AUDIT REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014





Board of Education Woodmore Local School District 349 Rice Street Elmore, Ohio 43416

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Woodmore Local School District, Sandusky County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Woodmore Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 27, 2015



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County 349 Rice Street Elmore, Ohio 43416

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodmore Local School District, Sandusky County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodmore Local School District, Sandusky County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

January 30, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Woodmore Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$1,382,984 which represents a 10.09% decrease from 2013.
- General revenues accounted for \$9,622,932 in revenue or 81.46% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,190,228 or 18.54% of total revenues of \$11,813,160.
- The District had \$13,196,144 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,190,228 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$9,622,932 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$9,288,806 in revenues and \$9,506,888 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$218,082 from a balance of \$353,591 to \$135,509.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$4,185,844 in revenues and \$10,499,408 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$6,313,564 from a balance of \$14,926,150 to \$8.612.586.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the classroom facilities fund are the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2014?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-55 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

	Net Position			
	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2014	2013		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 19,202,097	\$ 28,547,435		
Capital assets, net	16,207,284	6,681,194		
Total assets	35,409,381	35,228,629		
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities	2,387,981	1,166,025		
Long-term liabilities	16,346,765	16,563,592		
Total liabilities	18,734,746	17,729,617		
Deferred inflows of resources	4,356,392	3,797,785		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	23,091,138	21,527,402		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	4,563,758	5,789,240		
Restricted	6,973,820	8,116,444		
Unrestricted (deficit)	780,665	(204,457)		
Total net position	\$ 12,318,243	\$ 13,701,227		

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the District's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$12,318,243. Of this total, \$6,973,820 is restricted in use.

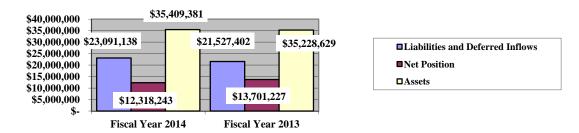
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 45.77% of total assets. Capital assets included land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2014, was \$4,563,758. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$6,973,820, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$780,665.

The table below presents the District's governmental activities liabilities and deferred inflows, net position and assets as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

	Change in 1	Net Position		
	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2014	2013		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 934,323	\$ 975,610		
Operating grants and contributions	1,255,905	1,079,518		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	5,107,582	5,338,380		
Grants and entitlements	4,440,136	11,271,624		
Payment in lieu of taxes	21,000	-		
Investment earnings	54,214	110,331		
Total revenues	11,813,160	18,775,463		

Grants and entitlements decreased 60.61% for fiscal year 2014 due to a reduction in deferred inflow of resources for the District's project using funds provided by the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position

	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2014	2013		
<u>Expenses</u>				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 5,128,998	\$ 5,323,120		
Special	1,381,927	1,303,635		
Vocational	8,640	9,851		
Other	5,369	4,302		
Support services:				
Pupil	658,806	741,629		
Instructional staff	311,122	296,868		
Board of education	100,373	76,651		
Administration	926,081	1,282,150		
Fiscal	348,949	354,053		
Operations and maintenance	2,162,107	805,493		
Pupil transportation	593,671	621,637		
Central	2,320	-		
Operation of non instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	54,415	62,368		
Food service operations	379,819	372,651		
Extracurricular activities	465,736	434,186		
Interest and fiscal charges	667,811	298,646		
Bond issuance costs		155,202		
Total expenses	13,196,144	12,142,442		
Change in net position	(1,382,984)	6,633,021		
Net position at beginning of year	13,701,227	7,068,206		
Net position at end of year	\$ 12,318,243	\$ 13,701,227		

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$1,382,984. Total governmental expenses of \$13,196,144 were offset by program revenues of \$2,190,228 and general revenues of \$9,622,932. Program revenues supported 16.60% of the total governmental expenses.

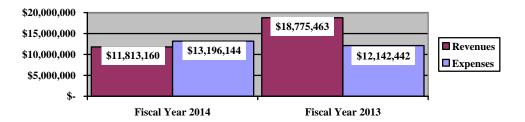
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.82% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,524,934 or 49.45% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

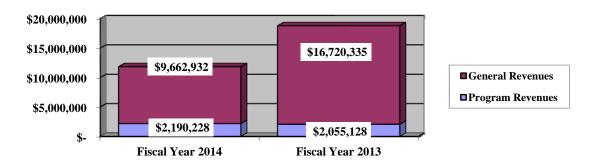
	Governmental Activities							
	T	otal Cost of	N	Net Cost of	T	otal Cost of	1	Net Cost of
		Services		Services		Services		Services
	_	2014	_	2014	_	2013	_	2013
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,128,998	\$	4,652,853	\$	5,323,120	\$	4,753,281
Special		1,381,927		509,176		1,303,635		750,903
Vocational		8,640		7,315		9,851		8,794
Other		5,369		5,369		4,302		4,302
Support services:								
Pupil		658,806		478,284		741,629		511,936
Instructional staff		311,122		285,819		296,868		251,197
Board of education		100,373		100,373		76,651		76,651
Administration		926,081		847,211		1,282,150		1,262,927
Fiscal		348,949		348,949		354,053		354,053
Operations and maintenance		2,162,107		2,136,646		805,493		782,642
Pupil transportation		593,671		544,559		621,637		570,964
Central		2,320		2,320		-		-
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Non-instructional services		54,415		43,970		62,368		13,553
Food service operations		379,819		71,248		372,651		42,697
Extracurricular activities		465,736		304,013		434,186		249,566
Interest and fiscal charges		667,811		667,811		453,848	_	453,848
Total expenses	\$	13,196,144	\$	11,005,916	\$	12,142,442	\$	10,087,314

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 79.31% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 83.40%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$10,392,939, which is less than last year's balance of \$16,888,253. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2014	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Classroom facilities Other governmental	\$ 135,509 8,612,586 1,644,844	\$ 353,591 14,926,150 1,608,512	\$ (218,082) (6,313,564) 36,332	(61.68) % (42.30) % 2.26 %
Total	\$ 10,392,939	\$ 16,888,253	\$ (6,495,314)	(38.46) %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2014	2013	Increase/	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,131,968	\$ 4,240,721	\$ (108,753)	(2.56) %
Tuition	379,675	361,199	18,476	5.12 %
Earnings on investments	2,553	2,322	231	9.95 %
Intergovernmental	4,645,773	4,368,520	277,253	6.35 %
Other revenues	128,837	115,663	13,174	11.39 %
Total	\$ 9,288,806	\$ 9,088,425	\$ 200,381	2.20 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 5,894,541	\$ 5,999,649	\$ (105,108)	(1.75) %
Support services	3,311,967	3,560,108	(248,141)	(6.97) %
Extracurricular activities	281,250	269,501	11,749	4.36 %
Debt service	19,130	36,414	(17,284)	(47.47) %
Total	\$ 9,506,888	\$ 9,865,672	\$ (358,784)	(3.64) %

Overall revenues of the general fund increased \$200,381 or 2.20%. Other revenues increased \$13,174 or 11.39% mainly due to an increase in payments in lieu of taxes increasing during the fiscal year. All other revenues remained comparable to prior year.

