CENTRAL OHIO RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION SELF-INSURANCE POOL, INC. FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Zupka & Associates
Certified Public Accountants



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

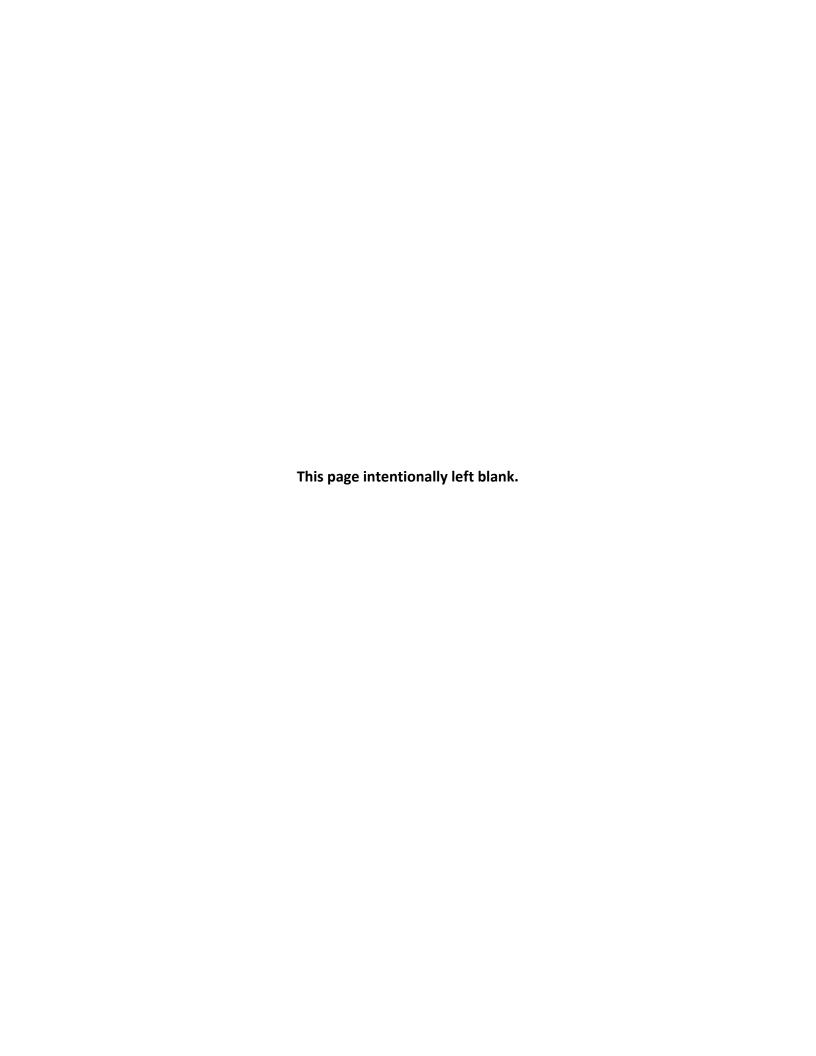
Board of Trustees Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self Insurance Pool, Inc. 4305 Broadway Grove City, Ohio 43123

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self Insurance Pool, Inc., Franklin County, prepared by Zupka & Associates, for the audit period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self Insurance Pool, Inc. is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

