AUDITOR O

VILLAGE OF NEW MIDDLETOWN MAHONING COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999 - 1998



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Village of New Middletown Mahoning County 10711 Main Street P.O. Box 463 New Middletown, Ohio 44442

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of New Middletown, Mahoning County, Ohio, (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 1999 and December 31, 1998. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Village as of December 31, 1999 and December 31, 1998, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2000 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Village of New Middletown Mahoning County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Village Council and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

March 29, 2000

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Governmental	I Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	
	General	Special Revenue	Agency	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$48,565	\$130,839		\$179,404
Special Assessments	, -,	9,080		9,080
Intergovernmental Receipts	42,442	112,320		154,762
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	24,355	1,003		25,358
Earnings on Investments	7,506	5,956		13,462
Miscellaneous	49,995	1,826		51,821
Total Cash Receipts	172,863	261,024		433,887
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	23,921	115,735		139,656
Public Health Services	4,729			4,729
Leisure Time Activities	273			273
Community Environment	2,030			2,030
Transportation		47,721		47,721
General Government	141,498	1,389		142,887
Debt Service:				
Capital Outlay	7,122	42,386		49,508
Total Disbursements	179,573	207,231		386,804
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(6,710)	53,793		47,083
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):				
Transfers-In		15,000		15,000
Advances-In	15,000	15,000		30,000
Other Financing Sources		6,730	\$26,553	33,283
Transfers-Out	(15,000)			(15,000)
Advances-Out	(15,000)	(15,000)		(30,000)
Other Financing Uses			(26,453)	(26,453)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	(15,000)	21,730	100	6,830
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing				
Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	(21,710)	75,523	100	53,913
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, 1999	135,792	131,743	260	267,795
Fund Cash Balances, December 31, 1999	<u>\$114,082</u>	\$207,266	\$360	\$321,708
Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31, 1999	<u>\$140</u>	\$623	\$0	\$763

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

	Govern	mental Fund	Fiduciary Fund Type	T. 4.1.	
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Agency	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:					
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$47,884	\$87,341			\$135,225
Special Assessments		9,161			9,161
Intergovernmental Receipts	85,386	75,524	\$135,617		296,527
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	33,910				33,910
Earnings on Investments	2,506	4,221			6,727
Miscellaneous	63,694	2,276			65,970
Total Cash Receipts	233,380	178,523	135,617		547,520
Cash Disbursements: Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	29,421	115,246			144,667
Public Health Services	4.656	113,240			4.656
Leisure Time Activities	4,030	791			4,030 791
Community Environment	2,362	731			2,362
Transportation	2,002	33,241			33,241
General Government	105,322	8,499			113,821
Debt Service:	100,022	0,400			110,021
Capital Outlay	23,437	17,779	135,617		176,833
Total Disbursements	165,198	175,556	135,617		476,371
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	68,182	2,967			71,149
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):					
Transfers-In		20,258			20,258
Other Financing Sources				\$32,605	32,605
Transfers-Out	(20,258)				(20,258)
Other Financing Uses				(38,077)	(38,077)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	(20,258)	20,258		(5,472)	(5,472)
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	47,924	23,225		(5,472)	65,677
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, 1998	87,868	108,518		5,732	202,118
Fund Cash Balances, December 31, 1998	\$135,792	\$131,743	\$0	\$260	\$267,795
Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31, 1998	\$69	\$2,410	\$0	\$0	\$2,479
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Village of New Middletown 4

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The Village of New Middletown, Mahoning County, (the Village) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides general governmental services, including park operations (leisure time activities), street maintenance, street lighting, and police and fire services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. Cash and Investments

The Village maintained a general operating account and a mayor's court clearing account. The Village also maintained a sweep account which is valued at cost. The investment in STAR Ohio (the State Treasurer's investment pool) is valued at amounts reported by the State Treasurer.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1998 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

Police Levy Fund - This fund receives tax money from a special levy passed by the electors to provide the Village with police services.

Fire Levy Fund - This fund receives tax money from a special levy passed by the electors to provide the Village with fire services.

3. Capital Project Fund

This fund is used to account for receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Village had the following significant capital project fund:

Issue II Woodland/Robinwood Improvement Fund - This fund receives money from the State of Ohio for storm sewer drainage improvements.

4. Fiduciary Funds (Agency Funds)

Funds for which the Village is acting in an agency capacity are classified as agency funds. The Village had the following significant fiduciary fund:

Court Fund - Accounts for operations of the Village Mayor's Court.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1998 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A summary of 1999 and 1998 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

G. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

The Village Administrator, Secretary/Court Clerk, and Police Chief are the only employees entitled to vacation leave. Vacation time may not be accumulated - it must be used in the year granted. The Police Chief is the only employee entitled to sick leave. The Police Chief is entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the Village.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ <u>1999</u> (5,837)	\$ 1998 (5,449)
Repurcahse Agreements (Sweep Account)) STAR Ohio	 148,007 179,538	 166,616 106,628
Total investments	 327,545	273,244
Total deposits and investments	\$ 321,708	\$ 267,795

Deposits: Deposits are either (1) insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, or (2) collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village.

Investments: Repurchase Agreements include uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer or by its trust department by not in the Village's name. Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 1999 and December 31, 1998 follows:

1999 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts								
Fund Type		Receipts			Receipts		Variance	
General Special Revenue		\$	155,673 224,707	\$	172,863 282,754	\$	17,190 58,047	
	Total	\$	380,380	\$	455,617	\$	75,237	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1998 (Continued)

3. **BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (Continued)**

1999 Budgeted	vs. Actual Budg	getary Basis E	expenditures
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Fund Type		Appropriation Authority		Budgetary Expenditures		Variance	
General Special Revenue		\$	288,377 355,500	\$	194,713 207,854	\$	93,664 147,646
	Total	\$	643,877	\$	402,567	\$	241,310

1998 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Fund Type		Budgeted Receipts		Actual Receipts		Variance	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects		\$	212,133 172,911 157,850	\$ 233,380 198,781 135,617	\$	21,247 25,870 (22,233)	
	Total	\$	542,894	\$ 567,778	\$	24,884	

1998 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type		Appropriation Authority		Budgetary Expenditures		Variance	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects		\$	300,000 290,424 157,850	\$	185,525 177,966 135,617	\$	114,475 112,458 22,233
	Total	\$	748,274	\$	499,108	\$	249,166

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1999 (Continued)

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village's employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 1999 and 1998, members of PERS contributed 8.5% of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 1999.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability
- Vehicles
- Public employee dishonesty

The Village also provides hospital, surgical, and major medical care for the Police Chief through the Mahoning County employees group plan (currently the Community Mutual HMO-Super Med Select plan).

7. LEASE OF THE WATER UTILITY

The Village of New Middletown entered into a contract agreement with Consumers Ohio Water Company to provide water to the residents of the Village and to lease the Village's water distribution facilities for a term of 5 years, (commencing on March 1, 1997), at a rate of \$35,000 per year, as per Ordinance No. 1996-22 passed on February 10, 1997.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of New Middletown Mahoning County 10711 Main Street P.O. Box 463 New Middletown, Ohio 44442

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of New Middletown, Mahoning County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 1999 and December 31, 1998, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated March 29, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Village of New Middletown
Mahoning County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated March 29, 2000.

This report is intended for the information and use of management and Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

March 29, 2000



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VILLAGE OF NEW MIDDLETOWN

MAHONING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 18, 2000