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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ada Exempted Village School District Hardin County 725 West North Avenue Ada, Ohio 45810

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ada Exempted Village School District, Hardin County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Ada Exempted Village School District Hardin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2020, the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matter

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 11, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Ada Exempted Village School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District increased \$498,445 or 6.02% from fiscal year 2019's restated position.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$10,540,218 or 82.73% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$2,200,158 or 17.27% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- The District had \$12,241,931 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$2,200,158 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes and grants and entitlements) of \$10,540,218 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major fund is the general fund. The general fund had cash receipts of \$10,664,803 in 2020. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$10,347,990 in 2020. The general fund's cash balance increased \$316,813 from 2019 to 2020.

Using these Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, there is one major governmental fund. The general fund is the only major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis answer the question, "How did the District perform financially during 2020?" These statements include *only net cash position* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in that position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The District has no proprietary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 8.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash position and fund cash balances or changes in net cash position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statement for the general fund is presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only fiduciary fund is a custodial fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Net Cash Position

				Restated		
	Go	Governmental		vernmental		
	A	Activities		Activities		
		2020	2019			
Assets						
Equity in pooled cash and						
cash equivalents	\$	8,775,302	\$	8,276,857		
Cash and cash equivalents						
with escrow agent		9,000		9,000		
Total assets		8,784,302	_	8,285,857		
Net Cash Position						
Restricted		1,484,126		1,295,758		
Unrestricted		7,300,176		6,990,099		
Total net cash position	\$	8,784,302	\$	8,285,857		

The total net cash position of the District increased \$498,445, which represents a 6.02% increase from fiscal year 2019's restated position.

The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash position of \$7,300,176 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The table on the following page shows the changes in net cash position for fiscal year 2020 and 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Cash Position

	Governmental Activities 2020	Restated Governmental Activities 2019
Cash Receipts:		
Program cash receipts: Charges for services and sales Operating grants and contributions	\$ 1,019,561 1,151,508	\$ 963,067 984,808
Capital grants and contributions	29,089	4,083
Total program cash receipts	2,200,158	1,951,958
General cash receipts:		
Property and other taxes	5,171,191	5,040,472
Unrestricted grants	5,275,974	5,404,415
Investment earnings	51,173	50,977
Other	41,880	22,172
Total general cash receipts	10,540,218	10,518,036
Total cash receipts	12,740,376	12,469,994
Cash Disbursements:		
Instruction:		
Regular	5,423,356	5,148,516
Special	1,483,259	1,361,939
Vocational	90,285	103,295
Other	81,975	79,334
Support services:		
Pupil	579,075	488,489
Instructional staff	235,941	203,606
Board of education	30,072	24,921
Administration	928,123	880,021
Fiscal	356,230	340,153
Operations and maintenance	941,462	1,046,634
Pupil transporation	375,765	369,493
Central	98,356	99,773
Operation of non-insturctional services:		
Food service operations	324,495	360,173
Extracurricular	395,818	433,765
Facilities acquisition and construction	148,739	257,013
Debt service:		
Principal retirement	690,000	394,997
Interest and fiscal charges	58,980	65,880
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds		280,003
Total cash disbursements	12,241,931	11,938,005
Change in net cash position	498,445	531,989
Net cash position at beginning of year (restated)	8,285,857	7,753,868
Net cash position at end of year	\$ 8,784,302	\$ 8,285,857

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

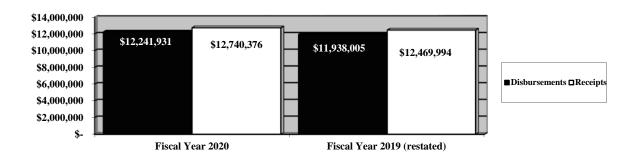
Governmental Activities

Governmental cash position increased \$498,445 in fiscal year 2020 from fiscal year 2019's restated position. Governmental program receipts of \$2,200,158 and general receipts of \$10,540,218 were adequate to offset governmental disbursements of \$12,241,931. Program revenues supported 17.97% of the total governmental disbursements.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes, and grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 82.00% of total governmental receipts. Real estate is reappraised every six years.

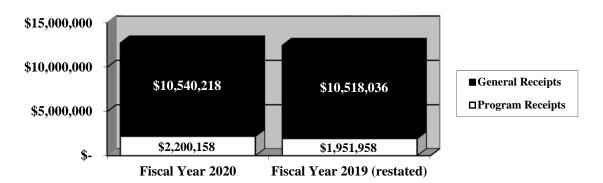
The graph below presents the District's governmental activities receipts and disbursements for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities - Receipts and Disbursements



The graph below presents the District's governmental activities receipts for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Receipts



