



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**OHIO HI-POINT JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
LOGAN COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2016**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis.....	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2016.....	13
Statement of Activities – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds – June 30, 2016	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities – June 30, 2016.....	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016.....	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities – For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2016	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – June 30, 2016	19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016.....	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio.....	48
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio	49
Schedule of District Contributions:	
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio.....	50
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio	51
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	52
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Process	53
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Governmental Auditing Standards</i>	55

This page intentionally left blank.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Logan County
2280 State Route 540
Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, Logan County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, Logan County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis, required budgetary comparison schedule* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

November 1, 2017

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

The discussion and analysis of Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2016 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$778,549 which represents a 36.71% increase from 2015. The increase indicates that the District's revenues exceeded expenses in 2016.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,448,106 in revenue or 92% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,101,652 or 8% of total revenues of \$13,549,758.
- The District had \$12,771,209 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,101,652 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$12,448,106 were also used to provide for these programs.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statements of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund is the major fund of the District.

Government-wide Financial Statements

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2016?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answers this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the overall financial position of the District is presented in the following manner:

- Governmental Activities – All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services and operation of non-instructional services.

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds is presented in the Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The District as a Whole

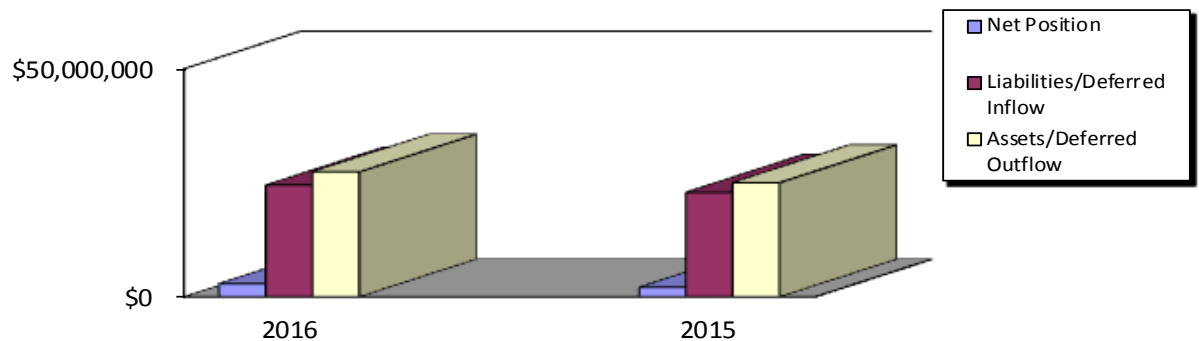
As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2016 compared to 2015:

This Space Intentionally Left Blank

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	\$17,736,871	\$17,380,125
Capital Assets	7,232,247	6,645,165
Total Assets	24,969,118	24,025,290
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension	2,427,223	1,018,932
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,427,223	1,018,932
Liabilities:		
Other Liabilities	694,290	771,021
Long-Term Liabilities	16,849,808	14,617,883
Total Liabilities	17,544,098	15,388,904
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property Taxes	5,487,485	5,076,464
Pension	1,465,240	2,457,885
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,952,725	7,534,349
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,098,909	6,478,494
Restricted	1,359,147	188,378
Unrestricted	(5,558,538)	(4,545,903)
Total Net Position	\$2,899,518	\$2,120,969



**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2016, the District's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,899,518.

At year-end, capital assets represented 29% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2016, was \$7,098,909. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$1,359,147 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

Capital Assets increased mainly due to current year asset additions being more than current year depreciation. Long-Term Liabilities increased due to the increase in Net Pension Liability.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

This Space Intentionally Left Blank

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	2016	2015
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$620,953	\$516,098
Operating Grants, Contributions	480,699	456,500
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	5,442,263	6,072,092
Grants and Entitlements	6,641,879	6,307,207
Investment Earnings	37,725	17,598
Other Revenues	326,239	307,677
Total Revenues	13,549,758	13,677,172
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	7,545,001	7,225,596
Support Services:		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	1,231,062	1,228,490
School Administrative, General		
Administration, Fiscal and Business	1,820,381	2,005,155
Operations and Maintenance	1,348,033	1,309,127
Pupil Transportation	55,234	74,776
Central	513,828	528,723
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	248,984	259,594
Bond Issuance Cost	8,686	0
Total Program Expenses	12,771,209	12,631,461
Change in Net Position	778,549	1,045,711
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,120,969	1,075,258
Net Position - End of Year	\$2,899,518	\$2,120,969

