availability of funds prior to the commitment being incurred. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language Ohio Rev. Code section 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements.

#### **Client Response:**

Will be making changes at organizational meeting. All employees and trustees will contact me.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016

#### FINDING NUMBER 2017-002

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from expending money unless it has been appropriated.

During testing we noted, in fiscal year 2017 the Cemetery Fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations. In 2016 the Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund and the Fire Fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations.

Expenditures for each fund should not exceed appropriations. Failure to follow approved budgets could lead to overspending and the possibility of negative fund balances.

To ensure expenditures do not exceed appropriations, the Township should monitor its financial activity periodically and amend its approved budgets accordingly.

#### **Client Response:**

Will and I am monitoring.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-003**

# **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code 5705.39 Appropriations limited by estimated revenue. The total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total of the estimated revenue available for expenditure therefrom, as certified by the budget commission, or in case of appeal, by the board of tax appeals. No appropriation measure shall become effective until the county auditor files with the appropriating authority a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund, taken together with all other outstanding appropriations, do not exceed such official estimate or amended official estimate. When the appropriation does not exceed such official estimate, the county auditor shall give such certificate forthwith upon receiving from the appropriating authority a certified copy of the appropriation measure. Appropriations shall be made from each fund only for the purposes for which such fund is established.

During 2016 the township had appropriations in excess of available resources in the General, Gasoline, Road & Bridge and Cemetery funds.

The Township should implement monitoring procedures to ensure that appropriations are limited to the available resources in each fund. Procedures for monitoring for compliance with this section ensure that monies are not expended in excess of allowable limits.

#### **Client Response:**

Have made a lot of changes and will be making more – have someone coming in 2 nights a week to work with me.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016

#### FINDING NUMBER 2017-004

#### Noncompliance Citation/Material Weakness

Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-02(C)(1) also states in part: all local public offices should integrate the budgetary accounts, at the legal level of control or lower, into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and remaining uncommitted appropriation balances

The Township maintains their records using excel spreadsheets. These spreadsheets don't include any budgetary amounts and no audit evidence was provided to support that they Township was maintaining such a tracking system.

The fiscal officer should ensure the appropriated amounts, per fund-function-object are being recorded in the township's manual accounting system. We also recommend that the fiscal officer monitor encumbrances and unencumbered fund balances.

#### **Client Response:**

Have been working on changes and have got someone to come in and help revamp everything.

#### FINDING NUMBER 2017-005

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code Section 9.38 States in part that a public official shall deposit all public moneys received by that person with the treasurer of the public office or properly designated depository on the business day next following the day of receipt, if the total amount of such moneys received exceeds one thousand dollars. If the total amount of the public moneys so received does not exceed one thousand dollars, the person shall deposit the moneys on the business day next following the day of receipt, unless the public office of which that person is a public official adopts a policy permitting a different time period, not to exceed three business days next following the day of receipt, for making such deposits, and the person is able to safeguard the moneys until such time as the moneys are deposited. The Board has not taken action to extend the time period for deposits under \$1,000 to three business days after receipt.

The Township did not adopt a policy permitting its officials who receive money to hold it past the next business day as permitted by Ohio Law. Therefore, all daily receipts were required to be deposited within the next business day. During testing of the Townships receipts it was noted that several instances where receipts were not timely recorded and deposited into the bank.

The Township should adopt a policy addressing timely deposit and that all deposits and that all deposits be made in a timely manner.

**Client Response:** The Township will adopt a policy to address the deposit of public monies.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-006**

#### **Material Weakness**

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the fiscal officer and Township Trustees and is essential to ensure information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate.

Material and immaterial misstatements were identified during the course of the audit which have not been prevented or detected by the Township's internal controls over financial reporting. Misstatements were identified in the following areas:

- Intergovernmental revenues
- Property Tax revenue
- Principal Payments expense
- Interest and Fiscal Charges expense
- Public Works

All of the above noted adjustments have been posted to the financial statements and to the Township's accounting system.

To ensure the Township's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, we recommend the Fiscal Officer review the Ohio Township Handbook for guidance on the correct line item to post various receipts and expenditures of the Township.

**Client Response:** We did not receive a response from the Township regarding this matter.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2015-001	ORC Section 5705.41(D); Township did not certify the availability of funds before contracting to procure goods and services.	No	Reissued as finding 2017-001
2015-002	ORC Section 5705.41(B); Township had expenditures in excess of appropriations	No	Reissued as finding 2017-002
2015-003	ORC Section 5705.39; the Township had appropriations in excess of estimated resources	No	Reissued as finding 2017-003
2015-004	ORC Section 149.43 (E) A formal records policies	Yes	
2015-005	Annual Continuing Education	No	Reissued as a Management Letter comment
2015-006	Ohio Administrative Code Rule 117-2- 02(A) maintaining an accounting system	Yes	
2015-007	Ohio Administrative Code Rule 117-2-02(C)(1) Integrated budgetary into the Accounting system.	No	Reissued as finding 2017-004
2015-008	ORC Section 121.22 Maintaining public meeting minutes.	Yes	
2015-009	Maintaining proper supporting documentation	Yes	
2015-010	Reconciliation between the bank activity and the accounting system.	Yes	





#### **SCIOTO TOWNSHIP**

**JACKSON COUNTY** 

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 13, 2018