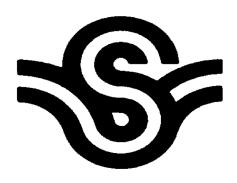
City of Sidney Ohio



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

City of Sidney, Ohio

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2023



Prepared by:

Finance Department

Renee DuLaney, CPA, Finance Officer



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City Council City of Sidney 201 West Poplar Street Sidney, Ohio 45365

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the City of Sidney, Shelby County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Sidney is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 05, 2024



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CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2023

CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS

Mike Barhorst, Mayor

Steve Wagner, Vice-Mayor

Martha Milligan

Jenny VanMatre

Joe Moniaci

Scott Roddy

Cory Huelskamp

CITY MANAGER

Andrew Bowsher

LAW DIRECTOR

David Busick

CITY CLERK

Kari Egbert

SENIOR DIRECTORS

Renee DuLaney, CPA Finance Officer

Mark McDonough Police Chief

Jon Crusey Public Works Director

Barbara Dulworth Community Development Director

Duane Gaier Parks & Recreation Director

Chad Hollinger Fire Chief

Joel Glass IT Director

Kelly Holthaus HR Director



Letter of Transmittal for 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

June 26, 2024

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Citizens of the Sidney, Ohio:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Sidney, Ohio for the year ended December 31, 2023, is hereby submitted for your review.

Ohio law requires that cities file their annual financial reports with the Ohio Auditor of State's office. Additionally, the Ohio Administrative Code requires that those reports be prepared pursuant to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of this ACFR represents the commitment of the City of Sidney to adhere to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting.

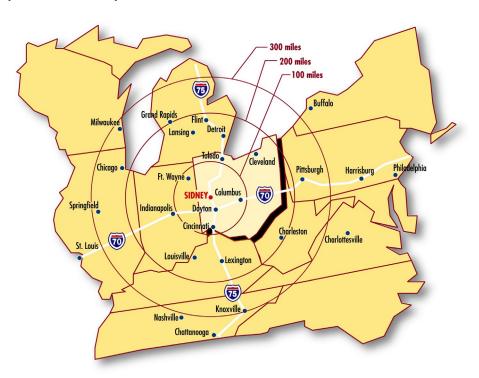
City of Sidney staff prepared all statements, schedules, and other presentations in this report. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal control established for this purpose. Since the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

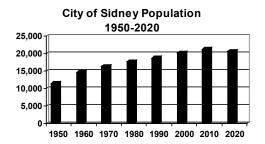
The independent accounting firm of Clark Schaefer Hackett audited the basic financial statements of the City of Sidney that are included in this report. The financial statements have received an unmodified ("clean") opinion. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. The audit was designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act and the related Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The auditors' report on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in a separately issued single audit report.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Sidney contains approximately 12.1 square miles and is located in west central Ohio, approximately 37 miles north of Dayton, 85 miles west of Columbus, 100 miles south of Toledo, and 120 miles east of Indianapolis. The City is serviced by Interstate 75 and State Routes 29 and 47, as well as CSX and Conrail railroads. The City of Sidney is the county seat of Shelby County and is the only city within the county.



The City's population growth trend averaged an 11.0% increase per decade from 1950 to 2010. The 2020 Census reported a total population of 20,589, a decrease of 3.0% over the 2010 census. This trend mirrors Shelby County's 2020 census with a population of 48,230, which experienced a 2.4% decrease in population since 2010.



Municipal Services and Facilities

Sidney is a total service community providing a broad range of services for the citizens of the community, including: police and fire protection; emergency medical / ambulance services; water treatment and distribution; sanitary sewer and waste water treatment services; storm water monitoring and management; street construction and maintenance; refuse / garbage collection and disposal; parks and recreation facilities and programs; operation and maintenance of a municipal cemetery; operation

and maintenance of a municipal airport; and operation and maintenance of a county-wide transit system.

Governmental Organization

In 1954, the voters of Sidney adopted a charter and approved a council-manager form of government. Accordingly, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government under the Ohio Constitution to the extent not in conflict with applicable general laws of the State. This form of "home rule" provides a great measure of local administrative and legislative control and efficiencies while maintaining direct participation by the residents of the community.

The legislative authority of the City is vested in a seven-member Council. Three members are elected at large and four represent specific wards of the City. Council members are elected to overlapping four-year terms. The Council enacts legislation to provide for City services, adopts budgets, levies taxes, borrows money, licenses and regulates businesses and trades, and performs such other duties consistent with the Charter. The presiding officer of the Council is the Mayor, who is a member of Council. The Mayor is elected to that position by a vote of the Council members. Council positions, including the Mayor, are part-time positions. The chief executive and administrative officer of the City is the City Manager, who is appointed for an indefinite term and serves at the pleasure of Council.

Budgetary Controls

City Council adopts an annual budget for all funds and approves subsequent amendments to that budget as needed. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial control. The "legal level of control" is the level of detail as approved by Council in its appropriation ordinances. Total expenditures and encumbrances cannot exceed the amount approved by Council at the legal level of control. Legal level of control for the City of Sidney is based on object of expenditure for each department as follows: 1) Personal Services and 2) Contractual, Materials and Other.

As a budgetary control, a purchasing control system is maintained which generally requires that an applicable appropriation be encumbered, or reserved, before a purchase may be made or a contract executed.

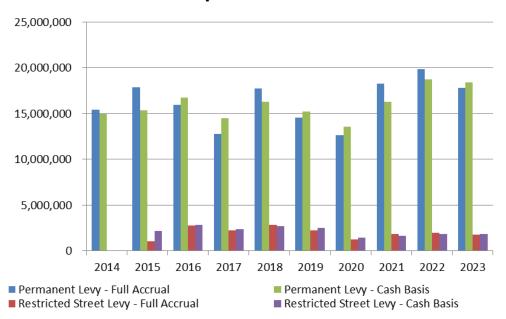
ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Economic Environment - Historically

Sidney's history as a strong industrial center is rooted in its strategic location. The construction of the Miami-Erie Canal between 1825 and 1837 connected Sidney with the major trade centers in Ohio to the north and south. The need for labor to construct the canals provided an influx of settlers to the area. The opening of the canal in 1837 brought an increase in regional trade and the first significant period of economic growth in Sidney. As the influence of the canal declined, railroads emerged. East-west rail began to be laid in Sidney in 1851, followed by north-south rail in 1856. The rail system offered a more rapid and economical means of transport for goods and passengers, further enhancing growth in Sidney. Sidney is still served by these railroad lines today. The construction of I-75 through Sidney in 1962 was another major event in the City's development. Creating a transportation link between Michigan and Florida, the interstate sparked an inflow of automobile-related factories, as well as warehouse and distribution facilities. Today, Sidney has four interchanges on Interstate 75, providing quick and convenient access for both commercial and industrial users.

The governmental activities primary revenue source is City's municipal income tax. The City has a permanent 1.5% income tax. In 2014 an additional temporary 5 year restricted street income tax levy was passed for .25% beginning for tax year ending 2015. For tax year 2020 a temporary 5 year restricted street income tax levy for .15% was voted in. Volatility in tax base is mainly from taxpayers changing their estimated taxable income from one tax year to the next. At the start of the current decade (2020) the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic had a major impact on income taxes. In 2021, the income taxes returned to above pre-pandemic levels.

Municipal Income Tax



2023 Economic Activity and Outlook for the Future

Sidney is a City with fundamental strengths – interstate highway location, a large and diverse industrial foundation, stable political environment, long-term close relationship between City government and the private sector, developable land, and capacity to provide services as the City grows.

The City of Sidney has a strong industrial base that is diversified and not dependent upon one sector of the economy. Shelby County has one of the highest percentages of manufacturing jobs per capita of all counties in Ohio.

The City utilizes, where appropriate, the creation of Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) areas and related CRA tax abatements and Enterprise Zone abatements (EZ). Both EZ's and CRA's are economic development tools designed to provide property tax abatement. Sidney has five CRA areas that were created since 1994, one of which is the downtown area. The downtown area CRA boundary has been expanded adding the ability to abate 100% of the increased property taxes for fifteen years for remodeling or new construction of one- and two-family dwellings and increase the abatement of new or existing commercial structures from ten years to fifteen years. Other development programs, such as the Shelby County Land Reutilization Corporation, or land bank, and the City's vacant

property registration program, have been designed to help to stop deterioration and stabilize neighborhoods and preserve and protect the property values of existing properties. The establishment of a Revitalization District is key to developing new dining options in the downtown area by allowing additional liquor permits which led to a Designated Outdoor Refreshment Area (DORA) being established in 2020.

The City works to promote and encourage economic development. The City makes available a Municipal Job Creation Income Tax Credit program and a Municipal Job Retention Grant Program. Where appropriate, the City utilizes tax increment financing (TIF) as an economic development tool to help grow our community. The City currently has three TIF arrangements one was to finance the construction of water and sewer infrastructure that not only allowed an area manufacturer to relocate its operations within the City, but also opened up an additional 290 acres for possible future industrial development began in 2007. Another was for public infrastructure to serve the Echo Business Center subdivision located on Vandemark Road which began in 2011. The last TIF arrangement was for help with economic development for a certified site sold to a MSGA development in late 2020. Ground breaking began in September 2021 for the new Burr Oak Subdivision. This site will be comprised of 226 single-family residential lots, a 236 unit multi-family development and over 70 acres dedicated to commercial restaurant/retail development. This is the city's first major residential subdivision development in approximately 30 years.

Other key residential developments are also in the development pipeline, which consist primarily of the Ohio building, which is a 50 unit historic redevelopment in the heart of Sidney's downtown. Coupled with this is The Mills, project located off Vandamark road, just North of the commercial corridor district. All told, the City currently has over 1200 homes under development, spanning both single-family, and multi-family. All of which are just the start of development campaign that is prioritizing new residences and homes within the City. In fact, the City's primary goal is to work alongside developers to provide a place for economic development, and jobs a place to go home to.

Sidney's largest employer, Emerson Climate Technologies, is in the process of a four-year \$100 million expansion and renovation of their labs and offices in Sidney. The first phase, completed in 2019, included the construction of a two-story 20,000 square foot office addition, a new main entry and guard house, and exterior refacing of the building. Phase two of construction is underway which, when complete, will add 110,000 square feet of engineering lab and testing space. Such space will provide a cutting-edge environment to conduct advanced performance and refrigerants testing with compressors, controls, electronics and other products. To ensure project success, the City provided three types of economic development assistance – partnering with the Dayton-Montgomery County Port Authority to essentially provide Emerson with sales tax relief on the materials purchased for the renovation, granting a four-year Municipal Income Tax Job Retention Tax Credit, and awarding a ten-year, 75% Enterprise Zone (EZ) property tax abatement on the increased value of the improvements.

In 2019, Cargill, Inc. announced plans to invest approximately \$225 million at their Sidney site, increasing its integrated soybean crush capacity and modernizing its operations. When completed, the Sidney facility will be the largest soybean crushing facility in North America. As a significant water user, the City assisted Cargill by offering them the City's Business Water Rate Rebate Program. This new "tool" in the City's economic development tool box offers a sliding discount on their additional water usage over a 10-year period. This program is reserved for either existing businesses that increase their water usage by at least 20% and use more than 100,000 ccf annually or new businesses that use more than 100,000 ccf annually. The City also awarded Cargill a 10-year, 75% Enterprise Zone (EZ) property tax abatement on the increased value of the property improvements.

According to 2020 United States Census Data, Shelby County realizes a net gain of 5,140 workers on a daily basis. While Sidney and Shelby County import a significant portion of their workers, surrounding counties realize a net loss. Miami County sustains a net loss of 7,850 workers per day, Darke County losses 6,925 workers, Champaign County losses 5,198 workers, Logan County losses 2,011 workers, and Auglaize County losses a net 1,433 workers each day.

Another factor that contributes to the growth and stability in Sidney is a spirit of cooperation between the public and private sectors. The Sidney-Shelby Economic Partnership (SSEP) is a non-profit corporation organized to create more employment opportunities and retain the existing employment base in the Sidney and Shelby County area. As a response to area employers seeking qualified employees to fill positions, SSEP introduced and continues to develop the Workforce Academy. The Academy works in the Sidney City School system to introduce students to the various careers available teaching them the skills necessary to enter those careers. The program has grown from 50 students to over 1,900 students.

The CityVisions plan spurred the collaboration of local investors and business proprietors, who united to contribute to the downtown's revitalization and enhancement. This effort led to the installation of mid-block crossings, facilitating pedestrian movement along the streets and encouraging exploration of downtown businesses. In 2023, three expansive arches were erected over roadways, accompanied by smaller illuminated arches in the alleyways. This funded by a genuine public-private collaboration that raised a substantial \$1.6 million for this project and future downtown enhancements.

To encourage further economic growth, the City has reserved vacant acreage considered choice industrial sites in an Industrial Zoning Classification. These sites generally have all utilities within connection distance. For at least eight years, the City of Sidney has been listed in the prestigious Top 100 Micropolitan list by Site Selection magazine. Sidney was ranked 4th in 2023. Site Selection's award focuses on new corporate facility projects with significant impact, including headquarters, manufacturing plants, research & development operations and logistics sites, among others. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has identified 551 micropolitans in the United States. The OMB defines a micropolitan statistical area as one or more adjacent counties that has one urban core area (a city) of at least 10,000, but less than 50,000, plus adjacent territory that has a high degree of social and economic integration with the core (measured by commuting ties).

Another certified site was the Sidney Ohio Industrial Park. In May 2022, this site was sold to SEMCORP USA LLC. Sidney landed the biggest foreign commercial investment in Ohio history. SEMCORP during the initial phase will establish an 850,000 square foot manufacturing facility to produce lithium-ion battery separator film. This company plans to have 1,200 workers by the year 2025. This manufacturer will be primarily involved in the electric vehicle industry and energy storage supply chains. To ensure project success, the City provided economic development assistance by granting a ten-year Municipal Income Tax Job Creation Tax Credit, and awarding a ten-year, 75% Enterprise Zone (EZ) property tax abatement on the increased value of the improvements. Additionally, The City reengaged with SEMCORP as they started construction on a 90,000 sq. ft. facility, which will house an additional 300 jobs on the Sidney Industrial Site.

Another potential redevelopment site of 5.4 acres is - the Wagner Site. To clear this current Wagner site a \$2 million brownfield redevelopment funds has been awarded from the State of Ohio. Once the site is demolished and environmental remediation is complete this will be available for redevelopment.

Focuses on Long -Term Planning and Financial Policies

The City Council and staff of the City of Sidney are committed to making financial decisions based on a long-term perspective and rooted in sound financial policies. City Council has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies covering subjects such as fund balance reserves, debt, user charge coverage, and budget-balancing strategies. Council and staff review these policies each year. Those policies act as guardrails around the decisions made by staff and Council. One very important such policy is that the City will maintain a long-term focus in its financial planning activities. Toward that end, City Council adopts an annual update to a five-year capital and operating financial plan.

The product of the five-year plan is a set of strategies for maintaining financial stability and compliance with our financial policies. The City has used this planning process to make early identification of financial trends and timely implementation of financial strategies to counteract the impact of economic downturns. Mid-year updates of the five-year financial plan were first utilized during the Great Recession and at various points since that time when faced with unanticipated revenue declines. The goal is to make timely expenditure reductions as necessary to maintain fiscal stability for now and the future.

Standard & Poor's has acknowledged the City's "strong financial management policies" and in 2009 upgraded the City's bond rating to AA. Standard & Poor's reaffirmed that rating in 2010, 2011, 2013, and 2014 and again in 2020. City staff and Council are committed to making the financial adjustments necessary to maintain the strong financial position of the City.

Major City Initiatives

For the Year and the Future:

The City plans to design and construct a new City Hall which is estimated to be nearly \$11.9 million with an anticipated 30-year general obligation bond financing in 2024.

The City is looking to build two fire stations. A feasibility study indicated that a replacement to Fire Station #2 and the addition of Fire Station #3 would serve the growing community adequately. Therefore, an estimated cost of nearly \$11.7 million is proposed for design and construction slated for 2024. Also the need for an additional fire engine at Station #3 of nearly \$1 million would be financed. This is anticipated to be financed with general obligation bonds of nearly \$12.7 million.

At all times during this process, the financial planning is based upon a five-year future period and maintenance of cash reserves in accordance with the City's cash reserves policy over the five-year planning period.

AWARDS

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Sidney for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual

comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. The City of Sidney has received the Certificate of Achievement for twenty-five consecutive years. We believe that this annual comprehensive financial report for the year ended December 31, 2023 continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award. The City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for 2023, the twenty-four consecutive year the City has received this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

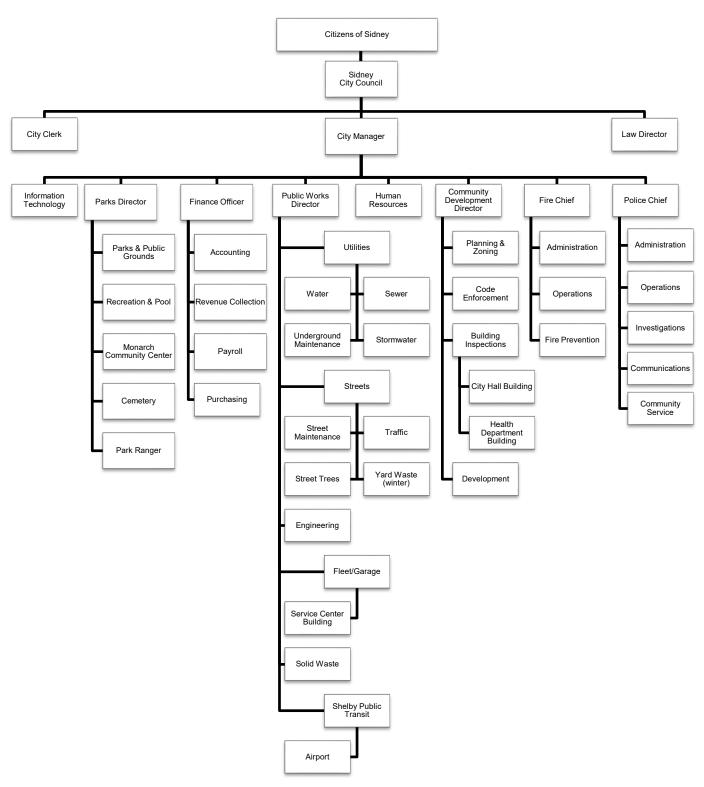
The preparation of this report was made possible by the efforts of the Finance Department staff, including Jennifer Wagner, Accountant/Purchasing Specialist, and Lori Rittenhouse, Payroll Coordinator. Special recognition is extended to Assistant Finance Officer Stacy Burton, for her skillful preparation of the financial statements. Our sincere appreciation is extended to all members of the City of Sidney staff, whose efforts have made this report possible.

Finally, special thanks are extended to Mayor Mike Barhorst and all City Council members whose support enables the City of Sidney to strive for excellence in its financial reporting and to maintain high standards of financial integrity.

Respectfully submitted,

Renee Dulaney, CPA

Finance Officer





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Sidney Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council City of Sidney, Ohio 201 West Poplar Street Sidney, Ohio 45365

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sidney, Ohio (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules and the required pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio June 26, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

The management of the City of Sidney provides the following information as an introduction, overview and analysis of the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. Readers should also review the basic financial statements on pages 17–27 to further enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can first understand the City of Sidney as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial information.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (referred to collectively as the government-wide statements) provide information about the activities as an entire operating entity, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The proprietary funds' statements are prepared on the same basis as the government-wide statements.

Reporting on the City of Sidney as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These government-wide statements answer the question, "How did the City as a whole do financially during 2023?" They are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, much the same way as for a private enterprise. This basis of accounting includes all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and takes into account all of the reporting year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash was received or paid.

- The Statement of Net Position. This statement (page 17) reports all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the City as of December 31, 2023. The difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as "net position". Over time, increases in net position generally indicate an improvement in financial position while decreases may indicate a deterioration of financial position.
- The Statement of Activities. This statement (page 18) serves the purpose of the traditional income statement. It provides consolidated reporting of the results of all activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2023. Changes in net position are recorded in the period in which the underlying event takes place, which may differ from the period in which cash is received or disbursed. The Statement of Activities displays the expense of the City's various programs net of related revenues, as well as a separate presentation of revenues available for general purposes.

Both of the government-wide statements distinguish functions of the City of Sidney that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, police, fire, judicial, street repair and maintenance, community development and parks. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, solid and yard waste collection, stormwater, public transportation, airport, water park and concession stand.

Reporting on the City of Sidney's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements

These statements provide financial position and results of the City's major funds. A fund is an accounting entity created to account for a specific activity or purpose. Major funds of the City of Sidney are the General Fund, Street Repair & Maintenance Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, Municipal Earned Income Tax for Street Capital Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Stormwater Fund. The creation of some

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

funds is mandated by law and others are created by management to demonstrate financial compliance with budgetary or legal requirements. Funds are classified into three broad categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

• Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for "governmental-type" activities. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements use a "flow of financial resources" measurement focus. That is to say, the operating statement of a governmental fund attempts to answer the question "Are there more or less resources that can be spent in the near future as a result of events and transactions of the reporting period?" Increases in spendable resources are reported in the operating statement as "revenues" or "other financing sources." Decreases in spendable resources are reported as "expenditures" or "other financing uses." We describe the differences between governmental funds and governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) in reconciliations presented beside the governmental fund financial statements on pages 20 and 22.

The City of Sidney maintains 38 separate governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements on pages 19 and 21 separately display the governmental funds considered to be major funds. All other governmental funds - the "non-major" funds - are combined into a single column. Detailed financial data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

- Proprietary funds. There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.
 - <u>Enterprise funds</u> These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises for which either 1) the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) be recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) determination of net income is appropriate for management control, accountability or other purposes.
 - The City of Sidney's Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Stormwater Fund are all considered to be major funds and are displayed separately in the proprietary fund statements on pages 23 through 25. The City has five other proprietary funds, the activities of which are combined into one column for non-major funds.
 - o <u>Internal service funds</u> Often, governments wish to allocate the cost of providing certain centralized services (e.g., fleet maintenance, revenue collections, information technology) to the other departments of the government entity that use the services. An internal service fund is the appropriate accounting mechanism when it is the intent of the government to recover the full cost of providing the service through user charges to other departments.
 - The City of Sidney's five internal service funds are combined into a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Detailed financial data for those funds can be found in the combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.
- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Of the City of Sidney's six fiduciary funds, three are custodial funds and three are private-purpose trust funds. The custodial funds are combined and shown as a single column as well as private-purpose trust funds are combined into a single column in the fiduciary statement of net position, on page 26 of this report. The statement of changes in fiduciary net position reported on page 27 includes the custodial fund report in a separate column and the private-purpose trust funds reported in a single column. Detailed

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

financial data for the custodial funds can be found in the combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

Other Information

Notes to the basic financial statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 28–67 of this report.

Required supplementary information.

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also contains required supplementary information (RSI). Included in the RSI is the proportionate share of net pension/OPEB asset or liability and schedule of pension/OPEB payment amounts. RSI also contains the budgetary schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds. This data is on pages 68 to 75 of this report.

The City of Sidney as a Whole

The following table presents condensed information on net position as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Net Position December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	<u>Total</u>			
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022		
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 41,029,176	\$ 39,980,814	\$ 30,608,688	\$ 26,911,500	\$ 71,637,864	\$ 66,892,314		
Capital assets	72,736,613	71,460,570	100,202,569	97,021,010	172,939,182	168,481,580		
Total assets	113,765,789	111,441,384	130,811,257	123,932,510	244,577,046	235,373,894		
Deferred outflows	14,003,976	7,551,283	2,582,082	674,969	16,586,058	8,226,252		
Total assets and								
deferred outflows	127,769,765	118,992,667	133,393,339	124,607,479	261,163,104	243,600,146		
<u>Liabilities:</u>								
Current and other liabilities	5,058,283	5,534,853	4,302,776	2,206,634	9,361,059	7,741,487		
Long-term liabilities	2,932,439	3,532,650	42,214,172	44,136,147	45,146,611	47,668,797		
Net pension liability	34,385,452	18,378,282	5,410,984	1,498,600	39,796,436	19,876,882		
Net OPEB liability	1,997,908	2,675,925	110,591		2,108,499	2,675,925		
Total liabilities	44,374,082	30,121,710	52,038,523	47,841,381	96,412,605	77,963,091		
Deferred inflows	6,449,919	13,666,936	212,297	2,531,547	6,662,216	16,198,483		
Total liabilities								
and deferred inflows	50,824,001	43,788,646	52,250,820	50,372,928	103,074,821	94,161,574		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	71,527,262	69,735,142	56,067,657	53,270,044	127,594,919	123,005,186		
Restricted	6,740,864	6,447,348	-	-	6,740,864	6,447,348		
Unrestricted	(1,322,362)	(978,469)	25,074,862	20,964,507	23,752,500	19,986,038		
Total net position	\$ 76,945,764	\$ 75,204,021	\$ 81,142,519	\$ 74,234,551	\$ 158,088,283	\$ 149,438,572		

The City's assets and deferred outflows were greater than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by nearly \$158.1 million at the close of 2023, as compared to \$149.4 million at the close of 2022, an increase of about \$8.6 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

The largest impact on the City's financial statements in 2023 had absolutely no impact on the City's financial condition; GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revised accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits. Users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting the deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards are national and apply to all governmental financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pension (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach, limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employee's past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" –that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statue. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return of investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability of the statement of net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset), respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

The component, "Net investment in capital assets" increased almost \$4.6 million, or 4%, from approximately \$123.0 million at December 31, 2022 to nearly \$127.6 million at December 31, 2023. Increases in this category of net position generally means that the sum of cash capital asset additions and bond principal repayments were more than the sum of depreciation expense and additional debt now associated with capital assets. During 2023 the City spent approximately \$10.9 million for cash capital additions and debt principal repayments of nearly \$2.5 million. Total depreciation expense for capital assets was approximately \$7.9 million and a loss on the sale of capital asset of nearly \$900,000.

The majority of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding plus any significant unspent bond proceeds. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is calculated net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position is subject to external restrictions as to their use. This category increased approximately \$300,000, or 5%, from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2023. These dollars are primarily special revenue sources required by some form of law to be restricted for specific purposes.

Unrestricted net position is available for future use as directed by City Council. Overall, this category increased approximately \$3.7 million from nearly \$20.0 million at December 31, 2022 to \$23.7 million at December 31, 2023. It is important to note that although the total unrestricted net position is almost \$23.7 million, the unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities is positive nearly \$25.1 million, whereas the governmental activities is negative \$1.3 million. The recognition of pension and OPEB expenses under GASB 68 and 75 resulted in a negative \$29.0 million of the 2023 unrestricted net position. The City does not have authority to regulate this. Consequently, in order to compare other changes in unrestricted net assets without GASB 68 & 75 expenses, the following adjustments are needed:

	Governmental		Busines	s-type			
	Activities		Activ	ities	Totals		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Total Unrestricted Net Position	\$ (1,322,362)	\$ (978,469)	\$ 25,074,863	\$ 20,964,507	\$ 23,752,501	\$ 19,986,038	
Pension & OPEB related	(26,050,210)	(24,186,910)	(2,976,966)	(2,659,019)	(29,027,176)	(26,845,929)	
Adjusted Unrestricted Net Position	<u>\$ 24,727,848</u>	\$ 23,208,441	\$ 28,051,829	\$ 23,623,526	\$ 52,779,677	\$ 46,831,967	
Increase (decrease) in Unrestricted Net Position not related to Pension &							
OPEB	\$ 1,519,407		\$ 4,428,303		\$ 5,947,710		

Therefore adjusted unrestricted net position are nearly \$52.8 million for 2023. This is an increase of nearly \$5.9 million compared to 2022 which indicates an improvement in the City's financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

Changes in Net Position for the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	<u>To</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Revenues:	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022		
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$2,206,035	\$2,278,049	\$19,180,262	\$17,820,366	\$21,386,297	\$20,098,415		
Operating grants and								
contributions	2,683,025	2,939,645	881,415	658,616	3,564,440	3,598,261		
Capital grants and								
contributions	2,009,511	2,547,786	2,202,620	770,456	4,212,131	3,318,242		
General revenues:								
Income taxes	19,556,190	21,810,525	-	-	19,556,190	21,810,525		
Property taxes	1,226,024	1,208,991	-	-	1,226,024	1,208,991		
Payments in lieu of taxes	70,230	205,333	-	-	70,230	205,333		
Lodging taxes	536,337	475,760	-	-	536,337	475,760		
Grants and other contributions								
not restricted to specific programs	1,944,776	833,993	-	-	1,944,776	833,993		
Investment income	1,258,930	6,198	1,338,838	138,104	2,597,768	144,302		
Gain on sale of capital assets	62,377	28,906	23,935	9,225	86,312	38,131		
Miscellaneous	855,386	837,193	85,237	213,290	940,623	1,050,483		
Total revenues	32,408,821	33,172,379	23,712,307	19,610,057	56,121,128	52,782,436		
Expenses:								
Basic utility services	56,421	65,636	_	_	56,421	65,636		
Community development	1,472,860	1,414,951	_	_	1,472,860	1,414,951		
Community environment	820,882	461,533	-	_	820,882	461,533		
Fire	7,638,813	5,957,571	-	_	7,638,813	5,957,571		
General government	2,489,684	1,262,028	-	_	2,489,684	1,262,028		
Health	395,343	271,335	-	_	395,343	271,335		
Judicial	2,394,969	1,763,387	-	_	2,394,969	1,763,387		
Parks and recreation	2,154,513	1,525,525	-	_	2,154,513	1,525,525		
Police	7,678,596	6,585,891	-	_	7,678,596	6,585,891		
Street repair & maintenance	4,950,756	4,616,163	-	_	4,950,756	4,616,163		
Interest on long-term debt	3,507	14,663	-	_	3,507	14,663		
Airport	, <u>-</u>	´ -	809,603	761,787	809,603	761,787		
Concession Stand	-	-	26,221	21,477	26,221	21,477		
Sewer	-	-	6,012,910	4,842,944	6,012,910	4,842,944		
Sidney Water Park	_	-	405,909	230,575	405,909	230,575		
Solid waste	-	-	1,992,400	1,975,043	1,992,400	1,975,043		
Stormwater	-	-	869,403	526,620	869,403	526,620		
Transportation	_	_	1,135,150	824,444	1,135,150	824,444		
Water			6,163,477	5,647,816	6,163,477	5,647,816		
Total expenses	30,056,344	23,938,683	17,415,073	14,830,706	47,471,417	38,769,389		
Excess before transfers	2,352,477	9,233,696	6,297,234	4,779,351	8,649,711	14,013,047		
Transfers	(610,734)	(482,499)	610,734	482,499				
Change in net position	1,741,743	8,751,197	6,907,968	5,261,850	8,649,711	14,013,047		
Net position, beginning of year	75,204,021	66,452,824	74,234,551	68,972,701	149,438,572	135,425,525		
Net position, end of year	\$ 76,945,764	\$ 75,204,021	\$ 81,142,519	\$ 74,234,551	\$ 158,088,283	\$ 149,438,572		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

The City's net position increased approximately \$8.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 as compared to an increase of almost \$14 million for the prior year.

Total revenues increased approximately \$3.3 million, or 6.3%. Income tax revenue decreased nearly \$2.3 million or 10.3%, due to large corporate estimates paid in 2022. This causes large overpayments and results in a liability to the City, which reduces corporate collections in 2023. Charges for services increased about \$1.3 million, or 6.4%, primarily from higher water utility rates and consumption. Capital grants and contributions increased nearly \$900,000 due to \$1.3 million for the airport parallel taxiway in 2023 versus only \$400,000 in 2022, the parks trail improvements grant of nearly \$1.1 million, donated park assets of over \$200,000, Wagner building grant funding of nearly \$240,000 and OPWC grant dollars over 2022 of nearly \$300,000. These projects were offset by a decrease of \$2.0 million in street funding from 2022 ODOT projects. Investment earnings increased almost \$2.5 million due to increasing interest rates. Payments in lieu of tax revenue decreased about \$135,000 or 66% as a result of closure of the Menards TIF in December 2022. Grants and other contributions not restricted to specific programs increased \$1.1 million as a result of spending down on the American Rescue Plan Act funds.

Total expenses increased nearly \$8.7 million, or 22%, from nearly \$38.8 million in 2022 to \$47.5 million in 2023. Approximately \$5.9 million of this significant increase in program expenses relates to recognition of pension and OPEB expenses under GASB 68 & 75 which the City does not have authority to regulate. Consequently, in order to compare other changes in program expenses without GASB 68 & 75 expenses, the following adjustments are needed:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Totals				
		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	2023		2022		<u>2023</u>		2022
Total program expenses	\$	30,056,344	\$ 23,938,683	\$ 17,415,073	\$	14,830,706	\$	47,471,417	\$	38,769,389
Pension & OPEB expense		(4,136,609)	348,141	(749,315)		807,553		(4,885,924)		1,155,694
Contractually required contribution		2,273,312	 2,214,682	 431,365		384,106		2,704,677		2,598,788
Adjusted program expenses	\$	28,193,047	\$ 26,501,506	\$ 17,097,123	\$	16,022,365	\$	45,290,170	\$	42,523,871
Increase (decrease) in program expenses not related to Pension &										
OPEB	\$	1,691,541		\$ 1,074,758			\$	2,766,299		

As shown here, of the total \$8.7 million increase in program expenses, nearly \$2.8 million is not related to Pension and OPEB.

Governmental activities

Governmental activities net position increased nearly \$1.7 million from about \$75.2 million at December 31, 2022 to nearly \$76.9 million at December 31, 2023. The category, net investment in capital assets, increased almost \$1.8 million, or 3%, from nearly \$70 million to about \$71.5 million this related to capital additions. Restricted net position increased approximately \$300,000. This change is primarily a result of accumulating resources in the municipal income tax for street levy fund. Unrestricted decreased from a negative \$1 million in 2022 to a negative \$1.3 million in 2023. Without pension and OPEB there was actually an increase in unrestricted net assets of \$1.5 million.