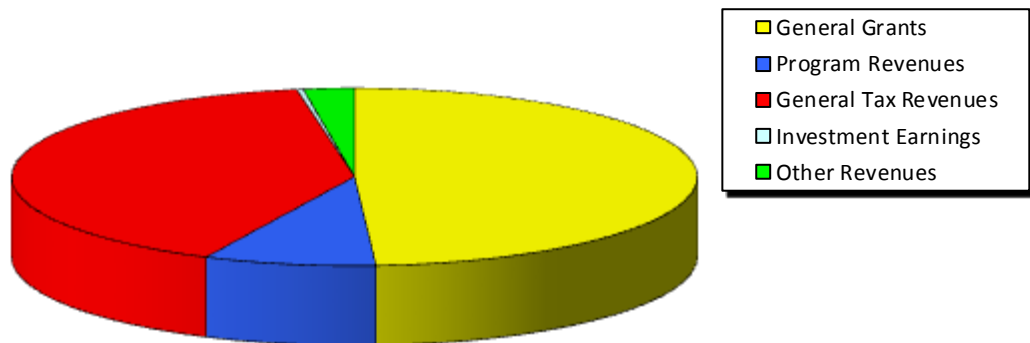
The change in net position of \$778,549 indicates that the District's revenues exceeded expenses in fiscal year 2016.

Governmental Activities

The District's revenues are mainly from two sources. Property taxes levied for general purposes and grants and entitlements comprised 89% of the District's revenues for governmental activities. The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The District has a 2.0 mill continuing levy. The District has not sought voter approval since approximately 1977 for any additional funds. The District always collects 2.0 mills on the valuation and they do get inflationary increases. Property taxes made up 40% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2016.

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
 Management’s Discussion and Analysis
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
 (Unaudited)**

		<u>Percentage</u>
General Grants	\$6,641,879	49.0%
Program Revenues	1,101,652	8.1%
General Tax Revenues	5,442,263	40.2%
Investment Earnings	37,725	0.3%
Other Revenues	<u>326,239</u>	<u>2.4%</u>
Total Revenue Sources	<u><u>\$13,549,758</u></u>	<u><u>100.0%</u></u>



Instruction comprises 59.1% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses were 38.9% of governmental program expenses. All other expenses were 2.0%.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

This Space Intentionally Left Blank

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Instruction	\$7,545,001	\$7,225,596	\$7,019,006	\$6,629,354
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	1,231,062	1,228,490	986,984	1,171,345
School Administrative, General Administration, Fiscal and Business	1,820,381	2,005,155	1,818,581	2,003,355
Operations and Maintenance	1,348,033	1,309,127	1,276,453	1,229,906
Pupil Transportation	55,234	74,776	55,234	74,776
Central	513,828	528,723	513,828	528,723
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	248,984	259,594	(9,215)	21,404
Bond Issuance Cost	8,686	0	8,686	0
Total Expenses	<u>\$12,771,209</u>	<u>\$12,631,461</u>	<u>\$11,669,557</u>	<u>\$11,658,863</u>

The District's Funds

The District has one major governmental fund: the General Fund. Assets of the general fund comprised \$16,277,373 (91%) of the total \$17,859,719 governmental funds' assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2016 was \$9,569,792 a decrease in fund balance of \$1,207,577 from 2015. The decrease in fund balance is due primarily to a decrease in property and other taxes revenue. There was also an increase in Instruction and Capital Outlay expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2016, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times, however none were significant. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the Budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, the budget basis revenue (excluding advances and transfers in) was \$12,760,642, which is \$639,987 more than original budget revenue (excluding advances and transfers in) estimates of \$12,120,655.

The District's General Fund ending unobligated cash balance was \$8,159,816, which is \$863,201 above the final budgeted amount.