Overall expenditures of the general fund decreased \$358,784 or 3.64%. Debt service expenditures decreased \$17,284 or 47.47% due to capital lease being paid in full in the prior fiscal year. Support services decreased \$248,141 due to a reduction in administrative expenditures.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$4,185,844 in revenues and \$10,499,408 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$6,313,564 from a balance of \$14,926,150 to \$8,612,586.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues were \$8,255,650 which was less than final budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$9,108,290. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2014 were \$9,325,742. This represents a \$217,452 increase over final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures) were \$6,936,328, while final appropriations totaled \$8,970,709. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$9,661,858, which was \$691,149 more than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the District had \$16,207,284 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2014 balances compared to the amount of capital assets at June 30, 2013.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2014	2013		
Land	\$ 174,516	\$ 174,516		
Construction in progress	10,587,495	829,188		
Land improvements	62,357	70,218		
Building and improvements	4,770,176	5,005,009		
Furniture and equipment	249,140	254,545		
Vehicles	363,600	347,718		
Total	\$16,207,284	\$ 6,681,194		

The overall increase of capital assets is \$9,526,090, due to capital asset additions of \$9,907,397 exceeding depreciation expense of \$375,380 and net disposals of \$5,927.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$15,758,068 in capital leases and general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this amount \$151,197 is due within one year and \$15,606,871 is due within more than one year. The following table summarizes the debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013		
Capital lease obligation General obligation bonds	\$ 51,952 	\$ 68,149 15,743,389		
Total	\$ 15,758,068	\$ 15,811,538		

At June 30, 2014, the District's unvoted debt margin was \$144,768. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

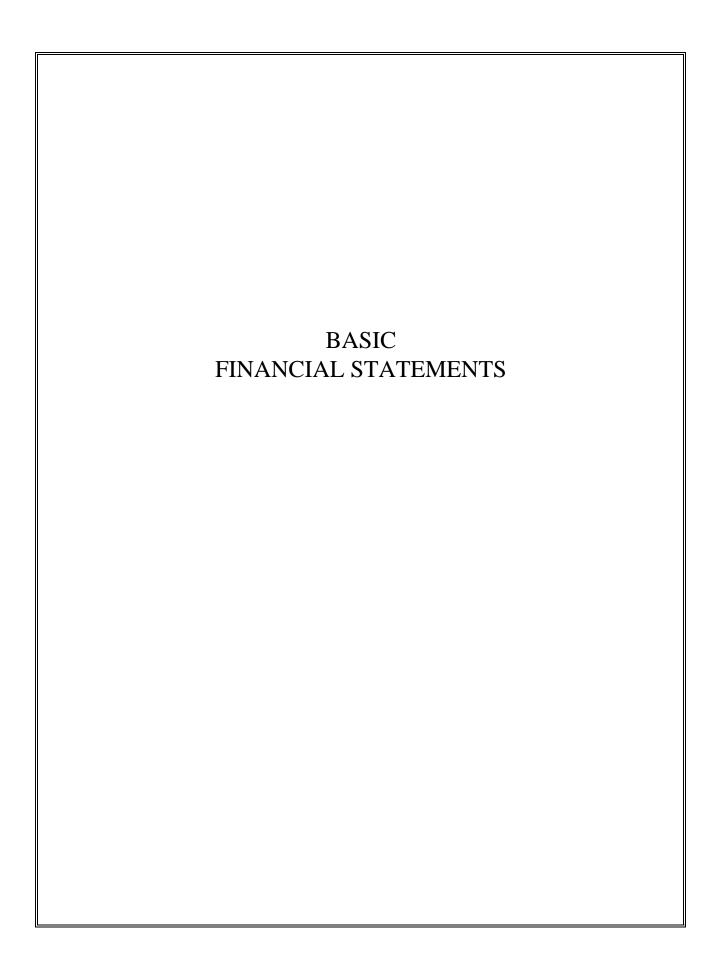
Current Financial Related Activities

The District is doing everything possible under the current financial restraints to maintain high standards of service to our students and community. The District continues to monitor its financial future in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves.

The District has made many budget reductions over the last several years and is continuing to look at all areas to try to save more. The current five-year forecast does not show a negative balance until 2017. The District is projected to be in a deficit spending situation beginning in fiscal year 2016 and will need to generate additional revenue or cut more expenses. A 3.95 mil Emergency Levy was passed in May 2011, with collections that started in 2012.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mrs. Jamie Pearson, Treasurer, Woodmore Local School District, 349 Rice Street, Elmore, OH 43416.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 11,510,561
Receivables:	
Property taxes	5,363,000
Accounts	3,481
Accrued interest	4,871
Intergovernmental	2,283,638
Prepayments	12,102
Materials and supplies inventory	24,444
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	10,762,011
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,445,273
Capital assets, net	16,207,284
Total assets	35,409,381
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	156,442
Contracts payable	1,139,079
Accrued wages and benefits payable	605,546
Pension obligation payable	183,687
Intergovernmental payable	43,953
Accrued interest payable	259,274
Long-term liabilities:	,
Due within one year	227,030
Due in more than one year	16,119,735
Total liabilities	18,734,746
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	4,356,392
N	
Net position:	4.5.0.550
Net investment in capital assets	4,563,758
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	6,208,048
Classroom facilities maintenance	108,949
Debt service	431,172
State funded programs	10,935
Federally funded programs	205,090
Other purposes	9,626
Unrestricted (deficit)	780,665
Total net position	\$ 12,318,243

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Program	Reven	ues	R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in et Position
				arges for	Ope	rating Grants		vernmental
Governmental activities:		Expenses	Servio	ees and Sales	and (Contributions		Activities
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,128,998	\$	456,072	\$	20,073	\$	(4,652,853)
Special		1,381,927		-		872,751		(509,176)
Vocational		8,640		-		1,325		(7,315)
Other		5,369		-		-		(5,369)
Support services:								
Pupil		658,806		150		180,372		(478,284)
Instructional staff		311,122		-		25,303		(285,819)
Board of education		100,373		-		-		(100,373)
Administration		926,081		-		78,870		(847,211)
Fiscal		348,949		-				(348,949)
Operations and maintenance		2,162,107		18,300		7,161		(2,136,646)
Pupil transportation		593,671		14,420		34,692		(544,559)
Central		2,320		-		-		(2,320)
Operation of non-instructional services: Other non-instructional services		54 415				10 445		(42.070)
Food service operations		54,415		289,330		10,445		(43,970)
Extracurricular activities		379,819 465,736		289,330 156,051		19,241 5,672		(71,248)
Interest and fiscal charges		667,811		130,031		3,072		(304,013)
	_	,						(667,811)
Total governmental activities	\$	13,196,144	\$	934,323	\$	1,255,905		(11,005,916)
			Property	revenues:				3,973,797
								713,289
								364,552
			•	•				55,944
								21,000
				nd entitlement				,
			to spec	ific programs				4,440,136
								54,214
			Total ge	neral revenues				9,622,932
			Change	in net position			•	(1,382,984)
			Net posi	tion at beginn	ing of	year		13,701,227
			Net posi	tion at end of	year.		\$	12,318,243