The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of each of the governmental activities programs and the related program revenue that offsets the cost of each program. The amount by which the cost of a particular program exceeds its program revenue represents the extent to which that program must be subsidized by general revenues, such as income taxes, property taxes and unrestricted contributions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

The following table and graph summarize the net cost of each program:

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

	Year Ended December 31, 2023						Year Ended December 31, 2022						
			Net									Net	
	Expense		Program Revenue		Revenue (Cost)		Expense		Program Revenue		Revenue (Cost)		
Community development	\$	1,472,860	\$	657,936	\$	(814,924)	\$	1,414,951	\$	546,638	\$	(868,313)	
Community environment		820,882		156,131		(664,751)		461,533		205,558		(255,975)	
Fire		7,638,813		829,199		(6,809,614)		5,957,571		705,918		(5,251,653)	
General government		2,489,684		37,070		(2,452,614)		1,262,028		38,512		(1,223,516)	
Judicial		2,394,969		835,399		(1,559,570)		1,763,387		985,653		(777,734)	
Parks & recreation		2,154,513		1,420,998		(733,515)		1,525,525		378,846		(1,146,679)	
Police		7,678,596		764,586		(6,914,010)		6,585,891		632,379		(5,953,512)	
Street repair & maintenance		4,950,756		2,033,024		(2,917,732)		4,616,163		4,093,490		(522,673)	
All others		455,271		164,228		(291,043)		351,634		178,486		(173,148)	
Total governmental activities	\$	30,056,344	\$	6,898,571	\$	(23,157,773)	\$	23,938,683	\$	7,765,480	\$	(16,173,203)	

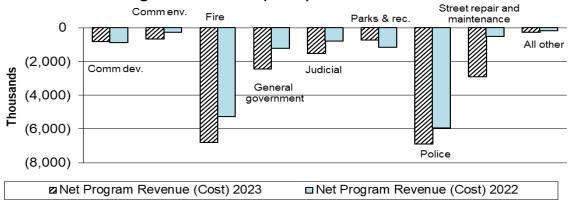
Overall, the net program cost of governmental activities increased by nearly \$7.0 million, or 43%, from a net program cost of about \$16.1 million in 2022 to \$23.1 million in 2023.

Program revenue for governmental activities decreased nearly \$870,000, of this parks and recreation did see an increase of \$1.0 million from grant funding for trail development. Streets repair and maintenance has a decrease from grant funding of nearly \$2.1 million. Community development program revenue increased about \$110,000 resulting from a portion of grant fund for the Wagner building demolition. Fire reflected increase of about \$120,000 from new operating and capital grants for the Marcs portable radios, protect the protector program, and Lucas defibrillators. In 2023 the City closed out a two year Justice Reinvestment state grant and the City paid back over \$90,000, this is included in judicial decrease of about \$150,000. The City received American Rescue Plan Act grant for two police officers personnel costs and also another state grant for protect the protector program which resulted in an increase of \$130,000.

Program expenses increased \$6.1 million, of this about \$4.4 million relates to pension and OPEB expenses for governmental activities. The remaining nearly \$1.7 million is comprised of the following changes. Fire expenses increased nearly \$360,000, primarily from full year of three new firefighters as well as increased wages from the new union contract that began in 2023. General government increased by about \$900,000 reflects the recognition of loss on repairs for the Ohio Building before giving it to a developer. Parks & recreation increased by nearly \$300,000 due to full year of additional facility maintenance foreman and a ranger which was being split between both parks and code enforcement, also about \$80,000 in additional tree planting and maintenance a portion of this was from a tree grant. Significant staffing overturn and lack of new candidates to be police officers reflected decrease in compensated absences by nearly \$200,000. Community environment increased nearly \$180,000 this comprises of \$60,000 for additional engineering professional services, \$50,000 to code enforcement related expenses such as weed mowing and junk removal, and the addition of a ranger that was split with parks. Judicial expense increased \$153,000 primarily from window repairs in the municipal court historical building.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

Net Program Revenue (Cost) - Governmental Activities



Business-type activities

Business-type activities' net position increased \$6.9 million, or 9%, from approximately \$74.2 million at December 31, 2022 to about \$81.1 million at December 31, 2023. The category net investment in capital assets increased almost \$2.8 million, a result of cash capital purchases of approximately \$4.2 million and principal debt repayments of nearly \$1.9 million, reduced by depreciation expense of nearly \$3.2 million. Unrestricted portion of net position increased \$4.1 million, or 20%, from nearly \$21.0 million to nearly \$25.1 million, which indicates an increase in financial position.

It is the City's policy that revenues of some of the City's business-type activities (Water, Sewer, Solid Waste and Stormwater Funds) are expected to cover all program costs over the long term. The Sidney Water Park is subsidized by the General Fund every year. Transportation fund is also subsidized by both the County and City funds. The revenues of other business-type activities are to help cover specified portions of program costs. The following table summarizes the expenses and program revenues for business-type activities:

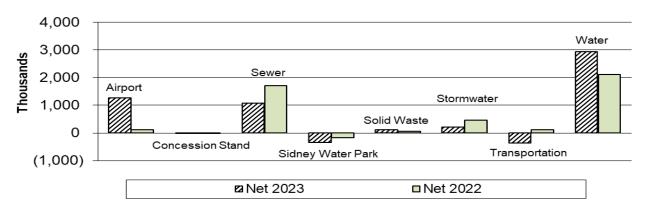
Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities

	Year Ended December 31, 2023							Year Ended December 31, 2022						
				Net							Net			
				Program		Revenue				Program		Revenue		
	Expense		Revenue			(Cost)		Expense		Revenue		(Cost)		
Airport	\$	809,603	\$	2,074,574	\$	1,264,971	\$	761,787	\$	879,432	\$	117,645		
Concession Stand		26,221		19,017		(7,204)		21,477		20,983		(494)		
Sewer		6,012,910		7,079,070		1,066,160		4,842,944		6,553,904		1,710,960		
Sidney Water Park		405,909		53,750		(352,159)		230,575		66,545		(164,030)		
Solid Waste		1,992,400		2,109,716		117,316		1,975,043		2,035,577		60,534		
Stormwater		869,403		1,072,464		203,061		526,620		983,132		456,512		
Transportation		1,135,150		765,209		(369,941)		824,444		948,077		123,633		
Water		6,163,477		9,090,497		2,927,020		5,647,816		7,761,788		2,113,972		
Total business-type														
activities	\$	17,415,073	\$	22,264,297	\$	4,849,224	\$	14,830,706	\$	19,249,438	\$	4,418,732		

Overall, the net program cost of the City's business-type activities changed from net program revenue of nearly \$4.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 to a net program revenue of about \$4.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2023. Program revenue for business-type activities increased approximately \$3.0 million, or 16%, and program expenses increased nearly \$2.6 million, or 17%. Program expenses increased nearly \$2.6 million, of this about \$1.5 million related to pension and OPEB expenses for business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Unaudited

Net Program Revenue (Cost) - Business-type Activities



Key components of the changes in net program revenue (cost) for each significant program change are as follows:

- The City's sewer decreased from net program revenue of nearly \$1.7 million in 2022 to about \$1.1 million in 2023. Sewer revenue increased by approximately \$500,000, or 8%, as a result of increased rates in 2023 for sewer user charges and consumption. Expenses increased roughly \$1.1 million, or 24%. Large changes were nearly \$300,000 for a planning model study to increase capacity at the facility plant and sewer infrastructure, which is being funded by a forgivable loan from Ohio Water Development Authority. GASB 75 OPERS pension accounts for \$400,000 and OPEB expense and nearly \$200,000 relates to filled vacant positions and wage increases in 2023.
- Water net program revenue changed from net program revenue of approximately \$2.1 million in 2022 to about \$2.9 million in 2023. Revenue increased by about \$1.3 million, or 17%, reflects \$800,000 from increased water charge out rates along with higher consumption and over \$300,000 for grant funds. Expenditures increased by approximately \$500,000, or 9%, is mainly due to GASB 75 OPERS pension and OPEB expense.
- Stormwater net program revenue decreased from nearly \$500,000 in 2022 to about \$200,000 in 2023. Program revenue increased nearly \$90,000, or 9% which reflects the higher rates for stormwater capital costs. Expenses increased approximately \$300,000 which primarily relates to GASB 75 OPERS pension and OPEB expense
- The Shelby Public Transit program (Transportation fund) had net program revenue of about \$120,000 in 2022 to about a net program cost of nearly \$370,000 in 2023, an overall decrease of almost \$500,000. Revenue decreased by nearly \$200,000 due to Ohio Department of Transit changing from monthly to quarterly reimbursements in 2023. The increase in expense of \$310,000 is also mainly due to GASB 75 OPERS pension and OPEB expense.
- Airport fund went from net program revenue of approximately \$100,000 in 2022 to nearly \$1.3 million in 2023 which is an increase of about \$1.1 million. Revenue increased nearly \$1.2 million primarily from grant funding for the parallel taxiway of nearly \$4.0 million of which was spent by end of 2023 was \$1.3 million compared to 2022 grant revenue of nearly \$400,000. Expenses increased slightly by \$45,000 due to increased fuel costs.
- Sidney water park program revenue decreased about \$10,000, 19% due to decrease in attendance, whereas expense increased \$175,000. About \$90,000 relates to GASB 75 OPERS pension and OPEB expense and over \$70,000 of this increase relates to leak at the pool causing increased utilities and repairs.

Individual governmental funds modified summary and analysis

Governmental funds, as stated earlier, focus on spendable resources and near-term inflows and outflows of those resources. As such, fund balance measures net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year, subject to any stated restrictions on their use.

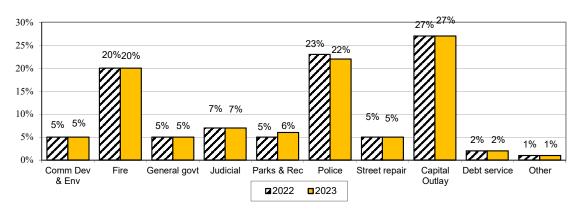
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The combined fund balance of the City's governmental funds at December 31, 2023 was nearly \$24.9 million. Nearly 47% of this total amount represents unassigned fund balances available for spending at the City's discretion. Roughly 23% of the combined fund balance is in a nonspendable, or restricted, form. The portion of fund balance committed by City Council, the highest level of decision making authority, is 7% and those balances assigned are 23%. Nearly \$2.4 million of fund balance has already been assigned to future budget commitments and about \$3.4 million is assigned for capital projects.

Total fund balances of the City's governmental funds increased about \$550,000 from nearly \$24.4 million at December 31, 2022 to about \$24.9 million at December 31, 2023. (See the governmental funds' statement of revenue, expenditures & changes in fund balance on page 21.)

The components of governmental fund expenses are as follows:

Governmental Fund Expenses by Program



The composition of expenses by function remained relatively stable from 2022 to 2023. The three largest components of governmental fund expenses are capital outlay, police and fire services. Fire makes up 20% of the total, while police contributes another 22% to 23%. Capital outlay comprises about 27% of governmental expenses. Judicial - consisting mainly of municipal court activities – comprises 7% of governmental activities' expenses. Street repair and maintenance (which includes winter street clean-up) accounts for about 5% of expenses. The community development and environment program expenditures, which includes such activities as community planning, engineering, building inspection, and code enforcement, make up 5% of total governmental expenses. The parks and recreation program is responsible for 5% to 6% of governmental expenses.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City of Sidney, accounting for such activities as police and fire protection, emergency medical services, and parks and recreation. Annually, twenty percent of the budgeted net income tax proceeds are allocated out to the Capital improvement Fund. The General Fund balance increased by nearly \$1.2 million, or 8%, from nearly \$14.4 million at December 31, 2022 to about \$15.6 million at December 31, 2023.

Revenue increased in the General Fund by \$800,000, or 4%, from nearly \$20.2 million in 2022 to almost \$21.0 million in 2023. Local tax revenue decreased about \$570,000 from approximately \$16.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 to about \$16.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, related to large swing in corporate estimate payments. Intergovernmental revenue increased nearly \$350,000 from grant funding for two police personnel costs. Investment income increased \$1.1 million as a result of the rise in the interest rate market.

General Fund expenditures increased nearly \$800,000, or 4%. This increase is primarily made up of increased expense of around \$85,000 for community development, \$120,000 for community environment, \$230,000 increase for fire, and \$230,000 increase for parks and recreation. Fire expense increase is mainly due to increased wages from the new union contract that began in 2023. The community development increased expense is due to a full year of the Planner position. Engineering professional fees and portion of the full year of Ranger added in 2023 added to the increase in community environment expenses. Parks and

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recreation increased by nearly \$230,000 due to full year of additional facility maintenance foreman and a ranger which was being split between both parks and code enforcement, also about \$80,000 in additional tree planting and maintenance a portion of this was from a tree grant. General Fund transfers were about \$941,000 compared to around \$490,000 in 2022 and are subsidized to various funds. These transfer include the street repair & maintenance \$520,000, transportation services about \$86,000, airport \$80,000, cemetery operations \$70,000, and water park \$185,000.

The Street Repair & Maintenance Fund, used to account for the state-levied gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees, is restricted by law for street maintenance and repair activities. The fund balance increased by approximately \$130,000 in 2023. This increase is primarily due to the increased transfer from the general fund of \$520,000 compared to \$237,000 in 2022. The increase in revenue of nearly \$25,000, or 2%, over 2022, whereas the street repair and maintenance expenditure decreased by nearly \$170,000 over 2022 is primarily due to a decrease in capital additions.

The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for the income tax resources earmarked for capital improvements used for the general improvement of all City facilities and operations. Annually, twenty percent of the budgeted net income tax proceeds are allocated to this Fund. For the year ended December 31, 2023, this fund balance decreased roughly \$1.2 million from nearly \$4.6 million at December 31, 2022 to approximately \$3.4 million at December 31, 2023. In 2023, local tax, which is the allocation of income taxes, decreased \$200,000, or 5%. Intergovernmental revenue decreased nearly \$2.0 million as a result of timing of capital grants from the Ohio Department of Transportation for street projects. Capital-related expenditures decreased approximately \$200,000 from almost \$5.0 million at December 31, 2022 to approximately \$4.8 million at December 31, 2023.

The Municipal Earned Income Tax for Street Capital Fund is used to account for the income tax levy of the additional tax on earned income for street projects. This street levy fund is restricted for the construction, reconstruction, resurfacing and maintenance of streets, alleys, bridges, curbs, and gutters and cost incidental thereto. In 2023 nearly \$1.3 million was spent for this purpose which decreased about \$100,000 from prior year expenditures. For 2023, the special levy generated income tax revenues of nearly \$1.8 million, a decrease of about \$60,000 over 2022. The fund balance increased approximately \$500,000 from nearly \$1.7 million at December 31, 2022 to around \$2.2 million at December 31, 2023.

Budgetary Basis - Budget versus Actual

In 2023, the amount in the original budget for General Fund local tax revenues was \$15.7 but was decreased nearly \$200,000 during the year for a total of \$15.5 million based on 2022 revenue coming in lower than expected. Actual tax revenues were over budget expectations by \$640,000, the City tries to be slightly conservative in making projections. Investment income was higher than expected as interest rates continue to increase throughout 2023 by nearly \$720,000. Fire and police expenditures are hard to predict with overtime and unexpected calls. The Fire department budget increased approximately \$60,000 and the Police department budget decreased nearly \$370,000. The increased budget for the Fire department at yearend was not needed, as actual expenditures were over \$300,000 under budget for both police and fire.

Capital asset and debt administration

Capital asset activity

Significant capital activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 included:

- ✓ The Fire Department utilized American Rescue Plan Act dollars to purchase a medic for \$258,000.
- ✓ Design services for two fire stations and the Municipal Building began in 2023, adding respectively, \$470,000 and \$319,000 to construction in progress.
- ✓ Approximately \$1.2 million of street resurfacing and curb and gutter replacements were completed with approximately \$1.0 million paid with street levy revenue, about \$100,000 paid with County Auto License funds and another \$100,000 paid with Permissive License funds.
- ✓ Echo Drive Extension for additional access was finished in 2023 for nearly \$410,000.

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- ✓ Recreational park trail extension to Kuther Road began construction in 2023 totaling approximately \$1.2 million.
- ✓ In 2023, Broadway Ave Water Main Replacement Project Phases I and II were placed in construction in progress for a total of \$1.2 million.
- ✓ Linden Avenue and Fairmont Drive Sanitary Sewer Replacement projects were completed and capitalized at nearly \$580,000 and \$312,000, respectively.
- ✓ S Wagner Avenue Water and Sewer Replacement project was placed in construction in progress for nearly \$250,000.
- ✓ Brooklyn Avenue Sanitary Sewer Diversion project was started in 2023, adding nearly \$102,000 to construction in progress.
- ✓ The replacement of three water wells continues, during 2023 nearly \$700,000 was added to construction in progress.
- ✓ At the Sidney Airport Apron B, D, & F rehabilitation spent in 2023 of \$360,000 as well as a grant for the Partial Parallel Taxiway which began in 2023 of which \$1.6 million was recorded in 2023.

Additional detail on the capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 is presented in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in Note 7 on pages 41 - 42.

Debt

Ohio law restricts the amount of debt that a City may issue. The aggregate principal amount of unvoted "net indebtedness" may not exceed 5.5% of the assessed valuation for property tax purposes of all real and personal property located within the City. At December 31, 2023, that debt ceiling was nearly \$31.1 million. Certain debt with a repayment source other than general tax revenues is excluded from the definition of net indebtedness. Under that definition, the City has approximately \$500,000 of net indebtedness as of December 31, 2023, leaving a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of almost \$30.6 million.

An additional statutory limitation restricts total indebtedness – both voted and unvoted – to 10.5% of the real and personal property assessed valuation. That limitation would restrict total City net indebtedness to approximately \$59.3 million, leaving a total debt margin of about \$58.8 million.

A summary of debt outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 853,462 41,752,852	\$ 1,427,296 43,635,182
Total	\$ 42,606,314	\$ 45,062,478

See additional detailed data for all debt of the City of Sidney is presented in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in Note 8 on pages 43 - 46 and in Schedules 7-9 in the Statistical Section of this report.

Contacting the City's management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with an overview of the City's finances. If you have questions or need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Officer, City of Sidney, 201 West Poplar Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2023	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$ 9,858,339	\$ 8,751,886	\$ 18,610,225 1,314,875
Cash Cash held by outside agent	1,314,875 653,239	-	653,239
Pooled investments	18,635,545	16,570,086	35,205,631
Receivables	10,183,439	4,647,308	14,830,747
Internal balances	(200,408)	200,408	-
Inventory	321,643	410,608	732,251
Prepaid items	262,504	28,392	290,896
Capital assets:			
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	0.016.006	5 402 102	16210.420
Land	8,916,236	7,403,192	16,319,428
Construction in progress	3,266,549	4,339,590	7,606,139
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	60,553,828	88,459,787	149,013,615
Total assets	113,765,789	130,811,257	244,577,046
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	12,054,917	2,252,153	14,307,070
OPEB	1,949,059	329,929	2,278,988
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,003,976	2,582,082	16,586,058
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 127,769,765	\$ 133,393,339	\$ 261,163,104
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,838,242	\$ 2,780,750	\$ 5,618,992
Salaries and benefits payable	1,020,368	187,725	1,208,093
Claims payable	214,128	-	214,128
Unearned revenue	984,337	563,811	1,548,148
Accrued interest payable Refundable deposits	1,208	483,271	484,479
Noncurrent liabilities:	-	287,219	287,219
Due within one year	675,046	1,918,238	2,593,284
Due in more than one year	0,2,0.0	-,,,	_,
Net pension liability	34,385,452	5,410,984	39,796,436
Net OPEB liability	1,997,908	110,591	2,108,499
Other amounts due in more than one year	2,257,393	40,295,934	42,553,327
Total liabilities	44,374,082	52,038,523	96,412,605
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred revenue	2,742,694	-	2,742,694
Lease	36,399	174,824	211,223
Pension	1,634,081	-	1,634,081
OPEB	2,036,745	37,473	2,074,218
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,449,919	212,297	6,662,216
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	71,527,262	56,067,657	127,594,919
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,
Cemetery - Expendable	1,007,252	-	1,007,252
Cemetery - Nonexpendable	30,376	-	30,376
Community development projects	449,362	-	449,362
Judicial costs	468,901	-	468,901
Police Street capital projects	443,855 2,875,082	-	443,855 2,875,082
Street repair and maintenance	1,186,881	-	1,186,881
Other purposes - externally imposed restrictions	279,155	-	279,155
Unrestricted	(1,322,362)	25,074,862	23,752,500
Total net position	76,945,764	81,142,519	158,088,283
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 127,769,765	\$ 133,393,339	\$ 261,163,104

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Re	venue and Change	es in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Bervices	Contributions	Contributions	Tienvines	Tietrities	10111
Governmental Activities:							
Basic utility services	\$ 56,421	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (56,421)		\$ (56,421)
Community development	1,472,860	39,530	342,676	275,730	(814,924)		(814,924)
Community environment	820,882	156,131	-	-	(664,751)		(664,751)
Fire	7,638,813	731,734	29,602	67,863	(6,809,614)		(6,809,614)
General government	2,489,684	-	37,070	-	(2,452,614)		(2,452,614)
Health	395,343	164,228	-	-	(231,115)		(231,115)
Judicial Dela Lacontina	2,394,969	621,306	214,093	1 210 414	(1,559,570)		(1,559,570)
Parks and recreation Police	2,154,513	7,000	94,584	1,319,414	(733,515)		(733,515)
Street repair and maintenance	7,678,596 4,950,756	288,276 197,830	345,484 1,619,516	130,826 215,678	(6,914,010) (2,917,732)		(6,914,010) (2,917,732)
Interest on long-term debt	3,507	197,030	1,019,510	213,078	(2,917,732) $(3,507)$		(3,507)
Total governmental activities	30,056,344	2,206,035	2,683,025	2,009,511	(23,157,773)		(23,157,773)
Total governmental activities	30,036,344	2,200,033	2,083,023	2,009,311	(23,137,773)		(23,137,773)
Business-type activities:							
Airport	809,603	527,637	-	1,546,937		\$ 1,264,971	1,264,971
Concession Stand	26,221	19,017	-	-		(7,204)	(7,204)
Sewer	6,012,910	6,717,938	281,631	79,501		1,066,160	1,066,160
Sidney Water Park	405,909	48,550	5,200	-		(352,159)	(352,159)
Solid Waste	1,992,400	2,109,716	-	-		117,316	117,316
Stormwater	869,403	1,072,464	-	-		203,061	203,061
Transportation	1,135,150	91,087	594,584	79,538		(369,941)	(369,941)
Water	6,163,477	8,593,853		496,644		2,927,020	2,927,020
Total business-type activities	17,415,073	19,180,262	881,415	2,202,620		4,849,224	4,849,224
Total	\$ 47,471,417	\$ 21,386,297	\$ 3,564,440	\$ 4,212,131	(23,157,773)	4,849,224	(18,308,549)
	General revenues:						
	Taxes:						
	Income taxes				17,778,852	-	17,778,852
	Street levy in				1,777,338	-	1,777,338
	Property taxe				1,226,024	-	1,226,024
	Payments in Lodging taxe				70,230 536,337	-	70,230 536,337
			ted to specific progra	ams	1,944,776	-	1,944,776
	Investment earn		ted to specific progr	ums	1,258,930	1,338,838	2,597,768
	Gain on sale of				62,377	23,935	86,312
	Miscellaneous	1			855,386	85,237	940,623
	Transfers				(610,734)	610,734	-
	Total genera	l revenues and tran	sfers		24,899,516	2,058,744	26,958,260
	(Change in net posit	ion		1,741,743	6,907,968	8,649,711
	Net position - begi				75,204,021	74,234,551	149,438,572
	Net position - endi	ng			\$ 76,945,764	\$ 81,142,519	\$ 158,088,283

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General Fund		treet Repair Maintenance Fund	In	Capital nprovement Fund	Ea: Ta	Municipal rned Income ax for Street apital Fund		Non-major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Page 1 december 1 december 1 december 2 decembe	\$ 5,611,954	\$	93,753	¢	1,713,396	\$	833,952	\$	1,357,831	\$	9,610,886
Pooled cash and equivalents Cash held by outside agent	5 5,611,954 628,840	3	93,/33	\$	1,/13,396	3	833,932	3	24,399	Э	653,239
Pooled investments	10,535,601		177,386		3,272,033		1,592,579		2,585,391		18,162,990
Receivables:	10,333,001		177,380		3,272,033		1,392,379		2,363,391		16,102,990
	2 572 224						380,429		_		3,952,753
Income taxes	3,572,324 1,586,394		-		-		380,429		61,810		1,648,204
Property taxes Other taxes	47,178		_		-		-		8,407		55,585
Interest	64,946		610		-		-		2,817		68,373
	·		-		-		-		38,834		38,834
Lease Loans	-		-		-		-				
	233,008		-		47 255		-		1,044,935		1,044,935
Special assessments Other			300		47,355		-		20 002		280,363
	168,533				27,436		-		38,883		235,152
Receivables from other governments	618,703		743,358		1,348,821		-		147,883		2,858,765
Due from other funds	83,100		-		109,304		-		-		109,304
Advances to other funds			212 262		-		-		-		83,100
Inventory	95,829		213,363				-		- 12.674		309,192
Prepaid items	51,289	_	184	_	12,779				12,674		76,926
Total assets	\$ 23,297,699	\$	1,228,954	\$	6,531,124	\$	2,806,960	\$	5,323,864	\$	39,188,601
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$ 850,932	\$	9,321	\$	1,382,024	\$	265,430	\$	133,203	\$	2,640,910
Salaries and benefits payable	905,551		32,718		-		-		22,328		960,597
Advances from other funds	-		-		-		-		83,100		83,100
Unearned revenue	83,790		-		318,007		-		582,540		984,337
Due to other funds	109,304				-		-				109,304
Total liabilities	1,949,577	_	42,039	_	1,700,031		265,430		821,171		4,778,248
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,										
Lease	-		-		_		_		36,399		36,399
Unavailable revenue	5,769,767		639,916		1,396,176		301,548		1,314,566		9,421,973
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,769,767		639,916		1,396,176		301,548		1,350,965		9,458,372
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable	147,118		213,547		12,779		_		15,109		388,553
Restricted	-		333,452		-		2.239.982		2,732,161		5,305,595
Committed	1,246,832		-		_		2,237,702		406,477		1,653,309
Assigned	2,427,053		_		3,422,138		_		-		5,849,191
Unassigned	11,757,352		_		3,422,130				(2,019)		11,755,333
Unassigned	11,/3/,332	_		_	-			_	(2,019)		11,/33,333
Total fund balances	15,578,355	_	546,999	_	3,434,917	-	2,239,982		3,151,728	-	24,951,981
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources and fund balance	\$ 23,297,699	\$	1,228,954	\$	6,531,124	\$	2,806,960	\$	5,323,864	\$	39,188,601

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 24,951,981
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Some assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Capital Assets	72,000,632
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and	
therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Income taxes receivable	3,088,145
Grant related receivables	2,164,254
Other receivables	1,426,880
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities, such as the	
central garage and health insurance, to individual funds. The assets/deferred outflows	
and liabilities/deferred inflows of the internal service funds are included in governmental	
activities in the statement of net position.	
Net position of Internal Service Funds	1,365,746
Internal service fund activity allocated to enterprise funds	(200,408)
The net pension/OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore the	
liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	11,349,636
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,634,081)
Net Pension Liability	(32,690,954)
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	1,845,742
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(2,025,012)
Net OPEB Liability	(1,963,276)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable	
in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds:	
Bonds and loan payable	(827,050)
Premium on bond	(26,412)
Compensated absences	(1,878,851)
Accrued interest on long-term debt	 (1,208)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 76,945,764

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General Fund	Street Repair & Maintenance Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Municipal Earned Income Tax for Street Capital Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Local taxes Intergovernmental revenues Special assessments	\$ 16,126,185 1,244,829 335,154	\$ - 1,290,731	\$ 3,618,029 162,352 216,278	\$ 1,813,937 - -	\$ 311,858 2,027,403 3,250	\$ 21,870,009 4,725,315 554,682
Charges for services Fines, licenses and permits Investment income	1,180,509 401,770 1,094,834	- - 12,516	-	- - -	332,064 38,492 71,344	1,512,573 440,262 1,178,694
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements	601,884	1,310	226,319		198,269	1,027,782
Total revenues	20,985,165	1,304,557	4,222,978	1,813,937	2,982,680	31,309,317
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:	56.421					56 421
Basic utility services	56,421 481,154	-	-	-	320,136	56,421 801,290
Community development Community environment	736,914	-	-	-	4,120	741,034
Fire	6,084,217	-	-	-	53,066	6,137,283
General government	1,526,710	-	-	-	33,000	1,526,710
Health	1,320,710	-	-	-	329,138	329,138
	1,603,421	-	-	-	,	
Judicial		-	-	-	461,328	2,064,749
Parks and recreation	1,692,290	-	-	-	110.006	1,692,290
Police	6,636,366	-	-	-	118,086	6,754,452
Street repair and maintenance	-	1,489,689	-	-	105,000	1,594,689
Capital outlay Debt service:	54,405	202,097	4,835,978	1,315,498	1,667,734	8,075,712
Principal	-	-	487,850	-	65,000	552,850
Interest			19,500	-	5,900	25,400
Total expenditures	18,871,898	1,691,786	5,343,328	1,315,498	3,129,508	30,352,018
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,113,267	(387,229)	(1,120,350)	498,439	(146,828)	957,299
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	:					
Transfers in	-	520,000	-	-	70,000	590,000
Sale of capital assets	-	-	65,288	-	-	65,288
Transfers out	(941,466)		(120,000)			(1,061,466)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(941,466)	520,000	(54,712)		70,000	(406,178)
Net change in fund balances	1,171,801	132,771	(1,175,062)	498,439	(76,828)	551,121
Fund balances, beginning of year	14,406,554	414,228	4,609,979	1,741,543	3,228,556	24,400,860
Fund balances, end of year See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	\$ 15,578,355	\$ 546,999	\$ 3,434,917	\$ 2,239,982	\$ 3,151,728	\$ 24,951,981

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Governmental funds report eapital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period: Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Current year depreciation Current year depreciation Carrying value of disposed asset Gosta, 238, 238, 238, 238, 238, 238, 238, 238	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	551,121
activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period: Capital asset additions Current year depreciation (4,518.285) Carrying value of disposed asset S858,528) Donated Capital Assets 345,175 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund: Income taxes Intergovernmental revenue 1,200,867 Investment income 2,2909 Other revenue Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension OPEB 1iability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Current year depreciation (4,518,285) Carrying value of disposed asset Donated Capital Assets 345,175 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund: Income taxes Income taxes Intergovernmental revenue 1,200,867 Investment income 32,909 Other revenue 87,083 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 552,850 Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension OPEB 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB 30,337 liability/asset are reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		
Current year depreciation (4,518,285) Carrying value of disposed asset (858,528) Donated Capital Assets 345,175 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund: Income taxes (373,685) Intergovernmental revenue 12,008,67 Investment income 32,909 Other revenue 87,083 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 552,850 Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension 2,101,890 OPEB 36,337 Iliability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits 19,188 Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766			6,217,207
Carrying value of disposed asset Donated Capital Assets 345,175 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund: Income taxes Intergovernmental revenue Income taxes Intergovernmental revenue Income taxes Intergovernmental revenue Investment income 32,099 Other revenue Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension OPEB 2,101,890 OPEB 36,337 Iliability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766			
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund: Income taxes (373,685) Intergovernmental revenue 1,200,867 Investment income 32,909 Other revenue 87,083 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 552,850 Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension 2,101,890 OPEB 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits 39,188 Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	· ·		
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Income taxes Intergovernmental revenue Investment income Other revenue Other revenue Other revenue Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension OPEB 2,101,890 OPEB 2,101,890 OPEB 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB 30,337 liability/asset are reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position Add: Enterprise allocation 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not		
Intergovernmental revenue 1,200,867 Investment income 32,909 Other revenue 87,083 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 552,850 Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension 2,101,890 OPEB 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits 39,188 Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	reported as revenues in the fund:		
Investment income Other revenue 32,909 Other revenue 87,083 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 552,850 Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension OPEB 2,101,890 OPEB 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	Income taxes		(373,685)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension 2,101,890 OPEB 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits 39,188 Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	· ·		
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Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, Pension 2,101,890 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits 39,188 Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment		
Pension OPEB 2,101,890 36,337 liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits 39,188 Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		552,850
liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position Add: Enterprise allocation 36,337 (4,149,411) 182,409 39,188 1908 39,188 1908 39,188 1908 20,984	Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however,		
liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position Add: Enterprise allocation 36,337 (4,149,411) 182,409 39,188 1908 39,188 1908 39,188 1009 20,984	Dension		2 101 890
Pension (4,149,411) OPEB 182,409 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits 39,188 Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766			
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Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766			,
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position Add: Enterprise allocation 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation	OPEB		182,409
Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position Add: Enterprise allocation 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation			
Interest payable 908 Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766			
Amortization of bond premium 20,984 central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	Vacation and sick leave benefits		
central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	± 7		
service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	Amortization of bond premium		20,984
service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities. Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766	central garage, and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
Change in Net Position 256,958 Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766			
Add: Enterprise allocation 15,766			256 958
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
Change in net position of governmental activities \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		-	12,730
<u> </u>	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,741.743
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

