

**KINGS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
WARREN COUNTY, OHIO**

***BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(AUDITED)***

***FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2015***

**SHAUN BEVAN, TREASURER**





# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education  
Kings Local School District  
1797 King Avenue  
Kings Mill, Ohio 45034

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Kings Local School District, Warren County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Kings Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost  
Auditor of State

April 21, 2016

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**KINGS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
WARREN COUNTY, OHIO**

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**Julian & Grube, Inc.**  
*Serving Ohio Local Governments*

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Independent Auditor's Report

Kings Local School District  
Warren County  
1797 King Avenue  
Kings Mill, Ohio 45034

To the Board of Education:

***Report on the Financial Statements***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kings Local School District, Warren County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Kings Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Kings Local School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Kings Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

***Opinion***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kings Local School District, Warren County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Kings Local School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and also GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

***Other Matters***

***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Kings Local School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2016, on our consideration of the Kings Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Kings Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Julian & Grube, Inc.  
January 28, 2016



**Kings Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*  
*(Unaudited)*

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The discussion and analysis of Kings Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2015 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$6,021,821. Net position of governmental activities increased \$6,019,731, and net position of business-type activities increased \$2,090 from fiscal year 2014.
- Total assets of governmental activities increased by \$4,714,110 due mainly to a large increase in current and other assets of \$4,005,040.
- General revenues of governmental activities accounted for \$49,486,583 in revenue or 91.6 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,525,204 or 8.4 percent of total revenues of \$54,011,787.

### **Using this Basic Financial Statement Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund and Debt Service Fund are the major funds of the School District.

### **Reporting the School District as a Whole**

#### *Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities*

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2015?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all

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*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
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assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes to the net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- **Governmental Activities** – Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, and extracurricular activities.
- **Business-Type Activities** – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided.

## **Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

### ***Fund Financial Statements***

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds.

***Governmental Funds*** Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

***Proprietary Funds*** Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

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**Reporting the School District as a Whole**

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2015 compared to 2014:

(Table 1)  
**Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activity		Total	
	2015	Restated 2014	2015	Restated 2014	2015	Restated 2014
<b>Assets</b>						
Current and other Assets	\$49,702,112	\$45,697,072	\$503,895	\$510,358	\$50,206,007	\$46,207,430
Capital Assets, Net	49,666,912	48,957,842	182,505	223,286	49,849,417	49,181,128
<b>Total Assets</b>	99,369,024	94,654,914	686,400	733,644	100,055,424	95,388,558
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>						
Deferred Charge on Refunding	4,085,147	4,300,155	0	0	4,085,147	4,300,155
Pension	3,981,037	3,151,603	229,595	204,607	4,210,632	3,356,210
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	8,066,184	7,451,758	229,595	204,607	8,295,779	7,656,365
<b>Liabilities</b>						
Other Liabilities	5,286,357	4,351,176	192,792	185,025	5,479,149	4,536,201
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Net Pension Liability	53,434,493	63,504,101	2,671,447	3,144,544	56,105,940	66,648,645
Other Amounts	59,860,479	59,537,636	182,895	183,291	60,043,374	59,720,927
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	118,581,329	127,392,913	3,047,134	3,512,860	121,628,463	130,905,773
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>						
Property Taxes	24,537,305	26,133,380	0	0	24,537,305	26,133,380
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,549,337	1,512,601	0	0	1,549,337	1,512,601
Pension	9,679,728	0	441,380	0	10,121,108	0
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$35,766,370	\$27,645,981	\$441,380	\$0	\$36,207,750	\$27,645,981

*(continued)*

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(Unaudited)

(Table 1)

**Net Position**

(continued)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activity		Total	
		Restated		Restated		Restated
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
<b>Net Position</b>						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$35,191	(\$696,879)	\$182,505	\$223,286	\$217,696	(\$473,593)
Restricted	5,253,706	4,295,161	0	0	5,253,706	4,295,161
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(52,201,388)	(56,530,504)	(2,755,024)	(2,797,895)	(54,956,412)	(59,328,399)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>(\$46,912,491)</u>	<u>(\$52,932,222)</u>	<u>(\$2,572,519)</u>	<u>(\$2,574,609)</u>	<u>(\$49,485,010)</u>	<u>(\$55,506,831)</u>

During 2015, the School District adopted GASB Statement 68, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27,” which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District’s actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension. Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan’s *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio’s statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District’s proportionate share of each plan’s collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees’ past service.
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the “employment exchange” – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer’s promise is limited not by contract

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but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the School District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position for governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2014, from \$7,420,276 to (\$52,932,222) and \$365,328 to (\$2,574,609), respectively.

For governmental activities, total assets increased \$4,714,110. Current and other assets increased \$4,005,040 mainly due to property taxes receivable from an increase in assessed values. Capital assets increased \$709,070 due to current year additions exceeding depreciation during the fiscal year.

For governmental liabilities, total liabilities decreased \$8,811,584. Net Pension Liability decreased \$10,069,608 due to pension investment revenue exceeding expectations. Other Liabilities increased \$935,181 due to the addition of several new teaching positions and an additional pay during fiscal year 2015.

Total net position of the School District's business-type activities increased an immaterial amount.

Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014.

**Kings Local School District**  
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*(Unaudited)*

Table 2  
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$1,211,130	\$1,010,750	\$2,071,221	\$1,991,579	\$3,282,351	\$3,002,329
Operating Grants	3,314,074	2,945,937	461,412	457,858	3,775,486	3,403,795
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	33,900,847	26,328,008	0	0	33,900,847	26,328,008
Grants and Entitlements	13,521,313	13,064,806	0	0	13,521,313	13,064,806
Other	2,064,423	2,246,024	4,580	7,497	2,069,003	2,253,521
Total Revenues	<u>54,011,787</u>	<u>45,595,525</u>	<u>2,537,213</u>	<u>2,456,934</u>	<u>56,549,000</u>	<u>48,052,459</u>
Expenses:						
Instruction	25,118,038	26,038,164	0	0	25,118,038	26,038,164
Support Services:						
Pupil and Instructional Staff	4,082,710	3,972,112	0	0	4,082,710	3,972,112
Administration, Board of						
Education, Fiscal, and						
Business	4,651,903	4,550,167	0	0	4,651,903	4,550,167
Operation and Maintenance	6,356,826	5,756,812	0	0	6,356,826	5,756,812
Pupil Transportation	3,326,344	3,646,343	0	0	3,326,344	3,646,343
Central	407,203	287,711	0	0	407,203	287,711
Operation of Non-Instructional						
Services	612,932	531,353	0	0	612,932	531,353
Extracurricular Activities	1,266,493	1,411,566	0	0	1,266,493	1,411,566
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,169,607	2,282,870	0	0	2,169,607	2,282,870
Food Service	0	0	1,373,631	1,358,523	1,373,631	1,358,523
Preschool/Latchkey	0	0	1,147,043	1,098,290	1,147,043	1,098,290
Preschool Grant	0	0	14,449	20,110	14,449	20,110
Total Expenses	<u>47,992,056</u>	<u>48,477,098</u>	<u>2,535,123</u>	<u>2,476,923</u>	<u>50,527,179</u>	<u>50,954,021</u>
Change in Net Position	6,019,731	(2,881,573)	2,090	(19,989)	<u>\$6,021,821</u>	<u>(\$2,901,562)</u>
Beginning Net Position						
(Deficit)	<u>(52,932,222)</u>	N/A	<u>(2,574,609)</u>	N/A		
Ending Net Position						
(Deficit)	<u>(\$46,912,491)</u>	<u>(\$52,932,222)</u>	<u>(\$2,572,519)</u>	<u>(\$2,574,609)</u>		

### Governmental Activities

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$3,151,603 for governmental activities and \$204,608 for business-type activities computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$2,407,190 for governmental activities and \$149,769 for business-type activities. Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

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Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$50,527,179
Pension expense under GASB 68	(2,407,190)
2015 contractually required contribution	<u>3,683,210</u>
Adjusted 2015 program expenses	51,803,199
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27	<u>50,954,021</u>
Change in program expenses not related to pension	<u><u>\$849,178</u></u>

The School District's revenues are mainly from two sources. Property taxes levied for general, debt service, and capital projects purposes, as well as grants and entitlements, comprised 88 percent of the School District's revenues for governmental activities.

