

South Point Local School District  
Lawrence County  
Single Audit  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



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# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education  
South Point Local School District  
302 High St  
South Point, OH 45680

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the South Point Local School District, Lawrence County, prepared by Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The South Point Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost  
Auditor of State

May 8, 2016

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**South Point Local School District**  
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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**Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Education  
South Point Local School District  
302 High Street  
South Point, Ohio 45680

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Point Local School District, Lawrence County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Opinions***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Point Local School District, Lawrence County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Other Matters***

#### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the School District Contributions on pages 4 through 11, and 52 through 57, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### ***Other Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of federal awards expenditures is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of federal awards expenditures is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 24, 2017 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA, CITP  
President/Owner  
Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.  
Portsmouth, Ohio

February 24, 2017

# South Point Local School District, Ohio

## *Management's Discussion and Analysis*

*For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016*

*Unaudited*

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The discussion and analysis of the South Point Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

***Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:***

- Net Position of governmental activities increased \$417,911.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,517,672 in revenue or 86.7 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,678,807 or 13.3 percent of total revenues of \$20,196,479.
- The School District had \$19,778,568 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,678,807 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes and intergovernmental) of \$17,517,672 were adequate to cover the remaining expenses.
- Total governmental funds had \$20,165,264 in revenues and \$19,835,502 in expenditures. The total governmental fund balance increased \$558,843.

### **USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the South Point Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

### ***Reporting the School District as a Whole***

#### *Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities*

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2016?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Management's Discussion and Analysis*

*For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016*

*Unaudited*

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These two statements report the School District's Net Position and changes in that position. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are reported as governmental including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, debt service, and extracurricular activities.

### ***Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds***

#### *Fund Financial Statements*

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund.

***Governmental Funds*** All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

***Fiduciary Funds*** The School District accounts for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government as fiduciary funds. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District uses accrual accounting for fiduciary funds.

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's Net Position for 2016 compared to 2015.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Management's Discussion and Analysis*

*For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016*

*Unaudited*

**Table 1**  
**Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		
	2016	2015	Change
<b>Assets</b>			
Current and Other Assets	\$15,153,249	\$14,821,101	\$332,148
Capital Assets	46,869,595	47,607,554	(737,959)
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>62,022,844</b>	<b>62,428,655</b>	<b>(405,811)</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Deferred Charge on Refunding	775,043	826,712	(51,669)
Pension	2,193,107	1,459,669	733,438
<b>Total Deferred Outflows</b>	<b>2,968,150</b>	<b>2,286,381</b>	<b>681,769</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Other Liabilities	2,200,220	2,380,944	(180,724)
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	817,861	894,010	(76,149)
Due In More Than One Year			
Net Pension Liability	22,641,520	20,258,792	2,382,728
Other Amounts	10,156,272	10,484,285	(328,013)
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>35,815,873</b>	<b>34,018,031</b>	<b>1,797,842</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Property Taxes	3,119,225	3,152,830	(33,605)
Pension	1,755,622	3,661,812	(1,906,190)
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>4,874,847</b>	<b>6,814,642</b>	<b>(1,939,795)</b>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	38,643,364	39,015,398	(372,034)
Restricted	3,132,559	3,192,052	(59,493)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(17,475,649)	(18,325,087)	849,438
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$24,300,274</b>	<b>\$23,882,363</b>	<b>\$417,911</b>

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2016, and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis*

*For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016*

*Unaudited*

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contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 requires the net pension liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Total assets of governmental activities decreased \$405,811. This is the primarily due to a decrease in capital assets of \$737,959, resulting largely from depreciation, offset by an increase in cash.

In total, liabilities increased by \$1,797,842. This was due primarily to the Net Pension Liability increase of \$2,382,728, offset by decreases in matured compensated absences payable and other amounts due in more than one year.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis*

*For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016*

*Unaudited*

Table 2 shows the changes in Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and comparisons to fiscal year 2015.

**Table 2**  
**Changes in Net Position**

<b>Revenues</b>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Change</u>
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$293,964	\$311,708	(\$17,744)
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,384,843	2,452,989	(68,146)
Total Program Revenues	<u>2,678,807</u>	<u>2,764,697</u>	<u>(85,890)</u>
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	4,412,193	4,026,725	385,468
Grants and Entitlements	12,932,160	12,659,288	272,872
Investment Earnings	18,832	20,566	(1,734)
Insurance Recoveries	43,789	0	43,789
Miscellaneous	110,698	146,117	(35,419)
Total General Revenues	<u>17,517,672</u>	<u>16,852,696</u>	<u>664,976</u>
Total Revenues	<u>20,196,479</u>	<u>19,617,393</u>	<u>579,086</u>
<b>Program Expenses</b>			
Instruction:			
Regular	9,037,638	8,991,657	(45,981)
Special	2,698,824	3,077,168	378,344
Vocational	276,111	268,856	(7,255)
Student Intervention Services	134,473	114,141	(20,332)
Support Services:			
Pupils	691,787	636,674	(55,113)
Instructional Staff	482,514	495,498	12,984
Board of Education	64,570	106,823	42,253
Administration	1,401,415	1,377,156	(24,259)
Fiscal	465,124	456,233	(8,891)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,899,139	2,423,800	524,661
Pupil Transportation	1,113,921	1,113,849	(72)
Central	14,282	16,766	2,484
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	674,515	746,273	71,758
Extracurricular Activities	374,169	310,505	(63,664)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	450,086	425,373	(24,713)
Total Expenses	<u>19,778,568</u>	<u>20,560,772</u>	<u>782,204</u>
Change in Net Position	417,911	(943,379)	1,361,290
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>23,882,363</u>	<u>24,825,742</u>	<u>(943,379)</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$24,300,274</u>	<u>\$23,882,363</u>	<u>\$417,911</u>

Property taxes made up approximately 21.8 percent of revenues for governmental activities for the South Point Local School District. Of the remaining revenues, the School District receives 75.8 percent from state foundation, federal, and state grants; 1.5 percent from charges for services and sales; and 0.9 percent from investment earnings, insurance recoveries, and miscellaneous.