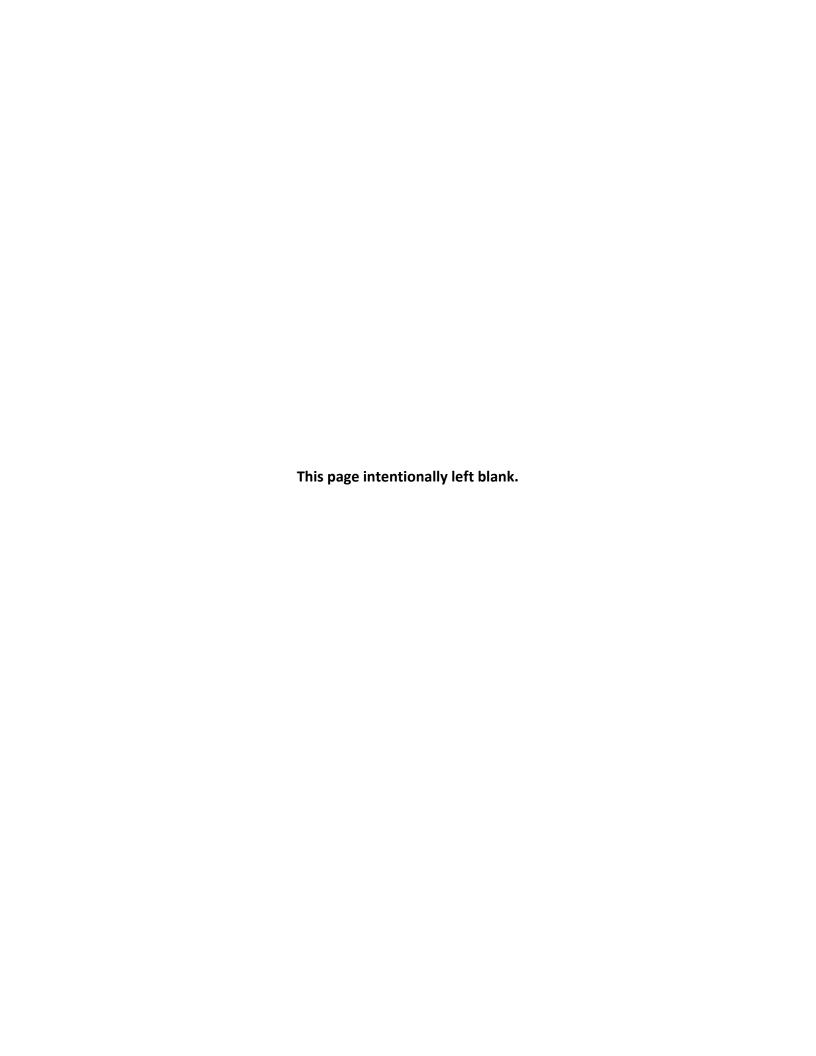
May 18, 2023



CENTRAL OHIO RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION SELF-INSURANCE POOL, INC. FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. Franklin County 4305 Broadway
Grove City, Ohio 43123

To the Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. (CORMA), Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CORMA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc., Franklin County, Ohio, as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of CORMA, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about CORMA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report
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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CORMA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about CORMA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 11 to the basic financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of CORMA. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report
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Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the 10-Year Loss Development Information Schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 7, 2023, on our consideration of CORMA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of CORMA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering CORMA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

zupka & Associates

April 7, 2023

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of the Central Ohio Risk Management Association (CORMA) Self-Insurance Pool, Inc.'s (the "Association") financial performance provides an overall review of the Association's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Association's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Association's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The Association's net position at September 30, 2022 was \$2,007,462. This represents a decrease of \$262,414, or 11.56% from September 30, 2021.
- The Association has hired an independent actuary, The Actuarial Advantage, Inc., to determine the loss and loss adjustment expense reserves. Based upon the actuary's report, the loss and loss adjustment expense reserve was \$1,466,723 at September 30, 2022, compared to \$1,418,917 at September 31, 2021.
- The Association had operating revenues of \$2,456,302 and operating expenses of \$2,611,299 for fiscal year 2022. In addition, the Association had \$34,011 in non-operating revenues and \$141,428 in non-operating expenses for fiscal year 2022. Operating loss and the decrease in net position for the fiscal year were \$154,997 and \$262,414, respectively.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Association's financial activities. The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position provide information about the activities of the Association, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations. The statement of cash flows provides information about the Association's short-term cash flows needs to support operations.

Reporting the Association Financial Activities

Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did the Association perform financially during fiscal year 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting*, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report the Association's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Association as a whole, the *financial position* of the Association has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. The Association's statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position can be found on pages 11-12 of this report. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Association's finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations. The statement of cash flows can be found on page 13 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 15-27 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of loss development information can be found on pages 31-33 of this report.

Net Position and Changes in Net Position

The table below provides a summary of the Association's net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Net Position

	2022	2021
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,655,155	\$ 2,513,028
Investments	2,030,400	2,051,586
Receivables:		
Accounts	115,269	114,225
Accrued interest	5,353	6,334
Prepayments	757	
Total assets	3,806,934	4,685,173
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,664	-
Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	1,466,723	1,418,917
Surplus funds due to members - ST	-	30,000
Surplus funds due to members - LT	325,085	325,085
Unearned revenue	<u> </u>	641,295
Total liabilities	1,799,472	2,415,297
Net Position:		
Unrestricted	\$ 2,007,462	\$ 2,269,876

The Association's cash and cash equivalents decreased as the Association paid more in loss and loss adjustment expense and held less monies in their depository accounts at year-end. The Association invests in federal agency securities, commercial paper, negotiable CDs, STAR Ohio, and Treasury securities.

Accounts receivable increased as the Association had more claims over the \$150,000 stop loss to be reimbursed. The reimbursement receivable was \$114,225 at September 30, 2021 and increased to \$115,269 at September 30, 2022.

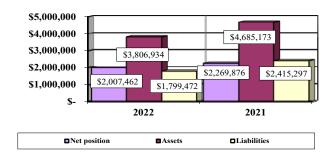
The loss and loss adjustment expense reserve increased \$47,806, or 3.37%, from September 30, 2021. The loss and loss adjustment expense reserve at fiscal year-end is provided by The Actuarial Advantage, Inc., the Association's independent actuary.

