HARDIN NORTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HARDIN COUNTY

Regular Audit For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Perry & AssociatesCertified Public Accountants, A.C.



Board of Education Hardin Northern Local School District 11589 State Route 81 Dola, Ohio 45835

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Hardin Northern Local School District, Hardin County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Hardin Northern Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 12, 2013



HARDIN NORTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HARDIN COUNTY

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Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

www.perrycpas.com

MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056 (740) 373-2402 Fax PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 (304) 428-5587 Fax ST. CLAIRSVILLE 121 E. Main Street St. Clairsville, OH 43950 (740) 695-1569 (740) 695-5775 Fax

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

December 20, 2012

Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County 11589 St. Rt. 81 Dola, Ohio 45835

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Hardin Northern Local School District**, Hardin County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardin Northern Local School District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2012, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion and Analysis* as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry Marocutes CAS A. C.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Hardin Northern Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall view of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$275,813.
- General revenues accounted for \$4,915,126 in revenue or 81.9% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,082,753 or 18.1% of total revenues of \$5,997,879.
- The School District had \$5,722,066 in expenses related to government activities; only \$1,066,976 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and operating grants. General revenues of \$4,915,126 were adequate to provide for these programs. This year the School District also received \$15,777 in Capital Grants and Contributions to finance the completion of the new school facilities.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In case of Hardin Northern Local School District, the General Fund is the most significant major fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors. In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District has only governmental activities:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Governmental Activities - All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including
instruction, support services, operation and maintenance, pupil transportation, food services and
extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2012 as compared to fiscal year 2011.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities				
		2012		2011	
Assets					
Current Assets	\$	5,371,410	\$	5,006,885	
Capital Assets		14,326,487		14,536,926	
Total Assets		19,697,897		19,543,811	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities		1,429,509		1,386,890	
Long-Term Liabilities		4,254,347		4,418,693	
Total Liabilities		5,683,856		5,805,583	
Net Assets					
Invested in Capital		10,116,271		10,231,925	
Restricted		698,290		531,352	
Unrestricted		3,199,480		2,974,951	
Total Net Assets	\$	14,014,041	\$	13,738,228	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2012 compared to fiscal year 2011:

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

Ç	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011			
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 619,371	\$ 557,296			
Operating Grants and Contributions	447,605	634,867			
Capital Grants and Contributions	15,777	221,523			
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes	1,508,049	1,308,402			
Income Taxes	931,548	861,806			
Grants and Entitlements	2,461,960	2,393,419			
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	2,702	2,539			
Gain on Sale of Assets	341	-			
Miscellaneous	10,526	22,357			
Total Revenues	5,997,879	6,002,209			
Expenses					
Program Expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,321,618	2,271,801			
Special	402,551	461,154			
Vocational	207,626	317,728			
Support Services:					
Pupils	163,895	156,103			
Instructional Staff	140,113	152,600			
Board of Education	35,012	47,605			
Administration	626,939	459,410			
Fiscal	215,262	224,131			
Operation of Maintenance	408,597	407,617			
Pupil Transportation	203,481	179,074			
Central	503	, -			
Operation of Non-Instructional	145,422	176,785			
Extracurricular Activities	205,793	189,870			
Facilities Acquisition Construction	444,914	245,247			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	200,340	204,742			
Total Expenses	5,722,066	5,493,867			
Increase in Net Assets	\$ 275,813	\$ 508,342			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

The net assets of the School District's governmental activities increased by \$275,813, however, \$15,777 was received in the form of a capital grant for new renovation and construction. Program revenue of \$1,082,753 and general revenues of \$4,915,126 offset total governmental expenses of \$5,722,066. Program revenues supported only 18.6% of the total governmental expenses without the Classroom Facilities Capital Grant.

Several revenue sources fund the School District's governmental activities with property tax and State foundation revenues being the largest contributors. Property tax levies generated \$1,508,049 in fiscal year 2012. General revenues from grants and entitlements, such as the school foundation program, generated \$2,461,960. These two revenue sources represent 66.4% of total governmental revenue excluding the capital grants and contributions of \$15,777.