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. As the result of legislation enacted in 1976, the overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis*

*For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016*

*Unaudited*

and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increases in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00. This legislation helps explain the relatively sizable increase in the District's taxable value accompanied by the relatively small increase in tax revenue. Property taxes made up just 21.8 percent of revenues for governmental activities for South Point Local School District in 2016. Additionally, increases in property taxes would only have a nominal effect upon the School District's total revenue. This is due to the funding formula in place in Ohio, any increase in property tax revenue would be offset by a corresponding decrease in state funding the School District would receive.

Approximately 61.4 percent of the School District's expenses is used to fund instructional expenses. Support services make up 31.0 percent of expenses and 7.6 percent is used for interest and fiscal charges, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. In other words, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

**Table 3**  
**Governmental Activities**

	2016 Total Cost of Services	2016 Net Cost of Services	2015 Total Cost of Services	2015 Net Cost of Services
<b>Program Expenses</b>				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$9,037,638	\$8,640,634	\$8,991,657	\$8,650,674
Special	2,698,824	1,340,446	3,077,168	1,743,116
Vocational	276,111	247,563	268,856	196,240
Student Intervention Services	134,473	134,473	114,141	114,141
Support Services:				
Pupils	691,787	691,787	636,674	636,674
Instructional Staff	482,514	464,538	495,498	467,456
Board of Education	64,570	64,570	106,823	106,823
Administration	1,401,415	1,401,415	1,377,156	1,377,156
Fiscal	465,124	464,569	456,233	450,580
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,899,139	1,767,284	2,423,800	2,250,572
Pupil Transportation	1,113,921	1,101,517	1,113,849	1,087,525
Central	14,282	14,282	16,766	16,766
Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	674,515	83,198	746,273	71,541
Extracurricular Activities	374,169	233,399	310,505	201,438
Interest and Fiscal Charges	450,086	450,086	425,373	425,373
Totals	<u>\$19,778,568</u>	<u>\$17,099,761</u>	<u>\$20,560,772</u>	<u>\$17,796,075</u>

The dependence upon tax revenues and state subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. 86.5 percent of total expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

# South Point Local School District, Ohio

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016

Unaudited

### THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$20,165,264 and expenditures of \$19,835,502.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$626,257. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance of \$5,193,228 represented 31.6% of current year expenditures.

The fund balance of the Bond Retirement Fund increased \$145,436. The Bond Retirement Fund's restricted fund balance of \$1,706,644 represented 251.8% of current year expenditures.

#### *General Fund Budgeting Highlights*

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal 2016, the School District did amend its General Fund estimated revenues. The School District uses a modified site-based budgeting technique which is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, the final estimated revenues were \$16,903,658, which represented a 4.1 percent increase from original estimates of \$16,242,333. The final estimated expenditures of \$17,102,569 represented a 0.6 percent decrease from the original estimates of \$17,205,733.

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$6,456,575.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### *Capital Assets*

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the School District had \$38,643,364 invested in capital assets, net of debt. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2016 balances compared to 2015.

**Table 4**  
**Capital Assets at June 30**  
**(Net of Depreciation)**

	2016	2015
Land	\$1,978,553	\$1,978,553
Land Improvements	2,150,663	2,069,531
Buildings and Improvements	41,545,211	42,629,427
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	736,902	568,619
Vehicles	458,266	361,424
Totals	<u>\$46,869,595</u>	<u>\$47,607,554</u>

For additional information on capital assets, see Note 10 to the basic financial statements.



## South Point Local School District, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016

Unaudited

### Debt

The School District has two bonds and two capital leases outstanding. Table 5 shows fiscal year 2016 balances compared to 2015.

**Table 5**  
**Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year End**

	2016	2015
2013 Refunding Bonds:		
Serial 1.75% - 2.625%	\$2,670,000	\$2,795,000
Term 3.00% - 3.25%	4,485,000	4,485,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	184,996	184,996
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	465,087	285,350
CAB Premium	785,398	837,758
2004 Capital Appreciation Bonds:		
Original Issue - 21.947% - 21.861%	122,832	255,822
Accretion	186,062	328,809
Capital Leases	753,048	860,292
Totals	<u>\$9,652,423</u>	<u>\$10,033,027</u>

For additional information on debt, see Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

### CURRENT ISSUES

The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges are external and internal in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist, as the School District must rely heavily on local property taxes.

Externally, the School District is largely dependent on State and Federal funding sources (approximately 75.8 percent of the School District's operating funds come from State foundation payments and other entitlements). State foundation revenue is fundamentally a function of student enrollment and a district's property tax wealth.

As the preceding information shows, the School District continues to depend upon its taxpayers. Although South Point Local School District has attempted to keep spending in line with revenues, and carefully watched financial planning, it must improve its revenue to expense ratios if the School District hopes to remain on firm financial footing.

### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions or need additional information, contact Tresa Baker, Treasurer at South Point Local School District, 302 High Street, South Point, Ohio 45680.

