

City of Marysville, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017



Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marysville 209 S. Main Street Marysville, Ohio 43040

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Marysville, Union County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Marysville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

June 26, 2018



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Prepared by the Finance Department

Justin Nahvi Finance Director



TABLE OF CONTENTS

CITY OF MARYSVILLE UNION COUNTY, OHIO

Ι	Introdu	CTORY SECTION
	A B C D	Letter of Transmittal
H	FINANC	TIAL SECTION
	A B C	Independent Auditor's Report
		Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet
		Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
		Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):
		General Fund
		Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position
		Statement of Net Position
		Statement of Cash Flows
		Fiduciary Funds:
		Statement of Assets and Liabilities
		Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

D	Required Supplemental Information:	
	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	92
	Schedule of City Contributions	93
	Notes to the Required Supplemental Information	94
E	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
	Nonmajor Governmental Financial Statements:	
	Combining Balance Sheet	102
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	103
	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	
	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	120
	Individual Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
	Major Governmental Funds:	
	General Fund	122
	Capital Projects Fund:	
	Capital Improvement Projects (CIP) Fund	126
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
	Special Revenue Funds:	
	Veyance Incentive Fund	127
	Univenture Financial Incentive Fund	128
	Enterprise Zone Revenue Fund	129
	Street Tree Fund	130
	Pool Fund	131
	City Events Fund	132
	Police Pension Fund	133
	Fire Pension Fund	134
	Police Grant Fund	135
	Fire Great Fund	126

Nonmajor Governmental Funds: (Continued)	
Street Maintenance Fund	137
Law Enforcement Trust Fund	138
Mandatory Drug Fine Fund	139
Driving Under the Influence (DUI)	
Alcohol Education And Enforcement Fund	140
Driving Under the Influence (DUI) Indigent Drivers Treatment Fund	141
State Highway Fund	142
Court Computer and Research Fund	143
Municipal Court Computer Fund	144
Municipal Court Special Projects Fund	145
Court Probation Fee Fund	146
Eljer Park Fund	147
Cemetery Maintenance Fund	148
Cemetery Endowment Fund	149
Municipal Court Local Interlock Fund	150
Municipal Court State Interlock Fund	151
2009 Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) Grant Fund	152
Federal Law Enforcement Fund	1.50
1 Cuciui Euri Emicicoment I una	153
Debt Service Funds:	153
Debt Service Funds:	154
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund	154
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund	154
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund Capital Projects Funds:	154155
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund Capital Projects Funds: Parkland Development Fund	154 155 156
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund Capital Projects Funds: Parkland Development Fund ODNR Grant Fund	154 155 156 157
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund Capital Projects Funds: Parkland Development Fund ODNR Grant Fund OPWC Grant Fund	154 155 156 157 158
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund Capital Projects Funds: Parkland Development Fund ODNR Grant Fund OPWC Grant Fund Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Formula Grant Fund	154 155 156 157 158 159
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund	154 155 156 157 158 159 160
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund Capital Projects Funds: Parkland Development Fund ODNR Grant Fund OPWC Grant Fund Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Formula Grant Fund Pedestrian Bridge Fund Safe Routes to School Grant Fund	154155156157158159160161
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Fund	154155156157158159160161



STATISTICAL SECTION

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Years	S 2
Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Years	S 4
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S 8
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S 10
Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S 14
Income Tax Collections- Current Year and Nine Years Ago	S 17
Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type - Last Ten Years	S 18
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Years	S 20
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to	
Governmental Activities - Current Year	S 23
Debt Limitations - Last Ten Years	S 24
Pledged Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Years	S 26
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years	S 28
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	S 31
Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function - Last Ten Years	S 32
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years	S 34
Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Last Ten Years	S 36

Introductory Section





CITY OF MARYSVILLE

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June 12, 2018

To the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Marysville, Ohio:

We are pleased to present the <u>Comprehensive Annual Financial Report</u> (CAFR) of the City of Marysville, Ohio, (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2017. The report has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) established by statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), other authoritative pronouncements and guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada, and audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS). GAAP requires a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis called the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) to accompany the basic financial statements. This Letter of Transmittal (LOT) is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE REPORT

State law, along with Administrative Rules of the Auditor of State, requires all City governments to publish an Annual Report within 150 days of the close of each fiscal year. This report must present a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with GAAP. Various City debt service Trust Agreements require Audited Annual Reports in accordance with GAAS. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue the CAFR of the City of Marysville, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of a CAFR, it represents a commitment by the City, and its officers, to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and reliability of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with City management.

City Management has established various internal controls designed to compile reliable information for the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's various internal controls are designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity have been presented.

The firm of Plattenburg, Certified Public Accountants (independent auditor) has audited the financial statements of the City. The objective of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the year ended December 31, 2017, are free from misstatement. The audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor issued an unmodified opinion that the basic financial statements are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP, in all material respects, representing the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2017. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF MARYSVILLE

City Overview

The City of Marysville is an independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio and operates subject to the provisions of its charter, the Ohio Constitution, and various sections of the Revised Code. As a homerule municipality, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government under Article XVIII, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution. The City is the county seat of Union County (the County), and it offers the advantages of a metropolitan area combined with the charm of a rural, smaller community. Settled along Mill Creek early in the 1820's, the City encompasses approximately 16 square miles of territory and serves as the hub for the County.

Effective January 1, 2016, the form of government provided by the charter of the City switched from the "mayor-director-council form of government" to the "council-manager form of government." Legislative authority is exercised by a seven-member City Council (the "Council") that meets regularly on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Three members of Council are elected from the City at large and four are elected from each of four wards. Council members serve overlapping terms of four years. At the first meeting of each year, the Council elects one of its members to serve as Mayor and one to serve as Vice-Mayor, each for a term of one year.

Marysville is located approximately 25 miles northwest of Columbus, the State capital, on U.S. 33, a major highway. Other principal highways in Marysville are U.S. Route 36 and State Routes 4, 31, 38, 245 and 736. The City's central location is among its greatest assets because it makes travel quick and convenient for residents.

As the largest city in the County, Marysville is the home of both large and small industries, and its diversified business base helps provide a desirable quality of life. Few communities of its size in the country have enjoyed the international spotlight that has focused on the City, largely as a result of the Honda of America Manufacturing, Inc. automobile assembly facilities. Other major industries located in the City include The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company (lawn care products), Veyance Technologies (formerly The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company), Univenture (manufacturer), Nestlé Product Technology Center (food research and development), and Parker Hannifin –Hydraulic Pump Division (manufacturer).

The City of Marysville provides a host of traditional municipal services including police and fire protection, parks and recreation, operation of a municipal court, street maintenance and other governmental services. In addition, the City owns and operates water and sewer systems to serve consumers within the City and certain immediately adjacent environs.

The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus; an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," in that the financial statements include all of the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (The Reporting Entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the City has no component units, but includes the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, engineering, street maintenance, provision of water and wastewater treatment services, refuse collection (on a contractual basis) and other governmental services.

Budgetary and Accounting Controls

The City's budgetary accounting system was designed to provide reasonable assurance that:

- 1. The City's assets are protected against loss and unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. Reliable financial reports for preparing financial statements and providing accountability for assets are maintained.

The concept of reasonable assurance states that internal controls should be evaluated using the following criteria:

- 1. The expense associated with providing the internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their implementation; and
- 2. The evaluation of the offsetting costs and benefits involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and members of the finance office.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. It is the belief of the administrative and financial management personnel that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary internal controls are maintained to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget by City Council. The activity of all funds is included in the annual appropriation budget. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system to maintain budgetary control. The control is maintained through the encumbering of estimated purchases through the use of formal approved purchase orders. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at year-end, unused encumbrances are carried over to the following year. The Administration, Mayor, and City Council receive a monthly report of amounts in the City's bank accounts reconciled to the amounts on the City's internal records. In addition, the Administration, Mayor, and City Council receive a monthly report comparing budgeted and actual revenue and expenditure.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues meeting its responsibility for sound financial management.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Marysville, once a predominantly agricultural area, has transformed into a young and robust municipality. Much of this economic development has been in the area of manufacturing and relates to its two largest corporations – Honda of America Mfg., Inc. and The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company. The first Honda facility (motorcycle production) was built in the late 1970's with two other large facilities (automobile, research and development) constructed in the 1980's outside the City, but within the County, and serves as a major employer for the City's residents. The Scotts Miracle-Grow Company, founded in Marysville in 1868, employs approximately 1,100 people and maintains its World and North American Headquarters as well as its main manufacturing facility in the City.

Industrial developments within the City limits are predominately clustered in the southeastern portion of the City along Industrial Parkway to the north and south of Scottslawn Road. A significant amount of vacant farmland and potential development sites are also found in this area, including the new 33 Innovation Park. A small number of industrial businesses also continue to operate closer to the city's center. Office and research and development facilities occur on small sites throughout the city. The largest existing research and development facility, the Nestle Product Technology Center, employs approximately 250 people and is located on Collins Avenue. However, other research and development facilities are operated by The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company, ContiTech, Parker Hannifin, and Honda of America Mfg., Inc.

Retail developments such as Coleman's Crossing, City Gate, and Bethel Woods, offer several hundred acres of commercial development. These developments are located along US 33, making Marysville a regional shopping destination. Several big box retailers such as Home Depot, Wal-Mart, Lowe's, Meijer, and Kroger Marketplace have called Marysville home for the past several years. These businesses have spurred additional retail and commercial development in the area and more businesses are currently being planned.

Marysville provides a wide range of residential options throughout the community, from upscale, executive homes to traditional suburban homes, as well as the historic residential area in the neighborhood known as Olde Town Marysville. The sharp increase in population over the last 10 years has been the catalyst for several large residential developments, including Mill Valley and Scott Farms to the north of US 33 as well as the Green Pastures subdivision in the western portion of the City. Several other residential developments are located along State Route 4/US 36 and State Route 38 in the southwest area of the City.

Uptown Marysville, which includes the historic central business district, is composed of a mix of residential, retail, and office uses in the blocks surrounding the intersection of Fifth and Main streets. Team Marysville, an association of Marysville officials, business owners, and residents established in 2012, continues to work toward improving the economic condition of the city's prized Uptown District.

The City of Marysville, Union County, and the Marysville Exempted Village School District joined together to create the Council of Governments. By pooling resources among the governmental units, the entities will be able to save thousands of taxpayer dollars initially leading to bigger savings in the future.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

2017 brought continued economic growth for the City of Marysville thanks to a strong and diverse business community and recovering national economy. Union County's average unemployment rate of 3.5% is consistently lower than the State of Ohio and United States. The City's economy remained stable and continued to expand as evidenced by several commercial, industrial, and residential new builds and expansions.

Some of the economic development highlights from 2017 include:

- In the summer of 2017, the City of Marysville completed Phase I of Innovation Way within the 33 Innovation Park. Purchased by the City in 2016, the 33 Innovation Park focuses on attracting high-quality employers, particularly those in the Advanced Manufacturing, Research & Development, Agribusiness, Logistics & E-Commerce, and Corporate Office sectors. The park offers various building lot arrangements and an enhanced level of design standards that focus on exterior appearance, building materials, amenities, and streetscapes.
- In November 2016, Governor John Kasich announced a \$15 million investment to make a 35-mile stretch of US-33 between Dublin and East Liberty into a proving ground for autonomous and connected vehicles. Phase I of the project, which was completed in fall 2017, included the installation of fiber optic cable along US-33. In 2018, Phase II will add an additional 42 miles of fiber along Industrial Parkway and Northwest Parkway from Dublin to the Honda campus. Combined, these two fiber segments will offer multiple options for high-speed and redundant fiber optic service for users that require the movement of large amounts of data across multiple platforms.
- In late 2016, the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) announced a \$5.9 million grant to the cities of Marysville and Dublin, and Union County for the advancement of the NW 33 Smart Mobility Corridor project. The USDOT grant will provide funding for Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) along the corridor as well as all 27 traffic signals within the City of Marysville for connected vehicle and autonomous vehicle testing and research. Once completed, the network will allow automotive testing, R&D, and manufacturing facilities to test smart transportation and autonomous vehicle technologies on US 33 as well as establishing Marysville as the first fully connected, rural community in the world.

- The NW 33 Innovation Corridor Council of Governments (COG) continues to oversee and manage the development of the NW 33 Innovation Corridor. Its overall purpose is to review, evaluate, and make recommendations relative to the planning and programming, and the location, financing, and scheduling of public facility projects within the region that affects the development of the US-33 Corridor area. Members of the COG include the cities of Marysville and Dublin, Union County, and the Marysville-Union County Port Authority. In addition, the Council of Governments the Spotlight Dublin Award from the Dublin Chamber of Commerce in relation to the organization's efforts to develop the corridor.
- An update to the Parks and Recreation Master Plan was completed by Pros Consulting. The main
 goals of the update were to engage the community, utilize a wide variety of data sources and best
 practices, determine a unique level of service standards, shape financial and operational
 preparedness, develop a dynamic and development a realistic strategic action plan for the City's
 park amenities.
- After several years of planning, the MTC Mobile Training Lab was delivered in December 2017. The MTC Mobile Training Lab Program is a cooperative program spearheaded by the economic development offices of Champaign, Logan, and Union Counties, Marion Technical College, Ohio Board of Regents, and several private sector partners. The MTC Mobile Training Lab is a self-contained, manufacturing training lab with state-of-the-art equipment designed to offer local employers a fully customizable, on-site training experience.
- Team Marysville continued to expand its revitalization program in 2017. The group conducted retention visits to downtown merchants and coordinated several special community outreach events. Additionally, the group undertook several efforts to build internal capacity, including the adoption of bylaws, adoption of mission & vision statements, formation of a Board of Trustees, election of officers and the creation of a Leadership Team, revision to the committee structure, adoption of Guiding Principles, and conducting a strategic workshop with the City of Marysville.
- 2017 saw the second graduating class of The Young Entrepreneurs Academy of Union County (YEA). YEA is a year-long class that transforms local middle and high school students into entrepreneurs. Throughout the class, students develop business ideas, write business plans, conduct market research, pitch their plans to a panel of investors, and launch their own companies and social movements. The inaugural class graduated 18 students, representing 12 businesses.

FUTURE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community and economic development are a priority to the City to ensure a vibrant economy and top-notch quality of life. Through the sharing of public and private resources and forging of new partnerships, the City continues to be a catalyst in the development and revitalization of the community. To further guide future growth and development, the City and its economic development partners recently completed a new Community Comprehensive Plan, 33 Smart Mobility Corridor Economic Development Strategy, and an update to the City's Economic Development Strategic Plan.

33 Smart Mobility Corridor Initiatives – As the US 33 corridor is one of the fastest growing corridors in Ohio, numerous projects are underway including the Crossroads Area Plan, NW 33 Innovation Corridor Fiber Collaborative, OSU Smart Mobility Initiative, and the NW 33 Development Team Meetings. Planning and studying this area is crucial to the overall future success of the region.

Joint Economic Development District — Work continues to establish a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) between the City of Marysville and neighboring townships. The JEDDs, if established, will allow the above entities to fund important infrastructure upgrades (roadway, water/sewer, etc.).

Commercial Development – With residential development returning to pre-recession levels, so has the interest for commercial and retail development. New businesses have announced plans to open in the City or are already under construction. This includes the Blue Bird Retirement Community, Walnut Crossing Assisted Living & Memory Care, Primrose School of Marysville, Moo Moo Express Car Wash, Stir Fresh Asian Bistro, and Burger King. The development of four new hotels including Comfort Inn & Suites and Fairfield Inn & Suites, is also expected in 2018-2019. Additionally, several hundred acres of prime commercial and office property has become available in Coleman's Crossing, Bethel Woods, and Cook's Pointe.

Marysville Avalon Theater – Efforts to renovate and re-open the historic Avalon Theatre in Uptown Marysville continue. The 1936 theatre has been vacant since 2009 and is in need of substantial structural repair and modernization. The building's owners have secured a prospective theatre management team and continue to work with the City and State to identify funding sources. In April it was announced that the Avalon Uptown Theatre Project would receive \$350,000 in funding from the Ohio Capital Budget Appropriations Bill. This funding, together with other pledged amounts received, brings the project to nearly 30% of its needed funding level.

Economic Development Marketing – The economic development website underwent a substantial update in 2017. The update included the addition of translation services to assist non-English readers with navigating the website. This was done as a direct result of Marysville's burgeoning Japanese community. In addition, special websites were created for the 33 Innovation Park and the 33 Smart Mobility Corridor. A website for the newly-launched Union County Trails & Greenway Working Group (known as "Let's Roll, Union County!") will be completed in early 2018. Marketing efforts also included the creation of an economic development-related Facebook page.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Independent Audit

Included in this report is an unqualified audit opinion rendered on the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, issued by Plattenburg, Certified Public Accountants. City management plans to continue to subject the financial statements to an annual independent audit as part of the preparation of a CAFR, and to meet requirements of certain Revenue Trust Agreements on Revenue Debt. In addition, an annual audit serves to maintain and strengthen the City's accounting and budgetary controls.

Public Disclosure

The publication of this CAFR is indicative of the City's commitment to provide significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to its citizens. In addition to the citizens of Marysville, the recipients of this report include city, state, federal offices, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks and rating agencies. The report is made available to any person or organization requesting it. The extensive effort to prepare and distribute this report is indicative of the continued efforts of the City to improve its overall financial accounting, management and reporting capabilities.

Acknowledgments

Sincere appreciation is extended to the many individuals who have worked diligently and contributed significant time and effort in gathering data for this report, particularly the staff of Donald J. Schonhardt & Associates, Inc., who through their continued knowledge and professionalism help make this annual project become a reality.

A special thank you is extended to the Members of City Council and the City Departments for the support and trust shown to the Administration and the Finance Department and for allocating the resources and time for the development of this report, which demonstrates the City's commitment to conform to reporting requirements established for municipal governments, and to maintain the sound financial position the City has enjoyed for many years. A final thank you goes to the Citizens of Marysville, Ohio, who continue to support the many decisions made by the City in its financial operations.

Finally, we would especially like to recognize City staff, all of whom exhibited dedication and professionalism throughout the many hours required in preparing this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Justin Nahvi

Director of Finance

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City of Marysville, Ohio

Terry Emery City Manager

City of Marysville, Ohio



List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

ELECTED OFFICIALS	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
J.R. Rausch	Council President	12/31/17
Nevin Taylor	Council Vice-President	12/31/19
Alan Seymour	Council Member	12/31/19
Henk Berbee	Council Member	12/31/17
Deborah Groat	Council Member	12/31/19
Mark Reams	Council Member	12/31/17
Tracy Richardson	Council Member	12/31/19
ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL		TERM OF OFFICE
Terry Emery	City Manager	Appointed
Justin Nahvi	Director of Finance	Appointed

Law Director

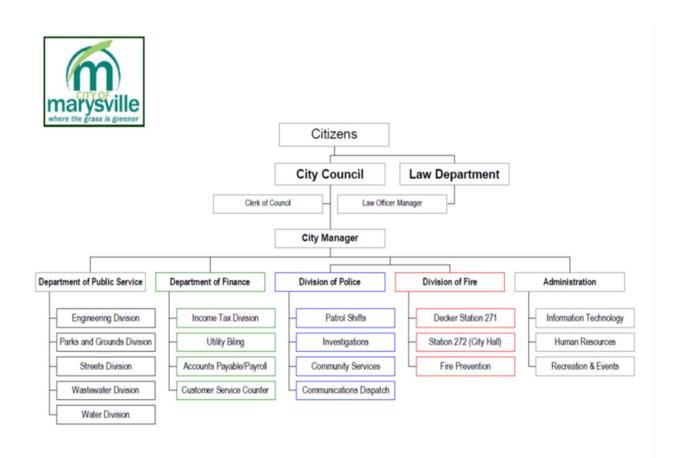
12/31/17

City Address:

Marysville City Hall 209 South Main Street Marysville, Ohio 43040

Tim M. Aslaner

City Organizational Chart For the Year Ended December 31, 2017



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marysville

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marysville (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 12, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio
June 12, 2018



Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Marysville's (City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- □ In total, net position increased \$6,105,255, a 5.3% increase from 2016. The net position of governmental activities decreased \$474,091, a slight decrease from 2016; and the net position of business-type activities increased \$6,579,346 from 2016.
- □ Total revenues were \$58,993,995. \$27.3 million was general revenues, or 46% of the total revenues; and \$31.7 million was program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions, or roughly 54% of the total revenues.
- □ The City had \$28.9 million in program expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4.9 million of these expenses were offset by program specific revenues. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$23.6 million were adequate to provide for the balance on these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the General Fund had \$24 million in revenues and \$17.5 million in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance, including transfers, decreased \$438,583 to \$9,427,519.
- □ Net position for the proprietary funds increased by \$6,579,346.
- ☐ The City maintained a bond credit rating of Aa3, as issued by Moody's Investors Services.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Unaudited

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accepted methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net-position (the difference between the City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, conditions of the City's streets and general infrastructure and status of growth within the City.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including security of persons and property, public health and welfare services, leisure time activities, community environment, transportation and general government.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water, sewer, stormwater and sanitation services are reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Unaudited

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Fiduciary Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a comparison of net position between 2017 and 2016:

	Governmental		Business-type				
	Activities		Activ	Activities		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and other assets	\$22,273,115	\$20,380,433	\$51,457,780	\$41,840,966	\$73,730,895	\$62,221,399	
Capital assets, Net	70,207,782	69,771,847	187,774,290	192,390,281	257,982,072	262,162,128	
Total assets	92,480,897	90,152,280	239,232,070	234,231,247	331,712,967	324,383,527	
Deferred outflows of resources	5,798,769	6,318,373	6,087,037	5,962,259	11,885,806	12,280,632	
Net pension liability	22,807,669	21,645,124	3,762,845	2,975,501	26,570,514	24,620,625	
Other long-term liabilities	27,933,392	27,837,476	156,139,648	159,684,525	184,073,040	187,522,001	
Other liabilities	6,294,659	6,079,082	2,266,361	944,911	8,561,020	7,023,993	
Total liabilities	57,035,720	55,561,682	162,168,854	163,604,937	219,204,574	219,166,619	
Deferred inflows of resources	3,725,372	2,916,306	39,831	57,493	3,765,203	2,973,799	
Net position (deficit):							
Net investment in capital assets	39,732,395	38,722,222	36,233,245	33,175,505	75,965,640	71,897,727	
Restricted	4,718,106	4,328,948	4,162,899	4,983,330	8,881,005	9,312,278	
Unrestricted	(6,931,927)	(5,058,505)	42,714,278	38,372,241	35,782,351	33,313,736	
Total net position	\$37,518,574	\$37,992,665	\$83,110,422	\$76,531,076	\$120,628,996	\$114,523,741	

Unaudited

Changes in Net position – The following table shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2017 and 2016:

	Governmental Activities		Business- Activiti		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$3,567,803	\$3,682,541	\$26,818,369	\$26,923,590	\$30,386,172	\$30,606,131
Operating Grants and Contributions	894,694	926,520	0	0	894,694	926,520
Capital Grants and Contributions	428,165	934,011	21,677	0	449,842	934,011
General revenues:						
Property Taxes	1,609,037	1,551,468	0	0	1,609,037	1,551,468
Municipal Income Taxes	18,830,805	17,664,505	0	0	18,830,805	17,664,505
Other Local Taxes	384,028	456,741	0	0	384,028	456,741
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,832,342	1,736,882	3,721,459	3,272,352	5,553,801	5,009,234
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted						
to Specific Programs	115,131	244,263	0	0	115,131	244,263
Investment Earnings	140,947	29,111	308,880	111,654	449,827	140,765
Miscellaneous	320,658	588,110	0	0	320,658	588,110
Total revenues	28,123,610	27,814,152	30,870,385	30,307,596	58,993,995	58,121,748
Program Expenses:						
Security of Persons and Property	13,706,093	13,511,380	0	0	13,706,093	13,511,380
Public Health and Welfare Services	431,163	331,180	0	0	431,163	331,180
Leisure Time Activities	446,269	407,116	0	0	446,269	407,116
Community Environment	3,011,885	1,936,951	0	0	3,011,885	1,936,951
Transportation	3,874,024	5,216,711	0	0	3,874,024	5,216,711
General Government	6,478,340	4,895,555	0	0	6,478,340	4,895,555
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,022,991	1,040,563	0	0	1,022,991	1,040,563
Sewer	0	0	15,359,155	15,005,676	15,359,155	15,005,676
Water	0	0	6,169,630	6,071,788	6,169,630	6,071,788
Stormwater	0	0	810,021	752,302	810,021	752,302
Sanitation	0	0	1,579,169	1,470,201	1,579,169	1,470,201
Total expenses	28,970,765	27,339,456	23,917,975	23,299,967	52,888,740	50,639,423
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	(847,155)	474,696	6,952,410	7,007,629	6,105,255	7,482,325
Transfers	373,064	0	(373,064)	0	0	0
Total Change in Net Position	(474,091)	474,696	6,579,346	7,007,629	6,105,255	7,482,325
Beginning Net Position, Restated	37,992,665	37,517,969	76,531,076	69,523,447	114,523,741	107,041,416
Ending Net Position	\$37,518,574	\$37,992,665	\$83,110,422	\$76,531,076	\$120,628,996	\$114,523,741

Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Net position of the City's governmental activities had a decrease of \$474,091 from 2016. Municipal income tax receipts increased \$1,166,300 from 2016 due to an increase in business employer withholdings, employer withholdings and self-employed taxes. The City receives an income tax based on a percentage of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation earned from residents living within the City and from nonresidents for work done or services performed or rendered in the City.

