



FORT FRYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position- Cash Basis	5
Statement of Activities- Cash Basis	6
Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Assets and Fund Balances- Cash Basis Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities- Cash Basis	8
Statement of Revenues, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances- Cash Basis Governmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities- Cash Basis	10
Statement of Revenues, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund	11
Statement of Fund Net Position- Cash Basis Proprietary Fund	12
Statement of Revenues, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Position- Cash Basis Proprietary Funds	13
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	47
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	48
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	49
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	51
Schedule of Findings	

FORT FRYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

PAGE

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	59
Corrective Action Plan	61



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Fort Frye Local School District Washington County PO Box 1149 Beverly, Ohio 45715

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fort Frye Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter. Fort Frye Local School District Washington County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Fort Frye Local School District Washington County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 19, 2024, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

talu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 19, 2024

This page intentionally left blank.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2023

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	26,438,433
Restricted cash		178
Total assets	\$	26,438,611
Net position:		
Restricted for:		
State funded programs	\$	419,594
Federally funded programs		400,001
Food service operations		369,523
Student activities		137,247
Other purposes		45,874
Unrestricted		25,066,372
Total net position	\$	26,438,611

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Prog	ram Receipts			F	Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
	Di	sbursements		arges for ces and Sales	-	ating Grants		oital Grants Contributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		soursements	Servi	ces and Sales		ontributions	anu (Then villes
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	5,436,143	\$	44,096	\$	70,313	\$	327,648	\$	(4,994,086)
Special		2,719,978		288,400		906,018		-		(1,525,560)
Vocational		328,387		-		72,950		-		(255,437)
Other		1		-		-		-		(1)
Support services:										~ /
Pupil		527,303		-		185,272		-		(342,031)
Instructional staff		760,076		-		71,191		172,352		(516,533)
Board of education		57,456		-		-		-		(57,456)
Administration		1,374,040		-		-		-		(1,374,040)
Fiscal		713,599		-		-		-		(713,599)
Business		50,810		-		-		-		(50,810)
Operations and maintenance		1,567,061		-		5,191		-		(1,561,870)
Pupil transportation		1,228,682		-		65,348		-		(1,163,334)
Central		193,398		-		-		-		(193,398)
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations		733,424		201,490		444,476		-		(87,458)
Other non-instructional services		107,226		-		100,402		-		(6,824)
Extracurricular activities		519,115		340,342		9,103		-		(169,670)
Facilities acquisition and construction		3,222,992		-		-		-		(3,222,992)
Total governmental activities	\$	19,539,691	\$	874,328	\$	1,930,264	\$	500,000		(16,235,099)
			Prope Ger Grant	ral receipts: erty taxes levies neral purposes and entitlemo	ents not	restricted				8,522,159
			to sp	ecific program	s					4,999,439
			Inves	tment earnings						687,843
			Misce	ellaneous						21,504
			Total	general receip	s					14,230,945
			Chan	ge in net positi	on					(2,004,154)
			Net p	osition at beg	nning	of year				28,442,765
			Net p	osition at end	of year				\$	26,438,611

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General	-	Permanent nprovement	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$ 13,707,773	\$	11,440,657	\$ 1,175,888	\$	26,324,318
Restricted assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	 178		-	 -		178
Total assets	\$ 13,707,951	\$	11,440,657	\$ 1,175,888	\$	26,324,496
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Unclaimed monies	\$ 178	\$	-	\$ -	\$	178
Restricted:						
Food service operations	-		-	369,523		369,523
Non-public schools	-		-	33,190		33,190
State funded programs	-		-	386,404		386,404
Federally funded programs	-		-	400,234		400,234
Extracurricular	-		-	137,247		137,247
Other purposes	-		-	45,463		45,463
Assigned:						
Student instruction	57,185		-	-		57,185
Student and staff support	99,771		-	-		99,771
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,343,386		-	-		1,343,386
Capital projects	-		11,440,657	-		11,440,657
Other purposes	52,050		-	-		52,050
Unassigned (deficit)	 12,155,381		-	 (196,173)		11,959,208
Total fund balances	\$ 13,707,951	\$	11,440,657	\$ 1,175,888	\$	26,324,496

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2023

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 26,324,496
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:	
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets of the internal service fund are included in	
governmental activities on the statement of net position.	 114,115
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 26,438,611