Overall, net position decreased by \$262,414 from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The chart below shows a breakdown of the Associations assets, liabilities and net position for 2022 and 2021:

Net Position



The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Change in Net Position

	2022	2021
Operating revenues:		
Insurance premiums	\$ 1,570,045	\$ 1,365,776
Loss fund contributions	665,000	665,000
Claims handling fees	60,000	60,000
Administrative and professional fees	145,000	140,000
Other revenues	16,257	31,807
Total operating revenue	2,456,302	2,262,583
Operating expenses:		
Loss and loss adjustment expenses, net	789,773	515,161
Insurance premiums	1,570,045	1,365,776
Administration fees	145,000	140,000
Claims handling fees	60,000	60,000
Professional fees	15,500	11,452
Miscellaneous expenses	30,981	174
Total operating expenses	2,611,299	2,092,563
Operating income (loss)	(154,997)	170,020
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Investment income	34,011	40,646
Increase (decrease) in fair value		
of investments	(141,428)	(40,841)
Total non-operating revenues	(107,417)	(195)
Change in net position	(262,414)	169,825
Net position, October 1	2,269,876	2,100,051
Net position, September 30	\$ 2,007,462	\$ 2,269,876

Net position was primarily affected by the fluctuation in the insurance premium expense, reported at September 30, 2022 and 2021 of \$1,570,045 and \$1,365,776, respectively. Fluctuations in the liability are reported as a component of the insurance premium expense. The fluctuation in the insurance premium expense, between 2022 and 2021 resulted from differences between actuarial estimates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Insurance premium revenue increased \$204,269 from 2021 to 2022. Overall, operating revenue increased \$193,719 or 8.56% from fiscal year 2021.

Investment income decreased \$6,635 from fiscal year 2021 due to decreased investment activity and the timing of maturities. The Association's investments are reported at fair value which was \$141,428 less than their cost at September 30, 2022. The Association plans to hold investments to maturity thus reducing the risk of fluctuations in fair value.

Operating expenses for the loss and loss adjustment expense, net, and miscellaneous expenses increased due to increased activity in 2022. Operating expenses for insurance premiums increased from 2021 to 2022. Overall, operating expenses increased \$518,736 or 24.79% from fiscal year 2021.

Non-operating expense increased from the prior year due to a decrease in the fair value of the Associations investments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

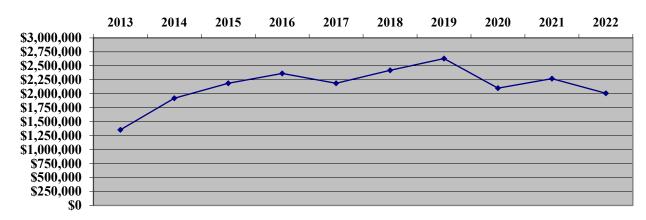
At September 30, 2022, the Association had no capital assets or outstanding debt obligations.

Current Financial Related Activities

The Association is committed to providing its member cities with the advantages of a large buying cooperative, while maintaining control by local city leadership. The Association continues to look at other members who meet the established criteria. Underwriting considerations are of utmost importance in reviewing new membership applications. The Association is committed to protecting the financial interests of its members and will not admit a new member that would have an adverse impact on the Association.

The Association's net position for the last ten fiscal years is as follows:

Net Position at September 30,

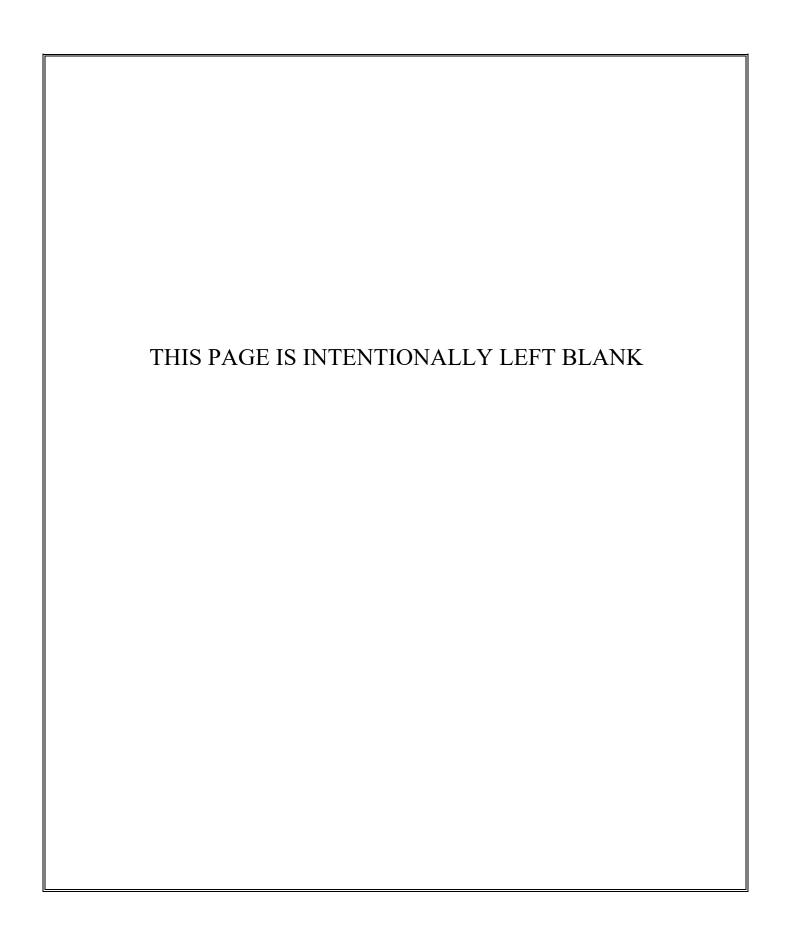


Establishing premiums that satisfy all claims, administration fees, and other expenses of the Association, in addition to enhancing the net position is important for the short-term and long-term interests of the Association.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Contacting the Association's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide interested users and our membership with a general overview of the Association's finances and to show the Association's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Michael Turner, 4035 Broadway, Grove City, Ohio 43123 or by calling (614) 277-3000.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,655,155
Investments	714,940
Receivables:	
Accounts	115,269
Accrued interest	5,353
Prepayments	 757
Total current assets	 2,491,474
Noncurrent assets:	
Investments	1,315,460
Total assets	3,806,934
Liabilities: Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,664
Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves (Note 6)	1,466,723
Total current liabilities	1,474,387
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Surplus funds due to members (Note 10)	 325,085
Total liabilities	 1,799,472
Net position: Unrestricted	\$ 2,007,462

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Operating revenues:	
Member contributions:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 1,570,045
Loss fund contributions	665,000
Claims handling fees	60,000
Administrative fees	145,000
Other revenue	16,257
Total operating revenues	2,456,302
Operating expenses:	
Loss and loss adjustment expenses, net (see Note 7)	789,773
Insurance premiums	1,570,045
Administration fees	145,000
Claims handling fees	60,000
Professional fees	15,500
Miscellaneous expenses	30,981
Total operating expenses	2,611,299
Operating loss	(154,997)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment income	34,011
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	(141,428)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(107,417)
Change in net position	(262,414)
Net position, October 1	2,269,876
Net position, September 30	\$ 2,007,462

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from members Cash received from other operations Cash payments to suppliers for services	\$ 1,671,764 757 (1,679,334)
Cash payments for covered losses Cash payments for miscellaneous expenses	(735,347) (30,463)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (772,623)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of investments	(563,406)
Redemption of investments	443,164
Interest received	 34,992
Net cash used in investing activities	 (85,250)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(857,873)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	2,513,028
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	\$ 1,655,155
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (154,997)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	(1,044)
(Increase) in prepayments	(757)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,664
(Decrease) in surplus funds due to members	(30,000)
(Decrease) in unearned revenue	(641,295)
Increase loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	 47,806
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (772,623)

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Central Ohio Risk Management Association (CORMA) Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. (the "Association") is a legally separate entity organized under Ohio Revised Code Section 1702.01. The Association was established on September 24, 1997. The Association was formed to administer a joint self-insurance pool under Chapter 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code for the public purpose of enabling the subscribing political subdivisions to obtain insurance coverage, to provide methods for paying claims and to provide for a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance fund for its members. The Association is administered by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Members of the Association.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Association have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Association's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the Association are not misleading. On this basis, no governmental organizations or agencies other than the Association itself are included in the financial reporting entity.

B. Fund Accounting

The Association maintains its accounting records in accordance with the principles of "fund" accounting. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of government entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific revenues and expenses. The Association uses an enterprise fund to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

C. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the Association utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

The Association's activities are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the Association's operations are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Association distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from charges to members for insurance premiums, loss fund contributions, claims handling fees and administrative fees. Operating expenses for the Association include the payment of loss and loss adjustment expenses, insurance premiums, administrative fees, claims handling fees, professional fees and miscellaneous expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues include investment income and refunds and reimbursements.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

Cash and Investments:

During fiscal year 2022, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, Commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, Treasury Securities, and a U.S. government money market mutual fund. Except for investments in STAR Ohio, investments are reported at fair value.

During fiscal year 2022, the Association invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Association measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for reporting on the statement of net position, investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Association are considered to be "cash equivalents". Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are considered to be "investments".

The Association maintains two individual accounts for claims and administrative costs. Each separate account is a depository account with a financial institution. The total of the depository accounts, STAR Ohio investment account, and the U.S. government money market mutual fund is presented on the statement of net position as "cash and cash equivalents".

An analysis of the Association's cash and investments at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Receivables:

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, as applicable. Receivables in excess of 90 days are evaluated for the ability to collect them and an allowance is established, as deemed necessary, based on the best information available and in an amount that management believes is adequate. Receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written off are recorded when received. The Association has recorded receivables for the reimbursement of losses over the Association's self-insured retention amounts and for accrued interest on investments in federal agency securities at September 30, 2022.

Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves:

Provisions for loss reserves and loss adjustment expense reserves are based on information reported by members and are calculated by an actuary. These amounts represent an estimate of reported unpaid claims plus a provision for claims incurred but not reported. Adjustments to this reserve account are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made. The Association's management believes that the estimate of the liability for loss reserves is reasonable; however, actual incurred loss and loss adjustment expense may not conform to the assumptions inherent in the determination of the liability. Accordingly, the ultimate settlement of losses and the related loss adjustment expense may vary from the estimated amounts included in the accompanying financial statements. Should the provision for loss reserves be insufficient, supplemental contributions will be assessed to the Association members. See Note 6 for more information of the Association's loss and loss adjustment expense reserves.