Charges for Services decreased by \$114,738 from 2016. This was primarily due to a decrease in General Fund revenue associated with inspective fees collected in the 2017 fiscal year.

Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$505,846 from 2016 due to the City receiving capital grants in 2016 from the Ohio Public Works Commission for the annual paving maintenance program.

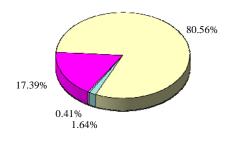
Security of Persons and Property expenses increased \$194,713 from 2016. This increase is related to increase in expenses associated with the Fire Division. The Fire Division transitioned three part time fire fighter positions into a full time status during the 2017 fiscal year.

Transportation expenses decreased \$1,342,687 from 2016. This expense category represents the activity of the public works department. This increase is primarily due to more road improvements occurring in 2017 as compared to 2016.

General Government expenses increased \$1,582,785 from 2016. This is associated with the increases in expenditures as previously noted from the Security of Persons and Property as well as Transportation.

Property taxes and income taxes made up 5.7% and 70% respectively of revenues for governmental activities for the City in fiscal year 2017. The City's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph indicating 80.56% of total revenues from general tax revenues:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2017	of Total
Grants and Entitlements not		
Restricted to Specific Programs	\$115,131	0.41%
Program Revenues	4,890,662	17.39%
General Tax Revenues	22,656,212	80.56%
General Other	461,605	1.64%
Total Revenue	\$28,123,610	100.00%



Unaudited

Business-Type Activities

Net position of the business-type activities increased by \$6,579,346 from 2016. This is due in part to an increase of \$4,203,736 in the net position of Water.

The City's business-type activities are its sanitation, sewer, water, and stormwater departments. The water and wastewater treatment plants provide services to a resident base in excess of 23,000. The City also provides wastewater treatment for the Village of Milford Center and several small unincorporated areas outside the City limits. The wastewater treatment plant generated operating revenues of \$14,346,619 and had operating expenses of \$10,345,600. The water plant generated operating revenues of \$10,179,773 and had operating expenses of \$5,529,142. The City's goal is to cover the costs of operations as well as building a cash balance in these funds equivalent to one-third of the department's annual operating budget. The City is also generating funds for additional capital expansion to ensure continued capacity and capacity improvements for future growth and development.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$10,067,892, which is an increase of \$1,231,406 from last year's balance of \$8,836,486. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of December 31, 2017 and 2016:

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	(Decrease)
General	\$9,427,519	\$9,866,102	(\$438,583)
Capital Improvements Project (CIP)	(2,516,958)	(4,490,705)	1,973,747
Other Governmental	3,157,331	3,461,089	(303,758)
Total	\$10,067,892	\$8,836,486	\$1,231,406

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance decreased due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities of the General Fund:

	2017	2016	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Taxes (Income, Property and Other)	\$20,346,700	\$19,442,027	\$904,673
Intergovernmental Revenue	348,210	425,821	(77,611)
Charges for Services	2,285,732	2,322,013	(36,281)
Licenses and Permits	151,919	155,816	(3,897)
Investment Earnings	121,774	21,041	100,733
Fines and Forfietures	666,790	782,638	(115,848)
All Other Revenue	127,154	7,673	119,481
Total	\$24,048,279	\$23,157,029	\$891,250

Unaudited

General Fund revenues in 2017 increased approximately 3.8% compared to revenues in fiscal year 2016. The most significant factor contributing to this increase was in taxes reflecting the overall increase in business, employee withholdings, and self-employed income taxes.

	2017	2016	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
Security of Persons and Property	\$11,106,986	\$11,485,113	(\$378,127)
Public Health and Welfare Services	413,767	335,411	78,356
Community Environment	1,039,969	780,002	259,967
General Government	4,918,232	4,013,563	904,669
Total	\$17,478,954	\$16,614,089	\$864,865

General Fund expenditures increased by \$864,865 or about 5.2% when compared to the prior year of 2016. The largest increase was in General Government, an increase of \$904,669. This is associated with additional capital improvement expenditures associated with General Government operations for 2017.

The Capital Improvement Project (CIP) fund balance increased \$1,973,747 from 2016. This is due to receiving more property tax and expending less in debt expenditures in 2017.

Unaudited

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2017 the City amended its General Fund budget several times.

In the General Fund, the final budget basis for revenue was \$24.1 million, slightly higher than the original conservative budget estimates of \$22.6 million. Municipal Income Tax revenues exceeded the final budget mainly due to an increase in employer withheld taxes and self-employed residents. Also, the General Fund originally budgeted \$21.3 million for expenditures, including transfers, and the final budgeted expenditures were approximately \$24.7 million. Transfer out exceeded the original budget as the City was able to not only expend more funds on capital projects and but also reduce principal payments on outstanding debt.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2017 the City had \$257,982,072 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, improvements, infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. Of this total, \$70,207,782 was related to governmental activities and \$187,774,290 to the business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2017 and 2016 balances:

	Governmental Activities		Increase (Decrease)
	2017	2016	
Land	\$6,308,349	\$6,232,344	\$76,005
Construction in Progress	2,478,350	2,526,801	(48,451)
Buildings	29,407,526	29,382,463	25,063
Improvements Other Than Buildings	7,840,288	7,232,346	607,942
Machinery and Equipment	2,808,291	2,015,629	792,662
Vehicles	6,530,149	6,183,207	346,942
Infrastructure	95,560,495	92,803,084	2,757,411
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(80,725,666)	(76,604,027)	(4,121,639)
Totals	\$70,207,782	\$69,771,847	\$435,935

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Unaudited

	Business- Activit	Increase (Decrease)	
	2017	Reclassed 2016	
Land	\$4,195,515	\$4,195,515	\$0
Construction in Progress	5,537,068	4,616,495	920,573
Buildings	108,182,972	108,182,972	0
Improvements Other Than Buildings	28,165,605	28,092,232	73,373
Machinery and Equipment	2,935,991	2,518,705	417,286
Vehicles	2,283,692	2,246,169	37,523
Infrastructure	104,422,710	104,063,546	359,164
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(67,949,263)	(61,525,353)	(6,423,910)
Totals	\$187,774,290	\$192,390,281	(\$4,615,991)

Governmental Activities' increases were associated with investments in replacement vehicles, operating equipment within the Public Service departments and IT equipment. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 10.

Debt

At December 31, 2017, the City had \$178.4 million in bonds outstanding, \$5.2 million due within one year. The following table summarizes the City's debt outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and 2016:

	2017	2016
Governmental Activities:		
Bond Anticipation Note	\$2,000,000	\$0
General Obligation Bonds	23,147,971	24,864,846
Long-Term Loan	900,000	1,010,000
Compensated Absences	1,630,683	1,522,851
Capital Leases	254,738	439,779
Net Pension Liability	22,807,669	21,645,124
Total Governmental Activities	50,741,061	49,482,600
Business-Type Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$9,865,000	\$10,070,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	145,383,599	148,730,821
OPWC Loans Payable	384,387	413,955
Compensated Absences	506,662	469,749
Net Pension Liability	3,762,845	2,975,501
Total Business-Type Activities	159,902,493	162,660,026
Totals	\$210,643,554	\$212,142,626

The general obligation bonds supported by governmental activities were for multiple City improvements financed with bond anticipation notes during the late 1990s. Many of these projects were for the extension of infrastructure and services to the large annexation of land in 1998. These monies were also used to refurbish several City streets (Grove Street, Raymond Road) and for the construction of the Public Service Center. These bonds will be repaid by the general operating revenues (income and property taxes) of the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Unaudited

The general obligation bonds supported by business-type activities were for plant expansion and renovation of the water and sewer utilities. These bonds were retired from the City's Water and Sewer funds during 2013. The mortgage revenue bonds were issued primarily for (1) refinancing the purchase of the water treatment plant, vehicles, and related infrastructure from the Ohio Water Company in 1991, (2) refinancing the expansion of the wastewater treatment plant in 1992, (3) infrastructure expansion required by the large annexation of land in 1998, and (4) construction of a Water Reclamation Facility and trunk sewer in 2006 through 2009. These bonds are paid by water and sewer revenues collected from the City's utility customers for provision of water for consumption and wastewater treatment. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 15.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

From August to October of the current year, the City's five-year budget is prepared. This process starts with the budgeted current figures and attempts to revise these figures (if applicable) for the remainder of the year. Predictions are made for the next five years based on assumptions provided by the Administration. The five-year budget takes a long-term look at the direction of the City. Each department director prepares the budgeted expenditures that relate to the applicable department. The finance department prepares the budgeted revenues. The City Administrator and Mayor then review all figures in detail, and changes are made as necessary.

The budget is then presented to City Council during a workshop, typically held in late October. City Council reviews the proposed revenues and expenditures for each fund. Changes are then made as necessary. The final budget is then presented to City Council for their approval.

City Council continues to pursue new revenue sources, while reviewing the possibility of increasing existing sources. A close watch of current economic conditions is an ongoing process each year to determine if increased revenues, or reductions in expenditures, are necessary in order to maintain fiscal stability.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to reflect the City's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to Justin Nahvi, City Finance Director, 209 South Main Street, Marysville, Ohio, 43040, (937) 645-7364, or e-mail at jnahvi@marysvilleohio.org.



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,523,268	\$ 38,832,160	\$	52,355,428
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		112,306	0		112,306
Investments		0	820,293		820,293
Receivables:					
Municipal Income Taxes		3,581,467	0		3,581,467
Accounts		586,017	3,693,550		4,279,567
Intergovernmental		685,174	799		685,973
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		1,756,608	3,797,000		5,553,608
Interest		0	28,050		28,050
Property Taxes		1,779,487	0		1,779,487
Special Assessments		100,217	0		100,217
Prepaid Items		148,571	123,029		271,600
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		0	4,162,899		4,162,899
Capital Assets:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		8,786,699	9,732,583		18,519,282
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		61,421,083	178,041,707		239,462,790
Total Assets		92,480,897	239,232,070		331,712,967
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Pension		5,798,769	1,449,717		7,248,486
Deferred Loss on Early Retirement of Debt		0	4,637,320		4,637,320
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,798,769	6,087,037		11,885,806
	-	2,770,707	 0,007,037		11,000,000
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		1,616,340	1,152,216		2,768,556
Accrued Wages and Benefits		190,528	50,768		241,296
Intergovernmental Payable		179,752	34,319		214,071
Contracts Payable		129,096	465,550		594,646
Retainage Payable		129,936	79,829		209,765
Accrued Interest Payable		164,007	483,679		647,686
General Obligation Notes Payable		3,885,000	0		3,885,000
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year		4,965,459	3,735,017		8,700,476
Net Pension Liability		22,807,669	3,762,845		26,570,514
Due in More Than One Year		22,967,933	152,404,631		175,372,564
Total Liabilities		57,035,720	 162,168,854		219,204,574
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		3,501,207	0		3,501,207
Pension		224,165	39,831		263,996
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	3,725,372	39,831		3,765,203
	-	-,,,	 		-, -,-

	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			Total		
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	39,732,395		36,233,245		75,965,640		
Restricted For:							
Capital Projects	1,526,304		0		1,526,304		
Debt Service	593,957	4,162,899		593,957 4,162,899			4,756,856
Street Repair and Maintenance	413,295		0		413,295		
State Highway Improvements	88,812		0		88,812		
Court Improvements	1,207,473		0		1,207,473		
Alcohol Education and Enforcement	201,476	0			201,476		
Other Purposes	686,789		0		686,789		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 (6,931,927)		42,714,278		35,782,351		
Total Net Position	\$ 37,518,574	\$	83,110,422	\$	120,628,996		

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Program Revenues					
		Charges for		Operating		Cap	ital Grants
		S	ervices and	G	rants and	and Contributions	
	Expenses		Sales	Con	ntributions		
Governmental Activities:	 						
Security of Persons and Property - Police	\$ 6,099,800	\$	6,642	\$	19,838	\$	0
Security of Persons and Property - Fire	6,650,303		1,070,964		3,114		0
Security of Persons and Property - Other	955,990		892,604		0		0
Public Health and Welfare Services	431,163		80,133		0		0
Leisure Time Activities	446,269		1,273,458		0		0
Community Environment	3,011,885		0		20,772		143,587
Transportation	3,874,024		39,260		850,970		284,578
General Government	6,478,340		204,742		0		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 1,022,991		0		0		0
Total Governmental Activities	28,970,765		3,567,803		894,694		428,165
Business-Type Activities:							
Sewer	15,359,155		14,346,619		0		0
Water	6,169,630		10,179,773		0		21,677
Stormwater	810,021		937,476		0		0
Sanitation	1,579,169		1,354,501		0		0
Total Business-Type Activities	23,917,975		26,818,369		0		21,677
Totals	\$ 52,888,740	\$	30,386,172	\$	894,694	\$	449,842

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied For:

General Purposes

Police Pension

Fire Pension

Municipal Income Taxes

Other Local Taxes

Payments in Lieu of Taxes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
Ф (6.072.220)	Φ 0	Ф (C 072 220)
\$ (6,073,320)	\$ 0	\$ (6,073,320)
(5,576,225) (63,386)	0	(5,576,225) (63,386)
(351,030)	0	(351,030)
827,189	0	827,189
(2,847,526)	0	(2,847,526)
(2,699,216)	0	(2,699,216)
(6,273,598)	0	(6,273,598)
(1,022,991)	0	(1,022,991)
(24,080,103)	0	(24,080,103)
0	(1,012,536)	(1,012,536)
0	4,031,820	4,031,820
0	127,455	127,455
0	(224,668)	(224,668)
0	2,922,071	2,922,071
(24,080,103)	2,922,071	(21,158,032)
1,387,545	0	1,387,545
110,746	0	110,746
110,746	0	110,746
18,830,805	0	18,830,805
384,028	0	384,028
1,832,342	3,721,459	5,553,801
115,131	0	115,131
140,947	308,880	449,827
320,658	0	320,658
373,064	(373,064)	0
23,606,012	3,657,275	27,263,287
22,000,012	2,00.,270	
(474,091)	6,579,346	6,105,255
37,992,665	76,531,076	114,523,741
\$ 37,518,574	\$ 83,110,422	\$ 120,628,996

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

A		General	Capital Improvements Project (CIP)		ments Governmental		Total Government Funds	
Assets:	dr.	7.015.227	¢.	2 224 925	d.	2 202 216	¢.	12 522 269
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,915,227	\$	2,224,825	\$	3,383,216	\$	13,523,268
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		112,306		0		0		112,306
Receivables:		2 501 467		0		0		2 501 467
Municipal Income Taxes		3,581,467		0		0		3,581,467
Accounts		146,606		0		439,411		586,017
Intergovernmental		278,869		0		406,305		685,174
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		0		0		1,756,608		1,756,608
Property Taxes		1,539,819		0		239,668		1,779,487
Special Assessments		23,313		0		76,904		100,217
Interfund Loans Receivables		124,925		0		0		124,925
Prepaid Items		133,999		547		14,025		148,571
Total Assets	\$	13,856,531	\$	2,225,372	\$	6,316,137	\$	22,398,040
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	792,398	\$	574,691	\$	249,251	\$	1,616,340
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		179,183		0		11,345		190,528
Intergovernmental Payable		170,942		0		8,810		179,752
Contracts Payable		0		129,096		0		129,096
Retainage Payable		0		129,936		0		129,936
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		124,925		124,925
Compensated Absences Payable		0		0		75		75
Accrued Interest Payable		0		23,607		0		23,607
General Obligation Notes Payable		0		3,885,000		0		3,885,000
Total Liabilities		1,142,523		4,742,330		394,406		6,279,259
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		1,776,906		0		772,776		2,549,682
Property Tax for Next Fiscal Year		1,509,583		0		1,991,624		3,501,207
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,286,489		0		2,764,400		6,050,889
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		133,999		547		13,918		148,464
Restricted		0		0		2,838,266		2,838,266
Committed		1,084,726		0		348,217		1,432,943
Assigned		1,387,134		0		0		1,387,134
Unassigned		6,821,660		(2,517,505)		(43,070)		4,261,085
Total Fund Balances		9,427,519		(2,516,958)		3,157,331		10,067,892
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	- / / /	-	()- " · · · · · ·)		- , - , ,		-,,
and Fund Balances	\$	13,856,531	\$	2,225,372	\$	6,316,137	\$	22,398,040

Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Position Of Governmental Activities December 31, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 10,067,892
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		70,207,782
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Municipal Income Taxes	1,527,341	
Property Taxes	34,888	
Charges for Services	16,650	
Special Assessments	100,217	
Intergovernmental	870,586	2,549,682
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period;		
therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not		
reported in governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	5,798,769	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(224,165)	
Net Pension Liability	(22,807,669)	(17,233,065)
Accrued interest on outstanding debt is not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds:		
it is reported when due.		(140,400)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(23,147,971)	
Capital Leases Payble	(254,738)	
Long-Term Loans Payable	(900,000)	
Long-Term Note Payable	(2,000,000)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,630,608)	 (27,933,317)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 37,518,574

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 General	Capital Improvements Project (CIP)		Improvements		Other Governmental Funds		nents Governmenta		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:											
Property Taxes	\$ 1,451,249	\$	0	\$	221,492	\$	1,672,741				
Municipal Income Tax	18,461,833		0		0		18,461,833				
Other Local Taxes	433,618		0		0		433,618				
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0		0		1,832,342		1,832,342				
Intergovernmental Revenues	348,210		0		1,348,565		1,696,775				
Charges for Services	2,285,732		0		358,716		2,644,448				
Licenses and Permits	151,919		0		286,013		437,932				
Investment Earnings	121,774		14,090		5,083		140,947				
Fines and Forfeitures	666,790		0		169,840		836,630				
All Other Revenue	 127,154		5,792		39,260		172,206				
Total Revenue	 24,048,279		19,882		4,261,311		28,329,472				
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Security of Persons and Property - Police	4,835,804		0		141,853		4,977,657				
Security of Persons and Property - Fire	5,486,968		0		118,284		5,605,252				
Security of Persons and Property - Other	784,214		0		22,276		806,490				
Public Health and Welfare Services	413,767		0		210		413,977				
Leisure Time Activities	0		0		214,425		214,425				
Community Environment	1,039,969		0		1,480,021		2,519,990				
Transportation	0		0		1,307,813		1,307,813				
General Government	4,918,232		0		285,948		5,204,180				
Capital Outlay	0		4,941,536		325,554		5,267,090				
Debt Service:											
Principal Retirement	0		0		1,795,000		1,795,000				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 0		13,496		1,015,472		1,028,968				
Total Expenditures	17,478,954		4,955,032		6,706,856		29,140,842				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures	6,569,325	(4,935,150)		(2,445,545)		(811,370)				

	General	Capital Other Improvements Governmental Project (CIP) Funds		Governmental		Total overnmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Sale of Capital Assets	42,776	0		0		42,776
General Obligation Notes Issued	0	2,000,000		0		2,000,000
Transfers In	0	4,908,897		2,141,787		7,050,684
Transfers Out	(7,050,684)	0		0		(7,050,684)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (7,007,908)	 6,908,897		2,141,787		2,042,776
Net Change in Fund Balances	(438,583)	1,973,747		(303,758)		1,231,406
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 9,866,102	 (4,490,705)		3,461,089		8,836,486
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 9,427,519	\$ (2,516,958)	\$	3,157,331	\$	10,067,892

Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,231,406
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlay Capital Assets Transferred from Business-Type Activities Depreciation	4,360,414 373,064 (4,292,168)	441,310
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received.		(5,375)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Municipal Income Taxes Property Taxes Charges for Services Special Assessments Intergovernmental Other Local Taxes	368,972 (63,704) (243,623) (1,908) (258,781) (49,594)	(248,638)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		1,783,159
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.		(3,554,214)

(Continued)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. In addition, repayment of bond, note and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

General Obligation Note Issued	(2,000,000)	
General Obligation Bonds Principal	1,716,875	
Long-Term Loan Principal	110,000	
Capital Lease Principal	185,041	11,916

Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of net position. Premiums are reported as revenues when the debt is first issued; however, these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of net position.