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Receipt: S		General	Permanent Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Receipts:				
Investment earnings 687,843 - - 687,843 Fution and fees 332,496 - - 332,496 Charges for services - - 201,490 201,490 Contributions and donations 3,480 - 72,540 76,020 Miscellaneous 18,024 - 1 18,025 Total receipts 15,342,143 - 2,193,394 17,535,537 Disbursements: - 130,027 5,315,400 Special 2,207,142 - 480,246 2,687,388 Vocational 322,373 - 1,031 323,404 - 1 1 Support services: 1 - - 1 1 - 1 1 Pupil 512,583 - 8,061 520,644 1 1346,343 - 1,346,343 - 1,346,343 - 1,346,343 - 1,346,343 - 1,346,343 - 1,346,343 - 1,346,343 - 1,3	Property taxes	\$ 8,522,159	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,522,159
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Intergovernmental	5,721,264	-	1,635,898	7,357,162
Extracurricular 56,877 - 283,465 340,342 Charges for services - - 201,490 201,490 Contributions and donations 3,480 - 72,540 76,020 Miscellaneous 18,024 - 1 18,025 Total receipts 15,342,143 - 2,193,394 17,535,537 Disbursements: Current: - 133,027 5,315,400 Special 2,207,142 - 480,246 2,687,388 Vocational 322,373 - 1,031 323,404 Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - 1,346,343 - - 5,486,343 Pupil 512,583 - 8,061 520,644 1 1,346,343 - - 1,346,343 - - 5,182 703,381 - - 5,182 703,381 - - 50,810 - - 50,810 - - 193,398	Investment earnings	687,843	-	-	687,843
Charges for services - - 201,490 201,490 Contributions and donations 3,480 - 72,540 76,020 Miscellaneous 18,024 - 1 18,025 Total receipts 15,342,143 - 2,193,394 17,535,537 Disbursements: - 2,193,394 17,535,537 - Distrements: - 2,07,142 - 480,246 2,687,388 Vocational 322,373 - 1,031 323,404 Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - 1 - - Pupil 512,583 - 8,061 520,644 Instructional staff 603,575 - 146,543 750,118 Board of education 57,456 - - 703,381 Dyperations and maintenance 1,534,733 - 17,139 1551,872 Pupil transportation 1,101,775 12,384 90,000 1,204,159	Tuition and fees	332,496	-	-	332,496
Charges for services - - 201,490 201,490 Contributions and donations 3,480 - 1 18,025 Total receipts 15,342,143 - 2,193,394 17,535,537 Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Rgular 5,182,373 - 133,027 5,315,400 Special 2,207,142 - 480,246 2,687,388 Vocational 322,373 - 1,031 323,404 Other 1 - - 1,346,343 - - 50,810 - - 50,810 - - 50,810 - -	Extracurricular	56,877	-	283,465	340,342
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Charges for services	-	-	201,490	201,490
Miscellaneous 18,024 1 18,025 Total receipts 15,342,143 - 2,193,394 17,535,537 Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,182,373 - 133,027 5,315,400 Special 2,207,142 - 480,246 2,687,388 Vocational 322,373 - 1,031 323,404 Other 1 - - 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 323,404 0 0 - 5,061 520,664 1 53,7456 - - 57,456 - - 50,810 - - 50,810 - - 50,810 - - 50,810 -		3.480	-	72,540	
Total receipts 15.342,143 $ 2,193,394$ $17,535,537$ Disbursements: Instruction: Regular $5,182,373$ $ 133,027$ $5,315,400$ Special $2,207,142$ $ 480,246$ $2,687,388$ Vocational $322,373$ $ 1,031$ $323,404$ Other 1 $ 1$ Support services: $ 1$ $ -$ Pupil $512,583$ $ 8,061$ $520,644$ Instructional staff $603,575$ $ 146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ $ 57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ $ 50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ $ 193,398$ $ 193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services $ 722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$		· · · · ·	-		· · · · ·
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			-		
Instruction: Regular 5,182,373 - 133,027 5,315,400 Special 2,207,142 - 480,246 2,687,388 Vocational 322,373 - 1,031 323,404 Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - 1 - - 1 Pupil 512,583 - 8,061 520,644 Instructional staff 603,575 - 146,543 750,118 Board of education 57,456 - - 77,456 Administration 1,346,343 - - 703,381 Business 50,810 - - 50,810 Operations and maintenance 1,534,733 - 17,139 1,551,872 Pupil transportation 1,101,775 12,384 90,000 1,204,159 Central 193,398 - - 107,226 107,226 Food service operations - 72,142 72,142 72,142 Facilities acquisition and construction 874,016 2,348,976 -	Disbursements:				
Regular $5,182,373$ - $133,027$ $5,315,400$ Special $2,207,142$ - $480,246$ $2,687,388$ Vocational $322,373$ - $1,031$ $323,404$ Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - 1 - - 1 Pupil $512,583$ - $8,061$ $520,644$ Instructional staff $603,575$ - $146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ - - $703,381$ Fiscal 703,381 - - $703,381$ Business $50,810$ - - $50,810$ Operation and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central 193,398 - - $193,398$ - 193,292 Other non-instructional services 2,24,110 - <t></t>	Current:				
Special $2,207,142$ - $480,246$ $2,687,388$ Vocational $322,373$ - $1,031$ $323,404$ Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - - 1 Pupil $512,583$ - $8,061$ $520,644$ Instructional staff $603,575$ - $146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ - - $57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ - - $703,381$ Business $50,810$ - - $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central 193,398 - - $193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services - - $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services 2 2 $107,226$ $107,226$	Instruction:				
Vocational $322,373$ - $1,031$ $323,404$ Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - 1 - - 1 Pupil $512,583$ - $8,061$ $520,644$ Instructional staff $603,575$ - $146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ - - $57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ - - $1346,343$ Fiscal $703,381$ - - $703,381$ Business $50,810$ - - $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central 193,398 - - $193,398$ - - Operation of non-instructional services - - $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services 224,110 - 295,002 $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and c	Regular	5,182,373	-	133,027	5,315,400
Vocational $322,373$ - $1,031$ $323,404$ Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - 1 - - 1 Pupil $512,583$ - $8,061$ $520,644$ Instructional staff $603,575$ - $146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ - - $57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ - - $1346,343$ Fiscal $703,381$ - - $703,381$ Business $50,810$ - - $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central 193,398 - - $193,398$ - - Operation of non-instructional services - - $722,142$ $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services 224,110 - 295,002 $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and c	Special		-	480,246	2,687,388
Other 1 - - 1 Support services: - 1 - - 1 Pupil 512,583 - 8,061 520,644 Instructional staff 603,575 - 146,543 750,118 Board of education 57,456 - - 57,456 Administration 1,346,343 - - 1,346,343 Fiscal 703,381 - - 703,381 Business 50,810 - - 50,810 Operations and maintenance 1,534,733 - 17,139 1,551,872 Pupil transportation 1,101,775 12,384 90,000 1,204,159 Central 193,398 - - 193,398 Operation of non-instructional services: - 722,142 722,142 Other non-instructional services - - 107,226 107,226 Extracurricular activities 224,110 - 295,002 519,112 Facilhties acq	-		-		323,404
Pupil $512,583$ - $8,061$ $520,644$ Instructional staff $603,575$ - $146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ $57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ $1346,543$ Fiscal $703,381$ $703,381$ Business $50,810$ $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central $193,398$ $193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services:- $722,142$ $722,142$ Food service operations $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services $107,226$ $107,226$ Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses):Transfers in- $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Total disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,000,000)$ Advances (out) $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Total disbursements $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,$	Other		-	-	
Pupil $512,583$ - $8,061$ $520,644$ Instructional staff $603,575$ - $146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ $57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ $1346,543$ Fiscal $703,381$ $703,381$ Business $50,810$ $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central $193,398$ $193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services:- $722,142$ $722,142$ Food service operations $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services $107,226$ $107,226$ Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses):Transfers in- $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Total disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,000,000)$ Advances (out) $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Total disbursements $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,$	Support services:				