ASSETS	ernmental	
ASSETS Current assets: Poole dash and equivalents S 3,519,937 S 822,590 S 3,785,107 S 624,252 S 8,751,886 S Cash Poole divestments G 6,599,290 1,556,390 T,101,647 1,192,120 16,570,086 S 7,000,000 T,101,647 T,192,120 T	tivities - nal Service Funds	
Poole cash and equivalents	unus	
Pooled investments 6,699,29 1,556,390 7,161,647 1,192,120 16,570,086 Receivable:	247,453 ,314,875	
Maccounts Marcounts Marc	472,555	
Content Cont	-	
Receivables from other governments	- 475	
Inventory	-	
Prepaid items	-	
Noncurrent assets	12,451 185,578	
Capital asset not subject to depreciation: Land	2,233,387	
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land		
Land	-	
Construction in progress		
Total ansets 38,815,781 4,771,347 47,231,733 9,551,542 100,370,403 100,3	185,389	
Total assets 50,247,548 7,245,335 60,064,702 13,053,264 130,610,849	550,592	
Pension	735,981	
Pension 835,878 187,626 793,935 434,714 2,252,153 OPEB 122,452 27,487 116,306 63,684 329,929 Total deferred outflows of resources 958,330 215,113 910,241 498,398 2,582,082 Total assets & deferred outflows \$ 51,205,878 \$ 7,460,448 \$ 60,974,943 \$ 13,51,662 \$ 133,192,931 \$ LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable \$ 344,629 \$ 2,282 \$ 458,011 \$ 1,975,828 \$ 2,780,750 \$ Salaries and benefits payable 74,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Claims payable - - - - - - Current portion of long term debt 881,129 - 1,012,655 - 1,893,394 Compensated absences 10,287 2,258 10,356 1,943 24,844 Unearned revenue 207,081 94,748 - 261,982 563,811 Rétinulabilitées 1,	2,969,368	
OPEB 122,452 27,487 110,306 63,684 329,929 Total deferred outflows of resources 958,330 215,113 910,241 498,398 2,582,082 Total assets & deferred outflows \$51,205,878 \$7,460,448 \$60,974,943 \$13,551,662 \$133,192,931 \$ LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$344,629 \$2,282 \$458,011 \$1,975,828 \$2,780,750 \$ Salaries and benefits payable 74,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Claims payable -		
Total deferred outflows of resources 958,330 215,113 910,241 498,398 2,582,082	705,281	
Total assets & deferred outflows \$51,205,878 \$7,460,448 \$60,974,943 \$13,551,662 \$133,192,931 \$1,440,445 \$1,440,437 \$1,44,447 \$1,44	103,317	
Current liabilities: Current liabilities: Salaries and benefits payable Salaries and benefits payable T4,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Salaries and benefits payable T4,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Salaries and benefits payable T4,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Salaries and benefits payable T4,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Salaries and benefits payable T4,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Salaries and benefits payable T4,370 T4,37	808,598	
Current liabilities:	3,777,966	
Salaries and benefits payable 74,370 13,189 69,883 30,283 187,725 Claims payable - - - - - - Current portion of long term debt 881,129 - 1,012,265 - 1,893,394 Compensated absences 10,287 2,258 10,356 1,943 24,844 Uncarned revenue 207,081 94,748 - 261,982 563,811 Refundable deposits - - - 287,074 145 287,219 Accrued interest payable 129,124 - 354,147 - 483,271 Total current liabilities: 1,646,620 112,477 2,191,736 2,270,181 6,221,014 Noncurrent portion of long term debt 14,203,579 - 25,655,879 - 39,859,458 Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated		
Current portion of long term debt 881,129 - 1,012,265 - 1,893,394 Compensated absences 10,287 2,258 10,356 1,943 24,844 Unearned revenue 207,081 94,748 - 261,982 563,811 Refundable deposits - - - 287,074 145 287,219 Accrued interest payable 129,124 - 354,147 - 483,271 Total current liabilities 1,646,620 112,477 2,191,736 2,270,181 6,221,014 Noncurrent portion of long term debt 14,203,579 - 25,655,879 - 39,859,458 Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 <td colspa<="" td=""><td>197,332 59,771</td></td>	<td>197,332 59,771</td>	197,332 59,771
Compensated absences 10,287 2,258 10,356 1,943 24,844 Unearned revenue 207,081 94,748 - 261,982 563,811 Refundable deposits - - - 287,074 145 287,219 Accrued interest payable 129,124 - 354,147 - 483,271 Total current liabilities 1,646,620 112,477 2,191,736 2,270,181 6,221,014 Noncurrent portion of long term debt 14,203,579 - 25,655,879 - 39,859,458 Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease - - - 174,824 <td< td=""><td>214,128</td></td<>	214,128	
Refundable deposits - - 287,074 145 287,219 Accrued interest payable 129,124 - 354,147 - 483,271 Total current liabilities 1,646,620 112,477 2,191,736 2,270,181 6,221,014 Noncurrent liabilities: Noncurrent portion of long term debt 14,203,579 - 25,655,879 - 39,859,458 Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908	6,348	
Accrued interest payable 129,124 - 354,147 - 483,271 Total current liabilities 1,646,620 112,477 2,191,736 2,270,181 6,221,014 Noncurrent liabilities: Noncurrent portion of long term debt 14,203,579 - 25,655,879 - 39,859,458 Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total noneurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	-	
Total current liabilities	-	
Noncurrent liabilities: Noncurrent portion of long term debt 14,203,579 - 25,655,879 - 39,859,458 Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	- 455 550	
Noncurrent portion of long term debt 14,203,579 - 25,655,879 - 39,859,458 Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	477,579	
Net pension liability 2,008,264 450,787 1,907,496 1,044,437 5,410,984 Net OPEB liability 41,045 9,213 38,986 21,347 110,591 Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	_	
Compensated absences 200,713 36,918 147,790 51,055 436,476 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	,694,498	
Total noncurrent liabilities 16,453,601 496,918 27,750,151 1,116,839 45,817,509 Total liabilities 18,100,221 609,395 29,941,887 3,387,020 52,038,523 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	34,632	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	193,778	
Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473	2,400,487	
Lease - - - 174,824 174,824 OPEB 13,908 3,122 13,210 7,233 37,473		
	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources 13 908 3 122 13 210 182 057 212 297	11,733	
15,700 5,122 15,200 212,27)	11,733	
NET POSITION	#0#·	
Net investment in capital assets 23,542,120 4,771,347 20,183,262 7,570,928 56,067,657 Unrestricted 9,549,629 2,076,584 10,836,584 2,411,657 24,874,454	727,564 638,182	
	,365,746	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position <u>§ 51,205,878</u> <u>§ 7,460,448</u> <u>§ 60,974,943</u> <u>§ 13,551,662</u> <u>§ 133,192,931</u> <u>§</u>	3,777,966	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds 200,408		
Total position from above 80,942,111		
Net position of business-type activities \$\\ 81,142,519\$		

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Governmental						
			C. W.		Non-major Enterprise			
OPERATING REVENUES:	Sewer	Stormwater	Water	Funds	Totals	Funds		
Charges for services	\$ 6,717,938	\$ 1,072,464	\$ 8,593,853	\$ 2,785,721	\$ 19,169,976	\$ 5,926,529		
Other revenue	3,135	17,936	27,309	34,590	82,970	3,904		
Total operating revenues	6,721,073	1,090,400	8,621,162	2,820,311	19,252,946	5,930,433		
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Personal services	1,679,002	435,014	1,561,606	923,371	4,598,993	1,440,538		
Operations and maintenance	2,578,586	201,095	2,703,170	2,998,579	8,481,430	2,034,822		
Claims paid	-	-	-	-	-	2,245,520		
Depreciation & amortization	1,389,729	232,132	1,145,891	438,263	3,206,015	171,767		
Total operating expenses	5,647,317	868,241	5,410,667	4,360,213	16,286,438	5,892,647		
Operating income (loss)	1,073,756	222,159	3,210,495	(1,539,902)	2,966,508	37,786		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Investment income	595,692	127,096	616,050	-	1,338,838	32,092		
Interest Income	-	-	-	2,268	2,268	-		
Intergovernmental	281,631	-	-	594,584	876,215	-		
Lease Income	-	-	-	10,286	10,286	-		
Contributions	-	-	-	5,200	5,200	-		
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets	(53,844)	-	-	23,935	(29,909)	1,691		
Loss on leased asset	-	-	-	(2,187)	(2,187)	-		
Interest expense	(307,753)	-	(749,085)		(1,056,838)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	515,726	127,096	(133,035)	634,086	1,143,873	33,783		
Income before capital grants, contributions and transfers	1,589,482	349,255	3,077,460	(905,816)	4,110,381	71,569		
Capital grants & contributions	79,501	_	496,644	1,765,742	2,341,887	185,389		
Transfers in				471,466	471,466			
Change in net position	1,668,983	349,255	3,574,104	1,331,392	6,923,734	256,958		
Total net position - beginning	31,422,766	6,498,676	27,445,742	8,651,193		1,108,788		
Total net position - ending	\$ 33,091,749	\$ 6,847,931	\$ 31,019,846	\$ 9,982,585		\$ 1,365,746		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of int Change in net position of business-type activ		activities related to	enterprise funds		(15,766) \$ 6,907,968			

Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for claims Payments for interfund services used	\$	Sewer	St	ormwater	Bu	Siness-type Ac	ì	Non-major Enterprise Funds		Totals	A	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for claims	\$		St	ormwater		Water		Enterprise		Totals		ernal Service
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for claims	\$		St	ormwater		Water		Funds		Totals		Funds
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for claims	\$	6.550.560										1 dilds
Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for claims	\$	6 550 560										
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for claims		6,579,560	\$	832,246	\$	8,413,425	\$	2,807,454	\$	18,632,685	\$	151,815
Payments to employees Payments for claims		12,667		261,024		132,717		-		406,408		5,778,143
Payments for claims		(1,684,769)		(72,640)		(1,995,999)		(2,507,334)		(6,260,742)		(1,841,206)
		(1,670,636)		(317,528)		(1,552,302)		(761,514)		(4,301,980)		(1,386,626)
Payments for interfund services used		- (020 061)		- (100 401)		- (0.55.75(1)		- (510 455)		- (2.440.720)		(2,225,374)
•	_	(938,061)		(128,421)	_	(855,761)	_	(518,477)	_	(2,440,720)	_	(113,190)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	_	2,298,761		574,681		4,142,080	_	(979,871)	_	6,035,651		363,562
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:												
Transfers in		-		-		-		471,466		471,466		-
Intergovernmental		281,631		-		-		665,781		947,412		-
Contributions	_		_		_	-	_	5,200	_	5,200		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	281,631						1,142,447		1,424,078		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:												
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,429,517)		(58,203)		(2,403,020)		(274,698)		(4,165,438)		(85,269)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		23,935		23,935		1,691
Principal paid on capital debt		(872,006)		-		(981,723)		-		(1,853,729)		-
Interest paid on capital debt		(323,553)		-		(763,574)		-		(1,087,127)		-
Interest Income		-		-		-		2,268		2,268		-
Lease payments received		-		-		-		8,533		8,533		-
Capital contributions	_			-	_	496,644	_	368,815	_	865,459		-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital		(2.625.050		(50.000)		(0.654.650)		400.050		((02.550)
and related financing activities	_	(2,625,076)	_	(58,203)	_	(3,651,673)	_	128,853	_	(6,206,099)		(83,578)
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		(2,701,801)		(981,897)		(3,255,209)		(617,438)		(7,556,345)		(182,708)
Purchase of investments		2,551,195		596,201		2,743,386		452,448		6,343,230		179,349
Interest on investments		530,340		117,391		551,275				1,199,006		32,092
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		379,734		(268,305)		39,452		(164,990)		(14,109)		28,733
Net increase in pooled cash and equivalents		335,050		248,173		529,859		126,439		1,239,521		308,717
Pooled cash and equivalents, beginning of year		3,184,887		574,417		3,255,248		497,813		7,512,365		1,253,611
Pooled cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	3,519,937	\$	822,590	\$	3,785,107	\$	624,252	\$	8,751,886	\$	1,562,328
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,073,756	\$	222,159	\$	3,210,495	\$	(1,539,902)	\$	2,966,508	\$	37,786
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)												
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:												
Depreciation & amortization		1,389,729		232,132		1,145,891		438,263		3,206,015		171,767
Change in assets and deferred outflows:												
Accounts receivable		(7,197)		(9,393)		(136,325)		(22,082)		(174,997)		-
Other receivables		(128,684)		(106)		76,813		(386)		(52,363)		(475)
Prepaid items		800		2.600		(233)		(3,659)		(3,092)		(22,421)
Inventory		3,348		3,600		(52,869)		13,934		(31,987)		4,711
Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows - Pension		213,697 (564,649)		27,009 (153,346)		203,474 (535,683)		83,499 (328,736)		527,679 (1,582,414)		178,155 (479,164)
Deferred outflows - OPEB		(120,334)		(27,219)		(114,291)		(62,855)		(324,699)		(101,554)
Change in liabilities and deferred inflows:		(120,334)		(27,217)		(114,271)		(02,033)		(324,077)		(101,334)
Accounts & claims payable Salaries and benefits payable and		(48,392)		(3,566)		(95,488)		(36,834)		(184,280)		118,282
compensated absences		(19,684)		5,580		(14,823)		7,993		(20,934)		19,387
Refundable deposits		-		-		(15,508)		-		(15,508)		-
Unearned revenue		7,035		12,369		- '		8,938		28,342		-
Net pension liability		1,401,368		374,081		1,329,633		807,302		3,912,384		1,188,539
Net OPEB liability		41,045		9,213		38,986		21,347		110,591		34,632
Deferred inflows - Pension Deferred inflows - OPEB		(735,193) (207,884)		(92,921) (24,911)		(700,021) (197,971)		(287,266) (79,427)		(1,815,401) (510,193)		(612,915) (173,168)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	2,298,761	\$	574,681	\$	4,142,080	\$	(979,871)	\$	6,035,651	\$	363,562
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:	-		-		_		_		_		_	
Purchase of equipment on account	\$	188,953	\$	-	\$	380,327	\$	1,812,780	\$	2,382,060	\$	-
* *	\$	75,696	\$	3,025	\$	13,355	\$	23,708	\$	115,784	\$	8,417
Prior year purchase of equipment on account	_		dr.			4.5.500				4.5.500		
Prior year purchase of equipment on account Debt principal paid by third party	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,708	\$	-	\$	15,708	\$	-
	\$ \$	79,501	\$	-	\$	15,708	\$	139,267	\$ \$	15,708 218,768	\$ \$	185,389

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	C	ustodial Funds	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	19,181	\$	11,589	
Cash held by outside agent		164,316		-	
Pooled investments		36,628		21,925	
Receivable					
Accounts		12,309		-	
Interest		-		76	
Prepaid expenses		960			
Total assets		233,394		33,590	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		11,910		-	
Payable to other governments		76,117			
Total liabilities		88,027			
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Individuals & organizations & other governments		145,367		33,590	
Total Net position	\$	145,367	\$	33,590	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Cu I	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS				
Charges for services	\$	80,130	\$	-
Court costs & fines		2,050,216		-
Contributions		30,846		-
Investment income		-		2,014
Due from other funds		3,000		
		2,164,192		2,014
DEDUCTIONS				
Purchase of flowers		-		500
Judgement costs & bond reimbursements		1,107,059		-
Payments to other governments		1,123,898		-
Clean-up expenses		14,478		-
		2,245,435		500
Change in net position		(81,243)		1,514
Net position, beginning of year, restated		226,610		32,076
Net position, end of year	\$	145,367	\$	33,590

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Sidney, Ohio (City) is a political unit incorporated and established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The City was incorporated in 1820, and has a Council-Manager form of government. The City provides the following services: police, fire, judicial, highways and streets, water, sewer, sanitation, recreation, public transportation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

For financial reporting purposes, the City includes in this report all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments in accordance with criteria established in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39. Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14 (as amended), the City of Sidney is the primary government, since it is a general purpose government that has a separate elected governing body; functions as a separate legal entity; and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the City may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue debt. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data is combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government. There are no blended or discretely presented component units at December 31, 2023.

Certain units of local governments, over which the City exercises no authority, such as the Shelby County Library District, Shelby County Health District and Upper Valley Career Center, are other local governmental and non-profit entities with independent elected officials and are excluded from the accompanying basic financial statements. The City is not a component unit of any other entity and does not have any component units, which require inclusion in the basic financial statements.

Other local governments and non-profit entities that overlap the City's boundaries are Shelby County and the Sidney City School District. These entities do not meet the reporting entity criteria and, therefore, are not included in the City's financial reports.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide financial statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental in nature, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues; and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent upon fees and charges for support. During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in the business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column. The activities of the internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers are eliminated as well and are included in the internal balances on the government-wide statement of activities. The government-wide financial statements do not include the City's fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each governmental program. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business-type segment is self-supporting or relies upon general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other funds are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental or non-major enterprise funds.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments as prescribed by the GASB. The accounts of the City are organized based on funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). Fund accounting segregates funds according to the intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with financial-related legal and contractual provisions.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for government resources not accounted for in any other fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the City Charter and/or the general laws of the State of Ohio. In addition, it accounts for the collection, collection costs, and distribution of City-levied income tax.

<u>Street Repair & Maintenance Fund</u> – To account for state-levied and controlled gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for street maintenance and repair.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – To account for the income tax resources for capital improvements used for general improvement of all City facilities and operations.

<u>Municipal Earned Income Tax for Street Capital Fund</u> – To account for the .15 percent levy and shall be used entirely for the construction, reconstruction, resurfacing, or maintenance of streets, alley, bridges, curbs and gutters in the City and the cost incidental thereto.

Proprietary (Business-type) Funds

The proprietary funds are used to account for the City's ongoing activities that are similar to those found in the private sector where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – Accounts for the operation of the waterworks distribution system and related expenses, including capital improvement and debt service. The operation is exclusively financed by customer user charges.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – Accounts for the operation of the sanitary sewer collection and treatment system and related expenses, including capital improvement and debt service. The operation is exclusively financed by customer user charges.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the stormwater system, and related expenses, including capital improvement. The operations are financed through customer user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal service funds</u> – Account for services, such as information management, vehicle maintenance, revenue collections, health care self-insurance and service center operations, provided to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – Generally are used to account for assets held in a fiduciary capacity on behalf of others. The City holds assets in three custodial funds for other entities: (1) Municipal Court, (2) Village of Port Jefferson's sewer bills, and (3) the Great Miami River Watershed Protection Project. The City also has three private-purpose trust funds: (1) B. Slonkosky Flower Trust Fund (2) C. Truster Flower Trust Fund, and (3) Ike Mausoleum Family Trust Fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

Governmental Funds. The accounting and financial reporting treatment that applies to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets or deferred outflows and current liabilities or deferred inflows are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in current financial resources.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be reasonably determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues available if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded generally when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences,

net pension liabilities, net OPEB liabilities, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, income taxes, intergovernmental revenues, franchise taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines, permits and parking meter revenues are not susceptible to accrual because they are generally not measurable until received in cash.

The City reports deferred outflows of resources the statement of net position as a separate section. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 19 and 20.

In addition to liabilities, deferred inflows of resources arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred inflow of resources is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include unavailable revenue, leases, pension, and OPEB. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Certain unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City unavailable revenue includes property taxes, income taxes, special assessments, forgivable loans and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the reconciliation of total governmental fund balance to net position of governmental activities found on page 20. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. See Notes 19 and 20.

Because governmental funds' financial statements use a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, governmental funds' financial statements include reconciliations to the government-wide statements.

Proprietary Funds. All proprietary funds – enterprise funds and internal service funds - are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet.

Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the net total position. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows procedures prescribed by State law in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements as follows:

- (1) The County Budget Commission has suspended the requirement to prepare a tax budget. In lieu of the tax budget, about January 1 of each year, the City will submit to the Budget Commission a report of estimated revenue and actual unencumbered cash balances by fund. Thereafter, the County Budget Commission will issue an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources (OCER).
- (2) Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. No contract, agreement or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into unless the Finance Officer first certifies that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation or expenditure is in the treasury, or is anticipated to come into the treasury, before the maturity of such contract.
- (3) All funds of the City have annual budgets legally adopted by the City Council. The exception is that when the City receives federal or state grant funds to aid in paying the cost of any program, activity, or function of the City, the amount received may be deemed appropriated for such purpose.

The City Manager acts as budget officer for the City and submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council on an annual basis. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The Council enacts the budget through passage of an ordinance. The appropriations ordinance controls expenditures at the level of (1) personal services and (2) contractual, materials and other. Council can amend the budget at the legal level of control, through the passage of supplemental ordinances. Management can amend appropriations below this level without council approval. Supplemental appropriations to the original appropriations ordinance were made during the year, but were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the governmental funds.

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis for the General Fund and major special revenue funds are presented on the budgetary basis in the Required Supplementary Information to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when they are both measurable and available (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP).
- (3) Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget).

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, most of the cash received by the City is pooled. The exceptions to this policy are as follows:

- Municipal Court, a custodial fund, maintains its deposits in a separate checking account.
- An outside agency, Shelby County, is holding cash deposits for the County Auto License Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).
- Miami Valley Risk Management Association, a joint insurance pool, is holding a cash reserve for the City's insurance purposes included in the General Fund.
- Insurance premiums collected and paid for on behalf of the City employees' health insurance are held in a separate checking account reported in the Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund).

Monies for all other funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Pooled Cash & Equivalents" on the balance sheet.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position/balance sheet, the SWEEP (money market) account and restricted cash are considered to be cash equivalents.

F. Pooled Investments

All investments of the City are recorded at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools." The statement established accounting and reporting guidelines for government investments and investment pools. Interest earnings from investments are allocated to the General Fund except for funds derived from contract, trust agreement, grant terms or City policy that requires crediting otherwise.

G. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first out (FIFO) method. The proprietary funds' inventories are recorded as expenses when used. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Inventory is accounted for using the consumption method. Reported inventories are included within the nonspendable fund balance classification in the governmental funds category, which indicates that it does not constitute available resources.

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2023 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which it was consumed. Reported prepaid items are included within the nonspendable fund balance classification in the governmental funds category, which indicates that it does not constitute available resources.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, construction in progress, improvements to land, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment, infrastructure and all other assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items.

The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value at the time received.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated Useful
<u>Description</u>	Life (In Years)
Land improvements	10 to 26
Buildings and improvements	10 to 45
Machinery and equipment	3 to 20
Infrastructure	23 to 50

I. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates. In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if: a) the employee's rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for sick leave is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. Sick leave benefits are accrued using the "vesting" method in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16."

Vested vacation and sick leave is recorded as an expense in the government-wide statements for the period in which such leave was earned. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities in the general fund and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

Payment of vacation and sick leave recorded in the government-wide financial statements is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. Management believes that sufficient resources will be made available when payment is due.

J. Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the City classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory, prepaid expenses, and the difference between lease receivables and lease deferred inflows of resources) or have a legal or contractual requirement to maintain the balance intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators, or through enabling legislation.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed on them by the government by formal action (ordinance) at its highest level of decision-making authority, City Council. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved by the City Manager with authority given by City Charter. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance, or by State Statute.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts that had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes that both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The City considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The caption "Net investment in capital assets" consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed upon their use are either: 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position is restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their intended use. When both restricted and non-restricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then non-restricted resources, as they are needed.

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension and OPEB plans and addition to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension and OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension and OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

M. Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. All other reimbursement-type

grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred.

N. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditure/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds, which include the general fund, street repair and maintenance fund, and other non-major special revenue funds, to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

O. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds" and as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

R. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction and from contributions from governmental funds.

2. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>:

The City maintains a cash deposit and investment pool for all funds, except for the following:

- Municipal Court, a custodial fund, maintains its deposits in a separate checking account in the amount of \$164,316 at December 31, 2023.
- An outside agency, Shelby County, is holding cash deposits for the County Auto License Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) in the amount of \$24,399 at December 31, 2023.
- Miami Valley Risk Management Association, a joint insurance pool, is holding a cash reserve for the City's insurance purposes included in the General Fund in the amount of \$628,840 at December 31, 2023.
- Insurance premiums collected and paid for on behalf of the City employees' health insurance are held in a separate checking account reported in the Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) in the amount of \$1,314,875 at December 31, 2023.
- Imprest cash held on hand was \$3,000 at December 31, 2023.

At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$18,637,995 and the bank cash balance was \$56,087 and the SWEEP bank balance was \$19,262,921. Of the bank cash balance all was covered by federal depository insurance.

Protection of the City's cash deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

The State of Ohio by statute has established collateral requirements for financial institutions acting as public depositories. The public depositories must either pledge specific qualified securities through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System with a market value of at least equal to 102% of the total amount of all public deposits to be secured, or pledge a pool of collateral with a market value of at least 105% of the total amount of public deposits secured. Pooled securities so pledged provide the equivalent of a deposit insurance fund. This approach protects all public entities against a single public depository collapse. The state has implemented collateral pools to minimize the interest penalty to public entities for protecting public deposits. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50% through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC. All investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Since the SWEEP is a money market investment those funds are not included in the City's collateral funds.

3. Pooled Investments:

Each fund's share of investments is shown separately on the combined balance sheet as "pooled investments." Income accrued on investments is shown collectively by fund on the balance sheet as "interest receivable."

The City's pooled investments consisted of Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDs), U.S. Treasury Note, U.S. Government-Sponsored agencies, a money market fund, and State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), totaling \$35,264,188 at December 31, 2023. These pooled investments have weighted average maturity of approximately six months. The weighted average maturity was calculated using estimated maturity dates at December 31, 2023 based on the City's Investment Advisor's estimate of when an investment will be called.

Interest Rate Risk. To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by not directly investing in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase

unless matched to a specific cash flow requirement.

Credit Risk. As of December 31, 2023, the City's investments in government-sponsored agencies, except STAR Ohio, were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. STAR Ohio and money market fund carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The CDs are covered by FDIC. The City's investment policy is silent regarding credit risk of investments.

Custodial Credit Risk. The ORC, the City's charter, and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in the STAR Ohio, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, United States treasury bills and notes, notes issued by United States agencies and government-sponsored corporations, bankers' acceptances and commercial paper of the highest rating. The above legislative investment policy applies to all funds and fund types. All deposits are made to authorized public depositories and contracts with such institutions that are in accordance with the ORC and the City's charter.

Concentration of Credit Risk. To avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector (excluding securities of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government-sponsored agencies), the City has established the following maximum allocations based on investments valued at cost:

Certificates of Deposit	50%
Commercial Paper and Banker Acceptances	40%
STAR Ohio	50%
State and local government bonds or other obligations	20%

Investments in any issuer that represents 5% or more of the total investments (excluding cash and cash equivalents) at December 31, 2023 include:

<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value	Percent
U.S. Government-Sponsored agencies:		
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 7,994,776	23%
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 6,383,287	18%
Money Market Fund	\$ 6,319,515	18%
Star Ohio	\$ 9,166,775 *	26%
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 5,399,835	15%
*Valued at amortized cost		

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The table above identifies the City's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023.

The City's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank and CDs are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs). The City's investments in the money market fund are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs).

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an

investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2023, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is appreciated. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

4. <u>Income Taxes</u>:

Municipalities within the State of Ohio are permitted by state statute to levy an income tax up to a maximum rate of 1% subject to the approval of the local legislative body. Any rate in excess of 1% requires the approval of a majority of the eligible voters residing within the municipal corporation. The City of Sidney levies a permanent 1.5% tax on all wages, salaries, commissions and other compensation paid by employers and the net profits from a business or professional person earned within the City, excluding income from intangible personal property. In addition, City residents pay City income tax on income earned outside the City, net of a credit for income taxes paid to other municipalities.

In an election held during November 2019, voters approved an income tax levy of an additional annual tax on income (.15%) commencing on and after January 1, 2020 and sunsetting December 31, 2024 to provide funds for the construction, reconstruction, resurfacing and maintenance of streets, alleys, bridges, curbs and gutters and cost incidental thereto.

5. <u>Property Taxes</u>:

Property taxes are levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Revenues from property taxes are used by the City pursuant to state statutes for General Fund operations and as a partial provision for payment of accrued police and fire pension costs.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% (10 mills) of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is 0.320% (3.2 mills) of assessed value, including .6 mills to fund the police and fire unfunded pension liability.

Real property and public utility taxes collected during 2023 were levied on December 31, 2022 on assessed values listed as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. One-half of these taxes were due on February 14, 2023 with the remaining balance due on July 20, 2023.

Assessed values of real property are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years with equalization adjustments in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2020 and the reappraisal was completed in 2023. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property as well as land and improvements at true value (50% of cost). The assessed value for 2022 upon which the 2023 levy was based was approximately \$427,332,820. The assessed value for 2023 upon which the 2024 levy will be based is approximately \$565,131,300.

The Shelby County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts, including the City of Sidney. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of taxes collected.

6. Receivables:

Receivables at December 31, 2023, consisted of taxes, accounts, interest, leases, loans, special assessments, other receivables, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. All intergovernmental receivables have been classified as "Receivables from other governments" on the fund financial statements. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2023. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

	Governmental activities:		<u>B</u>	<u>activities:</u>
Income taxes	\$	3,952,753	\$	-
Property taxes		1,648,204		-
Other taxes		55,585		-
Accounts		=		2,517,587
Interest		68,373		52,883
Leases		38,834		176,423
Loans		1,044,935		-
Special assessments		280,363		-
Other		235,627		209,667
Receivables from other governments		2,858,765		1,690,748
Total Receivables	\$	10,183,439	\$	4,647,308

Receivables have been aggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. The only receivables not expected to be collected within the subsequent year are loans and leases receivable.

In previous years, the City entered into a lease as a Lessor for a building. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$84,933. As of December 31, 2023 the lease receivable balance is \$38,834. Below are the annual rental amounts for the lease that the lessee must pay in equal monthly installments.

July 1, 2022-June 30,2023 : \$25,978 July 1, 2023-June 30,2024 : \$26,498 July 1, 2024-June 30,2025 : \$27,028

The lease has an implicit interest rate of 4.62%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of December 31, 2023 was \$36,399. The City of Sidney recognized lease revenue of \$24,267 and interest revenue of \$2,400 during the fiscal year.

The City of Sidney also previously entered into two leases to rent airport hangars. The first lease had a beginning receivable balance of \$58,855. As of December 31, 2023 the lease receivable balance was \$53,110. The lease term is for 120 months, but has an option of continuing the lease for an additional 120 months. It is reasonably certain the lease will continue for the option. The lease rent is \$300 per month for the first 120 months and then increases to \$350 for the option period (120 months). The implicit interest rate is 1.3%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of December 31, 2023 was \$51,757. The City recognized lease revenue of \$3,549 and interest revenue of \$709 during the fiscal year. The second lease had a beginning receivable balance of \$120,103 and as of September of 2023, the lessee decided to terminate his interest in the lease. The lease receivable and deferred inflow were written off causing a loss on leased asset of \$2,187. The lease revenue recognized for January through August of 2023 for this lease was \$4,619 and interest revenue was \$1,030. This airport hangar was then leased to a new lessor in September 2023. The beginning lease balance was \$125,184. The lease terms are for 236.5 months. The lease calls for rent of \$600 a month. The implicit interest rate is 1.28%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of December 31, 2023 was \$123,067. Lease revenue recognized was \$2,117 and interest revenue of \$529 for the fiscal year.

7. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

Governmental activities:

]	Beginning						Net		Ending
		Balance	Additions		<u>I</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>T</u> :	<u>Transfers</u>		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	8,605,209	\$	311,027	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,916,236
Construction in progress		1,039,349		2,723,961		-		(496,761)		3,266,549
Subtotal		9,644,558		3,034,988		-		(496,761)		12,182,785
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings and land improvements		20,721,777		294,763		(783,016)		-		20,233,524
Machinery and equipment		16,934,069		1,377,551		(646,946)		190,306		17,854,980
General infrastructure		91,728,994		2,117,321		(161,877)		319,617		94,004,055
Subtotal		129,384,840		3,789,635		(1,591,839)		509,923		132,092,559
Totals at historical cost		139,029,398		6,824,623		(1,591,839)		13,162		144,275,344
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings and land improvements		10,350,518		453,064		(90,710)		-		10,712,872
Machinery and equipment		12,290,835		1,203,687		(642,344)		13,162		12,865,340
General infrastructure		44,927,475		3,033,301		(257)		-		47,960,519
Total accumulated depreciation		67,568,828		4,690,052		(733,311)		13,162		71,538,731
Net capital assets	\$	71,460,570	\$	2,134,571	\$	(858,528)	\$	-	\$	72,736,613

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Community development	\$	5,536
Community environment		11,736
Fire		492,340
General government		54,293
Health		53,999
Judicial		124,221
Parks and recreation		239,598
Police		427,533
Street repairs and maintenance	3	3,109,029
Total governmental funds depreciation expense	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>1,518,285</u>
Internal service funds' depreciation	_	171,767
Total additions to accumulated depreciation of governmental activities	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>1,690,052</u>

Business-type activities		Beginning Balance	A	Additions		Disposals		Net Transfers		Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depred	ciated	· ·									
Land Construction in progress	\$	7,403,192 1,360,192	\$	- 3,915,464	\$	- -	\$	(936,066)	\$	7,403,192 4,339,590	
Subtotal		8,763,384		3,915,464				(936,066)		11,742,782	
Capital assets being depreciate	ed:										
Buildings, improvements and Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Subtotal Totals at historical cost		128,950,709 16,837,831 145,788,540 154,551,924		2,008,908 517,046 2,525,954 6,441,418		- (489,731) (489,731) (489,731)		936,066 (13,162) 922,904 (13,162)		131,895,683 16,851,984 148,747,667 160,490,449	
Less accumulated depreciation	for:										
Buildings, improvements and Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total accumulated		43,922,796 13,608,118		2,548,447 657,568		- (435,887)		(13,162)		46,471,243 13,816,637	
depreciation		57,530,914		3,206,015		(435,887)		(13,162)		60,287,880	
Net capital assets	\$	97,021,010	\$	3,235,403	\$	(53,844)	\$	_	\$	100,202,569	
Depreciation was charged to but Airport Concession Stand Sewer Sidney Water Park Stormwater Transportation Water	sines	s-type activities	s as fo	ollows:				\$ 237,65 10 1,389,77 32,09 232,13 168,33 1,145,89	57 29 91 32 55		
Total additions to accumulated depreciation of business-type activities \$3,206,015											

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8. <u>Noncurrent Liabilities</u>:

The following is a summary of changes for noncurrent liabilities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance January 1,		D 1 - 2	Balance December 31,	Due Within
Governmental activities:	<u>2023</u>	Additions	Reductions	<u>2023</u>	One Year
<u>Loan – direct borrowing</u>					
OPWC Loan, 2017-2037, 0%, Fielding Road Reconstruction	\$ 109,900	\$ -	\$ 7,850	\$ 102,050	\$ 7,850
General obligation bonds					
Current Refunding G.O. bonds, 2020-2024, 2.0%, Police Facility Construction	975,000	-	480,000	495,000	495,000
Current Refunding G.O. bonds 2020- 2030, 2.0%, Kuther Road TIF, Water & Sewer Infrastructure Current Refunding G.O. bonds, 2020-	125,000	-	10,000	115,000	15,000
2025, 2.0%, Menards TIF, Sewer Infrastructure	170,000	-	55,000	115,000	55,000
Other long-term liabilities					
Premium on Bonds	47,396	-	20,984	26,412	-
Net Pension Liability					
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)	3,126,162	7,501,519	-	10,627,681	-
Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)	15,252,120	8,505,651	-	23,757,771	-
Net OPEB Liability					
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)	-	217,215	-	217,215	-
Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)	2,675,925	-	895,232	1,780,693	-
Accrued vacation and sick leave	2,105,354	<u>785,472</u>	811,849	2,078,977	102,196
Total	<u>\$24,586,857</u>	<u>\$ 17,009,857</u>	\$ 2,280,915	\$39,315,799	<u>\$ 675,046</u>

Business-type activities:	Balance January 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2023	Due Within One Year
OWDA loans – direct borrowings: Water fund:					
O.W.D.A. loans, 2009-2029, 0% ARRA –Distribution system upgrades, Automated water meter reads system	\$ 1,642,763	\$ -	\$ 219,035	\$ 1,423,728	\$ 219,035
O.W.D.A. loans, 2009-2029, 0% ARRA – NMHP distribution system	109,956	-	15,708	94,248	15,708
O.W.D.A. Construction loan 2015- 2046, 3.3% Water transmission lines	18,622,664	-	503,845	18,118,819	520,609
O.W.D.A. Construction loan 2016- 2048, 2.2% Lime Sludge Lagoon Reconstruction	4,809,541	-	138,842	4,670,699	141,913
WPCLF loans – direct borrowings: Sewer fund:					
W.P.C.L.F. Construction loan 2015- 2035, 2.18% Wastewater Phase I Improvements	7,205,864	-	410,938	6,794,926	419,945
W.P.C.L.F. Design & Construction loan 2020-2040, 1.95% Wastewater Phase II Improvements	5,387,655	-	261,069	5,126,586	266,184
General obligation bonds: Water fund:					
Current Refunding G.O. bonds, 2020-2040, 2.0% to 4.5% Water Source testing	475,000	-	30,000	445,000	25,000
Current Refunding G.O. bonds, 2020-2040, 2.0%, Water source property acquisition and other water source projects	1,930,000	-	90,000	1,840,000	90,000
Sewer fund:					
Current Refunding G.O. bonds, 2020-2037, 2.0%, Wastewater system and plant improvements	3,245,000	-	200,000	3,045,000	195,000
Other long-term liabilities:					
Proprietary funds:					
Water - Premium on Bonds Sewer - Premium on Bonds	80,100	-	4,450	75,650	-
Net pension liability - OPERS	126,639 1,498,600	3,912,384	8,443	118,196 5,410,984	-
Net OPEB liability – OPERS		110,591	_	110,591	_
1100 OT LD Hathity - OT LIND	=	110,371	_	110,371	=

Business-type activities:	Balance January 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2023	Due Within One Year
Other long-term liabilities: (continued)					
Proprietary funds: (continued)					
Accrued vacation and sick leave	500,965	142,593	182,238	461,320	24,844
Total	\$45,634,747	\$4,165,568	\$2,064,568	\$47,735,747	<u>\$1,918,238</u>

The full faith and credit of the City are pledged as collateral for all general obligation bonds.

The Sewer Fund's general obligation bonds are expected to be paid with sewer revenues generated from sewer rates. The Water Fund's general obligation bonds are expected to be paid with water revenues generated from water rates. The Kuther Road TIF and Menards TIF general obligation bonds are expected to be paid with payments-in-lieu of taxes received from property owners.

During fiscal year 2009 the City entered into two loans with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). The first loan was issued for the purpose of making improvements to the water meter read and distribution system. Water revenue, net of operating and maintenance expenses, is pledged as repayment for this loan.

The second loan was issued on behalf of Northbrook Mobile Home Park to provide them with financing for water system upgrades. Repayment of this loan is the responsibility of the Northbrook Mobile Home Park; however, the loan is backed by water revenues of the City in the case of default. A receivable in the amount of \$94,248 at December 31, 2023 is recorded as a component of other receivables in the Water Fund on the basic financial statements.

A 30-year construction loan from OWDA was entered into for the construction of wells at the new water source and transmission lines back to the Water Treatment Plant. The interest rate is 3.30%. Accrued interest of \$268,889 has also been added to the principal balance. The City has been making loan payments since 2017; principal paid in the amount of \$2,998,604 through December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, this loan has an outstanding loan balance in the amount of \$18,118,819.

During fiscal year 2016 the City entered into a 30-year construction loan with the OWDA for reconstruction of the Water Treatment Plant's lime sludge lagoon. The interest rate is 2.20%. Accrued interest of \$38,002 has also been added to the principal balance. The City began making loan payments starting in 2019; principal paid in the amount of \$664,904 through December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023 the loan has an outstanding loan balance in the amount of \$4,670,699.

To repay these water loans issued by OWDA the City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses. The loans are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2048. Annual payments on the loans are expected to require 42% of net revenues. The total principal payments to be paid on the loans as of December 31, 2023 are \$24,307,494. Principal and interest paid and total customer net revenues for 2023 were \$1,592,905 and \$4,329,077 respectively.

OWDA loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OWDA and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

A 20-year loan from Water Pollution Control Loan Fund (WPCLF), which is administered jointly by the Ohio Environmental & Finance Assistance (OEFA) and OWDA, was entered into in October 2015. This loan provided funding for various sewer projects designed to achieve compliance with Ohio Environmental Protection Agency mandates. The interest rate is 2.18%, and the City's loan balance is \$6,794,926 as of December 31, 2023.

In 2018 the City received WPCLF loan for phase II of the wastewater treatment plant capital improvements. The loan funded phase II of the various sewer projects designed to achieve compliance with Ohio Environmental Protection Agency mandates. This loan is being paid back over a twenty-year period at an interest rate of 1.95%. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding loan balance was \$5,126,586.

To repay these sewer loans issued by WPLCF, the City has pledged future sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses. The loans are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2040. Annual payments on the loans are expected to require 27% of net revenues. The total principal payments to be paid on the loans as of December 31, 2023 are \$11,921,511. Principal and interest paid and total customer net revenues for 2023 were \$930,660 and \$2,460,350, respectively.

WPCLF loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the WPCLF and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the WPCLF may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

During 2016 the City entered into a grant/loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission for the reconstruction of Fielding Road. The amount of the loan agreement was \$157,000 with a zero percent interest rate and repayment over a 20-year term.

OPWC loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OPWC and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

Annual requirements to pay principal and interest on long-term debt at December 31, 2023 are:

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities			
	Principal		Int	Interest		Principal	Interest	
2024 2025	\$	572,850 82,850	\$	14,500 3,200	\$	1,893,394 1,933,276	\$ 1,046,770 1,005,689	
2026 2027 2028		22,850 22,850 22,850		1,700 1,400 1,100		1,979,108 2,010,916 2,058,729	963,557 920,249 876,036	
2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2048		79,250 23,550 -		1,200 - - -		10,173,621 10,289,133 6,417,229 4,803,600	3,674,050 2,381,680 1,235,076 315,806	
Total	\$	827,050	\$	23,100	_	\$41,559,006	\$12,418,913	

9. Contingent Liabilities:

The City is the defendant in various court actions, but either it is covered by insurance or the amount or nature of the issue involved are not material in relation to the basic financial statements.

The City participates in several state and federally assisted programs (primarily Transportation and Community Development Block Grants) which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The grantor agencies, at their option, may perform economy and efficiency audits, program results audits or conduct monitoring visits. Such audits and visits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes such reimbursements, if any, would not be material.

10. Significant Commitments:

The encumbrances (amounts committed to liquidate purchase orders of the prior periods) at December 31, 2023 for governmental activities are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Total Encumbrances
General	\$ 269,482
Street Repair & Maintenance	822
Capital Improvement	3,280,657
Municipal Income Tax for Street Capital Projects	718,474
Non-major governmental funds	813,150
Total	\$ 5,082,585

Contractual Commitment:

Significant contractual commitments outstanding as of December 31, 2023 are:

Project/Product/Service	Contracted Amounts		Amount Expended		Amount Remaining	
· ·	<u> </u>					
Schultz Battery Park Sculpture	*	115,000	\$	15,000	\$	100,000
CHIP HOME Grant	\$	314,728	\$	27,783	\$	286,945
Wagner Building Raze/Repair	\$	801,275	\$	422,532	\$	378,743
Energov Permit Project	\$	285,086	\$	185,389	\$	99,697
Downtown Master Plan	\$	70,000	\$	13,500	\$	56,500
Recreational Trail Development	\$	1,771,478	\$	1,187,948	\$	583,530
Morrison Bridge Project	\$	106,933	\$	18,444	\$	88,489
Municipal Building Design	\$	760,000	\$	319,375	\$	440,625
Fire Station Design	\$	535,000	\$	259,357	\$	275,643
2023 Dodge Durangos (3)	\$	190,470	\$	-	\$	190,470
Dispatch Console System	\$	437,950	\$	109,488	\$	328,462
CCTV Upgrade	\$	164,275	\$	-	\$	164,275
Wagner Ave Water/Sewer	\$	932,937	\$	194,185	\$	738,752
Alpine Court Reconstruction	\$	242,600	\$	193,370	\$	49,230
S Vandemark Rd Water Main	\$	1,267,205	\$	-	\$	1,267,205
Broadway Water Main Replacement	\$	1,448,818	\$	1,199,319	\$	249,499
Spruce Water & Sewer Replacement	\$	827,000	\$	70,450	\$	756,550
Sidney Industrial Park	\$	240,400	\$	191,831	\$	48,569
Filter Valve Actuator Replacement	\$	59,500	\$	-	\$	59,500
Wastewater Treatment Plant Master Plan	\$	407,935	\$	281,630	\$	126,305
Brooklyn Ave Sewer Diversion	\$	2,268,182	\$	157,811	\$	2,110,371
Sanitary Manhole Replacement	\$	50,340	\$	-	\$	50,340
Airport Parallel Taxiway	\$	4,399,357	\$	1,595,599	\$	2,803,758
Tilberry Run Drainage Ditch Improvement	\$	126,350	\$	15,525	\$	110,825

11. Joint Venture:

In 2015, the City entered into a joint venture with the Board of Commissioners of Shelby County, Ohio and Courtview Justice Solutions, Inc. to utilize the Courtview Justice Solutions software system. This software system is utilized by Municipal Court, Common Pleas Court and Juvenile and Probate Courts with the costs being split. In 2015, the City capitalized \$176,005 for their portion of the software system.

The City has entered into a joint venture with Logan/Shelby County N911 in order to provide proper management for the combined 911 system and the shared services for all affected members. The property used with the 911 system will be equally owned by all of the initial departments regardless of physical location. As of December 31, 2023 the City had spent a total of \$96,702 for their vested interest in the acquisition of the 911 system.

In 2022, the City entered into a joint venture with the Shelby County to jointly utilize a software system and services that are provided by Environmental Systems Research Institute, Inc. (ESRI) that benefit both City and County. The County holds the agreement with ESRI to pay a total \$165,000 over a 3 year period. The City entered into an agreement with the County beginning on May 1, 2022 and ending on April 30, 2025 to pay \$27,500 annually to the County for the joint use of this system.

12. Interfund Activity:

Interfund transfers in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 were:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfer In	Transfer Out	
General	\$ -	\$ 941,466	
Street Repair & Maintenance	520,000	-	
Capital Improvement	-	120,000	
Non-major enterprise funds	471,466	-	
Non-major governmental funds	70,000		
	<u>\$ 1,061,466</u>	<u>\$ 1,061,466</u>	

All interfund transfers are routine in nature and are to subsidize the operations of the applicable funds. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government wide financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds and proprietary funds (business-type activities) are reported as transfers on the statement of activities. Additionally in 2023, the capital improvement fund funded an airport construction project for \$106,940 and a Sidney Water Park construction project for \$32,328. This amount was reported as a capital contribution in each the Airport fund and Sidney Water Park fund financial statements, but as a transfer between governmental and business-type activities in the Statement of Activities.

Two cash advances are outstanding at December 31, 2023, one for \$30,000 from the General Fund to the Law Enforcement Diversion Grant Fund and the other is for \$53,100 from the General Fund to the CHIP-LAP Grant Fund. Both of these funds are nonmajor governmental funds and are for reimbursable grants. At December 31, 2023, the City also had amounts due from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund. The primary purpose of the amount due to the Capital Improvement Fund from the General fund was to account for the Capital Improvement Fund's share of Income Taxes available for transfer but were limited by appropriations.

13. Risk Management:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City has joined the Miami Valley Risk

Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), a joint insurance pool. The pool consists of twenty-one municipalities who pool risk for property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery and public official liability.

The City pays an annual premium to MVRMA for this coverage. The agreement provides that the MVRMA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and the purchase of excess and stop-loss insurance. The deductible per occurrence for all types of claims is \$2,500. During 2023, the Association's per-occurrence retention limit for property was \$250,000, with the exception of boiler and machinery for which there was \$25,000 to \$500,000 per occurrence retention. Liability had a per-occurrence retention limit of \$500,000. After the retention limits are reached, excess insurance will cover up to the limits stated below.

Except for property coverage, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year in any category of risk. Settled claims did not exceed insurance coverage in each of the past three years.

14. Self-Insurance:

During 2015, the City chose to establish a risk financing fund for risks associated with the employees' health insurance plan. The City is now a member of a Medical Purchasing Cooperative through Ohio Benefits Cooperative where Jefferson Health Plan is the administrative party through which to purchase insurance, stop loss insurance, and other benefit services including the use of Anthem as the third party administrator processing claims. The risk financing fund is accounted for as an internal service fund where assets are set aside for claim settlements. A premium is charged to each fund that accounts for part-time or full-time employees. The total charge allocated to each of the funds is calculated using trends in actual claims experience. Provisions are also made for unexpected and unusual claims.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past fiscal year are as follows:

	2022	2023
Unpaid claims, beginning of the year	\$ 262,602	\$ 193,982
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	1,735,936	2,245,520
Claim payments	 (1,804,556)	(2,225,374)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 193,982	\$ 214,128

15. Error Correction and Change in Accounting Principles:

In the past, the City has received a report from Municipal Court where the cash amount includes liabilities to other entities. This amount was recorded on the City's books as cash with an offsetting liability. It was

determined that the City should record true cash as cash held by outside agent; therefore, the beginning fund balance for 2022 has been restated as follows:

		Custodial Funds
	Municipal Court	Total
Fund balances at the beginning of the year, as previously reported	\$ 57,641	\$ 102,094
Reduction of Cash held by outside agent	(182,023)	(182,023)
Reduction of Liability	306,539	306,539
Fund balance at the beginning of the year, restated	<u>\$ 182,157</u>	\$ 226,610

For 2023, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements," GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Technology Arrangements," and GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022." The implementation of GASB Statements 94, 96 and 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

16. Components of Fund Balance:

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			Im	Municipal Capital Earned Income Improvement Tax for Street		Governmental				
Fund balances:		Fund	 Fund		Fund	C	apital Fund	Funds		 Total
Nonspendable										
Inventory	\$	95,829	\$ 213,363	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 309,192
Prepaid Items		51,289	184		12,779		-		12,674	76,926
Leases		-	-		-		-		2,435	2,435
Restricted for:										
Streets & Highway		-	333,452		-		2,239,982		266,050	2,839,484
Law Enforcement		-	-		-		-		429,106	429,106
Municipal Court		-	-		-		-		420,084	420,084
Cemetery		-	-		-		-		1,039,650	1,039,650
Community										
development		-	-		-		-		282,301	282,301
Tax incremental										
financing		-	-		-		-		142,802	142,802
Other purposes		-	-		-		-		152,168	152,168
Committed to:										
27th pay		431,252	-		-		-		-	431,252
Community										
development		35,075	-		-		-		-	35,075
Fire		-	-		-		-		57,514	57,514
Health		-	-		-		_		112,133	112,133
Separation Pay		780,505	-		-		-		_	780,505
Debt Service									118,500	118,500
Other purposes		-	-		_		-		118,330	118,330
Assigned to:										
Capital projects		-	-		3,422,138		-		_	3,422,138
Future										
commitments		2,120,126	-		-		-		_	2,120,126
Other purposes		306,927	-		_		_		_	306,927
Unassigned:		11,757,352	-		_		_		(2,019)	11,755,333
5		15,578,355	\$ 546,999	\$	3,434,917	\$	2,239,982	\$	3,151,728	\$ 24,951,981

17. Fund Deficits at December 31, 2023:

Law Enforcement Diversion Grant Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) has a deficit fund balance of \$2,019 as a result of timing of receipts of grant funding on a modified accrual basis. Garage/Fleet Fund (an internal service fund) has a deficit ending net position of \$192,741 and Revenue Collections Fund (an internal service fund) has a deficit ending net position of \$320,727, due to the accrual of pension and OPEB under GASB 68 & 75, which is long term in nature.

18. Tax Abatement Disclosures

The City of Sidney currently provides tax incentives under two different programs: the Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) and an Enterprise Zone.

Real Estate Tax Abatements

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City establishes Community Reinvestment Area. The City authorizes incentives through a passage of public ordinances, based upon each property or businesses owner's investment criteria, and through a contractual application process with each property or businesses owner's, including proof that the improvement has been made. The abatement equals an agreed upon percentage of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill. The establishment of these Community Reinvestment Areas gave the City the ability to maintain and expand businesses located in the City and created new jobs by abating or reducing assessed valuation of properties, resulting in abated taxes, from new or improved business real estate and includes major housing improvements. The City of Sidney also contracts with Sidney City Board of Education for payments in lieu of taxes when required by Section 5709.82 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The City also has several Enterprise Zone abatements made through a contractual application process based upon certain criteria, in which the enterprise agrees to expand, renovate, or occupy a facility. The abatement equals an agreed upon percentage up to seventy-five percent of assessed valuation of real property constituting the project site subsequent to formal approval of City Council. The City of Sidney also contracts with Sidney City Board of Education for payments in lieu of taxes when required by Section 5709.82 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Below is the information relevant to the disclosure of those programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

	Total Amount of Taxes Abated (Incentives Abated) For the Year 2023 (In Actual Dollars)
Community Reinvestment Area (CRA)	
-Lodging	\$108,457
-Manufacturing	\$13,071
-Restaurant	\$4,277
Enterprise Zone Abatement	
-Manufacturing	\$142,210

Pursuant to Section 5709.82 of the Ohio Revised Code, the City of Sidney and the Sidney City Board of Education entered into Compensation Agreements, whereas the City of Sidney agreed to annually pay to the Sidney City Schools the lesser of 75% of income tax attributable to new employees or the school's portion of the property tax abated. Compensation paid to the Sidney City Schools for the year ended December 31, 2023 included the following:

-Manufacturing	\$ 29,687
-Lodging	\$ 12,954
-Restaurant	\$ 2,724

19. Defined Benefit Pension Plans:

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) limits the City's obligation for this liability to annual required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *salaries and benefits payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description—Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description—City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-share, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan with defined contribution features. Effective January 1, 2023, members may no longer select the combined plan. While members (e.g., City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, the majority of employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the ORC. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS's fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three-member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' ACFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	gible to retire prior to 20 years of service credit prior to ary 7, 2013 or five years January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire				
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local			
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 5 years of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 5 years of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit			
Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 years	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 years	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35 years			

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3% simple annual COLA. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3%.

Funding Policy—The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2023, member contribution rates were 10% of salary and employer contribution rates were 14%. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contributions was \$1,271,880 for 2023. Of this amount, \$155,145 is reported within salaries and benefits payable.

Plan Description—Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description—City full-time police and firefighters participate in the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered OP&F. OP&F provides

retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustment, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the ORC. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F's fiduciary net position. That report may be obtained by visiting https://www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0% for each of the next five years of service credit, and 1.5% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either 3% or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30th of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to 3% of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy—The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Fire fighters
2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee	12.25%	12.25%
2023 Actual Contribution Rates Employer		
Pension	19.00%	23.50%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50%	0.50%
Total Employer	<u>19.50%</u>	<u>24.00%</u>
Employee	<u>12.25%</u>	<u>12.25%</u>

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contributions to OP&F was \$1,393,481 for 2023. Of this amount, \$179,837 is reported within salaries and benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,038,664	\$	23,757,772	\$	39,796,436
Proportion of the net pension liability						
Current measurement date		0.054295%		0.250107%		
Prior measurement date		0.053156%		0.244135%		
Change in proportionate share		0.001139%		0.005972%		
Pension expense	\$	2,474,623	\$	2,849,288	\$	5,323,911

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u> Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	532,738	\$	356,356	\$	889,094
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,571,523		3,458,840		8,030,363
Change in assumptions		169,437		2,142,869		2,312,306
Change in City's proportionate share and difference in employer contributions		130,014		279,932		409,946
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,271,880		1,393,481		2,665,361
Total	\$	6,675,592	\$	7,631,478	\$	14,307,070
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	541,272	\$	541,272
Change in assumptions		-		463,270		463,270
Change in City's proportionate share and difference in employer contributions		-		629,539	_	629,539
Total	\$		\$	1,634,081	\$	1,634,081

\$2,665,361 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 OPERS		OP&F		Total
Fiscal Year Ending December 31:					
2024	\$ 711,855	\$	347,353	\$	1,059,208
2025	1,106,784		1,038,970		2,145,754
2026	1,345,622		1,243,059		2,588,681
2027	2,239,451		1,979,899		4,219,350
2028	 		(5,365)		(5,365)
	\$ 5,403,712	\$	4,603,916	\$	10,007,628

Actuarial Assumptions—OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage inflation: 2.75%

Future salary increases,

including inflation: 2.75% to 10.75%

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3% simple

Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.0% simple through 2023, then 2.05% simple

Investment rate of return: 6.90%

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previous described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables. The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a loss of 12.1% for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	22.00%	2.62%
Domestic Equities	22.00%	4.60%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.27%
Private Equity	15.00%	7.53%
International Equities	21.00%	5.51%
Risk Parity	2.00%	4.37%
Other Investments	<u>5.00%</u>	3.27%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the Traditional Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following chart represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability at the 6.90% discount rate, as well as the sensitivity to a 1% increase and 1% decrease in the current discount rate:

		Cullelli	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	Rate of 6.90%	(7.90%)
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 24,025,419	\$ 16,038,664	\$ 9,395,161

Actuarial Assumptions—OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2022 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2022, are presented below:

Valuation date January 1, 2022 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2022

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return: 7.50%

Projected salary increases 3.75% to 10.50%

Payroll growth 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.5%

Inflation assumptions 2.75%

Cost of living adjustments 2.2% simple per year

Mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 96.2% for males and 98.7% for females. Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135% for males and 97.9% for females. Mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9% for males and 131% for females. Mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale. The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determine using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Best estimates of the long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized below:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00%	0.00%
Domestic equity	18.60%	4.80%
Non-U.S. equity	12.40%	5.50%
Private markets	10.00%	7.90%
Core fixed income*	25.00%	2.50%
High yield fixed income	7.00%	4.40%
Private credit	5.00%	5.90%
U.S. inflation linked bonds*	15.00%	2.00%
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00%	5.90%
Real assets	8.00%	5.90%
Gold	5.00%	3.60%
Private real estate	12.00%	5.30%
Commodities	<u>2.00%</u>	3.60%
Total	<u>125.00%</u>	

Note: Assumptions are geometric. * Levered 2.5x

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate. The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.5%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5%), or one percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase		
	(6.50%)	Rate of 7.50%	(8.50%)		
City's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$ 31,341,085	\$ 23,757,772	\$ 17,453,763		

20. Defined Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (OPEB):

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

ORC limits the City's obligation for this liability to annual required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City's does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation, including OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The ORC permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/(asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits are presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for contractually-required OPEB contributions outstanding at

the end of the year is included in *accrued salaries and benefits payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description—OPERS

The OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via a Health Reimbursement Arrangement allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' ACFR referenced below for additional information.

The ORC permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the ORC.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy—The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2023, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the ORC. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0% for members in the Traditional Pension and 2% for members in the Combined Plan.

The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents

and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2023 was 4.0%.

The City's contractually required contribution to OPERS for OPEB was \$6,724 for 2023. Of this amount, \$111 is reported within salaries and benefits payable.

Plan Description—OP&F

The City contributes to the OP&F stipend funded via the Health Care Stabilization Fund. This benefit is available to eligible members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses. The stipend model allows eligible members the option of choosing an appropriate health care plan on the exchange. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees.

OP&F provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The ORC allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the ORC.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy—The ORC provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units. The ORC states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2023, the portion of the employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Section 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F for OPEB was \$32,592 for 2023. Of this amount, \$4,202 is reported within salaries and benefits payable.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB: Liability	\$	327,806	\$	1,780,693	\$	2,108,499
Proportion of the net OPEB liability						
Current measurement date		0.051990%		0.250107%		
Prior measurement date		0.051991%		0.244135%		
Change in proportionate share		-0.000001%		0.005972%		
OPEB expense	\$	(577,876)	\$	139,889	\$	(437,987)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 OPERS	OP&F		Total	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u>					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ _	\$	106,261	\$	106,261
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	651,033		152,730		803,763
Change in assumptions	320,175		887,400		1,207,575
Change in City's proportionate share and difference in employer contributions	-		122,073		122,073
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 6,724		32,592		39,316
Total	\$ 977,932	\$	1,301,056	\$	2,278,988
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u> Differences between expected and	0.4 = 50				422.002
actual experience	\$ 81,768	\$	351,115	\$	432,883
Change in assumptions	26,345		1,456,461		1,482,806
Change in City's proportionate share and difference in employer contributions	 2,959		155,570		158,529
Total	\$ 111,072	\$	1,963,146	\$	2,074,218

\$39,316 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 OPERS	 OP&F	 Total
Fiscal Year Ending December 31:			
2024	\$ 104,532	\$ (32,575)	\$ 71,957
2025	238,088	(25,391)	212,697
2026	203,013	(87,543)	115,470
2026	314,503	(49,272)	265,231
2028	-	(153,824)	(153,824)
Thereafter	 -	 (346,077)	 (346,077)
	\$ 860,136	\$ (694,682)	\$ 165,454

Actuarial Assumptions—OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverages provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OBEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74:

Wage inflation	2.75%
Projected salary increase	2.75% to 10.75%, including wage inflation
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement period	5.22%
Prior measurement period	6.00%
Investment rate of return	6.00%
Municipal bond rate:	
Current measurement period	4.05%
Prior measurement period	1.84%
Health care cost trend rate:	
Current measurement period	5.5% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2036
Prior measurement period	5.5% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previous described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables. The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and

the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 15.6% for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00%	2.56%
Domestic Equities	26.00%	4.60%
REITs	7.00%	4.70%
International Equities	25.00%	5.51%
Risk Parity	2.00%	4.37%
Other Investments	<u>6.00%</u>	1.84%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 5.22% was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2022. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2054. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2054, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.22%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0% point lower (4.22%) or 1.0% point higher (6.22%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Decrease Discount		1% Increase	
		(4.22%)	Ra	te of 5.22%		(6.22%)
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	1,114,852	\$	327,809	\$	(322,091)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0% lower or 1.0% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2023 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health Care					
	Cost Trend Rate					
	1%	Decrease	As	sumption	1%	Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	307,026	\$	327,806	\$	350,664

Actuarial Assumptions—OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2022 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing retirement plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefit for financial purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key Methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation are presented below:

Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2022, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Projected salary increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll growth	3.25%
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement rate	4.27%
Prior measurement rate	2.84%
Municipal bond rate:	
Current measurement rate	3.65%
Prior measurement rate	2.05%
Cost of living adjustments	2.2% simple per year

Mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 96.2% for males and 98.7% for females. Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135% for males and 97.9% for females. Mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9% for males and 131% for females. Mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale. The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determine using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the OP&F's Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as a baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized below:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00%	0.00%
Domestic equity	18.60%	4.80%
Non-U.S. equity	12.40%	5.50%
Private markets	10.00%	7.90%
Core fixed income*	25.00%	2.50%
High yield fixed income	7.00%	4.40%
Private credit	5.00%	5.90%
U.S. inflation linked bonds*	15.00%	2.00%
Master limited partnerships	5.00%	5.90%
Real assets	8.00%	5.90%
Gold	5.00%	3.60%
Private real estate	12.00%	5.30%
Commodities	<u>2.00%</u>	3.60%
Total	125.00%	

Note: Assumptions are geometric. * Levered 2.5x

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate. Total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.5%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed rate of return on investments of 7.5% was applied to periods before December 31, 2035 and the municipal bond rate of 3.65% at December 31, 2022 was applied to periods on and after December 31, 2035, resulting in a blended discount rate of 4.27%.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.27%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (3.27%) and 1% point higher (5.27%) than the current discount rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(3.27%)	Rate of 4.27%	(5.27%)
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,192,756	\$ 1,780,693	\$ 1,432,806

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SIDNEY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TRADITIONAL PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City of Sidney's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.053553%	0.053553%	0.052887%	0.052060%	0.051347%	0.052321%	0.052175%	0.052960%	0.053156%	0.054295%
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,323,103	\$ 6,469,254	\$ 9,164,506	\$11,817,399	\$ 8,059,114	\$14,329,537	\$10,312,674	\$ 7,842,267	\$ 4,624,761	\$16,038,664
City of Sidney's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,958,595	\$ 7,014,545	\$ 7,070,086	\$ 7,125,385	\$ 7,264,116	\$ 7,522,207	\$ 7,554,664	\$ 7,602,521	\$ 7,834,657	\$ 8,416,293
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	90.75%	91.78%	129.20%	165.50%	109.91%	190.50%	136.51%	103.15%	59.03%	190.57%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of							02.150/	06.0004	02.6204	75.740/
Total Pension Liability - Traditional Pension Plan Combined Plan Member-Directed Plan	86.36% 104.56% N/A	86.45% 114.83% N/A	81.08% 116.90% 103.91%	77.25% 116.55% 103.40%	84.66% 137.28% 124.46%	74.70% 126.64% 113.42%	82.17%	86.88%	92.62%	75.74%

Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2017, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%, a reduction in the wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, and transition from the RP-2000 mortality tables to the RP-2014 mortality tables. In 2019, a reduction of the discount rate was made from 7.5% to 7.2%.

In 2022, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 7.2% to 6.9%, a reduction in wage inflation from 3.25% to 2.75%, and transition from RP-2014 mortality tables to Pub-2010 mortality tables.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SIDNEY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City of Sidney's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.275360%	0.275360%	0.272982%	0.259921%	0.267075%	0.262554%	0.258543%	0.247593%	0.244135%	0.250107%
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$13,410,886	\$14,264,786	\$17,561,124	\$16,463,135	\$16,391,568	\$21,431,372	\$17,416,839	\$16,878,619	\$15,252,121	\$23,757,772
City of Sidney's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,297,966	\$ 5,407,719	\$ 5,479,757	\$ 5,554,909	\$ 5,810,174	\$ 5,864,172	\$ 6,005,415	\$ 6,011,199	\$ 6,112,403	\$ 6,873,788
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	253.13%	263.79%	320.47%	296.37%	282.12%	365.46%	290.02%	280.79%	249.53%	345.63%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	73.00%	71.71%	66.77%	68.36%	70.91%	63.07%	69.89%	70.65%	75.03%	62.90%

Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2018, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016. Significant changes in a reduction of the discount rate from 8.25% to 8.0%, a reduction in the wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, and transition from the RP-2000 mortality tables to the RP-2014 mortality tables.

In 2022, the single discount rate changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.

In 2023, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021. Significant changes included transition from RP mortality tables to the Pub-2010 Safety mortality tables projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PAYMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 841,801	\$ 848,368	\$ 855,004	\$ 944,337	\$1,053,109	\$1,057,653	\$1,064,353	\$1,096,852	\$1,178,281	\$1,271,880
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>\$ 841,801</u>	\$ 848,368	\$ 855,004	\$ 944,337	\$1,053,109	<u>\$1,057,653</u>	<u>\$1,064,353</u>	\$1,096,852	<u>\$1,178,281</u>	<u>\$1,271,880</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$
City Covered Payroll	\$7,014,545	\$7,070,086	\$7,125,385	\$7,264,116	\$7,522,207	\$7,554,664	\$7,602,521	\$7,834,657	\$8,416,293	\$9,084,857
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OHIO POLICE & FIRE PENSION FUND PAYMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,152,447	\$1,171,020	\$1,183,136	\$1,234,922	\$1,256,799	\$1,287,070	\$1,288,200	\$1,309,888	\$1,380,944	\$1,393,481
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,152,447	\$1,171,020	\$1,183,136	\$1,234,922	\$1,256,799	\$1,287,070	\$1,288,200	\$1,309,888	\$1,380,944	\$1,393,481
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>	\$ -	<u> -</u>
City Covered Payroll	\$5,407,719	\$5,479,757	\$5,554,909	\$5,810,174	\$5,864,172	\$6,005,415	\$6,011,199	\$6,112,403	\$6,873,788	\$6,936,192
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.31%	21.37%	21.30%	21.25%	21.43%	21.43%	21.43%	21.43%	20.09%	20.09%

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SIDNEY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City of Sidney's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	0.051560%	0.051280%	0.051912%	0.052155%	0.052432%	0.051991%	0.051990%
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ 5,207,735	\$ 5,568,631	\$ 6,768,117	\$ 7,204,012	\$ (934,109)	\$ (1,628,443)	\$ 327,806
City of Sidney's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,125,385	\$ 7,264,116	\$ 7,522,207	\$ 7,554,664	\$ 7,602,521	\$ 7,834,657	\$ 8,416,293
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	73.09%	76.66%	89.98%	95.36%	-12.29%	-20.79%	3.89%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability -	54.05%	54.14%	46.33%	47.80%	115.57%	128.23%	94.79%

⁽¹⁾ Pension information disclosed above is intended to show information for the last ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%.