Accrued Interest Payable (25,898)

Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Increase in Compensated Absences Payable (107,757)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (474,091)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

D	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,334,500	\$ 1,449,491	\$ 1,451,249	\$ 1,758
Municipal Income Tax	17,410,000	18,503,000	18,801,562	298,562
Other Local Taxes	430,000	430,000	438,154	8,154
Intergovernmental Revenue	361,823	370,186	387,280	17,094
Charges for Services	2,019,648	2,202,865	2,474,872	272,007
Licenses and Permits	144,000	144,000	151,919	7,919
Investment Earnings	100,000	135,375	135,376	1
Fines and Forfeitures	751,000	751,000	674,931	(76,069)
All Other Revenues	21,000	112,997	129,330	16,333
Total Revenues	22,571,971	24,098,914	24,644,673	545,759
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	11,466,813	11,630,946	10,964,711	666,235
Public Health and Welfare Services	376,000	457,408	418,937	38,471
Community Environment	957,142	1,040,910	995,483	45,427
General Government	4,913,181	5,147,046	4,878,426	268,620
Total Expenditures	17,713,136	18,276,310	17,257,557	1,018,753
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,858,835	5,822,604	7,387,116	1,564,512
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	25,100	42,776	17,676
Transfers Out	(3,551,600)	(6,517,609)	(7,060,684)	(543,075)
Advances In	0	122,620	122,620	0
Advances Out	0	(124,925)	(124,925)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(3,551,600)	(6,494,814)	(7,020,213)	(525,399)
Net Change In Fund Balance	1,307,235	(672,210)	366,903	1,039,113
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	6,686,319	6,686,319	6,686,319	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	552,629	552,629	552,629	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 8,546,183	\$ 6,566,738	\$ 7,605,851	\$ 1,039,113



Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise 1 tiles					
		Sewer		Water	St	ormwater
Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,698,189	\$	22,931,088	\$	886,372
Investments		820,293		0		0
Receivables:						
Accounts		2,083,555		1,171,022		179,402
Intergovernmental		340		343		63
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		3,797,000		0		0
Interest		11,607		16,443		0
Prepaid Items		61,934		59,977		442
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		4,162,899		0		0
Total Current Assets		25,635,817		24,178,873		1,066,279
Non Current Assets:						
Land		2,533,015		1,662,500		0
Construction in Progress		140,227		5,093,787		301,288
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		137,623,394		39,122,190		1,102,183
Total Non Current Assets		140,296,636		45,878,477		1,403,471
Total Assets		165,932,453		70,057,350		2,469,750
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pension		614,572		631,731		110,667
Deferred Loss on Early Retirement of Debt		3,510,634		1,126,686		0
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,125,206		1,758,417		110,667
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		554,540		458,028		40,111
Accrued Wages and Benefits		22,059		20,119		4,897
Intergovernmental Payable		14,213		14,769		2,809
Contracts Payable		48,493		238,879		178,178
Retainage Payable		0		49,700		30,129
Compensated Absences Payable - Current		115,267		94,061		9,355
General Obligation Bonds - Current		210,000		0		0
Mortgage Revenue Bonds - Current		2,306,140		966,082		0
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan - Current		0		29,568		0
Total Current Liabilities		3,270,712		1,871,206		265,479

S	anitation		Total
\$	316,511	\$	38,832,160
Ψ	0	4	820,293
	Ů		020,230
	259,571		3,693,550
	53		799
	0		3,797,000
	0		28,050
	676		123,029
	0		4,162,899
	576,811		51,457,780
	0		4,195,515
	1,766		5,537,068
	193,940		178,041,707
	195,706		187,774,290
	772,517	239,232,070	
	92,747		1,449,717
	0		4,637,320
	92,747		6,087,037
	99,537		1,152,216
	3,693		50,768
	2,528		34,319
	0		465,550
	0		79,829
	4,544		223,227
	0		210,000
	0		3,272,222
	110 202		29,568
	110,302		5,517,699
			(Continued)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Sewer	Water	Stormwater	
Long Term Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences Payable	121,606	147,434	5,059	
Net Pension Liability	1,595,165	1,639,702	287,245	
Accrued Interest Payable	425,654	58,025	0	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	9,655,000	0	0	
Revenue Bonds Payable	122,884,731	19,226,646	0	
OPWC Loans Payable	0	354,819	0	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	134,682,156	21,426,626	292,304	
Total Liabilities	137,952,868	23,297,832	557,783	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Pension	16,885	17,358	3,041	
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,702,906	26,139,469	1,195,164	
Restricted For:				
Debt Service	4,162,899	0	0	
Unrestricted	19,222,101	22,361,108	824,429	
Total Net Position	\$ 32,087,906	\$ 48,500,577	\$ 2,019,593	

Sanitation	Total
9,336	283,435
240,733	3,762,845
0	483,679
0	9,655,000
0	142,111,377
0	354,819
250,069	156,651,155
360,371	162,168,854
2,547	39,831
195,706	36,233,245
0	4,162,899
306,640	42,714,278
\$ 502,346	\$ 83,110,422

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Business-Type Activities

	Enterprise Funds					
	Sewer		Water		Stormwater	
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	14,346,619	\$	10,179,773	\$	937,476
Total Operating Revenues		14,346,619		10,179,773		937,476
Operating Expenses:						
Personal Services		1,811,911		1,773,923		365,404
Contractual Services		2,214,137		1,157,268		228,124
Materials and Supplies		613,272		759,229		111,231
Utilities		1,045,043		145,645		3,538
Depreciation		4,661,237		1,693,077		101,724
Total Operating Expenses		10,345,600		5,529,142		810,021
Operating Income (Loss)		4,001,019		4,650,631		127,455
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):						
Investment Earnings		136,964		171,916		0
Interest Expense		(5,013,555)		(640,488)		0
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		0		0		(373,064)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		3,721,459		0		0
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,155,132)		(468,572)		(373,064)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions		2,845,887		4,182,059		(245,609)
Capital Contributions		0		21,677		0
Change in Net Position		2,845,887		4,203,736		(245,609)
Net Position Beginning of Year		29,242,019		44,296,841		2,265,202
Net Position End of Year	\$	32,087,906	\$	48,500,577	\$	2,019,593

S	Sanitation		Total
	1 2 5 1 5 2 1	_	26.040.260
\$	1,354,501	\$	26,818,369
	1,354,501		26,818,369
	303,666		4,254,904
	1,185,365		4,784,894
	54,818		1,538,550
	5,220		1,199,446
	30,100		6,486,138
	1,579,169		18,263,932
	(224,668)		8,554,437
	0		308,880
	0		(5,654,043)
	0		(373,064)
	0		3,721,459
	0		(1,996,768)
	(224,668)		6,557,669
	0		21,677
	(224,668)		6,579,346
	727,014		76,531,076
\$	502,346	\$	83,110,422

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Business-Type Activities
Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise 1 unus		
	Sewer	Water	Stormwater
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$13,933,746	\$10,086,355	\$905,534
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(3,560,995)	(1,873,674)	(266,278)
Cash Payments to Employees	(1,615,977)	(1,589,753)	(276,824)
Net Cash Provided (Used)			
by Operating Activities	8,756,774	6,622,928	362,432
Cash Flows from Capital and			
Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(277,797)	(910,084)	(236,053)
Capital Contributions	0	21,677	0
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,987,278	0	0
Principal Paid on General Obligation Bonds	(205,000)	0	0
Principal Paid on Mortgage Revenue Bonds	(1,920,000)	(1,075,000)	0
Principal Paid on			
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	0	(29,568)	0
Interest Paid on All Debt	(5,066,056)	(680,185)	0
Net Cash Used for Capital			
and Related Financing Activities	(4,481,575)	(2,673,160)	(236,053)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Fair Value Markdown of Investments	(75,908)	0	0
Investments Sold	725,727	0	0
Receipts of Interest	110,533	155,728	0
Net Cash Provided			
by Investing Activities	760,352	155,728	0
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,035,551	4,105,496	126,379
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	13,825,537	18,825,592	759,993
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$18,861,088	\$22,931,088	\$886,372

Sanitation	Totals
\$1,482,294	\$26,407,929
(1,243,448)	(6,944,395)
(255,354)	(3,737,908)
(16,508)	15,725,626
(76,008)	(1,499,942)
0	21,677
0	2,987,278
0	(205,000)
0	(2,995,000)
0	(29,568)
0	(5,746,241)
(76,008)	(7,466,796)
0	(75,908)
0	725,727
0	266,261
0	916,080
(92,516)	9,174,910
409,027	33,820,149
\$316,511	\$42,995,059

(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Sewer	Water	Stormwater
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		· · · · · · ·	Stormwater
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$4,001,019	\$4,650,631	\$127,455
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)			
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	4,661,237	1,693,077	101,724
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(412,855)	(93,398)	(31,932)
Increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources	(122,648)	(109,910)	(46,034)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaids	(265)	(4,203)	1,928
Increase in Accounts Payable	317,150	194,342	77,389
Increase in Accrued			
Wages and Benefits	2,532	1,348	4,207
Increase in Compensated Absences	6,278	18,863	10,745
Increase in Net Pension Liability	312,230	281,072	117,195
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources	(7,904)	(8,894)	(245)
Total Adjustments	4,755,755	1,972,297	234,977
Net Cash Provided (Used)			
by Operating Activities	\$8,756,774	\$6,622,928	\$362,432

Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

As of December 31, 2017, the Sewer Fund, Water Fund and Stormwater Fund had outstanding liabilities of liabilities of \$164,405, \$502,070 and \$148,949, for the purchase of certain capital assets.

Sanitation	Totals
(\$224,668)	\$8,554,437
30,100	6,486,138
127,799 (31,063) 73 3,110	(410,386) (309,655) (2,467) 591,991
886 1,027 76,847	8,973 36,913 787,344
(619) 208,160	(17,662) 7,171,189
(\$16,508)	\$15,725,626

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2017

	Agency	
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	267,231
Total Assets		267,231
Liabilities:		
Due to Others		267,231
Total Liabilities	\$	267,231

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Marysville is a charter municipal corporation founded in 1837, with the charter adopted by the electors on December 1, 1960, and most recently updated on November 3, 2009. The City may exercise all powers of home rule granted under Article XVIII, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution not in conflict with applicable general laws of Ohio.

The City operates under a council/mayor/administrator form of government. Services provided include general administration as well as police, fire, ambulance, municipal court, engineering, planning and zoning, street maintenance and repair, parks and recreation, a cemetery, and sanitation, sewer, water, and storm-water utilities.

The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2017 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units," and GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus; an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which include the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and other governmental services. In addition, the City owns and operates a water treatment and distribution system, a wastewater treatment and collection system and provides refuse collection services all of which are reported as enterprise funds.

The City is associated with the Marysville/Union County Joint Recreation District, the Union County Community Improvement Corporation, the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission, the Union County Council of Governments and the Marysville/Union County Port Authority; each is a jointly governed organization. These organizations are more fully described in Note 20 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements. The following fund types are used by the City:

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>Capital Improvements Project Fund (CIP)</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds for the acquisition of capital assets and/or the construction of major capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, whereby the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City's major enterprise funds are:

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's sanitary sewer service.

<u>Water Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's water service.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's surface water drainage system.

<u>Sanitation Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's sanitation (refuse) pickup and disposal service.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operation. These funds operate on a full accrual basis of accounting. The City has three agency funds. These funds are used to account for monies received by the City in situations where the City's role is purely custodial in nature. The four funds are the Municipal Court Fund, which accounts for monies that flow through the municipal court office, the Law Library Fund, which is used to account for monies collected from traffic fines until they are remitted to other entities, the Unclaimed Monies Fund, where the City is holding unclaimed funds due to others and the Union County Port Authority Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements</u>

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements (Continued)

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the modified accrual basis when the exchange takes place and the resources are available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and local government assistance). Licenses, permits, charges for service and other miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because generally this revenue is not measurable until received.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Special assessment installments, which are measurable, but not available at December 31, are recorded as deferred inflow of resources – unavailable amount. Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2017, but which are not intended to finance 2017 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred inflow of resources as further described in Note 6 "Taxes".

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses recognized when incurred.

E. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The City's statement of net position includes a deferred outflow amount related to pension.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City's statement of net position includes a deferred inflow amount related to pension. On the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds balance sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable amounts, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable amounts for delinquent property taxes, income taxes, special assessments, and state levied shared taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The only funds required to be reported in the basic financial statements are the General Fund and any major special revenue funds. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each department. Budgetary modifications may be made only by ordinance of the City Council.

1. Tax Budget

The Director of Finance and the City Manager submit an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council by July 15 for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

The budget commission has waived the filing of the budget.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Budgetary Process (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenue and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by October 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources stating the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or if actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2017.

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund, department and object level, the legal level of control. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by an ordinance of City Council. During 2017, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds, intergovernmental grant proceeds and capital improvement projects. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual--General Fund" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. However, on the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as part of fund balances in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Budgetary Process (Continued)

5. <u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u>

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. On the budgetary basis investment earnings are recognized when realized, whereas on a GAAP basis unrealized gains and losses are recognized when investments are adjusted to fair value.

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Budgetary Process (Continued)

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change In Fund Balance		
	General Fund	
GAAP Basis (as reported)	(\$438,583)	
Increase (Decrease):		
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2017		
received during 2018	(2,408,510)	
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2016		
received during 2017	2,977,476	
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2017		
paid during 2018	1,142,523	
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2016		
paid during 2017	(524,000)	
2016 Prepaids for 2017	114,049	
2017 Prepaids for 2018	(133,999)	
2016 Adjustment to Fair Value	(72,137)	
2017 Adjustment to Fair Value	97,260	
Outstanding Encumbrances	(374,840)	
2016 Cash With Fiscal Agent	88,470	
2017 Cash With Fiscal Agent	(112,306)	
Perspective Difference:		
Activity of Funds Reclassified		
for GAAP Reporting Purposes	11,500	
Budget Basis	\$366,903	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio) and certificates of deposit with original maturity dates of three months or less. The STAR Ohio is considered an investment for purposes of GASB Statement No. 3, but it is reported as a cash equivalent in the basic financial statements because it is a highly liquid instrument which is readily convertible to cash. The City also invests in STAR Plus, a federally insured cash account powered by the Federally Insured Cash Account (FICA) program. STAR Plus enables political subdivisions to generate a competitive yield on cash deposits in a network of carefully selected FDIC-insured banks via a single, convenient account. All deposits with STAR Plus have full FDIC insurance, with no term commitment on deposits. The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the proprietary funds' shares of equity in pooled certificates of deposit are considered to be cash equivalents. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments." Investment earnings of \$103,511 earned by other funds were credited to the General Fund as required by local statute.

H. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. The City allocates interest among certain funds based upon percentages mandated by City ordinance. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investments, other than certificates of deposit, are considered, including those with a maturity of one year or less, and included in the calculation of the change in fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

The City has invested funds in the STAR Ohio during 2017. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2017.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2017, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. All infrastructure acquired prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", has been reported.

2. Property, Plant and Equipment – Business Type Activities

Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significant number of years. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

3. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental and Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Buildings	40
Improvements other than Buildings/Infrastructure	10 - 15
Infrastructure	10 - 40
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10
Vehicles	5 - 10

K. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bonds	Debt Service Fund
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Water Fund Sewer Fund
Capital Leases	General Fund
Long-Term Loan Payable	Debt Service Fund
Long-Term Notes Payable	Debt Service Fund
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	Water Fund Sewer Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund Street Maintenance Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund Sanitation Fund Stormwater Fund
Pension Liabilities	General Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund Sanitation Fund Stormwater Fund

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences

Employees of the City earn vacation leave at various rates within limits specified under collective bargaining agreements or under statute.

The rate of cash compensation for sick leave payout varies within specified limits under collective bargaining agreements or under law. Employees are paid 25% of the accumulated sick time upon retirement. Employees are eligible for retirement at any age with at least 10 years of service. Compensation for sick leave is paid at the employee's full rate of pay at the time of termination or retirement.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the City records a liability for vacation time and sick leave when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered or to rights that vest or accumulate, and when payment of the obligation is probable and can be reasonably determined.

For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." In the government wide Statement of Net Position, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due Within One Year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in More Than One Year" account. Compensated absences are expensed in the proprietary funds when earned and the related liability is reported within the fund.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction of improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components — nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Restricted fund balance consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – Committed fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority. For the City, these constraints consist of ordinances passed by City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – Assigned fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City has no formal policy authorizing a body or official to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance consists of amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund as well as negative fund balances in all other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. The City has a target minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund of \$3.5 million.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. In addition, interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements. Only transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported on the Statement of Activities.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, maintenance of storm water collection systems, and collection of solid waste refuse. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2017.

U. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 2 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2017, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 80 "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14", GASB Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements", and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73."

GASB Statement No. 80 improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 81 improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 82 addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Fund Deficits

The fund deficits at December 31, 2017 of \$2,516,958 in the Capital Improvements Project (CIP) Fund, (capital projects fund) arose from the recording of general obligation notes payable within the individual fund. The fund deficit of \$38,032 in the City Events Fund (special revenue fund) arose from the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting which are greater than expenditures recognized on the budgetary basis. The fund deficit of \$5,000 in the Debt Service Fund arose from the recording of an interfund loan payable within the fund. The General Fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Capital Improvements Project (CIP) Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	\$133,999	\$547	\$13,918	\$148,464
Restricted:				
Coleman's Crossing TIF	0	0	223,453	223,453
Street Maintenance	0	0	272,597	272,597
Police Pension	0	0	20,975	20,975
Fire Pension	0	0	20,975	20,975
Police Grant	0	0	13,103	13,103
Fire Grant	0	0	11,788	11,788
Law Enforcement Trust	0	0	124,766	124,766
Mandatory Drug Fine	0	0	110,175	110,175
Alcohol Treatment and Education	0	0	32,070	32,070
Indigent Drivers Treatment	0	0	169,406	169,406
State Highway Improvements	0	0	65,261	65,261
Federal Law Enforcement	0	0	1,248	1,248
ODNR Grant	0	0	7,253	7,253
Town Run Restoration	0	0	7,451	7,451
Court Computer and Research	0	0	313,081	313,081
Municipal Court Computer	0	0	180,364	180,364
Municipal Court Special Projects	0	0	459,421	459,421
Court Probation Fee	0	0	254,607	254,607
CHIP Grant	0	0	45,106	45,106
Safe Routes to School	0	0	4,784	4,784
Municipal Court Local Interlock	0	0	154,521	154,521
Municipal Court State Interlock	0	0	206,540	206,540
OPWC Grant	0	0	96,914	96,914
CDBG Formula Grant	0	0	18,411	18,411
City Development Grant	0	0	23,996	23,996
Total Restricted	0	0	2,838,266	2,838,266
Committed:				
Incentive Funds	31,796	0	0	31,796
Capital Reserve	1,000,000	0	0	1,000,000
Accrued Leave	52,930	0	0	52,930
Swimming Pool	0	0	41,310	41,310
Street Tree	0	0	116,119	116,119
Parkland Development	0	0	77,253	77,253
Eljer Park	0	0	31,523	31,523
Cemetery Maintenance	0	0	27,321	27,321
Cemetery Endowment	0	0	10,785	10,785
Pedestrian Bridge	0	0	43,906	43,906
Total Committed	1,084,726	0	348,217	1,432,943
Assigned:				
Purchase Orders	212,214	0	0	212,214
Fiscal Year 2018 Appropriations	1,174,920	0	0	1,174,920
Total Assigned	1,387,134	0	0	1,387,134
Unassigned	6,821,660	(2,517,505)	(43,070)	4,261,085
Total Fund Balances	\$9,427,519	(\$2,516,958)	\$3,157,331	\$10,067,892

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the City into three categories:

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds not needed for immediate use but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

• United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan
 mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing
 association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government
 agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the
 first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations,
 provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through
 eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).
- Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's policy is to place deposits with major local banks. All deposits, except for deposits held by fiscal and escrow agents or trustees, are collateralized with eligible securities. The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Collateral permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC is limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, bonds of any state, and bonds and other obligations of any country, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of the State of Ohio, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Such collateral, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at a Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits (Continued)

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$14,904,034 and \$14,446,494 of the City's bank balance of \$15,387,586 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, not in the City's name.

B. Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 2017 are summarized below:

			Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years)		
	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Hierarchy	less than 1	1-3	3-5
STAR Ohio *	\$13,417,452	$AAAm^1$	N/A	\$13,417,452	\$0	\$0
FNMA	9,773,444	AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}	Level 2	2,496,058	6,035,197	1,242,189
FHLMC	4,798,778	AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}	Level 2	1,863,525	217,455	2,717,798
FHLB	7,222,450	AAA^1 / Aaa^2	Level 2	0	3,747,420	3,475,030
Commercial Paper	3,479,708	AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}	Level 2	3,479,708	0	0
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,660,192	AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}	Level 1	1,660,192	0	0
Negotiable CD's	2,462,099	AAA^1/Aaa^2	Level 2	497,900	1,479,428	484,771
Total Investments	\$42,814,123			\$23,414,835	\$11,479,500	\$7,919,788

^{*} STAR Ohio is reported at its share price (Net Asset Value per Share).

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. While the City has no policy, it limits its investments to mutual funds, negotiable CD's, U.S. Government Agency Securities, Commercial Paper, Banker's Acceptances and STAR Ohio. Investments in U.S. Government Agency Securities and negotiable certificates of deposit were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Investments in commercial paper were rated A-1+ by Standard and Poor's.

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy allows investments in money market accounts, certificates of deposit or within financial institutions within the State of Ohio as designated by the Federal Reserve Board. The City has invested 23% of its investments in FNMA, 11% in FHLMC, 17% in FHLB, 8% in Commercial Paper, 4% in Treasury Notes, 6% in negotiable CD's and 31% in STAR Ohio.

NOTE 6 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2017 were levied after October 1, 2016 on assessed values as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years, and equalization adjustments are made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2013 and the equalization adjustment was completed in 2016. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20; the remainder is payable by June 20.

NOTE 6 - TAXES (Continued)

A. Property Taxes (Continued)

Public utility real property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100% of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Marysville. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

The full tax rate for the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$5.20 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2017 receipts were based was \$414,065,520. This amount constitutes \$402,107,600 in real property assessed value and \$11,957,920 in public utility assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .52% (5.20 mills) of assessed value.

B. Income Tax

The City levies an income tax of 1.5 percent on all income earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. Prior to January 1, 2005, the City allowed a credit of up to 50 percent of the tax paid to another municipality, not to exceed the amount owed for incomes of residents earned outside the City. Effective January 1, 2005 this credit was repealed making the tax owed by all residents of the City a full 1.5% of earned income. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City on a monthly or quarterly basis depending on the amount being withheld. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. Income tax revenues and expenditures for collecting, administering, and enforcing the tax are recorded in the General Fund. Filing is required and returns are due by April 15.

NOTE 7 – TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

As of December 31, 2017, the City of Marysville provides tax incentives under two programs: Enterprise Zone (EZ) and Community Reinvestment Area (CRA).

Real Estate Tax Abatements

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City established a Community Reinvestment area in 2002 and an Enterprise Zone in 1990, both of which included certain land within the boundaries of the City of Marysville. The City of Marysville authorizes incentives through the passage of public ordinances, based upon each businesses investment criteria, and through a contractual application process with each business, including proof that the improvements have been made. The abatement equals an agreed upon percentage of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill. The establishment of the CRA and EZ gave the City the ability to maintain and expand businesses located in the City and created new jobs by abating or reducing assessed valuation of properties, resulting in abated taxes, from new or improved business real estate for office and industrial uses. The City of Marysville also enters into various contracts with the benefitting business and the Marysville City School District for payments in lieu of taxes when required by Section 5709.82 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Income Tax Abatement Programs

The City of Marysville created the Income Tax Abatement program in 2006. The purpose of the program is to maintain Marysville's competitiveness as a site for location of new businesses and the expansion of existing businesses. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 718 and City ordinance, the City provides an incentive to the company based upon the company's gross annual payroll, the amount of income tax generated annually and the number of jobs created or retained by the business. The abatement is administered as a refund based upon the company's payroll taxes. Also, the time period of the incentive in years, is determined by how many new jobs are to be created by the company. The cap on the incentive is 50% of the income tax collected per year, with an incentive period of no more than 10 years.

City Council's Incentive Criteria for Decision Making

The City of Marysville has offered tax incentives and Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) and Enterprise Zone abatements to various businesses based upon substantial project investment in the City. As a general guideline, the City considers CRA applications for projects that have a residential building that is less than two units and is owner occupied, the building meets zoning and building regulations, the CRA encourages private investment that will repair, construct and improve a building and it creates new employment opportunities. The minimum property tax abatement is seven years for new improvements of at least \$7,500 and the maximum property tax abatement is fifteen years with at least \$350,000 worth of new improvements. For EZ applications, the City of Marysville generally requires projects to have at least \$700,000 dollar real estate investment into a property, along with the retention and creation of at least 15 jobs with a minimum payroll of at least \$750,000.