Instructional staff $603,575$ - $146,543$ $750,118$ Board of education $57,456$ $57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ $1,346,343$ Fiscal $703,381$ $703,381$ Business $50,810$ $703,381$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central $193,398$ $193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services: $722,142$ $722,142$ Food service operations $707,226$ $107,226$ Dyther non-instructional services $107,226$ $107,226$ Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receipts-1,000,000- $(1,000,000)$ over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses):-1,000,000- $(300,000)$ Transfers in-1,000,000- $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$		512,583	-	8,061	520,644
Board of education $57,456$ $57,456$ Administration $1,346,343$ $1,346,343$ Fiscal $703,381$ $703,381$ Business $50,810$ $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central193,398 $193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services:-722,142 $722,142$ Tod service operations $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services $107,226$ $107,226$ Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receipts- $1,000,000$ - $(1,000,000)$ over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses):- $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Transfers in- $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,9$	-	· · · · ·	-	,	,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-	-	
Fiscal703,381703,381Business $50,810$ $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,01,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central $193,398$ $193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services: $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services $107,226$ $107,226$ Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receipts $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Transfers in- $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Advances (out) $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Advances (out) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$			-	-	
Business $50,810$ $50,810$ Operations and maintenance $1,534,733$ - $17,139$ $1,551,872$ Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central $193,398$ $193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services: $193,398$ $193,398$ Food service operations $722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services $107,226$ $107,226$ Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receiptsover (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Transfers in- $1,000,000$ - $(1,000,000)$ Advances (out) $(1,000,000)$ - $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$			-	-	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,	_	-	,
Pupil transportation $1,101,775$ $12,384$ $90,000$ $1,204,159$ Central $193,398$ $ 193,398$ Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations $ 722,142$ $722,142$ Other non-instructional services $ 107,226$ $107,226$ Extracurricular activities $224,110$ $ 295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ $ 3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) $ 1,000,000$ $(300,000)$ $ (300,000)$ $ -$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $ (300,000)$ $ (300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$		· ·	_	17,139	,
Central193,398193,398Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations722,142722,142Other non-instructional services107,226107,226Extracurricular activities224,110-295,002519,112Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements14,914,069 $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ 19,275,846Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ 192,977 $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)-1,000,000-1,000,000Transfers (out) $(1,000,000)$ - $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Advances (out) $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ 192,977 $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$			12 384		
Operation of non-instructional services: - - 722,142 722,142 Other non-instructional services - - 107,226 107,226 Extracurricular activities 224,110 - 295,002 519,112 Facilities acquisition and construction 874,016 2,348,976 - 3,222,992 Total disbursements 14,914,069 2,361,360 2,000,417 19,275,846 Excess (deficiency) of receipts 0ver (under) disbursements 428,074 (2,361,360) 192,977 (1,740,309) Other financing sources (uses): - 1,000,000 - (1,000,000) Transfers in - 1,000,000 - (1,000,000) Advances (out) (1,300,000) - (300,000) - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) - (300,000) - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) - - (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) - (300,000) - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1			12,501		
Food service operations722,142722,142Other non-instructional services107,226107,226Extracurricular activities224,110-295,002519,112Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements14,914,069 $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ 19,275,846Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ 192,977 $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)-1,000,000-1,000,000Advances (out) $(1,000,000)$ $(300,000)$ -Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ - $(300,000)$ -Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ 192,977 $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$		175,570			175,570
Other non-instructional services107,226107,226Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)- $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ Advances (out) $(1,000,000)$ $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $1,000,000$ - $(300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$		_	_	722 142	722 142
Extracurricular activities $224,110$ - $295,002$ $519,112$ Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ - $3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)- $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ Advances (out) $(1,000,000)$ $(300,000)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,300,000)$ $(300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$			_		
Facilities acquisition and construction $874,016$ $2,348,976$ $ 3,222,992$ Total disbursements $14,914,069$ $2,361,360$ $2,000,417$ $19,275,846$ Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements $428,074$ $(2,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(1,740,309)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) $ 1,000,000$ $ 1,000,000$ Advances (out) $(1,000,000)$ $ (300,000)$ $ (300,000)$ Advances (out) $(1,300,000)$ $ (300,000)$ Net change in fund balances $(871,926)$ $(1,361,360)$ $192,977$ $(2,040,309)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $14,579,877$ $12,802,017$ $982,911$ $28,364,805$		224 110	_	· · · · ·	
Total disbursements 14,914,069 2,361,360 2,000,417 19,275,846 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements 428,074 (2,361,360) 192,977 (1,740,309) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 Advances (out) (1,000,000) - - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805		· ·	2 348 976	275,002	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements 428,074 (2,361,360) 192,977 (1,740,309) Other financing sources (uses): - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 Transfers in - 1,000,000 - (1,000,000) Advances (out) (1,000,000) - - (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805				2 000 417	
over (under) disbursements 428,074 (2,361,360) 192,977 (1,740,309) Other financing sources (uses): - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 Transfers (out) (1,000,000) - - (1,000,000) Advances (out) (1,300,000) - - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805	i otar disoursements	14,914,009	2,301,300	2,000,417	19,275,840
Other financing sources (uses): - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 Transfers in - 1,000,000 - - 1,000,000 Advances (out) (1,000,000) - - (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805		400.074	(2,2(1,2(0)))	102 077	(1 740 200)
Transfers in - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 Transfers (out) (1,000,000) - - (1,000,000) Advances (out) (300,000) - - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805	over (under) disbursements	428,074	(2,361,360)	192,977	(1,740,309)
Transfers (out) (1,000,000) - - (1,000,000) Advances (out) (300,000) - - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805	Other financing sources (uses):				
Advances (out) (300,000) - - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805	Transfers in	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Advances (out) (300,000) - - (300,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805	Transfers (out)	(1,000,000)	-	-	(1,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) 1,000,000 - (300,000) Net change in fund balances (871,926) (1,361,360) 192,977 (2,040,309) Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805			-	-	
Fund balances at beginning of year 14,579,877 12,802,017 982,911 28,364,805	Total other financing sources (uses)		1,000,000	-	(300,000)
	Net change in fund balances	(871,926)	(1,361,360)	192,977	(2,040,309)
Fund balances at end of year \$ 13,707,951 \$ 11,440,657 \$ 1,175,888 \$ 26,324,496	Fund balances at beginning of year				
	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 13,707,951	\$ 11,440,657	\$ 1,175,888	\$ 26,324,496