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	General		Classroom Facilities		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 133,115	\$	9,711,318	\$	1,665,698	\$	11,510,131
Property taxes	4,210,482		_		1,152,518		5,363,000
Accounts	-		-		3,481		3,481
Accrued interest	-		4,871		-		4,871
Interfund loans	32,804		-		-		32,804
Intergovernmental	31,785		2,076,201		175,652		2,283,638
Prepayments	12,102		-		-		12,102
Materials and supplies inventory	18,112		-		6,332		24,444
Due from other funds	17,339		-		-		17,339
Advances to other funds	36,735		-		-		36,735
Restricted assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	430		-		-		430
Total assets	\$ 4,492,904	\$	11,792,390	\$	3,003,681	\$	19,288,975
Liabilities:		<u> </u>					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,813		-	\$	153,629	\$	156,442
Contracts payable	-	\$	1,098,732		40,347		1,139,079
Accrued wages and benefits payable	558,011		-		47,535		605,546
Compensated absences payable	13,721		-		-		13,721
Pension obligation payable	158,260		-		25,427		183,687
Intergovernmental payable	40,301		-		3,652		43,953
Interfund loans payable	-		-		32,804		32,804
Due to other funds	-		-		17,339		17,339
Advance from other funds			-		36,735		36,735
Total liabilities	773,106		1,098,732	-	357,468		2,229,306
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	3,421,502		-		934,890		4,356,392
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	131,002		-		36,134		167,136
Accrued interest not available	-		4,871		-		4,871
Intergovernmental revenue not available	31,785		2,076,201		30,345		2,138,331
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,584,289		2,081,072		1,001,369		6,666,730
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Materials and supplies inventory	18,112		-		6,332		24,444
Prepaids	12,102		-		-		12,102
Long-term loans	36,735		-		-		36,735
Restricted:					700 712		700 712
Debt service	-		9 (12 59)		799,712		799,712
Capital improvements	-		8,612,586		624,633 12,958		9,237,219 12,958
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		-		106,927		106,927
Migrant program	-		_		100,927		100,927
Non-public schools	_				10,935		10,935
School bus purchases	430		_		10,735		430
Other purposes	6,429		_		66,309		72,738
Assigned:	0, .2>				00,000		72,750
Student instruction	-		-		-		-
Student and staff support	-		-		-		_
Uniform school supplies	25,122		-		_		25,122
Public school support	51,383		-		-		51,383
Unassigned (deficit)	(14,804)	_		_	(91,871)		(106,675)
Total fund balances	135,509		8,612,586		1,644,844		10,392,939
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 4,492,904	\$	11,792,390	\$	3,003,681	\$	19,288,975

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 10,392,939
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		16,207,284
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 167,136	
Accrued interest receivable	4,871	
Intergovernmental receivable	2,138,331	
Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,310,338
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(259,274)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	(15,706,116)	
Capital lease obligations	(51,952)	
Compensated absences	(574,976)	
Total	<u> </u>	 (16,333,044)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 12,318,243