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the District had \$7,232,247 invested in land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2016 balances compared to fiscal year 2015:

Table 4
Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
Land	\$629,204	\$412,076
Buildings and Improvements	4,881,026	4,837,083
Equipment	1,722,017	1,396,006
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$7,232,247</u>	<u>\$6,645,165</u>

Capital assets increased from the prior year due to additions during fiscal year exceeding depreciation for 2016.

See Note 6 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$133,338 in long term debt, \$33,333 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes loans outstanding at year end.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
ODE Construction/Equipment Loan	\$133,338	\$166,671
	<u>\$133,338</u>	<u>\$166,671</u>

See Note 7 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's outstanding debt.

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)**

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Eric Adelsberger, Treasurer at Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

This Space Intentionally Left Blank

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$10,726,513
Receivables (Net):	
Taxes	6,791,472
Accounts	84,474
Interest	8,144
Intergovernmental	122,333
Prepaid	1,500
Inventory	2,435
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	629,204
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>6,603,043</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>24,969,118</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension	<u>2,427,223</u>
 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>2,427,223</u>
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	41,120
Accrued Wages and Benefits	653,170
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	122,782
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	15,845,669
Other Amounts	<u>881,357</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>17,544,098</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	5,487,485
Pension	<u>1,465,240</u>
 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>6,952,725</u>
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,098,909
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	804
Capital Projects	1,269,948
State Grants	86,865
Federal Grants	131
Other Purposes	1,399
Unrestricted	<u>(5,558,538)</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u><u>\$2,899,518</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$1,222,045	\$36,524	\$162,076	(\$1,023,445)
Special	430,849	0	0	(430,849)
Vocational	5,630,726	0	1,000	(5,629,726)
Adult/Continuing	290,159	0	0	(290,159)
Other	21,222	326,395	0	305,173
Support Services:				
Pupil	636,756	0	186,095	(450,661)
Instructional Staff	594,306	45,100	12,883	(536,323)
General Administration	50,517	0	0	(50,517)
School Administration	846,484	0	0	(846,484)
Fiscal	309,473	0	0	(309,473)
Business	563,907	0	1,800	(562,107)
Operations and Maintenance	1,348,033	71,580	0	(1,276,453)
Pupil Transportation	55,234	0	0	(55,234)
Central	513,828	0	0	(513,828)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	248,984	141,354	116,845	9,215
Issuance Costs	8,686	0	0	(8,686)
Total Governmental Activities	12,771,209	620,953	480,699	(11,669,557)
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
				5,442,263
				6,641,879
				172,123
				37,725
				154,116
Total General Revenues				12,448,106
Change in Net Position				778,549
Net Position - Beginning of Year				2,120,969
Net Position - End of Year				\$2,899,518

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2016

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$9,320,607	\$1,405,906	\$10,726,513
Receivables (Net):			
Taxes	6,791,472	0	6,791,472
Accounts	32,900	51,574	84,474
Interest	8,144	0	8,144
Intergovernmental	0	122,333	122,333
Interfund	122,848	0	122,848
Prepaid	1,402	98	1,500
Inventory	0	2,435	2,435
Total Assets	16,277,373	1,582,346	17,859,719
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	35,622	5,498	41,120
Accrued Wages and Benefits	617,554	35,616	653,170
Compensated Absences	24,123	8,194	32,317
Interfund Payable	0	122,848	122,848
Total Liabilities	677,299	172,156	849,455
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Taxes	6,028,957	0	6,028,957
Grants and Other Taxes	0	122,333	122,333
Investment Earnings	1,325	0	1,325
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,030,282	122,333	6,152,615
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	1,402	98	1,500
Restricted	0	78,214	78,214
Committed	403,677	1,269,948	1,673,625
Assigned	1,855,150	0	1,855,150
Unassigned	7,309,563	(60,403)	7,249,160
Total Fund Balances	9,569,792	1,287,857	10,857,649
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$16,277,373	\$1,582,346	\$17,859,719

