

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019



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Members of Council Village of Proctorville 409 Elizabeth Street Proctorville, Ohio 45669

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Proctorville, Lawrence County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Proctorville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 25, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Proctorville Lawrence County 409 Elizabeth Street Proctorville, Ohio 45669

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of the Village of Proctorville, Lawrence County, Ohio (the Village).

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Village of Proctorville Lawrence County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of the Village of Proctorville, Lawrence County in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the 2020 financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2021, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group, Inc.

BHM CPA Group

Piketon, Ohio June 25, 2021

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Gov	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts: Property Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines, Licenses, and Permits Miscellaneous	\$ 63,167 24,443 133,091 16,260	\$ 6,267 98,062 - 5,541	\$ - 2,130 8,634 882	\$ 69,434 124,635 8,634 139,514 16,260	
Total Cash Receipts	236,961	109,870	11,646	358,477	
Cash Disbursements: Current: Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Transportation General Government Debt Service:	160,777 - - 58,501	14,060 19,829 34,513 3,839	- - - -	174,837 19,829 34,513 62,340	
Redemption of Principal	-	-	9,411	9,411	
Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Cash Disbursements	219,278	72,241	2,589	2,589	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	17,683	37,629	(354)	54,958	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	66,941	31,727	1,991	100,659	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 84,624	\$ 69,356	\$ 1,637	\$ 155,617	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Proprietary Fund Types		
	Enterprise		
Operating Cash Receipts:	•	4	
Charges for Services	\$	157,268	
Total Operating Cash Receipts		157,268	
Operating Cash Disbursements			
Personal services		73,600	
Supplies and Materials		37,383	
Other		1,837	
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		112,820	
Operating Income (Loss)		44,448	
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursments)			
Capital Outlay		(6,000)	
Principal		(10,700)	
Interest		(466)	
Other Non-operating Disbursements		(510)	
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(17,676)	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		26,772	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		35,458	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	62,230	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Fiduciary Fund Types Custodial		
	Other Custodial		
Additions: Fines, Licenses and Permits for Distribution	\$	150,077	
Total Operating Cash Receipts		150,077	
Deductions: Distributions to Other Funds (Primary Gov't) Other Distributions		9,132 146,554	
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		155,686	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(5,609)	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		6,378	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	769	

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The Village of Proctorville (the Village), Lawrence County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities, park operations, and police services.

Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, Public Entity Risk Pools and Related Organizations

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types and a combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Fire Fighting Fund This fund receives tax money for providing fire protection to the Village.

Police Vehicle Fund This Fund receives a fixed amount per citation to provide for the future purchase of police vehicles.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Mayor's Court Computer Fund This fund receives a fixed amount per citation for the operation of software & hardware for Mayor's Court and recordkeeping.

Corona Virus Relief Fund This fund receives revenue from the federal government through allocations apportioned through the State of Ohio & the Lawrence County Auditor's Office based on formulas derived based on Local Government funds.

Debt Service Fund This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds include custodial funds.

Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to report fiduciary activity that is not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Village's custodial fund accounts for the activities of the Village's Mayor's Court.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 11.

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$234,575	\$236,961	\$2,386
Special Revenue	102,185	109,870	7,685
Debt Service	11,600	11,646	46
Enterprise	146,750	157,268	10,518
Total	\$495,110	\$515,745	\$20,635

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$272,000	\$219,278	\$52,722
Special Revenue	119,340	72,241	47,099
Debt Service	13,402	12,000	1,402
Enterprise	150,600	130,496	20,104
Total	\$555,342	\$434,015	\$121,327

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2020
Demand deposits	\$218,616
Total deposits	\$218,616

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Note 6 - Risk Management

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs (if material).

Risk Pool Membership

The Village is a member of the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (local entity's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- -General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cvber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of actuarially-measured liabilities and the assets available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2020
Cash and Investments	\$ 40,318,971
Actuarial Liabilities	\$ 14,111,510

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Thirteen Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019. the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Various Purpose Revenue Bonds	\$10,900	2%
Citizens Deposit Bank Mortgage	18,002	4%
Citizens Deposit Bank Line of Credit	16,969	6%*
Total	\$45,871	

^{*}The interest rate on the line of credit was 4.75% per annum at the start of the agreement and is subject to change every day after January 17, 2017 within range of 10.75% to 4.75%. Interest is calculated by the lender based on the Wall Street Journal Prime Lender Rate.

