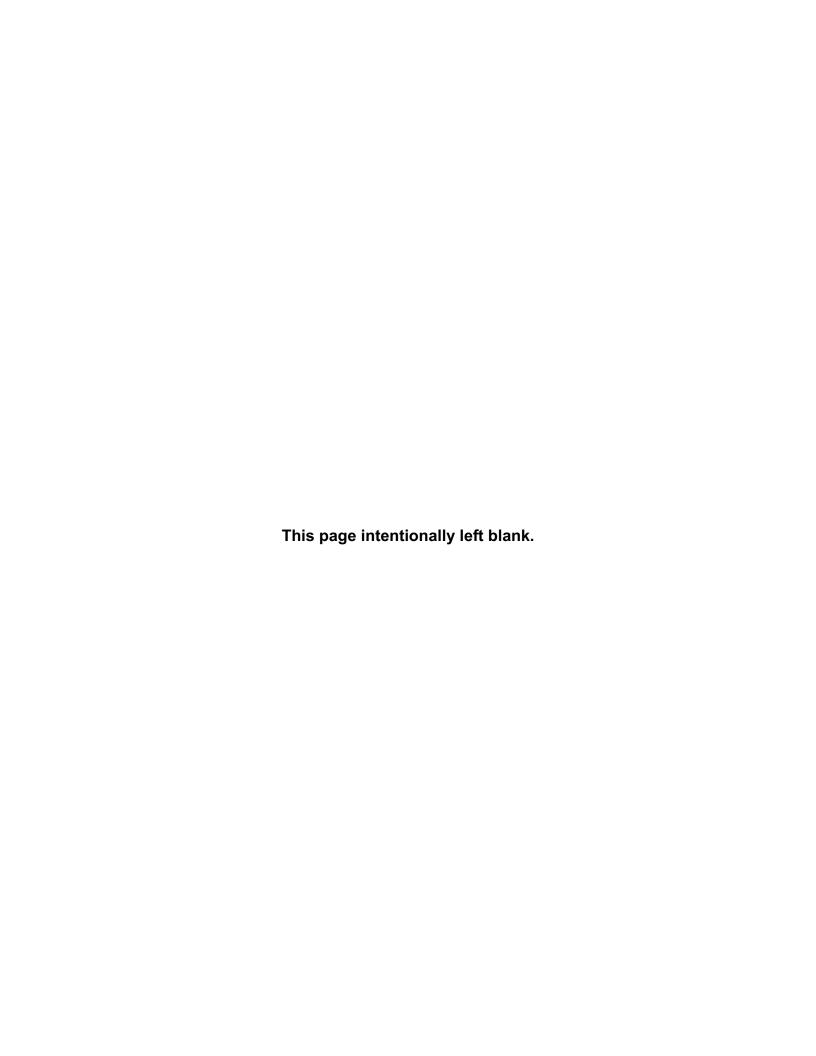




GEAUGA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER GEAUGA COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Geauga County Educational Service Center Geauga County 470 Center Street, Building #2 Chardon, Ohio 44024

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Geauga County Educational Service Center, Geauga County, Ohio, (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the Service Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Service Center's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Geauga County Educational Service Center, Geauga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Miscellaneous Grants Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2004, the Service Center implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2005 on our consideration of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Geauga County Educational Service Center Geauga County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

January 26, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Geauga County Educational Service Center's (the "Educational Service Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Educational Service Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Educational Service Center's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the Educational Service Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for 2004 are as follows:

- A presentation of financial information under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34 "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments". Some analysis with prior year data cannot be generated by definition since this is the first year of presentation.
- In total, net assets decreased by \$41,870.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$5,861,989 in 2004. Of this total, 39 percent consisted of General revenues while Program revenues accounted for the balance of 61 percent.
- Program expenses totaled \$5,903,859. Instructional expenses made up 34 percent of this total while support services accounted for 66 percent.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Geauga Educational Service Center as a financial whole, or an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole Educational Service Center, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Educational Service Center's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Geauga Educational Service Center, the general fund by far is the most significant fund.

Reporting the Service Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the Educational Service Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Educational Service Center as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2004?" The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* answers this question. These statements include all Non-Fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 Unaudited

These two statements report the Educational Service Center's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Educational Service Center as a whole, the financial position of the Educational Service Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not.

Effective with this fiscal year, the *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* are represented by one type of activity; Governmental Activities. The Educational Service Center's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the Educational Service Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Educational Service Center's major fund begins on page 7. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Educational Service Center's major funds. The Educational Service Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Educational Service Center's most significant funds. The Educational Service Center's major governmental funds are the general fund and miscellaneous grant funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Educational Service Center's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Educational Service Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The Educational Service Center as a Whole

You may recall that the *Statement of Net Assets* provides the perspective of the Educational Service Center as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Educational Service Center's net assets for 2004 compared to 2003:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 Unaudited

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2004	2003	
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$1,082,138	\$1,019,970	
Capital Assets, Net	55,509	41,554	
Total Assets	1,137,647	1,061,524	
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	526,748	452,294	
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	16,151	3,777	
Due in More than One Year	243,647	212,482	
Total Liabilities	786,546	668,553	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	55,509	41,554	
Restricted for Other Purposes	82,107	131,790	
Unrestricted	213,485	219,627	
Total Net Assets	\$351,101	\$392,971	

Total assets increased by \$76,123. Current and Other Assets increased by \$62,168. The increase is attributed to an increase in collections from tuition and fees and customer service charges. Liabilities increased by \$117,993 mostly as a result of an increase in accrued wages and benefits associated with them.