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Statement of Net Position*

*June 30, 2016*

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,507,093
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	10,431
Intergovernmental Receivable	391,256
Materials and Supplies Inventory	31,132
Prepaid Items	74,928
Property Taxes Receivable	4,138,409
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,978,553
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>44,891,042</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>62,022,844</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	775,043
Pensions	<u>2,193,107</u>
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>2,968,150</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Accounts Payable	60,627
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,638,131
Accrued Interest Payable	16,826
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	105,368
Intergovernmental Payable	379,268
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due within One Year	817,861
Due in More than One Year	
Net Pension Liability (See Note 12)	22,641,520
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	<u>10,156,272</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>35,815,873</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Property Taxes	3,119,225
Pensions	<u>1,755,622</u>
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>4,874,847</u>
<b>Net Position</b>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	38,643,364
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	1,775,466
Capital Projects	388,587
Facilities Maintenance	766,781
Athletics	47,287
State Grant Expenditures	52,981
Federal Grant Expenditures	98,579
School Bus Purchases	2,878
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(17,475,649)</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u><u>\$24,300,274</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Statement of Activities*

*For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2016*

	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$9,037,638	\$137,019	\$259,985	(\$8,640,634)
Special	2,698,824	0	1,358,378	(1,340,446)
Vocational	276,111	0	28,548	(247,563)
Student Intervention Services	134,473	0	0	(134,473)
Support Services:				
Pupils	691,787	0	0	(691,787)
Instructional Staff	482,514	0	17,976	(464,538)
Board of Education	64,570	0	0	(64,570)
Administration	1,401,415	0	0	(1,401,415)
Fiscal	465,124	0	555	(464,569)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,899,139	11,600	120,255	(1,767,284)
Pupil Transportation	1,113,921	0	12,404	(1,101,517)
Central	14,282	0	0	(14,282)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	674,515	6,317	585,000	(83,198)
Extracurricular Activities	374,169	139,028	1,742	(233,399)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	450,086	0	0	(450,086)
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$19,778,568</b>	<b>\$293,964</b>	<b>\$2,384,843</b>	<b>(17,099,761)</b>

**General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	3,627,038
Debt Service	711,632
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	73,523
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	12,932,160
Investment Earnings	18,832
Insurance Recoveries	43,789
Miscellaneous	110,698

*Total General Revenues* 17,517,672

*Change in Net Position* 417,911

*Net Position at Beginning of Year* 23,882,363

*Net Position at End of Year* \$24,300,274

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Balance Sheet  
Governmental Funds  
June 30, 2016*

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,640,963	\$1,617,566	\$1,242,423	\$10,500,952
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	10,431	0	10,431
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	3,403,376	667,573	67,460	4,138,409
Intergovernmental	16,461	0	374,795	391,256
Interfund	28,177	0	0	28,177
Prepaid Items	74,928	0	0	74,928
Materials and Supplies Inventory	19,428	0	11,704	31,132
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,141	0	0	6,141
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$11,189,474</b>	<b>\$2,295,570</b>	<b>\$1,696,382</b>	<b>\$15,181,426</b>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>				
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	\$56,822	\$0	\$3,805	\$60,627
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,365,949	0	272,182	1,638,131
Interfund Payable	0	0	28,177	28,177
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	105,368	0	0	105,368
Intergovernmental Payable	337,631	0	41,637	379,268
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,865,770</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>345,801</b>	<b>2,211,571</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Property Taxes	2,565,613	503,278	50,334	3,119,225
Unavailable Revenue	436,723	85,648	220,763	743,134
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>3,002,336</b>	<b>588,926</b>	<b>271,097</b>	<b>3,862,359</b>
<b>Fund Balances</b>				
Nonspendable:				
Inventories	19,428	0	11,704	31,132
Prepaid Items	74,928	0	0	74,928
Unclaimed Monies	6,141	0	0	6,141
Restricted for:				
Athletics	0	0	47,287	47,287
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	0	758,008	758,008
Capital Improvements	0	0	388,587	388,587
Debt Service	0	1,706,644	0	1,706,644
State Grant Expenditures	0	0	52,981	52,981
School Bus Purchase	2,878	0	0	2,878
Committed to:				
Health Insurance Contingency	105,289	0	0	105,289
Severance Benefits	471,410	0	0	471,410
Assigned to:				
Purchases on Order	413,157	0	0	413,157
School Support Services	34,909	0	0	34,909
Unassigned (Deficits)	5,193,228	0	(179,083)	5,014,145
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>6,321,368</b>	<b>1,706,644</b>	<b>1,079,484</b>	<b>9,107,496</b>
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$11,189,474</b>	<b>\$2,295,570</b>	<b>\$1,696,382</b>	<b>\$15,181,426</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances  
to Net Position of Governmental Activities  
June 30, 2016*

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>		<b>\$9,107,496</b>
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because</i>		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		46,869,595
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Delinquent Property Taxes	531,144	
Grants	211,990	743,134
Deferred Outflows of Resources represent deferred charges on refunding which do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		775,043
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	2,193,107	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,755,622)	
Net Pension Liability	(22,641,520)	(22,204,035)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
School Improvement Bonds Payable	(8,899,375)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(16,826)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,321,710)	
Capital Leases Payable	(753,048)	(10,990,959)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<b>\$24,300,274</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes	\$3,652,376	\$716,782	\$73,883	\$4,443,041
Intergovernmental	12,990,846	106,413	2,198,764	15,296,023
Investment Earnings	18,636	0	196	18,832
Tuition and Fees	96,282	0	0	96,282
Charges for Services	0	0	6,317	6,317
Extracurricular	40,737	0	139,028	179,765
Rent	11,600	0	0	11,600
Gifts and Donations	964	0	1,742	2,706
Miscellaneous	109,698	0	1,000	110,698
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>16,921,139</u>	<u>823,195</u>	<u>2,420,930</u>	<u>20,165,264</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,190,057	0	273,771	8,463,828
Special	1,323,031	0	1,303,450	2,626,481
Vocational	299,324	0	0	299,324
Student Intervention Services	127,267	0	0	127,267
Support Services:				
Pupils	640,688	0	0	640,688
Instructional Staff	438,151	0	44,553	482,704
Board of Education	64,570	0	0	64,570
Administration	1,287,489	0	0	1,287,489
Fiscal	406,965	24,603	2,521	434,089
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,705,349	0	279,710	1,985,059
Pupil Transportation	1,121,180	0	12,126	1,133,306
Central	12,791	0	0	12,791
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	914	0	678,886	679,800
Extracurricular Activities	254,337	0	119,763	374,100
Capital Outlay	234,277	0	25,208	259,485
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	292,536	257,990	0	550,526
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,829	395,166	0	413,995
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>16,417,755</u>	<u>677,759</u>	<u>2,739,988</u>	<u>19,835,502</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>503,384</u>	<u>145,436</u>	<u>(319,058)</u>	<u>329,762</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Transfers In	0	0	106,208	106,208
Insurance Recoveries	43,789	0	0	43,789
Inception of Capital Lease	185,292	0	0	185,292
Transfers Out	(106,208)	0	0	(106,208)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>122,873</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>106,208</u>	<u>229,081</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	626,257	145,436	(212,850)	558,843
<i>Fund Balances at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>5,695,111</u>	<u>1,561,208</u>	<u>1,292,334</u>	<u>8,548,653</u>
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	<u>\$6,321,368</u>	<u>\$1,706,644</u>	<u>\$1,079,484</u>	<u>\$9,107,496</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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**Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds** \$558,843