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (2,040,309)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
An internal service fund used by management to charge	
the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in	
the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund	
disbursements and the related internal service fund receipts	
are eliminated. The net receipts (disbursement) of the internal	
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	 36,155
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,004,154)

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:	¢ 7.825.455	¢ 7.925.455	¢ 9,522,170	¢ (0(705
Property taxes	\$ 7,825,455 5 (00 77)	\$ 7,825,455 5,600,776	\$ 8,522,160 5,721,264	\$ 696,705
Intergovernmental	5,699,776	5,699,776	5,721,264	21,488
Investment earnings Tuition and fees	-	-	687,843	687,843
Extracurricular	-	-	322,718 34,700	322,718 34,700
Miscellaneous	638.056	638,056	16,434	
Total receipts	14,163,287	14,163,287	15,305,119	(621,622) 1,141,832
Total receipts	14,105,287	14,105,287	15,505,119	1,141,032
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	6,134,815	5,920,811	5,174,096	746,715
Special	2,061,150	1,986,716	2,227,087	(240,371)
Vocational	328,462	322,066	336,933	(14,867)
Other	2	2	1	1
Support services:	506 627	574 721	510 592	(2 129
Pupil Instructional staff	596,627	574,721 689,888	512,583	62,138
Board of education	693,160 87,296	84,091	608,464 58,243	81,424 25,848
Administration	1,355,017	1,306,754	1,346,343	(39,589)
Fiscal	731,307	705,401	705,208	(39,389)
Business	/51,50/	19,699	59,351	(39,652)
Operations and maintenance	1,566,572	1,685,921	1,579,700	106,221
Pupil transportation	1,147,214	1,213,724	1,103,404	110,320
Central	291,428	280,728	193,119	87,609
Extracurricular activities	227,063	218,726	224,110	(5,384)
Facilities acquisition and construction	289,488	500,353	2,217,402	(1,717,049)
Total disbursements	15,509,601	15,509,601	16,346,044	(836,443)
Excess of disbursements over receipts	(1,346,314)	(1,346,314)	(1,040,925)	305,389
	(1,510,511)	(1,510,511)	(1,010,925)	505,507
Other financing uses:				
Transfers (out)	-	(3,000,000)	(1,000,000)	2,000,000
Advances (out)	-		(300,000)	(300,000)
Total other financing uses		(3,000,000)	(1,300,000)	1,700,000
Net change in fund balance	(1,346,314)	(4,346,314)	(2,340,925)	2,005,389
Fund balance at beginning of year	13,917,931	13,917,931	13,917,931	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	569,457	569,457	569,457	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 13,141,074	\$ 10,141,074	\$ 12,146,463	\$ 2,005,389