Real estate property is reappraised every six years. Hardin County had its triennial update in calendar year 2012. Although historical growth has had a positive effect on the School District's tax base, the full tax revenue impact has not been realized due to H.B. 920. This state law, enacted in 1976, does not allow for revenue increases caused by inflationary growth of real property values. Increases in valuation prompt corresponding annual reductions in the "effective millage", the tax rates applied to real property. Thus, although the School District tax valuation continues to grow, this built-in revenue limitation requires the School District to request additional school operating revenue by placing a levy on the ballot every three to five years, on average.

The DeRolph III court case decisions have not eliminated the local dependence on property taxes. This factor continues to be a situation the School District has to deal with in providing funding for the program offering of the School District.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants attributable to those services. Instruction costs comprise 51.2% of governmental program expenses.

The School District's Funds

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The total revenues and other financing sources for governmental funds were \$6,100,633 and total expenditures were \$5,676,211. The School District revenues exceeded the expenditures by \$424,081.

The School District's General Fund balance increased by \$494,213. The increase from last year can be attributed primarily to the overall decrease in overall expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the School District's General Fund.

During fiscal year 2012, the School District amended its General Fund balance. Budget revisions are presented to the Board of Education for approval. This year amendments were considered routine.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate was \$4,898,600, which was higher than the original revenue estimate of \$4,606,233. Actual revenue on the budget basis was \$4,892,908.

The original expenditures estimate of \$4,563,655 was increased to \$4,633,464. The actual expenditures were \$4,517,606.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets-At the end of fiscal year 2012, the School District had \$14,326,487 invested in land, buildings, equipment and vehicles, net of \$4,402,495 accumulated depreciation. The table below shows a comparison of fiscal year 2012 to 2011.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	Governmental Type Activities				
		2012	2011		
Land	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	
Land Improvements		107,998		89,964	
Buildings and Improvements		13,895,271		14,127,054	
Furniture and Equipment		235,560		212,124	
Vehicles		67,658		87,784	
Total Capital Assets	\$	14,326,487	\$	14,536,926	

Long Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2012, the School District has \$4,254,347 in long-term liabilities. School Improvement Bonds, a capital lease and vested compensated absences are the only long-term liabilities with \$103,261 due within one year. Table 4 summarizes long-term liabilities and shows a comparison to fiscal year 2011.

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Long Term Liabilities at Fiscal Year End		Governmental Activities 2012		Governmental Activities 2011		
School Improvement Bonds, 4.6%, Mature 2036 Capital Lease Payable Compensated Absences Payable (Vested Severance)	\$	3,345,000 865,216 44,131	\$	3,410,000 895,001 113,692		
Total	\$	4,254,347	\$	4,418,693		

The School District faces many challenges in the future. As the preceding information shows, the School District relies heavily upon grants and entitlements and property taxes. Another challenge facing the School District is the future of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward schools districts with little property tax wealth. On December 11, 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court issued an opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. Since then, the Ohio Supreme Court has relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding plan that is thorough and efficient. The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

Due to the unsettled issues in Ohio public school funding, district management is required to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs in the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need financial information contact, Mr. Wes Potter, Treasurer of Hardin Northern Local School District, 11589 State Route 81, Dola, Ohio 45835.

Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2012

	vernmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,420,209
Receivables:	
Property Taxes	1,334,820
Intergovernmental	81,115
Income Tax	463,445
Prepaid Items	50,219
Inventory Held for Resale	4,286
Restricted Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	17,316
Land	20,000
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	14,306,487
Total Assets	19,697,897
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	27,798
Accrued Wages	306,647
Intergovernmental Payable	112,944
Accrued Interest Payable	12,143
Deferred Revenue	969,977
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	103,261
Due in More Than One Year	4,151,086
Total Liabilities	5,683,856
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,116,271
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	120,757
Capital Projects	304,593
Other Purposes	272,940
Unrestricted	 3,199,480
Total Net Assets	\$ 14,014,041