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	Governmental Activities				
	Total Cost of Services 2020	Net Cost of Services 2020	Restated Total Cost of Services 2019	Restated Net Cost of Services 2019	
Cash disbursements					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 5,423,356	\$ 4,647,467	\$ 5,148,516	\$ 4,469,877	
Special	1,483,259	715,993	1,361,939	692,083	
Vocational	90,285	52,800	103,295	65,861	
Other	81,975	81,975	79,334	79,334	
Support services:					
Pupil	579,075	573,048	488,489	481,348	
Instructional staff	235,941	116,784	203,606	195,207	
Board of education	30,072	30,072	24,921	24,921	
Administration	928,123	928,123	880,021	880,021	
Fiscal	356,230	355,420	340,153	340,153	
Operations and maintenance	941,462	909,660	1,046,634	1,030,297	
Pupil transportation	375,765	371,087	369,493	366,238	
Central	98,356	98,356	99,773	99,773	
Operation of non-instruction services:					
Food service operations	324,495	23,205	360,173	7,797	
Extracurricular	395,818	261,131	433,765	280,778	
Facilities acquisition and construction	148,739	127,672	257,013	231,479	
Debt service:	,	,	,	,	
Principal retirement	690,000	690,000	394,997	394,997	
Interest and fiscal charges	58,980	58,980	65,880	65,880	
	2 3,7 0 0	2 3,2 00	22,300	,500	

The dependence upon general cash receipts for instructional activities is apparent; with 67.16% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2020. For all governmental activities, general receipt support is 82.73%.

12,241,931

10,041,773

280,003

11,938,005

280,003

9,986,047

The District's Funds

Total

Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$8,784,302, which is \$498,445 more than last year's restated total of \$8,285,857. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	 Cash Balance ne 30, 2020	 Restated Cash Balance ne 30, 2019	<u>Change</u>
Major Funds:			
General	\$ 7,315,172	\$ 6,998,359	\$ 316,813
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 1,469,130	 1,287,498	 181,632
Total	\$ 8,784,302	\$ 8,285,857	\$ 498,445

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

The general fund, the District's primary major fund, had cash receipts of \$10,664,803 in 2020. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$10,347,990 in 2020. The general fund's cash balance increased \$316,813 from 2019 to 2020. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the cash receipts and disbursements of the general fund.

	2020 Amount	2019 Amount	Percentage Change
Cash Receipts:			
Taxes	\$ 4,242,767	\$ 4,101,462	3.45 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	10,110	6,875	47.05 %
Tuition	727,682	609,125	19.46 %
Earnings on investments	48,441	50,977	(4.97) %
Extracurricular	4,243	4,552	(6.79) %
Classroom materials and fees	35,255	34,782	1.36 %
Rental income	3,000	3,670	(18.26) %
Contributions and donations	18,834	14,066	33.90 %
Other local revenues	28,005	20,791	34.70 %
Intergovernmental	5,546,466	5,672,309	(2.22) %
Total	\$ 10,664,803	\$ 10,518,609	1.39 %
Cash Disbursements			
Instruction	\$ 6,622,707	\$ 6,281,450	5.43 %
Support services	3,416,786	3,184,861	7.28 %
Extracurricular	279,936	284,537	(1.62) %
Facilities acquisition and construction	16,186	16,186	- %
Total	\$ 10,335,615	\$ 9,767,034	5.82 %

Overall cash receipts increased from 2019 with an increase of \$146,194 or 1.39%. The increase in tuition receipts is due to an increase in regular day school receipts, as well as open enrollment program receipts. The increase in tax receipts can be attributed to an increase in general property tax receipts and public utility personal property tax receipts.

Overall disbursements increased from 2019 with an increase of \$568,581 or 5.82% from 2019. The increase in instruction expenditures is due to an increase in other miscellaneous expenditures made to private schools. The increase in support services is due to an increase in repair and maintenance services not provided by District personnel.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budget basis receipts were equal to the original budget estimates. Actual cash receipts and other financing sources of \$10,622,324 were more than final budget estimates by \$263,403. Final budget basis disbursements and other financing uses were \$148,416 above original budget estimates. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$10,442,046 were \$549,623 less than the final budget estimates. Due to COVID-19, the District switched to remote instruction beginning March 16th through the end of the school year. This change in instructional models resulted in actual expenditures below the final budget in a variety of areas, including reducing costs related to extracurricular activities and the reduced need for substitute teaching staff.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had \$148,739 in facilities acquisition and construction disbursements during fiscal year 2020.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had the following long-term obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2020	Governmental Activities 2019
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,260,000	\$ 2,950,000
Total	\$ 2,260,000	\$ 2,950,000

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The preceding financial information reveals that the Ada Exempted Village School District has done an excellent job of managing the funds available to them. The District is facing some financial uncertainties involving State foundation funding for fiscal year 2021, as the State of Ohio has made significant budget cuts in public education due to the COVID-19 crisis.