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because*

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays:

Capital Asset Additions	684,391	
Depreciation Expense	(1,422,350)	(737,959)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Delinquent Taxes	(30,848)	
Grants	18,274	(12,574)

Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

General Obligation Bonds	125,000	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	132,990	257,990

Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of net position. Premiums are reported as revenues when the debt is first issued; however, these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities:

Capital Appreciation Bond Premium	52,360	
Accrued Interest Payable	208	
Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding	(51,669)	
Capital Appreciation Bond Interest	192,010	
Annual Accretion	(229,000)	(36,091)

The inception of a capital lease is reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds, but increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. (185,292)

Repayment of capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 292,536

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 1,284,681

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (1,027,781)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Compensated Absences Payable		23,558
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*Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities* \$417,911

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes*  
*in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)*  
*General Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes	\$3,336,181	\$3,595,012	\$3,595,012	\$0
Intergovernmental	12,675,496	13,071,606	13,071,606	0
Investment Earnings	20,336	18,636	18,636	0
Tuition and Fees	86,055	96,282	96,282	0
Rent	18,000	11,600	11,600	0
Miscellaneous	106,265	110,522	110,522	0
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>16,242,333</u>	<u>16,903,658</u>	<u>16,903,658</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,410,501	8,385,373	8,385,373	0
Special	1,704,151	1,396,487	1,396,487	0
Vocational	258,613	256,863	256,863	0
Student Intervention Services	111,273	114,805	114,805	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	652,229	665,584	665,584	0
Instructional Staff	515,000	451,154	451,154	0
Board of Education	145,606	112,453	112,453	0
Administration	1,290,588	1,281,334	1,281,334	0
Fiscal	408,540	420,155	420,155	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,042,653	1,988,624	1,988,624	0
Pupil Transportation	1,207,228	1,207,202	1,207,202	0
Central	13,820	12,809	12,809	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,249	914	914	0
Extracurricular Activities	245,265	262,525	262,525	0
Capital Outlay	199,017	234,922	234,922	0
Debt Service:				
Principal	0	292,536	292,536	0
Interest	0	18,829	18,829	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>17,205,733</u>	<u>17,102,569</u>	<u>17,102,569</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures</i>	<u>(963,400)</u>	<u>(198,911)</u>	<u>(198,911)</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Advances In	108,374	7,100	7,100	0
Inception of Capital Lease	0	185,292	185,292	0
Insurance Recoveries	24,503	43,789	43,789	0
Transfers Out	(78,500)	(106,208)	(106,208)	0
Advances Out	(7,100)	(28,177)	(28,177)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>47,277</u>	<u>101,796</u>	<u>101,796</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(916,123)</u>	<u>(97,115)</u>	<u>(97,115)</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>5,595,770</u>	<u>5,595,770</u>	<u>5,595,770</u>	<u>0</u>
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>957,920</u>	<u>957,920</u>	<u>957,920</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$5,637,567</u>	<u>\$6,456,575</u>	<u>\$6,456,575</u>	<u>\$0</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements



**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities*  
*Agency Funds*  
*June 30, 2016*

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**Assets**

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u><u>\$26,976</u></u>
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**Liabilities**

Due to Students	<u><u>\$26,976</u></u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## **South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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### **Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity**

South Point Local School District (the School District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines. This Board of Education controls the School District's four instructional/support facilities staffed by 81 classified employees and 124 certified teaching and administrative personnel who provide services to 1,573 students and other community members.

#### ***Reporting Entity***

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For South Point Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in the South Central Ohio Computer Association Regional Council of Governments, the Collins Career Center, and the Educational Regional Service System, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, and the Ohio School Plan, the Lawrence County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan which are defined as insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18.

### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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### ***A. Basis of Presentation***

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

***Government-wide Financial Statements*** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds. The statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

***Fund Financial Statements*** During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

### ***B. Fund Accounting***

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds utilized by the School District: governmental and fiduciary.

***Governmental Funds*** Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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**General Fund** The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended and transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Bond Retirement Fund** The Bond Retirement Fund accounts for tax revenues collected to repay outstanding general obligation bonds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

**Fiduciary Fund** Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds which account for student activities.

### **C. Measurement Focus**

**Government-wide Financial Statements** The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities accounts for increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

**Fund Financial Statements** All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

### **D. Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

***Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources*** In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2016, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 12)

***Expenses/Expenditures*** On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

## **South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### ***E. Cash and Cash Equivalents***

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

The School District has a segregated bank account for bond retirement. This depository account is presented as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since it is not deposited into the School District treasury.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest is credited to the General Fund and the nonmajor Classroom Facilities Fund. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$18,636, which includes \$5,224 assigned from other School District funds. Interest revenue credited to the Classroom Facilities Fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$196.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented as cash and cash equivalents. The School District's certificates of deposit are reported on the financial statements as equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.

### ***F. Prepaid Items***

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2016, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which the services are consumed.

### ***G. Materials and Supplies Inventory***

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food.

### ***H. Capital Assets***

All of the School District's capital assets are general capital assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of certain assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related capital asset. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

### ***I. Internal Activity***

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used aren't eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

### ***J. Restricted Assets***

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues restricted for unclaimed monies.

