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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Fairfax Hamilton County 5903 Hawthorne Avenue Fairfax, Ohio 45227

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

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Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2014, or changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County as of December 31, 2014, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

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Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report
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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2015, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

September 28, 2015

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

				Totals
		Special	Capital	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Projects	Only)
Cash Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$134,060	\$6,182	\$0	\$140,242
Municipal Income Tax	3,401,947	0	0	3,401,947
Intergovernmental	54,938	665,369	1,995,064	2,715,371
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	897,500	0	897,500
Charges for Services	9,558	0	0	9,558
Fines, Licenses and Permits	192,146	15,133	0	207,279
Earnings on Investments	5,252	96	0	5,348
Miscellaneous	23,041	0	2,560	25,601
Total Cash Receipts	3,820,942	1,584,280	1,997,624	7,402,846
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	1,131,781	4,291	0	1,136,072
Public Health Services	3,445	0	0	3,445
Leisure Time Activities	53,876	0	0	53,876
Community Environment	54,390	0	0	54,390
Basic Utility Services	127,906	0	0	127,906
Transportation	264,870	275,316	197,684	737,870
General Government	999,269	273,310	16,335	1,015,604
TIF Compensation Payments	999,209	897,500	10,333	897,500
, ,	0	,		,
Capital Outlay		387,606_	2,011,078_	2,398,684
Total Cash Disbursements	2,635,537	1,564,713	2,225,097	6,425,347
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	1,185,405	19,567	(227,473)	977,499
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Transfers In	2,287	0	243,049	245,336
Transfers Out	(243,049)	(2,287)	0	(245,336)
Advances In	232,792	0	20,289	253,081
Advances Out	(60,289)	(192,792)	0	(253,081)
Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Uses	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	(68,259)	(195,079)	263,338	0
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	1,117,146	(175,512)	35,865	977,499
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	1,609,824	346,404	219,073	2,175,301
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0
Restricted	0	170,892	0	170,892
Committed	2,352	170,092	254,938	257,290
Assigned	2,332	0	234,930	237,290
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,724,618	0	0	2,724,618
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$2,726,970	\$170,892	\$254,938	\$3,152,800

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Fiduciary Fund Types		Totals
	Agency	Private Purpose Trust	(Memorandum Only)
Operating Cash Receipts Earnings on Investments (trust funds only)	\$0	\$92	\$92
Total Operating Cash Receipts	0	92	92
Operating Cash Disbursements Personal Services Supplies and Materials Other	34,144 8,107 0	0 0 1,500	34,144 8,107 1,500
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	42,251	1,500	43,751
Operating Income (Loss)	(42,251)	(1,408)	(43,659)
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements) Property and Other Local Taxes Miscellaneous Receipts Advances In Advances Out Other Financing Sources Other Financing Uses Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	251,263 0 40,000 (40,000) 189,354 (191,076) 249,541	0 1,500 0 0 0 (1,000)	251,263 1,500 40,000 (40,000) 189,354 (192,076)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	207,290	(908)	206,382
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	13,427	21,124	34,551
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$220,717	\$20,216	\$240,933

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council and Mayor directs the Village. The Village provides police protection, recreation, street maintenance and repair, and general administrative services. The Village participates in two public entity risk pools, the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc (OPRM) and the Center for Local Government Benefits Pool. Notes 7 and 9 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

The Village participates in jointly governed organizations, joint ventures and a public entity risk pool and is associated with a related organization. Notes 7, 9 and 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

The Village participates in two public entity risk pools, the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc (OPRM) and the Center for Local Government Benefits Pool (Benefits Pool). The OPRM is a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Benefits Pool carries out a cost effective health program for its member organizations.

Joint Venture:

Columbia Township and the Village of Fairfax contracted to create the Columbia Township Joint Economic Development Zone for the purpose of facilitating economic development in the zone.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources related to the Village's tax increment financing agreement.

Red Bank Road Phase III Fund – This fund is used to account for activity related to the road construction on Red Bank Road.

4. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant capital project fund:

<u>Wooster Pike Revitalization Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for streetscape improvements along Wooster Pike.

5. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Village's own programs. The Village's private purpose trust funds represent scholarship funds.

Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's agency funds account for the collection and distribution of Mayor's Court fines and forfeitures, and the JED Zone collections and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Village did not use the encumbrance method of accounting. Management has included audit adjustments in the accompanying budgetary presentations for material items that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2014 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as **nonspendable** when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2014
Demand deposits	\$2,696,082
Certificates of deposit	697,651_
Total deposits	\$3,393,733

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2014 follows:

2014 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

2011 200			
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$5,484,929	\$3,823,229	(\$1,661,700)
Special Revenue	2,161,058	1,584,280	(576,778)
Capital Projects	2,949,697	2,240,673	(709,024)
Trust	2,500	1,592	(908)
Total	\$10,598,184	\$7,649,774	(\$2,948,410)

2014 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

		<u> </u>	
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$3,537,763	\$2,878,586	\$659,177
Special Revenue	1,880,253	1,567,000	313,253
Capital Projects	2,899,697	2,225,097	674,600
Trust	2,500	2,500	0
Total	\$8,320,213	\$6,673,183	\$1,647,030

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. Local Income Tax

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.75 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

6. Retirement Systems

The Village's certified full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). Other employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OP&F and OPERS are cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes these plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

6. Retirement Systems (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2014, OP&F participants contributed 10.75% of their wages. For 2014, the Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5% of full-time police members' wages. For 2014, OPERS members contributed 10%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2014.