In 2019, the single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%, the investment rate of return changed from 6.50% to 6.00%, and the health care cost trend rate changed from 7.5% initial to 10.0% initial.

In 2020, the single discount rate changed from 3.96% to 3.16% and the health care cost trend rate changed from 10.0% initial, 3.25% ultimate in 2028 to 10.5% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2030.

In 2021, the single discount rate changed from 3.16% to 6.00% and the health care cost trend rate changed from 10.5% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2030 to 8.5% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035.

In 2022, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020. Significant changes included a reduction in wage inflation from 3.25% to 2.75%, and transition from RP-2014 mortality tables to Pub-2010 mortality tables.

In 2023, the single discount rate changed from 6.00% to 5.22% and the health care cost trend rate changed from 5.5% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034 to 5.5% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2036.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SIDNEY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City of Sidney's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.259921%	0.267075%	0.262554%	0.258543%	0.247593%	0.244135%	0.250107%
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 12,337,865	\$ 15,132,067	\$ 2,390,960	\$ 2,553,818	\$ 2,623,285	\$ 2,675,925	\$ 1,780,693
City of Sidney's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,554,909	\$ 5,810,174	\$ 5,864,172	\$ 6,005,415	\$ 6,011,199	\$ 6,112,403	\$ 6,873,788
City of Sidney's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	222.11%	260.44%	40.77%	42.53%	43.64%	43.78%	25.91%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	15.96%	14.13%	46.57%	47.08%	45.42%	46.90%	52.59%

⁽¹⁾ Pension information disclosed above is intended to show information for the last ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79% to 3.24%.

In 2019, the single discount rate changed from 3.24% to 4.66%.

In 2020, the single discount rate changed from 4.66% to 3.56%.

In 2021, the single discount rate changed from 3.56% to 2.96%.

In 2022, the single discount rate changed from 2.96% to 2.84%.

In 2023, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed the for five-year period ended December 31, 2012. Significant changes included a reduction of the single discount rate from 2.84% to 4.27% and transition from the RP-2014 mortality tables to the Pub-2010 Safety mortality tables projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Change in benefit terms. Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model, depositing stipends into individual health reimbursements accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OPEB PAYMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 141,359	\$ 141,444	\$ 142,551	\$ 72,641	\$ 1,050	\$ 12,996	\$ 13,078	\$ 10,913	\$ 7,093	\$ 6,724
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 141,359	\$ 141,444	\$ 142,551	\$ 72,641	\$ 1,050	\$ 12,996	\$ 13,078	\$ 10,913	\$ 7,093	\$ 6,724
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City Covered Payroll	\$7,014,545	\$7,070,086	\$7,125,385	\$7,264,116	\$7,522,207	\$7,554,664	\$7,602,521	\$7,834,657	\$8,416,293	\$ 9,084,857
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.02%	2.00%	2.00%	1.00%	0.01%	0.17%	0.17%	0.14%	0.08%	0.07%

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OHIO POLICE & FIRE OPEB FUND PAYMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2023</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	27,334	\$	28,079	\$	27,776	\$	29,051	\$	29,542	\$	30,236	\$	30,227	\$	30,769	\$	32,471	\$	32,592
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	27,334	\$	28,079	\$	27,776	\$	29,051	\$	29,542	\$	30,236	\$	30,227	<u>\$</u>	30,769	<u>\$</u>	32,471	\$	32,592
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	_	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-								
City Covered Payroll	\$3	,407,719	\$3	,479,757	\$3	,554,909	\$3	,810,174	\$3	,864,172	\$6	,005,415	\$6	,011,199	\$6	,112,403	\$6	,873,788	\$ 6	,936,192
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.51%		0.51%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.50%		0.47%		0.47%

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Original Budget	Final Budget	_E	Actual Including ncumbrances		Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:	_			_		_	
Local taxes	\$	15,732,452	\$ 15,548,238	\$	16,191,166	\$	642,928
Intergovernmental revenues		1,003,231	891,811		1,057,213		165,402
Special assessments		356,374	356,374		333,354		(23,020)
Charges for services		1,164,441	1,164,441		1,173,737		9,296
Fines, licenses and permits		460,548	460,548		404,407		(56,141)
Investment income		200,000	200,000		916,157		716,157
Miscellaneous receipts and							
reimbursements		1,849,345	 1,963,840		1,980,569		16,729
Total revenues		20,766,391	 20,585,252		22,056,603		1,471,351
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development		478,506	494,838		480,136		14,702
Community environment		817,234	846,791		758,566		88,225
Fire		6,321,735	6,378,671		6,074,308		304,363
General government		3,458,963	3,669,967		3,419,698		250,269
Judicial		1,646,701	1,681,813		1,616,720		65,093
Parks and recreation		1,750,319	1,819,884		1,761,479		58,405
Police		7,394,131	7,024,900		6,695,685		329,215
Capital outlay		18,225	 30,021		-		30,021
Total expenditures		21,885,814	21,946,885		20,806,592		1,140,293
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,119,423)	 (1,361,633)	_	1,250,011		2,611,644
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-	-		-		-
Transfers out		(831,466)	 (941,466)		(941,466)		
Total other financing uses		(831,466)	 (941,466)		(941,466)		
Net change in fund balance		(1,950,889)	(2,303,099)		308,545		2,611,644
Fund Balances, beginning of year		14,967,901	14,967,901		14,967,901		-
Prior Year Encumbrances		459,069	 459,069		459,069		
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	13,476,081	\$ 13,123,871	\$	15,735,515	\$	2,611,644

See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS STREET REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Original		Final		Actual Including		Variance rom Final
REVENUES:		Budget		Budget	En	Encumbrances		Budget
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	1,306,285	\$	1,306,285	\$	1,288,206	\$	(18,079)
Investment Income	Ψ	2,500	Ψ	2,500	Ψ	11,649	Ψ	9,149
Miscellaneous receipts and		_,		_,		,		-,
reimbursements		115,000		115,000		1,010	_	(113,990)
Total revenues		1,423,785		1,423,785		1,300,865		(122,920)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Street repair & maintanence		1,938,412		1,910,912		1,756,823		154,089
Total expenditures		1,938,412		1,910,912		1,756,823		154,089
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(514,627)		(487,127)		(455,958)		31,169
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		485,000		485,000		520,000		35,000
Total other financing sources		485,000		485,000		520,000	_	35,000
Net change in fund balance		(29,627)		(2,127)		64,042		66,169
Fund Balances, beginning of year		195,536		195,536		195,536		-
Prior Year Encumbrances		3,070		3,070		3,070		
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	168,979	\$	196,479	\$	262,648		66,169

See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Basis of Budgeting

Basis of budgeting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts. The City of Sidney's budget for all funds is prepared on a cash-encumbrance basis by which transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed, or when a commitment has been recorded as an encumbrance against an applicable appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Fund balances shown are unencumbered cash balances. This basis is utilized for all interim financial statements issued during the year.

The basis of budgeting differs from the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) used for the City's year-end financial statements contained in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). Under that basis of accounting, revenues are generally recognized when the obligation to the City arises; the budget basis, however, recognizes revenue only when cash has been received. In the ACFR, expenditures are generally recognized in the period in which they are incurred. Under the budget basis, expenditures are recognized when cash has been disbursed or when an encumbrance has been placed against an appropriation.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. State law provides that, generally, no contract, agreement or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into unless the Finance Officer first certifies that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation or expenditure is in the treasury, or is anticipated to come into the treasury, before the maturity of such contract. (O.R.C. 5705.41)

Budget Process

The policy of the City is to have the annual operating and capital budgets approved prior to January 1 of each year.

The City follows procedures prescribed by State law and local policy in establishing its budgets as follows:

- 1. About January 1, the City must submit to the County Budget Commission a statement, classified by fund, of estimated cash receipts for the year and beginning-of-year unencumbered fund balances. The County Budget Commission certifies these estimates and issues an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources, (the "Certificate") limiting the maximum amount the City may expend from a given fund during the year to the estimated resources available. The City may, from time to time throughout the year, request an amended Certificate to reflect updated resource estimates.
- 2. The *five-year financial plan* is updated on an annual basis, usually in September. The plan is prepared after receiving input from all departments. The plan shall include all major operating funds and all capital improvement funds of the City. The purpose of this plan is to:
 - a. Identify major policy issues for City Council consideration prior to the preparation of the annual budget;
 - b. establish capital project priorities and make advance preparation for the funding of projects within the fiveyear horizon;
 - c. make conservative financial projections for all major operating funds and all capital improvements to provide assurance that adequate funding exists for proposed projects and services;
 - d. identify financial trends in advance or in the early stages so that timely corrective action can be taken, if needed;
 - e. communicate the City's intermediate plans to the public and provide an opportunity for the public to offer input.
- 3. The *operating budget* is recommended to Council based upon the City Manager-approved requests submitted by each department. The City Manager acts as budget officer for the City and submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council on an annual basis. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer input. The Council enacts the budget through passage of an ordinance. All funds of the City have annual budgets legally adopted by the City Council except CDBG, Justice Reinvestment Grant, Law Enforcement Diversion Grant, and Probation Grant.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

4. *Modifications to the budget* may be made from time to time during the budget year. The Statement of Financial Policies provides the permissible methods of amending the budget.

Reconciliation of Budget Basis to GAAP Basis

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2023, from the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	G	eneral Fund	et Repair & tenance Fund
Net change in fund balance - Budget Basis	\$	308,545	\$ 64,042
Increase / (decrease):			
Due to revenues		(1,071,438)	(101,308)
Due to expenditures		1,934,694	 170,037
Net change in fund balance - GAAP Basis	\$	1,171,801	\$ 132,771

SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

Fund Descriptions - Non-major Governmental Funds

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

C.D.B.G. Fund. To account for state funds and federal funds passed through state agencies for community development activities.

C.D.B.G. Program Income Fund. To account for the income generated from C.D.B.G. grant programs. Funds must be used for grant-eligible activities.

C.D.B.G. Revolving Loan Fund. To account for loans and repayment of loans for businesses who qualify for low interest loans for economic development.

Cemetery Fund. To account for the operation and maintenance of the cemetery facilities.

Cemetery Maintenance Fund. To account for that portion of cemetery sales revenue committed by City policy to be held for the perpetual care of Graceland Cemetery.

CHIP-LAP Grant Fund. To account for funds received from the Ohio Department of Development to assist low and moderate-income residents with lead abatement.

Convention and Visitors' Bureau Fund. To account for 25% of the funds received from the 6% lodging tax for the operation of a convention and visitors' bureau. The remaining 75% of the tax proceeds are accounted for in the General Fund.

County Auto License Fund. To account for county-levied motor vehicle registration fees restricted for street construction, maintenance and repair.

CRA Fund. To account for the annual fees paid by owners benefiting Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) tax abatement. This fee may be used to pay for expenses incurred in preparing the CRA annual report or expenses incurred by the tax incentive review committee.

Drug Law Enforcement Fund. To account for mandatory fines collected for drug offenses.

E-911 Wireless Fund. To account for funds collected by the State of Ohio from cell phone users and redistributed back to Ohio counties for use in implementation and maintenance of wireless 9-1-1 systems. The County is distributing 50% of those receipts to the City for the upkeep and maintenance of the wireless 9-1-1 system.

Enforcement & Education Fund. To account for financial resources used to educate and treat persons with alcohol related problems and to enhance law enforcement activities as a deterrent to the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol.

Fire Loss Security Fund. To account for the holding of a portion of insurance proceeds from fire loss of private property, held as security against the cost of removing, securing or repairing the damaged structure.

Health Department Building Lease Fund. To account for the operation and maintenance of the building that is leased to the county health department.

H.O.M.E. Program Income Fund. To account for income generated from HOME grant programs, primarily loans and repayments of loans made in HOME-funded housing projects. Funds must be used for grant-eligible activities.

Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund. To account for mandatory fines for DUI arrests that are used to treat drivers who cannot afford the rehabilitation.

Non-major Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment – Surplus Fund (Municipal Court). To account for the resources and expenditures declared to be Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Surplus funds. This fund is not required to have a legally adopted budget.

Indigent Driver Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring Fund (Municipal Court). To account for additional court fees levied in accordance with Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of providing alcohol monitoring equipment for those cases that cannot afford to purchase it.

Justice Reinvestment Incentive Grant Fund - To account for funds received from the Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Corrections for the reduction of recidivism and a change in probationers' cognizant behavior.

Law Enforcement Fund. To account for the proceeds from the confiscation of contraband.

Law Enforcement Diversion Grant Fund. To account for funds received from the Ohio Attorney General Office for law enforcement diversion programs to address the opioid epidemic.

Local Fiscal Recovery (ARP) Fund. The Local Fiscal Recovery Fund accounts for financial assistance received as a result of the federal American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to spend on COVID-19 recovery based on four criteria. Funds must be spent by December 31, 2024.

Mausoleum Maintenance Fund. To account for that portion of cemetery sales revenue committed by City policy to be held for the perpetual maintenance and repair of the mausoleum at Graceland Cemetery.

Municipal Court Computer Fund. To account for additional court fees levied in accordance with Ohio Revised Code for the sole purpose of procuring and maintaining computer systems for the office of the clerk of courts.

Municipal Court Special Projects Fund. To account for additional court fees levied in accordance with Ohio Revised Code for the purpose to acquire and pay for special projects of the court.

Opioid Settlement Fund. To account for the OneOhio Opiod Distributor Settlement for eligible expenses including community recovery, statewide innovation and recovery, and sustainability.

Parking Enforcement Fund. Accounts for the operation of the parking system and related expenditures. The operating expenditures and capital improvements are supported by fines, customer charges, and additional funding, as necessary, from the General Fund.

Permissive License Fee Fund. To account for \$5 permissive license fee designated for street curb & gutter construction, maintenance and repair.

Probation Grant Fund. To account for funds received from the Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Corrections for the operation of the Municipal Court's probation department.

Probation Services Fee Fund. To account for additional court fees levied in accordance with Ohio Revised Code for the purpose to acquire and pay for probation services of the court.

State Highway Fund. To account for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for street maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

TIF – **Echo Fund.** To account for the financial resources and expenditures related to the development of the Echo Business Center subdivision.

TIF – Kuther Rd Fund. To account for the financial resources and expenditures related to the development of the water and sewer infrastructure along Kuther Road.

Fund Descriptions – Non-Major Debt Service

Debt service funds are used to account for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt.

Bond Retirement. To account for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt.

Fund Descriptions - Non-Major Capital Project Fund

Capital funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Capital for Fire Station #3 Fund. To account for the development and construction of a Fire Station at the north end of City.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Non-major Special Revenue Funds	R	Bond Letirement		Capital for Fire tation #3 Fund		al Non-major overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	1,297,338	\$	40,726	\$	19,767	\$	1,357,831
Cash held by outside agent		24,399		-		-		24,399
Pooled investments		2,469,870		77,774		37,747		2,585,391
Receivables:		(1.010						(1.010
Property taxes		61,810		-		-		61,810
Other taxes		8,407		-		-		8,407
Interest		2,817		-		-		2,817
Lease		38,834		-		-		38,834
Loans		1,044,935		-		-		1,044,935
Other		38,883		-		-		38,883
Receivables from other governments		147,883		-		-		147,883
Prepaid items		12,674						12,674
Total assets	\$	5,147,850	\$	118,500	\$	57,514	\$	5,323,864
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	133,203	\$	-	\$	-	\$	133,203
Salaries and benefits payable		22,328		-		-		22,328
Advances from other funds		83,100		-		-		83,100
Unearned revenue		582,540		-		-		582,540
Total liabilities		821,171		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		821,171
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Lease		36,399		_		_		36,399
Unavailable revenue		1,314,566		_		_		1,314,566
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,350,965				_		1,350,965
Total deferred lilliows of resources		1,550,705	-					1,550,705
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		15,109		-		-		15,109
Restricted		2,732,161		_		_		2,732,161
Committed		230,463		118,500		57,514		406,477
Unassigned		(2,019)		-		-		(2,019)
		<u> </u>			-			
Total fund balances		2,975,714		118,500		57,514		3,151,728
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	¢.	5 147 050	¢.	110.500	e e	57.514	Ф	5 222 074
of resources and fund balances	\$	5,147,850	\$	118,500	\$	57,514	\$	5,323,864

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	: 	Non-major Special Revenue Funds		Bond Retirement	St	Capital for Fire ation #3 Fund	Total Non-majo Governmental Funds		
REVENUES:									
Local taxes	\$	311,858	\$	-	\$	-	\$	311,858	
Intergovernmental revenues		2,027,403		-		-		2,027,403	
Special assessments		3,250		-		-		3,250	
Charges for services		332,064		-		-		332,064	
Fines, licenses and permits		38,492		-		-		38,492	
Investment income		71,344		-		-		71,344	
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements		198,269						198,269	
Total revenues		2,982,680	_					2,982,680	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Community development		320,136		-		-		320,136	
Community environment		4,120		-		-		4,120	
Fire		53,066		-		-		53,066	
Health		329,138		-		-		329,138	
Judicial		461,328		-		-		461,328	
Police		118,086		-		-		118,086	
Street repairs and maintenance		105,000		-		-		105,000	
Capital outlay		1,667,734		-		-		1,667,734	
Debt service:									
Principal		10,000		55,000		-		65,000	
Interest		2,500		3,400	-	-		5,900	
Total expenditures		3,071,108		58,400				3,129,508	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(88,428)		(58,400)		-		(146,828)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		70,000		<u> </u>				70,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		70,000				<u>-</u>		70,000	
Net change in fund balance		(18,428)		(58,400)		-		(76,828)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,994,142		176,900		57,514	-	3,228,556	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,975,714	\$	118,500	\$	57,514	\$	3,151,728	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	C.D.B.G.		C.D.B.G. Program Income		Re	C.D.B.G. Revolving Loan		Cemetery		Cemetery Maintenance		IIP-LAP Grant
ASSETS												
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	76,302	\$	5	\$	-	\$	37,569	\$	301,058	\$	18,249
Cash held by outside agent		-		-		-		-				-
Pooled investments		144,368		9		-		71,745		569,620		34,851
Receivables:												
Property taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		497		-		-		-		1,958		-
Lease		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loans		1,044,935		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		20,574		-		-
Receivables from other governments		8,223		_		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		- , -		_		_		35		_		_
F							_					
Total assets	\$	1,274,325	\$	14	\$		\$	129,923	<u>\$</u>	872,636	\$	53,100
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	1,483	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,172	\$	-	\$	-
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		8,452		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		53,100
Unearned revenue							_					
Total liabilities		1,483						14,624				53,100
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Lease		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		1,053,632					_	15,162	_	1,869		
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,053,632					_	15,162		1,869		-
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		_		-		-		35		-		-
Restricted		219,210		14		-		100,102		870,767		-
Committed		-		-		_		-		-		_
Unassigned		_		_		_		_		_		_
	-				-							
Total fund balances		219,210		14			_	100,137		870,767		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and fund balances	\$	1,274,325	\$	14	\$	-	\$	129,923	\$	872,636	\$	53,100
									_			ntinued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

LOOTING.		Convention and Visitors' Bureau		County Auto License		CRA		Drug Law Enforcement		E-911 Wireless		Enforcement & Education		ire Loss Security
ASSETS Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	17,955	\$	23,360	\$	2,413	\$	2,724	\$	44,756	\$	5,709	\$	42,641
Cash held by outside agent	Ψ	-	Ψ	24,399	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Pooled investments		34,287		44,609		4,607		5,203		85,469		10,901		81,432
Receivables:		ŕ		ŕ		,		ŕ		ŕ		,		ŕ
Property taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other taxes		8,407		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Lease		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-		85		-
Receivables from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items				-	_	-		-	_	10,831			_	
Total assets	\$	60,649	\$	92,368	\$	7,020	\$	7,927	<u>\$</u>	141,056	\$	16,695	<u>\$</u>	124,073
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	52,242	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,000
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue	_		-	-	-			-	_	-			_	
Total liabilities		52,242	_								_		_	17,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Lease		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		-		24,399		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-		24,399		-		-		-	_		_	-
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		10,831		-		-
Restricted		8,407		67,969		7,020		7,927		130,225		16,695		107,073
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-				-		-			_	<u> </u>
Total fund balances		8,407		67,969		7,020		7,927		141,056		16,695	_	107,073
Total liabilities, deferred inflows														
of resources and fund balances	\$	60,649	\$	92,368	\$	7,020	\$	7,927	\$	141,056	\$	16,695	\$	124,073
													(cc	ontinued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

DECEMBER 31, 2023												
ASSETS		Health Department Building Lease		H.O.M.E. Program Income		ndigent Driver Alcohol reatment	A Tı	ndigent Driver Alcohol reatment Surplus	Inte	gent Driver erlock & Alcohol onitoring	Justice Reinvestment Incentive Grant	
ASSETS		20.520		21.000	Φ.	25.210				16210	Φ.	
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	38,538	\$	21,808	\$	25,318	\$	4,296	\$	16,348	\$	-
Cash held by outside agent		- 72 505		41.262		40.240		- 0.204		-		-
Pooled investments Receivables:		73,595		41,262		48,349		8,204		31,220		-
Property taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other taxes		-		142		-		-		-		-
Interest		20.024		142		-		-		-		-
Lease		38,834		-		-				-		-
Loans		-		-		- (40		-		- 002		-
Other		-		-		648		-		803		-
Receivables from other governments Prepaid items		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total assets	\$	150,967	\$	63,212	\$	74,315	\$	12,500	\$	48,371	\$	
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-	_			
Total liabilities					_				_			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Lease		36,399		-		-				-		-
Unavailable revenue				135		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		36,399		135		-						
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		2,435		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		63,077		74,315		12,500		48,371		-
Committed		112,133		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned												
Total fund balances		114,568	_	63,077		74,315		12,500		48,371		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and fund balances	\$	150,967	\$	63,212	\$	74,315	\$	12,500	\$	48,371	\$	inued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	En	Law forcement		Law forcement iversion Grant	F	cal Fiscal Recovery (ARP)		nusoleum intenance		unicipal Court omputer		funicipal Court cial Projects
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	86,417	\$	6,086	\$	212,785	\$	22,491	\$	10,490	\$	93,629
Cash held by outside agent	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-
Pooled investments		165,030		11,623		406,352		42,554		20,033		178,634
Receivables:												
Property taxes		-		=		-		-		-		-
Other taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		146		-		62
Lease		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loans Other		-		13		-		3,840		2,514		8,637
Receivables from other governments		-		14,487		-		3,840		2,314		8,037
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
r repaid items	_		_				_		_		_	
Total assets	\$	251,447	\$	32,209	\$	619,137	\$	69,031	\$	33,037	\$	280,962
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	13,605	\$	-	\$	36,597	\$	-	\$	18	\$	4,152
Salaries and benefits payable		-		309		-		-		-		3,764
Advances from other funds		-		30,000		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue	_	-		-		582,540	-					
Total liabilities		13,605	_	30,309		619,137			_	18		7,916
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Lease		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		-		3,919		-		250		-		27,654
Total deferred inflows of resources	_			3,919		-		250		-		27,654
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		237,842		-		-		68,781		33,019		245,392
Committed		-		- (2.010)		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	_	-		(2,019)		<u> </u>						
Total fund balances	_	237,842		(2,019)		-		68,781		33,019	-	245,392
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and fund balances	\$	251,447	\$	32,209	\$	619,137	\$	69,031	\$	33,037	\$	280,962
				-				-			(co	ntinued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Opioid ettlement		Parking forcement		ermissive cense Fee	P	robation Grant	robation ervices Fee		State ighway
ASSETS											
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	12,516	\$	40,626	\$	60,585	\$	12,175	\$ 9,658	\$	1,752
Cash held by outside agent				<u>-</u>					- -		
Pooled investments		23,901		77,584		115,698		23,249	18,443		3,315
Receivables:											
Property taxes		-		-		-		-	-		-
Other taxes		-		-		-		-	-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-	-		12
Lease		-		-		-		-	-		-
Loans		-		-		-		-	-		-
Other		-		120		-		82	1,567		-
Receivables from other governments		-		-		64,901		-	-		60,272
Prepaid items			_		_		_	1,808	 		
Total assets	\$	36,417	\$	118,330	\$	241,184	\$	37,314	\$ 29,668	\$	65,351
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,934	\$ -	\$	-
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		9,803	-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unearned revenue	-			-		-			 		
Total liabilities	_							11,737	 		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Lease		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unavailable revenue		-		-	_	56,605	_	17,282	 		51,849
Total deferred inflows of resources			_	-	_	56,605	_	17,282	 -		51,849
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		1,808	-		-
Restricted		36,417		-		184,579		6,487	29,668		13,502
Committed		-		118,330		-		-	-		-
Unassigned					_				 		
Total fund balances		36,417	_	118,330	_	184,579		8,295	 29,668	_	13,502
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources and fund balances	\$	36,417	\$	118,330	\$	241,184	\$	37,314	\$ 29,668	\$	65,351
										(cor	ntinued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

TII	F - Echo	K	TIF - uther Rd		Non-major Special Revenue unds Totals
\$	1,309	\$	47,770	\$	1,297,338
	- -				24,399
	2,499		91,224		2,469,870
	9,216		52,594		61,810
	-		-		8,407
	-		-		2,817
	-		-		38,834
	-		-		1,044,935
	-		-		38,883
	-		-		147,883
	-				12,674
\$	13,024	\$	191,588	\$	5,147,850
\$	-	\$	-	\$	133,203
	-		-		22,328
	-		-		83,100
	-	_	-		582,540
					821,171
	-		-		36,399
	9,216		52,594		1,314,566
	9,216		52,594		1,350,965
	-		-		15,109
	3,808		138,994		2,732,161
	-		-		230,463
					(2,019)
	3,808		138,994		2,975,714
\$	13,024	\$	191,588	\$	5,147,850
	\$	\$ 13,024 \$ 13,024 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,309 \$ 2,499 9,216	TIF - Echo Kuther Rd \$ 1,309 \$ 47,770 2,499 91,224 9,216 52,594 - -	TIF - Echo Kuther Rd From State \$ 1,309 \$ 47,770 \$ 2,499 91,224 9,216 52,594 -

	(C.D.B.G.	Pre	D.B.G. ogram		C.D.B.G. Levolving Loan		Cemetery		Cemetery aintenance		IIP-LAP Grant
REVENUES:	•		Φ.						Φ.		Φ.	
Local taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues		327,669		-		-		-		-		38,100
Special Assessments Charges for services		-		-		-		168,715		-		-
Fines, licenses and permits		-		-		-		106,713		-		-
Investment income		7,983		- 1		629		-		51,427		-
Miscellaneous receipts and		7,963		1		029		-		31,427		-
reimbursements								685				-
remoursements	_		-				_	003	_			
Total revenues	_	335,652		1		629	_	169,400		51,427	-	38,100
EXPENDITURES: Current:												
Community development		146,436		_		21,192		_				
Community development Community environment		140,430		_		21,192		_		_		_
Fire		_		_		_		_		_		_
Health		_		_		_		317,106		500		_
Judicial		_		_		_		-		-		_
Police		_		_		_		_		_		_
Street repairs and maintenance		_		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		141,452		-		-		-		-		38,100
Debt service:												-
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest				-						-		-
Total expenditures		287,888				21,192		317,106		500		38,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
(under) expenditures	_	47,764		1	_	(20,563)		(147,706)	_	50,927	-	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in		-		-		-		70,000	_	<u>-</u>		=
Total other financing sources				-	_			70,000	_			-
Net change in fund balance		47,764		1		(20,563)		(77,706)		50,927		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		171,446		13		20,563		177,843		819,840		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	219,210	\$	14	\$		\$	100,137	\$	870,767	\$	-
											(co	ntinued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES
NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	,	onvention and Visitors' Bureau		County Auto License	(CRA		ug Law	,	E-911 Wireless		orcement Education		e Loss curity
REVENUES:														
Local taxes	\$	134,084	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		93,074		-		-		54,013		-		-
Special Assessments		-		-		3,250		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fines, licenses and permits		-		-		-		4,613		-		1,282		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous receipts and														
reimbursements		-		-					_				1	11,375
Total revenues	_	134,084		93,074	_	3,250		4,613	_	54,013		1,282	1	11,375
EXPENDITURES:														
Current:		125 146				1.062								
Community development		135,146		-		1,962		-		-		-		-
Community environment		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		-		-		-		53,066
Health Judicial		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-		12,000		66,081		-		-
Street repairs and maintenance		-		-		-		12,000		00,081		-		-
Capital outlay		-		110,069		_		_		-		_		-
Debt service:				,										
Principal		-		-		-		_		-		_		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	_	135,146		110,069		1,962		12,000		66,081		-		53,066
T (1.0.)														
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		(1.0(2)		(1 (007)		1.200		(7.207)		(10.060)		1 202		50.200
(under) expenditures	_	(1,062)	_	(16,995)		1,288		(7,387)	_	(12,068)	_	1,282		58,309
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):														
Transfers in				-				-						-
Total other financing sources					_				_					
Net change in fund balance		(1,062)		(16,995)		1,288		(7,387)		(12,068)		1,282		58,309
Fund balances, beginning of year		9,469		84,964		5,732		15,314		153,124		15,413		48,764
, , ,	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		-	
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	8,407	<u>\$</u>	67,969	<u>\$</u>	7,020	\$	7,927	<u>\$</u>	141,056	\$	16,695		07,073 tinued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES
NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

REVENUES:	Health Department Building Lease	H.O.M.E. Program Income	Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment	Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Surplus	Indigent Driver Interlock & Alcohol Monitoring	Justice Reinvestment Incentive Grant
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Local taxes	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 28,141
Intergovernmental revenues Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	28,141
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	9,405	-
Fines, licenses and permits	-	-	11,592	-	9,403	-
Investment income	-	3,814	11,392	-	-	-
Miscellaneous receipts and	-	3,614	-	-	-	-
reimbursements	26,667	15,236		14,000	_	197
Telinoursements	20,007	15,250		14,000		
Total revenues	26,667	19,050	11,592	14,000	9,405	28,338
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Community development	_	2,500	-	-	_	-
Community environment	-	-	-	-	_	-
Fire	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health	11,532	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	14,000	1,500	3,924	99,837
Police	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street repairs and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	11,533	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest						
Total expenditures	11,532	14,033	14,000	1,500	3,924	99,837
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	15,135	5,017	(2,408)	12,500	5,481	(71,499)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in						
Total other financing sources						-
Net change in fund balance	15,135	5,017	(2,408)	12,500	5,481	(71,499)
Fund balances, beginning of year	99,433	58,060	76,723	_	42,890	71,499
, , ,						
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 114,568	\$ 63,077	\$ 74,315	\$ 12,500	\$ 48,371	(continued)

	Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement Diversion Grant	Local Fiscal Recovery (ARP)	Mausoleum Maintenance	Municipal Court Computer	Municipal Court Special Projects
REVENUES:	Φ.	•	4		<i>A</i>	
Local taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues	-	30,170	1,165,630	-	-	(313)
Special Assessments Charges for services	-	-	-	5,154	30,842	98,964
Fines, licenses and permits	8,991	-	-	3,134	30,642	90,904
Investment income	0,991	-	-	3,775	_	771
Miscellaneous receipts and				5,775		//1
reimbursements	_	13	_	_	_	116
Total revenues	8,991	30,183	1,165,630	8,929	30,842	99,538
Total revenues	0,991	30,103	1,105,050	0,929	30,642	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development Community environment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-	_	-
Health	_	_	_	_	_	
Judicial	_	_	_	_	42,155	107,492
Police	10,704	29,301	_	_	-	-
Street repairs and maintenance			-	-	_	-
Capital outlay	17,955	-	1,128,166	-	-	48,459
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest						
Total expenditures	28,659	29,301	1,128,166		42,155	155,951
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(19,668)	882	37,464	8,929	(11,313)	(56,413)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in						
Total other financing sources						
Net change in fund balance	(19,668)	882	37,464	8,929	(11,313)	(56,413)
Fund balances, beginning of year	257,510	(2,901)	(37,464)	59,852	44,332	301,805
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 237,842	\$ (2,019)	<u> </u>	\$ 68,781	\$ 33,019	\$ 245,392 (continued)

DEVENUES.		pioid tlement		arking orcement		ermissive cense Fee	P	robation Grant		robation ervices Fee		State ighway
REVENUES: Local taxes	\$		\$		\$	107,544	\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental revenues	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	107,544	Ф	186,265	Ф	-	Ф	104,654
Special Assessments		_		_		_		100,203		_		-
Charges for services		_		_		_		_		18,984		_
Fines, licenses and permits		_		12,014		-		_		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-		2,944
Miscellaneous receipts and												
reimbursements		29,779		-		-		201		-		-
Total revenues		29,779		12,014	_	107,544	_	186,466		18,984		107,598
EXPENDITURES: Current:												
Community development		-		-		-		-		-		-
Community environment		-		4,120		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		-		-		-
Health		-		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		182,450		9,970		-
Police		-		-		-		-		-		105 000
Street repairs and maintenance Capital outlay		-		-		112,000		-		-		105,000
Debt service:						112,000						
Principal		_		_		_		-		_		_
Interest		-		-		_		-		-		-
Total expenditures		_		4,120	_	112,000	_	182,450	_	9,970		105,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		29,779		7,894		(4,456)		4,016		9,014		2,598
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		_		_		_		_		_		_
			-		-		-				-	
Total other financing sources							_	-				
Net change in fund balance		29,779		7,894		(4,456)		4,016		9,014		2,598
Fund balances, beginning of year		6,638		110,436		189,035		4,279		20,654		10,904
Fund balances, end of year	\$	36,417	<u>\$</u>	118,330	\$	184,579	\$	8,295	\$	29,668	\$ (con	13,502 ntinued)

	TI	F - Echo	Kı	TIF - uther Rd		Jon-major Special Revenue Inds Totals
REVENUES:						
Local taxes	\$	9,690	\$	60,540	\$	311,858
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		2,027,403
Special Assessments		-		-		3,250
Charges for services		-		-		332,064
Fines, licenses and permits		-		-		38,492
Investment income		-		-		71,344
Miscellaneous receipts and						
reimbursements						198,269
Total revenues		9,690		60,540		2,982,680
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development		1,900		11,000		320,136
Community environment		-		-		4,120
Fire		-		-		53,066
Health		-		-		329,138
Judicial		-		-		461,328
Police		-		-		118,086
Street repairs and maintenance Capital outlay		60,000		-		105,000 1,667,734
Debt service:		00,000		-		1,007,734
Principal				10,000		10,000
Interest		_		2,500		2,500
	_				_	
Total expenditures	-	61,900		23,500	-	3,071,108
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(52,210)		37,040		(88,428)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	_					70,000
Total other financing sources		-	_			70,000
Net change in fund balance		(52,210)		37,040		(18,428)
Fund balances, beginning of year		56,018		101,954		2,994,142
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,808	\$	138,994	\$	2,975,714

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

Fund Descriptions – Non-major Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises for which 1) the intent of the government's legislative body is that goods or services provided to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or 2) the government's legislative body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Airport Fund. Accounts for the operation of the airport facility and related expenses, including capital improvement. The operating expenses and capital improvements are supported by customer charges and a subsidy, as necessary, from the General Fund.