NOTE 7 – TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Below is the information relevant to the disclosure of those programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Taxes Abated (Incentives Abated For the Year 2017 In Actual Dollars) Fiesta Grande (2012 - 2019) (CRA) S584		Total Amount of
Tax Abatement Fiesta Grande (2012 - 2019) (CRA) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 S584 Scott's Manufacturing (2010 - 2019) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Goss Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Goss Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 For the Year 2017 In Actual Dollars) \$584 Scott's Manufacturing (2010 - 2019) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Goss Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 For the Year 2017 In Actual Dollars) \$584 Scott's Manufacturing (2010 - 2019) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 For State of the Year 2017 Goss Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 For State of taxes abated during 2017 For State of the Year 2017 For State of taxes abated during 2017 For State of taxes 2017 For State		Taxes Abated
Fiesta Grande (2012 - 2019) (CRA) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 \$584 Scott's Manufacturing (2010 - 2019) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 63,335 Heritage Co-Op (2015 - 2024) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 90,226 KTH Parts Industries (2016 - 2026) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 18,132 Richwood Bank (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 10,547 AutoTool (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 40,651 Sumitomo (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 193,945 Evolution AG (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 11,769 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		`
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 South's Manufacturing (2010 - 2019) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 First Industries (2016 - 2024) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Richwood Bank (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 AutoTool (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Sumitomo (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Sumitomo (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Evolution AG (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500	Tax Abatement	
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Heritage Co-Op (2015 - 2024) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 STATE Parts Industries (2016 - 2026) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Richwood Bank (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 AutoTool (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 AutoTool (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Sumitomo (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Evolution AG (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 11,769 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		\$584
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **TH Parts Industries** (2016 - 2026) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **Richwood Bank** (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **AutoTool** (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **Sumitomo** (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **Evolution AG** (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **Evolution AG** (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **Greenville Technology** (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 **21,500**	, , , ,	63,335
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Richwood Bank (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 AutoTool (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Sumitomo (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Evolution AG (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 11,769 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		90,226
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 AutoTool (2012 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Sumitomo (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Evolution AG (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 11,769 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		18,132
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Sumitomo (2015 - 2025) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Evolution AG (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 11,769 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		10,547
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Evolution AG (2014 - 2022) (EZ) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		40,651
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 11,769 Greenville Technology (2015 - 2024) (Income Tax) - Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		193,945
- Gross Dollar amount of taxes abated during 2017 21,500		11,769
Total\$450,689	7,	21,500
	Total	\$450,689

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2017 consisted of taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, interest, accounts receivable, special assessments and intergovernmental receivables arising from shared revenues.

NOTE 9 - TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2017:

	Transfers Out:
	'
	General
Transfers In:	Fund
Capital Improvements Project Fund	\$4,908,897
Other Governmental Funds	\$2,141,787
Total	\$7,050,684
Capital Improvements Project Fund Other Governmental Funds	Fund \$4,908,897 \$2,141,787

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2017:

Historical Cost:

	December 31,				December 31,
Class	2016	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$6,232,344	\$0	\$76,005	\$0	\$6,308,349
Construction in Progress	2,526,801	0	2,381,593	(2,430,044)	2,478,350
Subtotal	8,759,145	0	2,457,598	(2,430,044)	8,786,699
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	29,382,463	0	25,063	0	29,407,526
Improvements Other Than Buildings	7,232,346	0	607,942	0	7,840,288
Machinery and Equipment	2,015,629	0	792,662	0	2,808,291
Vehicles	6,183,207	0	522,846	(175,904)	6,530,149
Infrastructure	92,803,084	373,064	2,384,347	0	95,560,495
Subtotal	137,616,729	373,064	4,332,860	(175,904)	142,146,749
Total Cost	\$146,375,874	\$373,064	\$6,790,458	(\$2,605,948)	\$150,933,448
Accumulated Depreciation:					
	December 31,				December 31,
Class	2016	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	2017
Buildings	(\$4,342,032)	\$0	(\$745,950)	\$0	(\$5,087,982)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(2,915,262)	0	(395,314)	0	(3,310,576)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,197,197)	0	(286,168)	0	(1,483,365)
Vehicles	(3,654,137)	0	(388,931)	170,529	(3,872,539)
Infrastructure	(64,495,399)	0	(2,475,805)	0	(66,971,204)
Total Depreciation	(\$76,604,027)	\$0	(\$4,292,168) *	\$170,529	(\$80,725,666)
Net Value:	\$69,771,847				\$70,207,782

* Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$610,907
Security of Persons and Property - Police	503,218
Security of Persons and Property - Fire	368,196
Security of Persons and Property - Other	2,400
Public Health and Welfare Services	3,232
Transportation	2,323,408
Community Environment	263,438
Leisure Time Activities	217,369
Total Depreciation Expense	\$4,292,168

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by Category at December 31, 2017:

Historical Cost:

Class	Reclassed December 31, 2016	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$4,195,515	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,195,515
Construction in Progress	4,616,495	(373,064)	1,460,153	(166,516)	5,537,068
Subtotal	8,812,010	(373,064)	1,460,153	(166,516)	9,732,583
Capital assets being depreciated:				, ,	
Buildings	108,182,972	0	0	0	108,182,972
Improvements Other Than Buildings	28,092,232	0	73,373	0	28,165,605
Machinery and Equipment	2,518,705	0	417,286	0	2,935,991
Vehicles	2,246,169	0	99,750	(62,227)	2,283,692
Infrastructure	104,063,546	0	359,164	0	104,422,710
Subtotal	245,103,624	0	949,573	(62,227)	245,990,970
Total Cost	\$253,915,634	(\$373,064)	\$2,409,726	(\$228,743)	\$255,723,553
Accumulated Depreciation:					
-	December 31,				December 31,
Class	2016	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	2017
Buildings	(\$22,473,104)	\$0	(\$2,688,398)	\$0	(\$25,161,502)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(5,927,540)	0	(822,325)	0	(6,749,865)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,741,660)	0	(209,316)	0	(1,950,976)
Vehicles	(1,675,751)	0	(129,819)	62,227	(1,743,343)
Infrastructure	(29,707,298)	0	(2,636,279)	0	(32,343,577)
Total Depreciation	(\$61,525,353)	\$0	(\$6,486,137)	\$62,227	(\$67,949,263)
Net Value:	\$192,390,281				\$187,774,290

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees other than full-time police participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group	Δ
Group	

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

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NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	
	and Local	
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	
2017 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	13.0 %	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	1.0	
Total Employer	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$740,428 for 2017.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - City full-time police participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

_	Police	Firefighters
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee:		
January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017	12.25 %	12.25 %
2017 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee:		
January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$1,330,145 for 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2016, to December 31, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$9,693,733	\$16,876,781	\$26,570,514
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2017	0.042688%	0.266451%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2016	0.043217%	0.266357%	
Percentage Change	(0.000529%)	0.000094%	
Pension Expense	\$2,045,226	\$2,162,086	\$4,207,312

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

OPERS_	OP&F	Total
\$1,446,618	\$1,641,191	\$3,087,809
1,537,542	0	1,537,542
13,139	4,775	17,914
0	534,648	534,648
740,428	1,330,145	2,070,573
\$3,737,727	\$3,510,759	\$7,248,486
\$57,690	\$38,857	\$96,547
44,924	122,525	167,449
\$102,614	\$161,382	\$263,996
	\$1,446,618 1,537,542 13,139 0 740,428 \$3,737,727	\$1,446,618 \$1,641,191 1,537,542 0 13,139 4,775 0 534,648 740,428 1,330,145 \$3,737,727 \$3,510,759 \$57,690 \$38,857 44,924 122,525

\$2,070,573 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:	_		
2018	\$1,189,775	\$720,983	\$1,910,758
2019	1,232,911	720,983	1,953,894
2020	511,332	572,255	1,083,587
2021	(39,333)	(13,673)	(53,006)
2022	0	18,504	18,504
2023	0	180	180
Total	\$2,894,685	\$2,019,232	\$4,913,917

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

In 2016, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2011 through 2015, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.0% down to 7.5%, for the defined benefit investments. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

Wage Inflation

3.25 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Pre 1/7/13 retirees)

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Post 1/7/13 retirees)

3 percent simple

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Post 1/7/13 retirees)

3 percent simple through 2018. 2.15 percent simple, thereafter

Investment Rate of Return

7.5 percent

Actuarial Cost Method

Individual Entry Age

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table. For males, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015. For females, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 for males and 2010 for females. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2016, OPERS managed investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. The Defined Benefit portfolio historically included the assets of the Member-Directed retiree medical accounts funded through the VEBA Trust. However, the VEBA Trust was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 8.3% for 2016.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2016 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00 %	2.75 %
Domestic Equities	20.70	6.34
Real Estate	10.00	4.75
Private Equity	10.00	8.97
International Equities	18.30	7.95
Other investments	18.00	4.92
Total	100.00 %	5.66 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)		
City's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$14,809,321	\$9,693,733	\$5,430,767		

Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions - There were no recent significant changes of benefit terms, investment policies, the size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms impacting the actuarial valuation study for the year ended December 31, 2016.

In 2016, OPERS, in conjunction with the Board's investment consultants, also completed and asset liability study. Periodically, the System engages in a more comprehensive study that examines the nature of the pension liabilities the plan will ultimately pay and the characteristics of the asset allocation projections and the associated level of risk. As a result of this study, OPERS modified the asset allocation slightly, but not substantively.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPF

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2016 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2016, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2016, are presented below:

Valuation Date
Actuarial Cost Method
Investment Rate of Return
Projected Salary Increases
Payroll Increases
Inflation Assumptions
Cost of Living Adjustments

January 1, 2016
Entry Age Normal
8.25 percent
4.25 percent to 11 percent
3.75 percent
3.25 percent
2.60 percent and 3.00 percent

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed in 2017, covering the period 2012 - 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized below:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.21
Non-US Equity	16.00	5.40
Core Fixed Income *	20.00	2.37
Global Inflation Protected *	20.00	2.33
High Yield	15.00	4.48
Real Estate	12.00	5.65
Private Markets	8.00	7.99
Real Assets	5.00	6.87
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	7.36
Total	120.00 %	

^{*} levered 2x

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date In October 2017, the OPF Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of December 31, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 8.25 percent to 8.0 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the City's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.25 percent) than the current rate.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Current				
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate			
	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	(9.25%)		
City's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$22,477,844	\$16,876,781	\$12,129,765		

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS")

Plan Description – OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2016 CAFR for details.

The ORC permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the ORC.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by making a written request to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post retirement health care coverage through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS may be set aside for the funding of post retirement health care benefits. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2017, local government employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of covered payroll. The ORC currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.0% of covered payroll for local government employers. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS") (Continued)

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2017. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2018 decreased to 0.0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited for Member-Directed Plan participants for 2017 was 4.0%.

The City's contributions for health care to the OPERS for the years ending December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$52,888, \$112,199 and \$118,483, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund ("OP&F")

Plan Description – The City contributes to the OP&F sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45.

The ORC permits, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 742 of the ORC.

OP&F issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy – The ORC provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The ORC states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund ("OP&F") (Continued)

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2017, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll for both police officers and firefighters. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h). The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions for health care to the OP&F for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$13,847, \$14,524 and \$10,889 for police and \$16,460, \$15,721 and \$12,316 for firefighters, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

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NOTE 13 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, whereby the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments as of the balance sheet date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

At December 31, 2017, the City's accumulated, unpaid compensated absences amounted to \$2,137,345, of which \$1,630,683 is recorded as a liability of the Governmental Activities and \$506,662 is recorded as a liability of the Business-Type Activities.

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NOTE 14 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Ohio Revised Code provides that notes including renewal notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds may be issued and outstanding from time to time up to a maximum period of 20 years from the date of issuance of the original notes. The maximum maturity for notes anticipating general obligation bonds payable from special assessments is five years. Any period in excess of five years must be deducted from the permitted maximum maturity of the bonds anticipated, and portions of the principal amount of notes outstanding for more than five years must be retired in amounts at least equal to and payable no later than those principal maturities required if the bonds had been issued at the expiration of the initial five year period.

		Balance			
	Issue December 31, Issued			December 31,	
<u>-</u>	Date	2016	(Retired)	2017	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Projects Fund Note Payable:					
1.38% Fire Station Improvement	8/28/16	\$2,335,000	(\$2,335,000)	\$0	
1.38% MSC BAN	8/28/16	2,400,000	(2,400,000)	0	
1.75% MSC BAN	8/28/17	0	3,885,000	3,885,000	
Total Capital Project Fund Notes Payable:		4,735,000	(850,000)	3,885,000	
Total Governmental Notes Payable		\$4,735,000	(\$850,000)	\$3,885,000	

The 2016 MSCBAN Notes of \$2,400,000 bearing a rate of 1.38% matured on August 28, 2017 and were reissued as 2017 MSCBAN Notes of \$3,885,000 bearing a rate of 1.75%. The notes were issued to finance the cost of construction of the new Municipal Service Complex. These notes will be retired from the City's Capital Improvement Fund.

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt of the City at December 31, 2017 was as follows:

Date Purchased	Description	Balance December 31, 2016	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2017	Amount Due Within One Year
Government	al Activities:					
Bond Anticip	pation Note					
2017	MSC BAN	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000
General Obli	igation Bonds:					
2007	Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	2,840,000	0	(665,000)	2,175,000	690,000
	Premium	92,255	0	(21,706)	70,549	21,706
2011	Facility Construction Bonds	11,815,000	0	(605,000)	11,210,000	615,000
	Premium	19,119	0	(1,365)	17,754	1,365
2014	TIF Bonds	9,940,000	0	(415,000)	9,525,000	425,000
	Premium	158,472	0	(8,804)	149,668	8,804
Total Genera	al Obligation Bonds	24,864,846	0	(1,716,875)	23,147,971	1,761,875
Long-Term I	Loan:					
2014	Park Construction/Improvement	1,010,000	0	(110,000)	900,000	110,000
Other Long-	Term Obligations:					
Compens	ated Absences Payable	1,522,851	1,630,683	(1,522,851)	1,630,683	903,785
Capital L	eases Payable	439,779	0	(185,041)	254,738	189,874
Net Pensi	on Liability	21,645,124	1,162,545	0	22,807,669	0
Total Other l	Long-Term Obligations	23,607,754	2,793,228	(1,707,892)	24,693,090	1,093,659
Total Gov	vernmental Activities Long-Term Debt	\$49,482,600	\$4,793,228	(\$3,534,767)	\$50,741,061	\$4,965,534

2017 MSC Bond Anticipation Notes

In March 2018, the City issued \$1,900,000 of 2018 bond anticipation notes payable to renew the 2017 MSC bond anticipation notes payable, less \$100,000 of principal retirement. As the new notes extended the maturity date of the bond anticipation notes past 12 months after the date of the financial statements, the bond anticipation notes will be treated as long-term obligations of the City.

2007 Various Improvement Refunding Bonds

The Various Improvement general obligation bonds are serial bonds issued for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 2000 Various Improvement Bonds issued November 1, 2000 (\$6,225,000). The refunding was undertaken for the purpose of reducing interest rates and debt service on the prior bonds. The 2007 bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The bonds mature on December 1, 2007 through December 1, 2017, and December 1, 2020 in the amount of \$6,515,000, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The amount of \$6,673,981 from the 2007 bonds was placed in an escrow fund to defease the 2000 bonds which was redeemed each June 1 and December 1 annually between 2007 and 2010. Bonds bear an interest rate from 4.00 to 5.00%. These bonds will be retired from the City's Debt Service Fund. \$2,245,549 was outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE 15- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

2011 Facility Construction Bonds

The Facility Construction general obligation bonds are serial bonds issued for the purpose of paying costs associated with designing, constructing, furnishing, and equipping a new police station and municipal courthouse facility. The bonds mature on December 1, 2020 through December 1, 2031, and December 1, 2020 in the amount of \$14,585,000, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal plus accrued interest to the redemption date. Bonds bear an interest rate from 2.00 to 4.375%. These bonds will be retired from the City's Debt Service Fund. \$11,227,754 was outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

2014 Coleman's Crossing Tax Increment Financing Bonds

The Coleman's Tax Increment Financing general obligation bonds are serial bonds issued for the purpose of financing certain public improvements within the Coleman's Crossing Tax Increment Financing District. The bonds mature on December 1, 2034 in the amount of \$10,730,000, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal plus accrued interest to the redemption date. Bonds bear an interest rate from 3.00 to 4.00%. These bonds will be retired from the City's Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund. \$9,674,668 was outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

2014 Partners' Park Construction Loan

The Park Construction Loan is a loan issued for the purpose of constructing a new park called the Partners' Park in the City of Marysville. Local businesses have agreed to make payments to the City over the next nine years in order to pay off the balance of the loan along with the City of Marysville. The final payment on the loan is scheduled for 2024 and the loan carries an interest rate of 3.99%. The loan had an outstanding balance of \$900,000 at December 31, 2017.

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NOTE 15- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Date Purchased	Description	Balance December 31, 2016	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2017	Amount Due Within One Year
	•			(5555555)		
	pe Activities: igation Bond:					
2015	Sewer System	\$10,070,000	\$0	(\$205,000)	\$9,865,000	\$210,000
	•	\$10,070,000	\$0	(\$205,000)	\$9,803,000	\$210,000
Mortgage Re	evenue Bonds:					
2015	Sewer System Refunding	30,450,000	0	(955,000)	29,495,000	990,000
	Premium on Sale of Bonds	1,592,897	0	(79,645)	1,513,252	79,645
2015	Sewer System Refunding	14,645,000	0	(235,000)	14,410,000	245,000
	Premium on Sale of Bonds	913,741	0	(45,687)	868,054	45,687
2007	Sewer System	385,000	0	(385,000)	0	0
2016	Sewer System Refunding	67,155,000	0	(60,000)	67,095,000	460,000
	Premium on Sale of Bonds	2,170,840	0	(80,412)	2,090,428	80,412
2016	Sewer System Refunding	9,045,000	0	(285,000)	8,760,000	350,000
	Premium on Sale of Bonds	1,014,533	0	(55,396)	959,137	55,396
2007	Water System	200,000	0	(200,000)	0	0
2016	Water System Refunding	19,155,000	0	(875,000)	18,280,000	875,000
	Premium on Sale of Bonds	2,003,810	0	(91,082)	1,912,728	91,082
Total Mortga	age Revenue Bonds	148,730,821	0	(3,347,222)	145,383,599	3,272,222
Ohio Public	Works Commission Loan:					
	Cherry Street and Ninth Street Water	413,955	0	(29,568)	384,387	29,568
Other Long-	Term Obligations:					
Compens	ated Absences Payable	469,749	506,662	(469,749)	506,662	223,227
Net Pensi	ion Liability	2,975,501	787,344	0	3,762,845	0
Total Other	Long-Term Obligations	3,445,250	1,294,006	(469,749)	4,269,507	223,227
Total Bus	siness-Type Activities Long-Term Debt	\$162,660,026	\$1,294,006	(\$4,051,539)	\$159,902,493	\$3,735,017

NOTE 15- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

2015 Sewer System General Obligation Bonds

The Sewer System general obligation bonds are serial bonds issued to provide additional resources for constructing and installing certain sewer treatment system improvements. The bonds mature on December 1, 2047 in the amount of \$10,270,000, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal plus accrued interest to the redemption date. Bonds bear an interest rate from 2.00 to 4.00%. These bonds will be retired from the City's Sewer Fund. \$9,865,000 was outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

2015 Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds

The Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds are term bonds issued to advance refund \$31,470,000, including a call premium of \$2,757,302, of mortgage revenue bonds issued in 2006 and to currently refund \$14,875,000 of outstanding mortgage revenue bond anticipation notes issued in 2014 and to provide additional resources for constructing and installing certain sewer treatment system improvements. Refinancing of the bonds resulted in a cash savings of \$2,972,847 (net present value savings of \$2,197,225) or 7.52%. The amount of \$32,723,026 from the 2006 bonds was placed in an escrow fund to defease the 2006 bonds. The refunding bonds are not included in the City's debt since the City has insubstance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding. The bonds bear an interest rate from 3.00 to 5.00%. These bonds will be retired from the City's Sewer Fund.

2007 Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds

The Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds were issued to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, expansion, rehabilitation, and improvement of the City's municipal wastewater collection and treatment system. The bonds bear an interest rate from 4.00 to 5.00%. A large portion of these bonds were advanced refunded from the City's Sewer Fund in 2016. The remaining balance of \$385,000 was paid off during 2017.

NOTE 15- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

2015 Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Fund assets, whose uses are restricted under the bond indenture, are presented as restricted assets on the statement of net position. Restricted assets relating to the sewer mortgage revenue bonds at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Restricted Assets Held by the Trustee

Mortgage Revenue Bond Current Debt Service \$449,885 Mortgage Revenue Bond Reserve Fund \$3,713,014

2007 Water System Mortgage Revenue Bonds

The Water System Mortgage Revenue Bonds were issued to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, expansion, rehabilitation, and improvement of the City's municipal water system. The bonds bear an interest rate from 3.75 to 5.00%. A large portion of these bonds were advanced refunded from the City's Water Fund in 2016. The remaining balance of \$200,000 was paid off during 2017.

2016 Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds

The Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds are term bonds issued to advance refund \$79,125,000, including a call premium of \$3,265,785, of mortgage revenue bonds issued in 2006 and 2007. Refinancing of the bonds resulted in a cash savings of \$19,022,224 (net of funds on hand present value savings of \$7,710,179) or 3.51%. The amount of \$83,254,632 from the 2006 and 2007 bonds was placed in an escrow fund to defease the 2006 and 2007 bonds. The refunding bonds are not included in the City's debt since the City has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding. The bonds bear an interest rate from 2.00 to 5.00%. These bonds will be retired from the City's Sewer Fund.

2016 Water System Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds

The Water System Mortgage Revenue Bonds are term bonds issued to advance refund \$20,130,000, including a call premium of \$2,094,892, of mortgage revenue bonds issued in 2007. Refinancing of the bonds resulted in a cash savings of \$5,649,521 (net present value savings of \$3,375,234) or 2.3%. The amount of \$21,303,469 from the 2007 bonds was placed in an escrow fund to defease the 2007 bonds. The refunding bonds are not included in the City's debt since the City has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding. The bonds bear an interest rate from 4.00 to 5.00%. These bonds will be retired from the City's Water Fund.

The City has pledged future customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay Water Revenue Bonds, series 2016. A description of what these bonds have been used for can be found above. The principal and interest remaining to be paid on these bonds is \$26,188,750. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$1,788,800 and \$4,650,631, respectively.

The City has pledged future customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay Sewer Revenue Bonds, series 2015 and 2016. A description of what these bonds have been used for can be found above. The principal and interest remaining to be paid on these bonds is \$207,790,100. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$6,812,795 and \$4,001,019, respectively.

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

A. Future Long-Term Financing Requirements

A summary of the City's future long-term debt funding requirements including principal and interest payments as of December 31, 2017 follows:

Governmental Activities

	General Oblig	gation Bonds	Long-Te	erm Loan		
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2018	\$1,730,000	\$879,776	\$110,000	\$34,813		
2019	1,800,000	809,826	120,000	30,325		
2020	1,890,000	724,226	120,000	25,537		
2021	1,160,000	693,238	130,000	20,647		
2022	1,205,000	636,588	135,000	15,461		
2023-2027	6,705,000	2,330,748	285,000	14,363		
2028-2032	7,005,000	966,375	0	0		
2033-2034	1,415,000	74,724	0	0		
Totals	\$22,910,000	\$7,115,501	\$900,000	\$141,146		

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

A. Future Long-Term Financing Requirements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

	General Obliga	tion Bonds	Mortgage Reve	enue Bonds	OPWC Loans		
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$210,000	\$339,100	\$2,920,000	\$5,465,044	\$29,568	\$0	
2019	210,000	334,900	2,990,000	5,368,594	29,568	0	
2020	215,000	330,700	3,085,000	5,248,344	29,568	0	
2021	220,000	326,400	3,190,000	5,115,194	29,568	0	
2022	225,000	322,000	3,295,000	4,973,394	29,568	0	
2023-2027	1,215,000	1,521,250	18,200,000	22,691,970	147,841	0	
2028-2032	1,425,000	1,320,196	21,180,000	18,861,220	88,706	0	
2033-2037	1,685,000	1,053,708	24,895,000	14,687,790	0	0	
2038-2042	2,025,000	720,438	48,215,000	8,269,375	0	0	
2043-2047	2,435,000	299,600	10,070,000	5,257,925	0	0	
Totals	\$9,865,000	\$6,568,292	\$138,040,000	\$95,938,850	\$384,387	\$0	

NOTE 16 - CAPITAL LEASES

The City leases equipment under two capital leases. The original cost of the equipment was \$691,341 and the related liability is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017:

	Capital
Year Ending December 31,	Lease
2018	\$196,050
2019	196,050
Minimum Lease Payments	392,100
Less amount representing	
interest at the City's incremental	
borrowing rate of interest	(137,362)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$254,738

NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2017, the City contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Type of Coverage	Coverage Limit	Deductible
Buildings	\$148,802,836	\$5,000
Personal Property	5,513,648	5,000
Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000	5,000
Builders Risk	14,600,000	5,000
General Liability	5,000,000	0
Miscellaneous Property	2,997,265	500
Employee Benefit Liability	1,000,000	1,000
Wrongful Acts	5,000,000	1,000
Law Enforcement	5,000,000	2,000
Automobile Liability	5,000,000	0
Electronic Data Processing	25,000 - 1,857,062	500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has not been any significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs. The City also pays unemployment claims to the State of Ohio as incurred.