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

				Progr	am Revenues	S			let (Expense) nue and Changes
	Expenses				Gr	Capital Grants and Contributions		in Net Assets Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities:	Expenses		and bares		nuroutions	Con	tiroutions		retivities
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 2,321,618	\$	473,872	\$	64,874	\$	1.735	\$	(1,781,137)
Special	402,551		62,049		135,595	·	-	·	(204,907)
Vocational	207,626		-		_		_		(207,626)
Support Services:	,.								(,,
Pupils	163,895		_		_		_		(163,895)
Instructional Staff	140,113		_		135,824		_		(4,289)
Board of Education	35,012		_		-		_		(35,012)
Administration	626,939		_		_		_		(626,939)
Fiscal	215,262		_		_		789		(214,473)
Central	503		_		_		-		(503)
Operation and Maintenance	408,597		_		17,415		13,253		(377,929)
Pupil Transportation	203,481		_		_		-		(203,481)
Operation of Non-Instructional	145,422		83,450		93,897		_		31,925
Extracurricular Activities	205,793		-		-		_		(205,793)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	444,914		_		_		_		(444,914)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	200,340								(200,340)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,722,066	\$	619,371	\$	447,605	\$	15,777		(4,639,313)
	General Revenue Taxes:		. 16. 6	1.5					1.155.045
	Property Taxe								1,166,847
	Property Taxe								21,124
	Property Taxe					nt			201,508
	Property Taxe								118,570
	Income Taxes, Levied for General Purposes								931,548
	Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Purposes								2,461,960
	Unrestricted Inve								2,702
	Gain on Sale of O	Capii	al Assets						341
	Miscellaneous								10,526
	Total General Re	evenu	ies						4,915,126
	Change in Net A	ssets							275,813
	Net Assets, June	30, 2	2011						13,738,228
	Net Assets, June	30, 2	2012					\$	14,014,041

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General Fund	 Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,794,074	\$ 626,135	\$	3,420,209	
Receivables:					
Taxes	1,130,919	203,901		1,334,820	
Intergovernmental	-	81,115		81,115	
Income Taxes	463,445	-		463,445	
Prepaid Items	45,678	4,541		50,219	
Inventory for Resale	-	4,286		4,286	
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	 17,316	 <u>-</u> _		17,316	
Total Assets	\$ 4,451,432	\$ 919,978	\$	5,371,410	
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Accounts Payable	\$ 23,978	\$ 3,820	\$	27,798	
Accrued Wages	279,016	27,631		306,647	
Intergovernmental Payable	106,762	6,182		112,944	
Deferred Revenue	1,053,221	221,061		1,274,282	
Total Liabilities	1,462,977	258,694		1,721,671	
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	45,678	8,827		54,505	
Restricted	249,496	688,631		938,127	
Assigned	33,174	· -		33,174	
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,660,107	(36,174)		2,623,933	
Total Fund Balances	2,988,455	661,284		3,649,739	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,451,432	\$ 919,978	\$	5,371,410	

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 3,649,739
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	14,326,487
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current	
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Deferred Revenue-Property Taxes	70,392
Deferred Revenue-Intergovernmental Grants	79,431
Deferred Revenue-Income Taxes	154,482
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
School Improvement Bonds Payable	(3,345,000)
Capital Lease Payable	(865,216)
Accrued Interest Payable	(12,143)
Compensated Absences Payable	 (44,131)
	\$ 14 014 041

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

		General	Co	Other Governmental		Total overnmental
		Fund	GU	Funds	Funds	
Revenues:		Tund		Tulius		Tunus
Property and Other Taxes	\$	1,167,246	\$	341,202	\$	1,508,448
Income Taxes	Ψ	922,795	Ψ	3-11,202	Ψ	922,795
Intergovernmental		2,429,627		606,823		3,036,450
Investment Income		2,656		46		2,702
Tuition		458,252				458,252
Extracurricular Activities		-30,232		62,049		62,049
Charges for Services		_		83,450		83,450
Classroom Materials and Fees		15,620		03,430		15,620
Miscellaneous		3,721		6,805		10,526
Wiscentineous		3,721		0,003		10,320
Total Revenue		4,999,917		1,100,375		6,100,292
Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Regular		2,393,579		34,075		2,427,654
Special		192,443		210,108		402,551
Vocational		221,635		-		221,635
Support Services:						
Pupils		160,691		3,204		163,895
Instructional Staff		107,975		34,895		142,870
Board of Education		35,012		-		35,012
Administration		455,765		173,655		629,420
Fiscal		205,562		10,886		216,448
Operation and Maintenance		396,125		39,273		435,398
Pupil Transportation		203,212		-		203,212
Central		503		-		503
Operation of Non-Instructional		-		150,651		150,651
Extracurricular Activities		133,543		74,174		207,717
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		143,882		143,882
Debt Service:						
Principal Payments		-		94,785		94,785
Interest and Fiscal Charges				200,578		200,578
Total Expenditures		4,506,045		1,170,166		5,676,211
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		493,872		(69,791)		424,081
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		341		_		341
r rocceds from bale of Capital Assets		341				341
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		341				341
Net Change in Fund Balance		494,213		(69,791)		424,422
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		2,494,242		731,075		3,225,317
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	2,988,455	\$	661,284	\$	3,649,739