Net position:

Net position is the excess of revenues over expenses during the period in which the Association has been in existence. If adequate provision has been made for the payment of all claims and expenses of the Association, the Board of Trustees, at its discretion, may distribute surplus funds to members during that particular year, provided that such members are also members in the year in which the distribution is made. In lieu of distributing surplus funds to the members, the Board may carry forward the surplus to offset annual or supplemental payments in the subsequent fiscal year.

In the event the Association is terminated, all members of the Association are obligated for any necessary supplemental payments applicable to the years during which they were members. After all claims and related expenses have been paid or reserves established for the payment of any such claims, any surplus funds will be distributed to members, past or present, who constituted the Association for that fiscal year.

E. Revenues and Expenses

Premiums, member and supplemental contributions, claims handling fees and administrative fees:

Premiums are determined based on the member's allocated insurance coverage costs as determined by the Association administrator and are recognized ratably as revenue and the related expense over the insurance coverage period.

Member and supplemental contributions are determined based on a formula approved by the Board of Trustees and applied to all members to provide sufficient funds within the self-insurance pool to adequately fund administrative expenses of the Association and to create adequate reserves for claims and unallocated loss adjustment expense.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the terms of the cooperative agreement, should the annual contributions not be sufficient to fund operations or obligations of the Association, additional supplementary payments shall be required to be made by every member based on the formula used to determine the annual contributions.

Claims handling and administrative fees are based on a contract with a third party and are recognized ratably as revenue and the related expense by the Association over the term of the agreement.

Insurance coverage:

The Association provides insurance coverage for various lines of insurance including property, general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, police liability occurrences and errors and omissions claims. The self-insured portion is limited to annual aggregates. Losses over the Association's self-insured retention amounts are payable by commercial insurance policies, only to the extent limits and coverage applies.

The Association has an agreement with a company to administer claims and loss control. During fiscal year 2022, the Association used The Actuarial Advantage, Incorporated as their independent actuary and Wichert Insurance Services, Inc. as their claims administrator and insurance broker. Wichert Insurance Services, Inc. handles all past and future claims.

F. Budgetary Process

Under Ohio law, the Association is not required to follow a budgetary process and, therefore, no budgetary information is provided in these basic financial statements.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Fair Value Measurements

The Association categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

I. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed. The Association had \$757 in prepayments at September 30, 2022.

J. Unearned Revenue

Receipts received in advance of the year the services are provided are recorded as unearned revenue. A current liability for the unearned revenue is recorded at the time of receipt and a revenue is reported in the year which services are performed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions:

The Association had no material violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the Association has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "<u>Leases</u>", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "<u>Leases</u>", GASB Statement No. 89, "<u>Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period</u>", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "<u>Implementation Guide Update - 2020</u>", GASB Statement No. 92, "<u>Omnibus 2020</u>", GASB Statement No. 93, "<u>Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates</u>", GASB Statement No. 97, "<u>Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a <u>supersession of GASB Statement No. 32</u>" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".</u>

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Association.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Association.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Association.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Association.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Association.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Association.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Association.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Treasurer of the Association pools all available cash of the Association for investment purposes. The Association's investment policy, as approved by the Association's Board, serves to define authorized investments and eligible investment transactions of the Association. Eligible investments may be derived from, or based upon, Chapter 135.14 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC), and/or include certain other investments not authorized or defined under 135.14 ORC. Investments not defined in 135.14 ORC or other sections of Chapter 135 ORC, but authorized pursuant to the Association's investment policy, are considered as authorized investments of the Association. In some sections, the Association's investment policy places further limits upon the use of eligible investments or investment transactions.

State statute and the Association's investment policy allow monies to be deposited or invested in the following:

- 1. United States Government Securities including bills, notes, bonds, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the U.S. treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States. U.S. Government securities includes U.S. Treasury stripped principal or interest obligations;
- 2. United States Agency or Instrumentality Securities including bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA). All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities. Investments in derivatives and in stripped principal or interest obligations of federal agency obligations are prohibited;
- 3. Time Certificates of Deposit, Savings Accounts, and Deposit accounts including interest bearing time certificates of deposit, savings accounts, and deposit accounts of any eligible public depository as defined by ORC, provided that any such deposits and savings accounts are properly insured or secured by collateral as prescribed in Section 135.18 or 135.181 of the ORC. Each financial institution with which the Association has deposits shall provide a quarterly statement, or more often as determined by the Association's Treasurer, describing defining reflecting the securities pledged including the market value of such securities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Repurchase agreements (Repo's) with any eligible institution mentioned in section 135.03 ORC, or any eligible securities dealer pursuant to (M) of 135.14 ORC of this section, except that such eligible securities dealers shall be restricted to primary government securities dealers. Repurchase agreements will settle on a delivery vs payment basis with repo collateral held at a qualified custodian or agent, designated by the Association. Eligible repo collateral is restricted to securities listed in division (B)(1) or (B)(2) under 135.14 ORC. The market value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement must of any repo transaction, a master repurchase agreement will be signed by the Treasurer of the Association and the eligible parties. The Treasurer may determine that an additional market value of collateral will be required;
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of this state, or the political subdivisions of this state, provided that, with respect to bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions, all of the following apply:
 - a. The bonds or other obligations are payable from general revenues of the political subdivision and backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision;
 - b. The bonds or other obligations are rated at the time of purchase in one of the three highest classifications established by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer;
 - c. The aggregate value of the bonds or other obligations does not exceed twenty per cent of the Association investment portfolio at the time of purchase;
 - d. The Association is not the sole purchaser of the bonds or other obligations at original issuance;
- 6. The state treasurer's investment pool, otherwise known as STAR Ohio, defined pursuant to 135.45 of the Ohio Revised Code, and any other investment alternative(s) offered by the Treasurer of State, are authorized investments of the Association;
- 7. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (B)(1) or (2) of section 135.14 ORC and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in no-load money market mutual funds are made only through financial institutions eligible for deposit as authorized by ORC section 135.03; and
- 8. As defined under Section 135.35(A)(8) ORC, up to twenty-five per cent of CORMA's total average portfolio in either of the following investments:

Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and that has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of the following apply:

- a. The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services;
- b. The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation;
- c. The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy days after purchase;

Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The Association's investment policy places the following limitations on investments as follows:

- 1. The total value of certificates of deposit, purchased from any individual financial institution, shall not exceed three percent (3%) of the institution's total time deposits.
- 2. The use of derivative securities, as defined in Ohio Revised Code §135.14 (C), is expressly prohibited.
- 3. Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO's) of any kind are expressly prohibited.
- 4. All eligible investments will mature within five (5) years from the date of settlement.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

The Association's investment policy prescribes that securities purchased for Association will be held in safekeeping by a qualified trustee as provided in Section 135.37 ORC. Securities held in safekeeping by the custodian will be evidenced by a monthly statement describing such securities. The custodian may safe keep the Association's securities in (1) Federal Reserve Bank book entry form; (2) Depository Trust Company (DTC) book entry form in the account of the custodian or the custodian's correspondent bank; or (3) Non-book entry (physical) securities held by the custodian or the custodian's correspondent bank. All securities transactions will settle using standard delivery-vs-payment (DVP) procedures. The records of the custodian shall identify such securities in the name of the Association. Collateral will be required on two types of investments: certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. The collateralization level will be as defined by ORC. Collateral is limited to eligible securities defined in ORC Sections 135.18 and 135.181. Each financial institution with which the Association has deposits shall provide a quarterly statement reflecting the securities pledged including the market value of such securities.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Association's deposits was \$589,359 and the bank balance was \$602,678. Of the bank balance, \$311,730 was covered by the FDIC, \$145,474 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, and \$145,474 was exposed to custodial credit risk discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Association will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Association has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Association and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. The OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2022, the Association's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Association to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the Association had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities								
Measurement/	Measurement		6	6 months or		7 to 12		13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than	
Investment type		Amount		less		months		months	months		24 months
Fair Value:											
U.S. government money											
market mutual fund	\$	15,587	\$	15,587	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
FHLMC		155,009		-		-		-	-		155,009
FNMA		88,677		-		-		-	-		88,677
FHLB		170,732		-		-		-	117,468		53,264
Negotiable CDs		1,403,263		344,446		362,023		120,616	98,009		478,169
Commercial paper		100,491		-		-		100,491	-		-
Treasury securities		112,228		-		-		-	-		112,228
Amortized Cost:											
STAR Ohio		1,050,209		1,050,209							
	\$	3,096,196	\$	1,410,242	\$	362,023	\$	221,107	\$ 215,477	\$	887,347

The weighted average length to maturity of investment is 1.24 years.

The Association's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The Association's investments in federal agency securities (FNMA, FHLMC, and FHLB), negotiable CDs, commercial paper and Treasury securities are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs). As discussed in Note 2.D, investments in STAR Ohio are reported at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the Association's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The Association's investments in federal agency securities and Treasury securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The Association's investments in commercial paper were rated D1 and A1+ by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Negotiable CDs are not rated, but are fully insured by the FDIC. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the U.S. government money market an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Association's investment policy aims to ensure preservation of capital in the overall portfolio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Association will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities, commercial paper and Treasury securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Association's name. The Association has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Association's investment policy places specific limitations on the amounts that may be invested in a single institution or issuer as described above. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Association at September 30, 2022:

Measurement/	Measurement				
Investment type		% of Total			
Fair Value:					
U.S. government money					
market mutual fund	\$	15,587	0.50		
FHLMC		155,009	5.01		
FNMA		88,677	2.86		
Negotiable CDs		1,403,263	45.32		
FHLB		170,732	5.51		
Commercial paper		100,491	3.25		
Treasury securities		112,228	3.62		
Amortized Cost:					
STAR Ohio		1,050,209	33.93		
	\$	3,096,196	100.00		

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of September 30, 2022:

Cash and investments per footnote		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	589,359
Investments		3,096,196
Total	\$	3,685,555
Cash and investments on Statement of Net Positio	<u>n</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,655,155
Investments - current		714,940
Investments - non-current		1,315,460
Total	\$	3,685,555

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - INSURANCE COVERAGES

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Association provided the following insurance coverage:

Self-insured portion for covered claims per occurrence:

General claims \$ 150,000

Annual aggregate self-insured retention (liability coverages)

785,765

Claims over the self-insured portion are covered by commercial insurance policies with members as additional named insured's.