The Ada Exempted Village School District is committed to educational and financial excellence. The community has been very supportive of the school in all aspects of the educational process. We feel confident that this amiable relationship will continue and will benefit the entire community for many years to come.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Kim Light, Treasurer, Ada Exempted Village School District, 725 W. North Ave, Ada, Ohio 45810.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,775,302
Cash and cash equivalents with escrow agent		9,000
Total assets		8,784,302
Net position:		
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		348,443
Permanent fund - expendable		21,159
Permanent fund - nonexpendable		3,433
Classroom facilities maintenance		233,576
Debt service		532,082
State funded programs		79,147
Student activities		106,328
Other purposes		159,958
Unrestricted		7,300,176
Total net position	\$	8,784,302

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	FOR TH	E FISCAL YEAR EI	NDED JUNE 30, 2020 Program Cash Rece		Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
	Cash	Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	-
	Disbursements	Services and Sales	and Contributions	and Contributions	Total
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:	*				
Regular	\$ 5,423,356	\$ 737,125	\$ 31,552	\$ 7,212	\$ (4,647,467)
Special	1,483,259	25,812	741,454	-	(715,993)
Vocational	90,285	-	37,485	-	(52,800)
Other	81,975	-	-	-	(81,975)
Support services:	570.075		6.007		(552.040)
Pupil	579,075	-	6,027	-	(573,048)
Instructional staff	235,941	-	119,157	-	(116,784)
Board of education	30,072	-	-	-	(30,072)
Administration	928,123	-	-	- 010	(928,123)
Fiscal	356,230	-	- 21 502	810	(355,420)
Operations and maintenance	941,462	10,010	21,792	-	(909,660)
Pupil transportation	375,765	-	4,678	-	(371,087)
Central	98,356	-	-	-	(98,356)
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	324,495	142,470	158,820	-	(23,205)
Extracurricular activities	395,818	104,144	30,543	-	(261,131)
Facilities acquisition and construction. Debt Service:	148,739	-	-	21,067	(127,672)
Principal retirement	690,000	-	-	-	(690,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	58,980			-	(58,980)
Total governmental activities	\$ 12,241,931	\$ 1,019,561	\$ 1,151,508	\$ 29,089	(10,041,773)
			General cash recei	pts:	
			Property taxes lev	ried for:	
				s	
			Debt service		. 651,716
			Building mainter	nance	35,444
			Income taxes levie		
				s	. 2,201,089
			to specific progra	ams	. 5,275,974
			Investment earnin	ıgs	51,173
			Miscellaneous		. 30,980
			Total general cash r	receipts	10,540,218
			Change in net positi	ion	498,445
			Net position at beg	inning of year (restated)	8,285,857
			Net position at end	l of year	\$ 8,784,302

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$ 7,315,172	\$ 1,460,130	\$ 8,775,302
Cash and cash equivalents with escrow agent		9,000	9,000
Total assets	7,315,172	1,469,130	8,784,302
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Permanent fund	-	3,433	3,433
Unclaimed monies	910	-	910
Restricted:			
Debt service	-	532,082	532,082
Capital improvements	-	348,443	348,443
Classroom facilities maintenance	-	233,576	233,576
Food service operations	-	52,972	52,972
Other purposes	-	207,292	207,292
Extracurricular	-	106,328	106,328
Assigned:			
Student instruction	9,098	-	9,098
Student and staff support	179,628	-	179,628
Facilities acquisition and construction	14	-	14
Subsequent year's appropriations	941,115	-	941,115
Uniform school supplies	20,636	_	20,636
Unassigned (deficit)	6,163,771	(14,996)	6,148,775
Total fund balances	\$ 7,315,172	\$ 1,469,130	\$ 8,784,302

TATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **CASH BASIS**

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:			
From local sources:			
Property taxes	\$ 2,041,678	\$ 928,424	\$ 2,970,102
Income taxes	2,201,089	-	2,201,089
Payment in lieu of taxes	10,110	790	10,900
Tuition	727,682	-	727,682
Earnings on investments	48,441	3,824	52,265
Charges for services	-	149,480	149,480
Extracurricular	4,243	99,252	103,495
Classroom materials and fees	35,255	-	35,255
Rental income	3,000	-	3,000
Contributions and donations	18,834	75,531	94,365
Other local revenues	28,005	1,124	29,129
Intergovernmental - state	5,489,890	238,157	5,728,047
Intergovernmental - federal	56,576	578,991	635,567
Total revenues	10,664,803	2,075,573	12,740,376
Disbursements:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	5,348,890	74,466	5,423,356
Special	1,101,557	381,702	1,483,259
Vocational	90,285	-	90,285
Other	81,975	-	81,975
Support services:			
Pupil	575,375	3,700	579,075
Instructional staff	209,826	26,115	235,941
Board of education	30,072	-	30,072
Administration	928,123	-	928,123
Fiscal	336,589	19,641	356,230
Operations and maintenance	862,680	78,782	941,462
Pupil transportation	375,765	-	375,765
Central	98,356	-	98,356
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations	-	324,495	324,495
Extracurricular activities	279,936	115,882	395,818
Facilities acquisition and construction	16,186	132,553	148,739
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	690,000	690,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	58,980	58,980
Total expenditures	10,335,615	1,906,316	12,241,931
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under)			
disbursements	329,188	169,257	498,445
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	_	12,375	12,375
Transfers (out)	(12,375)	-	(12,375)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(12,375)	12,375	
Net change in fund balances	316,813	181,632	498,445
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated)	6,998,359	1,287,498	8,285,857
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 7,315,172	\$ 1,469,130	\$ 8,784,302
Summed at the of Jens,	,515,172	- 1,107,130	- 3,701,302