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Ac I	ernmental ctivities - nternal vice Fund
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and investments	\$	114,115
Net position:		
Unrestricted	\$	114,115

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating receipts:			
Sales/charges for services	\$	2,413,712	
Operating disbursements:			
Purchased services		756,217	
Claims		1,921,340	
Total operating disbursements		2,677,557	
Operating loss		(263,845)	
Nonoperating receipts:			
Advances in		300,000	
Total nonoperating receipts		300,000	
Change in net position		36,155	
Net position at beginning of year		77,960	
Net position at end of year	\$	114,115	

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Fort Frye City School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution of the laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines. This Board of Education controls the School District's 5 instruction/support facilities staffed by 74 classified employees and 80 certified personnel, who provided services to 923 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District does not have any component units. The following activities are also included within the reporting entity:

Parochial School - Within the School District boundaries, St. John Central Elementary School is operated through the Steubenville Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Chief Fiscal Officer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. This activity is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, the Washington County Career Center, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding, and the Ohio SchoolComp Group Retro Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 11 and 12 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C., these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" receipts and disbursements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Proprietary and fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and proprietary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent improvement</u> – This fund accounts for the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital facilities of governmental activities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed internally or externally.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of the changes in net position and financial position. The School District has one proprietary fund, an internal service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the School District's self-insurance program for medical insurance.

C. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the School District's financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and government-wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements is due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported in the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraphs.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

Investments were limited to, U.S. Treasury notes, negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and a U.S. government money market. In accordance with the cash basis of accounting, all School District investments are reported at cost.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2023 were \$687,843 which includes \$335,695 of interest assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the cash management pool are reported as investments.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside for unclaimed monies.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The School District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets. Depreciation is not recorded on these capital assets.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The School District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the School District's cash basis of accounting.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension and OPEB Plans

The School District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and postretirement health care benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

M. Long-Term Debt

The School District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease, financed purchase transaction, or Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA) is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments, financed purchase payments, and SBITA payments are reported when paid.

N. Leases

The School District is the lessee in various leases related to equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease payables are not reflected under the School District's cash basis of accounting. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

O. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. All other net position that do not meet the definition of restricted are reported as unrestricted net position. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

P. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>*Restricted*</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated authority by resolution or State statute. State statute authorizes the School District's Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Q. Internal Transactions

Transfers and advances within governmental activities are eliminated. Internal allocations of overhead disbursements from one program to another or within the same program are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

R. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental receipts received on the basis of entitlement are recorded as receipts when the entitlement is received.

S. Receipts and Disbursements

In the Statement of Activities, receipts that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the School District's taxpayers are reported as program receipts. The School District has the following program receipts: charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. All other governmental receipts are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general receipts even if restricted for a specific purpose.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2023.

U. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District has Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) under noncancelable arrangements. SBITA payables are not reflected under the District's cash basis of accounting. SBITA disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, "<u>Conduit Debt Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 94, "<u>Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment</u> <u>Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 96, "<u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The notes to the basic financial statements include the disclosure requirements under the Statement.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2023 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	I	Deficit
Vocational Education Enhancement	\$	1,732
Miscellaneous State Grants		82,293
Elementary and Seconday School Emergency Relief (ESSER)		78,706
IDEA, Part B		8,923
Title I		24,389
Supporting Effective Instruction		130

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above; provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio and STAR Plus);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under certain circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$21,262,410 and the bank balance was \$21,300,736. Of the School District's bank balance, \$290,648 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$21,010,088 was covered by eligible securities to the School District and deposited with qualified trustee by the financial institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the School District had the following investments:

	Investment Maturities						
	Measurement	6 months or	7 to 12 13 to 1	8 19 to 24			
Investment type	Value	less	months months	s months			
U.S. Government							
money market	\$ 1,073,776	\$ 1,073,776 \$	- \$	- \$ -			
Negotiable CDs	490,000	-	- 490,	- 000			
U.S. Treasury notes	3,612,425	993,398	983,242	- 1,635,785			
Total	\$ 5,176,201	<u>\$ 2,067,174 </u> \$	983,242 \$ 490,	000 \$ 1,635,785			

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 0.34 years.

Interest Rate Risk: The School District has no investment policy beyond State statute that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. State statute limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the fair value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The negotiable CDs are covered by FDIC. The U.S. Treasury notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name.