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NOTE 18 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2017, the City had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

Company	Capital Projects	Remaining Construction Commitment
Decker Construction	2017 Pavement Maintenance	\$1,072,157
Beehler Construction	Innovation Way Construction	1,353,785
Tyler Technology	Upgrade Finance Software	105,755
Arcadis	Pump Station 2 Design	36,382
Beehler/Rock River	Court, 6th, 8th Water Line	709,611
USA	Water Treatment Plant - engineering	262,770
Park Enterprises	Stormwater Improvements	92,981
	Total	\$3,633,440

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

The City is a party to various legal proceedings, which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 20 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Marysville/Union County Joint Recreation District

The Marysville/Union County Joint Recreation District (the District) is a jointly governed organization involving the City of Marysville, Union County, and Paris Township. The District was established for acquiring, developing, operating, and maintaining a sports complex and bicycle/walking trail in Union County. The District's Board of Trustees consists of seven members, three appointed by the Mayor of Marysville, three appointed by the County Commissioners, and one appointed by the Paris Township Board of Trustees.

Union County Community Improvement Corporation

The Union County Community Improvement Corporation (the Corporation), a non-profit corporation, was established to assist in the financing of economic and industrial development in Union County. It is the responsibility of the Corporation to provide building, zoning, and land controls for the County, townships, and municipal corporations. The Board of Trustees consists of not less than three nor more than twenty-five trustees as such number is fixed by the members from time to time. Two-fifths of the Board of Trustees are composed of appointed or elected officers of such political subdivisions. The Corporation can issue its own debt and is not fiscally dependent on the City. The City of Marysville does not have an ongoing financial interest and/or responsibility with this organization.

Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission

The City is a participant in the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC), a jointly governed organization. MORPC is composed of 74 representatives appointed by member governments who make up the commission, the policy-making body of MORPC, and the oversight board. MORPC is a voluntary association of local governments in central and south-central Ohio and a regional planning agency whose membership includes 42 political subdivisions in and around Franklin, Ross, Fayette, Delaware, Pickaway, Madison, Licking, and Fairfield counties, Ohio. The purpose of the organization is to improve the quality of life for member communities by improving housing conditions, to promote and support livability/sustainability measures as a means of addressing regional growth challenges, and to administer and facilitate the availability of regional environmental infrastructure program funding to the full advantage of MORPC's members.

Marysville/Union County Port Authority

The Marysville/Union County Port Authority (the Authority) is a jointly governed organization involving the City of Marysville and Union County. The Authority was established to enhance, foster, aid, provide or promote transportation, economic development, housing, recreation, education, governmental operations, culture, research, and the creation and preservation of jobs and employment opportunities in Union County. The Authority's Board of Trustees consists of seven members, three appointed by the Mayor of Marysville with the advice and consent of City Council, three appointed by the County Commissioners, and one appointed by the Mayor of Marysville with the advice and consent of the City Council and the County Commissioners.

Union County Council of Governments (COG) – The Council of Governments (COG) is a jointly governed organization involving the City of Marysville, Union County, and Marysville Exempted Village School District. The COG was established to work together in an innovative and collaborative way and bring new technology and shared services to each member of the Council of Governments to meet current and future needs. The COG's board consist of one member from each entity.

NOTE 21 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Significant encumbrances outstanding at year-end in the General Fund are \$374,840 and are reported as assigned fund balance. Also, in the Street Maintenance Fund (special revenue fund), and in the CIP Fund (capital projects fund) there are significant encumbrances outstanding in the amounts of \$118,433 and \$957,367, respectively. These amounts are reported as part of the restricted and unassigned fund balances, respectively.

NOTE 22 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 7, 2018 the City issued \$4,870,000 in TIF revenue bonds to pay for construction of certain public infrastructure improvements in connection with the Cook's Point Development. The bonds, which mature on December 1, 2049, have an interest rate of 4.75%.

On March 28, 2018 the City issued \$1,900,000 in one year General Obligation Notes to pay for Various Improvements within the City. The notes, which mature on March 28, 2019, have an interest rate of 2.5%.

$R_{\it EQUIRED}~S_{\it UPPLEMENTAL}~I_{\it NFORMATION}$

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Four Years

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System				
Year	2014	2015	2016	2017
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.041447%	0.041447%	0.043217%	0.042688%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$4,886,061	\$4,998,971	\$7,485,699	\$9,693,733
City's covered-employee payroll	\$5,383,100	\$5,029,150	\$6,144,925	\$5,609,933
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	90.77%	99.40%	121.82%	172.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.36%	86.45%	81.08%	77.25%
Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio	Public Employees l	Retirement System		
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund				
Year	2014	2015	2016	2017
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.2542020%	0.2542020%	0.266357%	0.266451%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$12,380,435	\$13,168,723	\$17,134,926	\$16,876,781
City's covered-employee payroll	\$4,554,046	\$5,277,461	\$4,940,981	\$6,425,132
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	271.86%	249.53%	346.79%	262.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension				

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

Information prior to 2014 is not available.

liability

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

73.00%

72.20%

66.77%

68.36%

Schedule of City Contributions Last Five Years

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System					
Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$699,803	\$603,498	\$737,391	\$673,192	\$740,428
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	699,803	603,498	737,391	673,192	740,428
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's covered-employee payroll	\$5,383,100	\$5,029,150	\$6,144,925	\$5,609,933	\$6,170,233
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%
Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Pu	blic Employees Ro	etirement System			
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund					
Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$777,831	\$1,074,491	\$992,643	\$1,290,809	\$1,330,145
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	777,831	1,074,491	992,643	1,290,809	1,330,145
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's covered-employee payroll	\$4,554,046	\$5,277,461	\$4,940,981	\$6,425,132	\$6,620,931
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.08%	20.36%	20.09%	20.09%	20.09%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

Notes to the Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

There were no recent significant changes of benefit terms, investment policies, the size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms impacting the actuarial valuation study for the year ended December 31, 2016.

In 2016, a five-year experience study was completed on the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2015. The Board adopted changes to both the demographic and economic assumptions as a result of the study. The most notable change in demographic assumptions is an increased life expectancy of the members and the most notable change in economic assumptions is the reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50% for the defined benefit investments. The new assumptions are included in the 2016 actuarial valuation.

In 2016, OPERS, in conjunction with the Board's investment consultants, also completed and asset liability study. Periodically, the System engages in a more comprehensive study that examines the nature of the pension liabilities the plan will ultimately pay and the characteristics of the asset allocation projections and the associated level of risk. As a result of this study, OPERS modified the asset allocation slightly, but not substantively.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

In October 2017, the OPF Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of December 31, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 8.25 percent to 8.0 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the City's net pension liability is expected to be significant.



Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and Schedules

 $T_{\it HE}$ following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Veyance Incentive Fund

To account for the transfer of non-tax revenues to be expended as revenue sharing for a financial incentive negotiated with the Veyance Company(The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Univenture Financial Incentive Fund

To account for the transfer of non-tax revenues to be expended as revenue sharing for a financial incentive negotiated with the Univenture Company. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Enterprise Zone Revenue Fund

To account for the Enterprise Zone Agreement between the City of Marysville and the Marysville School District. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Street Tree Fund

To accumulate dedicated revenues for the financial support of expenditures associated with the Urban Forestry Program.

Pool Fund

To account for specific revenues and expenditures necessary to operate the municipal pool.

City Events Fund

To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with City sponsored events.

Police Pension Fund

To account for property taxes levied for the partial payment of the current and accrued liability for police disability and pension.

Fire Pension Fund

To account for property taxes levied for the partial payment of the current and accrued liability for fire disability and pension.

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Police Grant Fund

To account for grant revenues and expenditures associated with the Police Department.

Fire Grant Fund

To account for grant revenues and expenditures associated with the Fire Department.

Street Maintenance Fund

To account for that portion of the state levied and controlled gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees designated for local street construction, maintenance and repair. Ninety-two and one-half percent of the tax and fees are allocated to this fund.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for the proceeds from the confiscation of contraband.

Mandatory Drug Fine Fund

To account for mandatory fines collected for drug agencies.

Driving Under the Influence (DUI) Alcohol Education And Enforcement Fund

To account for fines imposed on DUI offenders. Under state law, disbursements may be made from this fund for law enforcement purposes related to informing the public of laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

Driving Under the Influence (DUI) Indigent Drivers Treatment Fund

To account for fines imposed on DUI offenders. Under state law, disbursements may be made from this fund for law enforcement purposes related to treatment services for those persons who cannot afford such services.

State Highway Fund

To account for that portion of the state levied and controlled gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees designated for the maintenance and repair of state highways within the City. Seven and one-half percent of the tax and fees are allocated to this fund.

Federal Law Enforcement Fund

To account for federal proceeds from the confiscation of contraband.

Court Computer and Research Fund

To account for revenues from fines to be used for providing information technology systems to the Municipal Court and for periodic upgrades to these systems.

Municipal Court Computer Fund

To account for revenues from fines to be used for providing information technology systems to the Municipal Court and for periodic upgrades to these systems.

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Municipal Court Special Projects Fund

To account for revenues from fines to be used for providing for other specific items that may arise.

Court Probation Fee Fund

To account for fees designated to the Municipal Court for the operation of the probation program.

Eljer Park Fund

To account for the insurance liability for Eljer Park.

Cemetery Maintenance Fund

To provide funding for the maintenance of the city owned cemetery.

Cemetery Endowment Fund

To account for donations to the cemetery whose use is specified for cemetery operations.

Municipal Court Local Interlock Fund

To account for the fines assessed by the City of Marysville for certain DUI cases. Monies collected are to be used for the purchase and installation of an interlock/immobilization device to prevent usage of a motor vehicle by intoxicated drivers.

Municipal Court State Interlock Fund

To account for the fines assessed by the State of Ohio for certain DUI cases. Monies collected are to be used for the purchase and installation of an interlock/immobilization device to prevent usage of a motor vehicle by intoxicated drivers.

2009 Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) Grant Fund

To account for grant revenues and expenditures associated with the 2009 CHIP program.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources and special assessment levies when the government is obligated in some manner for the payment.

Debt Service Fund

To account for resources that are used for payment of principal, interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

Partners Park Fund

To account for monies pledged by area businesses for the construction of Partners Park.

Coleman's Crossing TIF Fund

To account for the debt proceeds used for and the payments in lieu of tax receipts realized by the development of the Coleman's Crossing area. These proceeds will be utilized to repay the debt issued for completion of this project.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Parkland Development Fund

To account for park impact/capacity fees collected to be used to provide neighborhood parks and to make capital improvements to land provided to the City by developers.

ODNR Grant Fund

To account for grant revenues and expenditures associated with the ODNR program.

OPWC Grant Fund

To account for grant revenues and expenditures associated with the OPWC program.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Formula Grant Fund

To account for grant revenues and expenditures associated with the CDBG Formula program.

Capital Projects Funds (Continued)

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Pedestrian Bridge Fund

To account for the activity related to the construction of a pedestrian bridge over US 33.

Safe Routes to Schools Grant Fund

To account for the activity related to the capital improvements funded by the Safe Routes to School Grant.

Town Run Restoration Fund

To account for grant revenues and expenditures associated with the Town Run Restoration project.

City Development Grant Fund

To account for grant proceeds to be used for City wide developments.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		nmajor Debt		Jonmajor ital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,728,792	\$	254,531	\$	399,893	\$ 3,383,216	
Receivables:							
Accounts	411		439,000		0	439,411	
Intergovernmental	406,305		0		0	406,305	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0		1,756,608		0	1,756,608	
Property Taxes	239,668		0		0	239,668	
Special Assessments	0		76,904		0	76,904	
Prepaid Items	 13,207		818		0	 14,025	
Total Assets	\$ 3,388,383	\$	2,527,861	\$	399,893	\$ 6,316,137	
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 218,173	\$	31,078	\$	0	\$ 249,251	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	11,345		0		0	11,345	
Intergovernmental Payable	8,810		0		0	8,810	
Interfund Loans Payable	0		5,000		119,925	124,925	
Compensated Absences Payable	75		0		0	75	
Total Liabilities	238,403		36,078		119,925	 394,406	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unavailable Amounts	256,872		515,904		0	772,776	
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year	235,016		1,756,608		0	1,991,624	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	491,888		2,272,512		0	 2,764,400	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable	13,100		818		0	13,918	
Restricted	2,456,004		223,453		158,809	2,838,266	
Committed	, ,		223,433		,		
Unassigned	227,058		(5,000)		121,159 0	348,217	
_	 (38,070)	-		-		 (43,070)	
Total Fund Balances	 2,658,092		219,271		279,968	 3,157,331	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources							
and Fund Balances	\$ 3,388,383	\$	2,527,861	\$	399,893	\$ 6,316,137	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

P		Nonmajor tial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds			al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:	Ф	221 402	Ф	0	Ф	0	Ф	221 402
Property Taxes	\$	221,492	\$	0	\$	0	\$	221,492
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		0		1,832,342		0		1,832,342
Intergovernmental Revenues		974,386		0		374,179		1,348,565
Charges for Services		248,704		110,012		0		358,716
Licenses and Permits		204,070		0		81,943		286,013
Investment Earnings		5,083		0		0		5,083
Fines and Forfeitures		169,840		0		0		169,840
All Other Revenue		39,260		0		0		39,260
Total Revenue		1,862,835		1,942,354		456,122		4,261,311
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property - Police		141,853		0		0		141,853
Security of Persons and Property - Fire		118,284		0		0		118,284
Security of Persons and Property - Other		22,276		0		0		22,276
Public Health and Welfare Services		210		0		0		210
Leisure Time Activities		214,425		0		0		214,425
Community Environment		226		1,404,795		75,000		1,480,021
Transportation		1,307,813		0		0		1,307,813
General Government		285,948		0		0		285,948
Capital Outlay		5,000		0		320,554		325,554
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		0		1,795,000		0		1,795,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		0		1,015,472		0		1,015,472
Total Expenditures		2,096,035		4,215,267		395,554		6,706,856
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(233,200)		(2,272,913)		60,568		(2,445,545)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		187,953		1,953,834		0		2,141,787
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		187,953		1,953,834		0		2,141,787
Net Change In Fund Balance		(45,247)		(319,079)		60,568		(303,758)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		2,703,339		538,350		219,400		3,461,089
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	2,658,092	\$	219,271	\$	279,968	\$	3,157,331

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017

	Street Tree		Pool		City Events		Police Pension	
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	116,345	\$	42,763	\$	5,334	\$	20,975
Receivables:								
Accounts		0		0		0		0
Intergovernmental		0		29		27		6,336
Property Taxes		0		0		0		119,834
Prepaid Items		0		107		38		0
Total Assets	\$	116,345	\$	42,899	\$	5,399	\$	147,145
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	145	\$	1,427	\$	41,982	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		81		162		421		0
Intergovernmental Payable		0		0		953		0
Compensated Absences Payable		0		0		75		0
Total Liabilities		226		1,589		43,431		0
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		0		0		0		8,662
Property Tax for Next Fiscal Year		0		0		0		117,508
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0		126,170
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		0		0		38		0
Restricted		0		0		0		20,975
Committed		116,119		41,310		0		0
Unassigned		0		0		(38,070)		0
Total Fund Balances		116,119		41,310		(38,032)		20,975
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$	116,345	\$	42,899	\$	5,399	\$	147,145

Fir	Fire Pension		Police Grant		Fire Grant		Street Maintenance		Law forcement Trust	Man	datory Drug Fine
\$	20,975	\$	13,103	\$	11,788	\$	273,862	\$	127,099	\$	110,175
	0		0		0		307		0		0
	6,336		0		0		346,880		0		0
	119,834		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		13,062		0		0
\$	147,145	\$	13,103	\$	11,788	\$	634,111	\$	127,099	\$	110,175
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	113,917	\$	2,333	\$	0
	0		0		0		10,681		0		0
	0		0		0		7,857		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		132,455		2,333		0
	8,662		0		0		215,997		0		0
	117,508		0		0		0		0		0
	126,170		0		0		215,997		0		0
	0		0		0		13,062		0		0
	20,975		13,103		11,788		272,597		124,766		110,175
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	20,975		13,103		11,788		285,659		124,766		110,175
\$	147,145	\$	13,103	\$	11,788	\$	634,111	\$	127,099	\$	110,175

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017

Acceptance	Edu	I Alcohol cation and corcement]	I Indigent Drivers eatement	t State Highway		Federal Law Enforcement	
Assets:	¢.	22.057	¢.	160 406	ø	106.925	¢.	1 240
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	32,057	\$	169,406	\$	106,835	\$	1,248
		0		0		77		0
Accounts		0 13		0				0
Intergovernmental		_		0		34,225		0
Property Taxes		0		0		0		0
Prepaid Items		0		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	32,070	\$	169,406	\$	141,137	\$	1,248
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	52,325	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	•	0	,	0	,	0	•	0
Intergovernmental Payable		0		0		0		0
Compensated Absences Payable		0		0		0		0
Total Liabilities		0		0		52,325		0
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		0		0		23,551		0
Property Tax for Next Fiscal Year		0		0		0		0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		23,551		0
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		0		0		0		0
Restricted		32,070		169,406		65,261		1,248
Committed		0		0		0		0
Unassigned		0		0		0		0
Total Fund Balances		32,070		169,406		65,261		1,248
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$	32,070	\$	169,406	\$	141,137	\$	1,248

	t Computer Research	icipal Court		Municipal Court Special Projects		Court Probation Fee		ljer Park	emetery intenance
\$	311,047	\$ 179,172	\$	459,379	\$	253,642	\$	31,523	\$ 27,321
	0	0		0		0		0	0
	2,034	2,055		5,223		965		0	0
	0	0		0		0		0	0
	0	 0		0	_	0		0	 0
\$	313,081	\$ 181,227	\$	464,602	\$	254,607	\$	31,523	\$ 27,321
\$	0	\$ 863	\$	5,181	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
	0	0		0		0		0	0
	0	0		0		0		0	0
	0	 0		0		0		0	 0
	0	863		5,181		0		0	0
				<u> </u>					
	0	0		0		0		0	0
_	0	0		0		0		0	0
	0	0		0		0		0	0
	0	0		0		0		0	0
	313,081	180,364		459,421		254,607		0	0
	0	0		0		0		31,523	27,321
	0	0		0		0		0_	0
	313,081	180,364	_	459,421		254,607		31,523	27,321
\$	313,081	\$ 181,227	\$	464,602	\$	254,607	\$	31,523	\$ 27,321

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017

A 4		Cemetery Endowment		Municipal Court Local Interlock		Municipal Court State Interlock		2009 CHIP Grant	
Assets:		40 ==0				•••		4	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,758	\$	153,224	\$	205,655	\$	45,106	
Receivables:		25		0		0		0	
Accounts		27		0		0		0	
Intergovernmental		0		1,297		885		0	
Property Taxes		0		0		0		0	
Prepaid Items		0		0		0		0	
Total Assets	\$	10,785	\$	154,521	\$	206,540	\$	45,106	
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		0		0		0		0	
Intergovernmental Payable		0		0		0		0	
Compensated Absences Payable		0		0		0		0	
Total Liabilities		0		0		0		0	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable Amounts		0		0		0		0	
Property Tax for Next Fiscal Year		0		0		0		0	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		0		0		0		0	
Restricted		0		154,521		206,540		45,106	
Committed		10,785		0		0		0	
Unassigned		0		0		0		0	
Total Fund Balances		10,785		154,521		206,540		45,106	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								,	
and Fund Balances	\$	10,785	\$	154,521	\$	206,540	\$	45,106	

Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds							
\$	2,728,792						
	411						
	406,305						
	239,668						
	13,207						
\$	3,388,383						
\$	218,173						
	11,345						
	8,810						
	75						
	238,403						
	256,872						
	235,016						
	491,888						
	13,100						
	2,456,004						
	227,058						
	(38,070)						
	2,658,092						
\$	3,388,383						

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Street Tree	Pool	City Events	Police Pension	
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 110,746	
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	29	1,532	12,592	
Charges for Services	0	162,120	82,732	0	
Licenses and Permits	116,345	0	0	0	
Investment Earnings	0	0	0	0	
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	0	
All Other Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenue	116,345	162,149	84,264	123,338	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property - Police	0	0	0	115,045	
Security of Persons and Property - Fire	0	0	0	0	
Security of Persons and Property - Other	0	0	0	0	
Public Health and Welfare Services	0	0	0	0	
Leisure Time Activities	0	214,425	0	0	
Community Enviornment	226	0	0	0	
Transportation	0	0	0	0	
General Government	0	0	285,948	0	
Capital Outlay	0	5,000	0	0	
Total Expenditures	226	219,425	285,948	115,045	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	116,119	(57,276)	(201,684)	8,293	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	0	0	118,953	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	118,953	0	
Net Change In Fund Balance	116,119	(57,276)	(82,731)	8,293	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	0	98,586	44,699	12,682	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 116,119	\$ 41,310	\$ (38,032)	\$ 20,975	

Fire Pension		Poli	Police Grant Fire Grant		Ma	Street	Enf	Law Forcement Trust	Mandatory Drug Fine		
\$	110,746	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
	12,592		2,869		3,114		851,820		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		82,668		0		0
	0		0		0		3,781		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		2,750
	0		0		0		20,034		0		0
	123,338		2,869		3,114		958,303		0		2,750
	0 115,045 0		659 0 0		0 3,239 0		0 0 0 0		24,923 0 0 0		0 0 0 0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		1,116,195		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	115,045		659		3,239		1,116,195		24,923		0
	8,293		2,210		(125)		(157,892)		(24,923)		2,750
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	8,293		2,210		(125)		(157,892)		(24,923)		2,750
	12,682	-	10,893		11,913		443,551	-	149,689		107,425
\$	20,975	\$	13,103	\$	11,788	\$	285,659	\$	124,766	\$	110,175

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Revenues:			State	State Highway		eral Law orcement		
Property Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Intergovernmental Revenues	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	69,066	Ψ	0
Charges for Services		0		0		0,000		0
Licenses and Permits		0		0		0		0
Investment Earnings		0		0		1,019		0
Fines and Forfeitures		757	,	7,526		0		0
All Other Revenue		0	,	0		19,226		0
Total Revenue		757		7,526		89,311		0
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property - Police		0		0		0		1,226
Security of Persons and Property - Fire		0		0		0		0
Security of Persons and Property - Other		0		0		0		0
Public Health and Welfare Services		0		0		0		0
Leisure Time Activities		0		0		0		0
Community Enviornment		0		0		0		0
Transportation		0		0		191,618		0
General Government		0		0		0		0
Capital Outlay		0		0		0		0
Total Expenditures		0		0		191,618		1,226
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		757	7	7,526		(102,307)		(1,226)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		0		0		69,000		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		69,000		0
Net Change In Fund Balance		757	7	7,526		(33,307)		(1,226)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		31,313	163	,880		98,568		2,474
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$	32,070	\$ 169	,406	\$	65,261	\$	1,248

Court Computer and Research	Municipal Court Computer	Municipal Court Special Projects	Court Probation Fee	Eljer Park	Cemetery Maintenance
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	3,852	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	5,057
0	0	0	0	0	0
25,920	25,963	55,633	11,910	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
25,920	25,963	59,485	11,910	0	5,057
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	8,463	13,387	426	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	8,463	13,387	426	0	0
25,920	17,500	46,098	11,484	0	5,057
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
25,920	17,500	46,098	11,484	0	5,057
287,161	162,864	413,323	243,123	31,523	22,264
\$ 313,081	\$ 180,364	\$ 459,421	\$ 254,607	\$ 31,523	\$ 27,321