Concession Stand Fund. Accounts for the operations of the concession stand and related expenses, including capital improvements.

Sidney Water Park Fund. Accounts for the operation of the public swimming pool and related expenses, including capital improvements. The operating expenses are financed through user charges while the capital improvements are subsidized by the General Fund.

Solid Waste Fund. Accounts for the operation of the solid waste collection system and related expenses, including capital improvements. The operations are financed through user charges.

Transportation Fund. Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Shelby Public Transit (formerly Dial-A-Ride) service, and related expenses, including capital improvement. The operating expenses and capital improvements are supported by customer charges and governmental grants. Any remaining funding is split 65% subsidy from the General Fund and 35% subsidy from Shelby County.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

DECEMBER 31, 2023												
			Co	ncession		Sidney		Solid				Non-major Enterprise
		Airport		Stand		ater Park		Waste	Tr	ansportation		unds Totals
ASSETS		rinport		Stand		uter r urk		- Traste		ansportation		ando Totalo
Current assets:												
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	272,657	\$	2,428	\$	21,616	\$	210,394	\$	117,157	\$	624,252
Pooled investments		520,688		4,637		41,279		401,785		223,731		1,192,120
Receivables:												
Accounts		29,138		-		-		124,609		175		153,922
Other		-		102		49		3		232		386
Receivables from other governments		1,347,872		-		-		-		133,815		1,481,687
Lease Receivable		8,589		-		-		-		-		8,589
Inventory Prepaid items		32,618 7,579		- 94		- 68		-		407		32,618 8,148
•	_						-		_		-	
Total current assets	-	2,219,141		7,261		63,012		736,791	-	475,517		3,501,722
Noncurrent assets:												
Lease Receivable		167,834		-		-		_		-		167,834
Capital assets:												ŕ
Capital assets not subject to depreciation	n:											
Land		1,004,352		-		-		-		55,000		1,059,352
Construction in progress		2,183,155		-		-		-		-		2,183,155
Capital assets net of												
accumulated depreciation		4,330,236		2,245		650,755		-		1,157,965		6,141,201
Total noncurrent assets		7,685,577	-	2,245		650,755		-	_	1,212,965		9,551,542
Total assets	\$	9,904,718	\$	9,506	\$	713,767	\$	736,791	\$	1,688,482	\$	13,053,264
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOU	JRCI	ES										
Pension		2,838		6,959		71,436		4,499		348,982		434,714
OPEB		415		1,019		10,466		660		51,124		63,684
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,253		7,978		81,902		5,159	_	400,106		498,398
Total assets & deferred outflows		_		_				_				
of resources and net position	\$	9,907,971	\$	17,484	\$	795,669	\$	741,950	\$	2,088,588	\$	13,551,662
LIABILITIES	<u></u>		<u></u>				_				_	
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	1,817,472	\$	92	\$	546	\$	150,881	\$	6,837	\$	1,975,828
Salaries and benefits payable		80		15		154		358		29,676		30,283
Compensated absences Unearned revenue		10,684		-		-		37		1,906		1,943 261,982
Refundable deposits		10,084		-		-		251,298		-		145
Retuildable deposits	_	143							_			143
Total current liabilities		1,828,381		107		700		402,574		38,419		2,270,181
Noncurrent liabilities:												
Net Pension liability		6,816		16,721		171,631		10,812		838,457		1,044,437
Net OPEB liability		139		342		3,508		221		17,137		21,347
Compensated absences		70						1,061		49,924		51,055
Total noncurrent liabilities		7,025		17,063		175,139		12,094		905,518		1,116,839
Total liabilities		1,835,406		17,170		175,839		414,668		943,937		3,387,020
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	CES											
Lease		174,824		-		-		-		-		174,824
OPEB		47		116		1,189		75		5,806		7,233
Total deferred inflows of resources		174,871		116		1,189		75		5,806		182,057
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets		5,704,963		2,245		650,755		-		1,212,965		7,570,928
Unrestricted		2,192,731		(2,047)		(32,114)		327,207		(74,120)		2,411,657
Total net position	_	7,897,694		198	_	618,641		327,207		1,138,845		9,982,585
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and net position	\$	9,907,971	\$	17,484	\$	795,669	\$	741,950	\$	2,088,588	\$	13,551,662
sine net position	*	. , ,- / -	_	,	~	,	-	, , , , ,	*	-,,	-	-,1,002

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Cor	ncession		Sidney		Solid				Non-major Enterprise
	Airport		Stand	V	/ater Park		Waste	Tra	ansportation		unds Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:			-			_	,, aste		portuitoii	_	unas retais
Charges for services	\$ 517,351	\$	19,017	\$	48,550	\$	2,109,716	\$	91,087	\$	2,785,721
Other revenue	33,225		177		51	_	13	_	1,124	_	34,590
Total operating revenues	550,576		19,194	_	48,601	_	2,109,729		92,211	_	2,820,311
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Personal services	3,245		12,533		213,636		8,616		685,341		923,371
Operations and maintenance	566,486		13,521		160,182		1,978,015		280,375		2,998,579
Depreciation	237,650		167		32,091	_		_	168,355	_	438,263
Total operating expenses	807,381		26,221		405,909	_	1,986,631		1,134,071		4,360,213
Operating income (loss)	(256,805)		(7,027)		(357,308)	_	123,098		(1,041,860)	_	(1,539,902)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE):										
Interest Income	2,268		-		-		-		-		2,268
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		-		594,584		594,584
Lease income	10,286		-		-		-		-		10,286
Contributions	-		-		5,200		-		-		5,200
Gain on disposal of assets	-		-		-		-		23,935		23,935
Loss on leased of assets	(2,187)			-			-			_	(2,187)
Total nonoperating revenue	10,367				5,200	_			618,519		634,086
Income (loss) before capital grants,											
contributions and transfers	(246,438)		(7,027)		(352,108)	_	123,098	_	(423,341)	_	(905,816)
Capital grants & contributions	1,653,877		_		32,327		-		79,538		1,765,742
Transfers in	200,000				185,000	_	-		86,466		471,466
Change in net position	1,607,439		(7,027)		(134,781)		123,098		(257,337)		1,331,392
Net position - beginning	6,290,255		7,225		753,422	_	204,109		1,396,182		8,651,193
Net position - ending	\$ 7,897,694	\$	198	\$	618,641	\$	327,207	\$	1,138,845	\$	9,982,585

	Airport	Co	oncession Stand	Sidney ater Park		Solid Waste	Tr	ansportation	I	Non-major Enterprise ands Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services provided (used)	\$ 540,116 (576,150) (3,283) (20,373)	\$	19,092 (10,613) (11,185) (2,860)	\$ 48,552 (53,342) (119,057) (107,345)	\$	2,105,266 (1,803,483) (8,133) (174,862)	\$	94,428 (63,746) (619,856) (213,037)	\$	2,807,454 (2,507,334) (761,514) (518,477)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 (59,690)		(5,566)	(231,192)		118,788	_	(802,211)		(979,871)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Intergovernmental Contributions	 200,000		- - -	185,000 - 5,200		- - -	_	86,466 665,781		471,466 665,781 5,200
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 200,000		-	 190,200	_	-	_	752,247	_	1,142,447
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from sale of capital assets								23,935		23,935
Acquisition of capital assets	(274,698)		_	-		-		23,933		(274,698)
Capital contributions	260,739		_	_		_		108,076		368,815
Interest Income	2,268		_	_		_		-		2,268
Lease payments received	8,533		_	_		_		_		8,533
Net cash provided by (used by) capital	 			 			_			
and related financing activities	 (3,158)							132,011		128,853
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	(276,325)		2,111	13,027		(221,949)		(134,302)		(617,438)
Purchase of investments	197,618		1,760	15,667		152,489		84,914		452,448
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	 (78,707)		3,871	28,694		(69,460)		(49,388)		(164,990)
Net increase in pooled cash and equivalents	58,445		(1,695)	(12,298)		49,328		32,659		126,439
Pooled cash and equivalents, beginning of year	214,212		4,123	33,914		161,066		84,498		497,813
Pooled cash and equivalents, end of year	\$ 272,657	\$	2,428	\$ 21,616	\$	210,394	\$	117,157	\$	624,252
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (256,805)	\$	(7,027)	\$ (357,308)	\$	123,098	\$	(1,041,860)	\$	(1,539,902)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation	237,650		167	32,091		<u>-</u>		168,355		438,263
Change in assets and deferred outflows:	(12 (72)			,		(11.950)				
Accounts receivable Other receivables	(12,672)		(102)	(49)		(11,859)		2,449 (232)		(22,082) (386)
Prepaid items	(4,889)		(102)	(1 2)		-		1,230		(3,659)
Inventory	13,934		_	_		_		-		13,934
Net OPEB asset	738		1,561	-		1,147		80,053		83,499
Deferred outflows - Pension	(1,901)		(4,978)	(71,436)		(3,044)		(247,377)		(328,736)
Deferred outflows - OPEB	(408)		(1,003)	(10,466)		(648)		(50,330)		(62,855)
Change in liabilities and deferred inflows: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable and	(38,409)		48	(505)		(330)		2,362		(36,834)
compensated absences Unearned revenue	(69) 1,539		13	154		313 7,399		7,582		7,993 8,938
				171 620				611 107		807,302
Net pension liability	4,722 139		12,288 342	171,630 3,508		7,555 221		611,107		,
Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows - Pension	(2,540)		(5,371)	3,308		(3,946)		17,137 (275,409)		21,347 (287,266)
Deferred inflows - Pelsion Deferred inflows - OPEB	(719)		(1,504)	1,189		(1,115)		(77,278)		(79,427)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (59,690)	\$	(5,566)	\$ (231,192)	\$	118,788	\$	(802,211)	\$	(979,871)
Noncash investing, capital and related financing activities:			<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
Purchase of equipment on account	\$ 1,812,780	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,812,780
Prior year purchase of equipment on account	\$ 23,708	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$	23,708
Contributions of capital assets from governmental activities	\$ 106,940	\$	-	\$ 32,327	\$	-	\$	-	\$	139,267

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

Fund Descriptions – Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Garage/Fleet Operations Fund. To account for the operation of the municipal garage. This activity is funded by charges to City departments that use this service.

Information Technology Fund. To account for the costs of purchasing and maintaining the City's computer and phone systems and the allocation of those costs to the using departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Revenue Collections Fund. To account for the operation of the City's centralized income tax and utility billing and collections department. This activity is funded by charges to the City departments for which the monies are collected.

Self-Insurance Fund. To account for the employees' health insurance plan, including the payment of insurance premiums and claims. The fund is exclusively financed by premiums paid by City employees and from various operating funds of the City.

Service Center Building Fund. To account for the operation of the Service Center building. This activity is funded by charges to City departments that use these services.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Garage/ Fleet	Information	Revenue	Self Insurance	Service Center	Internal Service
ASSETS	Operations	Technology	Collections	Insurance	Building	Totals
Current assets:						
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$ 8,694	\$ 132,790	\$ 38,213	\$ -	\$ 67,756	\$ 247,453
Cash	-	-	-	1,314,875	-	1,314,875
Pooled investments	16,602	253,587	72,974	, , , <u>-</u>	129,392	472,555
Receivables:						
Other	101	179	188	-	7	475
Inventory	12,451	-	-	-	_	12,451
Prepaid items	2,401	181,828	277		1,072	185,578
Total current assets	40,249	568,384	111,652	1,314,875	198,227	2,233,387
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:						
Construction in Progress	-	185,389	-	-	-	185,389
Capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation	48,794	214,454	4,542		282,802	550,592
Total noncurrent assets	48,794	399,843	4,542		282,802	735,981
Total assets	\$ 89,043	\$ 968,227	\$ 116,194	\$ 1,314,875	\$ 481,029	\$ 2,969,368
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	.					
Pension	149,584	265,558	278,961		11,178	705,281
OPEB	21,913	38,902	40,865	-	1,637	103,317
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 171,497	\$ 304,460	\$ 319,826	\$ -	\$ 12,815	\$ 808,598
Total assets & deferred outflows						
of resources and net position	\$ 260,540	\$ 1,272,687	\$ 436,020	\$ 1,314,875	\$ 493,844	\$ 3,777,966
of resources and not position	ψ 200,210	φ 1,272,007	Ψ 130,020	Ψ 1,311,073	Ψ 123,011	ψ 3,777,500
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 19,192	\$ 145,645	\$ 7,579	\$ -	\$ 24,916	\$ 197,332
Salaries and benefits payable	12,221	23,598	22,673	Ψ -	1,279	59,771
Claims payable	-	25,570	-	214,128	-	214,128
Compensated absences	293	1,046	5,009	-	_	6,348
Total current liabilities	31,706	170,289	35,261	214,128	26,195	477,579
Total current natimites	51,700	170,207		214,120	20,173	411,317
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension liability	359,389	638,024	670,229	-	26,856	1,694,498
Net OPEB liability	7,345	13,040	13,698	-	549	34,632
Compensated absences	52,353	104,768	32,918		3,739	193,778
Total noncurrent liabilities	419,087	755,832	716,845		31,144	1,922,908
Total liabilities	450,793	926,121	752,106	214,128	57,339	2,400,487
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB	2 100	4,418	4,641		186	11,733
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,488 2,488	4,418	4,641		186	
rotal deferred filliows of resources	2,488	4,418	4,041	-	100	11,733
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	48,794	399,843	4,542	-	282,802	727,564
Unrestricted	(241,535)	(57,695)	(325,269)	1,100,747	153,517	638,182
Total net position	(192,741)		(320,727)	1,100,747	436,319	1,365,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and net position	\$ 260,540	\$ 1,272,687	\$ 436,020	\$ 1,314,875	\$ 493,844	\$ 3,777,966

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		rage/Fleet perations		nformation echnology		Revenue ollections	Self Insurance		Service Center Building			Internal Service Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:	e.	074712	ď	1 202 207	¢.	(00.000	¢.	2.024.520	¢.	115 000	ď	5.026.520
Charges for services Other revenue	\$	874,713 2,350	\$	1,202,386 697	\$	699,900 824	\$	3,034,530	\$	115,000	\$	5,926,529 3,904
Total operating revenues		877,063		1,203,083		700,724	_	3,034,530		115,033		5,930,433
OPERATING EXPENSES:												
Personal services		318,307		538,990		555,852		-		27,389		1,440,538
Operations and maintenance		551,868		674,485		178,728		552,581		77,160		2,034,822
Claims		-		-		-		2,245,520		-		2,245,520
Depreciation		15,706	_	85,507	_	1,801	_	-		68,753		171,767
Total operating expenses		885,881		1,298,982		736,381		2,798,101		173,302		5,892,647
Operating income (loss)		(8,818)	_	(95,899)		(35,657)	_	236,429		(58,269)		37,786
NONOPERATING REVENUES:												
Investment income		-		-		-		32,092		-		32,092
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets						-	_			1,691		1,691
Total nonoperating revenues							_	32,092		1,691		33,783
Income (loss) before capital grants, contributions and transfers		(8,818)		(95,899)		(35,657)		268,521		(56,578)		71,569
Capital contributions			_	185,389			_					185,389
Change in net position		(8,818)		89,490		(35,657)		268,521		(56,578)		256,958
Net position - beginning		(183,923)		252,658		(285,070)	_	832,226		492,897		1,108,788
Net position - ending	\$	(192,741)	\$	342,148	\$	(320,727)	\$	1,100,747	\$	436,319	\$	1,365,746

		Garage/ Fleet Operations		nformation Technology		Revenue		Self Insurance		Service Center Building	_	Internal Service Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	2,249 874,713 (514,097) (314,252)	\$	148,904 1,054,000 (587,666) (494,360)	\$	636 699,900 (115,405) (554,076)	\$	3,034,530 (552,581)	\$	26 115,000 (71,457) (23,938)	\$	151,815 5,778,143 (1,841,206) (1,386,626)
Payments for claims Payments for interfund services used		(36,897)	_	(1,934)	-	(63,805)		(2,225,374)		(10,554)		(2,225,374) (113,190)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	_	11,716	_	118,944	_	(32,750)	_	256,575		9,077	_	363,562
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:												
Proceeds from sales of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets		- (14,991)	_	(26,782)	_	<u>-</u>	_	- -		1,691 (43,496)	_	1,691 (85,269)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(14,991)	_	(26,782)	_		_		_	(41,805)	_	(83,578)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		(3,659)		(151,662)		(3,721)		_		(23,666)		(182,708)
Purchase of investments		6,301		96,244		27,696		-		49,108		179,349
Interest on investments						-		32,092				32,092
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		2,642		(55,418)		23,975		32,092		25,442		28,733
Net increase (decrease) in pooled cash and equivalents		(633)		36,744		(8,775)		288,667		(7,286)		308,717
Pooled cash and equivalents, beginning of year		9,327		96,046		46,988		1,026,208		75,042		1,253,611
Pooled cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	8,694	\$		\$	38,213	\$	1,314,875	\$	67,756	\$	1,562,328
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for)	\$	(8,818)	\$	(95,899)	\$	(35,657)	\$	236,429	\$	(58,269)	\$	37,786
operating activities: Depreciation		15,706		85,507		1,801		-		68,753		171,767
Change in assets and deferred outflows: Other receivables Prepaid items		(101) 170		(179) (23,376)		(188) 960		-		(7) (175)		(475) (22,421)
Inventory		4,399		312		-		-		-		4,711
Net OPEB asset		39,185		64,009		72,097		-		2,864		178,155
Deferred outflows - Pension Deferred outflows - OPEB		(99,850) (21,525)		(184,317) (38,268)		(187,454) (40,152)		-		(7,543) (1,609)		(479,164) (101,554)
Change in liabilities and deferred inflows: Accounts & claims payable		(3,695)		107,949		(1,442)		20,146		(4,676)		118,282
Salaries and benefits payable and compensated absences		3,790		16,154		(3,662)		-		3,105		19,387
Net pension liability		248,103		456,240		465,473		-		18,723		1,188,539
Net OPEB liability		7,345		13,040		13,698		-		549		34,632
Deferred inflows - Pension Deferred inflows - OPEB		(134,812) (38,181)		(220,213) (62,015)		(248,038) (70,186)		-		(9,852) (2,786)		(612,915)
Deterred lilliows - OFEB	_	(30,101)	_	(02,013)		(70,180)			_	(2,780)	_	(173,168)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	11,716	\$	118,944	<u>\$</u>	(32,750)	\$	256,575	<u>\$</u>	9,077	\$	363,562
Noncash investing, capital and related financing activities:												
Prior year purchase of equipment on account Contributions of capital assets from governmental activities	\$ \$	-	\$ \$		\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	8,417 185,389

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

Fund Descriptions – Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of other parties.

Municipal Court Fund. To account for assets received and disbursed by the Municipal Court as agent and custodian relative to civil or criminal court matters.

Port Jefferson Fund. To account for funds collected on behalf of the Village of Port Jefferson. These funds are collected with sewer bills from residents of the Village.

River Clean-Up Fund. To account for funds collected and disbursed on behalf of the Upper Great Miami River Watershed Protection Project.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

Private purpose funds are used to account for a trust arrangement where specific benefits accrue to specific individuals.

- **B. Slonkosky Flower Trust Fund.** To account for the purchase and placement of flowers upon the monument of stated Grantor's for specific holidays at the Graceland Cemetery until distribution amount is exhausted.
- **C. Truster Flower Trust Fund.** To account for the purchase and placement of flowers upon the monument of Grantor and Grantor's sister at Memorial Day at the Graceland Cemetery until distribution amount is exhausted.

Ike Family Mausoleum Trust Fund. To account for the disbursement to the Ike family for maintenance and repairs to their private mausoleum.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	N	Iunicipal Court	J	Port efferson	C	River lean-Up		Custodial Funds Totals
ASSETS	e.		¢.	2.000	er.	16 172	ď.	10 101
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$	164 216	\$	3,008	\$	16,173	\$	19,181
Cash held by outside agent Pooled investments		164,316		5,743		30,885		164,316
Accounts Receivable		-						36,628
		-		9,309		3,000		12,309
Prepaid Expenses						960		960
Total assets	\$	164,316	\$	18,060	\$	51,018	\$	233,394
LIABILITIES	_						_	
Accounts payable	\$	5,777	\$	6,133	\$	-	\$	11,910
Payable to other governments		76,117		-		-		76,117
Total liabilities	\$	81,894	\$	6,133	\$		\$	88,027
NET POSITION								
Restricted for:								
Individuals & organizations & other governments	\$	82,422	\$	11,927	\$	51,018	\$	145,367
Total Net position	\$	82,422	\$	11,927	\$	51,018	\$	145,367

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	1	Municipal Court		Port Jefferson	(River Clean-Up	Custodial Funds Totals
ADDITIONS							
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	80,130	\$	-	\$ 80,130
Court costs & fines		2,050,216		-		-	2,050,216
Contributions		-		-		30,846	30,846
Due from other funds		-		-		3,000	 3,000
Total Additions		2,050,216	_	80,130		33,846	 2,164,192
DEDUCTIONS							
Judgement costs & bond reimbursements		1,107,059		-		-	1,107,059
Payments to other governments		1,042,892		81,006		-	1,123,898
Clean-up expenses						14,478	 14,478
Total Deductions		2,149,951		81,006		14,478	 2,245,435
Change in net position		(99,735)		(876)		19,368	(81,243)
Net position, beginning of year, restated		182,157		12,803		31,650	 226,610
Net position, end of year	\$	82,422	\$	11,927	\$	51,018	\$ 145,367

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Slonkosky wer Trust		Truster ver Trust	Family bleum Trust	Tru	nte-Purpose ust Funds Totals
ASSETS						
Pooled cash and equivalents	\$ 8,883	\$	1,004	\$ 1,702	\$	11,589
Pooled investments	16,806		1,899	3,220		21,925
Interest receivable	 58		7	 11		76
Total assets	 25,747		2,910	 4,933		33,590
LIABILITIES						
Total liabilities	 	-	-	 		
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Individuals & organization						
& other governments	25,747		2,910	4,933		33,590
Total Net position	\$ 25,747	\$	2,910	\$ 4,933	\$	33,590

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	B. Slonkosky Flower Trust		C. Truster Flower Trust		Family leum Trust	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Totals		
ADDITIONS								
Investment income	\$	1,549	\$ 173	\$	292	\$	2,014	
Total Additions		1,549	 173		292		2,014	
DEDUCTIONS								
Purchase of flowers		500	 				500	
Total Deductions		500	 				500	
Change in net position		1,049	173		292		1,514	
Net position, beginning of year		24,698	 2,737		4,641		32,076	
Net position, end of year	\$	25,747	\$ 2,910	\$	4,933	\$	33,590	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final Budget	E	Actual Including Incumbrances	fr	/ariance om Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Local taxes	\$	15,548,238	\$	16,191,166	\$	642,928
Intergovernmental revenues		891,811		1,057,213		165,402
Special assessments		356,374		333,354		(23,020)
Charges for services		1,164,441		1,173,737		9,296
Fines, licenses and permits		460,548		404,407		(56,141)
Investment income		200,000		916,157		716,157
Miscellaneous receipts and						
reimbursements		1,963,840		1,980,569		16,729
Total revenues		20,585,252		22,056,603		1,471,351
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community Development						
Community Planning & Development						
Personal services		312,695		310,234		2,461
Contractual, materials and other		51,256		51,250		6
Community Service Program						
Personal services		110,465		105,764		4,701
Contractual, materials and other		20,422		12,888		7,534
Total community development		494,838		480,136		14,702
Community Environment Building Inspection						
Personal services		105,370		103,868		1,502
Contractual, materials and other		22,395		16,346		6,049
Code Enforcement		22,373		10,540		0,017
Personal services		141,745		123,873		17,872
Contractual, materials and other		115,371		93,447		21,924
Engineering		,-,-		,,,,,,		,
Personal services		305,310		281,185		24,125
Contractual, materials and other		156,600		139,847		16,753
Total community environment		846,791		758,566		88,225
Fire						
Fire Services						
Personal services		5,408,830		5,134,308		274,522
Contractual, materials and other		996,210		940,000		56,210
Total fire	-	6,405,040		6,074,308		330,732

(continued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final	Actual Including	Variance from Final
	Budget	Encumbrances	Budget
General Government			
City Administration			
Personal services	363,435	360,762	2,673
Contractual, materials and other	38,303	29,899	8,404
City Council			
Personal services	93,632	92,279	1,353
Contractual, materials and other	73,161	67,997	5,164
City Hall			
Personal services	34,685	34,197	488
Contractual, materials and other	128,039	118,070	9,969
County Auditor Deductions			
Contractual, materials and other	127,112	122,890	4,222
Finance			
Personal services	429,640	411,450	18,190
Contractual, materials and other	175,685	162,597	13,088
Law Director			
Personal services	117,768	116,951	817
Contractual, materials and other	87,941	87,474	467
Miscellaneous			
Personal services	350,000	279,638	70,362
Contractual, materials and other	1,216,942	1,137,026	79,916
Personnel			
Personal services	214,885	213,017	1,868
Contractual, materials and other	180,905	150,098	30,807
Purchasing			
Personal services	24,920	24,778	142
Contractual, materials and other	13,139	10,575	2,564
Total general government	3,670,192	3,419,698	250,494
Judicial			
Municipal Court			
Personal services	1,318,218	1,254,817	63,401
Contractual, materials and other	363,797	361,903	1,894
			-,
Total judicial	1,682,015	1,616,720	65,295

(continued)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Parks and Recreation Parks - Administration Personal services 146,220 145,084 1,136 Contractual, materials and other 34,975 34,047 928 Parks - Grounds Maintenance 900,180 878,164 22,016 Contractual, materials and other 371,998 362,939 9,059 Parks - Recreation Programs 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police 7 7,024,900 1,761,479 61,630 Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures (1,36		Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
Personal services 146,220 145,084 1,136 Contractual, materials and other 34,975 34,047 928 Parks - Grounds Maintenance 900,180 878,164 22,016 Personal services 900,180 878,164 22,016 Contractual, materials and other 371,998 362,939 9,059 Parks - Recreation Programs 146,765 125,461 21,304 Personal services 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police Personal services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 228,500 228,413 87 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Exc	Parks and Recreation			
Contractual, materials and other Parks - Grounds Maintenance 34,975 34,047 928 Parks - Grounds Maintenance 900,180 878,164 22,016 Personal services 900,180 362,939 9,059 Parks - Recreation Programs 146,765 125,461 21,304 Personal services 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest Contractual, materials and other 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police Personal services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures	Parks - Administration			
Parks - Grounds Maintenance 900,180 878,164 22,016 Personal services 900,180 878,164 22,016 Contractual, materials and other 371,998 362,939 9,059 Parks - Recreation Programs 146,765 125,461 21,304 Personal services 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 21,546,325 5,482,554 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) <td< td=""><td>Personal services</td><td>146,220</td><td>145,084</td><td>1,136</td></td<>	Personal services	146,220	145,084	1,136
Personal services 900,180 878,164 22,016 Contractual, materials and other 371,998 362,939 9,059 Parks - Recreation Programs 900,180 371,998 362,939 9,059 Personal services 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644	Contractual, materials and other	34,975	34,047	928
Contractual, materials and other Parks - Recreation Programs Personal services 371,998 362,939 9,059 Parks - Recreation Programs Personal services 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other Senior Center 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 2125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police 7010 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department Contractual, materials and other 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 </td <td>Parks - Grounds Maintenance</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Parks - Grounds Maintenance			
Parks - Recreation Programs Personal services 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police 70elice		900,180	878,164	22,016
Personal services 146,765 125,461 21,304 Contractual, materials and other 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Contractual, materials and other 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545	Contractual, materials and other	371,998	362,939	9,059
Contractual, materials and other Senior Center 73,215 70,355 2,860 Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 212,333 122,195 3,138 Contractual, materials and other 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901	Parks - Recreation Programs			
Senior Center 24,423 23,234 1,189 Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police 701 <t< td=""><td>Personal services</td><td>146,765</td><td>125,461</td><td>21,304</td></t<>	Personal services	146,765	125,461	21,304
Contractual, materials and other Urban Forest Contractual, materials and other 24,423 23,234 1,189 Contractual, materials and other 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police 901ice 901ice 901ice 1,62,771 162,771 162,771 162,771 162,771 162,771 162,771 162,771 163,775 162,771 163,775 162,771 166,357 162,771 166,357 162,771 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 166,357 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 18 166,357 18 166,357 18 166,357 18 166,357 18 166,357 18 166,357 18 166,357 18 18 166,357 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Contractual, materials and other	73,215	70,355	2,860
Urban Forest 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police 8 1,761,479 61,630 Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Senior Center			
Contractual, materials and other 125,333 122,195 3,138 Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police 8 8 8 Personal services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (941,466) (941,466) - Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Contractual, materials and other	24,423	23,234	1,189
Total parks and recreation 1,823,109 1,761,479 61,630 Police Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Personal services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (941,466) (941,466) - Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Urban Forest			
Police Police Services Personal services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Contractual, materials and other	125,333	122,195	3,138
Police Services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Total parks and recreation	1,823,109	1,761,479	61,630
Personal services 5,645,325 5,482,554 162,771 Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department Contractual, materials and other 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Police			
Contractual, materials and other Street Lighting Department Contractual, materials and other 1,151,075 984,718 166,357 Street Lighting Department Contractual, materials and other 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Police Services			
Street Lighting Department Contractual, materials and other 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Personal services	5,645,325	5,482,554	162,771
Contractual, materials and other 228,500 228,413 87 Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	*	1,151,075	984,718	166,357
Total police 7,024,900 6,695,685 329,215 Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	~ ~ .			
Total expenditures 21,946,885 20,806,592 1,140,293 Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	Contractual, materials and other	228,500	228,413	87
Excess of revenues over expenditures (1,361,633) 1,250,011 2,611,644 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Total police	7,024,900	6,695,685	329,215
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Total expenditures	21,946,885	20,806,592	1,140,293
Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Excess of revenues over expenditures	(1,361,633)	1,250,011	2,611,644
Transfers out (941,466) (941,466) - Total other financing uses (941,466) (941,466) - Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Net change in fund balance (2,303,099) 308,545 2,611,644 Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -		(941,466)	(941,466)	
Fund Balances, beginning of year 14,967,901 14,967,901 - Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Total other financing uses	(941,466)	(941,466)	
Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Net change in fund balance	(2,303,099)	308,545	2,611,644
Prior Year Encumbrances 459,069 459,069 -	Fund Balances, beginning of year	14,967,901	14,967,901	-
				-
	Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 13,123,871		\$ 2,611,644

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL STREET REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

DENTEN HERO	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget		
REVENUES:	ф. 1.206.205	f 1 200 206	¢ (10.070)		
Intergovernmental revenues Investment Income	\$ 1,306,285	\$ 1,288,206	\$ (18,079)		
Miscellaneous receipts and	2,500	11,649	9,149		
reimbursements	115,000	1,010	(112 000)		
remoursements	113,000	1,010	(113,990)		
Total revenues	1,423,785	1,300,865	(122,920)		
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Street repair & maintenance					
Personal services	881,055	850,886	30,169		
Contractual, materials and other	1,029,857	905,937	123,920		
Total expenditures	1,910,912	1,756,823	154,089		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(487,127)	(455,958)	31,169		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	485,000	520,000	35,000		
Total other financing sources	485,000	520,000	35,000		
Net change in fund balance	(2,127)	64,042	66,169		
Fund Balances, beginning of year	195,536	195,536	-		
Prior Year Encumbrances	3,070	3,070	-		
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 196,479	\$ 262,648	\$ 66,169		
•					