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds		\$	424,422
Amounts reported in governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was over (under) depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	\$ 278,689 (489,128)	-	(210,439)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property Taxes	\$ (399)		
Income Taxes	8,753		
Intergovernmental Grants	(111,108)		(102,754)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond Principal Retirement Lease Purchase Principal Payment			65,000 29,785
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on on an outstanding note, whereas in governmental funds, an			
interest expenditure is reported when due.			238
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences and do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as exenditures in governmental funds.			50.75
Compensated Absences			69,561
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	275,813

Hardin Northern School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$ 910,600	\$ 1,077,691	\$ 1,077,691	\$ -
Income Taxes	857,372	905,289	905,289	-
Intergovernmental	2,437,156	2,442,953	2,429,627	(13,326)
Investment Income	2,500	2,517	2,708	191
Tuition	387,830	458,252	458,252	-
Classroom Materials and Fees	7,775	8,898	15,620	6,722
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	3,721	721
Total Revenue	4,606,233	4,898,600	4,892,908	(5,692)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,339,018	2,393,516	2,385,280	8,236
Special	269,307	208,671	197,669	11,002
Vocational	190,630	249,302	240,569	8,733
Support Services:	,		· ·	,
Pupils	164,810	164,810	160,533	4,277
Instructional Staff	111,333	108,915	107,187	1,728
Board of Education	54,413	56,075	35,332	20,743
Administration	463,628	471,892	454,443	17,449
Fiscal	218,546	218,546	206,888	11,658
Operation and Maintenance	415,150	409,812	392,815	16,997
Pupil Transportation	211,620	217,137	202,398	14,739
Operation of Non-Instructional	800	800	503	297
Extracurricular Activities	124,400	133,988	133,989	(1)
Total Expenditures	4,563,655	4,633,464	4,517,606	115,858
Total Expenditures	4,303,033	4,033,404	4,517,000	113,030
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	42,578	265,136	375,302	110,166
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	341	341
Transfer Out	(49,000)	(59,053)	-	59,053
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(49,000)	(59,053)	341	59,394
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Uses	(6,422)	206,083	375,643	169,560
Fund Balances (Deficit) at				
Beginning of Year	2,330,143	2,330,143	2,330,143	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	72,430	72,430	72,430	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 2,396,151	\$ 2,608,656	\$ 2,778,216	\$ 169,560

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2012

	Agency		
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	39,691	
Total Current Assets		39,691	
Total Assets	\$	39,691	
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to Students	\$	39,691	
Total Liabilities	\$	39,691	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Private Purpose Trust		
	Scho	larship		
Additions: Other Operating Revenue	\$			
Total Additions		-		
Deductions Other Operating Expenses		307		
Total Deductions		307		
Change in Net Assets		(307)		
Net Assets Beginning of Year		307		
Net Assets End of Year	\$	_		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 -- DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Hardin Northern Local School District (School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1952. The School District serves an area of approximately eighty-eight miles. It is located in Hardin and Hancock Counties and includes all of Blanchard and Washington Townships and portions of Pleasant, Cessna, Van Buren and Jackson Townships. It is staffed by forty certificated employees and nineteen non-certificated personnel who provide services to four hundred ninety students and other community members. Local school districts are supervised by the county board of education, a separate entity.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financials are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Hardin Northern Local School District, this includes general operation, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Components units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. There are no component units of the School District.