### ***K. Compensated Absences***

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. A liability is recorded for vacation eligible employees after one year of service with the School District.

## **South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees with fifteen or more years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are reported as "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who will receive the payment are paid.

### ***L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations***

All payables, matured compensated absences, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and net pension liability that are paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

### ***M. Interfund Balances***

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

### ***N. Bond Premiums***

On government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable. On the governmental fund statements, bond premiums are recorded in the year the bonds are issued.

### ***O. Deferred Charge on Refunding***

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.



## South Point Local School District, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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### ***P. Fund Balance***

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable:** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**Restricted:** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or it is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed:** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned:** Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or State Statute.

**Unassigned:** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report deficit balances.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

### ***Q. Pensions***

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

## **South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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### ***R. Estimates***

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### ***S. Net Position***

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### ***T. Budgetary Process***

All funds, other than the agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object levels.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

# South Point Local School District, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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## Note 3 - Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2016, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application;" GASB Statement No.73, "Account and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68;" GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments;" GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants;" and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues an Amendment of GASB Statements Nos. 67, 68 and 73."

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 73 establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement 68. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement did not result in any changes to the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies-in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment-the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the framework for selecting those principles. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement did not result in any changes to the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. This Statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance also establishes additional note disclosure requirements for governments that participate in those pools. The School District incorporated the corresponding GASB 79 guidance into their fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 82 improves consistency in the application of pension accounting. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

## Note 4 - Fund Deficits

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2016:

	<u>Deficit</u>
<b>Special Revenue Funds:</b>	
Food Service	\$53,968
Title I	65,904
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	47,507

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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These deficits resulted from payables recorded in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

### **Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Prepaid items are reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the cash basis.
5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the Public School Support Fund are reclassified to the General Fund for GAAP reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

	Net Change in Fund Balance
GAAP Basis	\$626,257
Revenue Accruals	28,120
Expenditure Accruals	(174,445)
Prepaid Items	(74,928)
Advances	(21,077)
To reclassify excess of revenues and other sources of financial resources over expenditures and other uses of financial resources into financial statement fund types	18,731
Encumbrances	<u>(499,773)</u>
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$97,115)</u></u>

### **Note 6 - Deposits and Investments**

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debenture, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitation bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio;
6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and
8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

**Deposits** Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2016, the School District's bank balance of \$10,594,275 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described above. As of June 30, 2016, the School District had no investments.

### **Note 7 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2016 represents collections of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2016 represents collections of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Lawrence County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real and public utility taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2016, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

The amount available as an advance for June 30, 2016, was \$401,040 in the General Fund, \$78,647 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$8,353 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund. The amount available as an advance for June 30, 2015, was \$343,676 in the General Fund, \$67,501 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$7,161 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenues.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

	2015 Second Half Collections		2016 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$176,576,630	93.43%	\$176,816,350	92.79%
Public Utility Personal	12,413,870	6.57%	13,733,040	7.21%
Total	\$188,990,500	100.00%	\$190,549,390	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	\$24.90		\$24.90	

### Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consisted of property taxes, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected in one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts
Early Childhood Education	\$21,877
Special Education Grants to States	64,479
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	243,059
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	45,380
SERS Overpayment	9,187
State Foundation Adjustments	7,274
Total	\$391,256

### Note 9 - Significant Commitments

#### A. Encumbrances

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

Fund	Amount
General	\$502,725
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	40,508
Total	\$543,233

### Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/15	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/16
Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$1,978,553	\$0	\$0	\$1,978,553
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,978,553	0	0	1,978,553
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	3,666,576	246,190	0	3,912,766
Buildings and Improvements	54,391,686	0	0	54,391,686
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,246,326	245,209	0	1,491,535
Vehicles	1,179,676	192,992	0	1,372,668
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	60,484,264	684,391	0	61,168,655
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,597,045)	(165,058)	0	(1,762,103)
Buildings and Improvements	(11,762,259)	(1,084,216)	0	(12,846,475)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(677,707)	(76,926)	0	(754,633)
Vehicles	(818,252)	(96,150)	0	(914,402)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14,855,263)	(1,422,350) *	0	(16,277,613)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	45,629,001	(737,959)	0	44,891,042
Capital Assets, Net	\$47,607,554	(\$737,959)	\$0	\$46,869,595



## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

\*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$688,089
Special	113,583
Vocational	21,199
Student Intervention Services	9,021
Support Services:	
Pupils	47,354
Instructional Staff	43,118
Administration	116,643
Fiscal	33,573
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	152,720
Pupil Transportation	177,744
Extracurricular Activities	19,306
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,422,350

### Note 11 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2016, the School District contracted with Hylant Administrative Services Selective Insurance for the following coverage:

Property	Deductible	Limits of Coverage
Building and Contents - Replacement Cost	\$1,000	\$67,839,357
General Liability:		
Each Occurrence	0	4,000,000
Aggregate Limit	0	6,000,000
Products - Completed Operations Aggregate Limit	0	4,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit - Each Offense	0	4,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	0	500,000
Medical Expense Limit - Per Person/Accident	0	10,000
Employers' Liability - Stop Gap:		
Each Occurrence	0	4,000,000
Per Disease Each Employee	0	4,000,000
Per Disease Policy Limit	0	4,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability		
Per Claim	0	4,000,000
Aggregate Limit	0	6,000,000
Vehicles:		
Bodily Injury and Property Damage:		
Per Person	1,000	4,000,000
Medical Payments - Each Person	0	5,000
Uninsured Motorist:		
Per Person	0	1,000,000

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
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Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from fiscal year 2015.

For fiscal year 2016, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria.

### **Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

#### ***A. Net Pension Liability***

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

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### ***Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)***

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS’ Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System’s funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No allocation was made to the Health Care Fund.