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the Educational Service Center improved as evidenced by increased assets and minimal change in net assets.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2004. Since this is the first year the Educational Service Center has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement 34, revenue and expense comparisons to fiscal year 2003 are not available. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 Unaudited

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2004
Revenues	
Program Revenues: Charges for Services	\$3,017,591
Operating Grants and Contributions	561,693
Total Program Revenues	3,579,284
General Revenues:	
Grants and Entitlements	2,263,841
Investments	5,463
Investments	13,401
Total General Revenues	2,282,345
Total Revenues	5,861,989
Program Expenses	
Instruction	
Regular	171,794
Special	1,784,958
Adult/Continuing	33,485
Support Services:	
Pupil	1,952,651
Instructional Staff	1,191,947
Board of Education	20,124
Administration	423,200
Fiscal	144,896
Business	83,254
Operation and Maintenance	27,847
Pupil Transportation	10,059
Central	59,644
Total Program Expenses	5,903,859
Decrease in Net Assets	(41,870)
Net Assets Beginning of Year – Restated	392,971
Net Assets End of Year	\$351,101

Governmental Activities

A review of Table 2 reinforces the concept of sound fiscal management in the government sector generating an increase in excess of revenues over expenditures. The categories of revenues and expenses are subject to interpretation and reclassification. Regardless, the bottom line is the same. Prior year comparison is not available due to the initial year implementation of this accounting presentation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 Unaudited

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. The \$2,324,575 Net Cost of Services 2004, tells the reader that these services are not self-supporting, but are supported by unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services
	2004	2004
Instruction:		
Regular	\$171,794	(\$26,774)
Special	1,784,958	(1,198,587)
Adult/Continuing	33,485	(8,216)
Support Services:		
Pupil	1,952,651	(479,595)
Instructional Staff	1,191,947	(108,411)
Board of Education	20,124	(20,124)
Administration	423,200	(202,727)
Fiscal	144,896	(144,896)
Business	83,254	(83,254)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	27,847	(8,080)
Pupil Transportation	10,059	(122)
Central	59,644	(43,789)
Total	\$5,903,859	(\$2,324,575)

The Educational Service Center's Funds

Information regarding the Educational Service Center's major funds can be found on page 21 of the notes to the basic financial statements. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$5,861,989 and expenditures of \$5,856,126. The General Fund balance increased \$53,684 primarily due to increased collections in customer sales and services revenue.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Educational Service Center's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2004, the Educational Service Center amended its general fund budget, but not significantly. Many of the amendments are due to changes in program attendance, client-district needs and capital improvement decisions. The general fund is often called upon to advance funds to one project or another. During the course of the fiscal year federal and state grants will be awarded or material changes in existing grants will require a budgetary modification.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 Unaudited

For the general fund, the original budget basis revenue estimate totaled \$4,475,627 compared to the final budget basis revenue estimate of \$5,321,002. The increase can be attributed to increased collection from customers sales and services revenues. The final budget basis expenditures estimate totaled \$5,516,502 compared to original estimates of \$5,026,565. The increase in the budget can be attributed to increased services provided to the participating school districts.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2004, the Educational Service Center had \$55,509 invested in furniture and fixtures, net of accumulated depreciation. Table 4 shows fiscal 2004 values compared to 2003.

Table 4 Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		
	2004	2003		
Furniture and Fixtures	\$139,959	\$112,071		
Accumulated Deprecation	(84,450)	(70,517)		
Totals	\$55,509	\$41,554		

All capital assets are reported at historical cost. For more information on capital assets refer to Note 9 of the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Related Activities

Geauga Educational Service Center is financially sound. The Board and administration closely monitor its revenue and expenditures in accordance with board policy. The Educational Service Center is committed to serving its local school districts and will continue to do so. While many outside factors can affect the economy, the Educational Service Center is committed to providing the best services possible and to be fiscally responsible now and in the future.

Contacting the Educational Service Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Educational Service Center's finances and to show the Educational Service Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Lorri Petersen, Treasurer, at Geauga Educational Service Center, 470 Center St. Bldg 2, Geauga, Ohio 44024-1068 or call 440-285-2222.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$980,566
Intergovernmental Receivable	97,291
Prepaid Items	4,281
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	55,509
Total Assets	1,137,647
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	5,271
Accrued Wages	423,826
Intergovernmental Payable	97,651
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	16,151
Due in More Than One Year	243,647
Total Liabilities	786,546
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	55,509
Restricted for Other Purposes	82,107
Unrestricted	213,485
Total Net Assets	\$351,101

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Program K	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Instruction:				
Regular	\$171,794	\$145,020	\$0	(\$26,774)
Special	1,784,958	515,852	70,519	(1,198,587)
Adult/Continuing	33,485	0	25,269	(8,216)
Support Services:	22,132	v	20,200	(0,210)
Pupils	1,952,651	1,211,654	261,402	(479,595)
Instructional Staff	1,191,947	997,765	85,771	(108,411)
Board of Education	20,124	0	0	(20,124)
Administration	423,200	147,300	73,173	(202,727)
Fiscal	144,896	0	0	(144,896)
Business	83,254	0	0	(83,254)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	27,847	0	19,767	(8,080)
Pupil Transportation	10,059	0	9,937	(122)
Central	59,644	0	15,855	(43,789)
Totals	\$5,903,859	\$3,017,591	\$561,693	(\$2,324,575)
	General Revenues Grants and Entitleme Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	nts not Restricted to S	pecific Programs	2,263,841 5,463 13,401
	Total General Reve	nues		2,282,705
	Change in Net Asse	rts		(41,870)
	Net Assets Beginnin	ng of Year - Restatea	l (See Note 3)	392,971
	Net Assets End of Y	ear		\$351,101

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

	General Fund	Miscellaneous Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$867,578	\$94,841	\$18,147	\$980,566
Intergovernmental Receivable	91,534	0	5,757	97,291
Interfund Receivable	7,000	0	0	7,000
Prepaid Items	4,281	0	0	4,281
Total Assets	\$970,393	\$94,841	\$23,904	\$1,089,138
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$4,825	\$0	\$446	\$5,271
Accrued Wages and Benefits	410,315	0	13,511	423,826
Interfund Payable	0	0	7,000	7,000
Intergovernmental Payable	67,938	0	2,163	70,101
Total Liabilities	483,078	0	23,120	506,198
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	12,065	5,325	11,506	28,896
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	475,250	0	0	475,250
Special Revenue Funds	0	89,516	(10,722)	78,794
Total Fund Balances	487,315	94,841	784	582,940
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$970,393	\$94,841	\$23,904	\$1,089,138

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2004

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$582,940
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	55,509
Intergovernmental payable includes contractually required pension obligations not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	(27,550)
Long-term compensated absences liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(259,798)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$351,101