The School District participates in six jointly governed organizations and three insurance pools, and is associated with a related organization. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization, Apollo Career Center, West Central Regional Professional Development Center, Hardin County Schools Consortium Local Professional Development Committee, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center, Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust, and the Hardin Northern Public Library. These organizations are discussed in Notes 17, 18, and 19 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between each function and program revenues of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting Funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a single column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The General Fund is the School District's major governmental fund:

Major Governmental Fund

The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust, which accounts for a scholarship program for students, which presently has no funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Monies are due to students for activities they have participated in.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases and decreases in net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and others financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government activities and governmental funds.

The private purpose trust is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within thirty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Revenues (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used of the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are meant are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level within each fund and function.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, savings accounts, money markets, and STAR Ohio. Except for investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase is reported at cost or amortized cost.

The School District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2012. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$2,656.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

G. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalent Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish budget stabilization and capital maintenance. The budget reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The capital maintenance reserve is required to be spent only on capital expenditures to maintain school property and equipment. At fiscal year end, restricted assets totaled \$17,316.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2012, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financial statements, inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in/first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories consist of donated food and purchased food and are expensed when used.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets generally resulting from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500 dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful live of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	15
Buildings and Improvements	40
Furniture and Equipment	10
Vehicles	10

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all vested employees.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund statements only to the extent they will be paid with current, expendable, available resources. In general, payments made within thirty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amounts of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposed imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses establishes by the School District Board of Education.

Unassigned: Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposed for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Fund Balances Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, textbooks and budget stabilization in the governmental funds. The principal amount of the private purpose trust endowments is reserved in the fiduciary funds.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statue. The reserve for budget stabilization, capital maintenance, and textbooks represents money required to be set-aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenue and expenditures.

P. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 3 -- BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are the following:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance:	General	
Budget Basis	\$	375,643
Adjustments:		
Revenue:		
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals		107,009
Expenditure accruals:		
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals		(21,613)
Encumbrances		33,174
GAAP Basis	\$	494,213

NOTE 4 -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes require the classification of monies held by the School District into three categories:

Active Deposits are those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near-cash" status for immediate use by the School District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) account, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive Deposits are those monies not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim Deposits are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes or any other obligation or security issued by the United State Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principle and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and the Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchased agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreements by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code;
- 6. The State Treasurer's Investment pool;

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of Hardin Northern Local School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

At fiscal year end June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$272,677 and the bank balance was \$352,991. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure," as of June 30, 2012, \$352,991 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at the Federal Reserve Banks or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secure.

Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the School District's investments total \$3,204,539 and consisted of the following:

			Investment Maturities				
			Less than	From 7 to	From 13 to		
Investments	Fair Value	Percent	1 to 6 months	12 months	18 months		
STAROHIO	3,204,539	100.00%	3,204,539	-	-		
	\$ 3,204,539	100.00%	\$ 3,204,539	\$ -	\$ -		

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the School District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The School District's investments were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 5 -- PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes for 2012 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real property taxes for 2012 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2011, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value and are payable on the same date as real property taxes described previously.

The School District receives property taxes from Hardin and Hancock Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 -- PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property and public utility property which were measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. For the governmental fund financial statements, the receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2012 First Half Collections				2011 First			
				Half Collections				
	An	nount	Percent	An	nount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residential/Commercial	\$	61,776,300	96.31%	\$	48,282,770	95.44%		
Public Utility		2,368,130	3.69%		2,304,400	4.56%		
Total Assessed Value	\$	64,144,430	100.00%	\$	50,587,170	100.00%		
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	42.25		\$	43.25			

NOTE 6 – INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of 134% for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1991, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 7 -- RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012, consisted of taxes, interest, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlement and shared revenues. All receivables are considered collectable in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

Receivables	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental Activities:	
School Income Taxes Total Income Taxes Receivable	\$ 463,445 463,445
Property Taxes:	
General: Current Delinquent Total General Fund	1,075,352 <u>55,567</u> 1,130,919
Debt Service: Current Delinquent Total Debt Service	113,170 <u>9,161</u> 122,331
Permanent Improvement: Current Delinquent Total Permanent Improvement	65,065 4,783 69,848
Ohio State Classroom Facilities: Current Delinquent Total Ohio Classroom Facilities	10,841 <u>880</u> <u>11,721</u>
Total Property Tax Receivable	\$1,334,820
Intergovernmental:	
High Schools that Work Rest Grant Fed from State REAP Title IIA Title I Total Intergovernmental Receivables	1,455 54,820 3,471 372 20,997 81,115
Total Governmental Activities	\$1,879,380