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2016

Total Governmental Fund Balance		\$10,857,649
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets used in the operation of Governmental Funds		7,232,247
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Delinquent Property Taxes	541,472	
Interest	1,325	
Intergovernmental	122,333	
		<u>665,130</u>
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences		(838,484)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,427,223	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,465,240)	
		<u>961,983</u>
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Liability	(15,845,669)	
Other Amounts	(133,338)	
		<u>(15,979,007)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$2,899,518</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property and Other Taxes	\$5,428,925	\$0	\$5,428,925
Tuition and Fees	362,919	45,100	408,019
Investment Earnings	37,014	124	37,138
Intergovernmental	6,641,879	403,864	7,045,743
Charges for Services	101,629	141,354	242,983
Other Revenues	263,655	32,535	296,190
Total Revenues	12,836,021	622,977	13,458,998
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	1,104,444	140,252	1,244,696
Special	435,371	0	435,371
Vocational	5,424,637	215,169	5,639,806
Adult/Continuing	250,915	0	250,915
Other	13,434	1,888	15,322
Support Services:			
Pupil	496,258	151,595	647,853
Instructional Staff	584,908	14,880	599,788
General Administration	51,854	0	51,854
School Administration	845,968	0	845,968
Fiscal	312,318	0	312,318
Business	522,229	40,554	562,783
Operations and Maintenance	1,309,028	35,243	1,344,271
Pupil Transportation	238,625	0	238,625
Central	613,448	0	613,448
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	262,458	262,458
Capital Outlay	306,828	124,785	431,613
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	33,333	0	33,333
Issuance Costs	0	8,686	8,686
Total Expenditures	12,543,598	995,510	13,539,108
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	292,423	(372,533)	(80,110)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	0	1,500,000	1,500,000
Transfers (Out)	(1,500,000)	0	(1,500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,500,000)	1,500,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,207,577)	1,127,467	(80,110)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	10,777,369	160,390	10,937,759
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$9,569,792	\$1,287,857	\$10,857,649

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
 in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds (80,110)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period.

Capital assets used in governmental activities	1,075,760	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(485,073)</u>	
		590,687

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The amount of the proceeds must be removed and the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets must be recognized. This is the amount of the difference between the proceeds and the gain or loss. (3,605)

Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.

District pension contributions	926,463	
Change in proportionate share of pension expense	<u>(781,501)</u>	
		144,962

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	13,338	
Interest	587	
Intergovernmental	<u>76,835</u>	
		90,760

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 33,333

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences		<u>2,522</u>
----------------------	--	--------------

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$778,549</u></u>
---	--	-------------------------

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	<u>\$12,595</u>	<u>\$176,200</u>
Total Assets	<u>12,595</u>	<u>176,200</u>
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	500	9,949
Due To Students	<u>0</u>	<u>166,251</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>500</u>	<u>\$176,200</u>
Net Position:		
Held in Trust	<u>12,095</u>	
Total Net Position	<u>\$12,095</u>	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions:	
Donations	<u>\$13,716</u>
Total Additions	<u>13,716</u>
Deductions:	
Other	<u>4,172</u>
Total Deductions	<u>4,172</u>
Change in Net Position	9,544
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>2,551</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u><u>\$12,095</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Description of the District

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District (the District) is a district of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The District exposes students to job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school. Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District includes fourteen member schools throughout Logan, Hardin, Champaign, Union and Auglaize counties. There are three representatives from two educational service centers that serve on the board.

The District was established on January 27, 1970. It is staffed by approximately 27 non-certified employees and approximately 81 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to more than 3,845 high school and middle school students.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the stand-alone government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The stand-alone government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, this includes general operations, food service, adult education and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District currently has no component units.

The District is associated with one jointly governed organization and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization, the Logan County School Employee Consortium (self insured as of January 1, 2014) and the Northern Buckeye Educational Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations and the District's participation are discussed in notes 12 and 13 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016**

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. Fiduciary Funds are not included in entity-wide statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trusts are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major fund:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodian in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only fiduciary funds are a private purpose trust fund and two agency funds. The private purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students. The student managed activity agency fund accounts for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the actual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, included property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes available for advance, grants and interest.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, grants and pension. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2016, but which were levied to finance year 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. However, debt service expenditures, as well as any expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

During the current fiscal year, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, U.S. agency securities, money market account and certificates of deposit.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2016. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2A7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2016. Following Ohio statutes, the Board has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$37,014.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first in, first out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of food held for resale and consumable supplies.

Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500). The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is allocated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Building and Improvements	10 - 50 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years

Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time, when earned, for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Employees may accumulate up to 220 sick days.

Each employee upon retirement with a minimum of five (5) years Ohio Hi Point Vocational School employment shall receive severance payment, based upon the employee's rate of pay at retirement, equal to 27.5%, 30% or 33%, depending on service of the employee's accumulated, but unused sick leave at retirement up to a maximum accrual of 220 days or a maximum of 72.6 days severance payment.

For governmental fund financial statements, the expenditures for unpaid compensated absences are recognized when due. The related liability is recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Of the District's \$1,359,147 in restricted net position, none were restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts, which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Note 3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active Monies - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

Inactive Monies – Those monies not required for use within the current two-five year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim Monies – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- (1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal governmental agency.
- (3) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- (4) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim monies to be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but limited to, passbook accounts.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

- (5) Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (6) The Ohio State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- (7) Commercial paper and banker's acceptances, which meet the requirements established by Ohio Revised Code, Sec. 135.142.
- (8) Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for deposits is any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institutions with pledged securities. As of June 30, 2016, \$3,222,687 of the District's bank balance of \$3,526,964 was exposed to custodial risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135, Uniform Depository Act, authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities. Specifically, a designated public depository may pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution, provided that at all times the total value of the securities so pledged is at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits secured by the pool, including the portion of such deposits covered by any federal deposit insurance.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments:

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity (Years)</u>
Money Market Account	\$87,775	
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	150,000	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	150,000	
Negotiable CD's	2,906,356	0.63
STAR Ohio	3,270,197	0.13
US Treasury Notes	<u>887,679</u>	1.67
Total Fair Value	<u><u>\$7,452,007</u></u>	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		0.58

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016. STAR Ohio is reported at its share price. All other investments of the District are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturity of its individual investments to five years.

Credit Risk – It is the District's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments, which have a credit quality rating of the top 2 ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in U.S. Treasury Notes were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. Money Market Accounts and Negotiable CD's were not rated. The District's investments in Federal National Mortgage Association Notes and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes were rated Aaa by Moody's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District's investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities. The District has invested 14% of the District's investments in U.S Treasury Notes, 43% in STAR Ohio, 38% in Negotiable CD's, 2% in Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, 2% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Notes, and 1% in Money Market account.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's securities are registered in the name of the District. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 4 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on real property at 35 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. The District receives property taxes from the County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available for advance can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

On a full-accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable at June 30, 2016. The entire amount of delinquent taxes receivable is recognized as a revenue on the government-wide financial statements. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is available to finance current year operations. The receivable is, therefore, offset by a credit to deferred inflow of resources for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2016, was \$762,515 for General Fund and is recognized as revenue. The District receives taxes from Logan, Hardin, Champaign, Union, Madison, Allen, Shelby, Wyandot and Auglaize counties.

The assessed value, by property classification, upon which taxes collected in 2016 were based as follows:

	Amount
Public Utility	\$197,041,230
Real Estate	3,055,957,480
Total	<u>\$3,252,998,710</u>

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consisted of taxes, accounts (student fees), intergovernmental grants, interfund and interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Vocational Education	67,242
Improving Teacher Quality	131
College Credit Plus	54,960
Total	<u>\$122,333</u>

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$412,076	\$217,128	\$0	\$629,204
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	11,108,944	216,006	0	11,324,950
Equipment	5,703,173	642,626	3,605	6,342,194
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>17,224,193</u>	<u>1,075,760</u>	<u>3,605</u>	<u>18,296,348</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	6,271,861	172,063	0	6,443,924
Equipment	4,307,167	313,010	0	4,620,177
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>10,579,028</u>	<u>485,073</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11,064,101</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$6,645,165</u>	<u>\$590,687</u>	<u>(\$3,605)</u>	<u>\$7,232,247</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:

Vocational	\$350,038
Adult/Continuing	45,583
Support Services:	
Pupil	714
Instructional Staff	264
School Administration	411
Fiscal	1,050
Business	9,751
Operations and Maintenance	8,603
Pupil Transportation	25,403
Central	36,316
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,940
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$485,073</u>