The School District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners), the effective tax rate would become .5 mills, and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus Ohio districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 63 percent of revenue for governmental activities for the School District in fiscal year 2015.

Instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges comprise 52 percent, 39 percent, one percent, three percent, and five percent, respectively, of governmental program expenses. Overall, expenses decreased \$426,842.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

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*(Unaudited)*

Table 3  
 Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Instruction	\$25,118,038	\$26,038,164	\$22,307,651	\$24,691,099
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	4,082,710	3,972,112	3,597,054	3,587,593
Administration, Board of Education, Fiscal, and Business	4,651,903	4,550,167	4,651,867	4,549,780
Operation and Maintenance	6,356,826	5,756,812	6,146,856	5,626,107
Pupil Transportation	3,326,344	3,646,343	3,209,332	2,449,034
Central	407,203	287,711	407,203	287,711
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	612,932	531,353	(8,090)	(38,424)
Extracurricular Activities	1,266,493	1,411,566	985,372	1,084,641
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,169,607	2,282,870	2,169,607	2,282,870
Total Expenses	<u>\$47,992,056</u>	<u>\$48,477,098</u>	<u>\$43,466,852</u>	<u>\$44,520,411</u>

**Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities include the food service operation, preschool and latchkey operations, and preschool grants. These programs had revenues of \$2,537,213 and expenses of \$2,535,123 for fiscal year 2015.

**The School District's Funds**

Information about the School District's major funds is presented in the fund financial statements. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$53,979,686 and expenditures of \$52,327,140. The net change in fund balances for the year was an increase of \$4,597,594.

The General Fund balance increased \$3,715,617. General Fund revenues increased \$6,927,797, and expenditure increased \$3,995,240.

The Debt Service Fund balance increased \$280,384 due to an increase in property taxes received and a decrease in debt service payments.

**General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.



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*(Unaudited)*

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During the course of fiscal year 2015, the School District amended its General Fund budget numerous times. The School District uses site-based budgeting, and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets while providing flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the School District revised the budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

A review of the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund reflects an increase of \$3,409,926 in revenues from the original budget to the final budget. This increase is comprised of significant changes to the property taxes, intergovernmental, tuition and fees, and payments in lieu of taxes revenue line items.

The total increase in expenditures from the original to the final budget was \$6,229,286. This increase is comprised of significant changes to several expenditure line items.

The difference in actual expenditures made from the final budget was substantial. Overall, expenditures decreased \$1,752,750 from the final budgeted amount, with the largest decrease in regular instruction.

**Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the School District had \$49,666,912 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2015 balances compared to fiscal year 2014:

Table 4  
 Capital Assets at June 30  
 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Land	\$3,074,466	\$3,074,466	\$0	\$0	\$3,074,466	\$3,074,466
Construction-in-progress	1,675,000	63,199	0	0	1,675,000	63,199
Land Improvements	1,493,456	1,060,644	0	0	1,493,456	1,060,644
Building and Improvements	42,556,881	43,675,720	45,951	48,084	42,602,832	43,723,804
Furniture and Equipment	645,557	851,297	136,554	175,202	782,111	1,026,499
Vehicles	221,552	232,516	0	0	221,552	232,516
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	<b>\$49,666,912</b>	<b>\$48,957,842</b>	<b>\$182,505</b>	<b>\$223,286</b>	<b>\$49,849,417</b>	<b>\$49,181,128</b>

Net capital assets increased from the prior fiscal year. The amount of additions was greater than the depreciation to capital assets, resulting in a net increase for the fiscal year. The School District continues its ongoing commitment to maintaining and improving its capital assets. For more information on the School District's capital assets, see Note 8 to the Basic Financial Statements.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*  
*(Unaudited)*

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**Debt**

At June 30, 2015, the School District had \$56,095,864 in bonds payable, \$1,954,519 due within one year.

For more information on the School District's debt obligations, see Note 13 to the Basic Financial Statements.

**Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Shaun Bevan, Treasurer at Kings Local School District, 1797 King Avenue, Kings Mills, Ohio 45034. Or email at [sbevan@kingslocal.net](mailto:sbevan@kingslocal.net).

**Kings Local School District***Statement of Net Position**June 30, 2015*

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<b>Assets</b>			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$15,610,804	\$481,754	\$16,092,558
Inventory Held for Resale	0	19,862	19,862
Accounts Receivable	82,373	0	82,373
Internal Balances	9,661	(9,661)	0
Intergovernmental Receivable	767,604	11,940	779,544
Property Taxes Receivable	31,682,333	0	31,682,333
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	1,549,337	0	1,549,337
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	4,749,466	0	4,749,466
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	44,917,446	182,505	45,099,951
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>99,369,024</u>	<u>686,400</u>	<u>100,055,424</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Deferred Charge on Refunding	4,085,147	0	4,085,147
Pension	3,981,037	229,595	4,210,632
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>8,066,184</u>	<u>229,595</u>	<u>8,295,779</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Accounts Payable	713,771	9,579	723,350
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	3,373,545	133,323	3,506,868
Intergovernmental Payable	719,057	46,506	765,563
Accrued Interest Payable	164,267	0	164,267
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	315,717	3,384	319,101
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	2,546,038	28,384	2,574,422
Due In More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability (See Note 10)	53,434,493	2,671,447	56,105,940
Other Amounts	57,314,441	154,511	57,468,952
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>118,581,329</u>	<u>3,047,134</u>	<u>121,628,463</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Property Taxes	24,537,305	0	24,537,305
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,549,337	0	1,549,337
Pension	9,679,728	441,380	10,121,108
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>35,766,370</u>	<u>441,380</u>	<u>36,207,750</u>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	35,191	182,505	217,696
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	2,529,391	0	2,529,391
Debt Service	2,551,701	0	2,551,701
Private Purpose Trust	24,104	0	24,104
Student Managed Activities	12,763	0	12,763
State and Federal Grants	135,747	0	135,747
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(52,201,388)	(2,755,024)	(54,956,412)
<i>Total Net Position (Deficit)</i>	<u>(\$46,912,491)</u>	<u>(\$2,572,519)</u>	<u>(\$49,485,010)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Statement of Activities*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Program Revenues		
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest
<b>Governmental Activities</b>			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$18,509,963	\$630,629	\$50,271
Special	5,482,420	171,892	1,801,869
Vocational	0	0	2,328
Student Intervention Services	1,125,655	33,780	119,618
Support Services:			
Pupil	2,635,827	0	248,540
Instructional Staff	1,446,883	0	237,116
Board of Education	81,627	0	0
Administration	3,422,353	0	36
Fiscal	889,413	0	0
Business	258,510	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,356,826	199,088	10,882
Pupil Transportation	3,326,344	0	117,012
Central	407,203	0	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	612,932	0	621,022
Extracurricular Activities	1,266,493	175,741	105,380
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,169,607	0	0
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>47,992,056</u>	<u>1,211,130</u>	<u>3,314,074</u>
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>			
Food Service	1,373,631	811,170	444,088
Latchkey/ Preschool	1,147,043	1,260,051	0
Preschool Grant	14,449	0	17,324
<i>Total Business-Type Activities</i>	<u>2,535,123</u>	<u>2,071,221</u>	<u>461,412</u>
<i>Totals</i>	<u>\$50,527,179</u>	<u>\$3,282,351</u>	<u>\$3,775,486</u>