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	General Fund	Miscellaneous Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$1,311,176	\$0	\$561,693	\$1,872,869
Interest	5,463	0	0	5,463
Tuition and Fees	266,375	0	0	266,375
Gifts and Donations	11,746	0	0	11,746
Customer Sales and Services	3,694,603	9,278	0	3,703,881
Miscellaneous	1,655	0	0	1,655
Total Revenues	5,291,018	9,278	561,693	5,861,989
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	168,279	0	2,609	170,888
Special	1,636,945	0	135,865	1,772,810
Adult/Continuing	10,926	0	22,559	33,485
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,693,583	0	239,551	1,933,134
Instructional Staff	1,099,284	18,317	76,714	1,194,315
Board of Education	20,124	0	0	20,124
Administration	336,960	0	75,511	412,471
Fiscal	138,111	0	812	138,923
Business	83,254	0	0	83,254
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,907	0	20,940	27,847
Pupil Transportation	0	0	10,059	10,059
Central	42,961	0	15,855	58,816
Total Expenditures	5,237,334	18,317	600,475	5,856,126
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	53,684	(9,039)	(38,782)	5,863
Fund Balances Beginning				
of Year - Restated (See Note 3)	433,631	103,880	39,566	577,077
Fund Balances End of Year	\$487,315	\$94,841	\$784	\$582,940

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$5,863 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital Assets - Additions 27,888 Depreciation (13,933)Total 13,955 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and pension obligations, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. in governmental funds. Pension Contributions (18,149)Compensated Absences (43,539)Total (61,688)

(\$41,870)

Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Over/(Under)	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$1,277,877	\$1,311,176	\$1,311,176	\$0	
Interest	8,750	5,463	5,463	(2.070)	
Tuition and Fees Gifts and Donations	165,500 2,750	269,445 11,746	266,375 11,746	(3,070)	
Customer Sales and Services	3,020,750	3,722,172	3,652,902	(69,270)	
Miscellaneous	0	1,000	1,655	655	
Total Revenues	4,475,627	5,321,002	5,249,317	(71,685)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	244,419	172,396	166,641	5,755	
Special Adult/Gantinging	1,521,027	1,700,897	1,620,383	80,514 5	
Adult/Continuing Support Services:	8,010	10,931	10,926	3	
Pupils	1,643,314	1,731,417	1,676,679	54,738	
Instructional Staff	1,047,980	1,218,448	1,097,746	120,702	
Board of Education	27,555	23,269	20,124	3,145	
Administration	322,074	369,053	329,109	39,944	
Fiscal	141,545	143,621	137,789	5,832	
Business	21,600	87,054	83,337	3,717	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,350	9,580	7,359	2,221	
Central	41,691	49,836	46,137	3,699	
Total Expenditures	5,026,565	5,516,502	5,196,230	320,272	
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(550,938)	(195,500)	53,087	248,587	
Other Financing Sources and Uses					
Transfers In	0	11,177	0	(11,177)	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	1,000	655	0	(655)	
Advances In	14,500	14,500	9,000	(5,500)	
Transfers Out	0	(11,177)	0	11,177	
Advances Out	0	(12,500)	(7,000)	5,500	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	15,500	2,655	2,000	(655)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(535,438)	(192,845)	55,087	247,932	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	789,461	789,461	789,461	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	8,870	8,870	8,870	0	
Fund Balance End of Year					

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted 2	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over/(Under)
Revenues				
Customer Sales and Services	\$15,000	\$9,278	\$9,278	\$0
Total Revenues	15,000	9,278	9,278	0
Expenditures				
Current:				
Support Services:				
Instructional Staff	103,882	113,158	23,642	89,516
Total Expenditures	103,882	113,158	23,642	89,516
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(88,882)	(103,880)	(14,364)	89,516
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	103,880	103,880	103,880	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$14,998	\$0	\$89,516	\$89,516

Geauga County Educational Service Center
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2004

	Investment Trust
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$589,956
Intergovernmental Receivable	130,725
Total Assets	720,681
Liabilities	
Intergovernmental Payable	984
Total Liabilities	984
Net Assets	
Held in Trust for Pool Participants	719,697
Total Net Assets	\$719,697

Geauga County Educational Service Center Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2004

	Investment Trust
Additions Interest	\$5,209
Deductions Distributions to Participants Capital Transactions	9,161 (129,968)
Total Deductions	(120,807)
Change in Net Assets	(115,598)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	835,295
Net Assets End of Year	\$719,697

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Note 1 - Description of the Educational Service Center

The Geauga County Schools' Educational Service Center (the Educational Service Center) and its Governing Board were established in 1914. The first regular meeting of the Governing Board was July 1, 1914. On June 20, 1989, the Educational Service Center was chartered by the State Board of Education. The Educational Service Center supplies supervisory, administrative, technological, and other needed services to local school districts in Geauga County.

The Educational Service Center operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state or federal agencies. The Board controls the Educational Service Center's instructional/support facilities staffed by 49 noncertificated, 67 certificated staff who provide services to 13,690 students through the school districts in Geauga County.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Educational Service Center are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate for the Educational Service Center. For the Educational Service Center, this includes all the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations and related special education, supervisory, administrative and fiscal activities of the Educational Service Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Educational Service Center is financially accountable. The Educational Service Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Educational Service Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Educational Service Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Educational Service Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Educational Service Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or if the Educational Service Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Educational Service Center in that the Educational Service Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The Educational Service Center has no component units.

The Educational Service Center is associated with certain organizations which are defined as jointly governed organizations and an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in note 8 to the basic financial statements. These organizations include the Lake-Geauga Computer Association and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers Compensation Group Rating Program.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governmental units prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources. The Educational Service Center also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB - pronouncements. Explanation of the Educational Service Center's more significant policies follow.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The Educational Service Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Educational Service Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Educational Service Center at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Educational Service Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Educational Service Center, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Educational Service Center.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the Educational Service Center segregates transactions related to certain Educational Service Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Educational Service Center at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The Educational Service Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Educational Service Center functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Educational Service Center are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the Educational Service Center's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

General Fund The general fund is the general operating fund of the Educational Service Center and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Miscellaneous Grants Special Revenue Fund The miscellaneous grants fund accounts for various local programs run by the Educational Service Center funded by various local sources.

The other governmental funds of the Educational Service Center account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Educational Service Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Educational Service Center's own programs. The Educational Service Center has an investment trust fund which is used to account for the activity of the external investment pool for the Lake-Geauga Computer Association. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Educational Service Center has no agency funds

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Educational Service Center are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The investment trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Educational Service Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Educational Service Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Educational Service Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Educational Service Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: grants, investment earnings, tuition, customer services and charges for services, rentals and fees.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Budgetary Data

The Educational Service Center adopts its budget for all funds, other than agency funds. The budget includes the estimated resources and expenditures for each fund and consists of three parts; Part (A) includes entitlement funding from the State, Part (B) includes the cost of all other lawful expenditures of the Educational Service Center (which are apportioned by the State Department of Education to each local board of education under the supervision of the Educational Service Center), and Part (C) includes the adopted appropriation resolution.