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenues: Friand Actual Negative From local sources: 1,921,728 \$1,921,728 \$2,014,679 \$119,915 Property taxes \$1,921,728 \$1,921,728 \$2,014,679 \$9,611 Income taxes \$2,014,78 \$2,010,878 \$2,010,678 \$16,068 Earnings on investments \$3,000 \$3,000 \$48,210 \$18,210 Rental income \$3,500 \$3,000 \$3,115 \$18,115 Contributions and donations \$20,000 \$38,115 \$18,115 Intergovernmental - federal \$66,2215 \$66,2215 \$5,489,81 \$17,324 Intergovernmental - federal \$66,000 \$60,000 \$3,511 \$18,115 Intergovernmental - federal \$66,2215 \$5,489,81 \$17,324 Intergovernmental - federal \$66,000 \$3,000 \$187,742 Verbeditures ************************************		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Promulocal sources: Promulocal sources: Promulocal sources: Property taxes. \$1,921,728 \$1,921,728 \$2,041,679 \$119,951 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2		Original	Final	Actual		
Property taxes	Revenues:	Original		1100001	(Treguerre)	
Income taxes.	From local sources:					
Tuition 560,000 560,000 727,682 167,682 Earnings on investments 30,000 30,000 48,210 18,210 Rental income 3,500 3,500 3,000 500 Contributions and donations 20,000 20,000 38,115 18,115 Intergovernmental state 5,662,215 5,662,215 5,489,891 172,324 Intergovernmental - federal 60,000 60,000 56,576 (3,424) Total revenues 10,358,921 10,358,921 10,609,217 250,296 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,461,624 5,436,624 5,320,689 115,935 Special 1,256,248 1,296,048 1,108,306 187,742 Vocational 86,109 95,307 90,285 50,225 Special 1,256,248 1,396,84 1,918,306 187,742 Vocational 86,109 95,307 90,285 30,742 Vocational 86,109 95,307 90,285<	Property taxes	\$ 1,921,728	\$ 1,921,728	\$ 2,041,679	\$ 119,951	
Barnings on investments 30,000 30,000 48,210 18,210 Rental income 3,500 3,500 3,000 (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500) (500)	Income taxes	2,101,478	2,101,478	2,201,089	99,611	
Rental income 3,500 3,500 3,000 (500) Contributions and donations - - 2,975 2,975 Other local revenues 20,000 38,115 18,115 Intergovernmental - state 5,662,215 5,682,215 5,489,891 (172,324) Intergovernmental - federal 60,000 60,000 56,576 (3,424) Total revenues - 10,358,921 10,609,217 250,296 Expenditures: Current: - - - - - - 250,296 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<	Tuition	560,000	560,000	727,682	167,682	
Contributions and donations 2 - 2,975 2,975 Other local revenues 20,000 20,000 38,115 18,115 Intergovernmental - state 5,662,215 5,489,891 (172,324) Intergovernmental - federal 60,000 60,000 56,576 (3,424) Total revenues 10,358,921 10,588,921 10,609,217 250,296 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,461,624 5,436,624 5,320,689 115,935 Special. 1,256,248 1,296,048 1,108,306 187,742 Vocational. 86,109 95,307 90,285 5,022 Other. 65,548 83,598 81,975 1,623 Support services: Pupil. 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration. </th <th></th> <th>30,000</th> <th>30,000</th> <th>48,210</th> <th>18,210</th>		30,000	30,000	48,210	18,210	
Other local revenues 20,000 20,000 38,115 18,115 Intergovernmental - state 5,662,215 5,662,215 5,489,891 (172,324) Total revenues 10,358,921 10,358,921 10,609,217 250,296 Expenditures: Current: Current: Regular 5,461,624 5,436,624 5,320,689 115,935 Special 1,256,248 1,296,048 1,108,306 187,742 Vocational 86,109 95,307 90,285 5,022 Other 65,548 83,598 81,975 1,623 Support services: Pupil 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191		3,500	3,500	3,000	(500)	
Intergovernmental - state		-	-		2,975	
Intergovernmental - federal 60,000 60,000 56,576 (3,424) Total revenues 10,358,921 10,358,921 10,609,217 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 250,296 2		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	
Total revenues 10,358,921 10,358,921 10,609,217 250,296						
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:						
Current: Instruction: Regular	Total revenues	10,358,921	10,358,921	10,609,217	250,296	
Current: Instruction: Regular	Expenditures:					
Regular 5,461,624 5,436,624 5,320,689 115,935 Special. 1,256,248 1,296,048 1,108,306 187,742 Vocational. 86,109 95,307 90,285 5,022 Other. 65,548 83,598 81,975 1,623 Support services: Pupil. 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration. 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Total expenditures	-					
Special. 1,256,248 1,296,048 1,108,306 187,742 Vocational. 86,109 95,307 90,285 5,022 Other. 65,548 83,598 81,975 1,623 Support services: Pupil. 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration. 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracourricular activities. 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficie	Instruction:					
Vocational. 86,109 95,307 90,285 5,022 Other. 65,548 83,598 81,975 1,623 Support services: Pupil. 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration. 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities. 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures. (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 <td co<="" td=""><td>Regular</td><td>5,461,624</td><td>5,436,624</td><td>5,320,689</td><td>115,935</td></td>	<td>Regular</td> <td>5,461,624</td> <td>5,436,624</td> <td>5,320,689</td> <td>115,935</td>	Regular	5,461,624	5,436,624	5,320,689	115,935
Other. 65,548 83,598 81,975 1,623 Support services: Pupil. 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration. 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - -	Special	1,256,248	1,296,048	1,108,306	187,742	
Support services: Pupil. 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration. 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities. 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out). (21,218) <t< td=""><td>Vocational</td><td>86,109</td><td>95,307</td><td>90,285</td><td>5,022</td></t<>	Vocational	86,109	95,307	90,285	5,022	
Pupil. 559,732 579,831 575,425 4,406 Instructional staff 260,639 263,425 214,156 49,269 Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration. 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out). (21,218) (21,218) (21,218)	Other	65,548	83,598	81,975	1,623	
Instructional staff	* *					
Board of education 30,471 32,108 31,602 506 Administration 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td>*</td></td<>				,	*	
Administration. 939,656 944,341 935,186 9,155 Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities. 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out). (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278						
Fiscal 353,481 365,681 338,490 27,191 Operations and maintenance 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out). (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Operations and maintenance. 1,041,395 1,055,763 961,767 93,996 Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities. 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out). (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated					,	
Pupil transportation 394,654 404,570 375,765 28,805 Central 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 274,421 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Central. 117,072 122,072 98,556 23,516 Extracurricular activities. 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 - -	•					
Extracurricular activities. 238,892 274,569 272,426 2,143 Facilities acquisition and construction 16,514 16,514 16,200 314 Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -						
Facilities acquisition and construction		*				
Total expenditures 10,822,035 10,970,451 10,420,828 549,623 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out) (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-					
expenditures. (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures. - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out). (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -	Total experientures	10,822,033	10,970,431	10,420,828	349,023	
expenditures. (463,114) (611,530) 188,389 799,919 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures. - - 13,107 13,107 Transfers (out). (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
Refund of prior year's expenditures	expenditures	(463,114)	(611,530)	188,389	799,919	
Refund of prior year's expenditures	04 6					
Transfers (out). (21,218) (21,218) (21,218) - Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -	9			12 107	12 107	
Total other financing sources (uses) (21,218) (21,218) (8,111) 13,107 Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	(21.219)	(21.219)		13,107	
Net change in fund balance (484,332) (632,748) 180,278 813,026 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -					12 107	
Fund balance at beginning of year 6,650,188 6,650,188 6,650,188 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -	Total other financing sources (uses)	(21,218)	(21,218)	(0,111)	13,107	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -	Net change in fund balance	(484,332)	(632,748)	180,278	813,026	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 274,421 274,421 274,421 -	Fund halance at heginning of year	6 650 188	6 650 188	6 650 188	_	
<u> </u>					_	
					\$ 813,026	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Cı	stodial
Additions:		_
From local sources:		
Extracurricular collections for OHSAA	\$	330
Total additions		330
Deductions:		
Extracurricular distributions to OHSAA		330
Total deductions		330
Change in net position		-
Net position at beginning of year (restated)		
Net position at end of year	\$	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