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

The change in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Retired	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
Governmental Activities:					
ODE Construction/Equipment Loan	\$166,671	\$0	\$33,333	\$133,338	\$33,333
Total Long-Term Debt	166,671	0	33,333	133,338	33,333
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	11,111,402	2,288,797	207,597	13,192,602	0
SERS	2,478,293	483,996	309,222	2,653,067	0
Total Net Pension Liability	13,589,695	2,772,793	516,819	15,845,669	0
Compensated Absences	861,517	81,973	72,689	870,801	89,449
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$14,617,883</u>	<u>\$2,854,766</u>	<u>\$622,841</u>	<u>\$16,849,808</u>	<u>\$122,782</u>

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements for general obligations:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$33,334	\$0	\$33,334
2018	33,334	0	33,334
2019	33,334	0	33,334
2020	33,336	0	33,336
Total	<u>\$133,338</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$133,338</u>

Vocational Building Assistance Loan – On April 25, 2005, the District received a loan for \$500,000. A portion of the loan proceeds has been used to purchase equipment under the authority of House Bill 66 and the District still holds a portion of the loan proceeds in the Permanent Improvement Fund. The loan was issued for a fifteen-year period at 0% with final maturity during fiscal year 2021. The debt will be retired from the general fund.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The net pension liability represents the District’s proportionate share of each pension plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 65 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service, 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30 or \$86.00 multiplied by the years of service credit. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. None of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$205,010 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount \$12,695 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement increased effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$721,453 for fiscal year 2016.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,653,067	\$13,192,602	\$15,845,669
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04649530%	0.04773516%	
Pension Expense	167,295	599,908	767,203

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$43,785	\$596,608	\$640,393
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	198,531	662,240	860,771
Changes in employer proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,386	(4,790)	(404)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>205,010</u>	<u>721,453</u>	<u>926,463</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$451,712</u>	<u>\$1,975,511</u>	<u>\$2,427,223</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$306,755	\$1,518,639	\$1,825,394
Changes in employer proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	(20,319)	92,398	72,079
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	<u>129,790</u>	<u>(562,024)</u>	<u>(432,234)</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$416,226</u>	<u>\$1,049,013</u>	<u>\$1,465,239</u>

\$926,463 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2017	(\$73,311)	(\$67,510)	(\$140,821)
2018	(73,311)	(67,510)	(140,821)
2019	(73,525)	(67,510)	(141,035)
2020	<u>46,238</u>	<u>412,364</u>	<u>458,602</u>
Total	<u>(\$173,909)</u>	<u>\$209,834</u>	<u>\$35,925</u>

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

In April 2016, the SERS Board adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2016. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan’s net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,678,850	\$2,653,067	\$1,789,273

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males’ ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS’ investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS’ fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$18,325,519	\$13,192,602	\$8,851,955

Note 9 - Post Employment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, 0.00 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the District's surcharge obligation was \$12,695.

**Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016**

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$21,668 and \$22,796, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015, and 2014.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2016, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$0, and \$47,035, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Note 10 - Contingent Liabilities

School District Funding

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the school districts, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 or June 30, 2016 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2016.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 11 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District's vehicles are covered under a business policy with the Cincinnati Insurance Company, which carries a \$2,500 deductible and a \$1,000,000 limit on any accident. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four years.

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 2016, the District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for general liability insurance with a \$5,000,000 single occurrence and a \$7,000,000 aggregate. Building and business personal property is protected by the Cincinnati Insurance Company and has a \$2,500 deductible. In the event of an earthquake, a \$5,000 deductible applies. The District insures electronic data processing equipment in the amount of \$500,000 and electronic data processing media in the amount of \$106,250 with extra expenses in the amount of \$150,000 for labor costs to get the system back online. The District's deductible for electronic data processing is \$500.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four years.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2016, the District participated in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 13). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

Note 12 - Jointly Governed Organization

Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO) - The District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO). WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Hardin, Auglaize, Shelby, Logan, Miami and Champaign Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modem technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. Financial information can be obtained from Don Walls, who serves as Director, at 129 East Court Street, 4th Floor, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Each of the governments of these districts supports WOCO based upon a per pupil charge dependent on the software package utilized. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 and 61, the District does not have an equity interest in WOCO, as the residual interest in net resources of the joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. WOCO is governed by a board of directors consisting of the superintendents of the member school districts and the degree of control is limited to the representation on the board.