The School District’s contractually required contribution to SERS was \$314,100 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount \$34,445 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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### ***Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)***

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement increased effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 11.5 percent of the 13 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and 1.5 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. Effective July 1, 2016, the statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent to 14 percent. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$970,581 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount \$179,745 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### ***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.07497800%	0.06768855%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.07354700%	0.06673954%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00143100%	-0.00094901%	
			Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$4,196,663	\$18,444,857	\$22,641,520
Pension Expense	\$245,497	\$782,284	\$1,027,781

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
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	SERS	STRS	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$67,574	\$840,852	\$908,426
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	314,100	970,581	1,284,681
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$381,674	\$1,811,433	\$2,193,107
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$139,049	\$1,326,534	\$1,465,583
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	64,200	225,839	290,039
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$203,249	\$1,552,373	\$1,755,622

\$1,284,681 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2017	(\$71,007)	(\$355,815)	(\$426,822)
2018	(71,007)	(355,815)	(426,822)
2019	(71,327)	(355,815)	(427,142)
2020	77,666	355,924	433,590
Total	(\$135,675)	(\$711,521)	(\$847,196)

### ***Actuarial Assumptions - SERS***

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	0.00%
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
 Total	 100.00%	

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

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**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,819,264	\$4,196,663	\$2,830,300

In April 2016, the SERS Board adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2016. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the School District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops best estimates for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:



## South Point Local School District, Ohio

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Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Nominal Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	31.00%	8.00%
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00%	

\* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.5 percent.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$25,621,297	\$18,444,857	\$12,376,106

### Note 13 - Postemployment Benefits

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

**Health Care Plan Description** - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
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Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, no allocation of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$35,164.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, were \$0, \$18,125, and \$2,804, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015, and 2014.

### ***B. State Teachers Retirement System***

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, one percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, were \$0, \$0, and \$68,910, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2016, 2015, and 2014.

## **South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
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### **Note 14 - Employee Benefits**

#### ***A. Compensated Absences***

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators who are contracted to work on a twelve month contract, earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees who are contracted to work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time.

Teachers and administrators earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. There is no limit to the amount of sick leave that may be accumulated. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-half of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum payment of 112.5 days for certified and classified employees.

#### ***B. Insurance Benefits***

Health insurance is provided by Anthem Inc. Premiums for this coverage are \$1,757 for family coverage and \$711 for single coverage. The School District pays 80% of both premiums for employees hired after July 1, 2002. The School District pays 100% of single premiums for employees hired before July 1, 2002.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to certified, classified, and administrative employees through Guardian Insurance Company. The coverage amount is \$30,000 for certified and classified employees and \$50,000 for administrators.

Dental and vision insurance is provided by Guardian. Premiums for dental coverage are \$77 for family coverage and \$21 for single coverage. Premiums for vision coverage are \$11 for family coverage and \$6 for single coverage. The School District pays 100% of single coverage. Employees are responsible for the excess cost of the family premium.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

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### Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2016 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/15	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/16	Amounts Due in One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
2013 Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds - 1.75%-2.625%	\$2,795,000	\$0	\$125,000	\$2,670,000	\$130,000
Term bonds - 3.00%-3.25%	4,485,000	0	0	4,485,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	184,996	0	0	184,996	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	285,350	179,737	0	465,087	0
CAB Premium	837,758	0	52,360	785,398	0
2004 Capital Appreciation Bonds:					
Original Issue	255,822	0	132,990	122,832	122,832
Accretion	328,809	49,263	192,010	186,062	186,062
<b>Total Bonds</b>	<b>9,172,735</b>	<b>229,000</b>	<b>502,360</b>	<b>8,899,375</b>	<b>438,894</b>
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	16,464,198	1,980,659	0	18,444,857	0
SERS	3,794,594	402,069	0	4,196,663	0
<b>Total Net Pension Liability</b>	<b>20,258,792</b>	<b>2,382,728</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>22,641,520</b>	<b>0</b>
Capital Leases	860,292	185,292	292,536	753,048	261,347
Compensated Absences Payable	1,345,268	234,984	258,542	1,321,710	117,620
<b>Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities</b>	<b>\$31,637,087</b>	<b>\$3,032,004</b>	<b>\$1,053,438</b>	<b>\$33,615,653</b>	<b>\$817,861</b>

Compensated absences and capital leases will be paid from the General Fund. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. For additional information related to the net pension liability, see Note 12.

**2004 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds** – On November 12, 2004, the School District issued \$10,316,336 in voted general obligation bonds for building a new middle school/high school and two elementary buildings. The bond issue included \$1,975,000 in serial bonds, \$7,785,000 in term bonds, and \$556,336 in capital appreciation bonds. The bonds were issued for a twenty-seven year period, with the final maturity date during fiscal year 2032. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. These bonds were partially refunded in 2013 with only the capital appreciation bonds remaining.

The 2004 capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2013 through December 1, 2016. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as a liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,310,000. For fiscal year 2016, \$49,263 was accreted, leaving a total bond liability \$308,894.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

**2013 Refunding Bonds** - On July 13, 2012, the School District issued refunding bonds of \$7,784,996 consisting of \$3,115,000 in serial bonds, \$184,996 in capital appreciation bonds, and \$4,485,000 in term bonds. The refunding bonds will mature on December 1, 2031. These bonds were issued to advance refund part of the 2004 School Building Construction Bonds. The advance refunded portion of the bonds, as well as the unamortized premium and discount of these advance refunded bonds, were removed from the financial statements of the School District. The refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price of \$994,838. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the refunded bonds using the straight-line method. The amortization of this difference for 2016 was \$51,669. At the date of the refunding, \$8,779,834 (including underwriter fees and other issuance costs) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded 2004 bonds. As all of the legal steps had been taken to refund the debt, the balance of the outstanding bonds refunded was removed from the School District's financial statements. On December 1, 2014, the outstanding refunded bonds were retired.