Ada Exempted Village School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio, and is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by State and/or federal agencies. The Board consists of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District was established in 1862 through the consolidation of existing land areas and districts. The District serves an area of approximately 42 square miles. It is located in Hardin and Hancock Counties, including all of the Village of Ada, Ohio, and portions of Liberty Township in Hardin County and Orange Township in Hancock County. The District is the 495th largest in the State of Ohio (among 610 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 34 non-certified employees, 66 certificated teaching personnel and 5 administrative employees to provide services to 866 students and other community members. The District currently operates two instructional buildings, one administrative wing connected to two gymnasiums, one storage building and one garage.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>", and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes when the District's relationship with the organization further results in a financial benefit or burden of the District. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. The District does not have any component units.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District is associated with five organizations of which two are defined as jointly governed organizations, one a related organization, and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Apollo Career Center, Ada Public Library, Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust, and the Sheakley/Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio, Inc. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 12, 13 and 14 to the general purpose financial statements.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. Governmental funds are those through which the governmental functions of the District are financed. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are both at least ten and five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds. Discretionary major funds are those that do not meet the major fund criteria but are considered of importance to the District. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The District's Fiduciary Funds include custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code §117-2-03(B) requires the District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting, which is a financial reporting framework other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. The District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements are due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The statements include all funds of the District except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department, and therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general resources of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and other non-exchange receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a single column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund, function, and object level of disbursements. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Advances in and Advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