The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states "Payment for investments shall be made only upon delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

Credit Risk: The negotiable CDs are fully covered by FDIC and are not rated. The federal government money market funds carry a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The School District's investments in U.S. Treasury notes were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2023:

	Measurement					
Investment type		Value	<u>% of total</u>			
U.S. Government money market funds	\$	1,073,776	20.74			
Negotiable CDs		490,000	9.47			
U.S. Treasury notes		3,612,425	69.79			
Total	\$	5,176,201	100.00			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	21,262,410
Investments	_	5,176,201
Total	\$	26,438,611

Cash and investments per statement of net position Governmental activities Total \$ 26,438,611

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2023 represents collections of calendar year 2022 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2023 were levied after April 1, 2022, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2023 represents collections of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2023 became a lien December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022 and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phased out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in calendar year 2010. The tax was phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaced the revenue lost by the School District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the School District was fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements were phased out. On June 30, 2011, House Bill No. 153 was signed into law, which further reduced the amounts of these reimbursements.

The School District receives property taxes from Washington, Morgan and Noble Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

		2022 Second Half Collections			2023 First Half Collections		
	Amount Percent			Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	116,059,980 144,503,900	44.54 55.46	\$	133,142,670 146,479,640	47.62 52.38	
Total	\$	260,563,880	100.00	\$	279,622,310	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	42.82		\$	42.82		

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the School District contracted with Dietz, Futrell & Walters Insurance Inc. for general liability, vehicle and property insurance. The types and amounts of coverage, provided by their carrier, Aronaut, are as follows:

Buildings and Contents - Replacement Cost	\$62,896,800
Crime (\$1,000 deductible):	
Employee Theft	100,000
Forgery or Alteration	100,000
Inside Premises	30,000
Outside Premises	30,000
	50,000
Liability:	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage	1,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury	1,000,000
General Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Completed Operations Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Employers' - Stop Gap - Bodily Injury	1,000,000
Educational Legal - Errors and Omissions (\$5,000 deductible):	
Injury Limit	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	1,000,000
Automobile Liability:	
Liability	\$1,000,000
Medical Payments - Each Person	5,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
Deductibles:	1,000,000
Comprehensive	1,000
Collision	1,000
	1,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio SchoolComp Group Retro Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 12). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated, and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of the CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Benefits

Health insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. Monthly premiums for the cost of claims are remitted to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and disbursement insurance to most employees through Metropolitan Educational Council in the amount of \$25,000 for its employees.

Dental coverage is provided through Delta Dental.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee-on a deferred-payment basis-as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 8 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *		Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017		
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit		
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit		

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2022, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$325,822 for fiscal year 2023.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$728,073 for fiscal year 2023.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.058804900%	0.040832418%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.058139200%	0.039332460%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.000665700%	-0.001499958%	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 3,144,620	\$ 8,743,655	\$ 11,888,275

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
COLA or ad hoc COLA:	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior measurement date	2.00%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Discount rate:	
Current measurement date	7.00%
Prior measurement date	7.00%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected			
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return			
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %			
US Equity	24.75	5.37			
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22			
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22			
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20			
Private Equity	11.00	10.05			
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87			
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39			
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38			
Total	100.00 %				

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	4,628,731	\$	3,144,620	\$	1,894,277	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	12.50% at age 20 to
		2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment	7.00%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
(COLA)		

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	19	% Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	13,208,480	\$	8,743,655	\$	4,967,796	

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023. It is unknown what effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 7 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$39,741.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$39,741 for fiscal year 2023.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.06	50759400%	0.	040832418%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.05	59607100%	0.	039332460%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.00	01152300%	-0.	001499958%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	836,890	\$	-	\$ 836,890
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(1,018,448)	\$ (1,018,448)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	3.69%
Prior measurement date	1.92%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	4.08%
Prior measurement date	2.27%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	7.00 to 4.40%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial 5-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,039,430	\$	836,890	\$	673,385

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	645,392	\$	836,890	\$	1,087,017

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2022	June 30, 2021			
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%			
Projected salary increases	Varies by service	e from 2.50%	12.50% at age 20) to		
	to 8.50%		2.50% at age 65			
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inv expenses, includ		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation			
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%			
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%			
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%			
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A			
Health care cost trends						
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate		
Medical						
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	3.94%	5.00%	4.00%		
Medicare	-68.78%	3.94%	-16.18%	4.00%		
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	9.00%	3.94%	6.50%	4.00%		
Medicare	-5.47%	3.94%	29.98%	4.00%		

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current						
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase			
School District's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB asset	\$	941,529	\$	1,018,448	\$	1,084,337		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,056,379	\$	1,018,448	\$	970,571

NOTE 9 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Currently, the School District has no outstanding debt.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2023, was \$25,166,008, with an unvoted debt margin of \$279,622.

NOTE 10 - SET-ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years.