**General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Debt Service

Capital Outlay

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Gifts and Donations not Restricted to Specific Programs

Payment in Lieu of Taxes

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

*Total General Revenues*

Change in Net Position

*Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)*

*Net Position (Deficit) End of Year*

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Net (Expense) Revenue  
and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
(\$17,829,063)	\$0	(\$17,829,063)
(3,508,659)	0	(3,508,659)
2,328	0	2,328
(972,257)	0	(972,257)
(2,387,287)	0	(2,387,287)
(1,209,767)	0	(1,209,767)
(81,627)	0	(81,627)
(3,422,317)	0	(3,422,317)
(889,413)	0	(889,413)
(258,510)	0	(258,510)
(6,146,856)	0	(6,146,856)
(3,209,332)	0	(3,209,332)
(407,203)	0	(407,203)
8,090	0	8,090
(985,372)	0	(985,372)
(2,169,607)	0	(2,169,607)
<u>(43,466,852)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(43,466,852)</u>
0	(118,373)	(118,373)
0	113,008	113,008
<u>0</u>	<u>2,875</u>	<u>2,875</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>(2,490)</u>	<u>(2,490)</u>
<u>(43,466,852)</u>	<u>(2,490)</u>	<u>(43,469,342)</u>
28,428,826	0	28,428,826
3,628,220	0	3,628,220
1,843,801	0	1,843,801
13,521,313	0	13,521,313
143,414	0	143,414
1,626,688	0	1,626,688
4,331	105	4,436
289,990	4,475	294,465
<u>49,486,583</u>	<u>4,580</u>	<u>49,491,163</u>
6,019,731	2,090	6,021,821
<u>(52,932,222)</u>	<u>(2,574,609)</u>	<u>(55,506,831)</u>
<u>(\$46,912,491)</u>	<u>(\$2,572,519)</u>	<u>(\$49,485,010)</u>

**Kings Local School District***Balance Sheet**Governmental Funds**June 30, 2015*

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$11,133,251	\$2,593,714	\$1,883,839	\$15,610,804
Accounts Receivable	82,373	0	0	82,373
Interfund Receivable	342,403	0	0	342,403
Intergovernmental Receivable	232,306	0	535,298	767,604
Property Taxes Receivable	26,498,815	4,026,405	1,157,113	31,682,333
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	1,549,337	0	0	1,549,337
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$39,838,485</u>	<u>\$6,620,119</u>	<u>\$3,576,250</u>	<u>\$50,034,854</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	619,925	0	93,846	713,771
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	3,255,624	0	117,921	3,373,545
Intergovernmental Payable	713,925	0	5,132	719,057
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	300,568	0	15,149	315,717
Interfund Payable	0	0	332,742	332,742
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>4,890,042</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>564,790</u>	<u>5,454,832</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Property Taxes	20,535,270	3,758,718	243,317	24,537,305
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,549,337	0	0	1,549,337
Unavailable Revenue	248,815	26,405	251,166	526,386
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>22,333,422</u>	<u>3,785,123</u>	<u>494,483</u>	<u>26,613,028</u>
<b>Fund Balances</b>				
Restricted	0	2,834,996	2,603,353	5,438,349
Committed	11,000	0	0	11,000
Assigned	7,369,847	0	0	7,369,847
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,234,174	0	(86,376)	5,147,798
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>12,615,021</u>	<u>2,834,996</u>	<u>2,516,977</u>	<u>17,966,994</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$39,838,485</u>	<u>\$6,620,119</u>	<u>\$3,576,250</u>	<u>\$50,034,854</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to  
 Net Position of Governmental Activities  
 June 30, 2015*

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Total Governmental Funds Balances \$17,966,994

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the  
 Statement of Net Position are different because:*

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 49,666,912

Some of the School District's revenues will be collected after fiscal year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	342,333	
Intergovernmental	184,053	
Total	526,386	526,386

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. (164,267)

Deferred outflows of resources include deferred charges on refunding, which do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 4,085,147

The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds:

Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,981,037	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(9,679,728)	
Net Pension Liability	(53,434,493)	
Total	(59,133,184)	(59,133,184)

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

General Obligation Bonds Payable	(48,520,000)	
Bond Premium	(6,436,203)	
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	(1,139,661)	
Compensated Absences	(3,764,615)	
Total	(59,860,479)	(59,860,479)

*Net Position of Governmental Activities* (\$46,912,491)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes	\$28,441,601	\$3,641,549	\$1,787,432	\$33,870,582
Intergovernmental	14,210,069	541,071	1,976,949	16,728,089
Investment Earnings	3,654	0	759	4,413
Tuition and Fees	836,301	0	0	836,301
Rent	134,059	0	65,029	199,088
Extracurricular Activities	4,192	0	148,929	153,121
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,626,688	0	0	1,626,688
Charges for Services	22,620	0	0	22,620
Contributions and Donations	134,879	0	113,915	248,794
Miscellaneous	271,092	0	18,898	289,990
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>45,685,155</u>	<u>4,182,620</u>	<u>4,111,911</u>	<u>53,979,686</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	18,843,719	0	442,502	19,286,221
Special	5,203,979	0	526,727	5,730,706
Student Intervention Services	1,001,408	0	124,560	1,125,968
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,493,707	0	266,925	2,760,632
Instructional Staff	1,222,599	0	253,651	1,476,250
Board of Education	81,627	0	0	81,627
Administration	3,671,824	0	38	3,671,862
Fiscal	845,521	47,723	20,633	913,877
Business	253,039	0	0	253,039
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,013,353	0	1,143,221	5,156,574
Pupil Transportation	3,213,194	0	16,497	3,229,691
Central	406,895	0	0	406,895
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	602,776	602,776
Extracurricular Activities	1,208,127	0	290,234	1,498,361
Capital Outlay	2,252,849	0	0	2,252,849
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	1,685,000	0	1,685,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,299	2,014,513	0	2,039,812
Capital Appreciation Bond Interest	0	155,000	0	155,000
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>44,737,140</u>	<u>3,902,236</u>	<u>3,687,764</u>	<u>52,327,140</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures</i>	<u>948,015</u>	<u>280,384</u>	<u>424,147</u>	<u>1,652,546</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources</b>				
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	175,000	175,000
Energy Conservation Bonds Issued	2,735,000	0	0	2,735,000
Premium on Bonds Issued	32,656	0	2,392	35,048
<i>Total Other Financing Sources</i>	<u>2,767,656</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>177,392</u>	<u>2,945,048</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	3,715,671	280,384	601,539	4,597,594
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</i>	<u>8,899,350</u>	<u>2,554,612</u>	<u>1,915,438</u>	<u>13,369,400</u>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$12,615,021</u>	<u>\$2,834,996</u>	<u>\$2,516,977</u>	<u>\$17,966,994</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements