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Classroom	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental	
	General	Facilities	Funds	Funds	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 4,131,968	\$ -	\$ 1,166,763	\$ 5,298,731	
Payment in lieu of taxes	21,000	· <u>-</u>	-	21,000	
Tuition	379,675	_	300	379,975	
Charges for services	<u>-</u>	_	289,330	289,330	
Earnings on investments	2,553	57,698	27,072	87,323	
Extracurricular	23,700	-	157,181	180,881	
Classroom materials and fees	70,817	_	-	70,817	
Rental income	13,320	_	_	13,320	
Contributions and donations	- y	_	6,471	6,471	
Other local revenues	_	_	29,958	29,958	
Intergovernmental - state	4,645,773	4,128,146	230,851	9,004,770	
Intergovernmental - federal	-	-	970,271	970,271	
Total revenues	9,288,806	4,185,844	2,878,197	16,352,847	
	-				
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,983,226	-	49,786	5,033,012	
Special	900,807	-	468,936	1,369,743	
Vocational	5,139	-	-	5,139	
Other	5,369	-	-	5,369	
Support services:					
Pupil	494,210	-	181,117	675,327	
Instructional staff	276,388	-	26,045	302,433	
Board of education	96,666	-	-	96,666	
Administration	862,995	-	31,667	894,662	
Fiscal	322,098	-	24,250	346,348	
Operations and maintenance	778,188	-	262,930	1,041,118	
Pupil transportation	479,102	-	114,334	593,436	
Central	2,320	-	-	2,320	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Other non-instructional services	-	-	54,415	54,415	
Food service operations	-	-	364,334	364,334	
Extracurricular activities	281,250	-	177,170	458,420	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	10,499,408	383,493	10,882,901	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	16,197	-	135,000	151,197	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,933	-	568,388	571,321	
Total expenditures	9,506,888	10,499,408	2,841,865	22,848,161	
Net change in fund balances	(218,082)	(6,313,564)	36,332	(6,495,314)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	353,591	14,926,150	1,608,512	16,888,253	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 135,509	\$ 8,612,586	\$ 1,644,844	\$ 10,392,939	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(6,495,314)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions	\$ 9,907,397		
Current year depreciation	 (375,380)	<u>)</u>	
Total			9,532,017
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to			
decrease net position.			(5,927)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds.			
Property taxes	(191,149)		
Earnings on investments	(32,965)		
Intergovernmental Total	 (4,311,684)	<u>)</u>	(4,535,798)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			151,197
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	1,237		
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	 (97,727))	
Total			(96,490)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			67,331
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(1,382,984)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Revenues: Serical (Negative Property taxes) Revenues: Serical (Negative Property P		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Prom local sources:		Original	Final	Actual		
Property taxes.	Revenues:				(
Tuition. 332,450 327,401 370,074 42,673 Earnings on investments. 2,291 1,908 2,553 645 Extracurricular. 16,396 14,341 18,270 3,929 Class room materials and fees 14,167 23,930 15,786 (8,144) Other local revenues 9,434 11,519 13,320 1,801 Other local revenues 9,434 20,242 21,000 758 Payment in lieu of taxes 18,846 20,242 21,000 758 Intergovernmental - state 416,2212 4,405,617 4,637,868 232,251 Total revenues 8,255,650 8,981,650 9,199,102 217,452 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 86,252 8,981,650 9,199,102 217,452 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 86,252,5650 8,981,650 9,199,102 2217,452 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8,255,650 8,981,65	From local sources:					
Earnings on investments 2.291 1.908 2.553 645 Extracurricular. 16.396 14.341 18.270 3.929 Classroom materials and fees 14.167 23.930 15.786 (8.144) Rental income 11.954 11.519 13.320 1.801 Other local revenues 9.434 - 10.880 10.880 Payment in lieu of taxes 18.846 20.242 21,000 758 Intergovermmental - state 4.162,212 4.405.617 4.637.868 232,251 Total revenues 8.255,650 8.981.650 9,199,102 217.452 Expenditures Expenditures Current Instruction: 8.255,650 8.981.650 9,199,102 217.452 Expenditures Current Instructions Expenditures Optage decidence of the colspan="4">Current Instructions Septial 4.840.023 5.0	Property taxes	\$ 3,687,89	9 \$ 4,176,692	\$ 4,109,351	\$ (67,341)	
Extracurricular	Tuition	332,45	0 327,401	370,074	42,673	
Classroom materials and fees	Earnings on investments	2,29	1,908	2,553	645	
Rental income 11,954 11,519 13,320 1,801 Other local revenues 9,434 - 10,880 10,880 Payment in lieu of taxes 18,846 20,242 21,000 758 Intergovernmental - state 4,162,212 4,405,617 4,637,868 232,251 Total revenues 8,255,650 8,981,650 9,199,102 217,452 Expenditures Expenditures Current: Instructions Regular 3,545,429 4,840,023 5,063,874 (223,851) Special 529,824 847,002 878,643 (31,641) Vocational. 4,652 4,911 5,881 (970) Other. 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: Pupil. 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448	Extracurricular	16,39	6 14,341	18,270	3,929	
Other local revenues 9,434 - 10,880 10,886 Payment in lieu of taxes 18,846 20,242 21,000 758 Intergovernmental - state 4,162,212 4,405,617 4,637,868 232,251 Total revenues 8,255,650 8,981,650 9,199,102 217,452 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,545,429 4,840,023 5,063,874 (223,851) Special. 529,824 847,002 878,643 (31,641) Vocational. 4,652 4,911 5,881 (970) Other. 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: Pupil. 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (16,200)	Classroom materials and fees	14,16	7 23,930	15,786	(8,144)	
Payment in lieu of taxes 18,846 20,242 21,000 758 Intergovernmental - state 4,162,212 4,405,617 4,637,868 232,251 Total revenues 8,255,650 8,981,650 9,199,102 217,452 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,545,429 4,840,023 5,063,874 (223,851) Special 529,824 847,002 878,643 (31,641) Vocational 4,652 4,911 5,881 (970) Other 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: 200 200 80,021 11,111 11,111 5,881 (970) (0ther 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) 11,111	Rental income	11,95	4 11,519	13,320	1,801	
Intergovernmental - state	Other local revenues	9,43	4 -	10,880	10,880	
Expenditures: Substitution: Substitution	Payment in lieu of taxes	18,84	6 20,242	21,000	758	
Expenditures:	Intergovernmental - state	4,162,21	2 4,405,617	4,637,868	232,251	
Current: Instruction: Regular 3,545,429 4,840,023 5,063,874 (223,851) Special 529,824 847,002 878,643 (31,641) Vocational 4,652 4,911 5,881 (970) Other 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: Pupil 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities 192,535 244,587 280,381 355,794 Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Other financing sources (uses) 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (440,894) Other financing sources (uses) 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (32,803) (32,803) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,319,322 137,581 (336,116) (473,697) Other financ	Total revenues	8,255,65	0 8,981,650	9,199,102	217,452	
Instruction: Regular	=					
Regular 3,545,429 4,840,023 5,063,874 (223,851) Special 529,824 847,002 878,643 (31,641) Vocational 4,652 4,911 5,881 (970) Other 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: 200 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 1,319,322 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Special. 529,824 847,002 878,643 (31,641) Vocational. 4,652 4,911 5,881 (970) Other. 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: 209 878,643 (209) Pupil. 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance. 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central. 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities. 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953)						
Vocational. 4,652 4,911 5,881 (970) Other. 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: Pupil. 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance. 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central. 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities. 192,535 244,587 280,381 35,794 Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. - 126,640 - - </td <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td>, ,</td> <td>, ,</td> <td>` ' '</td>		, ,	, ,	, ,	` ' '	
Other. 3,165 5,160 5,369 (209) Support services: 9upil. 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance. 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central. 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities. 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Excess (deficiency) of expenditures 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (440,894) Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. - 126,640<		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Support services: Pupil. 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance. 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central. 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities. 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Excess (deficiency) of expenditures 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (440,894) Other financing sources (uses): Advances (out) - 126,640 93,837 (32,803) Total other financing sources (uses)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	` /	
Pupil. 357,373 413,938 493,959 (80,021) Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance. 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central. 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities. 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over (under) revenues 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (440,894) Other financing sources (uses): Advances (out) - 126,640 93,837 (32,803) Total other financing sources (uses) -		3,16	5 5,160	5,369	(209)	
Instructional staff 147,531 252,926 279,574 (26,648) Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over (under) revenues 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (440,894) Other financing sources (uses): Advances (out) - 126,640 126,640 - Advances (out) - - (32,803) (32,803) Total other financing sou						
Board of education 55,839 104,862 109,448 (4,586) Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance. 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central. 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities. 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over (under) revenues 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (440,894) Other financing sources (uses): Advances (out) - 126,640 126,640 - - Advances (out) - - (32,803) (32,803) Total other financing sources (uses) - 126,640 93,837 (32,803) Net change in fund balance					` , ,	
Administration. 861,386 710,411 879,611 (169,200) Fiscal 237,653 280,926 321,859 (40,933) Operations and maintenance. 640,484 787,936 820,722 (32,786) Pupil transportation 354,198 471,926 483,835 (11,909) Central. 6,260 6,103 5,899 204 Extracurricular activities. 192,535 244,587 280,381 (35,794) Total expenditures 6,936,328 8,970,709 9,629,055 (658,346) Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over (under) revenues 1,319,322 10,941 (429,953) (440,894) Other financing sources (uses): Advances (out) - 126,640 126,640 - Advances (out) - - (32,803) (32,803) Total other financing sources (uses) - 126,640 93,837 (32,803) Net change in fund balance 1,319,322 137,581 (336,116) (473,697) Fund balance at beginning of yea			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	` ' '	
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Other financing sources (uses): Advances in	Excess (deficiency) of expenditures					
Advances in	over (under) revenues	1,319,32	2 10,941	(429,953)	(440,894)	
Advances (out)	Other financing sources (uses):					
Total other financing sources (uses) - 126,640 93,837 (32,803) Net change in fund balance 1,319,322 137,581 (336,116) (473,697) Fund balance at beginning of year 294,462 294,462 294,462 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 42,518 42,518 42,518 -	Advances in		- 126,640	126,640	-	
Total other financing sources (uses) - 126,640 93,837 (32,803) Net change in fund balance 1,319,322 137,581 (336,116) (473,697) Fund balance at beginning of year 294,462 294,462 294,462 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 42,518 42,518 42,518 -	Advances (out)			(32,803)	(32,803)	
Fund balance at beginning of year 294,462 294,462 294,462 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 42,518 42,518 42,518 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		- 126,640	93,837	(32,803)	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 42,518 42,518 -	Net change in fund balance	1,319,32	2 137,581	(336,116)	(473,697)	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 42,518 42,518 -	Fund balance at beginning of year	294,46	2 294,462	294,462	-	
		42,51			-	
	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,656,30	2 \$ 474,561	\$ 864	\$ (473,697)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	93,157	\$	64,378
Receivables:				
Accrued interest		15		
Total assets		93,172	\$	64,378
Liabilities:				
Due to students		<u>-</u>	\$	64,378
Total liabilities			\$	64,378
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		93,172		
Total net position	\$	93,172		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust	
A 3.3:4:	Sch	olarship
Additions: Interest	\$	208
Total additions.	Ψ	208
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		6,500
Change in net position		(6,292)
Net position at beginning of year		99,464
Net position at end of year	\$	93,172