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	 Final Budget	I	Actual ncluding numbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 667,716	\$	383,304	\$ (284,412)
Investment income	 -		7,662	 7,662
Total revenues	667,716		390,966	(276,750)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Community development				
Personal services	1,497		1,497	-
Contractual, materials and other	723,274		622,918	 100,356
Total expenditures	 724,771		624,415	 100,356
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(57,055)		(233,449)	(176,394)
Fund Balances, beginning of year	(172,497)		(172,497)	-
Prior Year Encumbrances	 303,510		303,510	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 73,958	\$	(102,436)	\$ (176,394)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

C.D.B.G. REVOLVING LOAN FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Actual Final Including Budget Encumbrances		Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Investment income	\$ 368	\$ 368	\$ -
Total revenues	368	368	
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community development			
Contractual, materials and other	21,192	21,192	
Total expenditures	21,192	21,192	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(20,824)	(20,824)	-
Fund Balances, beginning of year	313	313	-
Prior Year Encumbrances	20,511	20,511	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL C.D.B.G. PROGRAM INCOME FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Fii Buc		Inch	tual ading brances	from	riance n Final ndget
REVENUES:	\$	1_	\$	1_	\$	
EXPENDITURES: Contractual, materials and other						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1		1		-
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$	14 15	\$	14 15	\$	<u>-</u>

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL CEMETERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget				fr	Variance om Final Budget
REVENUES:		105106	Φ.			(15.55)
Charges for services	\$	185,196	\$	167,441	\$	(17,755)
Miscellaneous receipts and		500		2.42		(2.50)
reimbursements		500		242		(258)
Total revenues		185,696		167,683		(18,013)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Health						
Personal services		231,330		221,544		9,786
Contractual, materials and other		101,910		97,195		4,715
Total expenditures	_	333,240	r	318,739		14,501
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(147,544)		(151,056)		(3,512)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in		45,000		70,000		25,000
Total other financing sources		45,000		70,000		25,000
Total other maneing sources	-	43,000		70,000		23,000
Net change in fund balance		(102,544)		(81,056)		21,488
Fund Balances, beginning of year		180,487		180,487		_
Prior Year Encumbrances		3,728		3,728		_
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	81,671	\$	103,159	\$	21,488

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL CEMETERY MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Investment income	\$ 9,000	\$ 46,230	\$ 37,230
Total revenues	9,000	46,230	37,230
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Health			
Contractual, materials and other	500	500	
Total expenditures	500	500	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	8,500	45,730	37,230
Fund Balances, beginning of year	830,252	830,252	- -
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 838,752	\$ 875,982	\$ 37,230

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL CHIP-LAP GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 106,200	\$ 91,200	\$ (15,000)
Total revenues	106,200	91,200	(15,000)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community Development			
Contractual, materials and other	53,100	53,100	-
Total expenditures	53,100	53,100	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	53,100	38,100	(15,000)
Fund Balances, beginning of year			
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 53,100	\$ 38,100	\$ (15,000)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL CONVENTION AND VISITORS' BUREAU FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

REVENUES: Local taxes	Final Budget \$ 103,206	Actual Including Encumbrances \$ 134,946	Variance from Final Budget \$ 31,740
Total revenues	103,206	134,946	31,740
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development			
Contractual, materials and other Total expenditures	129,000	129,000	-
Total experiences	127,000	127,000	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(25,794)	5,946	31,740
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 20,502	\$ 52,242	\$ 31,740

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

COUNTY AUTO LICENSE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Ei1	Actual	Variance
	Final Budget	Including Encumbrances	from Final Budget
REVENUES:		Encumbrances	Dudget
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 110,069	\$ 93,074	\$ (16,995)
Total revenues	110,069	93,074	(16,995)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Street repair & maintenance			
Contractual, materials and other	110,069	110,069	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	110,069	110,069	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	(16,995)	(16,995)
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$4,964 \$ 84,964	\$4,964 \$ 67,969	\$ (16,995)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

CRA FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Special assessments	\$ 2,500	\$ 3,250	\$ 750
Total Revenues	2,500	3,250	750
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development			
Personal services	1,966	1,963	3
Total expenditures	1,966	1,963	3
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	534	1,287	753
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 5,733 \$ 6,267	\$ 7,020	\$ 753

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	8	
REVENUES:			
Fines, licenses and permits	\$ 9,600	\$ 4,613	\$ (4,987)
Total revenues	9,600	4,613	(4,987)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Police			
Contractual, materials and other	17,000	12,000	5,000
Total expenditures	17,000	12,000	5,000
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(7,400)	(7,387)	13
Fund Balances, beginning of year	15,314	15,314	-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 7,914	\$ 7,927	\$ 13

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL E-911 WIRELESS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 50,000	\$ 54,013	\$ 4,013
Total revenues	50,000	54,013	4,013
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Police			
Contractual, materials and other	89,352	68,014	21,338
Total expenditures	89,352	68,014	21,338
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(39,352)	(14,001)	25,351
Fund Balances, beginning of year	144,226	144,226	_
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 104,874	\$ 130,225	\$ 25,351

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL ENFORCEMENT & EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final Inc		Actual cluding mbrances	fror	riance n Final udget
REVENUES:	6	1.600	¢.	1 247	¢.	(252)
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	1,600	\$	1,247	\$	(353)
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements		500		-		(500)
Total revenues		2,100		1,247		(853)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Police						
Personal services		5,223		-		5,223
Contractual, materials and other		500				500
Total expenditures		5,723				5,723
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,623)		1,247		4,870
Fund Balances, beginning of year		15,363		15,363		-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	11,740	\$	16,610	\$	4,870

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL FIRE LOSS SECURITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Miscellaneous receipts and			
reimbursements	\$ 102,756	\$ 111,376	\$ 8,620
Total revenues	102,756	111,376	8,620
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Fire Services			
Contractual, materials and other	151,518	143,732	7,786
Total expenditures	151,518	143,732	7,786
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(48,762)	(32,356)	16,406
Fund Balances, beginning of year	13,120	13,120	-
Prior Year Encumbrances	35,643	35,643	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 1	\$ 16,407	\$ 16,406

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL HEALTH DEPARTMENT BUILDING LEASE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES: Miscellaneous receipts and				
reimbursements	\$ 26,240	\$ 26,238	\$ (2)	
Total revenues	26,240	26,238	(2)	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Health				
Contractual, materials and other	18,100	11,532	6,568	
Total expenditures	18,100	11,532	6,568	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	8,140	14,706	6,566	
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	97,427 \$ 105,567	\$ 97,427 \$ 112,133	\$ 6,566	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

H.O.M.E. PROGRAM INCOME FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Actual		Variance	
	Final		Including		from Final	
	Budget	Encun	Encumbrances		Budget	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 8	\$00 \$	3,064	\$	2,264	
Investment income	12,0	000	15,236		3,236	
Total revenues	12,8	800	18,300		5,500	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development						
Contractual, materials and other	102,2	.68	47,400		54,868	
Total expenditures	102,2		47,400		54,868	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(89,4	.68)	(29,100)		60,368	
Fund Balances, beginning of year	47,6	555	47,655		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances	42,2	268	42,268		-	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 4	\$	60,823	\$	60,368	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL INDIGENT DRIVER ALCOHOL TREATMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual Including Encumbrances		Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	13,000	\$	11,493	_\$	(1,507)
Total revenues		13,000		11,493		(1,507)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Judicial						
Contractual, materials and other		23,000		14,000		9,000
Total expenditures		23,000		14,000		9,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,000)		(2,507)		7,493
Fund Balances, beginning of year		76,173		76,173		-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	66,173	\$	73,666	\$	7,493

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL INDIGENT DRIVER ALCOHOL TREATMENT - SURPLUS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES: Miscellaneous receipts and	44000	4.400		
reimbursements	\$ 14,000	\$ 14,000	_\$	
Total revenues	14,000	14,000		
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Judicial				
Contractual, materials and other	14,000	1,500	12,500	
Total expenditures	14,000	1,500	12,500	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	-	12,500	12,500	
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,500	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL INDIGENT DRIVER INTERLOCK & ALCOHOL MONITORING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

DEMANAGE	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES: Charges for Services	\$ 11,000	\$ 8,993	\$ (2,007)
Total revenues	11,000	8,993	(2,007)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Judicial			
Contractual, materials and other	14,000	3,924	10,076
Total expenditures	14,000	3,924	10,076
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(3,000)	5,069	8,069
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 39,499	\$ 42,499 \$ 47,568	\$ 8,069

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL JUSTICE REINVESTMENT INCENTIVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Actual		Variance	
	Final		Including		from Final	
	Budget		Encumbrances		Budget	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	120,370	\$	28,141	\$	(92,229)
Miscellaneous receipts and						
reimbursements		197		197		
Total revenues		120,567		28,338		(92,229)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Judicial						
Personal services		82,628		82,628		-
Contractual, materials and other		23,447		23,447		-
Total expenditures		106,075		106,075		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		14,492		(77,737)		(92,229)
Fund Balances, beginning of year		66,179		66,179		-
Prior Year Encumbrances		11,558		11,558		-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	92,229	\$	-	\$	(92,229)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Fines, licenses and permits	5,000	8,991	3,991
Total revenues	5,000	8,991	3,991
EXPENDITURES: Current: Police			
	51 700	44.400	7.001
Contractual, materials and other	51,700	44,499	7,201
Total expenditures	51,700	44,499	7,201
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(46,700)	(35,508)	11,192
Fund Balances, beginning of year Prior Year Encumbrances Fund Balances, end of year	257,047 463 \$ 210,810	257,047 463 \$ 222,002	\$ 11,192

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL LAW ENFORCEMENT DIVERSION GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 30,182	\$ 25,871	\$ (4,311)	
intergovernmental revenues	\$ 50,162	φ 25,671	\$ (4,311)	
Total revenues	30,182	25,871	(4,311)	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Police				
Personal services	30,571	30,571	-	
Contractual, materials and other	30,000		30,000	
Total expenditures	60,571	30,571	30,000	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(30,389)	(4,700)	25,689	
Fund Balances, beginning of year	22,409	22,409	-	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ (7,980)	\$ 17,709	\$ 25,689	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY (ARP) FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Actual Final Including Budget Encumbrances		Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total revenues				
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Community Development				
Contractual, materials and other	746,174	514,905	231,269	
Fire				
Contractual, materials and other	258,000	258,000	=	
Parks				
Contractual, materials and other Street	292,047	292,047	-	
Contractual, materials and other	360,224	360,224	-	
Total expenditures	1,656,445	1,425,176	231,269	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,656,445)	(1,425,176)	(231,269)	
Fund Balances, beginning of year	1,135,163	1,135,163	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances	613,007	613,007		
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 91,725	\$ 322,994	\$ (231,269)	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL MAUSOLEUM MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual Including Encumbrances		Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES:	¢	900	¢	2.020	¢	1 220
Charges for services Investment income	\$	800 1,000	\$	2,029 3,412	\$	1,229 2,412
investment income		1,000		3,412		2,412
Total revenues		1,800		5,441		3,641
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Health						
Contractual, materials and other				-		-
Total expenditures						
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,800		5,441		3,641
Fund Balances, beginning of year		59,999		59,999		-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	61,799	\$	65,440	\$	3,641

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL MUNICIPAL COURT COMPUTER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES: Charges for services	\$ 32,000	\$ 30,613	\$ (1,387)
Total revenues	32,000	30,613	(1,387)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Judicial			
Contractual, materials and other	48,230	42,193	6,037
Total expenditures	48,230	42,193	6,037
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(16,230)	(11,580)	4,650
Fund Balances, beginning of year Prior Year Encumbrances Fund Balances, end of year	34,498 7,605 \$ 25,873	34,498 7,605 \$ 30,523	\$ 4,650

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL MUNICIPAL COURT SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Actual Final Including Budget Encumbrances		Including		Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$	130,000	\$	97,747	\$	(32,253)
Intergovernmental Revenues		27,595		27,282		(313)
Investment Income		-		935		
Miscellaneous receipts and						
reimbursements		200		87		(113)
Total revenues		157,795		126,051		(32,679)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Judicial						
Personal services		87,520		95,051		(7,531)
Contractual, materials and other		260,078		259,213		865
Total expenditures		347,598		354,264		(6,666)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(189,803)		(228,213)		(39,345)
Fund Balances, beginning of year		265,982		265,982		-
Prior Year Encumbrances		161,456		161,456		
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	237,635	\$	199,225	\$	(39,345)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND

	Final Budget	8	
REVENUES:			
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements	\$ 6,638	\$ 29,779	\$ 23,141
Total revenues	6,638	29,779	23,141
EXPENDITURES:	6,638		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	29,779	23,141
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 6,638 \$ 6,638	\$ 36,417	\$ 23,141

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL BADVING ENERGY CHARACTERING

PARKING ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Fines, licenses and permits	\$ 30,165	\$ 12,074	\$ (18,091)
Total revenues	30,165	12,074	(18,091)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community Environment			
Personal services	3,922	-	3,922
Contractual, materials and other	8,379	4,120	4,259
Total expenditures	12,301	4,120	8,181
Excess of revenues over expenditures	17,864	7,954	(9,910)
Fund Balances, beginning of year	110,256	110,256	-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 128,120	\$ 118,210	\$ (9,910)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL PERMISSIVE LICENSE FEE FUND

REVENUES: Local taxes	Final Budget \$ 112,000	Actual Including Encumbrances \$ 107,712	Variance from Final Budget \$ (4,288)
Total revenues	112,000	107,712	(4,288)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Street repair & maintenance Contractual, materials and other Total expenditures	112,000 112,000	112,000 112,000	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	-	(4,288)	(4,288)
Fund Balances, beginning of year Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 180,571 \$ 180,571	\$ 180,571 \$ 176,283	\$ (4,288)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL PROBATION GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual Including Encumbrances		Variance from Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	198,238	\$	203,547	\$	5,309
Miscellaneous receipts and						
reimbursements				120		120
Total revenues		198,238		203,667		5,429
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Judicial						
Personal services		179,660		165,913		13,747
Contractual, materials and other		16,700		9,823		6,877
Total expenditures		196,360		175,736		20,624
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,878		27,931		26,053
Fund Balances, beginning of year		7,493		7,493		
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	9,371	\$	35,424	\$	26,053

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL PROBATION SERVICES FEE FUND

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:	4.000		
Charges for Services	\$ 12,000	\$ 19,033	\$ 7,033
Total revenues	12,000	19,033	7,033
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Judicial			
Contractual, materials and other	11,436	9,970	1,466
Total expenditures	11,436	9,970	1,466
Excess of revenues over expenditures	564	9,063	8,499
Fund Balances, beginning of year	18,038	18,038	-
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,000	1,000	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 19,602	\$ 28,101	\$ 8,499

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL STATE HIGHWAY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:			4.460
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 105,915	\$ 104,449	\$ (1,466)
Investment income	200	2,940	2,740
Total revenues	106,115	107,389	1,274
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Street repair & maintenance			
Contractual, materials and other	105,000	105,000	
Total expenditures	105,000	105,000	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	1,115	2,389	1,274
Fund Balances, beginning of year	2,709	2,709	<u> </u>
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 3,824	\$ 5,098	\$ 1,274

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

TIF - ECHO FUND

FOR THE TEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023			** .
		Actual	Variance
	Final	Including	from Final
	Budget	Encumbrances	Budget
REVENUES:			
Local Taxes	\$ 8,500	\$ 9,691	\$ 1,191
Total revenues	8,500	9,691	1,191
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community development			
Contractual, materials and other	61,900	61,900	-
Total expenditures	61,900	61,900	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(53,400)	(52,209)	1,191
Fund Balances, beginning of year	56,017	56,017	-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 2,617	\$ 3,808	\$ 1,191

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL TIF -KUTHER ROAD FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

DEVENIUM	Final Budget	Actual Including Encumbrances	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES: Local taxes	\$ 60,700	\$ 60,540	\$ (160)
Local taxes	Ψ 00,700	Ψ 00,540	ψ (100)
Total revenues	60,700	60,540	(160)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community development			
Contractual, materials and other	23,500	23,500	
Total expenditures	23,500	23,500	
D.C. C. I. IV	27 200	27.040	(1(0)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	37,200	37,040	(160)
Fund Balances, beginning of year	101,954	101,954	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 139,154	\$ 138,994	\$ (160)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL BOND RETIREMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	In	Actual cluding umbrances	fro	ariance m Final sudget
REVENUES:	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
EXPENDITURES:	 58,400		58,400		
Net change in fund balance	(58,400)		(58,400)		-
Fund Balances, beginning of year	 176,900		176,900	-	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 118,500	\$	118,500	\$	

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Including cumbrances	1	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Local taxes	\$ 3,850,041	\$ 3,850,041	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues	2,500,446	860,889		(1,639,557)
Special assessments	135,000	216,277		81,277
Charges for services	-	-		-
Miscellaneous receipts and				
reimbursements	 429,597	 273,863		(155,734)
Total revenues	6,915,084	5,201,070		(1,714,014)
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital Outlay:				
Contractual, materials and other	 9,864,618	 8,603,494		1,261,124
Total expenditures	 9,864,618	8,603,494	_	1,261,124
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (2,949,534)	 (3,402,424)		(452,890)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Sale of asset	15,000	17,088		2,088
Transfers out	(120,000)	 (120,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(105,000)	(102,912)	_	2,088
Net change in fund balance	(3,054,534)	(3,505,336)		(450,802)
Fund Balances, beginning of year	1,935,790	1,935,790		-
Prior Year Encumbrances	2,513,147	2,513,147		-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 1,394,403	\$ 943,601	\$	(450,802)

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL MUNICIPAL EARNED INCOME TAX FOR STREET CAPITAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR	ENDED	DECEMBER	31, 2023

TON THE TERM ENDED DECEMBEROT, 2020	 Final Budget	Actual Including cumbrances	fr	Variance om Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Local taxes	\$ 1,786,676	\$ 1,843,496	\$	56,820
Total revenues	1,786,676	 1,843,496		56,820
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital Outlay:				
Contractual, materials and other	2,589,283	 2,014,736		574,547
Total expenditures	2,589,283	2,014,736		574,547
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(802,607)	(171,240)		631,367
Fund Balances, beginning of year	 1,596,194	1,596,194		-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 902,658	\$ 1,534,025	\$	631,367

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS AT LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL

CAPITAL FOR FIRE STATION #3 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	In	Actual cluding imbrances	fron	riance n Final udget
REVENUES:	\$ -	\$		\$	-
EXPENDITURES:	\$ 	\$		\$	
Net change in fund balance	-		-		-
Fund Balances, beginning of year	 57,514		57,514		-
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 57,514	\$	57,514	\$	-

STATISTICAL SECTION

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO

Statistical Section December 31, 2023

This part of the City of Sidney's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

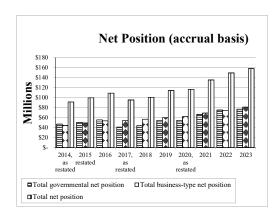
Financial Trends (Schedules 1 – 4) These schedules contain trend information to help the reader
•
understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have
changed over time. $133-137$
Revenue Capacity (Schedules 5 – 6)
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the
City's most significant local revenue source, the municipal income
138 - 139
Debt Capacity (Schedules 7 - 10)
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the
affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the
City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. 140–143
Economic and Demographic Information (Schedules 11 – 12)
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help
the reader understand the environment within which the City's
financial activities take place. 144 – 145
Operating Information (Schedules 13 – 15)
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the
reader understand how the information in the City's financial report
relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. $146-148$

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO NET POSITION BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Year Ended l	December 31,				
	2014, as			2017, as		· ·	2020, as			
	restated	2015 restated	2016	restated	2018	2019	restated	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities Net investments in capital assets Restricted for:	46,471,032	48,421,398	52,535,603	56,673,279	59,060,823	60,481,104	63,660,122	67,001,770	69,735,142	71,527,262
Other purposes Unrestricted	3,922,451 (3,493,089)	6,070,942 (4,047,311)	6,221,211 (3,307,733)	5,459,700 (21,070,199)	5,520,325 (20,656,687)	6,737,699 (12,925,179)	6,147,353 (15,318,620)	6,949,833 (7,498,779)	6,447,348 (978,469)	6,740,864 (1,322,362)
Total governmental net position	46,900,394	50,445,029	55,449,081	41,062,780	43,924,461	54,293,624	54,488,855	66,452,824	75,204,021	76,945,764
Business-type activities Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type net position	37,688,256 6,725,423 44,413,679	39,086,912 10,282,346 49,369,258	40,496,079 13,046,114 53,542,193	41,249,363 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	45,553,676 11,192,470 56,746,146	49,033,611 - 10,797,443 - 59,831,054	50,361,540 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	51,390,568 17,582,133 68,972,701	53,270,044 - 20,964,507 - 74,234,551	56,067,657 25,074,862 81,142,519
Total Net investments in capital assets Restricted for: Other purposes Unrestricted	84,159,288 3,922,451 3,232,334	87,508,310 6,070,942 6,235,035	93,031,682 6,221,211 9,738,381	97,922,642 5,459,700 (7,996,478)	104,614,499 5,520,325 (9,464,217)	109,514,715 6,737,699 (2,127,736)	114,021,662 6,147,353 (3,403,305)	118,392,338 6,949,833 10,083,354	123,005,186 6,447,348 19,986,038	127,594,919 6,740,864 23,752,500
Total net position	\$ 91,314,073	\$ 99,814,287	\$ 108,991,274	\$ 95,385,864	<u>\$ 100,670,607</u>	<u>\$ 114,124,678</u>	<u>\$ 116,765,710</u>	<u>\$ 135,425,525</u>	<u>\$ 149,438,572</u>	\$ 158,088,283

Note: Accounting standards require that the net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investments in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when (1) an external party, such as the state or federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation is enacted by the City.



CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Year Ended	December 31,				
	2014, as	2015, as		2017, as			2020, as			
	restated	restated	2016	restated	2018	2019	restated	2021	2022	2023
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
Basic utility services	101,582	384,464	249,527	62,738	23,450	27,119	70,003	61,050	65,636	56,421
Community development	467,887	533,433	1,005,925	770,341	956,603	905,453	1,156,342	451,608	1,414,951	1,472,860
Community environment	572,458	568,221	620,135	662,270	752,982	882,259	804,488	391,600	461,533	820,882
Fire	5,028,715	5,543,595	5,711,785	5,762,909	6,469,069	114,577	6,382,401	5,889,267	5,957,571	7,638,813
General government	1,222,533	1,135,011	1,112,992	1,404,493	1,281,658	1,553,807	1,709,080	142,689	1,262,028	2,489,684
Health	211,378	246,323	229,048	316,082	355,460	374,076	497,855	229,327	271,335	395,343
Judicial	1,701,791	1,652,162	1,851,709	1,854,514	2,375,499	2,469,531	2,444,266	1,315,652	1,763,387	2,394,969
Parks and recreation	1,464,155	1,483,180	1,572,667	1,659,861	1,581,395	1,832,337	1,628,021	1,002,208	1,525,525	2,154,513
Police	6,069,441	6,194,921	6,381,987	6,936,647	7,491,183	2,561,736	7,352,085	6,299,447	6,585,891	7,678,596
Public transportation	-		41,509	4,778	-	_	-	_	_	_
Street repair & maintenance	3,233,573	3,236,098	3,565,336	3,713,373	4,100,079	4,419,540	4,480,862	4,335,403	4,616,163	4,950,756
Bond issuance cost	-	-	-	-	-	_	54,054	_	_	_
Interest on long-term debt	161,053	147,997	134,274	120,023	105,694	94,324	51,551	25,812	14,663	3,507
Total governmental expenses	20,234,566	21,125,405	22,476,894	23,268,029	25,493,072	15,234,759	26,631,008	20,144,063	23,938,683	30,056,344
Business-type activities:	4 120 110	4 1 6 2 5 2 5	4 2 1 1 2 2 1	4.007.052	1055160	5.51 (.552	5 154 400	2.070.260	1012011	(012 010
Sewer	4,139,110	4,163,735	4,211,321	4,896,273	4,855,169	5,516,773	5,174,498	3,970,268	4,842,944	6,012,910
Solid Waste	1,362,006	1,421,630	1,549,248	1,623,902	1,694,718	1,623,243	1,823,669	1,806,380	1,975,043	1,992,400
Stormwater	524,541	574,465	588,053	633,629	633,107	398,820	656,605	649,869	526,620	869,403
Water	3,791,600	3,713,584	3,984,823	4,771,136	5,206,990	6,052,718	6,048,856	4,866,484	5,647,816	6,163,477
Other business-type activities	1,576,068	1,609,157	1,680,619	1,829,707	2,103,450	2,072,459	1,569,835	1,336,825	1,838,283	2,376,883
Total business-type expenses	11,393,325	11,482,571	12,014,064	13,754,647	14,493,434	15,664,013	15,273,463	12,629,826	14,830,706	17,415,073
Total Expenses	31,627,891	32,607,976	34,490,958	37,022,676	39,986,506	30,898,772	41,904,471	32,773,889	38,769,389	47,471,417
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Community development	389,547	350,151	575,384	602,124	485,209	375,270	640,360	314,386	546,638	657,936
Community environment	79,255	96,715	114,174	113,002	121,526	167,677	210,300	151,947	205,558	156,131
Fire	700,607	702,442	767,796	744,983	820,467	764,591	1,204,480	939,834	705,918	829,199
General government	-	-	-	4,273	-	-	1,347	-	38,512	37,070
Health	122,172	145,303	156,342	152,613	197,277	127,501	418,388	325,349	178,486	164,228
Judicial	916,951	932,008	883,270	876,168	1,178,762	1,091,387	886,723	1,065,237	985,653	835,399
Parks and recreation	173,419	123,973	233,008	80,931	128,192	396,467	632,545	278,506	378,846	1,420,998
Police	335,842	352,453	356,665	439,709	379,676	666,358	1,147,245	741,741	632,379	764,586
Street repair & maintenance	1,547,509	1,874,992	3,163,261	3,136,968	1,597,065	1,905,722	3,859,260	5,429,567	4,093,490	2,033,024
Total governmental program revenues	4,265,302	4,578,037	6,249,900	6,150,771	4,908,174	5,494,973	9,000,648	9,246,567	7,765,480	6,898,571
Business-type activities:										
Sewer	6,706,435	6,393,250	5,932,595	6,108,605	5,917,083	6,705,881	6,057,521	6,494,533	6,553,904	7,079,070
Solid Waste	1,388,994	1,457,325	1,556,991	1,629,976	1,696,429	1,776,737	1,785,780	1,937,852	2,035,577	2,109,716
Stormwater	378,838	382,292	424,341	402,483	676,332	1,175,593	854,133	900,529	983,132	1,072,464
Water	4,988,388	5,615,833	6,003,745	6,431,529	6,312,677	6,804,530	6,876,138	7,791,003	7,761,788	9,090,497
Other business-type activities	1,491,235	1,497,852	1,532,473	1,180,185	1,377,553	1,429,011	1,532,247	1,503,285	1,915,037	2,912,550
Total business-type program revenues	14,953,890	15,346,552	15,450,145	15,752,778	15,980,074	17,891,752	17,105,819	18,627,202	19,249,438	22,264,297
Town outsiness type program revenues	14,755,690	23,340,332	13,430,143	13,132,110	13,700,074	11,071,132	17,105,019	10,021,202	17,277,730	22,204,297

					Year Ended I	December 31,				
	2014, as	2015, as		2017, as		-	2020, as			
	restated	restated	2016	restated	2018	2019	restated	2021	2022	2023
Net (Expense) Revenue (a)										
Governmental activities:										
Basic utility services	(101,582)	(384,464)	(249,527)	(62,738)	(23,450)	(27,119)	(70,003)	(61,050)	(65,636)	(56,421)
Community development	(78,340)	(183,282)	(430,541)	(168,217)	(471,394)	(530,183)	(515,982)	(137,222)	(868,313)	(814,924)
Community environment	(493,203)	(471,506)	(505,961)	(549,268)	(631,456)	(714,582)	(594,188)	(239,653)	(255,975)	(664,751)
Fire	(4,328,108)	(4,841,153)	(4,943,989)	(5,017,926)	(5,648,602)	650,014	(5,177,921)	(4,949,433)	(5,251,653)	(6,809,614)
General government	(1,222,533)	(1,135,011)	(1,112,992)	(1,400,220)	(1,281,658)	(1,553,807)	(1,707,733)	(142,689)	(1,223,516)	(2,452,614)
Health	(89,206)	(101,020)	(72,706)	(163,469)	(158,183)	(246,575)	(79,467)	96,022	(92,849)	(231,115)
Judicial	(784,840)	(720,154)	(968,439)	(978,346)	(1,196,737)	(1,378,144)	(1,557,543)	(250,415)	(777,734)	(1,559,570)
Parks and recreation	(1,290,736)	(1,359,207)	(1,339,659)	(1,578,930)	(1,453,203)	(1,435,870)	(995,476)	(723,702)	(1,146,679)	(733,515)
Police	(5,733,599)	(5,842,468)	(6,025,322)	(6,496,938)	(7,111,507)	(1,895,378)	(6,204,840)	(5,557,706)	(5,953,512)	(6,914,010)
Public transportation	-	-	(41,509)	(4,778)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street repair & maintenance	(1,686,064)	(1,361,106)	(402,075)	(576,405)	(2,503,014)	(2,513,818)	(621,602)	1,094,164	(522,673)	(2,917,732)
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(54,054)	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	(161,053)	(147,997)	(134,274)	(120,023)	(105,694)	(94,324)	(51,551)	(25,812)	(14,663)	(3,507)
Total governmental activities	(15,969,264)	(16,547,368)	(16,226,994)	(17,117,258)	(20,584,898)	(9,739,786)	(17,630,360)	(10,897,496)	(16,173,203)	(23,157,773)
Net (Expense) Revenue (a)										
Business-type activities:										
Sewer	2,567,325	2,229,515	1,721,274	1,212,332	1.061.914	1.189.108	883,023	2,524,265	1,710,960	1,066,160
Solid Waste	26,988	882,860	7,743	6,074	1,711	153,494	(37,889)	131,472	60,534	117,316
Stormwater	(145,703)	(1,039,338)	(163,712)	(231,146)	43,225	776,773	197,528	250,660	456,512	203,061
Water	1,196,788	1,902,249	2,018,922	1,660,393	1,105,687	751,812	827,282	2,924,519	2,113,972	2,927,020
Other business-type activities	(84,833)	(111,305)	(148,146)	(649,522)	(725,897)	(643,448)	(37,588)	166,460	76,754	535,667
Total business-type activities	3,560,565	3,863,981	3,436,081	1,998,131	1,486,640	2,227,739	1,832,356	5,997,376	4,418,732	4,849,224
Total	(12,408,699)	(12,683,387)	(12,790,913)	(15,119,127)	(19,098,258)	(7,512,047)	(15,798,004)	(4,900,120)	(11,754,471)	(18,308,549)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Income taxes	15,394,876	17,882,075	18,724,943	15,059,777	20,585,439	16,818,241	13,903,525	20,120,128	21,810,525	19,556,190
Property taxes	1,028,049	1,026,383	1,014,356	1,010,769	1,080,414	1,067,779	1,067,988	1,212,328	1,208,991	1,226,024
Payments in lieu of taxes	131,681	151,114	151,322	151,861	151,677	154,356	198,556	195,251	205,333	70,230
Lodging taxes	291,434	377,602	383,691	408,572	414,299	436,088	214,312	383,051	475,760	536,337
Other taxes	1,865	1,534	4,260	1,058	766	210	(281)	303,031	475,700	550,557
Grants & contributions not restricted to specific programs	590,138	580,241	553,759	523,678	553,902	668,786	655,640	747,989	833,993	1,944,776
Investment earnings	88,087	82,194	81,259	213,665	286,686	453,905	155,240	83,866	6,198	1,258,930
Gain (loss) on sale/disposal of capital assets	41,481	28,540	78,336	46,388	17,511	40,200	32,023	44,214	28,906	62,377
Miscellaneous	484,173	387,378	511,777	1,187,291	792,885	786,566	1,632,318	544,762	837,193	855,386
Transfers	(261,955)	(425,058)	(272,657)	(209,616)	(437,000)	(317,182)	(69,841)	(470,124)	(482,499)	(610,734)
Total governmental activities	17,789,829	20,092,003	21,231,046	18,393,443	23,446,579	20,108,949	17,789,480	22,861,465	24,924,400	24,899,516
Business-type activities:										
Miscellaneous	326,562	507,594	300,638	118,205	151,919	135,332	363,129	207,536	213,290	85,237
Investment earnings	121,169	129,961	140,182	205,409	342,298	409,304	111,473	18,145	138,104	1,338,838
Gain on sale/disposal of capital assets	1,554	28,985	23,377	24,023	5,205	(4,649)	69,002	2,665	9,225	23,935
Transfers	261,955	425,058	272,657	209,616	437,000	317,182	69,841	470,124	482,499	610,734
Total business-type activities	711,240	1,091,598	736,854	557,253	936,422	857,169	613,445	698,470	843,118	2,058,744
Total	18,501,069	21,183,601	21,967,900	18,950,696	24,383,001	20,966,118	18,402,925	23,559,935	25,767,518	26,958,260
Change in Net Position	1 920 575	2 544 625	5 004 053	646 924	2 961 691	10.260.162	150 120	11.062.060	0.751.107	1 741 742
Governmental activities	1,820,565 4,271,805	3,544,635 4,955,579	5,004,052 4,172,935	646,834 2,555,384	2,861,681 2,423,062	10,369,163 3,084,908	159,120 2,445,801	11,963,969 6,695,846	8,751,197 5,261,850	1,741,743 6,907,968
Business-type activities Total	6,092,370	8,500,214	9,176,987	3,202,218	5,284,743	13,454,071	2,604,921	18,659,815	14,013,047	8,649,711
1000	0,072,370	0,500,214	2,170,207	3,202,210	3,204,743	13,737,071	2,007,721	10,037,013	17,013,077	0,077,711