**Kings Local School District**  
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$4,597,594

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of  
Activities are different because:*

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  
However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those  
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as  
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation  
exceeded capital outlay in the current period:

Capital Asset Additions	2,240,757	
Current Year Depreciation	(1,531,687)	
Total		709,070

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current  
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Delinquent Property Taxes	30,265	
Intergovernmental	1,836	
Total		32,101

In the Statement of Activities, interest accrued on outstanding bonds,  
bond accretion, and bond premium are amortized over the term of  
the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure  
is reported when due, and premiums are reported when the bonds  
are issued:

Accrued Interest	(497)	
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(215,008)	
Amortization of Premium on Bonds	414,542	
Accretion of Capital Appreciation Bonds	(328,832)	
Total		(129,795)

Repayment of bond, loan, and lease principal is an expenditure in the  
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities  
in the Statement of Net Position.

Bond payments	1,685,000	
Accretion paid on Capital Appreciation Bonds	155,000	
Total		1,840,000

Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental  
funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balances. In the  
government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-  
term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect  
the Statement of Activities.

Proceeds of General Obligation Bonds	(175,000)	
Proceeds of Energy Conservation Bonds	(2,735,000)	
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	(2,392)	
Premium on Energy Conservation Bonds	(32,656)	
Total		(2,945,048)

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds;  
however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 3,476,735

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension  
liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. (2,257,421)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require  
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not  
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	696,495	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$6,019,731

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and*  
*Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)*  
*General Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

	<u>Budget Amounts</u>			Variance With Final Budget Over/Under
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b><u>Revenues</u></b>				
Property Taxes	\$22,133,232	\$23,942,081	\$23,942,081	\$0
Intergovernmental	12,868,450	14,013,927	14,013,927	0
Interest	0	3,339	3,654	315
Tuition and Fees	589,624	826,290	826,931	641
Rent	156,681	134,059	134,059	0
Extracurricular Activities	760	1,942	1,942	0
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,705,806	1,997,561	1,997,561	0
Charges for Services	14,244	22,620	22,620	0
Contributions and Donations	151,933	112,774	113,674	900
Miscellaneous	47,479	23,542	23,636	94
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>37,668,209</u>	<u>41,078,135</u>	<u>41,080,085</u>	<u>1,950</u>
<b><u>Expenditures</u></b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	33,128,462	19,383,989	18,449,988	934,001
Special	764,858	5,252,165	5,080,498	171,667
Student Intervention Services	1,224,340	1,035,256	1,001,408	33,848
Support Services:				
Pupil	752,451	2,497,097	2,415,453	81,644
Instructional Staff	143,563	1,254,337	1,212,713	41,624
Board of Education	107,881	94,776	91,677	3,099
Administration	490,555	3,647,472	3,568,211	79,261
Fiscal	572,167	891,702	862,718	28,984
Business	30,958	262,964	254,367	8,597
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,976,256	3,985,942	3,856,400	129,542
Pupil Transportation	0	3,290,973	3,183,373	107,600
Central	193,539	446,522	431,925	14,597
Extracurricular Activities	72,027	1,047,123	1,012,888	34,235
Capital Outlay	0	2,570,726	2,486,675	84,051
Debt Service:				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	25,299	25,299	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>39,457,057</u>	<u>45,686,343</u>	<u>43,933,593</u>	<u>1,752,750</u>
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>(1,788,848)</u>	<u>(4,608,208)</u>	<u>(2,853,508)</u>	<u>1,754,700</u>
<b><u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u></b>				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	0	14,481	14,833	352
Advances In	100,000	0	0	0
Advances Out	(100,000)	0	0	0
Energy Conservation Notes Issued	2,000,000	2,735,000	2,735,000	0
Premium on Notes Issued	0	32,656	32,656	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,782,137</u>	<u>2,782,489</u>	<u>352</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	211,152	(1,826,071)	(71,019)	1,755,052
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	10,444,682	10,444,682	10,444,682	0
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<u>419,254</u>	<u>419,254</u>	<u>419,254</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$11,075,088</u>	<u>\$9,037,865</u>	<u>\$10,792,917</u>	<u>\$1,755,052</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District***Statement of Net Position**Enterprise Funds**June 30, 2015*

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	<u>Other Enterprise Funds</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
<i>Current Assets:</i>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$481,754
Intergovernmental Receivable	11,940
Inventory Held for Resale	<u>19,862</u>
<i>Total Current Assets</i>	513,556
<i>Noncurrent Assets:</i>	
Capital Assets:	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>182,505</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>696,061</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Pension	<u>229,595</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
<i>Current Liabilities:</i>	
Accounts Payable	9,579
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	133,323
Intergovernmental Payable	46,506
Compensated Absences Payable	28,384
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	3,384
Interfund Payable	<u>9,661</u>
<i>Total Current Liabilities</i>	<u>230,837</u>
<i>Long-Term Liabilities:</i>	
Compensated Absences Payable	154,511
Due in More than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	<u>2,671,447</u>
<i>Total Long-Term Liabilities</i>	<u>2,825,958</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>3,056,795</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Pension	<u>441,380</u>
<b>Net Position</b>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	182,505
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(2,755,024)</u>
<i>Total Net Position (Deficit)</i>	<u><u>(\$2,572,519)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position*  
*Enterprise Funds*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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	Other Enterprise Funds
<b>Operating Revenues</b>	
Tuition	\$1,260,051
Sales	811,170
Other Operating Revenues	3,547
<i>Total Operating Revenues</i>	2,074,768
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	
Salaries	1,291,470
Fringe Benefits	481,762
Purchased Services	6,886
Materials and Supplies	645,592
Depreciation	40,781
Other	68,632
<i>Total Operating Expenses</i>	2,535,123
<i>Operating Loss</i>	(460,355)
<b>Non-Operating Revenues</b>	
Federal Donated Commodities	38,823
Interest	105
Federal and State Subsidies	422,589
Other Non-Operating Revenues	928
<i>Total Non-Operating Revenues</i>	462,445
<i>Net Change in Net Position</i>	2,090
<i>Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)</i>	(2,574,609)
<i>Net Position (Deficit) at End of Year</i>	( <u>\$2,572,519</u> )

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Statement of Cash Flows*  
*Enterprise Funds*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Other Enterprise Funds
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>	
Cash Received from Customers	\$2,071,221
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(1,274,908)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(550,623)
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(675,317)
Other Non-Operating Revenues	928
Other Operating Revenue	3,547
<i>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</i>	(425,152)
<b>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities</b>	
Operating Grants Received	457,252
Short Term Loans Borrowed from Other Funds	9,456
<i>Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities</i>	466,708
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>	
Interest on Investments	105
<i>Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	41,661
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year</i>	440,093
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year</i>	\$481,754
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</b>	
Operating Loss	(\$460,355)
<b>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities</b>	
Depreciation	40,781
Donated Commodities	38,823
Non-operating Revenues	928
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	
Inventory Held for Resale	4,005
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	(24,987)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	2,965
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	13,574
Compensated Absences Payable	(396)
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	3,384
Intergovernmental Payable	(12,156)
Net Pension Liability	(473,098)
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	441,380
<i>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</i>	(\$425,152)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Statement of Fiduciary Net Position*  
*Agency Funds*  
*June 30, 2015*

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	<u>Agency</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$115,959</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Undistributed Monies	61,958
Due to Students	<u>54,001</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>\$115,959</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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**Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity**

Kings Local School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in the 1950s through the consolidation of existing land area and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately twenty-three square miles. It is located in Warren County and includes portions of Deerfield and Union Townships.