NOTE 6 - LOSS AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSE RESERVES

The Association established a reserve liability that includes a provision for reported and unreported insured events and an estimate of future payment of losses and related loss adjustment expenses. The claims liability as required by GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", was provided by the Associations independent actuary, The Actuarial Advantage, Inc. The changes in the aggregate liabilities for the Association for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves, beginning	\$ 1,418,917	\$ 1,292,539
Incurred loss and loss adjustment expenses, provision for insured events of the current period	1,182,701	1,006,180
(Decrease) in provision for insured events of the prior years	(392,928)	(491,019)
Total incurred loss and loss adjustment expenses	789,773	515,161
Payments:		
Loss and loss adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current year	493,896	215,773
Loss and loss adjustment expenses paid attributable to insured events of prior years	248,071	173,010
Total payments	741,967	388,783
Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves, ending	\$ 1,466,723	\$ 1,418,917

NOTE 7 - LOSS AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES, NET

For fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the Association reported loss and loss adjustment expenses, net of \$789,773 and \$515,161, respectively. The increased expense for 2022 is the result of differences between actuarial estimates of provisions for insured events from the current and prior years. The Association's independent actuary for fiscal year 2022 was The Actuarial Advantage, Inc.

The \$47,806 increase in the loss and loss adjustment expense reserves from September 30, 2021 to September 30, 2022 is reflected in the fiscal year 2022 loss and loss adjustment expenses, net as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. For fiscal year 2022, actual claims payments for covered losses were \$735,347 as reported on the Statement of Cash Flows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - CLAIMS ADMINISTRATION

The Association has entered into agreements with companies for the purpose of claims administration, claims adjustments, loss control and Association administration. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the amounts charged to expense were as follows:

Administration fees Claims handling fees	\$ 145,000 60,000
Total	\$ 205,000

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENCIES

General:

In the normal course of business, the Association is involved in various legal proceedings. In the opinion of management, any liability resulting from such proceedings would not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

Concentration by geographic location and industry:

The Association is exposed to certain risks by writing all its business in the State of Ohio, thus increasing exposure to a single geographic area.

Association membership is limited to municipalities.

NOTE 10 - SURPLUS FUNDS DISTRIBUTION

In accordance with Association policy, the Board of Trustees may, at its discretion, distribute surplus funds to Members during a particular year, provided that such Members are also Members in the year in which the distribution is made. In lieu of distributing surplus funds to the Members, the Board of Trustees may carry forward the surplus to offset annual or supplemental payments in the subsequent fiscal year.

On May 20, 2020, the Board of Trustees elected to distribute \$691,829 of surplus funds to four Members, the City of Upper Arlington, the City of Westerville, the City of Pickerington, and the City of Dublin. The Members had the option to apply the distribution toward their current premium due or carry the amount forward to a future premium period. The undistributed amounts are as follows:

	Remaining		tion A	Applied Toward				
	Distribution		2022-2023		2023-2024			
Member	 at 10/1/2022		Premium			Premium or Beyond		
City of Upper Arlington	\$ 118,959	\$		-	\$	118,959		
City of Westerville	69,277			-		69,277		
City of Pickerington	 136,849					136,849		
Total	\$ 325,085	\$			\$	325,085		

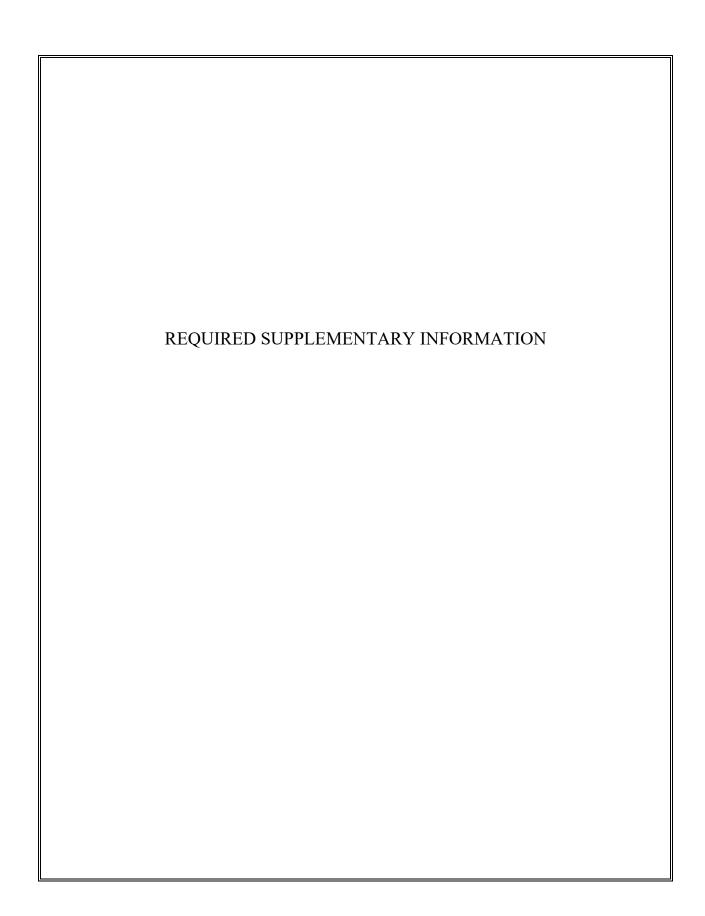
On the statement of net position, distributions being applied toward premium periods beyond 2022-2023 are reported as a noncurrent liability. The entire surplus distribution was reported as a nonoperating expense at the time of declaration (fiscal year 2020).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 11 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Association. The impact on the Association's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. The Association's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