TAX BUDGET

With the passage of House Bill #129 (spring 2001), a county budget commission may waive the submission of a subdivision's annual tax budget. On August 6, 2002, the Hardin County Budget Commission adopted a resolution waiving the requirement for the adoption of a tax budget for fiscal year 2004 and all future fiscal years for all school districts within Hardin County. In lieu of a full tax budget, the Commission will require the school districts to submit a copy of the five-year forecast annually by October 31st for fiscal year 2019 and November 30th for fiscal year 2020. This waiver of the tax budget does not change any other financial reporting requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

ESTIMATED RESOURCES

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated disbursements from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer.

APPROPRIATIONS

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of disbursements, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of disbursements and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, three supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

ENCUMBRANCES

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of disbursements on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

LAPSING OF APPROPRIATIONS

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash for daily operations for all District funds is pooled in a central bank account or temporarily used to purchase short term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$25 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The District also has deposited funds in the STAR Ohio Plus program, which allows Ohio's political subdivisions to deposit monies in a network of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation-insured banks via a single account.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$48,441, which includes \$3,388 assigned from the other funds.

For purposes of financial reporting, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

Cash and cash equivalents with escrow agent represents money held in a retainage account.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

H. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the District.

I. Long-Term Debt

Under Ohio law, a bond retirement fund or sinking fund must be established to retire bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness. Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in government funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> - The non-spendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

K. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental entitlements are recorded as revenue when the entitlement is received. Federal and State reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenue when the grant is received.

L. Net Position

Restricted net position (cash-basis) consists of resources with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the school district. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Unrestricted net position consists of all other resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Receipts and Disbursements

<u>Program Receipts</u> In the Statement of Activities, receipts that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the District's taxpayers are reported as program receipts. The District has the following program receipts: charges for services and sales; operating grants, contributions, and interest; and capital grants, contributions, and interest.

All other governmental receipts are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general receipts even if restricted for a specific purpose.

N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Fund Balances/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2020, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" and GASB Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61".

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The District reviewed its agency funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations. This Statement also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

A fund cash balance restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The June 30, 2019, fund cash balances have been restated as follows:

		Other	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Fund cash balance			
previously reported	\$ 6,998,359	\$ 1,213,406	\$ 8,211,765
GASB Statement No. 84		74,092	74,092
Restated fund cash balance			
at June 30, 2019	\$ 6,998,359	\$ 1,287,498	\$ 8,285,857

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE – (Continued)

A net cash position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The governmental activities at June 30, 2019 have been restated as follows:

	_	overnmental Activities
Net cash position		
as previously reported	\$	8,211,765
GASB Statement No. 84		74,092
Restated net cash position		
at June 30, 2019	\$	8,285,857

Also, related to the implementation of GASB Statement No 84, the District reclassified their agency funds. At June 30, 2019 agency funds reported net cash position of \$55,798. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No 84, the new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net position of \$0. The OSHAA tournament fund had a deficit balance of \$11 that was reclassified as part of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

Additionally, related to the implementation of GASB Statement No 84, the District reclassified their private purpose trust funds. At June 30, 2019, private purpose trust funds reported a net cash position of \$18,283. Due to the reclassification, the District will no longer be reporting private purpose trust funds.

B. Compliance

Ohio Adm. Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to file annual financial reports, which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For fiscal year 2020, the District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38, the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2020 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u></u>	<u>Deficit</u>
IDEA Part B	\$	592
Title I Disadvantaged Children		7,428
Improving Teacher Quality		1,152
Miscellaneous Federal Grants		5.824

The deficit fund cash balances resulted from advance spending of approved grant monies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of the federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eight days and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse purchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash and cash equivalents with escrow agent

At fiscal year end, the District had \$9,000 in cash with escrow agent related to the District's facilities project. This amount is not included in the carrying amount of deposits described below.

B. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Protection of District cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$8,582,923 and the bank balance was \$8,603,426. Of the bank balance, \$1,001,633 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$7,601,793 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non- compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

C. Investments

Investments are reported at the cash purchase price (cost) value. As of June 30, 2020, the District has the following investments:

			Investment Maturity		
	Net Asset	6	months or		
<u>Investment type</u>	Value	less			
STAR Ohio	\$ 192,379	\$	192,379		

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The District's policy indicates that the investments must mature within five years, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District has no investment policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that no-load money market mutual funds must be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and STAR Ohio must maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount the district may invest in any one issuer.

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position - modified cash basis as of June 30, 2020:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 8,582,923
Investments	192,379
Cash with escrow agent	 9,000
Total	\$ 8,784,302
Cash and investments per financial statements	
Governmental activities	\$ 8,784,302
Total	\$ 8,784,302

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Cash and investments per note

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following:

<u>Transfers in</u>	<u>Transfers out</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Nonmajor governmental fund	General fund	\$ 12.375

Transfers are used to move cash receipts from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them and to use unrestricted cash receipts collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District operates on a fiscal year from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax receipts received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The Counties' Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020 are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second		2020 First	
	Half Collect	tions	Half Collect	tions
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 106,397,320	96.00	\$ 106,022,640	96.00
Public utility personal	4,428,780	4.00	4,705,410	4.00
Total	\$ 110,826,100	100.00	\$ 110,728,050	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$46.90		\$46.90	

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of 1.50% for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. One-half of the tax, .75%, was effective on January 1, 2008, renewed to be effective January 1, 2018, and will continue for five years. The other one-half of the tax, .75%, was effective on January 1, 2014 and will continue for seven years. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

For fiscal year 2020, the District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District contracted with Hylant Administrative Services, Inc. (Ohio School Plan) for fleet, liability insurance and property and inland marine coverage. Coverages include:

Building and Contents	(\$1,000 deductible)	\$43,124,243
Inland Marine Coverage:	(\$1,000 deductible)	
Electronic Data Processing		- included above
Musical Instruments Coverage		- included above
Boiler and Machinery		43,124,243
Automobile Liability		4,000,000
General Liability		
Per occurrence		4,000,000
Total per year		6,000,000
Umbrella		1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

Public officials' bond insurance is provided by the Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America.

The District participates in the Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (Program), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Program is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. A third party administrator (Sheakley Inc.) reviews each participant's claims experience and determines the rating tier for that participant. A common premium rate is applied to all participants in a given rating tier. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for their rating tier rather than its individual rate.

The District participates in the Hardin County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust (the Plan), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts. The District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for employee medical, dental, life insurance and vision benefits. The Plan is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Plan, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2020 were as follows:

Governmental activities:	 Balance 06/30/19	Addit	ions	<u>R</u>	eductions	Balance 06/30/20
2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds:	\$ 2,950,000	\$		\$	(690,000)	\$ 2,260,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,950,000	\$		\$	(690,000)	\$ 2,260,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – (Continued)

2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds: During fiscal year 2012, the District issued \$5,229,997 in refunding bonds for the purpose of repaying the classroom facilities improvement bonds issued in 2002. The new bond issue consists of \$4,835,000 in serial bonds and \$394,997 in capital appreciation bonds. The serial bonds have interest rates from 1% to 2.50% and yield rates of .5% to 2.55%, maturing each fiscal year beginning 2012 through 2017 and in 2019 through 2022. The capital appreciation bonds have a stated yield rate of 2.35%. The bonds were issued for a ten year period with final maturity of December 1, 2022. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund. The maturity value of the capital appreciation bonds, including accreted interest, is \$675,000.

The difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt and complete refunding was \$1,331,441. The economic gain resulting from the refunding was \$1,019,764.

The District's total voted legal debt margin was \$8,237,607 with an unvoted debt margin of \$110,728 at June 30, 2020.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds							
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total					
2021	\$ 720,000	\$ 44,520	\$ 764,520					
2022	770,000	28,105	798,105					
2023	770,000	9,625	779,625					
Total	\$ 2,260,000	\$ 82,250	\$ 2,342,250					

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above of below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$158,851 for fiscal year 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$653,014 for fiscal year 2020.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.03124560%	0.03844103%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.03243010%	0.03874995%	
Change in proportionate share	<u>0.00118450</u> %	<u>0.00030892</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 1,940,350	\$ 8,569,319	\$ 10,509,669

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial cost method

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current				
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)	(8.50%)
District's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$	2,719,124	\$	1,940,350	\$ 1,287,250

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Asset Class	TargetAllocation*	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 12,523,104	\$ 8,569,319	\$ 5,222,236	