**Reporting Entity**

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Kings Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool, latchkey, and student-related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District. The School District has no component units.

The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

*Parochial School* - Within the School District's boundaries, St. Margaret of York and The Goddard School are operated as private schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. This activity is reflected as a nonmajor special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Note 15 to the Basic Financial Statements. These organizations are:

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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Jointly Governed Organizations:

Southwest Ohio Computer Association  
Warren County Career Center

Insurance Purchasing Pool:

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers'  
Compensation Group Rating Plan

**Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the Kings Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

**Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**Government-wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the School District, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide financial statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at year-end. The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.



**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**Fund Accounting**

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report the accumulation of resources restricted for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the School District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

The nonmajor governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no internal service funds.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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Enterprise Funds - The enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has two fiduciary funds: two agency funds, one used to account for student-managed activity programs and the other used to account for Ohio High School Athletic Association monies.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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**Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and “available” means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year, or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, “available” means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available for advance, tuition and fees, and grants.

**Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on refunding and for pension. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 10.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental fund financial statements. Property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds Balance Sheet and represents receivables that will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (See Note 10).

**Expenditures/Expenses**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

**Pension**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2015, the School District's investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2A7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's net asset value per share, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of investment earnings. Interest credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2015 was \$3,654, which included \$510 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivable/Payable." Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position; any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "Internal Balances."

### **Inventory**

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at the entitlement value. Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and purchased food held for resale.

### **Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the enterprise funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported on the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 50 years	25 - 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 15 years	5 - 15 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years	5 - 15 years

**Compensated Absences**

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 15 years of service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditures to the extent that payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees will be paid.

**Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprise funds are reported on the enterprise fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

**Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by the highest level of formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balances, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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**Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes food services and federal and State grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

**Internal Activity**

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another, or within the same function, are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers and are eliminated from the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and other non-operating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

**Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the Certificate of Estimated Resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The Certificate of Estimated Resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.



**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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The Certificate of Estimated Resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations.

**Bond Premiums and Compounded Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds**

For governmental activities, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Capital appreciation bonds are accreted each fiscal year for the compounded interest accrued during the fiscal year. Bond premiums and the compounded interest on the capital appreciation bonds are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds payable.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the period in which the bonds were issued. Accretion on the capital appreciation bonds is not reported. Interest on the capital appreciation bonds is recorded as an expenditure when the debt becomes due.

**Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are sales for food service and tuition from the preschool and latchkey programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are classified as non-operating.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

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**Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principal and Restatement of Net Position**

For fiscal year 2015, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions” and GASB Statement No. 71, “Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.” GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2014:

	<b>Governmental</b>	<b>Business-Type</b>
Net position June 30, 2014	\$7,420,276	\$365,328
Adjustments:		
Net Pension Liability	(63,504,101)	(3,144,545)
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent to Measurement Date	3,151,603	204,608
Restated Net Position June 30, 2014	(\$52,932,222)	(\$2,574,609)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the School District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

**Note 4 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) is presented for the General Fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

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4. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the Public School Support Fund and the Underground Storage Tank Fund are classified to the General Fund for GAAP reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$3,715,671
Adjustments:	
Revenue Accruals	(4,339,025)
Expenditure Accruals	926,797
Encumbrances	(398,496)
Perspective Difference	
Public School Support Fund (018)	24,034
Budget Basis	(\$71,019)

**Note 5 – Deposits and Investments**

Monies held by the School District are classified by State Statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National

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Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above;
7. The State Treasurer’s investment pool (STAROhio); and
8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances, if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

**Deposit**

At fiscal year-end, the bank balance of the School District’s deposits was \$16,037,508. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance was covered by 105% public depository pool, which was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution trust department, but not in the School District’s name. Although all state statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by FDIC.

**Investments**

At June 30, 2015, the School District had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Maturity
STAROhio	\$1,891,146	53.4

*Interest Rate Risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District’s investment policy states that “investments held by the Treasurer must mature within five (5) years, unless they are matched to a specific obligation or

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debt of the School District.” This policy is intended to mitigate interest rate risk. STAR Ohio maturity dates are varied and short and are not subject to interest rate risk.

*Credit Risk*

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Standard and Poor’s rated the School District’s investment in STAR Ohio AAAM. The Board has no policy on credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk*

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the School District’s investments are either insured and registered in the name of the School District or at least registered in the name of the School District. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

*Concentration of Credit Risk*

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government’s investment in a single issuer. The School District’s investment policy does not address this risk.

**Note 6 – Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District’s fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014 on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

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The School District receives property taxes from Warren County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015 are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes that are measurable as of June 30, 2015 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows - property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015 was \$6,802,695 and is recognized as revenue: \$5,714,730 in the General Fund, \$241,282 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$846,683 in the nonmajor governmental funds. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$1,215,210 in the General Fund, \$180,280 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$51,130 in the nonmajor governmental funds.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis, the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second - Half Collections		2015 First - Half Collections	
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Real Estate	\$668,496,460	97.64%	\$680,298,640	97.45%
Public Utility Personal	16,149,970	2.36%	17,822,220	2.55%
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$684,646,430</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$698,120,860</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$71.33		\$71.33	

**Note 7 – Receivables**

Receivables at June 30, 2015 consisted of accounts (rent, student fees, and commissions), interfund, intergovernmental grants, property taxes, and payment in lieu of taxes. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivable amounts, except delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year.

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The School District receives payment in lieu of taxes from multiple Tax Increment Financing Agreements that were entered into between the School District and corporations. These payments will be received based on each individual agreement over the next three years.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Idea Part -B	\$278,919
Title III- LEP	40,874
Title I	161,758
Title II-A	53,747
School Employees Retirement System	34,949
State Foundation Adjustment	197,357
Total Governmental Activities	767,604
Business-Type Activities:	
Early Childhood	11,940
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$779,544

**Note 8 – Capital Assets**

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2015
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$3,074,466	\$0	\$0	\$3,074,466
Construction in Progress	63,199	1,675,000	(63,199)	1,675,000
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,137,665	1,675,000	(63,199)	4,749,466
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	4,400,979	577,849	0	4,978,828
Buildings and Improvements	64,160,838	0	0	64,160,838
Furniture and Equipment	3,057,370	0	0	3,057,370
Vehicles	2,257,390	51,107	(118,112)	2,190,385
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$73,876,577	\$628,956	(\$118,112)	\$74,387,421

(continued)

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	<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2015</u>
<b><u>Governmental Activities:</u></b>				
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(\$3,340,335)	(\$145,037)	\$0	(\$3,485,372)
Buildings and Improvements	(20,485,118)	(1,118,839)	0	(21,603,957)
Furniture and Equipment	(2,206,073)	(205,740)	0	(2,411,813)
Vehicles	<u>(2,024,874)</u>	<u>(62,071)</u>	<u>118,112</u>	<u>(1,968,833)</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(28,056,400)</u>	<u>(1,531,687) *</u>	<u>118,112</u>	<u>(29,469,975)</u>
 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	 <u>45,820,177</u>	 <u>(902,731)</u>	 <u>0</u>	 <u>44,917,446</u>
 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	 <u>\$48,957,842</u>	 <u>\$772,269</u>	 <u>(\$63,199)</u>	 <u>\$49,666,912</u>