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Woodmore Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1968. The District serves an area of approximately sixty-seven square miles. It is located in Sandusky and Ottawa Counties and includes all of the Village of Woodville and the Village of Elmore. It is staffed by 44 classified employees, 72 certified teaching personnel and 10 administrative employees who provide services to 1,120 students and other community members. The District currently operates an elementary school and a middle/high school.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA) is a jointly governed organization among thirty-eight school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The NOECA assembly consists of a superintendent from each participating school district and a representative from the fiscal agent. NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the NOECA Assembly. The Board of Directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and two Assembly members from each county in which participating school districts are limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2014, the District paid \$17,431 to NOECA for services. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Betty Schwiefert, who serves as controller, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The research council is a jointly governed organization which serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. During fiscal year 2014, the District paid no fees to the Council.

Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG)

The BACG is a jointly governed organization. Members of the BACG consist of twenty-six school districts representing seven counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood and Crawford). The BACG was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the council of governments are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the District is an administrative charge if they participate in purchasing through the BACG. The BACG consists of the superintendent of each participating school district. The Board of Directors of the BACG consist of one elected representative of each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and two non-voting members (administrator and fiscal officer). Members of the Board serve staggered two-year terms. Financial information is available from the North Point Educational Service Center (fiscal agent), at 2900 S. Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Penta Career Center

Penta Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a nine member Board of Education consisting of a representative from the participating school districts' elected Boards. The Board consists of one representative from each exempted village and/or city school district: Bowling Green, Maumee, Perrysburg and Rossford; one representative from each of the three least populous counties: Fulton, Ottawa, and Sandusky; and one representative from each of the most populous counties: Lucas and Wood. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from Carrie Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, 9301 Buck Road, Perrsyburg, Ohio 43551-4594.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan")

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The San-Ott School Employees Welfare Benefit Association (the "Association")

The District participates in a shared risk pool, with participants from Sandusky and Ottawa counties. The Association is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participant (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the consortium. All consortium revenues are generated from charges for services. Financial information can be obtained by writing to San-Ott Consortium, Bill Nye, Treasurer of Genoa Area Local School District, 9451 E. Harbor Road, Lakeside, Ohio 43440.

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority ("SORSA")

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code - Non-profit Corporations and functioning under the authority granted by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member school districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons which might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers. The District paid \$51,559 for these services to SORSA in fiscal year 2014.

A nine-person Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of SORSA and is elected annually by the members of the pool. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents, treasurers, or business managers from the participating school districts. Willis Pooling administers the pool and Fran Gates Service Company manages the claims. Financial information can be obtained from Willis Pooling, 655 Metro Place South, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Harris-Elmore Public Library

The Harris-Elmore Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Woodmore Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from Georgia Huizenga, who serves as Clerk/Treasurer, 328 Toledo Street, Elmore, Ohio 43416.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - The classroom facilities capital projects fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC) for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, classroom materials and fees and other local revenues.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2014, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2014 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Sandusky County Budget Commission for tax rate determination. The Sandusky County Commissioners waived this requirement for 2014.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2014.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 6. Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid. However, the District elected to budget these temporary resources anyway.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2014; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to federal agency securities, corporate bonds, negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, money market accounts and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments in STAR Ohio are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2014. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$2,553, which includes \$2,501 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. During fiscal year 2014, the District maintained a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivable/payable". Receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds". Receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans from the general fund to cover negative cash balances in other governmental funds are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2014, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2014 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital leases and general obligation bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service operations, the VLA program and school bus purchases.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

At fiscal year end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is considered nonspendable in an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

O. Nonpublic Schools

Within the boundaries of the District, Solomon Lutheran is operated through the District as a parochial school. State Legislation provides funding to this parochial school. The District receives the money and then disburses the money as directed by the parochial school. These transactions are reported in a nonmajor governmental fund of the District.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and investments set-aside to establish a school bus purchases set-aside. These set-asides are required by State statute. A schedule of statutory set-asides is presented in Note 17.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. The District had no interfund transfers during fiscal year 2014.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had neither type of occurrence during fiscal year 2014.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees".

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
VLA program	\$ 21,608
District managed student activities	5,553
Management information system	142
IDEA part-B	19,692
Title I - disadvantaged children	3,473
IDEA preschool	659
Improving teacher quality	397

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than five years from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$5,095 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,629,079. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2014, \$1,135,040 of the District's bank balance of \$2,746,555 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,611,515 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment				
		Maturities				
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater Than
Investment type	Fair Value	less	months	months	months	24 months
Commercial Paper	\$ 2,997,648	\$ 2,997,648	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Negotiable CDs	490,424	490,424	-	-	-	-
FHLB	1,602,816	-	1,602,816	-	-	-
FHLMC	300,582	-	-	300,582	-	-
FNMA	237,050	-	-	-	237,050	-
Money market funds	3,370,579	3,370,579	-	-	-	-
STAR Ohio	34,823	34,823				
Total	\$ 9,033,922	\$ 6,893,474	\$ 1,602,816	\$ 300,582	\$ 237,050	\$ -

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.30 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio Law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in corporate bonds were rated A-1 and P-1 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively the District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and money market funds were not rated. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2014:

Investment type	Fair Value	% of Total
Corporate bonds	\$ 2,997,648	33.18%
Negotiable CDs	490,424	5.43%
FHLB	1,602,816	17.74%
FHLMC	300,582	3.33%
FNMA	237,050	2.62%
Money market funds	3,370,579	37.31%
STAR Ohio	34,823	0.39%
Total	\$ 9,033,922	100.00%

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	2,629,079
Investments		9,033,922
Cash on hand	_	5,095
Total	\$	11,668,096
Cash and investments per statement of net posit	<u>ion</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	11,510,561
Private-purpose trust fund		93,157
Agency fund	_	64,378
Total	\$	11,668,096

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2014, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable funds	<u>Amount</u>
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 32,804

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2014 are reported on the statement of net position.