Note 13 - Insurance Pools

Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan – The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and the participants of the Plan. The Executive Director of the NBEC coordinates the management and administration of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Logan County School Employee Consortium – The District participates in the Logan County School Employee Consortium; a public entity shared risk pool consisting of three local school districts, one joint vocational school district and the Midwest Regional Educational Service Center. The District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for employee medical benefits. The Plan is responsible for the payment of all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal. As of January 1, 2014, this plan became self insured. On January 1, 2015, the Logan County School Employee Consortium formed a regional council of governments (the "COG") for the purpose of providing benefits through a self-funded insurance pool. The COG collects premiums from the Logan County School Employee Consortium participants and pays a third-party administrator to process the claims. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Recording Secretary, Logan County School Employee Consortium, 2280 SR 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

Note 14 – Accountability

The following funds had a deficit in fund balance:

Other Governmental Funds:	
Vocational Education	\$60,356

The deficit in fund balances were due to accruals in GAAP. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur.

Note 15 - Statutory Reserves

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. The District utilizes the House Bill 412 calculation for the Capital Improvements set-aside. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similar restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of the information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition
Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$0
Current Year Set Aside Requirements	133,467
Current Year Offsets	(133,467)
Total	<u>0</u>
Set Aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Years	<u>\$0</u>

Note 16 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following transfers in and out as well as interfund fund receivables and payables:

	Interfund		Transfers	
	Receivable	Payable	In	Out
General Fund	\$122,848	\$0	\$0	\$1,500,000
Other Governmental Funds	<u>0</u>	<u>122,848</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>0</u>
Total All Funds	<u>\$122,848</u>	<u>\$122,848</u>	<u>\$1,500,000</u>	<u>\$1,500,000</u>

Transfers to Other Governmental Funds were to pay and capital projects.

Interfund balances are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

This Space Intentionally Left Blank

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 17 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:			
General	\$1,402	\$0	\$1,402
Post Secondary Vocational Education	0	31	31
Vocational Education	0	47	47
General	0	20	20
Total Nonspendable	1,402	98	1,500
Restricted for:			
Other Grants	\$0	\$1,399	\$1,399
Post Secondary Vocational Education	0	45,100	45,100
Food Service	0	30,911	30,911
Debt Service	0	804	804
Total Restricted	0	78,214	78,214
Committed to:			
Termination Benefits	403,677	0	403,677
Committed to Permanent Improvement	0	1,269,948	1,269,948
Total Committed	403,677	1,269,948	1,673,625
Assigned to:			
Subsequent Year Budget	1,594,851	0	1,594,851
Encumbrances	260,299	0	260,299
Total Assigned	1,855,150	0	1,855,150
Unassigned (Deficit)	7,309,563	(60,403)	7,249,160
Total Fund Balance	\$9,569,792	\$1,287,857	\$10,857,649

Note 18 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, GASB Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68*, and *Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68*, GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments* and GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

GASB Statement No. 72 clarifies the definition of fair value for financial reporting purposes, establishes general principles for measuring fair value, provides additional fair value application guidance, and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. These changes were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2016 note disclosures; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 73 establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68 as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also clarifies the application of certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 76 reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 79 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 79 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

Note 19- Subsequent Event

On October 25, 2017, the Ohio Hi-Point JVSD Board of Education authorized the Treasurer to enter into a \$4,000,000 lease-purchase financing arrangement with Huntington National Bank for the purpose of financing and constructing a new academic classroom wing on the Bellefontaine campus. The lease-purchase is to be amortized over a period of ten (10) years at an estimated interest rate of 3.25%.