\*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular		\$101,919
Special		34,058
Support Services:		
Administration		1,782
Fiscal		548
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,261,983
Pupil Transportation		96,653
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		7,700
Extracurricular Activities		<u>27,044</u>
Total Depreciation Expense		<u><u>\$1,531,687</u></u>

	<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2015</u>
<b><u>Business-Type Activity:</u></b>				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	\$7,708	\$0	\$0	\$7,708
Buildings and Improvements	83,070	0	0	83,070
Furniture and Equipment	<u>581,667</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>581,667</u>
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	<u>\$672,445</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$672,445</u>

(continued)



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	Balance 6/30/2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2015
<b><u>Business-Type Activity:</u></b>				
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(\$7,708)	\$0	\$0	(\$7,708)
Buildings and Improvements	(34,986)	(2,133)	0	(37,119)
Furniture and Equipment	(406,465)	(38,648)	0	(445,113)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(449,159)	(40,781)	0	(489,940)
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$223,286	(\$40,781)	\$0	\$182,505

Depreciation expense of \$38,648 and \$2,133 was charged to the Food Service and Latchkey/Preschool Funds, respectively.

**Note 9 – Risk Management**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the School District contracted with Wells Fargo Insurance for fleet insurance and liability insurance. Property is also protected by Wells Fargo Insurance.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage since last year.

**Workers' Compensation**

For fiscal year 2015, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience, and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Hunter Consulting provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

**Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

**Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an

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employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District’s proportionate share of each pension plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

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Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS’ Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System’s funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District’s contractually required contributions to SERS for governmental and business-type activities were \$721,179 and \$185,144, respectively for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$47,046 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

**Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

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New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be

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increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contributions to STRS for governmental and business-type activities were \$2,755,556 and \$21,331, respectively for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$381,225 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$11,396,130	\$44,709,810	\$56,105,940
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.22517800%	0.18381352%	
Pension Expense	\$667,747	\$1,739,443	\$2,407,190

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$96,993	\$430,429	\$527,422
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>906,323</u>	<u>2,776,887</u>	<u>3,683,210</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$1,003,316</u>	<u>\$3,207,316</u>	<u>\$4,210,632</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	<u>\$1,849,624</u>	<u>\$8,271,484</u>	<u>\$10,121,108</u>

\$3,683,210 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2016	(\$437,913)	(\$1,960,264)	(\$2,398,177)
2017	(437,913)	(1,960,264)	(2,398,177)
2018	(437,913)	(1,960,264)	(2,398,177)
2019	(438,892)	(1,960,263)	(2,399,155)
Total	(\$1,752,631)	(\$7,841,055)	(\$9,593,686)

**Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

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The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	<u>1% Decrease (6.75%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.75%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (8.75%)</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$16,258,891	\$11,396,130	\$7,306,128

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**Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males’ ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS’ investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS’ fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30,



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2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

***Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*** The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Educational Service Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$64,006,967	\$44,709,810	\$28,390,908

**Social Security System**

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2015, two members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

**Note 11 – Post-Employment Benefits**

**School Employees Retirement System**

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health

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Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$118,163.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$160,678, \$150,901, and \$141,133, respectively. For fiscal year 2015, 90.0 percent has been contributed with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

**State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio**

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio, which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$169,662, and \$182,723, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

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**Note 12 – Employee Benefits**

**Compensated Absences**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators do not earn vacation time, with the exception of the Superintendent, Treasurer, High School Principal, Business Manager, Athletic Director, Food Service Director, and Preschool Director.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 247 days for certified employees, 12 days beyond contract year for administrators, and 247 days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 38 days.

**Health Care Benefits**

The School District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to most employees. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with the employee, depending on the terms of the union contract.

**Note 13 – Long-Term Obligations**

The changes in the School District’s long-term obligations during fiscal year 2015 were as follows:

	Restated Amount Outstanding 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2003 School Improvement 2.0 - 4.25%	\$305,000	\$0	\$0	\$305,000	\$0
2005 School Improvement 3.0 - 5.0%					
Term and Serial Bonds	210,000	0	105,000	105,000	105,000
Capital Appreciation Bond	60,000	0	10,000	50,000	50,000
Interest Accretion	\$751,873	\$203,966	\$155,000	\$800,839	\$800,839

*(continued)*

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	Restated Amount Outstanding 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>					
General Obligation Bonds (Continued):					
2007 School Improvement 4.13 -					
5.00% Term and Serial Bonds	\$6,470,000	\$0	\$0	\$6,470,000	\$0
Premium	155,821	0	10,388	145,433	0
2013A School Improvement					
Current Interest 3.25-5.00%	21,605,000	0	0	21,605,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bond	760,000	0	0	760,000	0
Interest Accretion	141,940	80,621	0	222,561	0
Premium	4,559,462	0	227,973	4,331,489	0
2013B School Improvement Refunding					
Current Interest 3.75-5.00%	17,650,000	0	1,570,000	16,080,000	850,000
Capital Appreciation Bond	235,000	0	0	235,000	0
Interest Accretion	72,016	44,245	0	116,261	0
Premium	2,100,414	0	175,035	1,925,379	0
2015 Turf Project Bonds					
Bonds	0	175,000	0	175,000	28,680
Premium	0	2,392	239	2,153	0
2015 HB264 Bonds					
Bonds	0	2,735,000	0	2,735,000	120,000
Premium	0	32,656	907	31,749	0
Total General Obligation Bonds	<u>55,076,526</u>	<u>3,273,880</u>	<u>2,254,542</u>	<u>56,095,864</u>	<u>1,954,519</u>
<u>Other Long-Term Obligations:</u>					
Net Pension Liability:					
SERS	10,655,173	0	1,587,049	9,068,124	0
STRS	52,848,928	0	8,482,559	44,366,369	0
Total Net Pension Liability	<u>63,504,101</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>10,069,608</u>	<u>53,434,493</u>	<u>0</u>
Compensated Absences	<u>4,461,110</u>	<u>508,137</u>	<u>1,204,632</u>	<u>3,764,615</u>	<u>591,519</u>
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$123,041,737</u>	<u>\$3,782,017</u>	<u>\$13,528,782</u>	<u>\$113,294,972</u>	<u>\$2,546,038</u>

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	Restated Amount Outstanding 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
<b><u>Business Type Activities:</u></b>					
<b><u>Other Long-Term Obligations:</u></b>					
Net Pension Liability:					
SERS	\$2,735,440	\$0	\$407,434	\$2,328,006	\$0
STRS	409,105	0	65,664	343,441	0
Compensated Absences	183,291	19,649	20,045	182,895	28,384
Total Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$3,327,836</u>	<u>\$19,649</u>	<u>\$493,143</u>	<u>\$2,854,342</u>	<u>\$28,384</u>

**School Improvement Bonds** – On various occasions, the School District issued general obligation bonds for the purpose of additions and improvements to school buildings in the School District. The maturity dates of the bonds range from December 1, 2016 to December 1, 2033. The interest rates vary from 3.0% to 5.0%.