Net (expense)/revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues of a function or program. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported by its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other governmental revenues. Numbers in parentheses indicate that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without paretheses mean that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_									Decem	ber	31,								
		2014	_	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
General Fund																				
Fund Balances:																				
Nonspendable	\$	85,498	\$	105,114	\$	167,124	\$	136,211	\$	142,934	\$	142,787	\$	101,360	\$	106,382	\$	110,568	\$	147,118
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		266,555		283,076		487,015		691,339		839,123		998,520		1,164,351		1,152,093		1,245,401		1,246,832
Assigned		1,794,171		1,541,086		1,781,863		1,215,516		1,410,053		1,996,716		1,676,788		2,721,559		2,149,640		2,427,053
Unassigned		5,420,756		6,355,395		7,411,762		6,627,441		8,510,983		7,659,691		7,781,662		8,376,041	_	10,900,945	_	11,757,352
Total general fund	\$	7,566,980	\$	8,284,671	\$	9,847,764	\$	8,670,507	\$	10,903,093	\$	10,797,714	\$	10,724,161	\$	12,356,075	\$	14,406,554	<u>\$</u>	15,578,355
All Other Governmental Funds																				
Fund Balances:																				
Nonspendable	\$	132,996	\$	126,640	\$	87,418	\$	52,798	\$	158,720	\$	222,149	\$	241,487	\$	173,657	\$	194,551	\$	241,435
Restricted		2,958,466		4,415,458		4,761,567		4,641,682		4,360,810		5,382,172		4,912,893		5,516,384		4,802,868		5,305,595
Committed		270,599		286,167		130,107		150,665		192,837		202,045		232,019		230,787		442,277		406,477
Assigned		2,544,935		1,791,894		2,672,195		2,991,639		3,128,186		2,562,072		2,972,402		4,014,703		4,594,975		3,422,138
Unassigned	_	(621)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		(2,103)	_	(21,227)	_	(2,976)	_	(40,365)	_	(2,019)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	5,906,375	\$	6,620,159	\$	7,651,287	\$	7,836,784	\$	7,840,553	\$	8,366,335	\$	8,337,574	\$	9,932,555	\$	9,994,306	\$	9,373,626

⁻⁻ In 2020 Unclaimed funds previously a fiduciary fund was consolidated with the General fund; prior years have not been restated.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS										
					For Year Ended					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues:										
Local taxes	16,073,066	19,038,142	20,938,347	17,507,260	21,213,052	18,793,995	16,757,934	20,620,215	22,818,683	21,870,009
Intergovernmental revenues	2,757,853	2,861,655	4,451,519	4,189,493	2,856,464	2,962,738	7,306,129	5,190,306	5,713,038	4,725,315
Special assessments	272,883	277,698	411,921	361,138	483,722	422,867	529,912	661,350	495,726	554,682
Charges for services	1,692,992	1,549,281	1,418,766	1,484,580	1,651,246	1,656,626	1,422,711	1,647,110	1,574,040	1,512,573
Fines, licenses and permits	183,193	466,068	425,103	455,146	492,020	804,413	421,536	504,511	496,333	440,262
Investment income	118,525	93,084	101,842	200,321	271,345	460,587	146,282	18,155	(48,847)	1,178,694
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements	815,675	664,376	957,639	835,662	1,032,694	1,116,679	1,379,035	1,085,332	1,052,913	1,027,782
Total revenues	21,914,187	24,950,304	28,705,137	25,033,600	28,000,543	26,217,905	27,963,539	29,726,979	32,101,886	31,309,317
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Basic utility services	-	-	74,027	62,738	23,450	27,119	70,003	61,050	65,636	56,421
Community development	286,358	454,971	495,918	538,082	547,567	772,600	617,557	537,374	753,124	801,290
Community environment	575,576	565,701	604,071	584,777	610,280	684,346	623,618	690,071	620,026	741,034
Fire	4,688,533	5,040,271	4,853,625	5,025,757	4,987,059	5,403,018	5,288,851	5,462,244	5,943,896	6,137,283
General government	1,076,602	1,089,085	1,023,670	1,165,897	1,120,798	1,188,219	1,419,820	1,172,780	1,467,054	1,526,710
Health	172,049	156,677	153,071	214,528	230,110	252,209	401,254	286,873	288,923	329,138
Judicial	1,569,513	1,537,304	1,659,057	1,547,911	1,774,843	1,912,997	1,927,851	1,984,219	1,986,518	2,064,749
Parks and recreation	1,196,673	1,240,974	1,287,955	1,310,504	1,269,492	1,338,011	1,269,318	1,271,433	1,458,500	1,692,290
Police	5,665,204	5,688,921	5,644,312	5,984,805	6,112,150	6,288,007	6,259,985	6,437,358	6,687,103	6,754,452
Public Transportation	-	-	41,509	4,778	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street repair & maintenance	1,231,476	1,295,723	1,314,103	1,237,158	1,333,368	1,497,623	1,431,784	1,542,353	1,590,196	1,594,689
Capital outlay	2,544,470	5,286,644	7,957,500	7,523,290	6,510,925	5,517,515	8,191,805	6,069,827	8,070,462	8,075,712
	2,344,470	3,200,044	7,937,300	1,323,290	0,310,923	3,317,313	6,191,603	0,009,827	8,070,402	0,073,712
Debt service:										
Principal	650,000	670,000	685,000	692,850	712,850	542,850	3,320,292	557,850	567,850	552,850
Bond issuance costs		-		-	-	-	54,054	.	-	.
Interest and other charges	166,982	153,982	140,307	126,057	111,807	96,607	81,908	47,906	36,775	25,400
Total expenditures	19,823,436	23,180,253	25,934,125	26,019,132	25,344,699	25,521,121	30,958,100	26,121,338	29,536,063	30,352,018
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	2,090,751	1,770,051	2,771,012	(985,532)	2,655,844	696,784	(2,994,561)	3,605,641	2,565,823	957,299
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	215,000	438,265	1,015,000	190,000	260,000	325,000	775,000	610,000	903,162	590,000
Bonds/Loans issued	,		-,,	157,000	,	,	2,772,442			
Premium on bonds	_	_	_	-	_	_	110,349	_	_	_
Sale of capital assets	55,124	28,187	95,866	46,388	17,511	40,801	37,276	78,976	28,906	65,288
Transfers out	(427,178)	(805,028)	(1,287,657)	(399,616)	(697,000)	(642,182)	(838,932)	(1,067,722)	(1,385,661)	(1,061,466)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(157,054)	(338,576)	(176,791)	(6,228)	(419,489)	(276,381)	2,856,135	(378,746)	(453,593)	(406,178)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,933,697	\$ 1,431,475	\$ 2,594,221	\$ (991,760)	\$ 2,236,355	\$ 420,403	\$ (138,426)	\$ 3,226,895	\$ 2,112,230	\$ 551,121
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	* 4.5%	4.4%	4.3%	4.3%	4.1%	3.1%	14.1%	3.2%	2.6%	2.4%

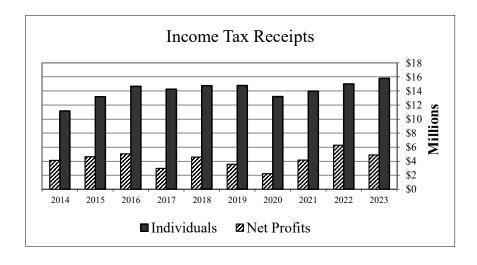
 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ For 2020 the bonds issued for the current refunding have been subtracted from debt service.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO INCOME TAX BY PAYER TYPE AND INCOME TAX RATE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (cash basis of accounting -- excluding refunds)

		Indivi	dual	ls				
Year	Withheld by Employer		Paid by Taxpayer		<u>N</u>	Net Profits	 Total	Income Tax Rate
2023	\$	14,683,043	\$	1,122,922	\$	4,876,791	\$ 20,682,756	1.65%
2022	\$	13,988,391	\$	1,011,522	\$	6,267,635	\$ 21,267,548	1.65%
2021	\$	13,043,995	\$	932,733	\$	4,144,818	\$ 18,121,546	1.65%
2020	\$	12,211,042	\$	985,638	\$	2,220,155	\$ 15,416,835	1.65%
2019	\$	13,557,603	\$	1,219,303	\$	3,553,659	\$ 18,330,565	1.75%
2018	\$	13,610,025	\$	1,137,042	\$	4,577,846	\$ 19,324,912	1.75%
2017	\$	13,349,548	\$	905,940	\$	2,973,156	\$ 17,228,644	1.75%
2016	\$	13,772,447	\$	886,471	\$	5,036,973	\$ 19,695,891	1.75%
2015	\$	12,495,175	\$	676,820	\$	4,627,748	\$ 17,799,743	1.75%
2014	\$	10,510,653	\$	653,903	\$	4,108,423	\$ 15,272,979	1.50%

Source: City of Sidney, Ohio, Income Tax Department

This City levies an income tax on all wages, salaries, commissions and other compensation paid by employers and the net profits from a business or professional person earned within the City, excluding income from intangible personal property. In addition, City residents pay City income tax on income earned outside the City, net of a credit for income taxes paid to other municipalities. Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly.



CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO RANKING OF TOP TEN INCOME TAX WITHHOLDERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (cash basis of accounting)

	<u>2023</u>	1 1	<u>2014</u>
Rank	<u>Name</u>	Rank	<u>Name</u>
1	Copeland (formerly Emerson Climate)	1	Emerson Climate
2	Wilson Health	2	Wilson Memorial Hospital
3	Honda if America Manufacturing Inc	3	Honda of America Manufacturing, Inc.
4	Cargill Inc	i i 4	Cargill, Inc
5	Superior Metal	5	Superior Metal Products
6	Advanced Composites	6	Sidney Board of Education
7	Hydro Extrusion USA LLC	7	Advanced Composites
8	Shelby County Auditors Office	1 1 8	Freshway Foods
9	Sidney Board of Education	j j 9	Shelby County Auditors Office
10	City of Sidney	10	NK Parts Industries, Inc.
Combined percenta	age of		percentage of
Total income taxe	es 27.72%	Total inco	ome taxes 26.59%

		General Obligation		Loans	Percentage of estimated actual property			,	Water General Obligation		Water Revenue-	wer General Obligation		Sewer Revenue-		otal Primary	Percentage of Estimated actual		
<u>Year</u>	_	Bonds	-	Payable	value	Per	Capita	_	Bonds	_ <u>B</u>	acked Loans	 Bonds	_ <u>I</u>	Backed Loans	_	Government	property value	Per	r Capita
2023	\$	751,412	\$	102,050	0.05%	\$	309	\$	2,360,650	\$	24,307,495	\$ 3,163,196	5	3 11,921,511	\$	42,606,314	2.64%	\$	2,098
2022	\$	1,317,396	\$	109,900	0.11%	\$	351	\$	2,485,100	\$	25,184,925	\$ 3,371,638	5	12,593,518	\$	45,062,477	3.69%	\$	2,207
2021	\$	1,898,562	\$	117,750	0.16%	\$	419	\$	2,604,550	\$	26,043,126	\$ 4,133,191	5	13,251,693	\$	48,048,872	4.00%	\$	2,334
2020	\$	2,469,727	\$	125,600	0.21%	\$	493	\$	2,724,000	\$	26,881,172	\$ 4,884,742	5	13,896,323	\$	50,981,564	4.25%	\$	2,493
2019	\$	2,926,668	\$	133,450	0.27%	\$	544	\$	2,729,827	\$	24,729,580	\$ 5,514,329	5	13,850,844	\$	49,884,698	4.62%	\$	2,432
2018	\$	3,462,960	* \$	141,300	0.32%	\$	604	\$	2,804,968	* \$	24,438,256	\$ 6,192,439	* 5	9,202,016	\$	46,241,939	4.32%	\$	2,243
2017	\$	4,160,000	\$	149,150	0.39%	\$	674	\$	2,872,000	\$	25,048,532	\$ 6,835,000	5	9,132,062	\$	48,196,744	4.51%	\$	2,344
2016	\$	4,845,000	\$	-	0.47%	\$	732	\$	2,937,000	\$	22,143,768	\$ 7,480,000	5	9,035,790	\$	46,441,558	4.51%	\$	2,227
2015	\$	5,530,000	\$	-	0.54%	\$	796	\$	2,997,000	\$	4,381,182	\$ 8,105,000	5	-	\$	21,013,182	2.07%	\$	1,005
2014	\$	6,200,000	S	-	0.62%	\$	856	\$	3,057,000	S	3,521,147	\$ 8,730,000	5	-	\$	21,508,147	2.14%	\$	1.024

Business-Type Activities

Government Activities

^{*} In 2018 the City corrected balances to include premiums on bonds. Prior year balances have not been restated.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT AND LEGAL DEBT MARGINS LAST TEN YEARS

		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		2018		2019	2020	<u>2021</u>		2022	2023
General Obligation Bonds	\$	17,987,000	\$ 16,632,000	\$ 15,262,000	\$	13,867,000	\$	12,460,367	\$	11,170,824	\$ 10,078,469	\$ 8,636,303	\$	7,174,134	\$ 6,275,258
Assessed value of taxable property (a) General Obligation Bonds as percent of total assessed	\$	352,538,170	356,048,730	\$ 360,708,070	s	373,693,340	s	374,523,810	\$	378,223,960	\$ 419,419,200	\$ 420,479,620	\$.,,.	\$ 565,131,300
value of taxable property		5.10%	4.67%	4.23%		3.71%		3.33%		2.95%	2.40%	2.05%		1.68%	1.11%
Estimated actual value of taxable property (a) General Obligation Bonds as percent of total	\$	1,007,251,914	\$ 1,017,282,029	\$ 1,030,594,486	\$	1,067,695,257	\$	1,070,068,029	\$	1,080,639,886	\$ 1,198,340,571	\$ 1,201,370,343	\$	1,220,950,914	\$ 1,614,660,857
estimated actual value of taxable property		1.79%	1.63%	1.48%		1.30%		1.16%		1.03%	0.84%	0.72%		0.59%	0.39%
Population (b) General Obligation Bonds Per capita	\$	21,006 856	\$ 20,905 796	\$ 20,858 732	s	20,564 674	\$	20,614 604	\$	20,516 544	\$ 20,449 493	\$ 20,589 419	s	20,421 351	\$ 20,309 309
Less debt not subject to limitations Self-supporting securities issued for water systems or facilities Self-supporting securities issued for sanitary sewer	\$	(3,147,000)	\$ (3,082,000)	\$ (3,017,000)	s	(2,947,000)	\$	(2,874,968)	s	(2,795,962)	\$ (2,796,774)	\$ (2,672,046)	\$	(2,547,319)	\$ (2,417,591)
systems or facilities	\$	(9,395,000)	\$ (8,720,000)	\$ (8,045,000)	\$	(7,350,000)	\$	(6,657,439)	\$	(5,929,318)	\$ (5,243,014)	\$ (4,434,085)	\$	(3,615,156)	\$ (3,344,336)
Net debt subject to 10-1/2% limitation (c)	\$	5,445,000	\$ 4,830,000	\$ 4,200,000	\$	3,570,000	\$	2,927,960	\$	2,445,544	\$ 2,038,682	\$ 1,530,171	\$	1,011,660	\$ 513,330
Voted and Unvoted Debt Limit 10-1/2% of assessed value	\$	37,016,508	\$ 37,385,117	\$ 37,874,347	\$	39,237,801	\$	39,325,000	\$	39,713,516	\$ 44,039,016	\$ 44,150,360	\$	44,869,946	\$ 59,338,787
Legal Debt Margin within 10-1/2% Limitation	\$	31,571,508	\$ 32,555,117	\$ 33,674,347	\$	35,667,801	<u>\$</u>	36,397,040	\$	37,267,972	\$ 42,000,334	\$ 42,620,189	\$	43,858,286	\$ 58,825,456
Net debt within limitations for both Voted and Unvoted de as a percentage of debt limit	bt	14.71%	12.92%	11.09%		9.10%		7.45%		6.16%	4.63%	3.47%		2.25%	0.87%
Net debt subject to 5-1/2% limitation (d)	\$	5,445,000	\$ 4,830,000	\$ 4,200,000	\$	3,570,000	\$	2,927,960	\$	2,445,544	\$ 2,038,682	\$ 1,530,171	\$	1,011,660	\$ 513,330
Unvoted Debt Limit 5-1/2% of assessed value	\$	19,389,599	\$ 19,582,680	\$ 19,838,944	\$	20,553,134	\$	20,598,810	\$	20,802,318	\$ 23,068,056	\$ 23,126,379	\$	23,503,305	\$ 31,082,222
Legal Debt Margin within 5-1/2% Limitation	\$	13,944,599	\$ 14,752,680	\$ 15,638,944	\$	16,983,134	<u>\$</u>	17,670,850	\$	18,356,774	\$ 21,029,374	\$ 21,596,208	\$	22,491,645	\$ 30,568,891
Net debt within limitations for Unvoted debt as a percentage of debt limit		28.08%	24.66%	21.17%		17.37%		14.21%		11.76%	8.84%	6.62%		4.30%	1.65%

Source for assessed value and estimated actual value data: Shelby County Auditor

Source for population: For years 2014 - 2018, U.S. Bureau of the Census-Population Estimates Program. For years 2020, U.S. Bureau of the Census-2020 Federal Census.

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the aggregate principal amount of voted and unvoted "net indebtedness" may not exceed 10-1/2% of the assessed valuation.

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the aggregate principal amount of unvoted "net indebtedness" may not exceed 5-1/2% of the assessed valuation.

In 2018 the City corrected balances to include premiums on bonds. Prior year balances have not been restated.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Sewer Net customer revenues Direct operating expenses	2014 6,706,435 3,034,046	2015 6,358,031 3,057,213	2016 5,932,595 3,067,539	2017 6,108,605 3,244,413	2018 5,867,083 3,007,533	2019 6,705,881 3,708,963	2020 6,051,593 3,324,703	2021 6,494,533 2,251,817	2022 6,553,904 3,132,185	2023 6,717,938 4,257,588
Net revenue available for debt service	3,672,389	3,300,818	2,865,056	2,864,192	2,859,550	2,996,918	2,726,890	4,242,716	3,421,719	2,460,350
General obligation debt service requirements	878,061	875,761	863,261	870,761	867,861	874,761	934,522	839,519	264,900	255,900
Revenue obligation debt service requirements	-	-	-	-	565,798	565,798	748,229	930,660	930,660	930,660
Debt service coverage ratio	4.18	3.77	3.32	3.29	1.99	2.08	1.62	2.40	2.86	2.07
Water										
Net customer revenues	4,988,388	5,536,495	5,805,611	6,375,636	6,257,749	6,750,426	6,819,355	7,541,369	7,627,567	8,593,853
Direct operating expenses	2,957,024	2,916,234	3,120,425	3,097,432	3,240,367	3,986,138	3,919,054	2,935,889	3,833,713	4,264,776
Net revenue available for debt service	2,031,364	2,620,261	2,685,186	3,278,204	3,017,382	2,764,288	2,900,301	4,605,480	3,793,854	4,329,077
General obligation debt service requirements	228,620	225,868	223,040	225,138	226,963	228,438	211,307	167,700	168,100	160,700
Revenue obligation debt service requirements	234,743	234,743	234,743	716,659	1,416,301	1,664,245	1,422,849	1,590,033	1,592,905	1,592,905
Debt service coverage ratio	4.38	5.69	5.87	3.48	1.84	1.46	1.77	2.62	2.15	2.47

Operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization

Annual debt service requirement includes principal and interest (including covenant debt and federal interest subsidy)

-	Net Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to City of Sidney*	A	Estimated Amount pplicable to ty of Sidney
Sidney City School District (1)	\$7,700,000	100%		\$7,700,000
Shelby County (2)	\$0	43% (3)		\$0
Subtotal, overlapping debt				\$7,700,000
City of Sidney direct debt			\$	853,462
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$8,553,462

^{*}The calculation of overlapping debt is based on the percentage of the population that is in Sidney.

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Source: Treasurer of Sidney City Schools

⁽²⁾ Source: Shelby County Auditor

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Source: Per the Sidney's 2023 estimated population (20,309) as a percent of Shelby County 2023 estimate population (47,765) is equal to 42%.

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Per
Capita

		Cupitu						
Fiscal		Persona		Median	School	Unemployment	Total Assessed	Estimated Actual
Year	Population (1)	Income	(1)	Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)	Property Value (4)	Property Value (4)
2014	21,006 (1)(a)	\$18,628	(1)(b)	36.1 yrs	3,487	4.6%	\$352,538,170	\$1,007,251,914
2015	20,905 (1)(a)	\$18,628	(1)(b)	36.1 yrs	3,354	4.3%	\$356,048,730	\$1,017,282,029
2016	20,858 (1)(a)	\$18,628	(1)(b)	36.1 yrs	3,421	4.1%	\$360,708,070	\$1,030,594,486
2017	20,564 (1)(a)	\$18,628	(1)(b)	36.1 yrs	3,298	4.1%	\$373,693,340	\$1,067,695,257
2018	20,614 (1)(a)	\$18,628	(1)(b)	36.1 yrs	3,313	3.8%	\$374,523,810	\$1,070,068,029
2019	20,516 (1)(a)	\$18,628	(1)(b)	36.1 yrs	3,262	3.5%	\$378,223,960	\$1,080,639,886
2020	20,449 (1)(a)	\$18,628	(1)(b)	36.1 yrs	3,223	7.7%	\$419,419,200	\$1,198,340,571
2021	20,589 (1)(a)	\$27,662	(1)(b)	38.8 yrs	3,149	4.2%	\$420,479,620	\$1,201,370,343
2022	20,421 (1)(a)	\$27,662	(1)(b)	38.8 yrs	3,107	3.5%	\$427,332,820	\$1,220,950,914
2023	20,309 (1)(a)	\$27,662	(1)(b)	38.8 yrs	3,149	3.1%	\$565,131,300	\$1,614,660,857

⁽¹⁾ Source: (a) U.S. Bureau of the Census - Population Estimates Program, Population Division;

Note: Total personal income amounts are not available for the City of Sidney therefore, estimated actual value of taxable property is used instead.

⁽b) U.S. Bureau of the Census - 2020 Federal Census

⁽²⁾ Source: Sidney City Schools Board of Education

⁽³⁾ Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Dept. of Labor

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Shelby County Auditor

2023		
<u>Employer</u>	Approximate Number of <u>Employees</u>	Percentage of Total Top 10 Employment
Copeland (formerly Emerson Climate)	1,570	29.83%
2 Wilson Health	772	14.67%
3 NK Parts Industries	672	12.77%
4 Area Energy & Electric/Regal		
Plumbing/Ohio Valley Integration Services	401	7.62%
5 American Trim	318	6.04%
6 Sidney Board of Education	317	6.02%
7 Hydro Extrusion USA LLC	310	5.89%
8 Ferguson Construction Company	309	5.87%
9 Cargill	305	5.79%
10 Cornerstone Building Products	290	5.51%
Total	5,264	100.00%

	2014	
<u>Employer</u>	Approximate Number of <u>Employees</u>	Percentage of Total Top 10 Employment
1 Emerson Climate Technologies	1,671	30.31%
2 Wilson Memorial Hospital	842	15.27%
3 NK Parts Industries	574	10.41%
4 Cargill	426	7.73%
5 Sidney Board of Education	398	7.22%
6 Freshway Foods	394	7.14%
7 American Trim	335	6.08%
8 Ross Castings	296	5.37%
9 Ferguson Construction	292	5.30%
10 IAC	285	5.17%
Total	5,513	100.00%

Source: Sidney Shelby Economic Partnership (SSEP)

Note: Total number of employees within the City of Sidney is not available.

			FULL-TIN	1E EQUIVA	LENT EMP	LOYEES AS	OF DECEM	BER 31,		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/program										
General government	9.65	9.15	9.15	9.15	9.15	9.15	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50
Police										
Officers	36.00	36.00	36.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	36.00	36.00	38.00	37.50
Civilians	12.35	12.35	12.47	12.51	12.80	13.18	13.81	13.81	13.81	14.72
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	35.00	35.00	37.00	37.00	37.00	37.00	35.00	35.00	38.00	38.00
Civilians	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Judicial	17.66	17.66	18.16	18.35	21.95	22.70	21.95	21.95	21.95	20.35
Health - cemetery	2.00	2.00	2.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32
Street repair & maintenance	7.08	7.08	8.66	7.74	8.66	8.74	8.74	8.74	9.55	9.55
Community development	1.00	2.00	2.25	2.25	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.50
Community environment	5.75	5.25	5.54	5.54	6.54	6.54	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
Parks and recreation	11.70	11.70	12.95	12.91	12.91	12.91	13.08	13.08	14.08	14.58
Transportation	12.72	13.71	14.17	15.04	16.04	16.79	14.94	14.94	14.94	14.94
Stormwater	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.40	3.65	3.65	3.84	3.84
Water	15.88	15.88	16.88	17.19	17.86	18.17	18.31	18.31	17.56	17.33
Sewer	17.38	17.38	17.38	17.38	17.61	18.01	17.46	17.46	18.46	18.23
Solid waste	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Airport	-	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Swimming pool	4.46	4.24	4.24	4.24	4.24	4.24	-	-	-	4.24
Concession Stand	-	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	-	0.63	0.63	0.63
Revenue Collection	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.67	6.67	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Service center including city garage	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40
Information technology	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00
Total	206.53	207.98	215.75	219.20	227.33	229.60	219.51	220.14	229.39	232.98

Source: City of Sidney, Ohio, Appropriation Budgets for applicable years

CITY OF SIDNEY, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				For	Year Ended	December 31	,			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/program					<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
General Government										
Accounts payable checks processed	4,650	4,266	4,557	4,344	4,590	4,451	4,060	4,109	4,179	4,229
Purchase orders issued	1,372	1,386	1,464	1,440	1,396	1,472	1,392	1,384	1,368	939
Police										
Calls for service processed	32,812	28,451	28,722	29,679	29,679	33,894	30,378	23,514	26,162	26,000
9-1-1 calls processed	15,846	7,500	15,846	10,437	10,412	9,662	8,899	8,994	7,922	8,000
Adult & juvenile arrests	1,214	1,102	1,045	1,200	1,218	1,098	842	751	701	663
Traffic citations	1,661	1,476	1,506	1,498	1,842	1,594	1,322	1,658	1,206	975
Fire	,	,	,	,	,-	,	,-	,	,	
Fire calls	809	878	931	1,121	1,013	1,144	1,094	1,103	1,126	1,100
EMS calls	2,784	2,977	3,151	3,142	3,053	3,016	3,094	2,936	3,001	3,000
Municipal Court			ŕ	,		1	ĺ	ĺ		
New cases filed	7,875	7,819	7,287	7,482	8,851	8,582	5,911	7,359	5,970	6,000
Cases completed	7,924	8,466	8,715	8,940	9,313	8,766	6,167	7,590	6,634	6,400
Prisoners transported by bailiff	1,055	1,000	514	839	1,231	738	88	105	116	105
Cemetery										
Burials	86	92	107	90	94	97	125	119	132	135
Grave sales	65	29	55	84	105	89	85	122	128	130
Public Transportation	0.5			٥.	100	0,	0.5		120	150
Total ridership	47,782	48,270	49,180	48,367	49,305	48,675	28,249	28,401	28,353	27,724
Streets and highways	.,,,,,,	.0,270	.,,100	.0,507	.,,505	.0,075	20,2.9	20,.01	20,555	27,72.
Miles of street responsibility	110.5	111.0	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	112
Traffic signal intersections	49	50	51	52	52	53	53	53	53	53
Planning	17	50	51	32	32	55	55	55	55	55
Sign permits issued	42	40	46	30	37	40	33	37	35	62
Zoning occupancy permits issued	20	35	21	26	16	16	16	18	21	30
Building inspection	20	33	21	20	10	10	10	10	21	30
Building permits issued	367	235	550	543	406	361	389	553	560	722
Building inspections	390	322	676	879	572	482	695	784	700	765
Engineering	390	322	070	0/9	312	462	093	704	700	703
Sanitary sewer inspections	13	11	11	14	20	7	10	38	26	30
Parks and recreation	13	11	11	14	20	,	10	30	20	30
Free clinics organized and directed	15	10	21	27	31	32	n/a	29	35	38
Free clinics (gamzed and directed Free clinics (attendance)	463	329	682	1,428	1,304	1,209	n/a	1,194	1,082	1,100
Park shelters maintained	403	45	45	45	45	45	11/a 45	46	46	47
	43	1	189	9	8	10	26	25	30	100
Trees planted	994	1,088	966	902	929	843	715	650	863	900
Senior Center members Water	994	1,088	900	902	929	843	/13	630	803	900
	2.026	3,012	2,901	2.010	3.10	3.39	2.83	3.05	2.94	2.80
Gallons of water processed (in millions)	2,926 6,100	6,664	6,500	3,010 11,282	5,500	29,485	73,292	2,101	3,136	3,136
Lime sludge processed/removed (dry tons) Water main breaks	23	21	18	11,282	3,300	29,483 15	13,292	2,101	3,130 19	3,130
	23	21	18	/	13	13	14	9	19	13
Sewer	4.70	5.01	4.25	4.75	5.05	5.05	4.02	4.24	4.4	4.2
Wastewater processed (million gallons per day)	4.79	5.81	4.35	4.75	5.05	5.05	4.92	4.24	4.4	4.2
Biosolids processed (dry tons)	675	692	616	572	566	606	490	482	555	525
Feet of sewer cleaned	88,139	83,141	62,608	44,802	41,281	66,588	40,569	90,304	52,611	40,000
Swimming Pool	0.000	0.705	0.771	0.150	5 0 55	0.001	,	0.140	7.262	7.505
Daily admissions	8,289	9,795	9,771	8,158	7,977	8,881	n/a	9,149	7,362	7,595
Season passes	317	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	427	n/a	609	596	218
Information Technology	210	211	225	250	2.40	255	246	216	2.40	250
Number of personal computers maintained	219	311	335	350	349	355	346	316	340	370
Service Center - Garage			***	***	***	***		***	***	
Units in fleet	264	240	236	230	226	230	232	236	236	234
Revenue Collections						_		_		
Tax returns processed	11,406	11,498	11,037	11,477	9,505	9,353	9,778	9,692	10,259	10,500
Monthly Utility Customers	3,724	4,071	4,253	4,475	4,665	5,103	5,052	5,193	5,302	5,390

Source: City of Sidney, Ohio, Appropriation Budgets for applicable years. Actual statistics for years 2014 - 2022. Estimated statistics for 2023

	Year Ended December 31,									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Street Repair & Maintenance (1)										
Miles of streets	110.72	110.72	110.72	110.72	110.72	110.72	110.72	111.68	141.67	141.77
Basic utility services - stormwater										
management ⁽¹⁾ Miles of storm sewers	77.07	77.07	77.07	77.11	77.36	78.00	78.55	79.10	79.69	79.78
(2)										
Parks and recreation (2)	156	456	456	456	456	456	156	506	505	505
Acres of parks maintained	456 250	456 250	456 250	456 250	456 250	456 250	456 250	506 250	507 254	507 255
Acres of public grounds maintained Neighborhood parks	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	17	18
Sewer (1)										
Miles of sanitary sewers	124.00	125.48	125.48	125.50	125.85	125.85	126.14	126.80	127.3	127.3
Water (1)										
Miles of water mains	123.31	123.31	124.97	124.97	125.26	125.27	125.62	126.48	127.06	127.06

⁽¹⁾ Source: City of Sidney, Ohio, Engineering Department.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Source: City of Sidney, Ohio, Appropriation Budgets for applicable years. Actual statistics for years 2014 - 2022. Estimated statistics for 2023.



CITY OF SIDNEY SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Sidney, Ohio 201 West Poplar Street Sidney, Ohio 45365

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sidney, Ohio (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio June 26, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City Council City of Sidney, Ohio 201 West Poplar Street Sidney, Ohio 45365

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Sidney, Ohio's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon, dated June 26, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio June 26, 2024

CITY OF SIDNEY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster: Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	N/A	\$ 35,581 35,581
Passed through the Ohio Department Of Natural Resources Division of Forestry Urban and Community Forestry Program	10.675	22-DG-11094200-096	25,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			60,581
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Passed through the Ohio Department of Development Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Total Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228 14.228 14.228 14.228	A-C-21-2DR-1 A-F-21-2DR-1 A-D-21-2DR-1 A-F-23-2DR-1	76,333 8,901 93,655 6,035 184,924
Passed through the Ohio Department of Development Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	A-C-21-2DR-2	115,040
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			299,964
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Passed through the Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services PREA Program: Strategic Support for PREA Implementation (Body Worn Camera Policy and Implementation)	16.735	2023-BW-LEC-2023	31,654
Total U.S. Department of Justice			31,654
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Direct Award Airport Improvement Program and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs Airport Improvement Program and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs Total Airport Improvement Program	20.106 20.106	3-39-0071-026-2021 3-39-0071-029-2023	15,674 30,513 46,187
Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	112179	406,836
Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509 20.509	OH-2020-005 OH-2023-X01	121,748 318,045 439,793
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			892,816
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY	<u></u>		
Passed through the Ohio Office of Budget and Management COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	ARPA-LFRF-NEU-2021	1,129,033
Passed through the Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	2022-AR-LEP-1061	225,670
Passed through the Ohio Emergency Management Agency COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	AFRR-306-WELL	41,500
Passed through the Ohio Department of Development COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027 21.027	S-C-22-2DR-2 DEV2021 - 181053	38,100 79,500
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			1,513,803
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed through the Area Agency on Aging, PSA 2 Aging Cluster:			
Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers Total Aging Cluster	93.044	N/A	10,796 10,796
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			10,796
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 2,809,614

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF SIDNEY SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Sidney (the "City") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance

with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

ALN 21.027 - COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None noted

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted







CITY OF SIDNEY

SHELBY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/17/2024

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370