B. Long-term advances to/from other funds at June 30, 2014 as reported on the fund statements, consisted of the following:

Receivable fund	Payable funds	<u>Amount</u>
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$36,735

Advances to and from other funds are long-term loans and are not expected to be repaid within one year.

Advances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

C. Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2014, consisted of the following due to/from other funds, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Due to the general fund from:	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 17,339

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover negative cash balances in the governmental funds. These negative cash balances are not allowable as they do not meet the criteria of Ohio Revised Code Section 3315.20(A). These interfund balances are expected to be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Sandusky and Ottawa Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$657,978 in the general fund, \$110,642 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$60,694 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$10,158 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2013 was \$635,361 in the general fund, \$77,226 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$68,645 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$5,983 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

	2013 Second Half Collections		2014 Fir Half Collect		
	_	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	138,456,340 5,890,070	95.92 4.08	\$ 138,335,250 6,432,300	95.56 4.44
Total	\$	144,346,410	100.00	\$ 144,767,550	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$55.13		\$55.58	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of property taxes, accounts, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 5,363,000
Accounts	3,481
Accrued interest	4,871
Intergovernmental	 2,283,638
Total	\$ 7,654,990

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. An intergovernmental receivable in the amount of \$2,076,201 reported in the classroom facilities fund is expected to be collected over the life of the OFCC project. All other receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/13	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 06/30/14
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Φ 174516	Ф	Φ.	Φ 17451 <i>C</i>
Land	\$ 174,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,516
Construction in progress	829,188	9,758,307		10,587,495
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,003,704	9,758,307		10,762,011
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	623,301	4,832	-	628,133
Buildings and improvements	10,051,088	-	(4,884)	10,046,204
Furniture and equipment	1,543,132	62,192	(17,796)	1,587,528
Vehicles	1,006,504	82,066	(39,518)	1,049,052
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	13,224,025	149,090	(62,198)	13,310,917
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(553,083)	(12,693)	-	(565,776)
Buildings and improvements	(5,046,079)	(234,833)	4,884	(5,276,028)
Furniture and equipment	(1,288,587)	(61,670)	11,869	(1,338,388)
Vehicles	(658,786)	(66,184)	39,518	(685,452)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,546,535)	(375,380)	56,271	(7,865,644)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,681,194	\$9,532,017	\$ (5,927)	\$16,207,284

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 146,185
Special	789
Vocational	3,501
Support services:	
Pupil	9,136
Instructional staff	8,741
Board of education	3,707
Administration	52,840
Operations and maintenance	28,423
Pupil transportation	79,581
Extracurricular activities	7,508
Food service operations	 34,969
Total depreciation expense	\$ 375,380

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior fiscal years, the District entered into capitalized leases for copiers and computer equipment. These lease agreements met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Copier equipment acquired by lease have been originally capitalized in the amount of \$167,856, which represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A liability of \$51,952 at June 30, 2014 has been recorded in the statement of net position. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2014 was \$123,573, leaving a current book value of \$44,283. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2014 totaled \$16,197 and \$2,933, respectively, paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u>A</u>	mount
2015	\$	19,131
2016		19,131
2017		17,535
Total minimum lease payments		55,797
Less: Amount representing interest		(3,845)
Total	\$	51,952

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2014, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

Governmental activities:	_	Balance 06/30/13	-	Increases	<u>1</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	_	Balance 06/30/14	-	Amount Due in One Year
General obligation bonds										
Series 2012 A - Facilities and School Improvement										
Current interest bonds	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	(10,000)	\$	20,000	\$	10,000
Term bonds		13,245,000		-		-		13,245,000		-
Capital appreciation bonds		224,834		-		-		224,834		-
Accreted interest		22,638		66,218		-		88,856		-
Series 2012 B - Facilities and School Improvement										
Current interest bonds		280,000		-		(125,000)		155,000		-
Term bonds		1,810,000		-		-		1,810,000		-
Capital appreciation bonds		119,988		-		-		119,988		74,506
Accreted interest		10,929		31,509				42,438		50,494
Total General obligation bonds		15,743,389	_	97,727	_	(135,000)		15,706,116	_	135,000
Capital lease obligation Compensated absences		68,149 752,054		47,611		(16,197) (210,968)		51,952 588,697		16,197 75,833
Total	\$	16,563,592	\$	145,338	\$	(362,165)	\$	16,346,765	\$	227,030

Capital lease obligations: Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund (See Note 9).

<u>Compensated absences:</u> Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which for the District, is primarily the general fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

General Obligation Classroom Facilities and School Improvement Bonds - Series 2012: On August 22, 2012, the District issued series 2012 general obligation classroom facilities and school improvement bonds (Series 2012) to provide long-term financing of constructing, adding to, renovating, remodeling, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving District buildings and facilities, including, constructing, furnishing and equipping a new elementary/middle school as may be required for participation in the State of Ohio Exceptional Needs School Facilities Assistance Program, and acquiring, improving, clearing and equipping the sites thereof. The issuance and the sale of the District's \$15,709,822 general obligation classroom facilities and school improvement bonds consisted of \$13,499,834 classroom facilities and school improvement series 2012A unlimited tax bonds and \$2,209,988 classroom facilities and school improvement series 2012B unlimited tax bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Series 2012A bond issue is comprised of both current interest bonds (consisting of \$30,000 of serial bonds and ten term bonds ranging from \$150,000 to \$3,345,000) and six capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$22,945, \$65,335, \$51,458, \$43,115, \$33,957 and \$8,024. The interest rate on the current interest serial bonds is 2.000% and the term bonds ranged from 2.750% to 4.000%. The bonds were issued for a thirty eight year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2050. The bonds will be retired through the debt service fund. The six capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2018 through December 1, 2023 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. All six capital appreciation bonds bear an approximate compounding interest rate of 25.360%. The accreted value at maturity for the six capital appreciation bonds is \$65,000, \$235,000, \$235,000, \$250,000, \$250,000 and \$75,000. Total accreted interest of \$88,856 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

The Series 2012B bond issue is comprised of both current interest bonds (consisting of \$280,000 of serial bonds and four term bonds ranging from \$235,000 to \$995,000) and two capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$74,506 and \$45,482. The interest rate on the current interest serial bonds ranges from 2.000% to 2.125% and the term bonds range from 3.625% to 4.250%. The bonds were issued for a thirty eight year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2050. The bonds will be retired through the debt service fund. The two capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2017 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. Both capital appreciation bonds bear an approximate compounding interest rate of 23.160%. The accreted value at maturity for the two capital appreciation bonds is \$125,000 and \$95,000. Total accreted interest of \$42,438 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

Interest payments on the serial and term current interest bonds are due on July 15 and January 15 of each year. The final maturity stated in both of the issues is January 15, 2050.