In fiscal year 2003, the School District issued \$7,660,000 in General Obligation bonds with interest rate ranging from 2 to 4.125 percent until maturity. The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for a portion of the future debt service payments on the 1995 Series bonds.

In fiscal year 2005, the School District issued \$16,565,000 in General Obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 3 to 5 percent until maturity. The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for a portion of the future debt service payments on the 1999 and 2000 Series bonds.

The refunding bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity. Of the \$16,565,000 issued, \$1,620,000 represents serial bonds, and \$120,000 is capital appreciation bonds. The serial bonds mature at varying amounts through December 1, 2025.

The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2015 through 2016. The final maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,130,000.

In fiscal year 2007, the School District issued \$27,200,000 in School Improvement Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.125 to 5.00 percent until maturity. The proceeds were used for construction and improvements to school facilities. A portion of these bonds were advance refunded with the issuance of the Series 2013A School Improvement Bonds. The bonds will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund.

In February 2013, the School District issued \$22,365,000 in the Series 2013A School Improvement Bonds for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 1995 School Improvement Bonds, the 2000 School Improvement Bonds, and the 2007 School Improvement

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Bonds. \$21,605,000 were current interest, and \$760,000 was a capital appreciation bond. Also in February 2013, the School District issued \$18,420,000 in the Series 2013B School Improvement Bonds for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 2007 School Improvement Bonds and the 2005 School Improvement Bonds. \$18,185,000 were current interest, and \$235,000 was a capital appreciation bond. The bonds were issued for a 20-year period, with final maturity in December 2033.

The School District defeased the various school improvement bonds by placing a portion of the proceeds of the new bonds in an escrow account with the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company to provide for all future debt service payments due on the old bonds. Accordingly, the escrow account assets and the liability of the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2015, \$16,430,000 of the refunded bonds were outstanding.

The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2020, 2023, and 2026. The maturity amounts of the capital appreciation bonds will be \$105,000, \$1,075,000, and \$2,745,000, respectively.

On January 27, 2015, the School District issued \$175,000 in General Obligation bonds for the purpose of replacing the turf at the athletic stadium. The bonds were issued for a five year period paying interest at 2.2 percent. The bonds will mature December 1, 2019. The bonds will be paid from the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

On February 6, 2015, the School District issued \$2,735,000 in General Obligation bonds for the purpose on making energy conservation improvements to the School District's various buildings. The bonds were issued to pay three percent interest and with final maturity on December 1, 2019. The bonds will be paid from the General Fund.

The School District pays obligation related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund, the Food Service, Latchkey/Preschool and IDEA Preschool enterprise funds and the Auxiliary Services, IDEA Part B Special Education, and Title I special revenue funds. General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability see note 10.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at fiscal year-end are as follows:

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Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Current Term and Serial Principal	Current Term and Serial Interest	Capital Appreciation Principal	Capital Appreciation Interest	Total
2016	\$1,103,680	\$2,036,071	\$50,000	\$915,000	\$4,104,751
2017	2,230,395	1,976,739	0	0	4,207,134
2018	2,316,173	1,895,885	0	0	4,212,058
2019	2,386,969	1,812,128	0	0	4,199,097
2020	2,562,783	1,721,126	50,000	55,000	4,388,909
2021-2025	11,570,000	9,693,148	185,000	890,000	22,338,148
2026-2030	11,700,000	4,927,183	760,000	1,985,000	19,372,183
2031-2034	13,605,000	1,340,875	0	0	14,945,875
Total	<u>\$47,475,000</u>	<u>\$25,403,155</u>	<u>\$1,045,000</u>	<u>\$3,845,000</u>	<u>\$77,768,155</u>

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$18,741,212 with an unvoted debt margin of \$698,121, and an Energy Conservation debt margin of \$6,283,088 at June 30, 2015.

**Note 14 – Interfund Activity**

As of June 30, 2015, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Payable	Receivable General Fund
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$332,742
All Other Enterprise Funds	9,661
Total	<u>\$342,403</u>

General Fund advances are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Advancing monies to other funds is necessary due to timing differences in the receiving of grant monies. When the monies are finally received, the grant fund will use these restricted monies to reimburse the General Fund for the initial advance.

**Note 15 – Jointly Governed Organizations and Insurance Purchasing Pool**

**Jointly Governed Organizations**

*Southwest Ohio Computer Association*

The School District is a participant in the Southwest Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), which is a computer consortium. SWOCA is an association of public school districts within the

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boundaries of Butler, Hamilton, Preble, and Warren Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SWOCA consists of one representative from each district plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the coalition including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Donna Davis-Norris, Executive Director of SWOCA at 3607 Hamilton-Middletown Road, Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

*Warren County Career Center*

The Warren County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio. It is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one of the elected board members from each of the participating school districts, including one member from the Kings Local School District Board of Education. Warren County Career Center was formed for the purpose of providing vocational education opportunities to the students of the School District. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the coalition including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Maggie Hess, who serves as Superintendent, at 3525 State Route 48, Lebanon, Ohio 45036.

**Insurance Purchasing Pool**

*Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan*

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven-member Executive Committee consisting of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, a representative from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, and eight other members elected by majority vote of all member school districts. The Chief Administrator of the GRP serves as the coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

**Note 16 – Set-Aside Calculations**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.



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The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$0
Current Fiscal Year Set-aside Requirement	696,315
Qualifying Disbursements	(696,315)
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$0
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0

Amounts of offsets and qualifying disbursements presented in the table for capital acquisitions were limited to those necessary to reduce the fiscal year-end balance to zero.

**Note 17 – Accountability and Compliance**

**Accountability**

At June 30, 2015, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

Funds	Amounts
IDEA B Grant Fund	\$40,592
Title I Grant Fund	44,667
Improving Teacher Quality Grant Fund	1,117
Total Funds	\$86,376

The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

**Compliance**

The School District had noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.40 and 5705.41(B) for expenditures in excess of appropriations.

**Note 18 – Fund Balances**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

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Fund Balances	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
<b><i>Restricted for</i></b>				
Debt Payment	\$0	\$2,834,996	\$0	\$2,834,996
Student Managed Activities	0	0	36,867	36,867
Auxiliary Services	0	0	103,704	103,704
Federal Grants	0	0	504	504
Capital Projects	0	0	2,462,278	2,462,278
<b><i>Total Restricted</i></b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,834,996</b>	<b>2,603,353</b>	<b>5,438,349</b>
<b><i>Committed to</i></b>				
Underground Storage Tank	11,000	0	0	11,000
<b><i>Assigned to</i></b>				
Purchases on Order	7,365,041	0	0	7,365,041
Principal's Discretion	4,806	0	0	4,806
<b><i>Total Assigned</i></b>	<b>7,369,847</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7,369,847</b>
<b><i>Unassigned</i></b>	<b>5,234,174</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(86,376)</b>	<b>5,147,798</b>
<b><i>Total Fund Balances</i></b>	<b>\$12,615,021</b>	<b>\$2,834,996</b>	<b>\$2,516,977</b>	<b>\$17,966,994</b>

**Note 19 – Significant Commitments**

**Encumbrances**

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund	\$432,360
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	548,000
Total	<u>\$980,360</u>

**Note 20 – Contingencies**

**Grants**

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor

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agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

**School Foundation**

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for fiscal year 2015, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the school district; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or a liability of the School District.