The Educational Service Center's Board adopts an annual appropriation resolution which is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The level of control has been established by the Board at the fund, function, object level for the general fund and fund level for all other funds. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within funds.

The estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Educational Service Center Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues by fund. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Educational Service Center is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Educational Service Center records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2004, investments were limited to Certificates of Deposit, and STAR Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Except for investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair market value which is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at cost or amortized cost.

The Educational Service Center invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve ("STAR Ohio") during fiscal year 2004. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2004.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Under existing Ohio statutes, the Governing Board may, by resolution, identify the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. During fiscal year 2004, the general fund received interest earned in the amount of \$5,463 and the private purpose trust received interest earned in the amount of \$5,209.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2004, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

H. Capital Assets

The Educational Service Center's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District's capitalization threshold is \$500. The Educational Service Center does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the useful lives for furniture and fixtures of five to ten years.

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Educational Service Center will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. The liability is based on an estimate of the amount of accumulated sick leave that will be paid as a termination benefit.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements or fiduciary fund net assets.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year.

L. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The Educational Service Center records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available spendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations for expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the School District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2004.

Note 3 – Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2004, the Educational Service Center has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments"; GASB No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", GASB No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", and GASB Interpretation No. 41, "Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences", and GASB Interpretation No. 6 "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements." At June 30, 2004, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB statement 41.

GASB Statement No. 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the Educational Service Center's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

On the government-wide financial statements, the beginning net asset amount for governmental programs reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2003, caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

GASB Statement No. 37 clarifies certain provisions of Statement No. 34, including the required content of the Management Discussion and Analysis, the classification of program revenues and the criteria for determining major funds. GASB Statement No. 38 modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement note disclosures.

GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice.

B. Restatement of Fund Balance

The new standards for reporting fund obligations for compensated absences in Interpretation 6 caused changes in previously reported fund balances. The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 3 – Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance (continued)

B. Restatement of Fund Balance (continued)

		Miscellaneous		
-	General	<u>Grants</u>	_Nonmaior_	Total
Fund Balance June 30, 2003	\$430,138	\$103,880	\$39,566	\$573,584
GASB 6 Compensated Absences	3,493	0	0	3,493
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2003	\$433,631	\$103,880	\$39,566	577,077
GASB 34 Adjustments:				
Capital Assets				41,554
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Pension Obligations				(9,401)
Compensated Absences				(216,259)
Governmental Activities Net Assets,				\$392,971

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the Educational Service Center is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis), All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity-Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Proprietary Fund Type are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements on a fund type basis for the general fund and major special revenue fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General	Miscellaneous Grants
_		
GAAP Basis	\$53,684	\$(9,039)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(41,701)	0
Advances In	9,000	0
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	55,265	0
Advances Out	(7,000)	0
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(14,161)	(5,325)
Budget Basis	\$55,087	\$(14,364)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the Educational Service Center into three categories:

Category 1 consists of "active" moneys, those moneys are required to be kept in a cash" or "near-cash" status for immediate use by the Educational Service Center. Such moneys must be maintained either as cash in the Educational Service Center treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" moneys, those moneys not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive moneys must be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Category 3 consists of "interim" moneys, those moneys which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts (including passbook accounts).

Protection of the Educational Service Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily; and that the term of the agreement does not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio; (STAR Ohio)
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Educational Service Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits:

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the Educational Service Center's deposits was \$1,570,522 and the bank balance was \$1,655,357. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,555,357 was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the Educational Service Center's name. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Educational Service Center's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the Educational Service Center to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments:

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the Educational Service Center to categorize investments to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Educational Service Center at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Educational Service Center or its agent in the Educational Service Center's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Educational Service Center's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Educational Service Center's name. The Educational Service Center's investment in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. At fiscal year end the carrying value and market value of the STAR Ohio investment at June 30, 2004 was zero.

At June 30, 2004 there was no difference between the classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 6 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2004, consisted of accounts (excess costs and tuition) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible within one year and in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts	
General Fund: Customer Services	\$91,533	
Total General Fund	91,533	
Adult Basic Education Special Revenue Fund	5,757	
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$97,291	

Note 7 - State Funding

The Educational Service Center is funded by the State Board of Education from State funds for the cost of salaries, employer's retirement contributions, and travel expenses of supervisory teachers approved by the State Board of Education. To cover all other expenditures, the Educational Service Center receives \$43.50 for each of the 13,268 students who are provided services. The \$43.50 is comprised of the following: \$6.50 times the ADM (total number of pupils under the Educational Service Center's supervision) is apportioned by the State Board of Education among the local school district's to which the Educational Service Center provides services. These payments are received through the State's foundation program. Simultaneously, \$37.00 times the ADM is paid by the State Board of Education from State funds.

If additional funding is required, and if a majority of the boards of education of the local school districts approve, the cost for all other lawful expenditures in excess of \$43.50 times the ADM approved by the State Board of Education is apportioned back to the local school districts and received through the state foundation program. The State Board of Education initiates and supervises the procedure by which the local boards approve or disapprove the apportionment.