		Capital rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		215,602
Current year qualifying expenditures		-
Current year offsets	(1	1,000,000)
Total	\$	(784,398)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2024	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	\$	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Metropolitan Educational Technology Association

The School District participates in the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), formed from the merger of the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) and the Southwestern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC) during fiscal year 2017, which is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of government pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. META operates as, and has all the powers of, a data acquisition site/ information technology center pursuant to applicable provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. The organization was formed for the purpose of identifying, developing and providing to members and nonmembers innovative educational and technological services and products, as well as expanded opportunities for cooperative purchasing. The General Assembly of META consists one delegate from every member school district. The delegate is the superintendent of the school district or the superintendent's designee. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation of the General Assembly. The General Assembly exercises total control over the operation of META including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. During fiscal year 2023, the School District paid \$85,449 for services with META/MEC/SEOVEC. Financial information can be obtained from Metropolitan Educational Technology Association at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

B. Washington County Career Center

The Washington County Career Center, a joint vocational school, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the six participating school districts' elected boards and one representative from the Ohio Valley Educational Service Center's Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Washington County Career Center Treasurer, at 21740 SR 676, Marietta, Ohio 45750.

C. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (the "Coalition") is a jointly governed organization composed of 136 school districts and other educational institutions in the 35-County region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of seventeen members. One elected and one appointed from each of the seven regions into which the 35 Appalachian counties are divided; and three from Ohio University College of Education. The Coalition provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of responsibility for the Coalition. The School District's membership fee was \$445 for fiscal year 2023. The financial information for the Coalition can be obtained from the Executive Director, at McCraken Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

D. The Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding

The Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding (the "Coalition") is organized as a council of governments pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Coalition was organized in 1990 to challenge the constitutionality of the Ohio school funding system. The Coalition is governed by a Steering Committee of 90 school district representatives. Though most of the members are superintendents, some treasurers, board members, and administrators also serve. Several persons serve as ex office members. The membership of the Coalition includes over 500 school districts throughout the State of Ohio. The Committee exercises total control over budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and the designation of management. Member school districts and joint vocational schools pay dues of \$0.05 per pupil. School districts and educational service centers pay dues of \$0.05 per pupil. The School District paid \$500 to the Coalition in fiscal year 2023. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest of financial responsibility for the Coalition. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding at 100 South Third Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

NOTE 12 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

<u>Ohio SchoolComp Group Retro Plan</u> – The School District participates in the Ohio SchoolComp Group Retro Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an 11 member Board of directors. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as the coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of the administrating program.

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The statements of receipts, disbursements and changes in cash basis fund balance - budget and actual (budget basis), presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the cash basis are that:

- a. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of a disbursement; and,
- b. Advances in from prior year for cash deficits that are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (cash).
- c. Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the cash basis for the general fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (2,340,925)
Funds budgeted elsewhere**	5,790
Adjustment for encumbrances	1,463,209
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (871,926)</u>

** As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *"Fund Balance Reporting"*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on the cash basis. This includes the public school support fund, the uniform school supplies fund, and adult education fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - ENCUMBRANCES

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	 Amount	
General	\$ 1,468,180	
Permanent improvement	3,198,619	
Nonmajor governmental	 296,117	
Total	\$ 4,962,916	

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2023, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The School District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce (DEW) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, DEW has finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 2023 foundation funding for the School District; this did not result in either a material receivable to or liability of the School District.

NOTE 16 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During fiscal year 2023, the general fund transferred \$1,000,000 to the permanent improvement fund.

Transfers are used to move receipts from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them and to use unrestricted receipts collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers made in fiscal year 2023 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 17 - INTERFUND ADVANCES

Interfund advances for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following as reported on the fund statements:

	 Amount
Advances from General fund to:	
Internal service fund	\$ 300,000

NOTE 18 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2023, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The School District will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
Trogram, ensuer The		1 (0110)01	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce Child Nutrition Cluster			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022/2023	\$50,306
Cash Assistance:			,
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022/2023	123,114
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022/2023	284,818
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022/2023	29,664
Cash Assistance Subtotal			437,596
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			487,902
Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs	10.649	2023	628
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			488,530
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Passed through Ohio Facilities Construction Commission COVID 19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds- Safety Grant	21.027	2023	34,470
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			34,470
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce			
Fitle I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	2022	24,706
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	2023	194,988
Fitle I Grants to Local Educational Agencies- Expanding Opportunities			
for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant	84.010A	2023	3,434
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			223,128
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	2022	21,809
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	2023	255,174
Total Special Education - Grants to States			276,983
Total Special Education Cluster			276,983
Supporting Effective Instruction in State Grants	84.367A	2023	34,972
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2023	3,285
Education Stabilization Fund			
COVID 19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	2022	11,638
COVID 19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	2023	63,237
COVID 19: American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	2023	15,256
COVID 19: American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School	04 40511	2022	(5.50)
Emergency Relief Fund- Reaching Every Student	84.425U	2023	65,529
COVID-19: American Rescue Plan – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund –Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	2023	212
Fotal Education Stabilization Fund	01.723 11	2025	155,872
			694,240
Total U.S. Department of Education			094,240

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE A- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Fort Frye Local School District (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Fort Frye Local School District Washington County PO Box 1149 Beverly, Ohio 45715

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fort Frye Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 19, 2024, wherein we noted the School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2023-002 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Fort Frye Local School District Washington County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2023-001.