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/11 Additions		ditions Dods		ctions	Balance 06/30/12		
Governmental Activities		00/30/11	Additions Additions		Deduc	cuons		00/30/12
Land	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,000
Land Improvements		241,299		34,156		-		275,455
Buildings and Improvements		16,011,110		142,180		-		16,153,290
Furniture and Equipment		1,576,759		102,353		-		1,679,112
Vehicles		601,125						601,125
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	18,450,293	\$	278,689	\$	-	\$	18,728,982
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements	\$	151,335	\$	16,122	\$	-	\$	167,457
Buildings and Improvements		1,884,056		373,963		-		2,258,019
Furniture and Equipment		1,364,635		78,917		-		1,443,552
Vehicles		513,341		20,126				533,467
Total Accumulated Depreciation		3,913,367		489,128				4,402,495
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	14,536,926	\$	(210,439)	\$		\$	14,326,487

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 10,712
Vocational	503
Support Service:	
Administration	360
Fiscal	712
Operation and Maintenance	6,998
Operation of Non-Instructional	1,842
Extracurricular Activities	2,219
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	465,782
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 489,128

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 -- RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following amount is reflected on the Statement of Net Assets:

Assets:

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents:

General Fund:

BWC Refunds \$\frac{17,316}{2000}\$
Total Governmental Activities Restricted Assets \$\frac{17,316}{2000}\$

NOTE 10 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Insurance Coverage

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2012, the School District contracted with the Schools of Risk Sharing Authority for the following insurance coverage.

Buildings and Contents - replacement cost \$22,281,490

General Liability:

 Per Occurrence
 12,000,000

 Aggregate
 14,000,000

 Vehicle Liability
 12,000,000

 Uninsured Motorist
 1,000,000

 Public Employee Dishonesty
 100,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the School District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 -- RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

C. Employee Health Benefits

The School District participates in the Hardin County Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust (the Trust), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of six school districts, the Hardin County Educational Service Center, and the Ada Public Library. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

NOTE 11 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to State Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to State Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohser.org under *Forms and Publications*.

For the fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District was required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocated the current employer contribution rate among four funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year ending 2011, it was determined the employer contribution rate to the pension and death benefits to be 11.81%. The remaining 2.19% of the 14% employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal year June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 was \$91,002, \$95,007 and \$61,568.

B. State Teachers Retirement Systems

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

Plan Options – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB. In the Combined Plan, the member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement Systems (Continued)

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – The member allocates Member contributions, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio' public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offer by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65 once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependent. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio Law health care benefits are not guaranteed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement Systems (Continued)

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC, or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contributions rate are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations for the fiscal years 2012, 2011, and 2010 was \$283,960, \$298,486 and \$295,304; 85.2 percent has been contributed for fiscal year June 30, 2012 and 100.0 has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 2010. \$42,161 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2012. The balance outstanding is reflected as an intergovernmental payable.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Copies of STRS Ohio 2011 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report will be available after December 31, 2011. Additional information or copies of STRS Ohio's 2011 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Board St., Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling toll-free (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

NOTE 12 -- POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two post-employment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the less of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40; SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially required allocation was .76%. The School District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$4,293, \$4,443 and \$4,296. 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011, and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 -- POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Health Care Plan

ORS 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's PPO's and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORS provides the authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105 (e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the health care allocation was 1.43%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$16,162, \$9,691 and \$41,042, respectively.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800)878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under **Employers/Audit Resources**.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of a Defined Benefit, a self-directed Defined Contribution, and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of Defined Benefit Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to the 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting www.strsoh.org or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 -- POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contribution rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care. The 14% employer contribution rate is the maximum rate establish under Ohio Law. The School District contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$21,841, \$22,960, and \$22,716. 85.2 percent has been contributed for the fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent has been contributed for the fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTE 13 -- OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators, who are not on a twelve-month contract, do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to two hundred fifteen days for classified employees and two hundred thirty-four days for certified employees. The maximum amount of days to be paid at retirement is based upon the total years of service at the time of retirement.