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$18,786.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$18,786 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 20201. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability prior measurement date	0.0	03147530%	0.	03844103%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0)3295140 <u></u> %	0.	03874995 <u></u> %	
Change in proportionate share	0.0	00147610%	0.	00030892%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	828,658	\$	-	\$ 828,658
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(641,792)	\$ (641,792)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented as follows:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	% Decrease		count Rate	1	% Increase
		(2.22%)		(3.22%)		(4.22%)
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,005,834	\$	828,658	\$	687,783
				Current		
	19	% Decrease	T	rend Rate	1	% Increase
	(6.0	% decreasing	$(7.0^{\circ}$	% decreasing	(8.0)	% decreasing
	t	o 3.75 %)	to	4.75 %)	t	o 5.75 %)
District's proportionate share	ф		ф	020 650	Φ.	1 0 45 222
of the net OPEB liability	\$	663,923	\$	828,658	\$	1,047,222

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July 1, 2019		July 1	1, 2018	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 2	0 to	12.50% at age 20) to	
	2.50% at age 65	5	2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Decrease 6.45%)	Dis	Current count Rate (7.45%)		% Increase (8.45%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	547,642	\$	641,792	\$	720,951
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	727,763	\$	641,792	\$	536,499

NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative - The Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC) is a jointly governed organization among member school districts, including both public school districts and county boards of education, in Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Van Wert, Wood and Wyandot counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each school supports NOACSC based upon a per pupil charge. The Governing Board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county and one representative from the fiscal agent. The representatives from each county are elected by a majority vote of all county member schools.

Financial information can be obtained from Ray Burden, Director, at 4277 East Rd., Lima, Ohio 45808.

<u>Apollo Career Center</u> - The Apollo Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the eleven participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority.

To obtain financial information write to the Apollo Career Center, Maria Rellinger, who serves as Treasurer, at 3325 Shawnee Road, Lima, Ohio 45806.

NOTE 13 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

Ada Public Library - The Ada Public Library (the Library) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Ada Exempted Village School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - RELATED ORGANIZATION – (Continued)

Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Ada Public Library, Nancy Stauffer, Fiscal Officer, at 320 North Main, Ada, Ohio 45810.

NOTE 14 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

<u>Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust</u> - The Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust (the Trust) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven school districts, the Triad Local School District and the Ada Public Library.

The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501 (c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Trustee, Ohio Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Rick Combs, who serves as director, at P.O. Box 98, Dola, Ohio 45835.

Sheakley/Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio, Inc. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program - The District participates in the Sheakley/Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Inc. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program ("Program"), an insurance purchasing pool. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the program. The firm of Sheakley Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Program.

NOTE 15 - SET ASIDE DISCLOSURE

As stated in House Bill 412, revised in Senate Bill 345 and House Bill 30, school districts are required to maintain a reserve for capital acquisition and maintenance. A reserve represents resources whose use is limited because of contractual or statutory restrictions.

The following demonstrates the District's compliance with set-aside requirement in House Bill 30:

	C	Capital
	<u>Impr</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		158,971
Current year qualifying disbursements		-
Current year offsets		(158,971)
Total	\$	_
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2021	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	_

Proceeds from the sale of bonds or bond disbursements can be used to offset future years set aside requirements. The District is responsible for tracking the unused bond proceeds or disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund cash balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ŋ	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General fund	\$	126,823
Nonmajor governmental funds		25,385
Total	\$	152,208

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund is prepared on the budget basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget basis) rather than as part of the assigned fund balance (cash basis). The adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash and budget basis statements for the general fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	180,278
Adjustment for revenues		(2)
Adjustment for expenditures		4,265
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(4,264)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		13,264
Adjustment for encumbrances		123,272
Cash-basis	\$	316,813

Certain funds that are legally budged in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a modified cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, public school support fund and underground storage tank fund.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES – (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings. However, the outcome of any legal action is unknown at this time and the District is not able to estimate the financial impact, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end.

D. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The District's property taxes were reduced as follows under enterprise zone agreements:

Enterprise Zone Agreements	Amount of Fiscal Year <u>2020 Taxes Abated</u>
Harvest Pride Marimac Prop ATI	\$ 5,932 7,574
	\$ 29,193

The Village of Ada and Liberty Township entered into tax abatement agreements for the abatement of property tax to bring jobs and economic development into the area. The District received \$10,900 in compensation for the foregone property taxes.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ada Exempted Village School District Hardin County 725 West North Avenue Ada. Ohio 45810

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ada Exempted Village School District, Hardin County, (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2021, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Ada Exempted Village School District
Hardin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statement. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2020-001.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not subject the District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 11, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2020

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code §117.38(A) provides that each public office "shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office."

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response:

The District acknowledges this requirement but will continue to report on the cash basis in order to save resources for the District.

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ADA EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL

725 West North Avenue Ada, Ohio 45810-1013

Phone: 419-634-6421 Fax: 419-634-0311

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Finding was first reported during the audit of the 2003 financial statements. Ohio Rev. Code 117.38(A) and Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(B) for reporting on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles.	Not corrected. Repeated in this report as finding 2020-001	The District acknowledges this requirement but will continue to report on the cash basis in order to save resources for the district.



AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/25/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370