School District's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Corrective Action Plan. The School District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 19, 2024



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Fort Frye Local School District Washington County PO Box 1149 Beverly, Ohio 45715

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the Fort Frye Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (School District), compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Fort Frye Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Qualified Opinion on Child Nutrition Cluster

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, Fort Frye Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Child Nutrition Cluster, AL # 10.555/10.553 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified opinions on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on the Child Nutrition Cluster

As described in finding 2023-003 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, the School District did not comply with requirements regarding Reporting applicable to its AL #10.555/10.553 Child Nutrition Cluster major federal program.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the School District to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Fort Frye Local School District Washington County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Other Matters

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Corrective Action Plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2023-003, to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Corrective Action Plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

totali

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 19, 2024

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Qualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster AL# 10.555/10.553
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2023-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the School District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2023-001 (Continued)

Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 (Continued)

The School District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the cash basis of accounting (modified cash basis of accounting) rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the School District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the School District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the School District.

To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the School District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan.

FINDING NUMBER 2023-002

Material Weakness - Financial Reporting

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

During June 30, 2023, the School District transferred \$300,000 from the General Fund to the Internal Service Fund. This \$300,000 was not presented on the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Net Position- Cash Basis for the Proprietary Fund requiring audit adjustment to properly reflect this transaction. This was caused by mistakes in the compilation process which were not identified during the School District's review process. As a result, significant adjustments with which the School District's management agrees, were made to the financial statements, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

To ensure the School District's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the Treasurer, or other designated employee, should review the basic financial statements prior to filing those statements in the Hinkle System.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023 (Continued)

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

1. Site Claim Reporting

Finding Number:	2023-003
Assistance Listing Number and Title:	AL # 10.555/10.553 Child Nutrition Cluster
Federal Award Identification Number / Year:	2023
Federal Agency:	U.S. Department of Agriculture
Compliance Requirement:	Reporting
Pass-Through Entity:	Ohio Department of Education and Workforce
Repeat Finding from Prior Audit?	Νο

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

2 CFR § 400.1 gives regulatory effect to the Department of Agriculture for 2 CFR § 200.302(b)(3) which provides that the financial management system of each non-Federal entity must provide for records that identify adequately the source and application of funds for federally- funded activities. These records must contain information pertaining to federal awards, authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, expenditures, income and interest and be supported by source documentation.

2 CFR § 200.303 requires that non-Federal entities receiving Federal awards (i.e., auditee management) establish and maintain internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award.

7 CFR §§ 210.7(c), 210.8(c), and 225.9(d)) provide that at a minimum, a claim must include the number of reimbursable meals/milk served by category and type during the period (generally a month) covered by the claim. All meals claimed for reimbursement must (a) be of types authorized by the school food authority's, institution's, or sponsor's administering agency; (b) be served to eligible children; and (c) be supported by accurate meal counts and records indicating the number of meals served by category and type.

20% percent of the site claim form submissions during fiscal year 2023 did not agree to underlying supporting documentation. These inaccurate submissions resulted in an under-reimbursement of \$6,047. The School District contacted the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce in April 2024 and were granted a One-Time-Exception for the one month's underreporting of \$6,275. These errors occurred due to a weakness in internal controls, which failed to ensure site claim forms for reimbursable meals served at each building and submitted by the Center to the Ohio Department of Education were entered correctly.

The School District should implement policies and procedures to help ensure that monthly site claim forms are reviewed and submitted to reflect actual counts for reimbursable meals served. Further, measures should be taken to ensure staff completing the site claim forms are adequately trained.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan.

This page intentionally left blank.

Fort Frye Local School District

Office of the Treasurer

510 Fifth Street, P.O. Box 1149 ~ Beverly, OH 45715-1149 Phone (740) 984-8260 ~ FAX (740) 984-4614

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2023

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2022-001	Material noncompliance citation was issued under Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) for not preparing the annual financial report pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.	Not Corrected	The School District has chosen the most cost-effective financial reporting system available. The additional cost associated with the GAAP financial statements would be a direct burden upon instructional resources.
2022-002	Material weakness and noncompliance relating to equipment management for the Education Stabilization Fund major federal program.	Corrected	Not Applicable

This page intentionally left blank.

Fort Frye Local School District

Office of the Treasurer

510 Fifth Street, P.O. Box 1149 ~ Beverly, OH 45715-1149 Phone (740) 984-8260 ~ FAX (740) 984-4614

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2023

Finding Number: Planned Corrective Action: Anticipated Completion Date: Responsible Contact Person:	2023-001 The School District has chosen the most cost-effective financial reporting system available. The additional cost associated with the GAAP financial statements would be a direct burden upon instructional resources. N/A Stacy Bolden
Finding Number: Planned Corrective Action: Anticipated Completion Date: Responsible Contact Person:	2023-002 The Treasurer will review the financial statements more closely and at multiple times during the process to ensure the correct information is captured when submitted. 8/31/2024 Stacy Bolden
Finding Number: Planned Corrective Action: Anticipated Completion Date: Responsible Contact Person:	2023-003 The accounts payable clerk will double check all claims submitted to the state for accuracy. 08/30/2024 Stacy Bolden



FORT FRYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/12/2024

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370