B. Health Care Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to most employees through the Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2012, none of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 -- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year consist of the following:

	Principal			Principal	Due
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Within
	06/30/11	Additions	Reductions	06/30/12	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
School Improvement Bond, 4.46%					
Matures 12/1/2036	\$ 3,410,000	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$3,345,000	\$ 65,000
Capital Lease Payable, 5.625%					
Matures 6/1/2029	895,001	-	29,785	865,216	31,485
Compensated Absences	113,692		69,561	44,131	6,776
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,418,693	\$ -	\$ 164,346	\$4,254,347	\$ 103,261

In December 2007, the School District issued a general obligation School Improvement Bond Anticipation Note for the purpose of paying the local share of school construction under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program, together with other improvements to school facilities, equipment, furnishings, site improvement, and all necessary appurtenances. The note was paid off by the issuance of a School Improvement Bond. The bond was issued on February 26, 2009 at a rate of 4.46% and will mature on December 1, 2036.

In July 2009, the School District issued a Capital Lease Purchase Agreement with U.S. Bank National Association in the amount of \$950,000 for construction and improvements to school facilities including earth works, paving, landscaping, site improvements, equipment and furnishings. The initial term of the lease is from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011 with one year renewal terms until June 1, 2029.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$2,548,756 with an unvoted debt margin of \$64,144 at June 30, 2012.

The following is a summary of the School District's future annual debt service requirements for long-term debt:

	School Improvement Bonds, Series 2008		Capital Le	ase Payable	Totals		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2013	65,000	147,738	31,485	48,241	96,485	195,979	
2014	70,000	144,727	33,281	46,445	103,281	191,172	
2015	75,000	141,494	35,180	44,546	110,180	186,040	
2016	80,000	138,038	37,186	42,540	117,186	180,578	
2017	85,000	134,357	39,307	40,419	124,307	174,776	
2018-2022	500,000	608,787	232,835	165,792	732,835	774,579	
2023-2027	640,000	482,347	307,263	91,367	947,263	573,714	
2028-2032	795,000	322,791	148,679	10,611	943,679	333,402	
2033-2037	1,035,000	122,764			1,035,000	122,764	
	\$ 3,345,000	\$ 2,243,043	\$ 865,216	\$ 489,961	\$4,210,216	\$ 2,733,004	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 – FUND BALANCES

	Nonmajor						
	General		Gov	Governmental			
Fund Balances	Fund		Funds		Total		
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$	-	\$	4,286	\$	4,286	
Prepaid Items		45,678		4,541		50,219	
Total Nonspendable	45,678			8,827		54,505	
Restricted for:							
Athletics and Music		-		5,686		5,686	
Teacher Development		-		267		267	
Reading K-3	-			4,956		4,956	
Special Education	-			7,138		7,138	
Principals		-		2,659		2,659	
Capital Maintenance		-		139,982		139,982	
BWC Refunds		17,316		-		17,316	
Food Service Operations		-		10,904		10,904	
Debt Service Payments		-		159,129		159,129	
Taxes Unappropriated	2	32,180		-		232,180	
Capital Improvements		-		357,910		357,910	
Total Restricted	2	49,496		688,631		938,127	
Assigned to:							
Other Purposes		33,174		-		33,174	
Total Assigned		33,174		-		33,174	
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,6	60,107		(36,174)		,623,933	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,9	88,455	\$	661,284	\$ 3,	,649,739	

NOTE 16 -- SET ASIDES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. In addition, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. For fiscal year 2012, only the portion of the budget stabilization from certain Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds whose use is restricted by S.B. 345 continues to be set-aside at fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 16 -- SET ASIDES (Continued)

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for capital improvements and Bureau of Worker's Compensation refunds during fiscal year 2012:

		Гехtbook Reserve	M	Capital aintenance Reserve	Con	u of Workers npensation Refunds	Total
Balance, June 30, 2011	\$	157,273	\$	-	\$	17,316	\$ 174,589
Required Set-Aside		-		83,175		· -	83,175
Reclassified persuent to S.B. 30		(157,273)		-		_	(157,273)
Qualifying Expenditures		<u> </u>		(83,175)			(83,175)
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,316	\$ 17,316
Amount Carried Forward to Fiscal	Year	2012					\$ 17,316

Effective July 1, 2011, House Bill 30, the "Unfunded Mandates Relief Act", eliminates the requirement that school districts annually set aside an amount per pupil into a textbook and instructional materials fund.