Note 8 - Jointly Governed Organization and Insurance Purchasing Pool

A. Jointly Governed Organization

The Lake-Geauga Education Computer Association ("Association") is a jointly governed organization consisting of 18 school districts in Lake, Geauga and Cuyahoga County. This jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The Association is organized under Chapter 167 and 3313 of the Ohio Revised Code and is governed by an assembly that consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating member. The Association has a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the Association's assembly. The assembly exercises total control over the operation of the consortium including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its voting rights at general assembly meetings. The Educational Service Center is the fiscal agent as well as a voting member of the Association. All the consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding. To obtain financial information, write the Lake-Geauga Education Computer Association, 8140 Auburn Road, Painesville, Ohio, 44077.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 8 - Jointly Governed Organization and Insurance Purchasing Pool (continued)

B. Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Educational Service Center participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under section 4123.29 of the Oho Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program ("Plan") was established as an insurance purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 9 - Capital Assets

The capital asset balances of the governmental activities have been restated due to a change in the Educational Service Center's implementation of GASB 34 as follows:

	<i>Balance at</i> 6/30/03	Adjustments	Restated Balance at 6/30/03
Governmental Activities:			
Capital Assets, being depreciated:			
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	\$112,071	\$0	\$112,071
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	112,071	0	112,071
Less Accumulated Depreciation:			
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	0	(70,517)	(70,517)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	0	(70,517)	(70,517)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$112,071	(\$70,517)	\$41,554

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	Restated Balance at 6/30/03	Additions	Reductions	<i>Balance at</i> 6/30/04
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	\$112,071	\$27,888	\$0	\$139,959
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	112,071	27,888	0	139,959
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	(70,517)	(13,933)	0	(84,450)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(70,517)	(13,933)	0	(84,450)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$41,554	\$13,955	\$0	\$55,509

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 9 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$906
Special	8,458
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	2,664
Administration	877
Fiscal	200
Central	828
Total Depreciation Expense	\$13,933

There was no significant construction in progress at June 30, 2004.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The Educational Service Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2004, the Educational Service Center was insured under the county wide contract held by the Geauga County Commissioners.

Professional liability was protected by Nationwide Insurance Company with a \$5,000,000 annual aggregate/\$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and no deductible for each claim. Vehicles are covered by Nationwide Insurance Company and holds a \$100 deductible for comprehensive and \$500 deductible for collision. The policy includes coverage for hired and nonowned automobiles. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past fifteen years.

For fiscal year 2004, the Educational Service Center participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool (Note 8B). The Program is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Program. Each participant pays its rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the program. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the program. Participation in the program is limited to districts that can meet the selection criteria. The Districts apply for participation each year. The firm of Gates McDonald and Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Educational Service Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Educational Service Center is required to contribute 14 percent; for fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, 8.17 percent was used to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by SERS's Retirement Board within the rates allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The Educational Service Center's contributions to SERS for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$63,806, \$48,616 and \$20,863, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. 100 percent has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Educational Service Center contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues publicly available general purpose financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and the employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Educational Service Center is required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 9.3 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The Educational Service Center's contributions to STRS for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$391,465, \$375,405, and \$239,428, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. 100 percent of the STRS contributions have been contributed for all three fiscal years.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose social security. As of June 30, 2004, one of the governing board members have elected social security. The board's liability is 6.2 percent of the wages paid.

Note 12 - Post Employment Benefits

The Educational Service Center provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fee, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

For STRS, all benefit recipients are required to pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. The board currently allocates employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund for which payments for health care benefits are paid. For the Educational Service Center, this amount equaled \$30,113 during the 2004 fiscal year.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the fund was \$3.1 billion at June 30, 2004. For the year ended June 30, 2004, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268,739,000 and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 12 - Post Employment Benefits (continued)

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium for this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.91 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. The surcharge rate added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay was established at \$25,400. For the Educational Service Center, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$47,174, during the fiscal year. The target level for the health care reserves is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30,2004, were \$223,443,805 and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million. SERS has approximately 62,000 participating currently receiving health care benefits.

Note 13 - Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

Certified and Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation is paid upon termination of employment. Administrators, supervisors, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 220 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 55 days.

B. Life Insurance

The Educational Service Center provides \$40,000 life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Ohio Educational Life Insurance Trust.

Note 14 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations during fiscal year 2004, are as follows:

	Principal			Principal	
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	July 1,2003	Additions	Deductions	June 30,2004	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$216,259	\$43,539	\$0	\$259,798	\$16,151
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$216,259	\$43,539	\$0	\$259,798	\$16,151

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 15 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The Educational Service Center received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Educational Service Center at June 30, 2004.

B. Litigation

The Educational Service Center is not a part of or involved in any legal proceedings at this time. The Educational Service Center management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of any future claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the Educational Service Center.

Note 16 - School Funding Issue

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding decision is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "... the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..."

The Educational Service Center is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

Note 17 – Interfund Transactions

Interfund balances at June 30, 2004, consist of a receivable of \$7,000 for the general fund and a payable of \$5,000 for the adult basic education special revenue fund and \$2,000 for the miscellaneous federal grants special revenue fund.

Note 18 – External Investment Pool

By Statute, the Educational Service Center serves as fiscal agent for a legally separate entity. The Educational Service Center pools money of this entity with the Educational Service Center's for investment purposes. The Educational Service Center cannot allocate its investment between the internal and external investment pools. The external investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The fair value of investments is determined annually. The pool does not issue shares. Each Participant is allocated a pro rata share of each investment at fair value along with a pro rata share of the interest that it earns. The fair value and carrying amounts for both the internal and external investment pools are disclosed in Note 4, "Deposits and Investment". Condensed financial information for the investment pool follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (continued)

Note 18 – External Investment Pool (continued)

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

Assets	
Equity in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,570,522
Total Assets	\$1,570,522
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pool Participants	
Internal Portion	\$980,566
External Portion	589,956
Total Net Assets Held in Trust for Pool Participants	\$1,570,522
Statement of Changes Net Assets For Fiscal Year June 30, 2004	
Revenues Interest	\$10,672
Interest	\$10,672
	\$10,672 0
Interest Expenses	
Interest Expenses Operating Expenses Net Increase in Assets Resulting from Operations	0
Interest Expenses Operating Expenses	10,672
Interest Expenses Operating Expenses Net Increase in Assets Resulting from Operations Distribution to Participants	10,672 (10,672)
Interest Expenses Operating Expenses Net Increase in Assets Resulting from Operations Distribution to Participants Capital Transactions	10,672 (10,672) 71,798

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Geauga County Educational Service Center Geauga County 470 Center Street, Building #2 Chardon, Ohio 44024

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Geauga County Educational Service Center, Geauga County, Ohio, (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the Service Center 's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2005, wherein we noted the Service Center adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Service Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the Service Center's management in a separate letter dated January 26, 2005.