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TEN-YEAR LOSS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

The following table illustrates how the Association's earned revenue and investment income compares to related costs of loss and other expenses assumed by the Association as of the end of the year. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's gross earned premiums and reported investment income.
- (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of the Association including overhead and loss adjustment expenses not allocable to individual claims.
- (3) This line shows the Association's gross incurred losses and allocated loss adjustment expense as originally reported at the end of the year in which the event that triggered coverage occurred (called *accident year*).
- (4) This section shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of the accident year.
- (5) This section shows how each accident year's net incurred losses increased or decreased as of the end of the year. (This annual re-estimation results from new information received on known losses, re-evaluation of existing information on known losses and emergence of new losses not previously known.)
- (6) This line compares the latest re-estimated net incurred losses amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of losses is greater or less than originally thought.

As data for individual accident years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred losses currently recognized in less mature accident years. The columns of the table show data for successive accident years. Loss development information for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2013 through 2022 is as follows:

TEN-YEAR LOSS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Fiscal and Accident Year Ended September 30,

		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
1. Donath and the set week														
1. Premiums, investment and other income	\$	1,528,639	\$	1,588,019	\$	1,768,161	\$	1,741,516	\$	1,773,194	\$	1,878,403	\$	2,047,312
and other income	Ф	1,526,039	Ф	1,300,019	Φ	1,700,101	Ф	1,741,510	Ф	1,//3,194	Φ	1,0/0,403	Φ	2,047,312
2. Unallocated expenses		1,032,505		1,007,175		1,144,615		1,253,646		1,164,420		1,210,530		1,372,986
3. Estimated losses incurred														
and expense, end of year		451,033		532,544		551,909		697,191		810,354		859,536		789,033
4. Paid, cumulative as of:														
End of accident year		132,841		146,859		140,567		187,384		177,285		208,439		237,318
One year later		157,399		179,910		239,012		361,567		423,198		405,401		318,605
Two years later		157,399		198,185		327,814		446,977		423,198		652,524		404,518
Three years later		157,399		238,208		332,518		469,208		423,198		669,923		411,788
Four years later		157,399		248,333		343,662		471,228		423,198		699,329		-
Five years later		157,399		248,333		358,929		471,348		423,198		-		-
Six years later		157,399		248,333		364,038		472,748		-		-		-
Seven years later		157,399		248,333		372,915		_		-		-		-
Eight years later		157,399		248,333		-		-		-		-		-
Nine years later		157,399		-		-		-		-		-		-
5. Re-estimated incurred														
losses and expense:														
End of accident year		451,033		532,544		551,909		697,191		810,354		859,536		789,033
One year later		270,949		450,079		474,704		689,295		650,788		867,988		601,460
Two years later		217,261		346,811		501,636		633,097		450,678		930,602		509,001
Three years later		186,972		320,971		450,254		552,135		435,665		839,106		480,277
Four years later		176,717		282,007		430,044		532,876		430,924		826,708		_
Five years later		157,399		248,333		398,509		521,464		423,198		-		-
Six years later		157,399		248,333		398,509		472,748		-		-		-
Seven years later		157,399		248,333		418,509		-		-		_		-
Eight years later		157,399		248,333		-		-		_		_		-
Nine years later		157,399		-		-		-		-		-		-
6. Increase (decrease) in														
estimated incurred losses														
and expenses from end														
of accident year		(293,634)		(284,211)		(133,400)		(224,443)		(387,156)		(32,828)		(308,756)

Fiscal and Accident Year Ended September 30,

2020	2021	2022				
\$ 2,202,738	\$ 2,303,229	\$	2,348,885			
1,506,257	1,577,402		1,821,526			
725,305	1,006,180		1,182,701			
132,393 196,862 257,726	322,506 456,140 - - - - -		493,896			
725,305 434,394 362,046	1,006,180 763,164 - - - - - -		1,182,701 - - - - - - -			
(363,259)	(243,016)		-			



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. Franklin County 4305 Broadway
Grove City, Ohio 43123

To the Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. (CORMA), Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CORMA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2023, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of CORMA.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered CORMA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CORMA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of CORMA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of CORMA's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Central Ohio Risk Management Association Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. Franklin County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether CORMA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of CORMA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering CORMA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

supke & associates

April 7, 2023

CENTRAL OHIO RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION SELF-INSURANCE POOL, INC. FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The audit report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, included no citations or instances of noncompliance.



CENTRAL OHIO RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION SELF INSURANCE POOL, INC.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/30/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370