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	emetery lowment	icipal Court	icipal Court e Interlock	9 CHIP Grant
Revenues:				,
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	0	20,772
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0
Licenses and Permits	0	0	0	0
Investment Earnings	283	0	0	0
Fines and Forfeitures	0	17,391	21,990	0
All Other Revenue	 0	 0	 0	 0
Total Revenue	283	17,391	21,990	20,772
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property - Police	0	0	0	0
Security of Persons and Property - Fire	0	0	0	0
Security of Persons and Property - Other	0	0	0	0
Public Health and Welfare Services	210	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	0	0
Community Enviornment	0	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0	0
General Government	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	 0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	210	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	73	17,391	21,990	20,772
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	 0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0	 0	0	0
Net Change In Fund Balance	73	17,391	21,990	20,772
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	10,712	137,130	184,550	24,334
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 10,785	\$ 154,521	\$ 206,540	\$ 45,106

	Total							
Ν	Nonmajor							
D	Special							
Kev	enue Funds							
\$	221,492							
	974,386							
	248,704							
	204,070							
	5,083							
	169,840							
	39,260							
	1,862,835							
	141,853							
	118,284							
	22,276							
	210							
	214,425							
	226							
	1,307,813							
	285,948							
	5,000							
	2,096,035							
	(233,200)							
	187,953							
	187,953							
	(45,247)							
	2,703,339							
\$	2,658,092							

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2017

	Debt Service		Partners Park		Coleman's Crossing TIF		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Assets:	¢	0	¢	0	\$	254.521	¢	254 521
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts	\$	0	\$	439,000	Þ	254,531	\$	254,531 439,000
		-		,		*		,
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		0		0		1,756,608		1,756,608
Special Assessments		76,904		0		0		76,904
Prepaid Items		0		0		818		818
Total Assets	\$	76,904	\$	439,000	\$	2,011,957	\$	2,527,861
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		0		0		31,078		31,078
Interfund Loans Payable		5,000		0		0		5,000
Total Liabilities		5,000		0		31,078		36,078
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		76,904		439,000		0		515,904
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		0		0		1,756,608		1,756,608
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		76,904		439,000		1,756,608		2,272,512
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		0		0		818		818
Restricted		0		0		223,453		223,453
Unassigned		(5,000)		0		0		(5,000)
Total Fund Balances		(5,000)		0		224,271		219,271
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
and Fund Balances	\$	76,904	\$	439,000	\$	2,011,957	\$	2,527,861

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Debt Service Cross:			Coleman's ossing TIF	al Nonmajor ebt Service Funds	
Revenues:						
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$	0	\$	1,832,342	\$ 1,832,342	
Charges for Services		110,012		0	 110,012	
Total Revenue		110,012		1,832,342	 1,942,354	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community Development		0		1,404,795	1,404,795	
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		1,380,000		415,000	1,795,000	
Interest & Fiscal Charges		685,334		330,138	1,015,472	
Total Expenditures		2,065,334		2,149,933	 4,215,267	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(1,955,322)		(317,591)	(2,272,913)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		1,953,834		0	1,953,834	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,953,834		0	 1,953,834	
Net Change In Fund Balance		(1,488)		(317,591)	(319,079)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		(3,512)		541,862	538,350	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	(5,000)	\$	224,271	\$ 219,271	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2017

	Parkland			ODNR Grant		OPWC Grant		CDBG Formula Grant	
Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	77,253	\$	7,253	\$	96,914	\$	18,411	
Total Assets	\$	77,253	\$	7,253	\$	96,914	\$	18,411	
Liabilities:									
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0		0	
Total Liabilities		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted		0		7,253		96,914		18,411	
Committed		77,253		0		0		0	
Total Fund Balances		77,253		7,253		96,914		18,411	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	77,253	\$	7,253	\$	96,914	\$	18,411	

Pedestrian Bridge		Safe Routes to School Grant		Town Run Restoration		City Development Grant		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
\$	43,906	\$	124,709	\$	7,451	\$	23,996	\$	399,893
\$	43,906	\$	124,709	\$	7,451	\$	23,996	\$	399,893
	0_		119,925		0		0		119,925
	0		119,925		0		0		119,925
	0		4,784		7,451		23,996		158,809
	43,906		0		0		0		121,159
	43,906		4,784		7,451		23,996		279,968
\$	43,906	\$	124,709	\$	7,451	\$	23,996	\$	399,893

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	P	arkland					CDBG Formula	
	Dev	elopment	OD	NR Grant	OPWC Grant		Grant	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	15,881	\$	42,725	\$	187,664	\$	93,411
Licenses and Permits		81,943		0		0		0
Total Revenue		97,824		42,725		187,664		93,411
Expenditures:								
Community Environment		0		0		0		75,000
Capital Outlay		68,320		0		187,664		0
Total Expenditures		68,320		0		187,664		75,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		29,504		42,725		0		18,411
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		47,749		(35,472)		96,914		0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	77,253	\$	7,253	\$	96,914	\$	18,411

destrian Bridge	Safe Routes to School Grant		Town Run Restoration		City velopment Grant	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		
\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 34,498	\$	0	\$	374,179	
 0		0	 0		0		81,943	
 0		0	 34,498		0		456,122	
0		0	0		0		75,000	
 0		0	 0		64,570		320,554	
 0		0	 0		64,570		395,554	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
0		0	34,498		(64,570)		60,568	
 43,906		4,784	 (27,047)		88,566		219,400	
\$ 43,906	\$	4,784	\$ 7,451	\$	23,996	\$	279,968	

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,334,500	\$ 1,449,491	\$ 1,451,249	\$ 1,758
Municipal Income Taxes	17,410,000	18,503,000	18,801,562	298,562
Other Local Taxes	430,000	430,000	438,154	8,154
Intergovernmental Revenues	361,823	370,186	387,280	17,094
Charges for Services	2,019,648	2,202,865	2,474,872	272,007
Licenses and Permits	144,000	144,000	151,919	7,919
Investment Earnings	100,000	135,375	135,376	1
Fines and Forfeitures	751,000	751,000	674,931	(76,069)
All Other Revenues	21,000	112,997	129,330	16,333
Total Revenues	22,571,971	24,098,914	24,644,673	545,759
Expenditures: Security of Persons and Property: Police:				
Personal Services	4,746,218	4,818,759	4,461,522	357,237
Materials and Supplies	107,200	86,998	81,231	5,767
Contractual Services	186,700	188,720	168,189	20,531
Capital Outlay	0	51,280	51,280	0
Total Police	5,040,118	5,145,757	4,762,222	383,535
Fire:				
Personal Services	5,113,796	5,119,369	4,992,451	126,918
Materials and Supplies	91,500	99,356	95,628	3,728
Contractual Services	308,413	330,861	289,458	41,403
Capital Outlay	0	18,296	18,296	0
Total Fire	5,513,709	5,567,882	5,395,833	172,049
Municipal Court:				
Personal Services	747,986	750,151	697,526	52,625
Materials and Supplies	104,000	105,351	77,353	27,998
Contractual Services	61,000	61,805	31,777	30,028
Total Municipal Court	912,986	917,307	806,656	110,651
Total Security of Persons and Property	11,466,813	11,630,946	10,964,711	666,235

(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Health and Welfare Services:				
Street Lighting:				
Contractual Services	376,000	457,408	418,937	38,471
Total Public Health and Welfare Services	376,000	457,408	418,937	38,471
Community Environment:				
Public Service:				
Personal Services	197,918	216,277	212,997	3,280
Materials and Supplies	14,100	12,449	7,056	5,393
Contractual Services	29,500	31,729	23,110	8,619
Total Public Service	241,518	260,455	243,163	17,292
Buildings and Grounds:				
Personal Services	365,974	366,563	354,188	12,375
Materials and Supplies	74,000	93,952	86,516	7,436
Contractual Services	275,650	319,940	311,616	8,324
Total Buildings and Grounds	715,624	780,455	752,320	28,135
Total Community Environment	957,142	1,040,910	995,483	45,427
General Government:				
City Council:				
Personal Services	80,773	82,273	81,123	1,150
Materials and Supplies	3,000	3,034	1,173	1,861
Contractual Services	37,400	35,900	26,550	9,350
Total City Council	121,173	121,207	108,846	12,361
City Administrator:				
Personal Services	270,503	270,503	267,391	3,112
Materials and Supplies	4,500	4,651	4,379	272
Contractual Services	248,200	252,755	252,704	51
Total City Administrator	523,203	527,909	524,474	3,435
Human Resources:				
Personal Services	187,782	187,782	183,933	3,849
Materials and Supplies	4,500	5,020	4,076	944
Contractual Services	18,500	21,767	12,298	9,469
Total Human Resources	210,782	214,569	200,307	14,262

(Continued)

	Original			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Law Director:				
Personal Services	154,846	154,846	154,545	301
Materials and Supplies	2,000	1,536	1,036	500
Contractual Services	51,700	56,304	45,699	10,605
Total Law Director	208,546	212,686	201,280	11,406
Finance:				
Personal Services	400,925	406,435	404,438	1,997
Materials and Supplies	53,500	57,294	36,948	20,346
Contractual Services	179,477	174,881	147,285	27,596
Total Finance	633,902	638,610	588,671	49,939
Employee Benefits:				
Personal Services	1,200,879	1,201,569	1,141,315	60,254
Total Employee Benefits	1,200,879	1,201,569	1,141,315	60,254
Information Technology:				
Personal Services	258,167	258,167	249,588	8,579
Materials and Supplies	13,000	16,006	15,676	330
Contractual Services	430,400	508,619	496,650	11,969
Total Information Technology	701,567	782,792	761,914	20,878
City Engineer:				
Personal Services	522,729	529,743	521,779	7,964
Materials and Supplies	96,200	110,013	106,055	3,958
Contractual Services	694,200	807,948	723,785	84,163
Total City Engineer	1,313,129	1,447,704	1,351,619	96,085
Total General Government	4,913,181	5,147,046	4,878,426	268,620
Total Expenditures	17,713,136	18,276,310	17,257,557	1,018,753
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,858,835	5,945,224	7,509,736	1,564,512
				(Continued)

				Variance with
				Final Budget
	Original			Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	25,100	42,776	17,676
Transfers Out	(3,551,600)	(6,517,609)	(7,060,684)	(543,075)
Advances In	0	122,620	122,620	0
Advances Out	0	(124,925)	(124,925)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,551,600)	(6,494,814)	(7,020,213)	(525,399)
Net Change In Fund Balance	1,307,235	(672,210)	366,903	1,039,113
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	6,686,319	6,686,319	6,686,319	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	552,629	552,629	552,629	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 8,546,183	\$ 6,566,738	\$ 7,605,851	\$ 1,039,113

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Capital Projects Fund – Capital Improvement Projects (CIP) Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		riginal udget	Final Budget		Actual		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:								
Investment Earnings	\$	0	\$	0	\$	14,090	\$	14,090
All Other Revenues		0		0		5,792		5,792
Total Revenues		0		0		19,882		19,882
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay:								
Engineering		4,533,431		5,370,552		5,082,328		288,224
Total Expenditures	4,533,431			5,370,552		5,082,328		288,224
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4	4,533,431)	((5,370,552)		(5,062,446)		308,106
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
General Obligation Notes Issued	4	4,700,000		4,700,000		2,002,419		(2,697,581)
Transfers In		0		765,000		4,043,983		3,278,983
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4	4,700,000		5,465,000		6,046,402		581,402
Net Change In Fund Balance		166,569		94,448		983,956		889,508
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		205,079		205,079		205,079		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		78,423		78,423		78,423		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	450,071	\$	377,950	\$	1,267,458	\$	889,508

VEYANCE INCENTIVE FUND

	Or Bı	Final	Budget	lget Actual			nce with Budget sitive gative)	
Revenues:								, ,
Total Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Expenditures:								
Total Expenditures		0		0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		567		567		567		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	567	\$	567	\$	567	\$	0

UNIVENTURE FINANCIAL INCENTIVE FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Total Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Contractual Services		21,500		21,500		21,500		0
Total Expenditures		21,500		21,500		21,500		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(21,500)		(21,500)		(21,500)		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		32,608		32,608		32,608		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	11,108	\$	11,108	\$	11,108	\$	0

ENTERPRISE ZONE REVENUE FUND

				Variance with	
	Original			Final Budget Positive	
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Expenditures:					
General Government:					
Contractual Services	10,000	10,000	10,000	0	
Total Expenditures	10,000	10,000	10,000	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	10,000	10,000	10,000	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000	10,000	10,000	0	
Net Change In Fund Balance	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	10,120	10,120	10,120	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 10,120	\$ 10,120	\$ 10,120	\$ 0	

STREET TREE FUND

	Original Budget Final Budget		Budget_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Licenses and Permits	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 116,345	\$	116,345
Total Revenues		0		0	 116,345		116,345
Expenditures:							
Total Expenditures		0		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0	116,345		116,345
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0	 0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 116,345	\$	116,345

POOL FUND

		al Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)		
Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	130,000	\$	130,000	\$ 162,151	\$	32,151
Total Revenues		130,000		130,000	 162,151		32,151
Expenditures:							
Leisure Time Activities:							
Personal Services		110,400		110,400	101,873		8,527
Materials and Supplies		62,000		69,518	65,527		3,991
Contractual Services		38,500		49,667	49,019		648
Capital Outlay		0		5,000	 5,000		0
Total Expenditures		210,900		234,585	 221,419		13,166
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(80,900)		(104,585)	(59,268)		45,317
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		45,000		45,000	 0_		(45,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		45,000		45,000	0		(45,000)
Net Change In Fund Balance		(35,900)		(59,585)	(59,268)		317
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		63,387		63,387	63,387		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		36,607		36,607	 36,607		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	64,094	\$	40,409	\$ 40,726	\$	317

CITY EVENTS FUND

	Original Budget Final Budget				 Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,534	\$	1,534
Charges for Services		89,000		89,000	 82,732		(6,268)
Total Revenues		89,000		89,000	 84,266		(4,734)
Expenditures:							
General Government:							
Personal Services		106,510		109,510	107,611		1,899
Materials and Supplies		31,200		31,535	29,607		1,928
Contractual Services		142,864		141,793	 109,889		31,904
Total Expenditures		280,574		282,838	 247,107		35,731
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(191,574)		(193,838)	(162,841)		30,997
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		161,000		161,000	 118,953		(42,047)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		161,000		161,000	 118,953		(42,047)
Net Change In Fund Balance		(30,574)		(32,838)	(43,888)		(11,050)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		39,249		39,249	39,249		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		8,428		8,428	 8,428		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	17,103	\$	14,839	\$ 3,789	\$	(11,050)

POLICE PENSION FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		 Actual	Variance wit Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					 		
Property Taxes	\$	104,000	\$	104,000	\$ 110,746	\$	6,746
Intergovernmental Revenues		10,871		10,871	 12,592		1,721
Total Revenues		114,871		114,871	 123,338		8,467
Expenditures:							
Security of Persons and Property - Police:							
Personal Services		113,000		113,000	113,000		0
Contractual Services		2,183		2,183	 2,045		138
Total Expenditures		115,183		115,183	 115,045		138
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(312)		(312)	8,293		8,605
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		12,682		12,682	 12,682		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	12,370	\$	12,370	\$ 20,975	\$	8,605

FIRE PENSION FUND

	Original					1	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
D	Budget		Final Budget		Actual		(No	egative)	
Revenues:									
Property Taxes	\$	104,000	\$	104,000	\$	110,746	\$	6,746	
Intergovernmental Revenues		10,871		10,871		12,592		1,721	
Total Revenues		114,871		114,871		123,338	-	8,467	
Expenditures:									
Security of Persons and Property - Fire:									
Personal Services		113,000		113,000		113,000		0	
Contractual Services		2,183		2,183		2,045		138	
Total Expenditures		115,183		115,183		115,045		138	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(312)		(312)		8,293		8,605	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		12,682		12,682		12,682		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	12,370	\$	12,370	\$	20,975	\$	8,605	

POLICE GRANT FUND

	Original Budget Final Budget				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$ 4,297	\$	1,297
Total Revenues		3,000	-	3,000	 4,297	-	1,297
Expenditures:							
Security of Persons and Property - Police:							
Contractual Services		3,000		3,000	659		2,341
Total Expenditures		3,000		3,000	 659	-	2,341
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0	3,638		3,638
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		9,465		9,465	 9,465		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	9,465	\$	9,465	\$ 13,103	\$	3,638

FIRE GRANT FUND

Decrement	Original Budget Final Bu			l Budget	get Actual			ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,114	\$	(886)
e	Þ		Ф		Φ		Φ	
Total Revenues		4,000		4,000		3,114		(886)
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property - Fire:								
Contractual Services		4,000		4,000		3,239		761
Total Expenditures		4,000		4,000		3,239		761
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		(125)		(125)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		11,454		11,454		11,454		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		459		459		459		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	11,913	\$	11,913	\$	11,788	\$	(125)

STREET MAINTENANCE FUND

	Original Budget Final Budge		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 822,386	\$ 822,386	\$ 851,816	\$ 29,430
Licenses and Permits	0	0	82,668	82,668
Investment Earnings	6,000	6,000	3,596	(2,404)
All Other Revenues	10,000	10,000	23,932	13,932
Total Revenues	838,386	838,386	962,012	123,626
Expenditures:				
Transportation:				
Personal Services	771,873	772,088	697,897	74,191
Materials and Supplies	360,000	414,155	385,551	28,604
Contractual Services	230,450	293,022	237,409	55,613
Capital Outlay	0	275,101	275,101	0
Total Expenditures	1,362,323	1,754,366	1,595,958	158,408
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(523,937)	(915,980)	(633,946)	282,034
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	428,500	428,500	0	(428,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	428,500	428,500	0	(428,500)
Net Change In Fund Balance	(95,437)	(487,480)	(633,946)	(146,466)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	306,308	306,308	306,308	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	483,068	483,068	483,068	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 693,939	\$ 301,896	\$ 155,430	\$ (146,466)

LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

	Original Budget	Fin	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0
Expenditures:						
Security of Persons and Property - Police:						
Materials and Supplies	1,000		1,000	1,000		0
Capital Outlay	 22,000		22,000	22,000		0
Total Expenditures	 23,000		23,000	 23,000		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(23,000)		(23,000)	(23,000)		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 143,848		143,848	 143,848		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 120,848	\$	120,848	\$ 120,848	\$	0

MANDATORY DRUG FINE FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:								
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	2,750	\$	(9,250)
Total Revenues		12,000		12,000		2,750		(9,250)
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property - Police:								
Materials and Supplies		3,000		3,000		0		3,000
Total Expenditures		3,000		3,000		0		3,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		9,000		9,000		2,750		(6,250)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		107,425		107,425		107,425		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	116,425	\$	116,425	\$	110,175	\$	(6,250)

DUI ALCOHOL EDUCATION AND ENFORCEMENT FUND

								nce with Budget	
		Original					Positive		
	I	Budget	Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	904	\$	(596)	
Total Revenues		1,500		1,500		904		(596)	
Expenditures:									
Security of Persons and Property - Police:									
Contractual Services		750		750		0		750	
Total Expenditures		750		750	-	0		750	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		750		750		904		154	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		31,097		31,097		31,097		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		56		56		56		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	31,903	\$	31,903	\$	32,057	\$	154	

DUI INDIGENT DRIVERS TREATMENT FUND

	riginal Judget	_ Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 7,526	\$	7,526
Total Revenues	0		0	 7,526		7,526
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures	 0		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0		0	7,526		7,526
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 161,880		161,880	 161,880		0_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 161,880	\$	161,880	\$ 169,406	\$	7,526

STATE HIGHWAY FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 65,719	\$	65,719	\$	69,066	\$	3,347
Investment Earnings	900		900		943		43
All Other Revenues	 15,000		15,000		19,226		4,226
Total Revenues	 81,619		81,619		89,235		7,616
Expenditures:							
Transportation:							
Materials and Supplies	89,700		108,419		99,443		8,976
Contractual Services	 79,000		107,936		105,011		2,925
Total Expenditures	 168,700		216,355		204,454		11,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(87,081)		(134,736)		(115,219)		19,517
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	 69,000		69,000		69,000		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	69,000		69,000		69,000		0
Net Change In Fund Balance	(18,081)		(65,736)		(46,219)		19,517
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	18,107		18,107		18,107		0
Prior Year Encumbrances	 78,601		78,601		78,601		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 78,627	\$	30,972	\$	50,489	\$	19,517

COURT COMPUTER AND RESEARCH FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,984	\$ 984
Total Revenues	25,000	25,000	25,984	984
Expenditures:				
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	25,000	25,000	25,984	984
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	285,063	285,063	285,063	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 310,063	\$ 310,063	\$ 311,047	\$ 984

MUNICIPAL COURT COMPUTER FUND

	Original Budget	_ Fin	inal Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$	26,004	\$	1,004	
Total Revenues	 25,000		25,000		26,004		1,004	
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property - Other:								
Contractual Services	 10,000		10,063		10,063		0	
Total Expenditures	 10,000		10,063		10,063		0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	15,000		14,937		15,941		1,004	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	157,819		157,819		157,819		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	 3,012		3,012		3,012		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 175,831	\$	175,768	\$	176,772	\$	1,004	

MUNICIPAL COURT SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND

							nce with Budget
	(Original					ositive
		Budget	Final Budget		Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues:	·			_			
Charges for Services	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$ 3,852	\$	852
Fines and Forfeitures		55,000		55,000	55,132		132
Total Revenues		58,000		58,000	58,984		984
Expenditures:							
Security of Persons and Property - Other:							
Contractual Services		100,000		100,000	8,577		91,423
Total Expenditures		100,000		100,000	 8,577		91,423
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(42,000)		(42,000)	50,407		92,407
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		408,601		408,601	 408,601		0_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	366,601	\$	366,601	\$ 459,008	\$	92,407

COURT PROBATION FEE FUND

	Original	Eine	al Dudget	A atrial	Fina P	ance with al Budget cositive
D	 Budget	ГШ	al Budget	 Actual	(1)	egative)
Revenues:						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 12,000	\$	12,000	\$ 11,916	\$	(84)
Total Revenues	 12,000		12,000	 11,916		(84)
Expenditures:						
Security of Persons and Property - Other:						
Personal Services	10,300		10,300	426		9,874
Contractual Services	32,000		32,000	 0		32,000
Total Expenditures	 42,300		42,300	 426		41,874
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(30,300)		(30,300)	11,490		41,790
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	242,152		242,152	242,152		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 211,852	\$	211,852	\$ 253,642	\$	41,790

ELJER PARK FUND

	Original Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures	 0		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0		0	0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 31,523		31,523	31,523		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 31,523	\$	31,523	\$ 31,523	\$	0

CEMETERY MAINTENANCE FUND

Revenues:		Original Budget	_ Fina	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Licenses and Permits	\$	0	\$	0	\$	5,057	\$	5,057
Total Revenues	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	5,057	Ψ	5,057
Expenditures:								
Total Expenditures		0		0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		5,057		5,057
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		22,264		22,264		22,264		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	22,264	\$	22,264	\$	27,321	\$	5,057

CEMETERY ENDOWMENT FUND

Davannası		Original Budget	Fina	al Budget		Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: Investment Earnings	\$	45	\$	45	\$	256	\$	211
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	45	Ψ	45	Ψ	256	Ψ	211
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Materials and Supplies		300		300		210		90
Total Expenditures		300		300		210		90
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(255)		(255)		46		301
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		10,712		10,712		10,712		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	10,457	\$	10,457	\$	10,758	\$	301

MUNICIPAL COURT LOCAL INTERLOCK FUND

							ance with
	(Original					ositive
]	Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:		_		_			
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	14,000	\$	14,000	\$ 17,816	\$	3,816
Total Revenues		14,000		14,000	17,816		3,816
Expenditures:							
Security of Persons and Property - Other:							
Contractual Services		25,000		25,000	0		25,000
Total Expenditures		25,000		25,000	 0		25,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,000)		(11,000)	17,816		28,816
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		134,708		134,708	134,708		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		700		700	700		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	124,408	\$	124,408	\$ 153,224	\$	28,816