7. Risk Management

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - formerly known as the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss, except OPRM retains 41.5% (effective November 1, 2011) of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2012 (and through October 2014) the plan increased its retention to 50% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. The Plan's property retention remained unchanged from prior years. This change was made to balance the reinsurance market conditions. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 783 members as of December 31, 2014 respectively.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2014

	2014
Assets	\$14,830,185
Liabilities	(8,942,504)
Members' Equity	\$5,887,681

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

8. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

9. Shared Risk Pool

The Village is a member of the Center for Local Governments Benefits Pool (Benefits Pool), a public entity shared risk pool. The Benefits Pool's primary purpose and objective is establishing and carrying out a cost effective health program for its member organizations. Each member is entitled to appoint one Director on the Board of Directors. The Jefferson Health Plan serves as the fiscal agent for the Benefits Pool.

The Benefits Pool contracts with the Jefferson Health Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing and insurance purchasing pool, comprised of 90 members, including two insurance consortiums. Each participant appoints a member of the insurance plan's assembly. The Benefits Pools business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected from the assembly. The Benefits Pool offers medical, dental, and prescription drug coverage to the members, with the opportunity to choose from several different benefit plans. The Benefits Pool is responsible for claims up to \$150,000 per individual. Benefits Pool participants also participate in a shared risk internal pool for individual claims between \$150,000 and \$500,000, and all claims within this range are paid from the shared internal risk pool. For all individual claims exceeding \$500,000, stop loss coverage is purchased. All Benefits Pool participants also pay a monthly administrative fee for fiscal services and third party administrative services.

10. Tax Increment Financing Agreement

The Village receives payments in lieu of taxes from a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District within the Village. The TIF receipts are assigned and remitted to the Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority through a Cooperative Agreement to make payments on bonds issued by the Port Authority for the purpose of financing costs of the acquisition, construction, installation, equipping, improvement, and development of public infrastructure improvements in cooperation with the Village.

11. Joint Venture

Columbia Township and the Village of Fairfax contracted to create the Columbia Township Joint Economic Development Zone (JEDZ) for the purpose of facilitating economic development in the Zone.

A 1% income tax was enacted for each JEDZ. Imposition of the tax began on April 1, 2014 and terminates March 31, 2054 with three 10 year automatic extensions.

Distribution of Gross Tax:

- 1% Reserve for future maintenance, administration and expenses;
- 2% Annual service fee for Village of Fairfax to collect the income;
- 2% Escrow Fund for the purposes of paying refunds and in general to balance accounts or pay expenses; and

95% Net Distribution

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

11. Joint Venture (Continued)

Distributable revenue means the JEDZ's annual gross income tax revenue minus the sum of the Reserve fee, the Service fee and the Escrow fee. Following the collection of tax through December 31 of the first calendar year in which the JEDZ collects tax, distributable revenue from the prior quarter shall be paid to the contracting parties (Columbia Township and the Village of Fairfax) not less than quarterly:

Net Distribution:

90% of the Net Distribution to Columbia Township 10% of the Net Distribution to the Village of Fairfax

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction (Wooster Pike Revitalization Project)	87375	20.205	\$1,246,608
Highway Planning and Construction (Safe Routes to School Project)	93535	20.205	20,640
Total Highway Planning and Construction			1,267,248
Total U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration			1,267,248
Total Federal Awards Expenditures			\$1,267,248

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Village of Fairfax's (the Village's) federal award programs' disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Fairfax Hamilton County 5903 Hawthorne Avenue Fairfax, Ohio 45227

To the Village Council:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2015, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Entity's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2014-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

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Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

September 28, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Village of Fairfax Hamilton County 5903 Hawthorne Avenue Fairfax, Ohio 45227

To the Village Council:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, Ohio (the Village) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Village's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Village's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Village's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Village's compliance for the Village's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Village's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Village's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, Ohio complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Village of Fairfax
Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable To The Major Federal Program and On Internal Control
Over Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Village's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Village's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

September 28, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #20.205 Highway Planning & Construction
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

Village of Fairfax Hamilton County Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2014-001

Material Weakness

The Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) authorized two Local-Let grant funded projects for the Village for the Wooster Pike Revitalization Project, PID 87375 and Safe Routes to Schools, PID 93535. For these grants, ODOT designated the Village as the Sponsoring Agency or the Local Public Agency (LPA.) The Sponsoring Agency maintains certain administrative responsibilities, such as bidding and project monitoring and review, related to the project. Grant funds related to the construction phase of the projects were paid directly to the vendor by ODOT. Since these projects are locally administered, the Village should have recorded memo intergovernmental revenues and memo capital outlay expenditures on the Village's accounting ledgers in the appropriate funds. Additional guidance is outlined in Auditor of State Bulletin 2000-008.

During 2014, on-behalf of payments represented \$1,246,608 paid to Ford Development Corporation for PID 87375 (Wooster Pike Revitalization) and \$20,640 to Kleingers Group Inc. for PID 93535 (Safe Routes to Schools). The Village budgeted the activity related to these grant projects; however the memo transactions were not posted to the Village's accounting ledgers prior to December 31, 2014. The financial activity was adjusted and reflected on the accompanying financial statements in the Capital Project Funds and Special Revenue Funds respectively.

We recommend the Village record related memo receipt and memo expenditure transactions in the Village's accounting records in a timely manner.

Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



VILLAGE OF FAIRFAX

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 13, 2015