The School District had qualifying disbursements that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount below zero. This excess may not be carried forward to offset future year set-aside requirements. The School District also had prior year capital expenditures from bond and note proceeds that may be used to offset future set-aside requirements, if needed.

NOTE 17 -- JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The School District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a computer consortium. WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, and Shelby Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. This organization is governed by a board of directors consisting of 14 members: the superintendent of the fiscal agent Shelby County Education Service Center, two superintendents from each county that is represented, one treasurer representative from the School Districts, student services representative from the school districts, and a non-voting independent district representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained from the Director, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

B. Apollo Career Center

The Apollo Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio, which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Apollo Joint Vocational School, 3325 Shawnee Road, Lima, Ohio 45806.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 17 -- JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. West Central Regional Professional Development Center

The West Central Regional Professional Development Center (the Center) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts in Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties. The organization was formed to establish an articulated regional structure for professional development in which school districts, the business community, higher education, and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvements in instructional programs.

The Center is governed by a fifty-two member board made up of representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Hancock County Educational Service Center, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

D. Hardin County Schools Consortium Local Professional Development Committee

The Hardin County Schools Consortium Local Professional Development Committee (the Consortium) is an association of five school districts within Hardin County. The Consortium was formed to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The governing board of the Consortium consists of fifteen members, eight of which are teachers and seven of which are administrators. Financial information can be obtained from the Hardin County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 1211 West Lima Street, Kenton, Ohio 43326.

E. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

F. The State Support Team 6

The State Support Team 6 (SST6) is a special education service center, which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly governed organization was formed to ensure every child has equal access to participate in high quality education and opportunity to progress toward grade level indicators that represent the state of Ohio's high academic expectations about what students should know and be able to do.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 18 -- INSURANCE POOL

A. Ohio Association of School Business Official's Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Official's Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Official's (OASBO) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a four member Board of Directors consisting of the President, Vice-President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OASBO. The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust

The Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust (the Trust) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of six school districts, the Hardin County Educational Service Center, and the Ada Public Library. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c) (9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee, which advises the Trustee, Ohio Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Rick Combs, Director, 9525 Township Road 50, Dola, Ohio 45835.

NOTE 19 -- RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Hardin Northern Public Library is a distinct subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Hardin Northern Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Hardin Northern Public Library, Clerk/Treasurer, P.O. Box 114, 153 North Main Street, Dunkirk, Ohio 45836.

NOTE 20 -- STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..." The School District currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 21 -- COMMITMENTS

The District's encumbrance policy is for fiscal year end individual encumbrances exceeding \$100 to be considered significant encumbrances. All encumbrances are classified as either Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund or as Restricted Fund Balance in the non-major funds.

A. Encumbrances

Significant encumbrances as of June 30th were:

Fund		Assigned		stricted	Total	
Major Governmental Funds:						
General	\$	33,174	\$	-	\$	33,174
Non-major Governmental Funds				26,174		26,174
	\$	33,174	\$	26,174	\$	59,348

NOTE 22 -- CONTIGENT LIABILITIES

A. Review of Statewide Attendance Data

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

B. Grants

The School District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2012.

C. Litigation

The School District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 23 --FUND DEFICITS

Fund balances at June 30, 2012, included the following individual fund deficits:

Special Revenue Funds:

Ohio Ed Jobs	\$ 14,171
Title I	\$ 11,931
Title VIR	\$ 1,606
Miscellaneous Grants	\$ 4,080

The special revenue funds' deficit balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The General Fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

www.perrycpas.com

MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056 (740) 373-2402 Fax <u>PARKERSBURG</u> 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 (304) 428-5587 Fax ST. CLAIRSVILLE 121 E. Main Street St. Clairsville, OH 43950 (740) 695-1569 (740) 695-5775 Fax

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 20, 2012

Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County 11589 St. Rt. 81 Dola, Ohio 45835

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Hardin Northern Local School District**, Hardin County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report dated December 20, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Hardin Northern Local School District
Hardin County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and others within the School District. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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HARDIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 26, 2013