The 2013 refunding capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2017, through December 1, 2019. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as a liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,415,000. For fiscal year 2016, \$179,737 was accreted, leaving a total bond liability of \$650,083.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Serial/Term Bonds		Capital Appreciation Bonds		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Accretion*	Principal	Accretion/ Interest
2017	\$130,000	\$200,769	\$122,832	\$212,169	\$252,832	\$412,938
2018	0	199,632	81,435	383,565	81,435	583,197
2019	0	199,632	59,553	410,446	59,553	610,078
2020	0	199,631	44,008	435,995	44,008	635,626
2021	480,000	194,531	0	0	480,000	194,531
2022-2026	2,620,000	795,104	0	0	2,620,000	795,104
2027-2031	3,210,000	379,456	0	0	3,210,000	379,456
2032	715,000	11,619	0	0	715,000	11,619
Totals	<u>\$7,155,000</u>	<u>\$2,180,374</u>	<u>\$307,828</u>	<u>\$1,442,175</u>	<u>\$7,462,828</u>	<u>\$3,622,549</u>

\*The amounts above show total accretion at maturity. These amounts will not tie to the table above as amounts have not yet been fully accreted.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2016, was \$11,393,261, with an unvoted debt margin of \$190,549 at June 30, 2016.

### Note 16 - Interfund Activity

#### A. Transfers

During fiscal year 2016, the General Fund made transfers to the Food Service Special Revenue Fund in the amount of \$106,208. The transfers were used to move unrestricted revenue collected in the General Fund to finance the food service operations in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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### ***B. Interfund Balances***

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2016; consist of the following individual balances, representing monies advanced to special revenue funds to be repaid to the General Fund when grant funds are received.

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$28,177	\$0
Early Childhood Education	0	21,877
Title IV-B	0	150
Title I	0	700
Title II-A	0	450
Race to the Top	0	5,000
Total All Funds	<u>\$28,177</u>	<u>\$28,177</u>

### **Note 17 - Jointly Governed Organizations**

#### ***A. South Central Ohio Computer Association***

The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association Council of Governments (SCOCACoG), which is organized under ORC Code Chapter 167 as a council of governments. SCOCACoG is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Pickaway, Gallia, Adams, Brown, Highland, Pike, Ross, Scioto, Vinton, Jackson, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCACoG consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCACoG service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education and two representatives of the school treasurers. The Board exercises total control over the operations of SCOCACoG including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

During fiscal year 2016, SCOCACoG entered into a merger agreement with Metropolitan Educational Technology Association ("META"). Pursuant to an addendum to the agreement, certain liabilities will remain the sole responsibility of SCOCACoG, and once these remaining liabilities are satisfied, SCOCACoG will be dissolved and the member districts will become members of META. SCOCACoG entered into a subcontract agreement with META to provide services to SCOCACoG, and on behalf of SCOCACoG, to the member districts. Consistent with the merger agreement and updated bylaws, SCOCACoG is currently governed by a four person executive governing board. The School District paid SCOCACoG \$103,842 for services provided during the fiscal year.

#### ***B. Collins Career Center***

Collins Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from Chesapeake Union Exempted Village School District, two from the Ironton City School District, and two from the Lawrence County Educational Service Center, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. South Point Local School District made no payments to the Career Center in fiscal year 2016. To obtain financial information write to the Collins Career Center, 11627 State Route 243, Chesapeake, OH 45619.

## **South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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### ***C. The Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) Region 15***

The Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) Region 15 is a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Lawrence, Pike, Scioto, and Ross counties. The purpose of the ERSS is to provide support services to school districts, community schools, and chartered nonpublic schools within the region by supporting State and school initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement with a specific reference to the provision of special education and related services. The ERSS is governed by an advisory council, which is the policymaking body for the educational entities within the region, who identifies regional needs and priorities for educational services and develops corresponding policies to coordinate the delivery of services. They are also charged with the responsibility of monitoring the implementation of State and regional initiatives and school improvement efforts. The Advisory Council is made up of the director of the ERSS, the superintendent of each educational service center within the region, the superintendent of the region's largest and smallest school district, the director and an employee from each education technology center, one representative of a four-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Board of Regents, one representative of a two-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Association of Community Colleges, three board of education members (one each from a city, exempted village, and local school district within the region), and one business representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Advisory Council. Financial information can be obtained from the South Central Educational Service Center, 522 Glenwood Avenue, Room 165 New Boston, Ohio 45662.

### **Note 18 - Insurance Purchasing Pools**

#### ***A. Ohio School Plan***

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The Ohio School Plan (OSP) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

#### ***B. Lawrence County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program***

The School District participates in the Lawrence County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program (Council), a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The Council is governed by a council, which consists of the superintendent from each participating school district. The council elects officers for one-year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The council exercises control over the operation of the Council. All council revenues are generated from charges for services received from the participating school districts, based on the established premiums for the insurance plans. The Lawrence County Educational Service Center is the fiscal agent of the council. Each School District reserves the right to withdraw from the plan. If this is done, no further contributions will be made and the school district's net pooled share will

## South Point Local School District, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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be distributed and all claims submitted by covered members of the school district after the distribution will be exclusively the liability of the school district.

### **C. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP)**

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the plan.

### **Note 19 - Set-Aside Calculations**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years. In prior fiscal years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization and textbooks.

Effective April 10, 2001, through Amended Substitute Senate Bill 345, the requirements for school districts to establish and appropriate money for the budget stabilization was deleted from law. A school district may still establish reserve balance accounts consistent with Section 5705.13, Revised Code, if it so chooses; however, the requirement is no longer mandatory. In addition, any money on hand in a school district's budget reserve set-aside as of April 10, 2001, may at the discretion of the board of education be returned to the school district's General Fund or may be left in the account and used by the board to offset any budget deficit the district may experience in future fiscal years. The bill placed special conditions on any Bureau of Workers' Compensation monies remaining in the budget reserve. During fiscal year 2002, the Board of Education passed a resolution to maintain only the refunds from the Bureau of Workers Compensation in the budget reserve pursuant to State Statute and at June 30, 2016, this is all that continues to be set aside.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by the State statute.