Geauga County Educational Service Center Geauga County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of audit committee, management and the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

January 26, 2005



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Geauga County Educational Service Center Geauga County 470 Center Street, Building #2 Chardon, Ohio 44024

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Geauga County Educational Service Center, Geauga County, Ohio, (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Service Center's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Geauga County Educational Service Center, Geauga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2003, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2005 on our consideration of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

January 26, 2005

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Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2003

	Governmenta	l Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Type
	General	Special Revenue	Trust
Assets and Other Debit			
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and			
Cash Equivalents	\$798,330	\$124,808	\$575,586
Receivables:	\$170,550	\$124,000	\$373,300
Intergovernmental	49,833	38,000	268,994
Interfund	9,000	0	0
Fixed Assets	0	0	0
Other Debit			
Amount to be Provided from			
General Government Resources	0	0	0
	<u> </u>		
Total Assets and Other Debit	\$857,163	\$162,808	\$844,580
Liabilities, Fund Equity			
and Other Credits			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$4,379	\$2,013	\$0
Accrued Wages	359,416	7,129	0
Intergovernmental Payable	59,737	1,219	989
Compensated Absences Payable	3,493	0	8,296
Interfund Payable	0	9,000	0
Total Liabilities	427,025	19,361	9,285
Fund Equity and Other Credits			
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0
Net Assets	0	0	835,295
Fund Balance:	· ·	v	055,255
Reserved for Encumbrances	8,723	29,261	0
Unreserved, Undesignated	421,415	114,186	0
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	430,138	143,447	835,295
	,120		
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity			
and Other Credits	\$857,163	\$162,808	\$844,580
•			

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Account	Groups	
General	General	Totals
Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Assets	Obligations	Only)
1133013	Oongations	<u> </u>
\$0	\$0	\$1,498,724
0	0	256.027
0	0	356,827
0	0	9,000
112,071	0	112,071
0_	223,245	223,245
<u>\$112,071</u>	\$223,245	\$2,199,867
\$0	\$0	\$6,392
0	0	366,545
0	9,400	71,345
0	213,845	225,634
0	0	9,000
		9,000
0_	223,245	678,916
112,071	0	112,071
0	0	835,295
0	0	37,984
0	0	535,601
112,071	0	1,520,951
\$112,071	\$222 245	\$2 100 867
<u>Φ112,0/1</u>	<u>\$223,245</u>	\$2,199,867

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Governmental Fund Types		Totals
		Special	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Only)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$1,282,583	\$434,168	\$1,716,751
Customer Services	3,365,169	32,104	3,397,273
Tuition and Fees	172,969	0	172,969
Interest	8,752	0	8,752
Donations	13,614	0	13,614
Miscellaneous	5,233	0	5,233
Total Revenues	4,848,320	466,272	5,314,592
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	203,924	52,841	256,765
Special	1,467,149	67,064	1,534,213
Adult/Continuing	2,734	22,154	24,888
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,572,364	82,831	1,655,195
Instructional Staff	1,002,740	146,878	1,149,618
Board of Education	24,875	0	24,875
Administration	338,686	11,199	349,885
Fiscal	143,464	2,250	145,714
Business	108,048	0	108,048
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	851	3,876	4,727
Pupil Transportation	0	1,068	1,068
Central	39,545	144,173	183,718
Total Expenditures	4,904,380	534,334	5,438,714
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(56,060)	(68,062)	(124,122)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	486,198	211,509	697,707
Fund Balances End of Year	\$430,138	\$143,447	\$573,585

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

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Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		General Fund	
	Revised		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$1,282,583	\$1,282,583	\$0
Customer Services	3,544,130	3,544,182	52
Tuition and Fees	172,969	172,969	0
Interest	8,752	8,752	0
Donations	13,614	13,614	0
Miscellaneous	5,233	5,233	0
Total Revenues	5,027,281	5,027,333	52
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	227,986	221,263	6,723
Special	1,555,423	1,449,442	105,981
Adult/Continuing	5,282	4,494	788
Support Services:	,	,	
Pupils	1,613,628	1,542,347	71,281
Instructional Staff	1,119,090	999,525	119,565
Board of Education	27,674	24,875	2,799
Administration	380,709	336,902	43,807
Fiscal	154,715	140,694	14,021
Business	117,960	110,720	7,240
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,150	851	2,299
Transportation	0	0	0
Central	43,678	40,539	3,139
Total Expenditures	5,249,295	4,871,652	377,643
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(222,014)	155,681	377,695
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Advances In	0	0	0
Advances Out	(9,000)	(9,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,000)	(9,000)	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures			
and Other Financing Uses	(231,014)	146,681	377,695
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	627,214	627,214	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	15,565	15,565	0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$411,765	\$789,460	\$377,695

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Spec	ial Revenue Fu	nds	Total	s (Memorandum	Only)
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$494,755 32,104	\$443,264 32,104	(\$51,491) 0	\$1,777,338 3,576,234	\$1,725,847 3,576,286	(\$51,491) 52
0	0	0	172,969	172,969	0
0	0	0	8,752	8,752	0
0	0	0	13,614	13,614	0
0	0	0	5,233	5,233	0
526,859	475,368	(51,491)	5,554,140	5,502,701	(51,439)
53,030	53,030	0	281,016	274,293	6,723
74,520 26,670	72,779 22,570	1,741 4,100	1,629,943 31,952	1,522,221 27,064	107,722 4,888
20,070	22,370	4,100	31,932	27,004	4,000
113,633	98,937	14,696	1,727,261	1,641,284	85,977
273,461	161,110	112,351	1,392,551	1,160,635	231,916
0	0	0	27,674	24,875	2,799
13,413	11,699	1,714	394,122	348,601	45,521
2,250	2,250	0	156,965	142,944	14,021
0	0	0	117,960	110,720	7,240
3,876	3,876	0	7,026	4,727	2,299
915	915	0	915	915	0
144,173	144,173	0	187,851	184,712	3,139
705,941	571,339	134,602	5,955,236	5,442,991	512,245
(179,082)	(95,971)	83,111	(401,096)	59,710	460,806
9,000	9,000	0	9,000	9,000	0
9,000	9,000	0	(9,000)	(9,000)	0
			(2,000)	(2,000)	
9,000	9,000	0	0	0	0
(150,000)	(0.5.071)	02.444	(401.000	50 51 0	450.005
(170,082)	(86,971)	83,111	(401,096)	59,710	460,806
159,799	159,799	0	787,013	787,013	0
21,023	21,023	0	36,588	36,588	0
\$10,740	\$93,851	\$83,111	\$422,505	\$883,311	\$460,806

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Fund Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	External Investment Trust
Revenues	
Interest	\$8,751
Expenses	
Operating Expenses	0
Net Increase in Assets Resulting from Operations	8,751
Capital Transactions	(84,524)
Total Decrease in Net Assets	(75,773)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	911,068
Net Assets End of Year	\$835,295

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

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Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 1 - Description of the Educational Service Center

On July 1, 1914, the Geauga County Educational Service Center ("Educational Service Center") was formed. The Educational Service Center supplies supervisory, administrative, and other needed services to local school districts.