Various Purpose Revenue Bonds

The Village issued \$200,000 in Various Purpose Revenue Bonds in 2011. The proceeds of the bonds were used to redeem prior Village debt related to water plant improvements and to acquire police vehicles. The Village collateralized these bonds with revenues for the Village.

Citizens Deposit Bank Mortgage

The Village took out a twenty-year mortgage through Citizens Deposit bank in 2014 to purchase the Village hall. The loan amount was \$42,000 with an interest rate of 4.49% effective for 2017. The loan is secured by the deed to the property.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Citizens Deposit Bank Line of Credit

The Village borrowed \$30,000 on a line of credit from Citizens Deposit bank in 2017 to be used for budget equalization and to meet the obligations of the Village at the discretion of the Mayor and Clerk Treasurer, upon consultation of Council.

Leases

The Village leases buildings, vehicles and other equipment under noncancelable leases. The Village disbursed \$1.00 to pay lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year	7	Various			C	itizens
Ending	P	urpose	C	Citizens	Dep	osit Bank
December	R	Revenue	Dep	osit Bank	I	Line of
31:		Bonds	M	ortgage		Credit
2020	\$	11,166	\$	2,883	\$	6,360
2021		11,101		2,883		6,360
2022		-		2,883		6,360
2023		-		2,883		6,360
2024		-		2,883		-
2025-2029		-		14,415		-
2028-2032				2,833		_
Total	\$	22,267	\$	31,663	\$	25,440

Note 10 – Related Party Transactions

The Village of Proctorville has had no related party transactions during the calendar year.

Note 11 - Fund Balances

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds are restricted committed or assigned.

Note 12 – Change in Accounting Principles

For 2020, the Village has made changes to their cash basis reporting model. These changes include modifications to the definition of fiduciary funds, adding a separate Combined Statement of Additions, Deductions and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) -- All Fiduciary Fund Types, and removing the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types.

Lawrence County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 13 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. In addition, the impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Governmental Fund Types						
		General		Special Levenue	Debt Service	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:							
Property Taxes	\$	58,546	\$	5,975	\$ -	\$	64,521
Intergovernmental		25,698		40,808	1,389		67,895
Charges for Services		170 105		- ()(1	8,761		8,761
Fines, Licenses, and Permits Miscellaneous		179,185 13,304		6,261	1,381		186,827 13,304
Total Cash Receipts		276,733		53,044	11,531		341,308
Cash Disbursements:					· .		
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property		160,659		6,899	_		167,558
Transportation		, -		32,449	-		32,449
General Government		62,994		-	-		62,994
Debt Service:							
Redemption of Principal		-		-	8,043		8,043
Interest and Fiscal Charges				_	2,723		2,723
Total Cash Disbursements		223,653		39,348	 10,766		273,767
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		53,080		13,696	765		67,541
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):							
Other Uses		(17)			 		(17)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(17)			-		(17)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		53,063		13,696	765		67,524
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		13,878		18,031	1,226		33,135
Fund Cash Balances, December 31							
Restricted		_		31,727	1,991		33,718
Unassigned		66,941			-		66,941
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	66,941	\$	31,727	\$ 1,991	\$	100,659

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Proprietary Fund Types Fiduciary Fund Types			T		
	Enterprise		Custodial		Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$	147,668	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	147,668
Total Operating Cash Receipts		147,668		-		147,668
Operating Cash Disbursements Personal services Contractual services Supplies and Materials Other		70,672 4,100 52,276 2,565		- - - -		70,672 4,100 52,276 2,565
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		129,613				129,613
Operating Income (Loss)		18,055		-		18,055
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursments) Capital Outlay Principal Interest Other Non-operating Receipts Other Non-operating Disbursements Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(4,800) (11,211) (909) - (11,145) (28,065)		213,176 (214,637) (1,461)		(4,800) (11,211) (909) 213,176 (225,782) (29,526)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(10,010)		(1,461)		(11,471)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		45,468		7,839		53,307
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	35,458	\$	6,378	\$	41,836

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The Village of Proctorville (the Village), Lawrence County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities, park operations, and police services.

Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, Public Entity Risk Pools and Related Organizations

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary and fiduciary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Fire Fighting Fund This fund receives tax money for providing fire protection to the Village.

Police Vehicle Fund This Fund receives a fixed amount per citation to provide for the future purchase of police vehicles.

Mayor's Court Computer Fund This fund receives a fixed amount per citation for the operation of software & hardware for Mayor's Court and recordkeeping.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Debt Service Fund This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds include custodial funds.

Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to report fiduciary activity that is not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Village's custodial fund accounts for the activities of the Village's Mayor's Court.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Lawrence County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2019 follows:

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$236,075	\$276,733	\$40,658
Special Revenue	49,373	53,044	3,671
Debt Service	10,570	11,531	961
Enterprise	147,250	147,668	418
Total	\$443,268	\$488,976	\$45,708

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$249,500	\$223,670	\$25,830
Special Revenue	52,050	39,348	12,702
Debt Service	11,200	10,766	434
Enterprise	170,690	157,678	13,012
Total	\$483,440	\$431,462	\$51,978

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2019
Demand deposits	\$142,495
Total deposits	\$142,495

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Note 6 - Risk Management

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs (if material).

The Village is a member of the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Village's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2019
Cash and Investments	\$ 38,432,610
Actuarial Liabilities	\$ 14,705,917

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Thirteen (13) employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019. the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2019.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Various Purpose Revenue Bonds	\$21,600	2%
Citizens Deposit Bank Mortgage	22,343	4%
Citizens Deposit Bank Line of Credit	22,039	6%*
Total	\$65,982	

^{*}The interest rate on the line of credit was 4.75% per annum at the start of the agreement and is subject to change every day after January 17, 2017 within range of 10.75% to 4.75%. Interest is calculated by the lender based on the Wall Street Journal Prime Lender Rate.

Various Purpose Revenue Bonds

The Village issued \$200,000 in Various Purpose Revenue Bonds in 2011. The proceeds of the bonds were used to redeem prior Village debt related to water plant improvements and to acquire police vehicles. The Village collateralized these bonds with revenues for the Village.

Citizens Deposit Bank Mortgage

The Village took out a twenty-year mortgage through Citizens Deposit bank in 2014 to purchase the Village hall. The loan amount was \$42,000 with an interest rate of 4.49% effective for 2017. The loan is secured by the deed to the property.

Citizens Deposit Bank Line of Credit

The Village borrowed \$30,000 on a line of credit from Citizens Deposit bank in 2017 to be used for budget equalization and to meet the obligations of the Village at the discretion of the Mayor and Clerk Treasurer, upon consultation of Council. No amortization schedule has been provided.

Lawrence County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Leases

The Village leases buildings, vehicles and other equipment under noncancelable leases. The Village disbursed \$1.00 to pay lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year	Various		Citizens
Ending	Purpose	Citizens	Deposit Bank
December	Revenue	Deposit Bank	Line of
31:	Bonds	Mortgage	Credit
2020	\$11,166	\$2,883	\$6,360
2021	11,101	2,883	6,360
2022	-	2,883	6,360
2023	-	2,883	6,360
2024	-	2,883	-
2025-2029	-	14,415	-
2028-2032	-	2,883	-
Total	\$22,267	\$31,663	\$25,440

Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 11 – Related Party Transactions

The Village of Proctorville has had no related party transactions during the calendar year.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Proctorville Lawrence County 409 Elizabeth Street Proctorville, Ohio 45669

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of the Village of Proctorville, Lawrence County, (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code section 117-2-03(D) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2020-001 to be a material weakness.

Village of Proctorville
Lawrence County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group, Inc.

BHM CPA Group

Piketon, Ohio June 25, 2021

Village of Proctorville Lawrence County Schedule of Findings December 31, 2020 and 2019

1. SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

MATERIAL WEAKNESS - FINANCIAL REPORTING

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the fiscal officer and Village Council and is essential to ensure information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate.

Material and immaterial misstatements were identified during the course of the audit which have not been prevented or detected by the Village's internal controls over financial reporting. Misstatements were identified in the following areas:

- Intergovernmental Receipts
- Other Financing Sources
- Other Financing Uses
- Interest
- Principal
- Fund Balance
- Risk Management Disclosures
- Debt Disclosures
- Fines, Licenses and Permits for Distribution
- Distributions to Other Funds (Primary Gov't)
- Other Distributions

To ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, we recommend the Fiscal Officer review the Ohio Village Officer's Handbook for guidance on the correct line item to post various receipts and expenditures of the Village.

Client Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

Village of Proctorville Lawrence County Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2020 and 2019

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2018-001	Material Weakness – Financial Reporting	No	Reissued as finding 2020-001



VILLAGE OF PROCTORVILLE

LAWRENCE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/7/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370