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$5,122,327 in unspent bond proceeds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the District's future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2013 general obligation refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	Current Inter	est S	Serial Bonds -	Serie	es 2012A	Current Inter	est T	Гегт Bonds -Sei	ies	2012A
Ending June 30, 2014	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	Principal		Interest		Total
2015	\$ 10,000	\$	488,563	\$	498,563	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
2016	10,000		488,363		498,363	-		_		-
2017	-		488,162		488,162	-		-		-
2018	-		488,163		488,163	-		-		-
2019	-		488,163		488,163	-		-		-
2020 - 2024	-		976,325		976,325	710,000		1,447,301		2,157,301
2025 - 2029	-		-		-	1,565,000		2,250,421		3,815,421
2030 - 2034	-		-		-	1,915,000		1,974,870		3,889,870
2035 - 2039	-		-		-	2,310,000		1,595,000		3,905,000
2040 - 2044	-		-		-	2,780,000		1,126,875		3,906,875
2045 - 2049	-		-		-	3,270,000		538,000		3,808,000
2050	 				<u>-</u>	 695,000	_	27,800	_	722,800
Total	\$ 20,000	\$	3,417,739	\$	3,437,739	\$ 13,245,000	\$	8,960,267	\$	22,205,267
Fiscal Year	Capital App	recia	ation Bonds -	Serie	s 2012A	<u>T</u> -	otal	- Series 2012A		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2014	Capital App Principal	recia	ntion Bonds - Interest	<u>Serie</u>	s 2012A Total	To Principal	<u>otal</u>	- Series 2012A Interest		Total
	\$ 	<u>recia</u> - \$		<u>Serie</u> \$		\$ 	otal \$		\$	Total 498,563
Ending June 30, 2014	\$ 	-				\$ Principal		Interest	\$	
Ending June 30, 2014 2015	\$ 	-				\$ Principal 10,000		<u>Interest</u> 488,563	\$	498,563
Ending June 30, 2014 2015 2016	\$ Principal -	-	Interest -		Total -	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000		<u>Interest</u> 488,563 488,363	\$	498,563 498,363
Ending June 30, 2014 2015 2016 2017	\$ <u>Principal</u> 22,945	-	Interest 42,055		Total - - 65,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945		Interest 488,563 488,363 530,217	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162
Ending June 30, 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$ Principal - 22,945 65,335	-	1nterest - 42,055 169,665		Total - 65,000 235,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945 65,335		<u>Interest</u> 488,563 488,363 530,217 657,828	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162 723,163
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ Principal - 22,945 65,335 51,458	-	- 42,055 169,665 183,542		Total 65,000 235,000 235,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945 65,335 51,458		1nterest 488,563 488,363 530,217 657,828 671,705	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162 723,163 723,163
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 - 2024	\$ Principal - 22,945 65,335 51,458	-	- 42,055 169,665 183,542		Total 65,000 235,000 235,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945 65,335 51,458 795,096		1nterest 488,563 488,363 530,217 657,828 671,705 2,913,530	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162 723,163 723,163 3,708,626
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 - 2024 2025 - 2029	\$ Principal - 22,945 65,335 51,458	-	- 42,055 169,665 183,542		Total 65,000 235,000 235,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945 65,335 51,458 795,096 1,565,000		188,563 488,363 530,217 657,828 671,705 2,913,530 2,250,421	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162 723,163 723,163 3,708,626 3,815,421
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 - 2024 2025 - 2029 2030 - 2034	\$ Principal - 22,945 65,335 51,458	-	- 42,055 169,665 183,542		Total 65,000 235,000 235,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945 65,335 51,458 795,096 1,565,000 1,915,000		188,563 488,363 530,217 657,828 671,705 2,913,530 2,250,421 1,974,870	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162 723,163 723,163 3,708,626 3,815,421 3,889,870
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 - 2024 2025 - 2029 2030 - 2034 2035 - 2039	\$ Principal - 22,945 65,335 51,458	-	- 42,055 169,665 183,542		Total 65,000 235,000 235,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945 65,335 51,458 795,096 1,565,000 1,915,000 2,310,000		188,563 488,363 530,217 657,828 671,705 2,913,530 2,250,421 1,974,870 1,595,000	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162 723,163 723,163 3,708,626 3,815,421 3,889,870 3,905,000
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 - 2024 2025 - 2029 2030 - 2034 2035 - 2039 2040 - 2044	\$ Principal - 22,945 65,335 51,458	-	- 42,055 169,665 183,542		Total 65,000 235,000 235,000	\$ Principal 10,000 10,000 22,945 65,335 51,458 795,096 1,565,000 1,915,000 2,310,000 2,780,000		188,563 488,363 530,217 657,828 671,705 2,913,530 2,250,421 1,974,870 1,595,000 1,126,875	\$	498,563 498,363 553,162 723,163 723,163 3,708,626 3,815,421 3,889,870 3,905,000 3,906,875

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Fiscal Year		Current Inter	rest	Serial Bonds -	Seri	es 2012B	Current Inter	est T	Term Bonds -Ser	ies 2	2012B
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	-	Total	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	_	Total
2015	\$	-	\$	77,122	\$	77,122	\$ _	\$	-	\$	_
2016		30,000		77,125		107,125	-		-		-
2017		80,000		76,525		156,525	-		-		-
2018		15,000		74,925		89,925	-		-		-
2019		15,000		74,625		89,625	-		-		-
2020 - 2024		15,000		74,325		89,325	65,000		292,763		357,763
2025 - 2029		_		-		-	95,000		351,725		446,725
2030 - 2034		_		-		-	135,000		331,856		466,856
2035 - 2039		_		-		-	275,000		296,238		571,238
2040 - 2044		_		-		-	445,000		227,613		672,613
2045 - 2049		_		-		-	650,000		115,601		765,601
2050	_	<u>-</u>	_				 145,000		6,162		151,162
Total	\$	155,000	\$	454,647	\$	609,647	\$ 1,810,000	\$	1,621,958	\$	3,431,958
Fiscal Year		Capital App	reci	ation Bonds -	Serie	es 2012B	<u>T</u> -	otal	- Series 2012B		
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	Principal		Interest	_	Total

Fiscal Year	Capital Appreciation Bonds - Series 2012B						Total - Series 2012B					
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	_	Total
2015	\$	74,506	\$	50,494	\$	125,000	\$	74,506	\$	127,616	\$	202,122
2016		45,482		49,518		95,000		75,482		126,643		202,125
2017		-		-		-		80,000		76,525		156,525
2018		-		-		-		15,000		74,925		89,925
2019		-		-		-		15,000		74,625		89,625
2020 - 2024		-		-		-		80,000		367,088		447,088
2025 - 2029		-		-		-		95,000		351,725		446,725
2030 - 2034		-		-		-		135,000		331,856		466,856
2035 - 2039		-		-		-		275,000		296,238		571,238
2040 - 2044		-		-		-		445,000		227,613		672,613
2045 - 2049		-		-		-		650,000		115,601		765,601
2050				_		<u>-</u>	_	145,000		6,162		151,162
Total	\$	119,988	\$	100,012	\$	220,000	\$	2,084,988	\$	2,176,617	\$	4,261,605

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effect of these debt limitations at June 30, 2014, is an unvoted debt margin of \$144,768.