The Educational Service Center operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state or federal agencies. The Board controls the Educational Service Center's instructional support services staffed by 49 noncertificated and 61 certificated staff who provide services to 13,240 students.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Educational Service Center are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds that are not legally separate for the Educational Service Center. For the Educational Service Center, this is providing necessary services to local school districts.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Educational Service Center is financially accountable. The Educational Service Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Educational Service Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Educational Service Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Educational Service Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Educational Service Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; of the Educational Service Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Educational Service Center in that the Educational Service Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The Educational Service Center had no component units.

The Educational Service Center is associated with certain organizations which are defined as a Jointly Governed Organization and an Insurance Purchasing Pool. These organizations are presented in Note 9 to the general purpose financial statements. These organizations include the Lake-Geauga Computer Association and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governmental units prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources.

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The Educational Service Center uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Educational Service Center functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do no directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the Educational Service Center are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories as governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Educational Service Center are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Educational Service Center's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Educational Service Center's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the Educational Service Center and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Educational Service Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types: Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These include trust and agency funds. The Educational Service Center has an investment trust fund.

Account Groups: To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the Educational Service Center.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the Educational Service Center.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the general purpose financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

available period for the Educational Service Center is 60 days after year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Educational Service Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Educational Service Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Educational Service Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest, tuition, grants, and excess costs.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The investment trust fund reports transactions and balances using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

C. Budgetary Data

The Educational Service Center adopts its budget for all funds, other than agency funds. The budget includes the estimated resources and expenditures for each fund and consists of three parts; Part (A) includes entitlement funding from the State, Part (B) includes the cost of all other lawful expenditures of the Educational Service Center (which are apportioned by the State Department of Education to each local board of education under the supervision of the Educational Service Center), and Part (C) includes the adopted appropriation resolution.

Estimated Revenues:

After the start of the fiscal year, estimated resources are revised to included any unencumbered balance from the preceding fiscal year. The revised estimated resources represents the maximum amount that may be appropriated from each fund. Estimated resources may be further amended during the year as projected increases and decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer or additional grant programs are approved by the Board.

Appropriations:

The annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Educational Service Center's Board at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the Educational Service Center. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the appropriations at the fund, function,

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

object level within the general fund, or fund level for all other funds, must be approved by the Educational Service Center's Board. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund does not exceed the amounts set forth in the budget. During the year, several budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental fund types.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Educational Service Center is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Educational Service Center records. Each funds interest in the pooled bank account is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2003, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2003.

Under existing Ohio statutes, the Board of Education may, by resolution, identify the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. During fiscal year 2003, the general fund received interest earned in the amount of \$8,752.

E. Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. There was no significant inventory balance at June 30, 2003.

F. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Educational Service Center maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The Educational Service Center does not possess any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated.

G. Pass-Through Grants

The Educational Service Center is the primary recipient of grants which are passed-through to or spent on the behalf of school districts. When the Educational Service Center has a financial or administrative role in the grants, the grants are reported as revenues and intergovernmental expenditures in a special revenue fund. Grants in which the Educational Service Center has no financial or administrative role and are passed-through to the school district's are reported in an agency fund.

H. Interfund Assets and Liabilities

Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to the other funds" on the combined balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivable/payables."

I. Compensated Absences

The Educational Service Center reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributed to services already rendered and it is probable that the Educational Service Center will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the Educational Service Center's past experience of making termination payments.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who is accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligation account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current expendable available financial resources. In general, payments made more than 60 days after year end are considered not to have been made with current available financial resources. Capital leases are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 there were no capital leases.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

K. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Educational Service Center records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available spendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations for expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the Educational Service Center is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major difference between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type basis:

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue
GAAP Basis	(\$56,060)	(\$68,062)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	179,013	9,096
Advances In	0	9,000
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	41,598	(6,049)
Advances Out	(9,000)	0
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(8,870)	(30,956)
Budget Basis	\$146,681	(\$86,971)

Note 4 - Restatement of General Fixed Assets Balance

The balance stated in the general fixed assets account group at July 1, 2002 was restated from \$181,553 to \$101,362, resulting in a decrease of \$80,191. The fixed assets balance had been overstated in the prior fiscal year.

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the Educational Service Center into three categories:

Category 1 consists of "active" moneys, those moneys are required to be kept in a cash" or "near-cash" status for immediate use by the Educational Service Center. Such moneys must be maintained either as cash in the Educational Service Center treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" moneys, those moneys not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive moneys must be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Category 3 consists of "interim" moneys, those moneys which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts (including passbook accounts).

Protection of the educational service center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

United States;

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily; and that the term of the agreement does not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio; (STAR Ohio).
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Educational Service Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits:

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Educational Service Center's deposits was \$161,685 and the bank balance was \$295,176. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$195,176 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Educational Service Center's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the Educational Service Center to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Investments:

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the Educational Service Center to categorize investments to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Educational Service Center at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Educational Service Center or its agent in the Educational Service Center's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Educational Service Center's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Educational Service Center's name. The Educational Service Center invests in STAR Ohio which is not classified by degree of credit risk since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The carrying and market value of the STAR Ohio investment at June 30, 2003 was \$1,337,039.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$1,498,724	\$0
Investments:		
STAR Ohio	(1,337,039)	1,337,039
GASB Statement No. 3	\$161,685	\$1,337,039

Note 6 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2003, consisted of accounts (excess costs and tuition) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivable follows:

	Amounts
General Fund:	
Customer Services	\$49,833
Total General Fund	49,833
Special Revenue Funds:	
Adult Basic Education	8,000
Title VI-B	30,000
Total Special Revenue Funds	38,000
Computer Agency Fund	268,994
Total All Funds	\$356,827

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 7 - External Investment Pool