This Space Intentionally Left Blank

This page intentionally left blank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Ohio Hi-Point JVSD
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share
 of the Net Pension Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014	2013
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04773516%	0.04568183%	0.04568183%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$13,192,602	\$11,111,402	\$13,200,184
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$5,007,507	\$5,026,454	\$5,783,477
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	263.47%	221.06%	228.24%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) - Information prior to 2013 is not available

Ohio Hi-Point JVSD
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share
 of the Net Pension Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014	2013
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0464953%	0.048969%	0.048969%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,653,067	\$2,478,293	\$2,912,902
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,440,190	\$1,437,316	\$1,551,792
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	184.22%	172.43%	187.71%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

(1) - Information prior to 2013 is not available

Ohio Hi-Point JVSD
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of District Contributions
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually Required Contribution	\$721,453	\$701,051	\$653,439	\$751,852	\$687,084	\$720,238	\$705,802	\$686,992	\$708,717	\$696,764
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(721,453)	(701,051)	(653,439)	(751,852)	(687,084)	(720,238)	(705,802)	(686,992)	(708,717)	(696,764)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$5,153,236	\$5,007,507	\$5,026,454	\$5,783,477	\$5,285,262	\$5,540,292	\$5,429,246	\$5,284,554	\$5,451,669	\$5,359,723
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Ohio Hi-Point JVSD
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of District Contributions
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually Required Contribution	\$205,010	\$189,817	\$199,212	\$214,768	\$184,432	\$161,211	\$161,100	\$121,355	\$121,466	\$137,664
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(205,010)	(189,817)	(199,212)	(214,768)	(184,432)	(161,211)	(161,100)	(121,355)	(121,466)	(137,664)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,464,357	\$1,440,190	\$1,437,316	\$1,551,792	\$1,371,242	\$1,282,506	\$1,189,808	\$1,233,283	\$1,236,925	\$1,288,989
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$5,488,943	\$5,778,766	\$5,789,946	\$11,180
Tuition and Fees	2,841	2,991	2,997	6
Investment Earnings	26,242	27,628	27,681	53
Intergovernmental	6,296,587	6,629,055	6,641,879	12,824
Charges for Services	67,859	71,442	71,580	138
Other Revenues	238,183	250,760	251,245	485
Total Revenues	12,120,655	12,760,642	12,785,328	24,686
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	1,020,551	1,153,890	1,089,100	64,790
Special	405,308	458,263	432,532	25,731
Vocational	5,040,382	5,698,925	5,378,935	319,990
Support Services:				
Pupil	466,632	527,599	497,975	29,624
Instructional Staff	548,215	619,842	585,038	34,804
General Administration	54,469	61,586	58,128	3,458
School Administration	835,449	944,604	891,565	53,039
Fiscal	340,525	385,015	363,397	21,618
Business	426,032	481,695	454,648	27,047
Operations and Maintenance	1,281,122	1,448,505	1,367,173	81,332
Pupil Transportation	253,014	286,071	270,008	16,063
Central	589,216	666,200	628,793	37,407
Capital Outlay	287,516	325,081	306,828	18,253
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	31,235	35,316	33,333	1,983
Total Expenditures	11,579,666	13,092,592	12,357,453	735,139
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	540,989	(331,950)	427,875	759,825
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	160,760	169,249	169,576	327
Advances (Out)	(217,613)	(246,045)	(232,230)	13,815
Transfers (Out)	(1,405,589)	(1,589,234)	(1,500,000)	89,234
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,462,442)	(1,666,030)	(1,562,654)	103,376
Net Change in Fund Balance	(921,453)	(1,997,980)	(1,134,779)	863,201
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	9,294,595	9,294,595	9,294,595	0
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$8,373,142	\$7,296,615	\$8,159,816	\$863,201

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Process
For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the five year forecast and “voted and unvoted debt outside the \$10 mill limit”, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The five year forecast demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board’s authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the fund and function level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2016.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as restricted, assigned, or committed.
4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.
5. Some funds are reported as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) as opposed to the general fund being reported alone (budget basis).

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Process
For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

	<u>General Fund</u>
GAAP Basis	(\$1,207,577)
Revenue Accruals	(50,693)
Expenditure Accruals	448,712
Advances In	169,576
Advances (Out)	(232,230)
Encumbrances	<u>(262,567)</u>
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$1,134,779)</u></u>

This Space Intentionally Left Blank



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District
Logan County
2280 State Route 540
Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, Logan County, (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

November 1, 2017



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

OHIO HI-POINT JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LOGAN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED
DECEMBER 5, 2017