**Litigation**

The School District's attorney estimates that all other potential claims against the School District not covered by insurance resulting from all other litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the School District.

**Note 21 – Subsequent Event**

On July 1, 2015 the School District issued \$6,010,000 in School Improvement General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, to refund the School Improvement Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007.

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## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**Kings Local School District**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*  
*School Employees Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Two Fiscal Years (1)*

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.22517800%	0.22517800%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$11,396,130	\$13,390,613
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,562,771	\$3,757,198
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	173.65%	356.40%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*  
*State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Two Fiscal Years (1)*

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.18381352%	0.18381352%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$44,709,810	\$53,258,033
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$18,820,086	\$18,272,292
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	237.56%	291.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year.

**Kings Local School District**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of School District Contributions*  
*School Employees Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$906,323	\$909,600	\$519,996	\$567,675
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(906,323)</u>	<u>(909,600)</u>	<u>(519,996)</u>	<u>(567,675)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,876,502	\$6,562,771	\$3,757,198	\$4,220,630
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%



<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
\$802,208	\$731,109	\$748,586	\$873,365	\$852,792	\$761,898
<u>(802,208)</u>	<u>(731,109)</u>	<u>(748,586)</u>	<u>(873,365)</u>	<u>(852,792)</u>	<u>(761,898)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$6,381,922	\$5,399,624	\$7,607,580	\$8,893,734	\$7,984,944	\$7,201,304
12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%	10.58%

**Kings Local School District**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of School District Contributions*  
*State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$2,776,887	\$2,446,611	\$2,375,398	\$2,349,714
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(2,776,887)</u>	<u>(2,446,611)</u>	<u>(2,375,398)</u>	<u>(2,349,714)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$19,834,907	\$18,820,086	\$18,272,292	\$18,074,723
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$2,531,965	\$2,567,119	\$2,476,411	\$2,377,752	\$2,331,324	\$2,193,678
<u>(2,531,965)</u>	<u>(2,567,119)</u>	<u>(2,476,411)</u>	<u>(2,377,752)</u>	<u>(2,331,324)</u>	<u>(2,193,678)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$19,476,654	\$19,747,069	\$19,049,315	\$18,290,400	\$17,933,262	\$16,874,446
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

## **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**KINGS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</b>			
<b>Child Nutrition Cluster:</b>			
(D) (E) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2015	\$ 57,416
(C) (E) National School Lunch Program-Food Donations	10.555	2015	38,823
(D) (E) National School Lunch Program	10.555	2015	386,102
<b>Total National School Lunch Program</b>			424,925
<b>Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Child Nutrition Cluster</b>			482,341
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</b>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2014	45,507
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2015	236,010
<b>Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies</b>			281,517
<b>Special Education Grant Cluster:</b>			
(F) Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2014	111,439
(F) Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2015	736,001
<b>Total Special Education_Grants to States</b>			847,440
(F) Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2015	15,863
<b>Total Special Education Grant Cluster</b>			863,303
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	2015	14,640
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2014	20,789
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2015	83,266
<b>Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants</b>			104,055
<b>Total U.S. Department of Education</b>			1,263,515
<b>Total Federal Financial Assistance</b>			\$ 1,745,856

- Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:**
- (A) OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2015.
  - (B) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.
  - (C) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at the entitlement value.
  - (D) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of breakfast and lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
  - (E) Included as part of the "Child Nutrition Cluster" in determining major programs.
  - (F) Included as part of the "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.



**Julian & Grube, Inc.**  
*Serving Ohio Local Governments*

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on  
Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards***

Kings Local School District  
Warren County  
1797 King Avenue  
Kings Mill, Ohio 45034

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kings Local School District, Warren County, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Kings Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2016, wherein we noted as discussed in Note 3, the Kings Local School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*.

***Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Kings Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Kings Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Kings Local School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

***Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Kings Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2015-001 and 2015-002.

Board of Education  
Kings Local School District

***Kings Local School District's Response to Findings***

The Kings Local School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Kings Local School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

***Purpose of this Report***

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Kings Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Kings Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Julian & Grube, Inc.  
January 28, 2016



**Julian & Grube, Inc.**  
*Serving Ohio Local Governments*

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to  
the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance  
Required by OMB Circular A-133**

Kings Local School District  
Warren County  
1797 King Avenue  
Kings Mills, Ohio 45034

To the Board of Education:

***Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Kings Local School District's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Kings Local School District's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses identifies the Kings Local School District's major federal program.

***Management's Responsibility***

The Kings Local School District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to opine on the Kings Local School District's compliance for the Kings Local School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Kings Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Kings Local School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Kings Local School District's compliance.

***Opinion on the Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, Kings Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.



Board of Education  
Kings Local School District

***Report on Internal Control Over Compliance***

The Kings Local School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Kings Local School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Kings Local School District's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Julian & Grube, Inc.  
January 28, 2016

**KINGS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
WARREN COUNTY, OHIO**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES  
OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505  
JUNE 30, 2015**

<b>1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS</b>		
<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	<i>Type of Financial Statement Opinion</i>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<i>Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<i>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	<i>Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	Yes
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<i>Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<i>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	<i>Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion</i>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	<i>Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	<i>Major Program (listed):</i>	Special Education Grant Cluster: Special Education_Grants to States (CFDA #84.027) and Special Education_Preschool Grants (CFDA #84.173)
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	<i>Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs</i>	Type A: \$300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	<i>Low Risk Auditee?</i>	Yes

**KINGS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
WARREN COUNTY, OHIO**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES  
OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505  
JUNE 30, 2015**

<b>2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS</b>	
Finding Number	2015-001

Noncompliance - Ohio Revised Code

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) requires in part that no subdivision is to expend monies unless it has been appropriated.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following fund:

<u>Major Fund</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Excess</u>
Debt Service	\$ 2,942,800	\$ 3,902,236	\$ 959,436

With expenditures exceeding appropriations, the District is spending monies that have not lawfully been appropriated by the Board of Education. This may result in unnecessary spending.

We recommend that the District comply with the Ohio Revised Code and the Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by monitoring their expenditures so they do not exceed lawful appropriations and amending the budget prior to year-end. This may be achieved by monitoring the budget more closely on a continual basis.

*Client Response:* The District will continue to monitor its expenditures versus appropriations on a monthly basis to ensure expenditures remain within the appropriated amounts. If expenditures are anticipated to be in excess of appropriations and resources are available, the District will consider amending its appropriations to remain compliant.

Finding Number	2015-002
----------------	----------

Noncompliance - Ohio Revised Code

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.40 outlines the requirements for amending and supplementing appropriations. This section requires that any amendments to an appropriation measure comply with the same provisions of the law as used in making the original appropriations.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations during the fiscal year and at fiscal year-end in the Debt Service Fund. Thus, the District did not timely or properly modify its appropriations.

By not timely and properly modifying appropriations, the District is not adequately monitoring its appropriations. This may result in appropriating monies in excess of estimated resources, having expenditures exceed appropriations, and possibly, fund deficits.

We recommend the District comply with Ohio Revised Code and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by monitoring its budgetary process on a regular basis and approving amendments as necessary.

*Client Response:* The District will continue to monitor its expenditures versus appropriations on a monthly basis and make amendments to appropriations as necessary.

<b>3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS</b>
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None

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# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**KINGS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**WARREN COUNTY**

**CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

**This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.**

*Susan Babbitt*

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU**

**CERTIFIED  
MAY 5, 2016**