MUNICIPAL COURT STATE INTERLOCK FUND

Revenues:		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$ 22,620	\$	6,620
Total Revenues	Ψ	16,000		16,000	 22,620		6,620
Expenditures:							
Security of Persons and Property - Other:							
Contractual Services		25,000		25,000	 0		25,000
Total Expenditures		25,000		25,000	 0		25,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(9,000)		(9,000)	22,620		31,620
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		183,035		183,035	 183,035		0_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	174,035	\$	174,035	\$ 205,655	\$	31,620

2009 CHIP GRANT FUND

	Original Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:	_			_		
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 20,772	\$	20,772
Total Revenues	 0		0	20,772		20,772
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures	 0		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0		0	20,772		20,772
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	24,334		24,334	24,334		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 24,334	\$	24,334	\$ 45,106	\$	20,772

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

Danagana	riginal Sudget	<u>Fina</u>	l Budget	 Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0
Expenditures:						
Security of Persons and Property - Police:						
Materials and Supplies	 1,976		1,976	 1,226		750
Total Expenditures	 1,976		1,976	1,226		750
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,976)		(1,976)	(1,226)		750
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,474		2,474	2,474		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 498	\$	498	\$ 1,248	\$	750

DEBT SERVICE FUND

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original			Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 105,012	\$ 105,012	\$ 110,012	\$ 5,000
Special Assessments	2,500	2,500	0	(2,500)
Total Revenues	107,512	107,512	110,012	2,500
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	6,115,000	6,115,000	6,115,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	712,940	712,940	707,940	5,000
Total Expenditures	6,827,940	6,827,940	6,822,940	5,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,720,428)	(6,720,428)	(6,712,928)	7,500
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
General Obligation Notes Issued	3,885,000	3,885,000	3,892,692	7,692
Transfers In	2,830,000	2,833,940	2,818,748	(15,192)
Advances In	5,000	5,000	5,000	0
Advances Out	(3,512)	(3,512)	(3,512)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,716,488	6,720,428	6,712,928	(7,500)
Net Change In Fund Balance	(3,940)	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (3,940)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

COLEMAN'S CROSSING TIF FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 1,832,342	\$ 1,832,342	\$ 0
Total Revenues	1,450,000	1,832,342	1,832,342	0
Expenditures:				
Community Environment:				
Contractual Services	928,500	1,557,500	1,377,535	179,965
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	415,000	415,000	415,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	330,138	330,138	330,138	0
Total Expenditures	1,673,638	2,302,638	2,122,673	179,965
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(223,638)	(470,296)	(290,331)	179,965
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	541,862	541,862	541,862	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 318,224	\$ 71,566	\$ 251,531	\$ 179,965

PARKLAND DEVELOPMENT FUND

						Var	iance with
							al Budget
	C	Original				F	ositive
	Budget		Fina	al Budget	 Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	0	\$	15,881	\$ 15,881	\$	0
Licenses and Permits		20,000		20,000	 81,943		61,943
Total Revenues		20,000		35,881	97,824		61,943
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay:							
Parks and Recreation		0		76,490	 71,522		4,968
Total Expenditures		0		76,490	 71,522		4,968
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		20,000		(40,609)	26,302		66,911
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		21,342		21,342	21,342		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		29,609		29,609	 29,609		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	70,951	\$	10,342	\$ 77,253	\$	66,911

ODNR GRANT FUND

	Priginal Budget	_ Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Fina? Po	nce with I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues:	 			 		
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 0_	\$	42,725	\$ 42,725	\$	0
Total Revenues	0		42,725	42,725		0
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures	 0		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0		42,725	42,725		0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Advances Out	 0_		(35,472)	 (35,472)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0		(35,472)	(35,472)		0
Net Change In Fund Balance	0		7,253	7,253		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(7,253)		(7,253)	(7,253)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances	7,253		7,253	 7,253		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$	7,253	\$ 7,253	\$	0

OPWC GRANT FUND

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual		riance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 0	\$	366,619	\$ 284,578	\$	(82,041)
Total Revenues	0		366,619	284,578		(82,041)
Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay:						
Street Maintenance	0		187,664	187,664		0
Total Expenditures	0		187,664	187,664		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0		178,955	96,914		(82,041)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(178,955)		(178,955)	(178,955)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances	178,955		178,955	178,955		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$	178,955	\$ 96,914	\$	(82,041)

CDBG FORMULA GRANT FUND

						ance with
	(Original				al Budget ositive
		Budget	Fina	ıl Budget	Actual	egative)
Revenues:					 	 8 /
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 75,000
Total Revenues		75,000		75,000	150,000	75,000
Expenditures:						
Community Environment:						
Contractual Services		75,000		75,000	75,000	 0
Total Expenditures		75,000		75,000	 75,000	 0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0	75,000	75,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Advances Out		0		0	 (56,589)	 (56,589)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0	(56,589)	(56,589)
Net Change In Fund Balance		0		0	18,411	18,411
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0	 0	 0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 18,411	\$ 18,411

PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE FUND

	ginal dget	_ Fina	ıl Budget	 Actual	Final Pos	Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures	 0		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0		0	0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 43,906		43,906	 43,906		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 43,906	\$	43,906	\$ 43,906	\$	0

SAFE ROUTES TO SCHOOL GRANT FUND

	C	Priginal				Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	E	Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	0	\$	146,893	\$ 0	\$	(146,893)
Total Revenues		0		146,893	0		(146,893)
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay:							
Street Maintenance		0		146,893	 124,709		22,184
Total Expenditures		0		146,893	124,709		22,184
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0	(124,709)		(124,709)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Advances In		0		0	119,925		119,925
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0	119,925		119,925
Net Change In Fund Balance		0		0	(4,784)		(4,784)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,784		4,784	4,784		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,784	\$	4,784	\$ 0	\$	(4,784)

TOWN RUN RESTORATION FUND

								ance with
	Ori	ginal						al Budget ositive
		dget	Final 1	Budget	1	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	34,498	\$	34,498
Total Revenues		0		0		34,498		34,498
Expenditures:								
Total Expenditures		0		0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		34,498		34,498
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Advances Out		0		0		(27,047)		(27,047)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		(27,047)		(27,047)
Net Change In Fund Balance		0		0		7,451		7,451
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0_		0_		0_		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7,451	\$	7,451

CITY DEVELOPMENT GRANT FUND

							ance with
	Original						ositive
	 Budget	Fin	nal Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:			_	·			
All Other Revenues	\$ 0	\$	2,460	\$	0_	\$	(2,460)
Total Revenues	 0		2,460		0		(2,460)
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay:							
Street Maintenance	 0		216,710		216,710		0
Total Expenditures	 0		216,710		216,710		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	0		(214,250)		(216,710)		(2,460)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(2,460)		(2,460)		(2,460)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances	 243,166		243,166		243,166		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 240,706	\$	26,456	\$	23,996	\$	(2,460)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Funds

Municipal Court Fund

To account for funds that flow through the municipal court office.

Law Library Fund

To account for the share of fines collected by the Municipal Court to provide a County Law Library and resources for use by members of the County Bar Association.

Unclaimed Monies Fund

To account for monies that are due to others who cannot be immediately located.

Union County Port Authority Fund

To account for monies that are due to the Port Authority.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance December 31, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2017
Municipal Court				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$158,868	\$2,252,575	(\$2,220,011)	\$191,432
Total Assets	\$158,868	\$2,252,575	(\$2,220,011)	\$191,432
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$158,868	\$2,252,575	(\$2,220,011)	\$191,432
Total Liabilities	\$158,868	\$2,252,575	(\$2,220,011)	\$191,432
Law Library				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$12,578	\$69,103	(\$69,104)	\$12,577
Total Assets	\$12,578	\$69,103	(\$69,104)	\$12,577
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$12,578	\$69,103	(\$69,104)	\$12,577
Total Liabilities	\$12,578	\$69,103	(\$69,104)	\$12,577
<u>Unclaimed Monies</u> Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$47,556	\$3,923	(\$179)	\$51,300
Total Assets	\$47,556	\$3,923	(\$179)	\$51,300
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$47,556	\$3,923	(\$179)	\$51,300
Total Liabilities	\$47,556	\$3,923	(\$179)	\$51,300
Union County Port Authority Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$11,922	\$0	\$0	\$11,922
Total Assets	\$11,922	\$0	\$0	\$11,922
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$11,922	\$0	\$0	\$11,922
Total Liabilities	\$11,922	\$0	\$0	\$11,922
Totals - Agency Funds			_	_
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$230,924	\$2,325,601	(\$2,289,294)	\$267,231
Total Assets	\$230,924	\$2,325,601	(\$2,289,294)	\$267,231
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$230,924	\$2,325,601	(\$2,289,294)	\$267,231
Total Liabilities	\$230,924	\$2,325,601	(\$2,289,294)	\$267,231



Statistical Section



STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Comenis	
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 13
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, the income tax.	S 14 – S 17
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 18 – S 27
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 28 – S 33
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S 34 – S 37
Sources Note:	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$21,116,933	\$22,141,194	\$21,674,744	\$22,891,629
Restricted	4,008,736	3,328,917	4,110,446	4,161,559
Unrestricted (Deficit)	5,130,470	4,529,769	8,555,721	10,362,675
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$30,256,139	\$29,999,880	\$34,340,911	\$37,415,863
Business-type Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$30,514,074	\$22,937,908	\$21,138,692	\$20,372,662
Restricted	32,676,639	6,781,143	4,537,001	5,070,401
Unrestricted	(13,779,372)	26,650,472	30,609,300	28,690,074
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$49,411,341	\$56,369,523	\$56,284,993	\$54,133,137
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$51,631,007	\$45,079,102	\$42,813,436	\$43,264,291
Restricted	36,685,375	10,110,060	8,647,447	9,231,960
Unrestricted	(8,648,902)	31,180,241	39,165,021	39,052,749
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$79,667,480	\$86,369,403	\$90,625,904	\$91,549,000

Source: Finance Director's Office

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$40,546,400	\$30,698,813	\$33,084,267	\$35,308,591	\$38,722,222	\$39,732,395
3,180,891	3,409,352	4,190,442	4,544,708	4,328,948	4,718,106
(2,212,537)	9,792,995	10,932,563	(2,335,330)	(5,058,505)	(6,931,927)
\$41,514,754	\$43,901,160	\$48,207,272	\$37,517,969	\$37,992,665	\$37,518,574
\$28,647,456	\$26,595,566	\$36,566,689	\$35,897,563	\$33,175,505	\$36,233,245
4,830,844	7,300,290	7,379,220	7,907,006	4,983,330	4,162,899
18,497,461	21,203,974	26,658,581	25,718,878	38,372,241	42,714,278
\$51,975,761	\$55,099,830	\$70,604,490	\$69,523,447	\$76,531,076	\$83,110,422
\$69,193,856	\$57,294,379	\$69,650,956	\$71,206,154	\$71,897,727	\$75,965,640
8,011,735	10,709,642	11,569,662	12,451,714	9,312,278	8,881,005
16,284,924_	30,996,969	37,591,144	23,383,548	33,313,736	35,782,351
\$93,490,515	\$99,000,990	\$118,811,762	\$107,041,416	\$114,523,741	\$120,628,996

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
Security of Persons and Property	\$7,823,056	\$8,231,839	\$8,065,669	\$8,357,902
Public Health Services	516,104	533,704	356,768	352,838
Leisure Time Activities	340,268	357,477	318,027	306,972
Community Environment	995,303	1,592,190	1,785,546	2,341,633
Transportation	3,146,685	2,937,757	2,826,219	3,516,857
General Government	2,802,315	2,890,567	3,083,726	3,444,437
Interest and Fiscal Charges	843,246	882,409	572,550	803,104
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	16,466,977	17,425,943	17,008,505	19,123,743
Business-type Activities:				
Sewer	6,766,573	5,109,903	11,703,017	14,315,809
Water	4,169,129	4,636,236	5,499,245	5,457,933
Stormwater	551,882	464,076	362,964	434,154
Sanitation	1,139,329	1,244,236	1,271,205	1,333,054
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	12,626,913	11,454,451	18,836,431	21,540,950
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$29,093,890	\$28,880,394	\$35,844,936	\$40,664,693
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Security of Persons and Property	\$1,471,439	\$1,526,755	\$1,539,922	\$1,693,413
Public Health Services	51,108	62,362	46,000	45,625
Leisure Time Activities	181,849	119,681	721,751	799,970
Transportation	0	79,235	142,033	145,493
General Government	0	1,991	279,985	97,056
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,355,899	1,010,400	1,871,206	1,658,421
Capital Grants and Contributions	465,554	1,427,027	1,766,014	493,053
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,525,849	4,227,451	6,366,911	4,933,031

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$10,066,129	\$8,915,295	\$10,901,293	\$11,103,602	\$13,511,380	\$13,706,093
345,051	325,370	328,238	298,204	331,180	431,163
322,349	226,792	245,142	247,763	407,116	446,269
1,439,869	2,096,032	2,168,919	1,698,722	1,936,951	3,011,885
2,477,865	3,698,119	4,392,905	4,145,044	5,216,711	3,874,024
3,339,059	4,052,416	2,510,588	3,958,514	4,895,555	6,478,340
1,286,722	1,145,930	1,027,765	1,050,086	1,040,563	1,022,991
19,277,044	20,459,954	21,574,850	22,501,935	27,339,456	28,970,765
13,872,985	12,049,523	14,540,972	16,798,276	15,005,676	15,359,155
6,146,165	5,475,924	5,554,327	5,826,144	6,071,788	6,169,630
524,399	614,393	546,592	560,112	752,302	810,021
1,436,775	1,481,877	1,420,437	1,402,778	1,470,201	1,579,169
21,980,324	19,621,717	22,062,328	24,587,310	23,299,967	23,917,975
\$41,257,368	\$40,081,671	\$43,637,178	\$47,089,245	\$50,639,423	\$52,888,740
\$1,793,546	\$1,544,874	\$2,005,468	\$2,412,513	\$2,140,911	\$1,970,210
52,503	50,830	44,005	80,804	59,773	80,133
890,687	640,659	1,065,397	936,102	1,066,751	1,273,458
44,951	202,097	15,560	48,765	12,407	39,260
95,067	150,535	279,906	476,090	402,699	204,742
984,900	1,360,249	910,770	913,154	926,520	894,694
1,105,468	614,619	2,301,339	307,759	934,011	428,165
4,967,122	4,563,863	6,622,445	5,175,187	5,543,072	4,890,662

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Water 6,312,969 6,816,999 7,103,702 7,10 Stormwater 493,176 503,772 560,719 54 Sanitation 1,122,553 1,391,143 1,365,302 1,36	8,140 61,890 4,835 60,247 0
Charges for Services 7,630,582 7,458,511 7,762,151 8,64 Water 6,312,969 6,816,999 7,103,702 7,16 Stormwater 493,176 503,772 560,719 54 Sanitation 1,122,553 1,391,143 1,365,302 1,36	51,890 4,835 50,247 0
Sewer 7,630,582 7,458,511 7,762,151 8,64 Water 6,312,969 6,816,999 7,103,702 7,16 Stormwater 493,176 503,772 560,719 54 Sanitation 1,122,553 1,391,143 1,365,302 1,36	51,890 4,835 50,247 0
Water 6,312,969 6,816,999 7,103,702 7,10 Stormwater 493,176 503,772 560,719 54 Sanitation 1,122,553 1,391,143 1,365,302 1,36	61,890 64,835 60,247 0
Stormwater 493,176 503,772 560,719 54 Sanitation 1,122,553 1,391,143 1,365,302 1,36	4,835 60,247 0
Sanitation 1,122,553 1,391,143 1,365,302 1,36	0,247
Sanitation 1,122,553 1,391,143 1,365,302 1,36	0
	0
Operating Grants and Contributions 8,787 6,881 0	
	4,314
	9,426
	52,457
Net (Expense)/Revenue	
	0,712)
	1,524)
Total Primary Government (3,4)	1,324)
Net (Expense)/Revenue (\$6,387,621) (\$7,089,459) (\$11,780,785) (\$17,60	2,236)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	
Governmental Activities:	
	51,203
	9,829
	9,027
	6,532
Grants and Entitlements not	
	7,470
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets 0 0	0
	5,002
Miscellaneous 356,990 577,549 157,764	5,623
Premium on Issued Debt 0 0 10	1,978
Transfers 0 132,992 0 17	9,000
Total Governmental Activities 12,594,705 12,942,233 14,982,625 17,20	5,664
Business-type Activities:	
	3,801
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets 0 0 0	0
	4,867
Miscellaneous 0 0 0	0
	(9,000)
	9,668
Total Primary Government \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	3,334
Change in Net Position	
Governmental Activities (\$346,423) (\$256,259) \$4,341,031 \$3,07	4,952
	1,856)
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position \$7,228,624 \$6,701,923 \$4,256,501 \$92	3,096

Source: Finance Director's Office

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
9,555,924 7,154,859	11,284,134 7,959,229	12,100,783 8,487,914	11,627,312 8,101,146	14,199,970 10,291,048	14,346,619 10,179,773
589,363	622,277	622,692	903,869	747,639	937,476
1,384,509	1,398,336	1,398,107	1,363,086	1,684,933	1,354,501
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	104,761	12,462,705	642,000	0	21,677
18,684,655	21,368,737	35,072,201	22,637,413	26,923,590	26,840,046
23,651,777	25,932,600	41,694,646	27,812,600	32,466,662	31,730,708
(14,309,922)	(15,896,091)	(14,952,405)	(17,326,748)	(21,796,384)	(24,080,103)
(3,295,669)	1,747,020	13,009,873	(1,949,897)	3,623,623	2,922,071
(\$17,605,591)	(\$14,149,071)	(\$1,942,532)	(\$19,276,645)	(\$18,172,761)	(\$21,158,032)
\$1,582,703	\$1,530,536	\$1,495,604	\$1,529,783	\$1,551,468	\$1,609,037
14,043,831	14,262,601	14,744,447	16,123,925	17,664,505	18,830,805
357,269	401,347	405,282	384,363	456,741	384,028
1,486,927	1,362,698	1,514,353	1,687,738	1,736,882	1,832,342
691,055	514,798	898,664	424,023	244,263	115,131
1,670	14,354	7,119	0	0	0
82,533	12,981	90,539	0	29,111	140,947
162,825	102,075	102,509	132,256	588,110	320,658
0	81,107	0	316,489	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	373,064
18,408,813	18,282,497	19,258,517	20,598,577	22,271,080	23,606,012
1,008,786	1,409,981	2,322,532	2,356,351	3,272,352	3,721,459
17,778	4,512	0	0	0	0
111,729	(37,444)	172,255	139,876	111,654	308,880
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	(373,064)
1,138,293	1,377,049	2,494,787	2,496,227	3,384,006	3,657,275
\$19,547,106	\$19,659,546	\$21,753,304	\$23,094,804	\$25,655,086	\$27,263,287
\$4,098,891	\$2,386,406	\$4,306,112	\$3,271,829	\$474,696	(\$474,091)
(2,157,376)	3,124,069	15,504,660	546,330	7,007,629	6,579,346
\$1,941,515	\$5,510,475	\$19,810,772	\$3,818,159	\$7,482,325	\$6,105,255

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$96,470
Committed	0	0	0	8,334
Assigned	0	0	0	217,818
Unassigned	0	0	0	9,342,856
Reserved	381,782	172,544	436,883	0
Unreserved	4,631,940	4,364,501	6,289,373	0
Total General Fund	5,013,722	4,537,045	6,726,256	9,665,478
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,821
Restricted	0	0	0	16,268,244
Committed	0	0	0	203,652
Unassigned	0	0	0	(11,779,280)
Reserved	581,963	830,005	1,161,754	0
Unreserved, Undesignated,				
Reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds	2,450,489	1,699,856	3,024,014	0
Debt Service Funds	(661,153)	(44,723)	(12,516,434)	0
Capital Projects Funds	228,158	123,586	(344,148)	0
Total All Other Governmental Funds	2,599,457	2,608,724	(8,674,814)	4,704,437
Total Governmental Funds	\$7,613,179	\$7,145,769	(\$1,948,558)	\$14,369,915

Source: Finance Director's Office

Note: The City implemented GASB 54 in 2011 which established new fund balance classifications for governmental funds.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
¢106.705	Ф02 006	Φ04.002	φ111 200	Φ114 O4O	Ф122 000
\$106,725	\$93,006	\$94,983	\$111,390	\$114,049	\$133,999
38,335	43,795	43,795	1,138,206	1,111,082	1,084,726
377,780	1,379,742	996,642	1,778,155	382,065	1,387,134
6,711,664	7,021,072	8,982,080	7,979,676	8,258,906	6,821,660
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
7,234,504	8,537,615	10,117,500	11,007,427	9,866,102	9,427,519
\$19,173	\$7,697	\$19,836	\$13,110	\$22,824	\$14,465
7,233,448	2,570,975	3,081,804	3,430,941	3,209,563	2,838,266
288,693	257,563	352,903	272,139	299,329	348,217
(11,266,288)	(15,876,619)	(4,387,508)	(2,958,447)	(4,561,332)	(2,560,575)
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
(3,724,974)	(13,040,384)	(932,965)	757,743	(1,029,616)	640,373
\$3,509,530	(\$4,502,769)	\$9,184,535	\$11,765,170	\$8,836,486	\$10,067,892

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$10,412,641	\$10,424,239	\$12,664,636	\$16,118,009
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	823,031	956,394	1,067,337	1,336,532
Intergovernmental Revenues	2,472,263	3,163,702	3,772,289	2,379,237
Charges for Services	917,822	1,115,969	1,580,001	1,616,110
Fees, Licenses and Permits	362,911	362,866	327,127	162,897
Investment Earnings	376,615	142,515	135,196	55,002
Contributions and Donations	0	750	706	7,300
Special Assessments	20,618	0	21,510	20,758
Fines and Forfeitures	602,828	632,938	720,749	725,907
All Other Revenue	73,629	176,464	143,017	62,420
Total Revenue	16,062,358	16,975,837	20,432,568	22,484,172
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	7,491,598	7,783,003	7,859,772	8,648,354
Public Health Services	488,881	511,803	357,142	346,742
Leisure Time Activities	263,906	276,068	228,893	228,162
Community Environment	969,012	1,560,124	2,895,717	2,321,900
Transportation	1,394,077	980,343	1,188,364	2,452,026
General Government	2,508,509	2,555,439	2,728,701	3,047,044
Capital Outlay	2,434,010	2,306,626	45,986	2,768,241
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	15,494,363	13,808,875	13,480,000	520,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	980,620	888,531	742,369	610,574
Debt Issuance Costs	0	0	0	306,352
Total Expenditures	32,024,976	30,670,812	29,526,944	21,249,395
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(15,962,618)	(13,694,975)	(9,094,376)	1,234,777