	Budget Stabilization	Capital Improvements
Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$67,581	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	0	287,686
Current Year Qualifying Expenditures	0	(83,603)
Current Year Offsets	0	(292,883)
Totals	<u>\$67,581</u>	<u>(\$88,800)</u>
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	<u>\$67,581</u>	<u>\$0</u>

The School District had qualifying expenditures and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero. The excess set-aside may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years.



## South Point Local School District, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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### **Note 20 - Contingencies**

#### ***A. Grants***

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2016, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

#### ***B. Litigation***

At June 30, 2016, the School District was not party to any legal proceedings.

#### ***C. State Foundation Funding***

School District funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 or 2016 Foundation funding for the School District. Therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

### **Note 21 – Capital Leases – Lessee Disclosure**

In prior fiscal years, the School District entered into a capitalized lease for a football stadium, baseball/softball complex, and administrative office renovations. In September 2015, the School District entered into a capitalized lease in the amount of \$185,292 for two school buses. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease which is defined as transferring benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified from functional expenditures and are reflected as General Fund debt service expenditures in the financial statements. They are presented as current expenditures in the budgetary statements. Capital assets acquired by governmental activities through capitalized leases were recorded in the amount of \$1,000,000, acquired in 2015 and \$185,292 in 2016, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation on the assets is \$64,494 leaving a book value of \$1,120,798. Principal payments in fiscal year 2016 totaled \$292,536 in the governmental funds.

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*

*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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Future minimum lease payments for the capital leases are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$261,347	\$12,744	\$274,091
2018	266,520	7,570	274,090
2019	207,687	2,594	210,281
2020	17,494	29	17,523
Totals	<u>\$753,048</u>	<u>\$22,937</u>	<u>\$775,985</u>

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*  
*School Employees Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Three Fiscal Years (1) \**

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0735470%	0.0749780%	0.0749780%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,196,663	\$3,794,594	\$4,458,701
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$2,210,395	\$2,231,970	\$1,984,289
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	189.86%	170.01%	224.70%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

\* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*  
*State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Three Fiscal Years (1) \**

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06673954%	0.06768855%	0.06768855%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$18,444,857	\$16,464,198	\$19,612,044
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,982,421	\$6,933,943	\$6,818,932
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	264.16%	237.44%	287.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

\* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of School District Contributions*  
*School Employees Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$314,100	\$291,330	\$309,351	\$274,626
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(314,100)</u>	<u>(291,330)</u>	<u>(309,351)</u>	<u>(274,626)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$2,243,571	\$2,210,395	\$2,231,970	\$1,984,289
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%

<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
\$280,636	\$270,853	\$312,891	\$213,121	\$199,706	\$187,456
<u>(280,636)</u>	<u>(270,853)</u>	<u>(312,891)</u>	<u>(213,121)</u>	<u>(199,706)</u>	<u>(187,456)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$2,086,516	\$2,154,755	\$2,310,867	\$2,165,859	\$2,033,662	\$1,755,207
13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of School District Contributions*  
*State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$970,581	\$977,539	\$901,413	\$886,461
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(970,581)</u>	<u>(977,539)</u>	<u>(901,413)</u>	<u>(886,461)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,932,721	\$6,982,421	\$6,933,943	\$6,818,932
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
\$854,913	\$915,314	\$961,161	\$931,668	\$916,153	\$900,723
<u>(854,913)</u>	<u>(915,314)</u>	<u>(961,161)</u>	<u>(931,668)</u>	<u>(916,153)</u>	<u>(900,723)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$6,576,256	\$7,040,877	\$7,393,543	\$7,166,675	\$7,047,328	\$6,925,175
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%



**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title</u>	<u>Pass Through Entity Number</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Federal Expenditures</u>
<u>United States Department of Agriculture</u>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	3L70	10.553	\$145,172
National School Lunch Program	3L60	10.555	429,415
Non-Cash Assistance	N/A	10.555	52,235
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>626,823</u>
Total United States Department of Agriculture			626,823
<u>United States Department of Education</u>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Special Education-Grants to States	3M20	84.027	394,006
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	84.010	925,571
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF)-Race-to-the-Top			
Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	3FD0	84.395	620
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	3Y60	84.367	136,240
Total United States Department of Education			<u>1,456,437</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u><u>\$2,083,260</u></u>

The notes to the schedule of federal awards expenditures are an integral part of this schedule.

**South Point Local School District, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

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**Note 1 – Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures (the schedule) is a summary of the activity of the School District’s federal award programs. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

**Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Note 3 – Food Donation Program**

The School District reports commodities consumed on the schedule at the fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

**Note 4 – Child Nutrition Cluster**

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

**Note 5 – Transfers Between Program Years**

Federal Regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE’s consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year’s program. The School District transferred the following amounts from:

2015 to 2016 programs:

Program Title	CFDA Number	Amount Transferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	\$ 98,628
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	3Y60	18,409

2016 to 2017 programs:

Program Title	CFDA Number	Amount Transferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	\$70,869
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	3Y60	18,997

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education  
South Point Local School District  
302 High Street  
South Point, Ohio 45680

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Point Local School District, Lawrence County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2017.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA, CITP  
President/Owner  
Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.  
Portsmouth, Ohio

February 24, 2017

**Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education  
South Point Local School District  
302 High Street  
South Point, Ohio 45680

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited South Point Local School District's (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016. The School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

***Management's Responsibility***

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA, CITP  
President/Owner  
Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.  
Portsmouth, Ohio

February 24, 2017

**South Point Local School District**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016*

**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

<i>Financial Statements</i>	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
<i>Federal Awards</i>	
Internal control over major program(s):	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any auditing findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major program(s):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA #84.010)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

**Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

None

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None

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# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**SOUTH POINT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**LAWRENCE COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

**This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.**

*Susan Babbitt*

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU**

**CERTIFIED  
MAY 18, 2017**