By statute, the Educational Service Center serves as fiscal agent for a legally separate entity. The Educational Service Center pools money of this entity with the Educational Service Center's for investment purposes. The Educational Service Center cannot allocate its investment between the internal and external investment pools. The external investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The fair value of investments is determined annually. The pool does not issue shares. Each participant is allocated a pro rata share of each investment at fair value along with a pro rat share of the interest that it earns. The fair value and carrying amounts for both the internal and external investment pools are disclosed in Note 5, "Deposits and Investments". Condensed financial information for the investment pool follows:

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,498,724
Total Assets	\$1,498,724
Net Asset Held in Trust for Pool Participants	
Internal Portion	\$923,138
External Portion	575,586
Total Net Assets Held in Trust for Pool Participants	\$1,498,724
Statement of Changes in Net Assets For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003	3
Revenues	
Interest	\$17,504
Expenses Operating Expenses	0
Net Increase in Assets Resulting from Operations	17,504
Distribution to Participants	(17,504)
Capital Transactions	(235,944)
Total Decrease in Net Assets	(235,944)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,734,668
Net Assets End of Year	\$1,498,724

Note 8 - State Funding

The Educational Service Center is funded by the State Board of Education from State funds for the cost of salaries, employer's retirement contributions, and travel expenses of supervisory teachers approved by the State Board of Education. All other lawful expenditures are funded by both State and local funds. The Educational Service Center receives \$43.50 for all other lawful expenditures and it is comprised of the

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

following: \$6.50 times the ADM (total number of pupils under the Educational Service Center's supervision) is apportioned by the State Board of Education among the local school district's to which the Educational Service Center provides services. These payments are received through the State's foundation program. Simultaneously, \$37.00 times the sum of the ADM is paid by the State Board of Education from State funds.

If additional funding is required and if a majority of the boards of education of the local school districts approve, the cost for all other lawful expenditures in excess of \$43.50 times the ADM approved by the State Board of Education is apportioned back to the local school districts and received through the state foundation. The State Board of Education initiates and supervises the procedure by which the local boards approve or disapprove the apportionment.

Note 9 - Jointly Governed Organization and Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Lake-Geauga Education Computer Association (the Association) is a jointly governed organization consisting of 18 school districts in Lake, Geauga and Cuyahoga County. This jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The executive committee consists of the member elected superintendents from participating school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its voting rights at general assembly meetings. The Educational Service Center is the fiscal agent as well as a voting member of the network. The assembly exercises total control over the operation of the Association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designation management. All the Association revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding. To obtain financial information, write to the Lake-Geauga Education Computer Association, 8140 Auburn Road, Painesville, Ohio, 44077.

The Educational Service Center participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan's business affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the president, the president-Elect and the Immediate Past president of the OSBA. The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the Plan.

Note 10- Fixed Assets

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2003 follows:

	Restated Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2002	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2003
Furniture and Fixtures	\$101,362	\$17,697	\$6,988	\$112,071

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Educational Service Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2003, the Educational Service Center was insured under the county wide contract held by the Geauga County Commissioners. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Professional liability is protected by the Nationwide Insurance Company with a \$5,000,000 annual aggregate/\$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and no deductible. Vehicles are covered by Nationwide Insurance Company and hold a \$100 deductible for comprehensive and a \$500 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Educational Service Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or calling (614)222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the Educational Service Center is required to contribute 14 percent; for 2003, 8.17 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations, for 2002, 5.46 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by SERS's Retirement Board within the rates allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The Educational Service Center's required contributions to SERS for the years ending June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$48,616, \$20,863 and \$20,540, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Educational Service Center contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771 or by calling (614)227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and the employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the Educational Service Center is required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The Educational Service Center's required contributions to STRS for the years ending June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001, were \$375,405, \$239,428 and \$211,763, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose social security. As of June 30, 2002, one of the board members have elected social security. The Educational Service Center's liability is 6.2 percent of the wages paid to these board members.

Note 13 - Postemployment Benefits

The Educational Service Center provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fee, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

For STRS, all benefit recipients are required to pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. The board currently allocates employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund for which payments for health care benefits are paid. For the Educational Service Center, this amount equaled \$28,877 during the 2003 fiscal year.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the fund was \$2.8 billion at June 30, 2003. For the year ended June 30, 2003, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$352,301,000 and STRS had 108,294 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium for this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

for partial service credit. The surcharge rate added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay was established at \$14,500. For the Educational Service Center, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$38,509, during the fiscal year. The target level for the health care reserves is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30,2003, were \$204,930,737 and the target level was \$307.4 million. At June 30, 2003, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$303.6 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participating currently receiving health care benefits

Note 14 - Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 220 days. Upon retirement, employees are eligible to receive payment for one-fourth of their total sick leave accumulation up to 55 days.

B. Life Insurance

The Educational Service Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Ohio Educational Life Insurance Trust, coverage amount is \$40,000 per employee.

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the Educational Service Center during fiscal year 2003, were as follows:

	Principal			Principal
	Outstanding			Outstanding
	June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	June 30,2003
Intergovernmental Payable	\$5,542	\$9,400	\$5,542	\$9,400
Compensated Absences	222,411	2,069	10,635	213,845
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$227,953	\$11,469	\$16,177	\$223,245

Compensated absences payable and intergovernmental payable, which represents contractually required pension contributions paid outside the available period, will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid.

Note 16- Interfund Transactions

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Interfund balances at June 30, 2003, consist of a receivable of \$9,000 for the general fund and a payable of \$9,000 for the adult basic education special revenue fund.

Note 17- Contingencies

A. Grants

The Educational Service Center received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Educational Service Center at June 30, 2003.

B. Litigation

The Educational Service Center is not a part of or involved in any legal proceedings at this time. The Educational Service Center management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of any future claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the Educational Service Center.

Note 18 - School Funding Issue

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding decision is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "... the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..."

The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Geauga County Educational Service Center Geauga County 470 Center Street, Building #2 Chardon, Ohio 44024

We have audited the financial statements of the Geauga County Educational Service Center, Geauga County, Ohio, (the Service Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2005, wherein we noted the Service Center restated the General Fixed Assets Account Group. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Service Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could directly and materially effect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the Service Center's management in a separate letter dated January 26, 2005.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Geauga County Educational Service Center Geauga County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

January 26, 2005



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GEAUGA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER GEAUGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 22, 2005