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$15,914,095	\$16,347,764	\$17,044,717	\$18,047,445	\$19,643,623	\$20,568,192
1,486,927	1,362,698	1,514,353	1,687,738	1,736,882	1,832,342
1,936,554	2,390,506	3,365,498	1,584,890	2,153,582	1,696,775
1,862,124	1,732,913	2,433,662	2,506,925	2,692,479	2,644,448
139,413	228,054	338,642	296,529	267,585	437,932
82,533	12,981	90,539	132,256	29,111	140,947
222	36,187	0	0	0	0
21,731	21,290	20,464	2,612	1,402	0
788,317	800,480	749,824	939,624	960,539	836,630
42,615	247,064	86,750	393,368	260,155	172,206
22,274,531	23,179,937	25,644,449	25,591,387	27,745,358	28,329,472
9,845,275	9,612,665	10,115,400	11,346,544	11,795,183	11,389,399
343,835	318,303	322,132	327,318	335,411	413,977
246,112	152,254	181,693	150,239	207,149	214,425
1,426,941	2,148,292	1,921,614	1,605,517	1,670,161	2,519,990
1,904,039	1,487,017	2,150,804	1,973,221	2,873,540	1,307,813
2,939,961	3,583,321	3,683,749	3,906,471	4,242,244	5,204,180
14,274,253	11,686,978	3,835,006	945,075	7,144,017	5,267,090
1,030,000	1,125,000	1,155,000	1,670,000	1,720,000	1,795,000
1,126,170	1,173,867	1,017,578	1,104,134	1,078,508	1,028,968
0	0	0	0	0	0
33,136,586	31,287,697	24,382,976	23,028,519	31,066,213	29,140,842
(10,862,055)	(8,107,760)	1,261,473	2,562,868	(3,320,855)	(811,370)
					(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	13,280,000	12,980,000	0	0
Premium on Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	66,669	80,396	0	0
Sale of Capital Assets	8,037	34,177	49	1,833
Long-Term Note Issued	0	0	0	0
Long-Term Loan Issued	0	0	0	0
Inception of Capital Lease	0	0	0	189,941
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	14,585,000
Premium on Debt Issued	0	0	0	127,922
Payment to Escrow Agent	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	3,128,061	2,447,091	1,851,529	3,469,538
Transfers Out	(3,128,061)	(2,314,099)	(1,851,529)	(3,290,538)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	13,354,706	13,227,565	49	15,083,696
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$2,607,912)	(\$467,410)	(\$9,094,327)	\$16,318,473
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	53.09%	52.30%	50.86%	6.68%

Source: Finance Director's Office

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,670	14,354	7,119	17,767	13,462	42,776
0	0	0	0	0	2,000,000
0	0	1,200,000	0	0	0
0	0	312,632	0	378,709	0
0	0	10,730,000	0	0	0
0	81,107	176,080	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
7,817,696	4,088,445	4,554,432	4,991,350	8,076,436	7,050,684
(7,817,696)	(4,088,445)	(4,554,432)	(4,991,350)	(8,076,436)	(7,050,684)
1,670	95,461	12,425,831	17,767	392,171	2,042,776
(\$10,860,385)	(\$8,012,299)	\$13,687,304	\$2,580,635	(\$2,928,684)	\$1,231,406
12.18%	12.59%	11.76%	13.99%	12.00%	11.40%

Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (cash basis of accounting)

Tax year	2008	2009	2010	2011
Income Tax Rate*	1.00%	1.00%	1.50%	1.50%
Estimated Personal Income (in thousands) (1)(a)	\$628,769	\$633,765	\$751,306	\$711,857
Total Tax Collected	\$8,317,558	\$8,385,684	\$9,631,406	\$13,085,760
Income Tax Receipts				
Withholding	6,267,374	6,489,432	7,689,978	10,024,236
Percentage	75.35%	77.39%	79.85%	76.61%
Business	408,327	214,131	420,165	848,488
Percentage	4.91%	2.55%	4.36%	6.48%
Individuals	1,641,857	1,682,121	1,521,264	2,213,036
Percentage	19.74%	20.06%	15.79%	16.91%

Source: City Income Tax Department

⁽¹⁾ US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽a) Total Personal Income is a calculation, 2012 is an estimate

^{*} Voters approved an increase in the income tax rate from 1.0% to 1.5% effective July 1, 2010.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
\$795,426	\$861,346	\$909,743	\$970,017	\$1,062,350	\$1,074,486
\$13,049,810	\$14,094,213	\$15,042,306	\$15,951,598	\$17,456,251	\$18,801,562
10,197,784	10,275,715	11,320,348	11,981,323	12,707,971	13,414,776
78.15%	72.91%	75.26%	75.11%	72.80%	71.35%
470,477	1,066,540	835,577	964,898	1,205,382	2,058,714
3.60%	7.56%	5.54%	6.05%	6.90%	10.95%
2,381,549	2,751,958	2,886,381	3,005,377	3,542,898	3,328,072
18.25%	19.53%	19.19%	18.84%	20.30%	17.70%



Income Tax Collections Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Income Tax	Year 2017
Range of Withholding	Number of Filers	Percent of Total
\$0 - \$24,999	2,123	97.70%
25,000 - 49,999	25	1.15%
50,000 - 74,999	6	0.28%
75,000 - 99,999	4	0.18%
Over 100,000	15_	0.69%
		<u></u>
Total		
Total		
Total		Year 2008
Total Income Level	Income Tax	Year 2008
	Income Tax Number	Year 2008 Percent of Total
Income Level	Income Tax Number of Filers	Year 2008 Percent of Total 98.52%
Income Level \$0 - \$24,999 25,000 - 49,999 50,000 - 74,999	Number of Filers 1,733	Percent of Total 98.52% 0.68%
Income Level \$0 - \$24,999 25,000 - 49,999 50,000 - 74,999 75,000 - 99,999	Number of Filers 1,733 12	Percent of Total 98.52% 0.68% 0.17%
Income Level \$0 - \$24,999 25,000 - 49,999 50,000 - 74,999	Number of Filers 1,733 12 3	Percent of

Source: City Income Tax Department

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the 10 largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds	\$7,550,903	\$7,054,197	\$6,532,491	\$20,601,729
General Obligation Bonds (TIF supported)	0	0	0	0
Long-Term Loan	0	0	0	0
Capital Leases	18,808	287,113	237,184	343,288
Notes Payable	0	0	0	2,300,000
Business-type Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds	\$1,934,077	\$1,523,262	\$1,102,447	\$666,632
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	150,827,443	149,860,516	148,602,711	147,022,034
Capital Leases	271	0	0	0
Notes Payable	28,365,000	28,240,000	28,215,000	26,504,650
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	49,566	41,639	625,075	602,364
Total Primary Government	\$188,746,068	\$187,006,727	\$185,314,908	\$198,040,697
Population (2)				
City of Marysville	18,249	18,394	22,094	19,856
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$10,343	\$10,167	\$8,388	\$9,974
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	628,769	633,765	751,306	711,857
Percentage of Personal Income	30.02%	29.51%	24.67%	27.82%

Sources:

- (1) Finance Director's Office
- (2) Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission and US Bureau of Census, Population Division
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation, 2013 is an estimate

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$19,548,658	\$18,400,587	\$17,222,516	\$16,009,445	\$14,766,374	\$13,473,303
0	0	10,906,080	10,507,276	10,098,472	9,674,668
0	0	1,200,000	1,110,000	1,010,000	900,000
262,348	178,239	403,465	252,401	439,779	254,738
5,800,000	5,150,000	4,400,000	3,150,000	4,735,000	5,885,000
\$340,816	\$0	\$0	\$10,270,000	\$10,070,000	\$9,865,000
137,398,675	135,889,915	134,311,155	150,737,015	148,730,821	145,383,599
0	0	0	0	0	0
26,550,000	25,975,000	25,945,000	0	0	0
564,869	527,374	489,879	443,523	413,955	384,387
\$190,465,366	\$186,121,115	\$194,878,095	\$192,479,660	\$190,264,401	\$185,820,695
22,187	22,306	22,534	22,765	23,023	23,286
\$8,585	\$8,344	\$8,648	\$8,455	\$8,264	\$7,980
795,426	861,346	909,743	970,017	1,062,350	1,074,486
23.95%	21.61%	21.42%	19.84%	17.91%	17.29%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	2008	2009	2010	2011
Population (1)	18,249	18,394	22,094	19,856
Assessed Value (2)	\$413,185,230	\$382,583,330	\$384,565,260	\$387,412,760
Income (2)(a) Personal (in thousands)	\$628,769	\$633,765	\$751,306	\$711,857
General Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds	\$9,484,980	\$8,577,459	\$7,634,938	\$21,268,361
Resources Available to Pay Principal (3)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$93,536
Net General Bonded Debt	\$9,484,980	\$8,577,459	\$7,634,938	\$21,174,825
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Personal Income	1.51%	1.35%	1.02%	2.97%
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	2.30%	2.24%	1.99%	5.47%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$519.75	\$466.32	\$345.57	\$1,066.42

Source:

- (1) Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission and US Bureau of Census, Population Division
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Total Personal Income is calculated, 2013 is an estimate
- (3) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
22,187	22,306	22,534	22,765	23,023	23,286	
\$383,333,000	\$366,023,040	\$372,156,750	\$374,110,230	\$415,609,670	\$418,841,690	
\$795,426	\$861,346	\$909,743	\$970,017	\$1,062,350	\$1,074,486	
\$19,889,474	\$18,400,587	\$29,328,596	\$37,896,721	\$35,944,846	\$33,912,971	
\$25,952	\$13,710	\$185,340	\$11,328	\$0	\$0	
\$19,863,522	\$18,386,877	\$29,143,256	\$37,885,393	\$35,944,846	\$33,912,971	
2.50%	2.13%	3.20%	3.91%	3.38%	3.16%	
5.18%	5.02%	7.83%	10.13%	8.65%	8.10%	
\$895.28	\$824.30	\$1,293.30	\$1,664.19	\$1,561.26	\$1,456.37	



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2017

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Marysville	Amount Applicable to the City of Marysville
Direct:			
City of Marysville	\$26,302,709	100.00%	\$26,302,709
Overlapping:			
Union County	24,565,000	24.15%	5,932,448
Marysville Exempted Village School District	66,287,963	50.38%	33,395,876
Fairbanks Local School District	8,995,258	2.44%	219,484
		Subtotal	39,547,808
		Total	\$65,850,517

Source: Union County Auditor

Percentages determined by dividing each overlapping subdivisions' assessed valuation within the City by the subdivisions' total assessed valuation.

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

Tax Year	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$413,185,230	\$382,583,330	\$384,565,260	\$387,412,760
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	43,384,449	40,171,250	40,379,352	40,678,340
City Debt Outstanding (2)	7,550,903	7,054,197	6,532,491	22,901,729
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	0	0	0	(93,536)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	7,550,903	7,054,197	6,532,491	22,808,193
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$35,833,546	\$33,117,053	\$33,846,861	\$17,870,147
II 15 1.				
Unvoted Debt	** *** *** *** *** ** **	****	****	***
Net Assessed Valuation	\$413,185,230	\$382,583,330	\$384,565,260	\$387,412,760
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)(a)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	43,384,449	40,171,250	40,379,352	40,678,340
City Debt Outstanding (2)	7,550,903	7,054,197	6,532,491	22,901,729
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	0	0	0	(93,536)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	7,550,903	7,054,197	6,532,491	22,808,193
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$35,833,546	\$33,117,053	\$33,846,861	\$17,870,147

⁽¹⁾ Direct Debt Limitation based upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

Source: Finance Director's Office

⁽a) Based on City Charter the City has an additional 5 mills of unvoted debt limitation in addition to the statutory 5.5%.

⁽²⁾ City Debt Outstanding includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Bonds and Notes only. Enterprise Debt is not considered in the computation of the Legal Debt Margin.

Coleman's Crossing Tax Increment Financing Notes are not considered in the computation of the Legal Debt Margin.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$383,333,000 10.50% 40,249,965 25,348,658 (25,952)	\$366,023,040 10.50% 38,432,419 23,550,587 (13,710)	\$372,156,750 10.50% 39,076,459 22,822,516 (185,340)	\$374,110,230 10.50% 39,281,574 20,269,445 (11,328)	\$415,609,670 10.50% 43,639,015 20,511,374 0	\$418,841,690 10.50% 43,978,377 20,258,303 0
25,322,706 \$14,927,259	23,536,877 \$14,895,542	22,637,176 \$16,439,283	20,258,117 \$19,023,457	20,511,374 \$23,127,641	20,258,303 \$23,720,074
\$383,333,000	\$366,023,040	\$372,156,750	\$374,110,230	\$415,609,670	\$418,841,690
10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
40,249,965	38,432,419	39,076,459	39,281,574	43,639,015	43,978,377
25,348,658	23,550,587	22,822,516	20,269,445	20,511,374	20,258,303
(25,952)	(13,710)	(185,340)	(11,328)	0	0
25,322,706	23,536,877	22,637,176	20,258,117	20,511,374	20,258,303
\$14,927,259	\$14,895,542	\$16,439,283	\$19,023,457	\$23,127,641	\$23,720,074

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Water System Bonds (1 b) (1 e)				
Gross Revenues (2)	\$6,718,925	\$6,842,361	\$7,118,061	\$7,177,333
Direct Operating Expenses (3)	2,536,687	3,130,754	2,918,705	2,792,616
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	4,182,238	3,711,607	4,199,356	4,384,717
Annual Debt Service Requirement (4)	2,183,288	2,074,209	2,088,208	2,109,185
Coverage	1.92	1.79	2.01	2.08
Sewer System Bonds (1 a) (1 c) (1 d)				
Gross Revenues (2)	\$10,836,979	\$8,059,976	\$7,749,088	\$8,674,801
Direct Operating Expenses (3)	2,721,283	3,702,375	3,313,906	4,109,674
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	8,115,696	4,357,601	4,435,182	4,565,127
Annual Debt Service Requirement (4)	5,846,323	5,847,122	5,847,523	6,297,523
Coverage	1.39	0.75	0.76	0.72

- (1) The Mortgage Revenue Binds were issued as follows:
 - (a) The Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds were issued in 2007, in the amount of \$31,555,000. In 2016, \$29,460,000 of this principal was refunded.
 - (b) The Water System Mortgage Revenue Bonds were issued in 2007, in the amount of \$21,335,000. In 2016, \$20,130,000 of this principal was refunded.
 - (c) The 2006 Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds were refunded in 2015, in the amount of \$31,470,000. In addition, \$14,875,000 of notes were moved to mortgage revenue bonds in 2015.
 - (d) The 2007 Sewer System Mortgage Revenue Bonds were refunded in 2016, in the amount of \$79,125,000.
 - (e) The 2007 Water System Mortgage Revenue Bonds were refunded in 2016, in the amount of \$20,130,000.
- (2) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.
- (3) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.
- (4) Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest on revenue bonds only.

Source: Finance Director's Office

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$7,202,368 3,352,626	\$8,006,753 3,164,896	\$8,563,373 3,173,769	\$8,215,753 3,254,153	\$10,400,936 2,827,898	\$10,351,689 3,836,065
3,849,742 2,108,591	4,841,857 1,094,706	5,389,604 1,105,019	4,961,600 1,119,769	7,573,038 1,871,245	6,515,624 1,879,882
1.83	4.42	4.88	4.43	4.05	3.47
\$9,620,144 4,075,326	\$11,199,166 4,335,822	\$12,315,276 4,480,705	\$11,677,431 5,060,564	\$14,201,736 4,970,661	\$14,483,583 5,684,363
5,544,818 6,686,731	6,863,344 6,834,611	7,834,571 6,827,361	5,069,564 6,607,867 4,834,152	9,231,075 10,164,245	3,084,303 8,799,220 7,073,935
0.83	1.00	1.15	1.37	0.91	1.24

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Population (1)					
City of Marysville	18,249	18,394	22,094	19,856	22,187
Union County	48,339	48,903	52,370	52,370	52,715
Income (2) (a)					
Total Personal (in thousands)	\$628,769	\$633,765	\$751,306	\$711,857	\$795,426
Per Capita	\$34,455	\$34,455	\$34,005	\$35,851	\$35,851
Unemployment Rate (3)					
Federal	5.8%	9.3%	9.6%	8.9%	7.8%
State	6.6%	10.1%	10.1%	8.6%	6.7%
Union County	5.2%	8.3%	8.4%	5.9%	5.0%
Civilian Work Force Estimates (3)					
State	5,961,000	5,936,000	5,898,000	5,806,000	5,729,000
Union County	25,900	26,000	25,900	26,900	27,100

Sources:

- (1) US Bureau of Census, Population Division for 2004-2013
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation, 2013 is an estimate.
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
22,306	22,534	22,765	23,023	23,286
53,306	53,776	54,277	55,457	56,741
\$861,346	\$909,743	\$970,017	\$1,062,350	\$1,074,486
\$38,615	\$40,372	\$42,610	\$46,143	\$46,143
6.7%	5.6%	5.0%	4.9%	4.4%
7.1%	5.1%	4.8%	5.0%	4.7%
4.9%	3.7%	3.5%	3.8%	3.3%
5,758,000	5,726,000	5,694,000	5,703,013	5,774,000
27,200	27,300	27,400	27,300	27,600



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2017	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company	Lawn Care Products	1,356	1	10.02%
Marysville Exempted School District	Education	854	2	6.31%
Memorial Hospital of Union County	Healthcare	783	3	5.79%
Ohio Reformatory for Women	Government	764	4	5.65%
Union County	Government	608	5	4.49%
Veyance Technologies	Manufacturing	360	6	2.66%
City of Marysville	Government	316	7	2.34%
Nestle R&D Center Inc.	Research & Development	264	8	1.95%
Scoito Services	Retail	225	9	1.65%
Parker Hannifin Hydraulics	Manufacturing	140	10	1.03%
Total		5,670		41.91%
Total Employment within the City		13,530		

			2008	
				Percentage
		Number of		of Total
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment
The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company	Lawn Care Products	1,250	1	13.39%
Marysville Exempted School District	Education	758	2	8.12%
Memorial Hospital of Union County	Healthcare	732	3	7.84%
Union County	Government	487	4	5.22%
Ohio Reformatory for Women	Government	483	5	5.18%
Veyance Technologies	Manufacturing	340	6	3.64%
Wal-mart	Retail	320	7	3.43%
Scioto Corporation	Custodial/Janitor Supplies	269	8	2.88%
Nestle R&D Center Inc.	Research & Development	241	9	2.58%
Parker Hannifin Hydraulics	Manufacturing	220	10	2.36%
Total		5,100		54.64%
Total Employment within the City		9,332		

Source: City Income Tax Department

Information is not available in this format prior to 2008

Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Finance	9.00	9.00	8.00	9.50	9.00
City Council	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Computer Systems	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	3.00
City Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.00
Human Resources	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50
City Attorney	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Mayor	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Engineer	7.00	9.00	8.00	6.50	7.00
Security of Persons and Property					
Police	38.00	38.50	36.50	37.50	38.00
Fire	32.00	32.00	28.50	31.50	30.50
Municipal Court	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Transportation					
Street	16.00	19.50	19.50	19.50	18.50
Leisure Time Activities					
Parks and Recreation	0.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	25.00
Community Environment					
Buildings & Grounds	6.50	10.00	7.50	7.50	10.50
Service	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.50
Business-Type Activities					
Utilities					
Water	15.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
Sewer	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
Total Employees	167.50	203.00	193.00	199.00	202.00

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employees are calculated based on hours paid.

Source: Finance Director's Office

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
10.00	10.50	10.50	12.50	10.50
4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.00
9.00	10.00	9.50	10.50	11.50
39.00	39.50	45.00	45.00	45.00
41.00	41.50	41.50	41.50	44.00
12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
17.00	18.00	19.50	21.50	22.50
23.50	24.00	23.00	24.50	28.50
23.30	21.00	23.00	21.50	20.50
10.50	12.00	10.50	10.50	11.50
3.50	2.00	3.00	3.00	4.00
3.30	2.00	3.00	3.00	4.00
17.00	17.00	17.50	19.00	17.00
17.00	16.50	16.50	16.50	17.00
213.50	217.00	222.50	230.00	238.50

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Court					
Number of Traffic Cases	6,627	6,181	6,109	5,281	6,375
Number of Criminal Cases	1,790	1,989	1,223	1,191	1,146
Number of Civil Cases	1,699	1,424	1,379	1,193	1,068
Permits					
Number of Residential Permits	80	68	61	45	72
Number of Commercial Permits	11	6	2	10	3
Security of Persons and Property					
Police					
Number of Incident Reports	4,905	4,988	3,930	1,990	1,885
Number of Traffic Accident Reports	453	391	450	453	473
Number of Parking Tickets	276	112	50	69	49
Alarm Calls	538	413	466	673	581
Traffic warnings/citations	1,453	1,706	1,160	1,474	1,459
OMVI arrests	186	232	197	59	55
Fire					
Number of Emergency Responses	1,951	1,964	1,986	2,002	2,131
Number of Fire Responses	834	814	855	884	783
Number of Fire Inspections	n/a	n/a	n/a	984	991
Transportation					
Street					
Number of times streets needed snow removed	n/a	16	46	27	28
Tons of salt used	981	426	1,806	1,907	633
Number of locations marked for OUPS	143	123	238	65	112
Number of new signs installed	489	123	188	201	326
Number of hours mowing grass	524	310	639	761	683
Community Environment					
Number of Plot Grade Utility reviews	72	68	57	47	78
Number of Project Inspections	120	108	87	75	100
Number of Capital Improvement Projects	6	8	3	8	10
Business-Type Activities					
Water / Sewer					
Number of Water accounts	6,790	6,880	6,924	7,002	7,020
Number of Sewer accounts	6,765	6,814	6,853	6,950	6,984
Water Main Breaks	24	29	9	12	12
Daily Average Consumption (1,000 of gallons)	2,067	2,009	1,933	2,035	2,101
Number of work orders	366	2,685	2,547	2,224	3,396
Number of fire hydrants painted	149	142	61	189	578
Sanitation					
Number of Customers Served	4,933	5,030	5,052	5,071	5,194
Source: Einence Director's Office					

Source: Finance Director's Office n/a - Data is not available

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
7,048	6,693	8,889	9,589	7,697
1,593	747	772	1,069	1,074
906	1,079	1,038	1,297	1,412
86	170	143	196	194
7	16	9	10	15
1 00/	1 022	2 260	2 279	2 206
1,884 447	1,933 490	2,260 590	2,278 669	2,396 585
24	53	117	43	120
617	627	498	544	705
1,781	3,343	3,664	3,165	2,322
55	77	43	3,103	43
33	, ,	43		73
2,183	2,430	2,696	1,674	2,681
756	764	852	866	854
1,042	1,035	1,038	1,024	1,020
,	,	,	,	,
59	41	51	39	24
2,339	2,027	1,660	929	932
97	68	42	67	127
302	357	244	334	421
572	629	428	521	1,000
92	138	149	181	189
338	440	463	743	1,483
8	4	4	4	4
7,297	7,612	7,870	8,459	8,326
7,057	7,123	7,510	8,109	8,220
11	8	14	10	7
1,961	2,112	2,228	2,323	2,372
4,203	3,007	3,063	2,867	2,363
400	321	150	100	50
5,264	5,375	5,485	5,774	5,920

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Public Buildings	6	6	6	6	6
Security of Persons and Property					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Cruisers	27	28	21	18	19
Fire					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Emergency Vehicles	11	11	11	11	11
Transportation					
Street					
Streets (linear miles)	n/a	n/a	114	117	118
Street Lights	n/a	n/a	1,951	1,951	1,958
Leisure Time Activities					
Recreation					
Land (acres)	231	231	231	231	231
Buildings	21	21	21	21	21
Parks	15	15	15	15	15
Business-Type Activities					
Utilities					
Water					
Waterlines (Miles)	n/a	n/a	148	150	152
Number of Hydrants	1,405	1,414	1,422	1,481	1,530
Sewer					
Sewerlines (Miles)	n/a	n/a	135	138	140
Manholes	n/a	n/a	943	2,434	2,472
Storm Water Drainage					
Storm Drains (Miles)	n/a	n/a	70	70	71

Source: Finance Director's Office n/a - Data is not available

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
7	7	7	7	7
1	1	1	1	1
18	18	13	19	14
2	2	2	2	2
12	12	12	11	11
119	121	123	126	114
2,034	1,949	2,012	2,110	2,103
231 21	231 21	238 21	238 21	238 21
15	15	18	18	18
159 1,593	162 1,675	164 1,925	166 2,039	168 2,212
141	143	144	148	151
2,494	2,507	2,518	2,618	2,697
72	75	76	78	143





Yellow Book Report

December 31, 2017







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marysville

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marysville (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 12, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio
June 12, 2018





CITY OF MARYSVILLE

UNION COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 10, 2018