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred ninety days for certified and classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of accumulated unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 72.5 days for all employees.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (See Note 2.A.) for the following insurance coverage:

Coverage provided by Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing (SORSA) is as follows:

\$45,835,229
1,250,000
1,000,000
10,700
12,000,000
5,000
25,000
2,000,000
4,000,000
2,000,000
2,000,000
9

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Medical/Dental Insurance

The District participates in the San-Ott School Employees Welfare Benefit Association (the "Association"), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of nine local school districts (See Note 2.A). The District pays monthly premiums to the Association for employee medical and dental insurance benefits. The Association is responsible for the management and operation of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Association, a participant is responsible for the payment of all liabilities to its employees, dependents and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. Life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance are provided through Hartford Insurance Company.

C. Workers' Compensation Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan.

The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$174,706, \$176,753 and \$161,400, respectively; 83.89 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$629,538, \$627,634 and \$599,112, respectively; 82.18 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$21,181, \$20,529 and \$25,823, respectively; 83.89 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$10,136, \$9,985 and \$9,532, respectively; 83.89 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$48,426, \$48,280 and \$46,086, respectively; 82.18 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to restricted, assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – (Continued)

- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	(336,116)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		21,338
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		104,082
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(93,837)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		12,043
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	74,408
GAAP basis	\$	(218,082)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the special rotary fund, the public school support fund and the District agency fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES – (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	191,223
Current year offsets	 (191,223)
Total	\$
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2015	\$
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$

In addition to the above statutory set-asides, the District also has \$430 in monies restricted for school bus purchases.

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Yea	r-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encum	brances
General fund	\$	56,259
Classroom facilities		83,609
Other governmental		56,708
Total	\$	196,576

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Grant Year	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education								
Child Nutrition Cluster								
National School Lunch Program Summer Lunch Program	2014 2014	10.555 10.559	\$ 96,245 9,197	\$ 17,001 -	\$ 96,245 9,197	\$ 17,001 -		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			105,442	17,001	105,442	17,001		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			105,442	17,001	105,442	17,001		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education								
Title I - Migrant Education								
Title I Migrant Education - State Grant Program Title I Migrant Education - State Grant Program	2013 2014	84.011 84.011	273,073 198,710	- -	272,623 176,464			
Total Title I - Migrant Education			471,783	-	449,087	-		
Title I								
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	2013 2014	84.010 84.010	15,939 109,839	-	15,373 107,477	-		
Total Title I			125,778	-	122,850	-		
Special Education Cluster								
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Part B	2013	84.027	55,568	-	55,061	-		
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Part B	2014	84.027	233,086	-	229,718	-		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	2013	84.173	404	-	404	-		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	2014	84.173	3,990		4,137			
Total Special Education Cluster			293,048	-	289,320	-		
Improving Teacher Quality								
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2013	84.367	11,555	-	11,615	-		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2014	84.367	15,919		16,235			
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			27,474	-	27,850	-		
ARRA-Race to the Top	2014	84.395	1,050					
Total U.S. Department of Education			919,133		889,107			
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$ 1,024,575	\$ 17,001	\$ 994,549	\$ 17,001		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Woodmore Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County 349 Rice Street Elmore, Ohio 43416

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodmore Local School District, Sandusky County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2014-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Woodmore Local School District
Sandusky County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 30, 2015.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding is identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. January 30, 2015

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County 349 Rice Street Elmore, Ohio 43416

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Woodmore Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Woodmore Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which OMB Circular A-133 requires us to report, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2014-002. This finding did not require us to modify our compliance opinion on the major federal program.

The District's response to our noncompliance finding is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on the major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

January 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster - CFDA #84.027 & #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2014-001 - Material Weakness

Bank Reconciliation

A necessary step in the internal control over financial reporting is to prove both the balance of the bank and the balance of cash and investments in the accounting records. Bank reconciliation means accounting for the differences between the balance on the bank statements and the cash and investment balances according to the entity's records at a specific point in time.

In 2014, the District did not fully reconcile the investment balances of the bank to the USAS records of the District. The investment balances were reconciled and posted to the trial balances when the GAAP conversion was performed.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS – continued OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS – continued

Finding Number 2014-001 - Material Weakness - continued

Without complete and accurate monthly bank reconciliations, including investment balances the District's internal control is significantly weakened which could hinder the timely detection of errors or irregularities by the District's management. In addition, the District's management and governing board are not provided with timely fiscal information that is vital to the continued operation, budgeting and decision making process of the District.

The District should prepare accurate monthly bank reconciliations in a timely manner, which includes all bank accounts and investment accounts. All unreconciled differences and fluctuations in carrying values of investments should be investigated and appropriately adjusted as quickly as possible so accurate balances are presented.

Management Response:

The District has worked with a third party to reconcile the books and will continue to perform bank reconciliations on a regular basis.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	2014-002
CFDA Title and Number	Title I – Migrant Education, CFDA 84.011
Federal Award Number / Year	2013
Federal Agency	U.S. Department of Education
Pass-Through Agency	Ohio Department of Education

Noncompliance/Questioned Cost

Title I Migrant - Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

2 C.F.R. Part 225, Appendix A(c)(1) requires, in part, that to be allowable under federal awards, costs must be adequately documented.

Costs were directly charged to the Title I – Migrant Education program for bus usage, utilities and supplies totaling \$19,423 for which no supporting documentation could be produced to authenticate the allowability of charges. It is the responsibility of the District to determine the allowability of costs charged to federal programs and properly document the items for reference. It is also the responsibility of the District to ensure that amounts requested for reimbursement be requested on an on-going basis for proper cash flow purposes. The District made one drawdown for these amounts yearly.

We recommend that the District maintain adequate records for amounts requested for federal reimbursement and perform the drawdown requests monthly based on actual costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS – continued OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number 2014-002 - continued

Management Response:

Per communication with the Treasurer on August 24, 2015, the District will maintain adequate records for all costs. Furthermore, the District will perform drawdown requests on actual costs.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2014

The prior audit report, for the year ended June 30, 2013, reported no material citations or recommendations.



WOODMORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SANDUSKY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 8, 2015